

pretty complete physical examination at the time, and even had an x-ray, which showed negative.

A month after the dream, which would be about three months after my physical exam, I got very sick. I thought I had a cold. I coughed and coughed, and coughed up a nasty looking slug. My mother began to get worried about me and called in a doctor.

He came over and examined me, listening carefully to my chest. He just shook his head and said, "I'm writing a special notice to have you admitted to a hospital immediately. I believe you have tuberculosis."

He arranged for me to have an immediate X-ray, and I went to the lab with my mother. The doctor looked at the film and he said "Where did you get this, Son?"

"Get what?" I asked him.

"You've got a very bad case of TB," he said.

I told him I had no idea where I had got TB, but I said: "If it's that bad just level with me. How bad is it?"

He looked at my mother and me and hesitated. Finally he told me, "You seem like a person who can take this so I will tell you the truth. You can't expect more than two weeks."

The doctor was right to this extent. This news didn't bother me. I could only think of one thing and that was "God forgive me for all

sins I ever committed."

The doctor told me he would try to get me into a hospital immediately because it was an emergency. Since I was a veteran I would get emergency attention, he said, and it was a question whether he could get me in at Walter Hines Veterans hospital or the Chicago Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium.

MTS came up first and I was admitted there in a week and a half, although in theory I had only a half week to live. I have since seen my X-ray and I had a lung cavity as big as a grapefruit and the reason the medics thought I would die so soon was because they had checked it against the negative X-ray taken only three months before. It had developed with unbelievable rapidity.

Meanwhile, during all this time, even when the doctor had told me I was dying I hadn't remembered a thing about my dream. I hadn't remembered my father's warning about bad news, or about his telling me that things would turn out all right.

When I was taken to the administration building at MTS I was terribly depressed, as you can imagine, and I could only think "Well, I'm dying." You can imagine how you'd feel if someone told you you were going to die.

I was in the admitting or receiving section for about two weeks

## MY FATHER'S PROMISE

and I had a second X-ray. Then the doctor came to me and said, "Despite the fact that you're in critical condition, the X-ray looks like it's standing still. You're not getting worse and we have decided to put you in the Men's Sun Ward."

This was the first encouraging word I'd had from anyone in nearly a month and unless you've been in a TB sanitarium you can't know what his words, and being moved to the Men's Sun Ward, meant to me. Most important it meant that I wasn't going to a private room, because when they put you in a private room it usually means you're gone.

So they moved me into the Men's Sun Ward even though I was the only man in Ward 5 that was running a high temperature. As they wheeled me down there I passed through two wards, then passed by the office, then passed by two more wards. Still nothing dawned on me. Then the nurse opened the swinging doors and there was a small hallway on the right, and she opened the last door and said, "This is your ward."

The minute she wheeled me into that ward I knew. I knew it was the place I had visited with my dad in my dream. There were the beds — 12 of them. And there was the ceiling laced with covered pipes — because this was a basement ward. I knew every inch of

that ward. Instantly, there was no doubt about it. The memory of that whole dream came flooding back.

And I knew something else, too. I knew that I was going to get well. I knew that everything was going to be all right and that I was to beat this rap.

The only thing different between my dream and what I saw as I entered the Men's Sun Ward was that the beds were occupied when I was wheeled into it, whereas they had been empty in my dream.

I was in Municipal Sanitarium for 18 months. My treatment consisted of bedrest, pneumothorax and streptomycin. My sputum was negative when I left and I never have had a recurrence.

All these facts can be checked. I was admitted to the hospital under my mother's maiden name of McNeil. All the records and the X-rays are still there under the name of Ted McNeil. Anyone who wants to check them probably wouldn't have to do what I did one day when I staggered out of bed, sneaked into the office when the nurse was out and used a knife to unlatch the file cabinet lock. I looked at my chart under McNeil and have never forgotten what I read there: "Prognosis — doubtful."

I did not believe that then because I had already found my father's room — the Men's Sun Ward.



## My Father's Promise

He warned me of bad news and he showed me what was going to happen. But why believe a dead man—seen in a dream?

*By Ted Series*

**I**N 1947 I WAS living on the first floor of a building run by a lady named Mrs. McArdo in Chicago.

My father had died in 1939 and one night I dreamed that he came to me and sat at the foot of my bed and talked with me. He looked exactly as he had looked in life and was of the same age as when I had last seen him—in his early fifties. He was dressed as he used to dress and I can shut my eyes and see him today, looking exactly as he used to look.

He was wearing a big white panama hat with a black band, the wide brim turned down. He had on dark brown trousers, white and brown sport shoes, a light tan jacket, white shirt and I believe, although I am not sure of this, that

he was wearing a green necktie.

I suppose it is a common enough thing to dream of one's dead father but this dream was something special. My father sat on the bed and talked with me. He told me many things that since have come true. I believe that the things my father told me that night saved my life.

The dream is still as vivid as if it had happened yesterday. I dreamed that I waked up and was surprised to see my father there. I said, "What are you doing here, Dad? You're dead?" Those are the exact words I said to him.

He replied, "Son, I have come to tell you something. You are going to have very bad news but everything is going to work out all right. I would like to show you



THE AUTHOR

Ted Series, who is in his early 40's, is a resident of Chicago. An article dealing with the remarkable psychic photographs produced by him with a Polaroid camera appeared in the December, 1962, issue of FATE. He states he discovered this ability about 1953, when he allowed himself to be hypnotized by a friend.

where you're going to go and what is going to happen."

I told him "okay." It was as simple as that, except that throughout the dream I also realized that this wasn't really happening. I was dreaming and I knew it was just a dream.

The next thing that happened was that my father and I were standing in what I felt was a hospital ward. I knew it was a ward because of the rows of empty beds. But the thing that stood out most, even in the dream, was that the ceiling of the room was covered

with wrapped pipes. I can shut my eyes today and see those beds, and count them one by one up to 12, and see the pipes as well.

I had no sensation of traveling during the dream. Suddenly we were just there. I looked about the ward and then I woke up. That's all there was to the dream.

I told my mother about the dream

and she said that she often dreamed of Dad. This surprised me because it was the first time I could remember dreaming of him. I told my brother about it too, and I told the girl I was engaged to, Mary Landers. My family did not think it was anything more than a kind of nightmare and we all forgot about it.

Meanwhile my health had been fairly good. About two months before I had had a few heart palpitations but the doctor told me it was just due to nervousness because of getting out of the service. I had a

a notch out of the palm tree near its top. It was estimated that the UFO was at about 15 feet altitude when it struck the tree; thereafter it began its thrashing and writhing maneuvers. All witnesses agreed that it seemed to be having trouble just before it dropped into the river.

In the days that followed, reporters and photographers from Iguape and Sao Paulo came to interview and photograph the witnesses and the scene of the crash. With them came professional divers who attempted to find the disc on the river bottom.

*Diario da Noite* for November 7, Sao Paulo, carried an article summing up the high points of the sighting and subsequent crash of the disc and describing the efforts of diving instructor Caetano Germano Iovanne and his companions, Peter Runger and Manoel Batista Andrade. After several attempts and four hours of unsuccessful labor they said they were hampered by thick mud at the bottom of the Peropava River.

On December 3 *Dairio da Noite* carried another article about attempts to recover the disc. They stated that another team of divers, directed by Gigi del Maschio, had spent two weeks probing for the disc. Special diving equipment and an air compressor to provide air for the breathing apparatuses was

brought in by Maschio and he said he intended to probe and slowly search the bottom for any sign of the object.

Jose Carlos Ariovaldo de Carvalho, of the Iguape Police, told reporters he did not believe the object was a part of a meteorological probe or balloon as had been suggested by some persons. The shape, size, and sound of the object suggested a self-propelled, possibly remote-controlled aircraft of unknown nature.

Mine detectors, probes, and divers were used in the search for the disc as early as November 7, and attempts to locate the object were still being made as late as December 3. Most persons involved in the search, however, felt that the 15 feet of mud at the bottom of the river might be an insurmountable obstacle even for the use of metal detectors.

It is necessary, also, to consider the possibility that the disc may have washed downstream, or been retrieved some way during the nights before the search started. Inasmuch as the area is populated, however, the latter is doubtful for any unusual activity at night probably would have been noticed.

It is apparent that the disc was heavy for it apparently sank immediately to a depth which produced a muddy upheaval within seconds after its submersion. Thus it seems possible that the object re-

## DIVING FOR LOST

mains imbedded in the mud of the river bottom. In any case it may be only a matter of time until it is salvaged.

It obviously was some kind of mechanical device when it first flew into the river. It is the opinion of investigators that UFO's are in close range, characteristically make little noise and certainly do not roar. Further, the collision with the tree suggests that something was

wrong with the guidance mechanism. Also, the discs are seldom observed at low altitude in populated areas.

Two other witnesses, Antonio de Sousa, 26, and Justine Nunes Veiga, 40, expressed what seems to be the opinion of all who saw the UFO when, on November 7, they told the Iguape newspaper that the object they had seen was so strange they were inclined to think it was "from another world."

## GROWING GERANIUMS WITH MUSIC

**A**N EXPERIMENT in connection with the effect of music on plants produced remarkable results for Mrs. Chester A. Clements of Houston, Tex. Mrs. Clements told Pat Hyatt, who reported on it in the *Houston Chronicle*, that she decided to experiment after reading that an Illinois farmer had harvested a fantastically large crop as a result of playing music over loudspeakers to his growing corn.

Mrs. Clements said she used geraniums in her experiment as she had just joined the Houston Geranium Society. A close friend helped her to select two closely similar, peach-colored plants. Mrs. Clements placed them in pots of the same size, and gave them the same amount of fertilizer and water. She

placed one geranium on a sun porch and the other inside the house under approximately equal conditions of temperature and light. The plant inside the house, however, was kept cuddled up to a small FM radio, which Mrs. Clements left turned on day and night.

Both plants soon blossomed, Mrs. Clements said, but the sun-enaded plant began leading with another bloom. After 30 days its stalks were straighter and its leaves were crisper and greener. In the same period the geranium which had been confined to silence looked wilted. Its bloom had withered and its stalks drooped. A *Chronicle* photo of the two plants, side by side, showed a distinct and noticeable difference in their appearance.

## Diving for lost



Efforts are being made to salvage a disc which seemed  
in mechanical trouble when it sank in a river in Brazil.

By Coral Lorenzen

FOR ALMOST 18 years serious UFO researchers have looked forward to the day when a UFO or flying saucer would crash or land in a non-military area so that it could be examined by civilians. It appears that this has happened. However, the big problem now is the method by which the crashed object can be retrieved—for it fell into the Rio Peropava, near Iguape, in Brazil.

On December 12, 1963, Mr. Lorenzen and I met Dr. Olavo Fontes, APRO's Brazilian representative, and his wife and two of their children at Tucson's International Airport. After the usual words of greeting the doctor said to me, "How would you like to see and touch a flying saucer?"

Although Dr. Fontes has a sense of humor, never in the seven years

of our association and friendship have I known him to joke about UFOs. To him as to me, they are a serious subject to study.

Nevertheless, I said, "Now you're teasing me, Olavo."

He replied, "If you come to Brazil you may have the opportunity to examine a UFO," and he pulled a sheaf of clippings from his pocket and handed them to me.

They were from Brazilian newspapers and therefore in Portuguese. But I was able to make out the headlines and subheads with my limited knowledge of the language. They read: *Flying Disc Disappears in Water of Peropava, in Sao Paulo*; *Mystery Continues, Mine Detects Used in Search for Flying Disc*; *Mud Impedes Search for Flying Disc*, etc. These stories had appeared in the following newspapers: Di-

*rio da Noite*, Sao Paulo, *A Nacao*, Sao Paulo, *Diario Parana*, Curitiba, and *Noticias Populares*, Sao Paulo.

The details given in the news items left little to be asked and the treatment by all the papers was entirely serious. I was and am curious, however, as to why this information was not sent out of Brazil by the world news agencies.

On October 31, 1963, at 2:30 P. M. several people on the banks of the Peropava River, in Sao Paulo Province, Brazil, heard a loud roar. Looking up they were startled to see a shiny disc-shaped object. It was coming in at a very low altitude, just above the house of Mrs. Elidia Alves de Souza. At the side of this house, near the river, stands a palm tree. As the object passed the tree it gouged the side of it near the top. Then the disc began some erratic maneuvers which suggested that it was having difficulty regaining its flight attitude after the collision. Suddenly, it plunged into the river near the shore, opposite the de Souza house.

Witnesses said later that when the object came into contact with the water it was as if a hot iron had fallen into cold water. The water began to bubble and surged up at that spot. Then the water became exceedingly muddy and continued to "boil." The Peropava River at that point is about 12 feet deep

with about 15 feet of clay and mud at the bottom.

The witness closest to the object was nine-year-old Rute (Ruth) de Souza, daughter of Elidia. The object flew directly over her head. She looked up when she first heard the loud roar and thus witnessed the collision of the object with the palm tree and its subsequent submersion. Frightened, she started toward the house to get her mother, who, in the meantime, also had heard the roar and left her work to come outside.

At the same time Raul Alves de Souza, Rute's uncle, who was working about 100 yards away, heard the roar and came toward the house at a dead run. He and Mrs. de Souza were in time to witness the bubbling of the river in the spot where the disc had submerged.

On the opposite bank fishermen, including Japanese Tetsuo Ioshigawa, also heard the roar and witnessed the whole episode.

Questioning of the witnesses by police from Iguape later yielded the following information: The disc was small, about one meter (41 inches) in thickness, five meters (16 feet) in diameter, and resembled an "aluminum basin". It was very bright, almost luminous. It was travelling at a slow speed even when first sighted.

Police investigating at the scene found where something had scraped



skeleton hand flailing above the face ordered me to be seated. I squatted, cross-legged as she was, on my side of the lamp, fascinated by this ruinous, wild-haired mask. The lips moved again, but the roaring of the night drowned her voice. I craned an ear forward. Then with atrocious suddenness the mask was convulsed and lunged up at me. She tore the pipe from her gums and shrieked into my face, "*Tabanea is dead!*" Nothing but that. I had not recovered from the shock of it when the whistling began.

A single note, strident, like a cricket's, sounded from behind my left ear. I whipped my head around. Nobody was there. A second chirrup fell from the roof. I sprang to my feet; my head struck the ridge pole; the witch screamed with laughter; but I hardly noticed it, for the whistling was at once all around me. It wasn't harsh now, but multitudinous. It crowded in on my ears wherever I turned, as if a host of tiny invisible birds were twittering up there in the shadows of the roof.

I dived out into the moonlight and pelted around the shed. In that white glare everything was visible. There was nobody on the roof, no tree, no sizable rock within 50 yards where anyone could be hiding. Back under the thatch, I fell on hands and knees to stare into the crone's face. Her gums were

clenched, but still the twittering went on over head. There was no break in it even when she shouted at me, "The Ancestor waits. What is your question?"

The Ancestor might have been her father, for all I knew. I did not ask, but shouted back at once sprawling there on my knees. "When will the Japanese ship be returning to Arorae?"

She stared at me for a long moment. "You have told us the ship will not return," she said at last.

"Yes, yes, Grandmother," I replied, "but perhaps I was wrong. What does the Ancestor say?"

Her answer was to twist her face over her huddled shoulder and howl at the roof. "The Man of Matang asks when the ship of the Japanese men will return."

The twittering ceased. For half a minute I heard nothing but the noises of the night. Then there came a Morse-like succession of strident chirrups, followed by a dozen phrases of something like bird song that faded gradually back into the clamor of wind and sea.

"The Ancestor has spoken," muttered the witch. "Count 23 days from tonight, and the ship will arrive." That ended the session.

"Well—so much for the whistling ghosts and their news!" I said to myself outside. "A mere trick of ventriloquism." Just how she could have whistled and talked at

the same time, or thrown a chirrup with her mouth shut, I couldn't imagine; and I was puzzled to think why she should have said the ship would come when I had said it wouldn't. "What an old hoax—she and her precious Ancestor!" I thought, clinging to the hoax idea rather desperately as I groped my way home through the screaming darkness of the bush.

But the fact is, Tabanea was dead, and he had died in the evening, and the cause of his death was a blow from above him—an embolism, the doctor called it. He was found lying in his dwelling house at just about the time I went on board the ketch at Tarawa. The

ketch lay anchored 11 miles down lagoon from his village. Obviously the crew *could* have heard the news before we left next morning. But knowing how fond I was of him, they wouldn't—they couldn't conceivably—have kept the news from themselves on our southward run had they heard it. It was the very first news they rushed to tell me when they came back to pick me up.

Also, the Japanese ship did not turn. The prediction was a little out in point of time—she arrived on the 22nd day, not the 23rd. She came to pick up two copiers of lighters which she had left at Arorae.

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### WEATHERMAN'S WOE

FORECASTERS at the Muskegon, Mich., Weather Bureau consulted their instruments and charts one Monday and confidently predicted a mild day with sunny skies. The prediction was somewhat short of being 100% correct. A sudden, small storm drenched the weather bureau and little else in Muskegon with a half-inch of rain.

### IN DEATH'S DIRECTION

THE INGERSOLL School in Washburn, N. Dak., named for Robert Ingersoll, the well-known American lecturer, was built so that it faced north. On March 21, 1899, the day on which Ingersoll died, a sudden windstorm shifted the building around on its foundation so that it now faced east—the direction of Dobb's Ferry, N.Y., where Ingersoll's death occurred.

of that sort. Nobody else mentioned Tabanea to me for the 48 hours I stayed on Onotoa; probably the magistrate had warned everybody that the subject irritated me; in any case, it was not until I got to Arorae, the last island of the Southern Gilberts, that the next thing happened. It never would have happened if I had spent only a day or two there, as elsewhere. But I found trouble in the place—the nature of it does not matter here; the point is, it forced me to stay. The ketch left with a promise to be back in a month or so.

Arorae lies out in the blue, 100 miles from Onotoa. It is a lagoonless wisp of coral sand and coconuts, open on every side to the towering Pacific swells. When West-erly gales sweep up at it, the huge surf bellows week-long on the weather reef like a million driven bulls raging at the thresholds of the villages. The westerlies blew hard for most of my stay. I couldn't get away from that tortured roar, or the yelling of the coconut crests in the wind. The ceaseless, smothering din did something to my relations with the people; somehow, it seemed to be always between us. I felt very lonely among them. Perhaps that made me a good subject for a game of brown man's bluff.

Bluff or not, it began when I had endured nearly a week of the place. My one familiar friend on

Arorae, a retired Tarawa policeman, married to a local woman and on a visit to his in-laws, came to look me up. Tarawa men adore a comfortable chin-wag, especially in their own dialect when they are among strangers. I fancy that was what tempted him to be so extra-communicative that evening. As soon as he was well seated on the guest mat, he began newsily, "So Tabanea is dead."

I smiled. "Now, now . . . you got that bit of gossip from Onotoa—by our ship."

He denied this blankly. He said he had heard it the Sunday before last. I pointed out that his timing made nonsense for me: our ship had not even arrived at Onotoa by his date. But he persisted that our ship had nothing to do with the case. He had heard about Tabanea's death the Sunday before last from his wife's very aged and absolutely infallible kinswoman, Nei Watia.

"Nei Watia has another name as a baptized Christian, but, for this kind of thing, one must always call her Watia," he explained.

"What kind of thing?" I naturally asked.

He was too wrapped up in his main theme to answer that at once. The old woman, he drove on, had mentioned two important details: Tabanea had died just before sunset, of a blow from above him.

## WHISTLING SPIRITS OF ARORAE

I rubbed it in that the phrase was precisely the one that the native magistrate of Onotoa had used, but he overrode the irony. "Naturally the words are the same," he said: "the newsbearers do not speak with two voices. What they reported in Onotoa they reported to Nei Watia also, here in Arorae."

This was at least good entertainment, so I asked for more about Nei Watia's exceedingly single-minded newsbearers.

It appeared they were alternatively called *Taani-kani-momoi*—Whistlers. He said the Whistlers were the ghosts of dead relations—not the very long-dead ones—the more recently dead. These made a constant habit of returning to the Gilberts. Their domain was the air (he called it "the layer of wind"—as it were, the invisible plane) just above the level of the coconut crests. At that height, they flew up and down the islands seeing and hearing everything that happened. They came lower from time to time and passed the news on to anyone alive who understood their speech. Not many people did understand it, because they spoke in whistles; but Watia was an adept; she had power; she could actually order her particular ghost to come along and answer questions whenever she wanted.

I took his talk for a big boast. It was only by way of calling his

bluff that I asked whether his infallible relation-in-law would undertake to ask her ghost a question for me. But, far from piping down, he put me on the spot instead.

"*Aongko* (of course)!" he replied at once. "Is it indeed your wish that I should ask her?"

I found it was not particularly my wish, but I could not withdraw. The upshot was that he came back the next night with an invitation for me to go with him at once to Nei Watia.

I followed him through the bush to a stony, treeless space above the weather beach. It was a wild night; the place was shuddering and thundering with the fury of the surf, but the moonlight flooded it starkly between racing cloud shadows. A solitary screened shack stood out in the open, 50 paces away from the glimmer of a faint light among the plaited screens. He pointed.

"There is Nei Watia," he said. "I cannot go in with you," and left me standing there. I watched him plunge back into the blackness of the bush.

The thatch was so low that I could not stand upright inside. A hurricane lamp was burning on the floor. An incredibly aged face was glaring up at me around the light almost from floor level. It had a cutty pipe in its mouth; its lips were moving, but I heard no words. I stood there mute until

# Whistling

## SPIRITS OF ARORAE

The villagers said Tabanea had died on his distant island — for ghosts had whistled this news to them.

By Sir Arthur Grimble

THE WORK OF THE council of advice was hardly well finished when a ship of the Japanese trading company in the Marshall Islands brought unexpected news to Tarawa. The company had decided to send no more of its vessels to pick up copra in the Gilbert group south of Butaritari. What worried me about this ultimatum was that a number of the longshore traders down south were in the habit of holding their copra for the Japanese concern, which paid better prices than others. They had to be warned at once that their only buyers from that time on would be the rare British ships that came their way, and I was the only person there to do it. It was lucky,

in the circumstances, that the 35-ton ketch *Choiseul* had come up from Abemama on her own business some days before and was waiting to take me back to the Central Gilberts. I chartered her that day for a quick run to the Southern Gilberts instead and went on board the same evening so as to be sure of an early start next morning. Thus it was that I fared forth to meet the whistling ghosts.

Our first landfall was Onotoa Island, 270 miles from Tarawa. There was no ship's passage into the lagoon in those days, and only one canoe—the native magistrate's—was waiting for us outside the reef. A steep westerly swell was running; the reef was a-lee; it was



Sir Arthur Grimble has been Resident Commissioner of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands and Governor of the Windward group.

tricky work maneuvering my transfer with a suitcase and a steel despatch box from the ketch to the canoe. I mention these points to leave it clear that no conversation passed between the ship and the canoe except the exchange of curt orders and responses about my transshipment. Certainly nobody in the ship's crew shouted anything by way of gossip from the northern islands. I could not possibly have missed hearing it if they had.

There was no talk in the canoe until we had shot the big surf in the boat passage, but when we had made the water the native magistrate said suddenly, apropos of nothing, "We hear Tabanea is dead."

The Tabanea he meant was my old friend the professional sorcerer

of Tarawa. The death of a man like that could not fail to set the whole group talking, for there was no island where he had not a crowd of customers for his peerless love potions and amulets. But I wasn't dead, I told the native magistrate; I had seen him only a week before, heartily enjoying the great song and dance at Tarawa.

It did not seem to impress him though; he chatted on as if I had not spoken. "They say he died the day before yesterday, in the evening, of *te bo maiama* (a blow from above him)."

"What's a blow from above him? Who says? What ship brought the news? Certainly not ours," I countered irritably.

It appeared that "a blow from above him" meant what we might call a seizure or stroke. He did not state who had spread the rumour but said no ship had brought the news was bound to say that; in fact, the only deep-sea craft in the Gilberts at the moment; the other was down in the Ellice group.

"So there you are," I wound rather pompously, "it's just another silly bit of village tittle-tattle."

"*Tao eng* (perhaps yes)," murmured, "*tao eng*"—meaning roughly, "Oh, well, let it go that," and changed the subject.

The whole thing had slipped out of my mind by the time we landed. I was so used to village rumour



somewhat jumbled, apparently meaningless ordinary way of dreams, when suddenly this haphazard dream was overlaid by another, entirely different theme: the log I had painted for decoration and had placed in the wood-burning fireplace was exploding with a loud crack, and hundreds of dangerously burning sparks were flying about the living room!

This second dream, so detailed as to seem real, terrified me so much that I awoke and sat up in bed, relieved to discover it was only a dream.

The next morning I was so busy dressing and feeding the family, I forgot the dream. I did not recall it later even when I lighted the gas jet behind the decorated log. I often did this on cool spring mornings, as we were past the winter time need to burn wood in the fireplace, and the small flame warmed the room sufficiently. There was a distance of many safe inches between the flame and the painted log. After an hour, when the room was comfortable, I turned off the flame.

Hours later, about 11:00 A. M.,

### FINDING BY FORGETTING

**U**NHAPPY after her car was stolen in Kerrville, Tex., Mrs. Joel Ayala took a trip to Boerne, Tex., to visit her sister-in-law in order to "forget" about her loss. While walking in Boerne, she discovered her car, which was in fine shape except for an empty gas tank.

### FATE

I was ready to leave my Fort Worth, Tex., home for a trip to Dallas. After putting my baby in the car I made a final check of the house. Everything was fine; no fires or lights had been left burning. As I pulled the door closed behind me, in the moment before the automatic lock clicked. I suddenly was unnerved by the recall of my brief, vivid nightmare.

I re-entered the house, feeling very foolish, for I already had double-checked the fireplace. But as I approached it, there was a loud cracking sound—a small explosion! In some inexplicable way the log had been smoldering in its dry resinous crevices, and pressure had built up until the log actually exploded.

The explosion threw sparks and smoldering bits of wood out onto many vulnerable places. But, because I was right there, the damage was very slight. The miraculous thing about this incident was that my being there was the direct result of a dream that was an exact replica of an event yet to come! — *Fort Worth, Tex.*

## Fingers of FATE

By Harold Helfer

Two old friends who had not seen each other in 30 years met with a thud at Fairfield, Iowa. Carl Martin's car rammed into the rear of one driven by his old acquaintance, Rudolph Parker, of Grinnell, Iowa.

As editor of the town newspaper, Richard Shelton launched a physical fitness campaign in Shelby, N. C. After participating in a one-mile run down the main street he dropped dead.

As therapy for a broken right leg, Peter Jantzen, of Vancouver, Canada, pedaled the equivalent of five miles a day on a stationary bicycle. The other day he finally got back on the real thing, collided with another bicycle ridden by a nephew, and broke his leg again.

For three consecutive nights Mrs. Berdis Cook dreamed that the safe in the Hattiesburg, Miss., drug store where she works had been robbed. The morning after the third night, when she arrived at the store, she

discovered that the safe had been ripped open and \$100,000 had been stolen.

Max and Rex DeShon of Joseph, Mo., are identical. They hold identical jobs; both are county judges in adjoining Missouri counties.

Vernon Mitchel of Baraboro, land, lost his speech 16 years ago when he fractured his skull falling from a tree while playing basketball as a boy. The other day he was knocked unconscious in a speeding car—and regained his speech.

A year after losing his wife, a man was bailing a fish-hook, Carl Costello of Plaquemine, Fla., caught a fish in that stream. When her husband cleaned it, he found the ring inside.

Shortly after lecturing on workers on safety rules, Ross Land, foreman of a Falls Church, Va., construction project was struck by a steel beam and killed.

prised to find that they have a duck as a pet. They let him out of his pen and he follows them around like a dog. By now he is large and well filled-out, and I inquired as to what they eventually will do with him. I soon learned that he has become such a pet that no-one in the family relished the thought of eating him.

During our discussion of the duck someone brought up the question of whether a pet bird or animal has an extra-sensory perception when and if the moment comes to prepare it for the table.

This reminded me of the time I won a live goose at the Elk's Club raffle on November 15, 1922. I was living in Evanston, Ill., then, in a 10-room house. My parents already had a turkey for Thanksgiving, so we put this large goose in a wire pen in the yard to keep him for the next holiday dinner which would be Christmas.

He readily became a neighborhood pet and the children for blocks around took delight in bringing him all kinds of food. Whenever anyone came out of the back door to feed him, the goose would race around the pen and flap his wings in anticipation.

Christmas time came, and I thought it would be easy to shoot him with a .22 rifle, which I kept in the house. As I approached his pen on this occasion the gander

took one look at me and quickly thrust his head underneath his wing. What a shocking change! Whereas he had always welcomed my visits, he now tried to hide in the corner. I immediately knew in my heart that I could not shoot him.

We finally gave him to a local janitor, who took care of several apartments, and who no doubt took care of the goose, too.—*Chicago, Ill.*

#### SWEET BABY OF BREAD

By Vera Parsons

**W**HILE VACATIONING in Ecuador in 1962 I purchased a *guagua de pan* from a jungle Indian. In *Quechua*, an Indian language, *guagua* means "baby" and *de pan*, "of bread."

Someone later told me it was a talisman with great power, that it was employed daily by most Indians, and that it was used in secret witchcraft rites and religious festivities. Only if I bought one at Easter would it not be ill-omened.

My *guagua de pan* looked like a painted red devil with no tail. It was approximately 12 inches long and five inches wide, with white flowers painted on its body and two wavy yellow and light blue lines down each side. A small nude white bread baby sat on its left shoulder. Horns about two inches high projected from its skull. It

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cost me about \$3.00 and I treasured it.

The day after I purchased it I broke my expensive camera. The next day I was bitten in the thigh by two wild Indian dogs.

When I reached my home in Miami, Fla., I carefully hung the *guagua de pan* on the wall for everyone to see. When I explained its use to a friend with spiritualist leanings, she cautioned, "Get rid of that jinx now."

I did not. The following week I was rushed to the hospital with pneumonia, and when I returned to my law office I found that I had been replaced. Thus, when the "baby" dropped to the floor breaking all its "bones," I was not averse to getting rid of it.

Mrs. Colten, my dentist's wife and assistant, offered to take it as a conversation piece for her office. "I've got a good feeling about it," she said. "I'm also a registered nurse, and we're not a superstitious lot."

It was my roommate who had to turn the "baby" over to Mrs. Colton the next day, for I was in the hospital again, having broken some ribs, teeth and my left wrist after slipping on the bedroom rug.

Thirteen days after she received the "baby" Mrs. Colton phoned me overnight she had developed a cyst on her left wrist.

She called later that same month

to inform me that all her affairs were topsy-turvy and that the dentist was in the hospital with a nervous breakdown. I swallowed hard.

A few days later she contacted me again. Her assistant had been raped.

She was sure the "baby" had nothing to do with any of the happenings, but she decided she no longer needed such a "conversation piece," and so she threw it in the trash can.

I cannot help but wonder what happened to the trash collector. *Brooklyn, N.Y.*

#### PROPHETIC DREAM

By Brenda Kelley

**O**NE NIGHT in the spring of 1951 I was dreaming in



BRENDA KELLEY

I was more concerned about my mother-in-law's frightful condition, I took the report she gave rather casually and with much skepticism.

Not so, my father-in-law! He wrote immediately to the family giving them his address. He received in return a telegram reporting the death of his sister's husband. He had died only an hour or so before my mother-in-law saw the rising coffin.

Since that time I have been a confirmed believer. I was there and I know this happened.

My mother-in-law always has seen the coffin when a close relative in either her family or her husband's has died. She never has seen it when no one has died. — *Westhampton Beach, L. I., N. Y.*

#### GOD HAS BEEN WITH ME

By Reuben Kashihsian

**I** WAS BORN October 14, 1892. When I was four years old, Sultan Hamid of Turkey ordered the massacre of all Christian Armenians. About 200,000 men, women and children were slain. I witnessed the killing and abduction of some of my own family.

In 1899 I started to pray and go to church every morning. Many times I fasted as penance for God's favors.

In August, 1906, while I was praying the Holy Ghost appeared

heavenly. This was in the daytime. The next night an angel appeared to me in my dream, took me to our farm 20 miles away, and said "Son, go out and hide under the weeds. Seven storms are coming." While I was under the weeds seven storms passed and destroyed everything in sight.

When I awoke in the morning I told my mother of my dream. She said we would have seven years of war and the entire family would be killed, except me.

I came to the United States in 1908. In the fall of 1911 the Balkan War against Turkey began. Following this came World War I. It took exactly seven years for the fighting to end. All my people were killed except my twin brother.

In 1912 a medical examiner for an insurance company refused to issue a policy because I had a bad heart. I prayed to God that night. Suddenly I had a severe pain around my heart, and the Holy Ghost appeared and passed through my body. The next day I was in perfect health. The same doctor examined me for army service and said so.

In 1913 I had pain near my appendix. The doctor advised me to undergo an immediate operation. I prayed to God, and the pain stopped right away. I never was operated on.

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brother was married and in July of that year an angel appeared to me in my sleep. He asked if I had any money for the poor. I said I had only two pennies in my pocket, an old one and a new one. I gave them to him but as he was leaving asked for one back. He returned the old penny. I asked, what does this mean? He said my brother's wife was going to have a baby and the baby was going to die. The mother will be very sick but will live, he said.

I called my brother and told him about my dream. He did not believe it. He said there was not going to be a baby. A week later he came to me and told me his wife was going to have a baby. I told him to get a doctor to care for her, as she was going to have trouble and lose her baby. The doctor did not believe it, said it was humbug.

On March 29, 1922, the doctor predicted the baby would be born about noon that day. It was not. The next day a specialist from Jefferson Hospital performed a Caesarean operation on her, but the baby died. The mother was very ill. The doctor looked at me peculiarly, thinking of my prediction. For four months the mother was ill and could not walk. Then her fever hit 104 degrees. The doctor said he was going to stay around, as the girl was very sick. I told him she would be better the next day, but he gave

me a sly look. That day the angel left her, and the next day she started to walk. The doctor and my brother were surprised.

In 1918, I saw in *True Magazine* a picture of a girl named Mary. I prayed to God and said, "Heavenly Father, if you are going to give me a wife, give me one just like that."

The day after her recovery my brother's wife said to me, "About marrying my sister? She is pretty and educated." I told her I would ask my guardian angel. One night I dreamt I was locked in a basement, but my angel came and put me on a road and said, "The road is clear for you."

On August 7, 1922, this girl came to America. Her name is Mary. She is beautiful and prayed every night. We were married.

In 1928 my daughter was sick with measles. One night I saw an angel praying for her. I told my wife if she had seen the angel, but she had not. The next day my daughter was better and out of bed.

All through my life God has been with me, and he has shown me the most important thing in the world is to love one another. — *Philadelphia, Pa.*

#### GOOSE WITH ESP

By Lew R. Merrell

**L**AST WEEK while visiting my grandchildren, I was quite



the docent told his audience, "for some strange reason the dominant sensation will be produced by the color on the bottom sheet."

He placed two sheets, yellow and red, in front of the subject and asked him to identify the colors. The answers were correct. Then Novomeisky mixed the sheets, slipped a red sheet under the yellow, and under the red another yellow sheet. The subject felt the top sheets and without hesitation named the colors of the two lower sheets.

"So you see," Novomeisky summed up, "the fingers of your artist are not inferior to Kuleshova's."

"Can Rosa distinguish the form of the image in addition to the

colors?" someone asked him.

"That can be learned too," the docent replied. "I did some experimenting with my students. After some training they were able to determine the limits of two colors and then the shape of the image."

"Here is how it was done. We placed sheets of black and white paper on a glass. The subject tested learned how to differentiate one color from another. After he had mastered that, he was asked to determine the limits of the image of a simple black figure (but one he did not know) on a white background. After repeating experiments with various simple figures, we went on to large black letters on a white background."

### THE GHOST OF SANDRINGHAM

**T**HE SERVANT'S quarters at Sandringham, the great country house of England's royal family, reportedly is haunted by a prank-playing ghost. Some of the alarming happenings described by staff members are hollow footsteps along corridors when no walker is visible, doors opening to reveal nothing or no one entering or leaving, and lights turning on and off without human hands touching the switches.

The mysterious disturbances at Sandringham appear to begin on Christmas Eve and to continue for six to eight weeks. The most frequently haunted

area appears to be the sergeant footman's corridor on the second floor. Housemaids, the reports state, refuse to go there alone to clean and dust.

One footman refused to sleep in the room assigned to him, explaining that he had seen as well as heard a large paper sack "breathe in and out" like a grotesque lung. Other servants have reported such manifestations as Christmas cards being moved from one wall to another and freshly made beds being stripped. In each case, it is said, the occupant of the room had locked the door and taken the key.

### FATE

## True MYSTIC EXPERIENCES

FATE will pay \$5 for each True Experience published. Stories should be less than 300 words and typed (double-spaced) on one side of the paper. They should be sent to the FATE Editor, FATE Magazine, 845 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Ill. They must be signed by the author and the author's address must be given. Manuscripts will not be returned unless accompanied by a stamped, self-addressed return envelope.

### THE WEIRD COFFIN

By Clarence E. Drumheller

**D**URING THE early years of our marriage, my wife sometimes alluded to a mystical experience which happened from time to time to her mother, Mrs. Martin Weiss. The circumstances were always the same. Mrs. Weiss would see a coffin rise up from the floor and immediately she would know that someone in the family had died. It was several years after our marriage, while we lived in Denver, that the following incident took place.

In March, 1948, my wife and I were living in a house on Tejon Street with her father and mother. All of us had just moved there from El Paso, Tex. My father-in-law is by nature slow to let people know when he changes his address, and he had not done so this time. After we had been in Denver about one month his wife announced tearfully at breakfast that some member of the family had died "last night." She didn't know who it was that

died, but she was sure it was someone in the family.

Looking as though she had a ghost, she told of seeing the fin rise up out of the floor, morning about 6:00 A. M. she had begun to fix breakfast.

"It came up right over there," said, pointing to a rather large at the far side of the kitchen.

All members of "the family" ed across the country in Ohio



CLARENCE E. DRUMHELLER

# Russians Investigate *Fingertip* Vision

New Russian tests show subjects can learn to identify colors  
and even simple figures with their fingertips

Reprinted from USSR, *Soviet Life Today*, February 1964  
Originally appeared in Soviet magazine *Science and Life*.

**D**OCCENT ABRAM Novomeisky, head of the psychology laboratory of the Nizhni Tagil Teachers Training School, visited our editorial offices to tell us about the conclusions reached by the Ural scientists who studied "the Tagil phenomenon."

When he concluded his story, he suggested to those assembled that they try to see whether they too could learn to differentiate color with their fingers. Boris Malyshev, an artist, volunteered for the test. Docent Novomeisky blindfolded him with a dark cloth which let no light through. "I do this not so much to prevent you from taking a

peek," the scientist explained. "to switch off your instrument of sight and force you to concentrate on tactile sensation."

A carefully wiped glass was placed on the desk, and on it two sheets of colored paper: yellow and red. "At first the colors have to be pure, not mixed, and the surface of the paper must be uniform," Novomeisky explained. "It is important that the fingers of the subject be dry."

Novomeisky first tried to get the subject to relate the tactile sensation to the color. He put Malyshev's hand on the yellow sheet and told him to rub the surface lightly with

three fingers—the index, third and fourth—while Novomeisky said several times in succession, "This is yellow." The procedure was repeated with the second color.

Then Novomeisky fixed in the subject's mind the difference in the sensations that the yellow and red colors gave him. He suggested that Boris touch the sheets alternately and try to determine the difference in his perceptions. While Malyshev did this, Novomeisky told him the color of the sheet he was touching.

In about five minutes Malyshev had begun to feel something of the difference between the colors. He said: "The yellow paper seems to be more porous and smooth, and the red sticky."

"All right," Novomeisky said. "What we have done is establish a reflex action in a rough way. Now let us get on to the tests." He changed the places of the two sheets on the glass and asked the artist to say which color was which. In seconds Malyshev accurately called the colors.

Then the scientist made the test more difficult. He slipped a third sheet on the glass, mixed them all up and asked Boris what the colors were. Malyshev rubbed the sheets alternately and then said: "This one is yellow, this one is red, and this is also red." All correct.

"Now try to determine the color of the paper without the help of comparisons," the docent suggested.

He placed a single sheet on the glass. Boris rubbed it, thought for a second, rubbed it again and called the right color.

"Very good," the scientist said, obviously pleased. "You see, this test means that you are beginning to fix the colors in your mind not by the difference in sensations but by associating a definite sensation with a definite color. Now I'll give you a more complicated task."

He covered the colored sheets lying on the glass with transparent tracing paper, rough side up. "The tracing paper will make it a bit more difficult to perceive the colors," he explained, "but we want to make the test more rigorous by excluding any influence the structure of the color surfaces themselves might have on your perception."

And this time Malyshev had to take a much longer time figuring out the difference in sensations before he called, correctly again, the colors of the sheets under the tracing paper.

Then another artist sat down to do the tests. He passed all of them and did better than his predecessor by this additional test.

"If we place two sheets of colored paper on top of each other

will go on. Cooperation with the Russian scientists could be most helpful it would seem.

\* \* \*

**DATRICIA AINSWORTH Stanley** is friendly and eager to help humanity with her gift. She does not take her responsibilities lightly. As well as being public spirited she is a dedicated homemaker, doing a great deal of sewing and gardening. One source of great pride to her is the Stanley garden which supplies the family with a great many fresh vegetables. Last year it also yielded a cash crop of three and one-half acres of corn. Mrs. Stanley drives a school bus for the Kearsley system.

When I talked with Pat Stanley, at FATE's suggestion, I found her to be charming and outgoing, a woman I felt I had known a long time. Her voice is warm and friendly, with a rich Southern accent. She is modest and not eager for publicity. She told me she does not enjoy this sudden national recognition. It struck me that she is a little bewildered at being plummeted into the world limelight. Most of all, she doesn't wish to be thought of as a curiosity.

I asked Mrs. Stanley if, in her opinion, some facet of extrasensory perception could have some bearing on her ability. She did not seem to understand my meaning and I had to rephrase my question. While

she has no idea as to *how* she "reads" with her fingertips, she told me that Dr. Youtz believes that there is a genuinely scientific basis for it all. At any rate, Mrs. Stanley is anything but a mystic or visionary.

Pat, who was born in Lindsay, Okla., is 42 years old and the mother of four lively sons, Jerry, 17; Ralph, 15; David, 14; and Charles, nine. The Stanleys live on a 10-acre homesite.

\* \* \*

**THE ABILITIES** of Mrs. Stanley are similar to, though not as developed as, those of Rosa Kuleshova, the young Russian woman whose abilities were described in detail in the July, 1963, issue of FATE.

Rosa Kuleshova not only can detect colors with her finger tips but actually can read ordinary type and view photographs. In addition, Soviet researchers have found that other areas of her skin are light sensitive and that she can "see" even with a portion of her tongue.

For skeptical American researchers the significance of the research on Rosa Kuleshova is that several scientific disciplines collaborated on it. These included psychologists, neurologists, cyberneticists, physiologists, biophysicists and oculists.

Their research involved theories that she had an extraordinarily developed and refined touch, that

## FATE THE FINGERTIP VISION OF PAT STANLEY

she might be differentiating the colors by their heat (infra-red) radiations, and even that telepathy was involved.

The conclusion of the USSR Academy of Sciences is that Rosa has genuine light receptors—organs of vision—in her skin. It has been established that she has about 10 light sensory elements in each square millimeter of her fingertips.

It has been established further that she has in the light sensitive areas of her skin receptors similar to the cones of the human retina that differentiate colors. Man's color vision is three-dimensional. Each cone has three light receptors, one of which reacts to blue, one to red and one to green.

Rosa Kuleshova's fingers have the three types of light receptors for red, blue and green. Studies show that their sensitivity corresponds exactly to the cones of the human eye. Experiments with Rosa showed they work in the same way. If the eye shifts rapidly from red to gray, for example, it sees blue. Rosa perceives the same color changes with her fingers.

The phenomenon called light inertia, which explains why we do

not notice the fluctuations on a movie or TV screen, also operates with Rosa. The eye, although we are not aware of it, is in constant motion—if the motion stops we stop seeing. Similarly, Rosa Kuleshova must keep her fingers moving for them to see.

Also, when Kuleshova's fingertips were flooded with an excess of light it took some time for them to react just so they could "see" again.

Meanwhile the Russians are going ahead with this research and conclude that many persons have similar abilities, some of it latent. It is virtually certain, moreover, that persons with the ability can learn to improve it.

Russian scientists now are convinced that all this points to a "tactile-optical" sense that we do not know man possessed. This sense is similar to vision and is connected with the visual centers of the brain. It differs, however, in that it is more tactile than visual. Eye vision takes in the whole object at once but the fingers unfold the image. The scientists believe this new "sixth" sense is certain to enrich optics, physiology of the sense organs, psychology, teaching methods and the theory of cognition.



if the glass covering the colors is too thick. When the glass is three thousandths of an inch thick she can call the color correctly, but she cannot do this when the glass is as much as a 16th of an inch thick.

Temperature apparently plays an important part in Mrs. Stanley's ability. When it falls below 75 degrees Fahrenheit her ability to identify colors drops to no better than chance. Likewise, when her fingers and the color samples were put into warm water (91 degrees F.) her ability disappears.

Dr. Youtz and his colleagues are fascinated by the possibility that Pat's ability may exist in, or be taught to, others. Dr. Youtz has now extended his research to testing 125 Barnard psychology students to see if they can distinguish colors to any degree with their fingertips. Preliminary tests suggest that some five to 15 per cent of these students can do so. In these tests, being done in January, 1964, the girls are given three plastic-covered color samples. Their hands are inside the light-proof experimental box. Two of the cards are the same color and the third is different. They are asked to pick the different color. Some girls have demonstrated some ability during the preliminary tests, Dr. Youtz said. Girls with ability are encouraged to practice. This further work is being sponsored by the National Institute of

Mental Health, Bethesda, Md., in an effort to find whether devices can be developed to help the blind. It is essential to learn if this mysterious ability is common throughout the population.

The Russians also are conducting tests with students to determine what percentage have some ability to see with their fingertips. Their ratios as known to date are about the same as those given by Dr. Youtz. They have stated that they feel that anyone with any small ability in this direction can be taught to "see" better.

There are some striking differences in the abilities of the two women, Flint's Patricia Stanley and Russia's Rosa Kuleshova. Pat distinguishes colors in the dark and cannot read printed words at all. Rosa reads printed texts, art work, photographs and music but must have light even to distinguish colors. Rosa has some "sight" in other parts of her body but Dr. Youtz has not yet tested Mrs. Stanley's skin, other than the skin of her hands for the ability. She does touch the color samples with her fingers, thumb and both hands.

\* \* \*

**THINGS DID NOT** go so well when Dr. Youtz, and John Lents of Columbia University, again tested Mrs. Stanley in January, 1964, when she performed only occasionally better than chance allows.

"I just don't feel right. I'm not doing it right and I know it," Mrs. Stanley said after a two-hour session at the testing box. She volunteered this opinion before her failures were reported to her.

Dr. Youtz confirmed her fears, but had no explanation for her inability to repeat her successes of last summer. He did say that psychological tests often encounter unforeseen difficulties.

At one point during the tests in January Mrs. Stanley discriminated among colors in a way that made the odds as high as one to 243 again, but Dr. Youtz described her over-all performance as inconsistent.

One theory advanced by Dr. Youtz to explain this ability to "see" with the fingertips is that heat waves from the fingers might be reflected by different colors in different ways. Perhaps those who detect colors in this manner do so by sensing this difference. This idea was considered, tested and then rejected by the Russian scientists.

It was warm in Flint last summer and, of course, it was warm in June in Owensboro, Ky., in 1939, when Mrs. Stanley first exhibited her strange ability. It was cold in Flint in January during the unsatisfactory tests. Although Dr. Youtz warmed the experimental box and even warmed Mrs. Stanley's hands in warm water, since he had found

earlier that temperature does have an effect, Mrs. Stanley still could not perform above chance consistently.

The Russians also report that temperature has a marked effect upon the ability to "see" with fingers. And, further, they report that the fingertips must be absolutely dry.

At the end of a long unsuccessful session Dr. Youtz said, "Well, we have an idea that it might be the cold and an idea that she might have stage fright—attempting to do this in front of strangers. It is only by eliminating the things that have a negative effect on her ability that we can come around to finding out how it happens."

Dr. Youtz had hoped to use color samples that had been kept in the dark for a month or more before Mrs. Stanley touched them during the January, 1964, experiment. It is not known whether he did this. This experiment was designed to explore the possibility of a photoelectric effect.

Dr. DeGraaf was not present at the tests in January because of a death in his family. But on the telephone he expressed surprise that Mrs. Stanley did not perform as well as she had last summer. "Her performance certainly seemed convincing at that time," Dr. DeGraaf said.

And so it is hoped that the tests

Flint branch of the Ternstedt plant and they moved to Flint.

During all this time Pat Stanley had given no thought to the odd science experiment and her husband and their four growing sons had no idea that she possessed this unusual ability. She had never even mentioned it.

At Dr. Youtz's request Professor Gillim immediately set about tracing Patricia. She contacted Miss Barrett, now retired, and she in turn got Pat's Flint address from her mother who still lives in the vicinity of Owensboro.

Dr. Youtz went to Flint in April, 1963.

At first Mrs. Stanley was reticent about exploring with him the fantastic mystery of her tactile color sense. She felt she might not be able to duplicate her unlikely feat. But finally she gave in to Dr. Youtz's urging.

"I didn't want to do anything noteworthy just for myself," she told John David, reporter for the *Flint Journal*, whose story appeared December 5, 1963. "I really didn't want to go through all this. But Dr. Youtz convinced me that we were working in the sincere interest of science and education."

Another thought influenced Patricia Stanley. If the causes of her remarkable ability were determined it might eventually be used to help the blind to "see".

Dr. Youtz has made a number of visits to Flint, staying variously for a few days to two or three weeks. The experiments have been conducted at the Stanley home, some of them in the presence of Dr. Donald DeGraaf, professor of physics at Flint College, of the University of Michigan. Dr. Youtz brought special equipment with him. He used a light-tight plywood box painted black inside and out. Leading out of the front panel of the box are two black velveteen armholes, of double thickness, with elastic at the wrists. Mrs. Stanley's arms fit into these sleeves during the tests.

Three specially designed cards were inserted into the box through a door in the back for one test. A red square was pictured on one of the cards, while the other two had blue squares. Transparent plastic covered the cards to keep their texture uniform and the edges were securely bound with heavy black tape. Dr. Youtz instructed Mrs. Stanley to select two cards of identical color and name that color. She picked the cards, fingered the surfaces, and said that the two she indicated were blue. This was by no means happenstance, for Mrs. Stanley accomplished this feat five consecutive times. At no time did she see the cards and she was not informed as to the correctness of her identifications.

## FATE

## THE FINGERTIP VISION OF PAT STANLEY

To pick the colors accurately once is a chance of one in three. To do this five times in a row denotes a chance of one in 243. Patricia Stanley has done the series of five over and over again, with many different colors. *The odds for this are less than one in 10,000.*

Dr. Youtz has described the experiment which he considers most impressive. He states that he does not believe in extrasensory perception or telepathy or clairvoyance. Nevertheless, he has taken great care to be sure that he is not unconsciously telling Mrs. Stanley how to identify colors by any of these means.

Two specimens each of red, yellow, green, blue, purple, black and white cloth, 14 pieces in all, were jumbled together on the floor of the light-proof box. Mrs. Stanley put her arms through the black sleeves, mixed the cloth squares again and went on to identify them. Dr. Youtz said that this test, which was run three times, was conducted in a double-blind manner so that neither Dr. Youtz nor Mrs. Stanley could see the squares before the identification was made. She was not told the results of her identifications. However, in the first test she called correctly 11 out of 14 of the cloth squares, in the second run she got 13 of 14 correct, and in the third try she identified 12 out of 14 correctly.

Dr. Youtz calculates the odds against such a score to be seven million to one. Mrs. Stanley's mistakes were made in distinguishing between yellow and white.

Although these tests were designed to shed some light on the physical or physiological nature of Mrs. Stanley's ability, so far Dr. Youtz has no explanation to offer. He considers that it may be some chemical or electrostatic or photoelectric phenomenon but so far the evidence suggests that it is not chemical and there is nothing to support the other two theories either. He believes that her mysterious ability has not yet been explained by any known physical or physiological mechanism.

Mrs. Stanley says she has to feel the colors with her fingertips for seconds or more to identify them. In some tests she handles the colored cloths directly, at other times she rubs her fingers over plastic glass coverings placed over colored paper. This rules out any identification to be made from differences in texture. She herself does not know how she makes the identifications.

She further reports, "The lighter colors are smoother or thinner or lighter in weight. The dark colors are thicker or rougher or heavier. Red, blue and green just feel different, red, blue and green."

Mrs. Stanley's ability diminishes

# Testing the

## Fingertip

### Vision of PAT STANLEY

A Michigan housewife also displays the ability to identify colors with her fingertips — but with differences.

By Pauline Saltzman

MRS. PATRICIA Stanley, of Flint, Mich., can see with her fingers, too.

The July, 1963, issue of *FATE* presented the report of a 22-year-old Russian woman, Rosa Kuleshova, who can read with her fingertips—and it was received very critically by parapsychologists and other scientists.

But now a Michigan housewife has been found who can identify colors in the dark with her fingertips, according to Dr. Richard P. Youtz, a psychology professor at Barnard College who is listed in *Who's Who In America* and who has spent some 60 hours testing the fingertip "sight" of this woman.

Mrs. Stanley first discovered her

unusual ability when she was a senior at the Owensboro, Ky., high school in 1939.

Miss Mary Barrett, the science instructor, had given a blindfold test to her class, asking them to identify common objects by feeling them. One girl, Patricia Ainsworth, was particularly good. In fact, she not only identified the shapes but also the colors of the objects she handled. Miss Barrett, and her friend Dr. Marion Gillim, who taught psychology in Owensboro at that time, repeated the test. This time they not only blindfolded Miss Ainsworth but also tied a bag over her head. She still identified the colors. However, Patricia Ainsworth soon was graduated and no-



UPI Photo

Test of ability of Mrs. Patricia Stanley to identify colors with her fingertips show 10,000 to one odds against chance.

body followed up on her strange ability, although at the time the whole high school had been much impressed.

Then in January, 1963, the story of Rosa Kuleshova broke upon a disbelieving world. The case had been confirmed by the Soviet Academy of Sciences. Further Russian work even had suggested that about one person in six had this ability to "see" with the fingertips. But these reports were from Russia and American experts were highly skeptical — most of them still are.

Among the skeptics was Dr. Youtz. One day he was discussing the Soviet report with his colleagues in the faculty lunchroom. It was then that Dr. Marion Gillim, now professor of economics at Barnard College, recalled an incident that had occurred while she taught in Owensboro, Ky., in 1939.

Dr. Youtz says he thought about this for at least two weeks before he decided to do something about it. He states that it was the nagging question of "Are you open-minded or not?" that finally made him ask Professor Gillim to write Miss Barrett to try to locate Patricia Ainsworth.

Evidently Pat Ainsworth was the only person in that 1939 test session who remained unimpressed. She hadn't, up to that day, dreamed that she possessed the rare ability of being able to "read" colors with her fingertips, and apparently she couldn't have cared less.

In 1945 she had married Patricia Stanley, a young serviceman stationed in Mississippi. At the end of World War Two the young couple had been graduated from the Shenandoke Business College of Roanoke, Va. Then they moved to Michigan, living in Lincoln Park and in Detroit for the next 10 years. Patricia Stanley was employed at the Teledyne Plant of General Motors Corp. in Livonia during this time. In 1955 he was made an inspector at



berg is supposed to have said.

Then Pearson concluded:

"But the President demurred. Looking out the window and away from Goldberg, he said. 'I don't know that another opportunity will present itself.'

"Then after a pause he added: 'And you'll be here a long time after I'm gone.'"

In a similar vein the Hearst Headline Service reported from Hyannis Port, Mass., the belief that the president had a premonition of being shot.

It was the practice of newspapermen covering the summer White House at Hyannis Port to attend mass at the same time the President did. They usually occupied the pew behind his at the church.

During the summer of 1963 the late President was leaving the church where he had heard mass with a newspaperman friend when he remarked.

"I wonder if they'll shoot me in church."

While his friend was still gasping at the thought, the President added: "Well, if they do they'll probably get one of you fellows first."

The President's words last March 3, when he visited Arlington National Cemetery, may have been unintentionally prophetic. Paul Fuqua, 23, a guide at the Curtis-Lee mansion which sits on high ground surrounded by the sprawling cemetery,

described Mr. Kennedy's visit to the Associated Press.

It was a beautiful day, and Mr. Fuqua was showing the president around. "I told him if I lived in the White House I'd move the White House out here, the view is so beautiful. The president said yes and added:

"I could stay up here forever."

Reports of these premonitions by the President himself mount until they are almost reminiscent of the sadness felt by Abraham Lincoln—and for the same bitter reason.

James Reston, political commentator of the New York Times, says that last June, when the Civil Rights riots were at their height, with tempers and passions flaring, Mr. Kennedy addressed representatives of a number of national organizations.

After discussing the problems that confronted him on every side, the President astonished his listeners by ending his talk suddenly and taking from his pocket a piece of paper containing the famous speech of Blanch of Spain in Shakespeare's *King John*. The President read this poem to the audience:

*The sun's o'er cast with blood:  
fair day, adieu!  
Which is the side that I must  
go withal?  
I am with both; each army  
hath a hand;*

## FATE

## PREMONITIONS OF KENNEDY'S DEATH

*And in their rage, I having hold  
of both,*

*They whirl asunder and  
member me.*



## JAPAN'S WORLD-CONQUERING NEW RELIGION

ONE OF THE strangest products of the post-war religious world is the Soka Gakkai Society of Japan, an organization of fanatic Japanese Buddhists who have announced their intention of conquering Japan, America and the entire world with their unusual mixture of religion and politics.

Soka Gakkai, written with four Chinese characters which mean create-value-learning-society, has become a source of concern both to political leaders and officials of older religions. Its main goal is said to be to establish a "third civilization" free of capitalism and communism.

In a newspaper called *Seikyo News*, its official organ, Soka Gakkai publishes cartoons and articles which seek to combat the influence of American Christianity. The Roman Catho-

lic Weekly, America, has branded Soka Gakkai as movement of "present power and potential danger." Other Buddhist sects in Japan are said to be organizing to fight it.

In 1945 Soka Gakkai had only a handful of followers. Today it claims a membership of 1 million throughout the world. In America, its representative state, it has 4,000 followers in Los Angeles alone.

According to Dai Saku Ikeda, its president, Soka Gakkai has a membership of one million youths. The movement has gained its largest following among the poor and friendless of Japanese society. It has made little headway among prosperous, successful people in Japan, though it has won converts among American service men through their Japanese wives.



## AND NOW RAISING DICKENS?

A T DICKINSON, N. Dak., Calls Dickson of Dickson, Ky., recently married William Dickinson, of Dickinson.

sitting and she checked the tape. The voice of "Fletcher" on the tape predicted that President Kennedy would lose his life and he saw him "falling in a moving vehicle."

"I had forgotten this," Miss Montgomery wrote, "because I interpreted that to mean an airplane crash."

During the January seance, "Fletcher" introduced a "discarnate" entity whom Miss Montgomery recognized as purportedly the late Dr. Floyd McCaffree, director of research for the Republican National Committee during the Nixon campaign.

"He's here," 'Fletcher' said, "because he said he is interested in the probability, which is more than a probability, that Nixon will be the Republican nominee this year."

FATE readers might take note of this prediction.

\* \* \*

**C**ERTAINLY the most ominously correct prediction of the assassination of President Kennedy was that of Mrs. Jeane Dixon of Washington, D. C. Her prediction was reprinted in the October issue of FATE in the excerpt from Jess Stearn's book *The Door to the Future*, and was discussed in March FATE. Since then, more information on Mrs. Dixon and the circumstances of her predictions have become known.

In Washington, Jack Anderson,

of *Parade* recalled that he had interviewed Mrs. Dixon eight years before and had published a prediction by her in the May 13, 1956 issue. "As for the 1960 election," he wrote, "Mrs. Dixon thinks it will be won by a Democrat. But he will be assassinated in office."

Three weeks before the assassination, according to Anderson, Mrs. Dixon was lunching with a Washington society woman, Mrs. Harley Cope. Mrs. Cope told Anderson that Mrs. Dixon's face suddenly clouded and she blurted out, "He's going to be shot." When the startled Mrs. Cope asked who was going to be shot, Mrs. Dixon replied "Why, the President, of course."

John Gold, Washington correspondent for the *London Evening News*, wrote that he had talked with a dozen reputable men and women who reported that in the two or three weeks before the assassination Mrs. Dixon had repeatedly referred to an impending tragedy in the White House.

One was Charles Benter, a former U. S. Naval officer and retired White House bandmaster. Benter told Gold that on the Tuesday before the assassination Mrs. Dixon suddenly startled friends with whom she was dining by saying, "The President is going to be shot." Two women lunching with Benter and Mrs. Dixon verified the statement.

## FATE

## PREMONITIONS OF KENNEDY'S DEATH

Mrs. Dixon said that she had seen a "dark cloud" hanging over the White House and was heard to say on one occasion, "The veil is drawing nearer."

The witnesses who reported Mrs. Dixon's predictions usually stated they did not believe in psychic phenomena. One of them is John Teeter, executive director of the Damon Runyon Cancer Fund. He stated: "All we can do is to say exactly what occurred."

Mrs. Dixon was so sure the President would be shot that she contacted a personal friend close to the family and asked her to warn him.

She told the *London Evening News* Gold: "It was during the final days that I got most worried about Kennedy. Over the weekend I drove past the White House and I had a vision of the building draped all in black. It got worse over the next few days. On Tuesday, while having dinner, I saw the President shot before my eyes. He was struck in the head. That was when I called out, 'The President has been shot.'"

"On the day of his death I was having breakfast with an old friend and by this time the White House was completely veiled in black."

"I said, 'Charles, this is the day—this is the day it has to happen.'"

Mrs. Dixon is not a professional fortune teller. On the contrary, she is a well-to-do business woman who

with her husband, James, runs real estate firm specializing in expensive Georgetown property. She believes that her talent is a gift and must not be commercialized upon.

She dislikes to make unhappy predictions and will not venture sons of impending tragedy unless she believes it can be averted. She was saddened by the fact that her warning of the attack on President Kennedy was not taken seriously. "Oh, how I wish I had been wrong," she told *Parade's* Jack Anderson.

\* \* \*

**I**S IT POSSIBLE that President Kennedy himself had premonitions of his death?

Drew Pearson wrote that a little over a year before the assassination the President had a "soul-searching" conversation with Secretary of Labor Arthur Goldberg at the time the Justice Felix Frankfurter stepped from the Supreme Court.

Kennedy had offered Goldberg the Supreme Court appointment and "obviously hated to lose him Secretary of Labor," Pearson reported.

"It's like cutting off my right arm to have you go," the President told Goldberg.

Goldberg replied that he was perfectly willing to stay on as Secretary of Labor until there was another court opening. "You'll probably appoint a majority of the court before you're finished," Gold-

All she could say later was: "A queer feeling went through me. Before I realized what I was saying it just came out."

\* \* \*

ONE OF THE saddest of the premonitions of President Kennedy's death came from Ricky E. McDowell, 8, who lay in Doctor's Hospital, Columbus, Ohio, dying of leukemia. Ricky had been in a semi-coma for 48 hours prior to the assassination.

He woke about 7:00 A. M. on November 22 to find his mother Betty by his side. He told her a strange story. He dreamed, he said, that President Kennedy had died.

Mrs. McDowell assured Ricky that the President was well and alive—and so he was for a few more hours. Ricky himself died December 28 without ever being told how accurate his dream had been.

Because of the 20-year intervals of the conjunctions of Jupiter and Saturn, and because every president since William Henry Harrison who was elected in the 20-year intervals since 1840 has died in office, astrologers have regarded the President's term as an ominous one.

Huter's Astrological Calendar, published in Germany 18 months before the assassination stated: "The horoscope of U.S. President Kennedy shows health defects and at one time the danger that a fanatic is preparing his assassination."

Astrologer Dal Lee, in the *Astrological Guide* on sale at newstands during October, wrote: "At this time we prefer to confine ourselves to a word of caution to the President. He should guard his health and safety . . . We wish we could tell the President that November will be an easy-going month for him, but the aspects forbid it."

David Williams of Bayside, N.Y., was for 42 years manager of cable purchases for Con Edison of New York, until he retired last May. Williams had studied many different kinds of cycles, including astrological cycles. Based on astrology he predicted Kennedy's death in a written statement signed by T.F. Harrigan, Con Ed's assistant manager of stock control; by Ed Hess, manager of equipment purchases, and by four other men.

The November issue of *American Astrology* had indicated that the month would be a dangerous one for the President. An article by Leslie McIntyre described the relation of Mars to Uranus and stated:

"In the past such configuration has coincided with personal danger to the head of state. All the more so in this case in view of the attack by Saturn on the President's natal trio of Mars, Mercury and Jupiter . . . November" is obviously fraught with perils of several varieties . . ."

## FATE

## PREMONITIONS OF KENNEDY'S DEATH

A Dallas resident wrote a letter to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Lee of San Francisco, her relatives. The letter was postmarked at 11:30 A. M. November 22, and was reprinted in the *San Francisco Chronicle* of November 27.

"We are worried for President Kennedy when he arrives here tomorrow," said the writer in a message dashed off the night before the assassination.

"There are placards all over town calling him a traitor . . . They are brainwashed by our newspapers, who are daily hammering about Washington as if it was some sinister foreign power.

"I think Kennedy is in greater danger here than when he was traveling all over Europe."

The San Francisco Lees declined to identify the letter writer, fearing reprisals against her.

A rather strange coincidence occurred in Nampa, Calif., where a one-act play festival was underway in the Nampa High School's Little Theater. On the morning of November 22, drama students from Cambridge High School were presenting the play *The Last Curtain*, which is based on the assassination of President Lincoln.

When the play was in its final moments word came of the latest assassination.

Was this a coincidence? One of the great problems, of course, is

what is a coincidence and what a premonition?

A strange thing occurred in printing of 1963 calendars with of the big companies, for example. In this calendar, the dates of national holidays were printed in special colors. For some reason, the date November 22 was also printed in a special color, though that date is not a holiday and was the only date in the calendar with this error.

The problem of coincidence: individual predictions must probably be weighed by the detail surrounding the prediction. The following prediction seems too accurate to ascribe to coincidence.

"Fletcher", the control of Art Ford, America's most famous living medium, predicted President Kennedy's death nearly a year before hand, according to Ruth Montgomery, the syndicated seer from Washington, D.C.

Ruth Montgomery reported in January that she had joined eight Protestant ministers and a medium doctor at a seance conducted for Ford in the pastor's study of Washington church. During the seance, at which several veridical messages were given, "Fletcher" minded those present that a year before he had told Miss Montgomery that the President would die.

Miss Montgomery had taped



# PREMONITIONS OF KENNEDY'S DEATH

Apparently even the President had forebodings of disaster. "I wonder if they'll shoot me in church," he said to a newspaperman last summer.



*By John C. Ross*

**T**WENTY MINUTES before President John F. Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas last November 22, operators in the Oxnard, Calif., division of the General Telephone Company heard a strange woman's voice whispering: "The President is going to be killed."

The voice was eerie and difficult to understand. It came from a person who seemed emotionally disturbed. Several other statements

were incoherent and not understandable to the operators.

This is but one of a number of astounding premonitions of the President's assassination gathered from various sources by FATE's readers and staff. Curtis Fuller's column, "I See By the Papers", in the March issue of FATE listed several of these—by Jeane Dixon, the Capital Seer; by John Pendragon, the British astrologer; and even by Billy Graham. FATE's letters col-

umns also have carried personal communications from readers with similar premonitions. This article represents the first general report from published sources, however.

The report on the Oxnard, Calif., case came from Ray Sheehan, manager of the Oxnard division of the General Telephone Co. He concluded that the woman who muttered the prediction had "stumbled into our operator's circuits" possibly by misdialing.

After the President was shot the call was reported to the FBI but there was no way to trace it. All that is known is that it originated in the Oxnard-Camarillo area, 50 miles north of Los Angeles.

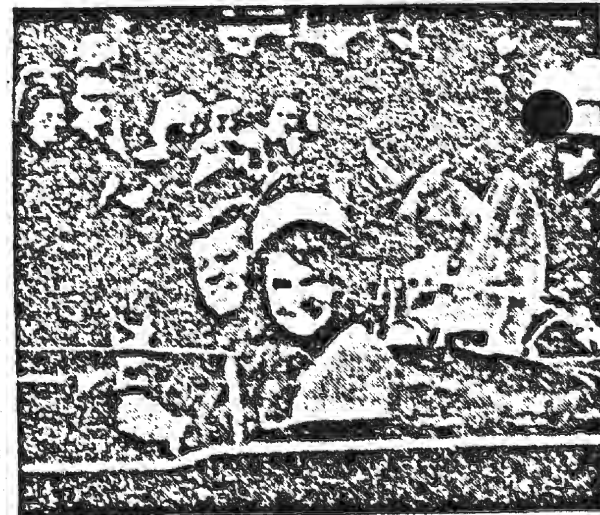
When the call was received at 10:10 A.M. PST, one telephone supervisor called another onto her line and both heard the woman say the President would be killed. The President was shot 20 minutes later.

In Glendive, Mont., Donna In, a freshman in Dawson County Junior College, was leaving her class on the day of the assassination as the 12 noon bell rang. Suddenly she stopped and cried out at the top of her voice:

"The President is dead."

Donna did not have a radio and had no way of knowing the President had been shot. It was 10 to 15 minutes later that the shooting was confirmed on the campus.

Moments before he was shot, President Kennedy, with Mrs. Kennedy beside him in open car, waves to Dallas crowds. Only seconds after this photograph, shots rang out and the President fell back, clutching at his torn throat. UPI photo



and he questioned his force of street sweepers regarding the beans. All reported that they had not seen any on the city streets.

These negative reports possibly can be explained if we assume that the beans fell comparatively lightly in the city and if so I doubt very much that a man guiding a street-sweeping machine would have noticed the beans on the pavement. Also, both January 22 and 23 were windy days.

Further, this fall is representative of an enormous number of falls of strange objects. For example, another case which I investigated through correspondence took place near Blackstone, Va., August 2, 1962. Here, too, there was a heavy fall of small, white beans, or peas, during an unusual downpour. They fell on the farm of Mrs. H. G. Gamble and were reported to fairly cover the ground.

I telephoned Mr. Williams' home two days later, January 25, and discussed the happening with Mrs. Williams. She stated that the beans had appeared in the yard after the rainfall, but she did not know at what time they first had appeared. She said they had picked up about 30 of the beans and described them as "little navy beans—little white beans."

On January 27 I received a package of beans which the Williamses had mailed to me. They sent 26

beans as representative specimens with the following statement:

"These beans found on January 22, 1964, in an area approximately 10 feet by 10 feet. This was following a good, general rain the preceding night.

Dudley Williams  
6816 Valmont Ave.  
Tujunga, Calif."

Mr. Williams said he first had seen the beans in his back yard at 8:00 A.M. on January 23. I found this yard completely enclosed by a fence and separated entirely from the front of his home. We located more beans directly under the edge of the roof and nearby. This roof edge is lower than all other sections and consequently the rain drains onto the grass from it. Unfortunately, we were unable to climb onto the roof to see what beans remained up there.

Mr. Williams later questioned his neighbors to discover if the beans had been placed, or fired, into the yard. His interrogations proved negative.

After leaving the Williams' home I stopped at a gas station and was told that more beans had appeared in an area close to the Tujunga wash. Arriving there I questioned several people who directed me to an area—quite barren and arid—where I found more beans scattered on the ground. I also discovered approximately 10 beans on the roof

## FATE

## BEANFALL IN SAN FERNANDO

of a nearby ramshackle wooden shed. There was no further information except that persons living in the vicinity told me that the beans had appeared immediately after the rainfall.

On February 1 I met Mr. Paul Bjorkman of San Fernando and together we toured the area where the beans reportedly appeared, but we were unable to discover any verifiable incident to prove that they had indeed fallen from the skies.

\*\*\*  
IN REVIEWING the entire case I feel quite sure that a fall of beans did occur, despite the fact

that the street-sweeping force did not see them. It is hard to imagine that a member of the police force would take the trouble to invent a tale of this particular nature.

The statements of Mr. Dudley Williams further corroborate the policeman's account and the actuality of the fall. The reality of the beans is beyond dispute (some were sent in to the FATE office) but, of course, their origin is the real matter of interest.

The Los Angeles Times planned further publication of reports on the case, but at this writing the additional evidence is not available to me.



## CLAIRVOYANT SOLVES A CRIME

THE ATTACKER of a girl recently was apprehended in the Netherlands as the result of a description given Dutch police by Gerard Croiset, 54, a clairvoyant noted for his successes in locating missing persons. The case was reported in the London *Sunday Express* by its Amsterdam correspondent, David Eliades.

The police were without clues as to the identity or appearance of the girl's attacker until Croiset furnished a word picture which he said he had obtained through his clairvoyant ability. Among details of

the attack given the police, Croiset were that the man involved was about 30 and had a deformed left ear.

For four months police searched without result for a person of that description. Then they noticed it fitted a man who had been arrested on another charge. He was 29 and had a puffy and scarred left ear.

Under intensive grilling, the suspect broke down. He admitted the assault and gave details about the crime which police said agreed with statements made earlier by Croiset.

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## Beanfall

IN SAN FERNANDO

The small white beans were scattered on the streets and yards after the rain. Had they fallen from the sky?

By Raymond Bayless

ON JANUARY 23, 1964, Station KGIL, 13325 Van Nuys Blvd., San Fernando, Calif., reported, during a news broadcast, that numerous small, white beans had mysteriously appeared the day before, on January 22, in the town of San Fernando. I immediately drove to Station KGIL and interviewed the announcer of the news item. He gave me the original slip from which he had read the story:

"San Fernando—City officials today are unable to determine the source of thousands of small, white beans which appeared after yesterday's rainfall on Hagar, Maclay and Library St. One source feels the beans fell from a passing cloud."

I was told at the station that this information was given to them by a policeman of the San Fernando police force—the officer was not named. I also was told that a particularly noticeable fall had occur-

red at the intersection of Maclay and Library Streets.

Mr. Dudley Williams, 6816 Vermont Ave., Tujunga, Calif., was introduced to me by the station manager and he told us that he had found many of the white beans in his yard after the rainfall. Mr. Williams, after discussing the oddity of the occurrence, telephoned home our presence to ask if the beans were still there. He was told they were and said he would send specimens to me as quickly as possible.

At about 4:45 P.M. that same day, January 23, I visited the intersection of Maclay and Library and inquired about the reported fall of two stores on either side of the street. In each case the clerks denied having seen any beans.

On the morning of January 24, I called Mr. Wallace, Superintendent of Public Works, San Fernando,



Adela Rogers St. Johns says that naturally she doesn't know, for sure but she took the growing of the begonias as a sign of forgiveness from her mother for some harsh things she had written about her in the biography of her father, last year's best seller *Final Verdict*.



#### THE CURSE

**"I PRONOUNCE** a curse on those who touched God's acre, and on their sacrilege and the terrible thoughts in their minds. May their days be of anguish and sorrow and may God have mercy on their souls."

The man pronouncing this curse stood dressed in the vestments of the Church of England, his arms outstretched before the altar of his 900-year-old St. Nicholas Church at Bramber, England.

Outside, the churchyard had been vandalized. Stones had been ripped off graves; figures of angels had been uprooted, their heads broken off. Black magic symbols were chalked on the church walls.

It was the second time within the month that black magic rites had been performed in a church of the Sussex area. At Westham, 40 miles from Bramber, a vicar found four men making incantations before his altar.

The Rev. Ernest Streete, 76, had pronounced his curse on Sunday,

January 5. When he and his flock surveyed their churchyard the following morning they found the damage had been repaired mysteriously during the night. Crosses and angels heads had been replaced, grave-stones were back in position.

Whereupon the Reverend Streete withdrew his curse.



#### RINGS ON HER FINGERS

**ONE OF THE** continuing mysteries of archeology is the extent of Phoenician explorations of the world's seas. What we know about them comes mostly from other sources because the Phoenicians kept their great voyages as trade secrets. They did not want their rivals to know where they went or how, or what they traded at different far ports. Their stories often were designed deliberately to mislead Greek and Roman traders. The myths of unknown monsters and mysterious dangers in the far seas which delayed ocean explorations for centuries probably were invented by them.

Their silence is all the more strange because the Phoenicians are believed to have invented alphabetical writing. However, they wrote on perishable materials rather than on stone and their own writings were mostly destroyed. Most of what we know about them has come to us from their mortal enemies.

#### FATE

#### I SEE BY THE PAPERS

Recently at Sidon, Lebanon, however, a tomb containing the skeleton of a crowned Phoenician woman was discovered in a cave 60 feet below ground. It is believed to be part of a royal Phoenician cemetery and lies beneath a more modern cemetery from Roman and Byzantine times.

More information on Phoenician times is expected to come from this discovery. The skeleton was wearing a gold crown encrusted with precious stones. A neck pendant bore the image of a crowned woman. There were four rings on each of the 10 fingers, gold bracelets about the ankles, a bronze mirror and 10-inch clay statue of a woman.



● Three scientists of Western Reserve University have detached a live brain from a rhesus monkey and kept it functioning. "What does this mean?" asked Dr. Robert J. White, one of the experimenters. "We have a brain totally disconnected from its body, still alive. Is it thinking?"



#### SPECIAL NOTE

**JANUARY, 1964,** is the first month in 16 years, that FATE readers failed to send us a single UFO clipping, although we did receive news of apparent meteors.

What does this mean?—Curtis Fuller.

#### WRITE SONGS?

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expanded on his theory of UFO propulsion.

"Imbued with the noble idea of bilateral symmetry, many scientists have made stupendous discoveries," writes Reverend Cyr. "They had in hand a *part*, for example, a substance or a principle; they presupposed the existence of its *counterpart*, looking for it, they found it.

"In view of this, the search for antigravity ceases to be preposterous, for gravity itself is *real*. It is often referred to as an attraction between pieces of matter. Symmetrically speaking, there should be a counterpart, named a *detraction*.

"The writer has good reasons to believe that this detracting is antigravity; that this force too is real and objective, with a value of its own, and not just the absence of gravity. He dares go a step further and affirm that this reality is more fundamental than gravity: That it is the impetus given to primordial matter causing the universe to expand, at first as to its subatomic particles and today as to its gigantic units, the galaxies, which generally are hurtling away from us at fantastic speeds."

Reverend Cyr believes that other cultures may have found a way to make devices that will cancel the force of gravity by breaking up its transmission—gravitational waves—and that man may learn to do the same.

## FATE

### GREEN THUMB

ADELA ROGERS St. Johns has offered her testimony to the efficacy of mental influence on plants in an article in the now defunct *American Weekly*. She was living in Carmel, Calif., in a house loaned her by friends Harlan and Ruth Ware. Under the eaves of the house were 20 square cedar boxes filled with dirt in which the Wares had planted begonias before they left for the East.

The Wares had charged her with taking care of the begonias and she concluded she was doing a poor job.

"There was nothing to be seen but a few brown sticks in each box," she wrote. "Yet I had watered them, climbed on a ladder and dug around them, fed them out of bottles and with all kinds of patent foods out of a spoon."

She decided she simply did not have a green thumb. She remembered regretfully that her dead mother had had a green thumb.

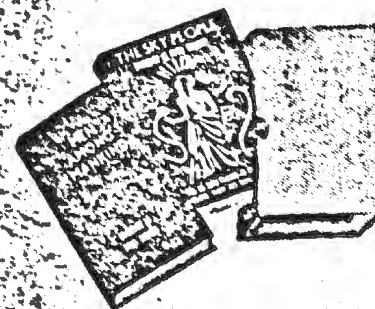
"So in one of those throwaway lines I said, 'Mama, if you do understand and forgive me, give me a thumb with these damn begonias. will you please?'"

From that moment on, the famous author wrote, the begonias began to grow. They grew unbelievably. People came from miles around to marvel at them. Friends coming through the gate stopped to

gasp.

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## FATE

stories of a 10-foot hairy creature with enormous feet taking enormous strides that they simply call it "The Monster."

Reports from people seeing this creature come most frequently after a heavy snowfall. Early in January, a low-flying pilot near Pinecrest reported seeing "The Monster" standing in the snow and described it as a "10-foot man with an ape-like face."

Late in December, Sheriff's Deputy Albert Miller saw huge tracks in the snow leading from a road to a garbage dump about a half mile away. Miller insists they were not bear tracks and says they measured 16 inches long and six inches wide, with six to eight feet between each print.

These reports agree with those made the year before by a veteran bush pilot and a Pacific Gas & Electric employe making a snow survey near Pinecrest. They saw a similar creature standing in bushes in the wilderness. When they flew low to take a photograph it ran into the woods.

Gilroy Hall, a Diesel mechanic of Union City, has stalked the creature for eight years but has been reluctant to talk about it. Hall and his wife lived in a remote area in the Auburn district for several years and often found tracks within 75 feet of their cabin. "They

## I SEE BY THE PAPERS

beel and about 5½ to 6 inches wide—the print of a man, not a bear," Hall declares. "He had a stride of about 12 to 14 feet and probably weighed 800 to 1,000 pounds."

In all his years of hunting it, Hall never has caught a glimpse of The Monster. "He would take a 1,000-pound beef, eat it from the inside out, and leave the rib cage and the hide. A cougar will strip the whole carcass, hide and all . . . It had only three toes on the right foot, like it had lost them in a trap."

All the reports do not jibe. In December, John Whitt, a 21-year-old Sonora logger, says he saw tracks 22 inches wide and 40 inches long spaced every five or six feet on a trail leading up a hillside. Whitt was sure they "couldn't be anything ordinary." Each track had sunk about two inches into the snow and each had three toe-like imprints that broke through the five or six inches of snow to the ground.

Erwin Ward, assistant ranger at Sierra Village, attributes the size of the tracks to distortion caused by melting snow.

Most people still think The Monster is a mountain lion or a bear.



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like anything else previously seen in the skies. It is either (a) a galaxy 100 times bigger than any other known galaxy and millions of light years away from earth, or (b) it is a smaller star quite close to earth but so dense that a cubic inch would weigh tens of millions of tons or (c) it is matter being explosively ejected from some star in the Milky Way.

2. A new method of rocket astronomy has revealed what seems to be a "neutron" star. So far neutron stars have only been postulated—Dr. Hong-Yee Chiu of NASA estimates there are 100 million such objects in our galaxy. However, they are so small as to be all but impossible to see since they would be only five or 10 miles in diameter. Such a neutron star, however, would weigh as much as our entire sun. This densely packed material would have the unimaginable weight of 10 to 100 billion tons per cubic inch. Confirmation that neutron stars really exist would confirm the abilities of rockets to observe strange things in space.

3. More speculation now has been printed on the nine recently discovered enormous but unidentified objects mentioned here recently which seem to be billions of times brighter than average stars. Old photographs have been studied and it now appears that one such object, 3C-273, may be as

much as 3,000 light years wide, yet it seems to pulse on a 13-year cycle. Question: how can anything so big pulse in intervals shorter than the time for light to cross it?

In our own galaxy no stars appear to be more than 65 times as heavy as our sun and it has been suggested that anything larger would break up. Another proposal is that such a star might collapse in upon itself, producing a mass so small and condensed that its gravity might not permit anything to escape from it—not even rays of light or radio waves. Then the object could be detected only by its gravitation effect on other bodies.

The distances from earth of many of these huge bodies in space that seem to be speeding away at enormous velocities—as much as 55 per cent of the speed of light—are estimated by the red shift—that is, the shift of their light toward the red end of the spectrum. It has been suggested however, that the red shift may be due to an extremely powerful effect of gravity rather than to speed. If that should be true, the objects thought to be billions of light years distant really may not be far away at all.

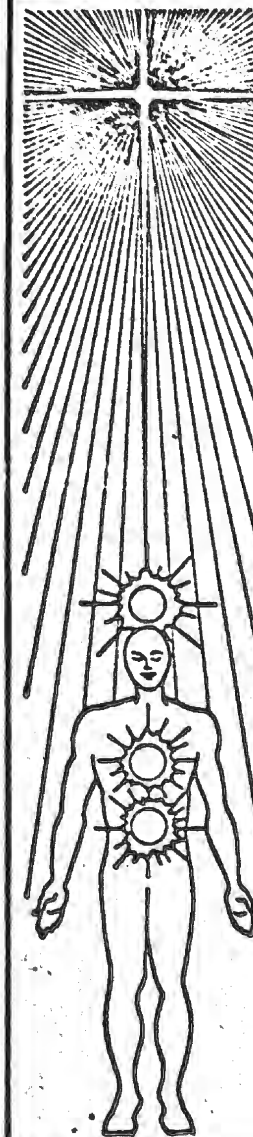
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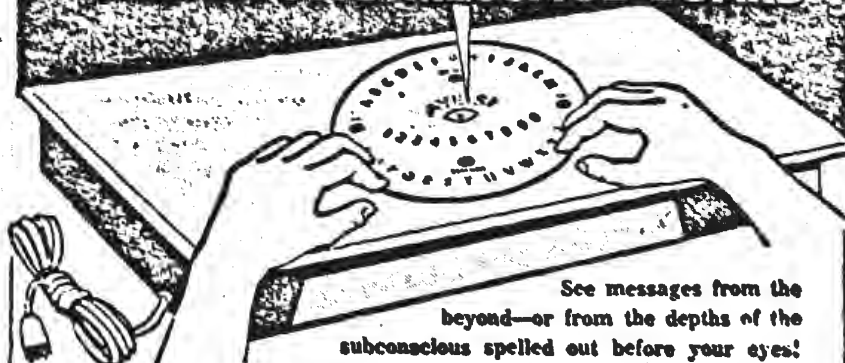
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**JOE F. COMBS** tells this story in the Beaumont Tex., *Enterprise*. Near Paris, Tex., is the Gambill Wild Goose Reservation, named after a Mr. Gambill who many years ago found a wounded Canadian honker on his farm and nursed it back to health.

The gander stayed on the Gambill farm all through summer, fall and the following winter. When the next spring came, Gambill's pet joined a flock of wild geese and flew north.

The next fall the gander returned, bringing with him 12 more geese. Gambill fed them and they became as tame as barnyard fowl. By the following autumn they returned 100 strong. Each year the flock increased and Gambill gave his ranch to the state. It became a wild goose refuge and each year more than 3,000 wild geese winter there.

In the winter of 1961-62, Mr. Gambill died in a Paris, Tex., hospital. The geese took to the air the night he died and circled the hospital, round and round, honking and calling.

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It seems that George Bozeman opened a restaurant in Chattanooga, Tenn., last September 24. On opening day he thought the place must be on fire. Fire engines came rushing to the scene but there were no flames, no smoke, no steam—yet the building's concrete foundation was burning hot.

"I've been on the job 41 years and I've never seen anything like this," said Fire Chief W. T. Burns. "There are no electrical or plumbing connections in the foundation—we just can't find anything wrong."

As he was speaking the floor got so hot the mastic under the floor tile melted and the tiles came loose.

Days later the foundation still was hot and Fire Chief Burnes proposed they drill through the floor to try to find out what was wrong.

But Mr. Bozeman had had second thoughts. "Oh no," he said. "The heat warms my customers' feet and I won't have to pay any oil bills."

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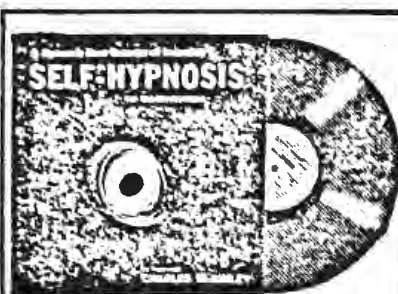


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### FATE

cabin at Coulterville, Mariposa County, Calif. They both used the title of reverend, as ministers of the Universal Church of the Master, which the Fresno *Bee* describes as a "spiritualist group."

Mrs. Atkins died Wednesday, January 22, of a heart ailment according to the autopsy surgeon. Her death was investigated by Under-sheriff Norman Garrett.

Mr. Plebank told Garrett that two days before Mrs. Atkins died she had given him \$7,100 in Canadian money and he had exchanged it for American money. Because Plebank had no proof of the gift, Garrett advised him to turn the money over to the public administrator and put in a claim for it. This he did on Thursday.

On Friday, Plebank called the public administrator, District Attorney Dean Lauritzen, and said that mysterious voices had informed him that a fortune was hidden in a chair cushion in the one-room cabin.

Before the voices spoke, he said, bright green lights had danced and played on the wall of his bedroom. Sheriff O. M. Whitley went to the shack and ripped open the cushion at the insistence of Mr. Plebank. \$73,464 in Canadian money spilled out of the cushion, most of it in \$1,000 bills.

Officials were investigating the strange case, as puzzled as Coulter-

### I SEE BY THE PAPERS

ville residents who had thought Mrs. Atkins was dependent on Mr. Plebank's social security check of \$64 monthly.

Mr. Plebank, meanwhile, was listening for more mysterious voices in the hope that they would lead to still another treasure cache.



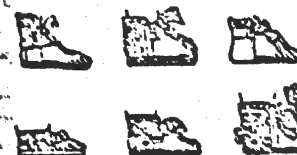
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Harry Sydora examines pipes in his home in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, as possible source of loud knockings he and his family, as well as neighbors, reportedly have heard. A tape recording is said to have been made of the noises. Other mysterious happenings described by Sydora indicate poltergeist activity.

UPI photo



Sydora heard an almost human knocking but concluded it was water pipes or air vents acting up.

When the contents of shelves began to rattle for no apparent reason, and a wooden block flew off a ledge to strike the opposing wall the Sydora began to worry. One night Mr. Sydora woke to find a blanket moving over his head—but nobody was around.

He called police and they had an interesting suggestion. "Knock out the wall," they said. Harry did and the noises reappeared a night or so later in another wall.

The noises were heard by neigh-

bors and a clergymen, but not by newspapermen. A tape recording was made of one entire performance.

The usual theories were advanced,—pipes, mice, faulty walls, "resonant" wood, spirits, overworked imaginations. As usual nothing was proved.



VOICES?

**N**OW HERE is a strange story and we are quite skeptical about portions of it.

Mrs. Annie Atkins, 76, and Carl Plebank, 64, had lived in squalor for four years in a tiny one-room

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## FATE

ers in washing and drying them.

"It's a mystery to me," Kilby said. Meanwhile, Mrs. Jean Smith, a senior majoring in textiles at the University of Delaware, was planning a scientific study of one of the homes to try to come up with the answer.



## MONEY EVERYWHERE

**L**ITTLE MYSTERIES spring up all the time. Like the lucrative problem confronting the James Buck family of Lincoln, Nebr., late last summer. They kept finding money around the place and no one, as far as we know, has learned where it came from.

One day Mr. Buck found \$40 in the corner of the garage. A few days later \$10 showed up on the floor of the car. Then \$18 was found under the family bathtub.

As Buck was leaving for work one day his wife found a \$50 bill just inside the front screen door.



## CURSE AT WORK

**W**E THOUGHT we had heard the last of King Tut's curse but it keeps bobbing up. Most recently it was mentioned in Charlie Rice's Punchbowl in the January 5 issue of *This Week*.

Charlie Rice talked with Tom Terriss, who he believes to be the only surviving witness to the opening of King Tut's tomb. Terriss is

## I SEE BY THE PAPERS

a veteran English actor-director who was making a film in Egypt at the time of the expedition.

Terriss told Rice that after the tomb was opened Lord Carnarvon presented him with a small statuette of Tutankhamen. Almost immediately he developed a strange case of leg paralysis which doctors in Egypt and London could not help. New York physicians did help him and he went on to Hollywood where he almost went broke. One night his wife cried out that the statue was at fault and the next day he donated it to a museum.

"And do you know, not two hours after I got rid of it, I was offered a \$35,000 contract from RKO."

Terriss says that he believed in the curse then but today he thinks it's "a lot of hokey."

He isn't really troubled with curses now, he says. He's 91.



## PROBABLE POLTERGEIST

**L**AST SPRING we investigated an alleged poltergeist in Edmonton, Alberta. We did not report the matter because, since this was an extremely noisy type of manifestation, we have been trying unsuccessfully to obtain a tape that was made of the weird sounds.

The phenomenon began in January, 1963, in the home of Harry Sydora, 50, an unemployed janitor with nine children. At first the

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 City and State \_\_\_\_\_



# I See by the Papers...

## QUOTE OF THE MONTH

*There's queer things goes on here. I can't say no more, and I can't say no less.*

— The Butler in William Archer's "The Green Goddess", quoted in Journal of Parapsychology

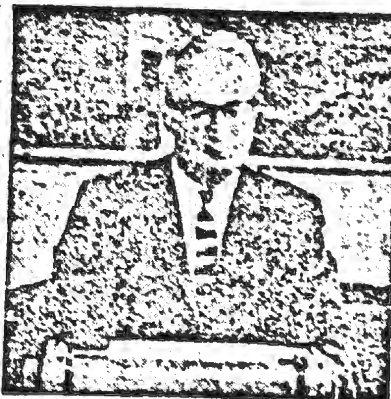
## THESE QUEER THINGS

FROM TIME to time serious critics accuse FATE of being no more than a collection of oddities. They object because we don't offer more theories and tell reader how things are.

The fact is, we don't know how they are and we don't believe anyone else does, either. Even a man like Prof. Leonid Vasiliev, the Soviet physiologist, after a lifetime of research into telepathy, admits there is no acceptable theory of how it works.

From the monolithic mass of our ignorance, nevertheless, bits and pieces erode away and what was unknown yesterday may be known and accepted today. But it is a slow process and we suspect that the total mass of our ignorance increases. Every answer seems to bring two new questions.

We don't consider this discouraging; on the contrary the world gets



By Curtis Fuller

more complex—and more exciting—all the time.

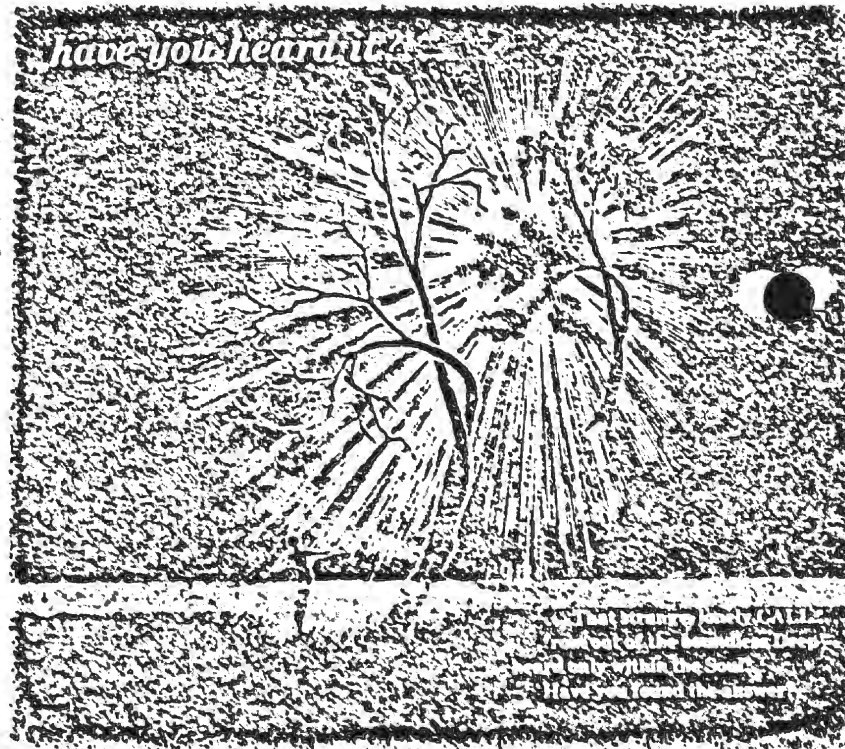


## THE SHREDDING CLOTHES

IN WILMINGTON, Del., as we write, state officials are investigating reports of mysteriously disintegrating clothing. For several weeks in January clothes and furnishings in a number of homes had been disintegrating.

Joe Kilby, a sanitarian with the State Board of Health, investigated three cases and expressed his bewilderment. The people he investigated bought their clothes at different stores, the clothes were of different materials, and different methods were used by their own-

have you heard it?



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"AN ASTARIAN IN NEED NEVER WALKS ALONE"

MAY  
1964

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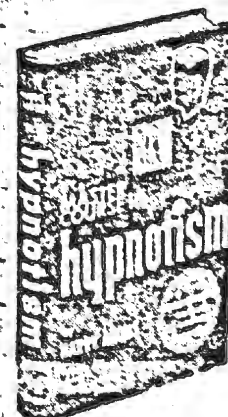
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FBI

Date: 6/22/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for the Bureau and Houston are 10 and 3  
copies respectively of a letterhead memorandum containing  
information furnished by DAVID MOREY WASS, JR.

The original information from WASS received by  
telephone on June 2, 1964, was taken by Night Clerk L.  
JOSEPH HERSLEY at the Dallas Office. WASS was interviewed  
on June 3, 1964, by SA's A. RAYMOND SWITZER and EUGENE F.  
PETRAKIS at Dallas, Texas.

The Houston Office advised by telephone on June 22,  
1964, that WASS had furnished information to SA GRAHAM W.  
KITCHEL at Houston, Texas, on June 20 and 21, 1964.

Two copies of this letterhead memorandum have been  
furnished the U. S. Secret Service at Dallas, Texas, in view  
of WASS's statement that "LATTIMER" told him "The Syndicate"  
was not interested in President KENNEDY, but interested in  
BOBBY KENNEDY.

HOUSTON at Port Arthur, Texas, will contact the  
Port Arthur Police Department and obtain all information

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)  
3 - Houston (62-2115) (Enc. 3)  
2 - Dallas  
RPG/ds

ENCLOSURE

JUN 24 1964

Approved:

Sent

Special Agent in Charge

DL 89-43

concerning WASS, it being noted that he stated he contacted a Lieutenant DUB BEALL of the Port Arthur Police Department.

Will identify the owner of the Golden Cask at Port Arthur, Texas, which, according to WASS, is owned by a PAUL COLLETTI (phonetic) and, if deemed advisable, interview him concerning WASS.

Will verify confinement of WASS at the Park Place Hospital, where he indicates he was attended by a Doctor BINSKY (phonetic).

HOUSTON at Houston, Texas, will verify employment of WASS as a Dental Technician by RALPH KESSLER, owner of Towers Dental Laboratory, Medical Towers Building.

HOUSTON should submit 25 copies of inserts and FD-302's of all investigation conducted by them, including interviews with WASS.

DALLAS will locate and interview JIM LATTIMER or LOUDERMILK, Room 5, 911 Haskell Street, bearing in mind the conversation WASS states he had with this individual, and the fact that WASS indicated that the individual told him if he betrayed the confidence he would be eliminated.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
June 22, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

File 100-1920  
Philadelphia

At approximately 11:00 P.M., June 2, 1964, an individual identifying himself as DAVID WASS, Apartment 208A, 4010 Swiss Street, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised a representative of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he had a matter which he did not desire to discuss over the telephone. This individual stated that, in brief, he had made contact with "The Syndicate," and that a member of "The Syndicate" had been talking to him regarding the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY. This individual stated that the member of "The Syndicate" had stated that the President's brother was the one who was supposed to have been killed.

The individual stated that he worked at the Dental Arts Laboratory, Suite 206, Dorchester House, Dallas, Texas, and that he desired an Agent contact him as soon as possible at that location as he did not desire to discuss the matter further on the telephone. This individual stated that he was to be recontacted, either on Wednesday or Thursday evening, June 3 or 4, 1964, by "The Syndicate" member and, therefore, would like to be interviewed by an Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation prior to his contact with this member of "The Syndicate." The individual stated that the best way to contact him would be to call him at work at any time and set up an appointment.

On June 3, 1964, DAVID MOREY WASS, JR., 4010 Swiss Avenue, Apartment 208A, Dallas, Texas, advised he is employed

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 3 1973

ATARY FERRITI



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

as a Dental Technician at Dental Arts Laboratory, 206 Dorchester House, Dallas, Texas, and has been employed there for the past three weeks. WASS stated he was born January 26, 1920, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He said until two years ago he was married to ETHEL M. WASS and they resided together at Allentown, Pennsylvania, until their divorce.

Prior to coming to Dallas, Texas, WASS stated he had been living with his mother, Mrs. IDA V. WASS, Box 236, Leonard, Texas. He stated his half brother, JOHN C. SCHERER, a retired United States Air Force Major, also resides in Leonard, Texas. WASS said he had spent several weeks recuperating at his mother's residence following his release from Park Place Hospital in Port Arthur, Texas.

WASS informed that around February 1964, he was employed as a Dental Technician by RALPH KESSLER, owner of Towers Dental Laboratory, Medical Towers Building, Houston, Texas. During the course of this employment, WASS stated he made the acquaintance of one FRANCES GOLDEN at the Golden Cask, Port Arthur, Texas, a bar owned by PAUL COLLETTI (phonetic). WASS stated FRANCES GOLDEN resides in Groves, Texas. WASS advised that almost nightly he would meet FRANCES GOLDEN at the Golden Cask and they would spend the evening drinking together. On either March 16 or March 18, 1964, WASS stated he went to the Golden Cask and FRANCES GOLDEN was not there. He said he telephoned her at home, and she informed him their relationship was over. WASS stated he remained at the Golden Cask and, later that evening, FRANCES GOLDEN arrived. Shortly after GOLDEN arrived, WASS stated a man, whose identity is unknown to him, approached him at the bar and made some comment to the effect that he, WASS, had been bothering FRANCES GOLDEN. WASS said he denied this, whereupon this man jerked him off the bar stool and "worked him over." WASS stated he did not know the reason for this, but believes FRANCES GOLDEN "set it up." WASS advised that following this beating, he went to the rest room and, upon returning, went to PAUL COLLETTI, the owner of the Golden Cask, and protested

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

the beating he had received. At this point, WASS stated COLLETTI uttered some profanities, threw him out of the Golden Cask, and also proceeded to "work him over." Following this, WASS stated he returned to the Golden Cask and called the police for assistance. He stated, however, when the police arrived they arrested him on a charge of "Disorderly Conduct" and placed him in jail, where he remained overnight.

Upon his release from jail the next day, WASS stated he went to another bar and had a beer. He advised that his chest and head were hurting so much that he called Lieutenant DUB BEALL, Port Arthur, Texas, Police Department, who advised that maybe he should go to the Park Place Hospital. WASS stated he did this. He said he was examined at the hospital by a Doctor BINSKY (phonetic), who told him he had several broken ribs and the cartilage was torn loose from his sternum. WASS stated he was confined to this hospital for several weeks.

After his release from the Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas, WASS advised he stopped at a bar, name unrecalled, for a small "libation." Upon leaving this bar, WASS stated he was again picked up by the Port Arthur, Texas, police, who took him to jail for investigation. Shortly after his arrival there, WASS advised the police informed him that he should leave town and, since he had no money, they drove him to the outskirts of Port Arthur, where he hitchhiked a ride to the home of Mrs. WILLIAM E. HARRIS, 5071 Winding Way, Dickerson, Texas, who is his twin sister. He stated he remained there for a few days, at which time he went to the home of his mother in Leonard, Texas.

On May 31, 1964, WASS stated he was in the El Dorado Bar on Haskell Street, Dallas, Texas, which is one block east of his present residence. During the course of the evening, WASS stated he struck up an acquaintance with JIM LATTIMER, an electrician, who resides at 911 Haskell Street, Room 5, Dallas, Texas, telephone number TA 4-9543. WASS stated he related his

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

above experiences to LATTIMER and LATTIMER asked him if he were interested in "getting rid of COLLETTI." WASS advised that, in trying to "draw out LATTIMER," he responded in the affirmative and was informed by LATTIMER that he would do the job for \$1,500. He said the arrangements would be \$500 down and \$1,000 when the "job was done." As an alternate plan, WASS stated LATTIMER informed him he could get someone else to "do the job" for \$2,000, \$500 being paid down and \$1,500 when COLLETTI had been removed. WASS informed he and LATTIMER decided to discuss this matter further at WASS's apartment, where they went for some beer.

WASS stated that, in his discussions with LATTIMER at his apartment, LATTIMER informed him he was a member of "The Syndicate." He said LATTIMER did not describe "The Syndicate" further. He stated LATTIMER also informed that JACK RUBY was a member of the same "Syndicate," but stated "The Syndicate" was not involved in the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or in the assassination of President KENNEDY. He said LATTIMER stated both of these jobs were bungled and "The Syndicate" would not bungle any job they did. WASS stated LATTIMER told him "The Syndicate" was not interested in President KENNEDY, but interested in BOBBY KENNEDY. *WASS* *10/10/64* *12/6*

WASS advised he does not know why LATTIMER would inform him of the above, but stated LATTIMER told him if he betrayed the confidence he would be eliminated. Further, WASS stated LATTIMER informed him that someone higher up in "The Syndicate" wanted to talk to WASS and would be around to see him on either June 3 or 4, 1964.

Concerning his past medical history, WASS informed he received a Medical Discharge from the Air Force on September 15, 1943, because of bad eyes and "a nervous condition." He said his medical diagnosis was psychoneurosis, anxiety type. He informed he had a recurrence of his nervous condition in 1948 and was confined to the Veterans Administration Hospital in Oakland,



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

California, and in 1951 or 1952, he was confined to the Allentown General Hospital, Allentown, Pennsylvania, which confinement was authorized by the Veterans Administration. In both of these instances, WASS stated he believes he was confined for two or three months. He said he presently draws a thirty per cent service-connected disability from the Air Force.

WASS advised he is not acquainted with and, to his knowledge, has never had any contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. Further, WASS stated he had no information which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

On June 20, 1964, WASS was interviewed by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Houston, Texas, at which time he stated he wanted to correct the name of the individual previously given by him as JIM LATTIMER. WASS stated that this name should have been JIM LOUDERMILK, who resides in Room 5, 911 Haskell Street, Dallas, Texas, and who is an electrician. WASS advised that LOUDERMILK is about twenty-eight years of age, has dark wavy hair, slender build, and is about 5'10" tall. WASS advised that LOUDERMILK carries a gold sheriff's office badge from some place in Oklahoma or Arkansas.

WASS advised that LOUDERMILK's superior in "The Syndicate" is a BILL HAYDEN, JR., who has telephone number BR 6-6744, Dallas, Texas, and that this is the individual to whom LOUDERMILK reports.

On June 20, 1964, at the time of WASS's interview, he stated he was in Houston, Texas, to discuss employment with two dentists, a Doctor RUSSEY and a Doctor ROY BELL, JR.

On June 21, 1964, WASS telephonically contacted a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Houston, Texas, and advised that he had hired a private investigator by the name of W. JIM MARIBEL to look into the "Port Arthur mugging." He stated MARIBEL has business telephone number Capital 7-5613 and residence telephone number Jackson 4-6737, both Houston, Texas.

6-29-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3378

REC-117  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReDLairtel 6-22-64.

In view of the President's Commission's anticipated early conclusion of the investigation of the assassination, Dallas and Houston are instructed to expedite the leads set out in referenced airtel.

The Bureau is disseminating to Secret Service Headquarters and to the Department the letterhead memorandum enclosed with referenced airtel. Houston, in addition to furnishing inserts to Dallas for inclusion in their report for the President's Commission, furnish the Bureau an appropriate letterhead memorandum revealing results of your investigation suitable for dissemination to Secret Service Headquarters and the Department. Insure meticulous accuracy to preclude revisions or corrections at the Bureau.

Dallas in referenced airtel did not give the Bureau benefit of any information contained in your files concerning Wass. Therefore, when you submit a subsequent letterhead memorandum concerning this matter, insure comments regarding Wass or any other individuals involved are included.

Bureau files contain no record for David Morey Wass, Jr., Jim Loudermilk, or Jim Lattimer. Bill Hayden, Jr., mentioned in your letterhead memorandum was not searched due to the common nature of this name, and for the lack of additional identifying data. Handle promptly.

2 - Houston (62-2115)

Folsom

Belmont

Mohr

Nease

Callahan

Conrad

DeLoach

Evans

Gale

Rosen

Sullivan

Tavel

Trotter

Tele. Room

Holmes

Gandy

KMR:las  
(6)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

53 JUL 15 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

NOTE:

Dallas airtel 6-22-64, furnished a letterhead memorandum in which information was obtained from David Morey Wass, Jr., who in brief, stated that he had made contact with "The Syndicate", and that this member had been talking to him regarding the assassination of President Kennedy. Allegedly the member of "The Syndicate" had stated the President's brother Robert Kennedy was supposed to have been killed. Wass mentioned several other individuals with whom he had contacts in connection with this matter, and he also admitted he received a medical discharge from the Air Force on September 15, 1943, which was diagnosed as psychoneurosis, anxiety type. According to Wass, Loudermilk's superior in "The Syndicate" is a Bill Hayden, Jr. There was no additional identifiable data on which a search could be based.

The letterhead memorandum is being furnished to the Department by 0-6 and to Secret Service Headquarters by 0-141.

\* Jim Loudermilk



FBI

Date: June 22, 1964

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115) (P)  
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS-INFORMATION  
 - CONCERNING

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR., MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING which is self-explanatory. 3 copies of this memo are furnished to Dallas for its information and 2 copies are furnished to San Antonio since that office may, at a later date, be requested to interview LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, SR.

A copy of this memo has been made available to Secret Service, Houston.

LEADSHOUSTON DIVISIONAT HOUSTON, TEXAS

1. Will conduct investigation to establish the activities of LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR., and to state extent, if any, the alleged organization exists.
2. Will attempt to identify the individual known as the "Nazi" and when identified interview him regarding his knowledge of the assassination of President Kennedy.

3 - Bureau (Encl. 10) (AM)  
 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 3) (AM)  
 2 - San Antonio (89-67) (Encl. 2) (AM)  
 2 - Houston.  
 GWK/mem  
 (9)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

C. Wick

62-109060-3379

15 JUL 2 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Houston, Texas

June 22, 1964

LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

---

On June 20, 1964, Mrs. Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., 705 Harold Street, Houston, Texas, telephone number Jackson 3-6410, was interviewed at her request and she furnished the following information:

Mrs. Berry stated she wanted to call certain activities of her husband, Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., whom she is divorcing, to the attention of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. She stated Berry is mentally disturbed and extremely violent in nature. 13 12 11 1964 11/10/64

Mrs. Berry advised that at the outset she wanted to point out that she has been hospitalized in the past for psychiatric treatment following the loss of a child. She stated that after taking treatments for 6 or 8 months she has completely recovered.

Mrs. Berry stated that her husband made a statement to Bill Rudersdorf, who resides on Hawthorne Street (possibly identical with William M. Rudersdorf, 215 Hawthorne), to the effect that in the event Robert Kennedy is elected as Vice President in 1964 it will not be necessary to find another Oswald for he would be it. This statement was made about the last week in May, 1964.

Mrs. Berry advised that on June 19, 1964, Bill Rudersdorf told her that Lewis Berry had either asked him to get for Berry a book on explosives or to get some explosives. She stated she did not recall exactly which he asked for at this time. She explained that Lewis Berry had a book on explosives and since she cannot find it in the house she believes he has it with him.

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44 JAN 3 1973

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

According to Mrs. Berry, Lewis Berry has a loosely knit group which he is trying to further organize to carry out various acts of violence. He has told her that some of this group will go to Cuba to "get Castro." He has pointed out that if Senator Goldwater is not elected in 1964 there will be riots in the streets in this country just like in Hungary. This group, as far as she knows, has no name at present. She has heard her husband and others talk of the "Minute Men" organization which she understands is an extremely right wing group but she does not believe Berry's group is associated with this organization. During the last three or four months, Lewis Berry has not discussed these matters in her presence since he does not now trust her. He appears, however, to be getting more violent in his nature.

During the 1963-1964 school year, Lewis Berry was President of the Young Republicans at the University of Houston. He is now a Precinct Judge for the Republican Party and was a delegate to the Republican state convention which was just held in Dallas, Texas. Mrs. Berry advised that she was also a delegate to this convention but her husband would not allow her to attend. He has stated he has a job to do in politics and will not let anything stand in his way. He stated that he was going to kill Mrs. Berry since she has in the past been divorced and he has to be a widower to further his political ambitions. Lewis Berry has been divorced in the past and does not want another divorce which could be held against him.

Mrs. Berry further stated that her husband has not been working and has very little money. He sold some antique furniture they had to pay his expenses to the convention in Dallas, Texas. While in Dallas, he stayed with a friend of his from the University of Houston whose family resides in that city. This individual's name she could not recall but he is called the "Nazi" by his friends and associates at the University of Houston. The "Nazi" claims to have knowledge of the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy but she thinks this is only talk. Mrs. Berry stated that her husband does not believe in the political feelings of the "Nazi" but does use him for what he can get out of him.



RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Mrs. Berry advised that according to her husband the "Nazi" claims that there is a group of "right wingers" in Dallas who paid Oswald to kill President Kennedy. They also paid Jack Ruby to kill Oswald. The "Nazi" claims H. L. Hunt of Dallas is involved and that Oswald was hired due to his communist connections since this would throw suspicion off of this group. Mrs. Berry advised that her husband is cultivating the "Nazi" to get an entree into this wealthy group in Dallas in order to obtain financial backing for the revolutionary group he is organizing. She pointed out that Lewis Berry is a leader and organizer and can get followers and convince them to do anything. She stated she does not know the names of those who are members of Lewis Berry's group. She stated, however, that Lewis Berry has on several occasions stated that there are many men in Houston, Texas, who would have killed President Kennedy.

Mrs. Berry advised that John Killgore is a friend of Lewis Berry's who may know something about this group; however, she does not think John Killgore is a member. She stated that a girl named Cheryle Beck, a student at the University of Houston, is a friend of Lewis Berry's who may be involved. Cheryle Beck was outspoken in favor of riots at the University of Mississippi and is extremely conservative. Mrs. Berry advised that on June 19, 1964, Cheryle Beck came by her residence looking for Lewis Berry. Mrs. Berry stated there was nothing between her husband and Cheryle Beck other than the fact her husband used her to do secretarial work for his organization.

Another individual who may be connected with this group, according to Mrs. Berry, is Dick Kerr, who has gone around Houston showing films to various groups. He was a close associate of Lewis Berry's although she has not seen him for a number of months.

Mrs. Berry stated that Baker Rob, who lives somewhere on the north side of Houston, is also a member of this group.

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Mrs. Berry stated that one of Lewis Berry's followers in the organization is James Parrott. She stated that Parrott has told them that he was interviewed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 22, 1963, in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy.

The files of the Houston Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation reflect that on November 22, 1963, George H. W. Bush, 5525 Briar Street, Houston, Texas, advised that James Parrott had been talking of killing the President when he came to Houston, Texas.

On November 22, 1963, James Milton Parrott, 1711 Park, advised that he was a member of the Young Republicans and had been active in picketing members of the present administration who came to Houston. He advised he was one of the pickets at the Rice Hotel when Secretary of State Rusk was in Houston.

Parrott also advised he has never made threats against the life of President Kennedy and had no knowledge of the assassination except what he had read in the newspapers. He stated he was born on April 16, 1939, in Raton, New Mexico. He was in the United States Air Force for 8 months in 1959 and received a General Discharge under honorable conditions, recommended by psychiatrists.

Mrs. Berry advised that another individual closely associated with her husband is Carlyle Culver, a student at the University of Houston.

Mrs. Berry further stated that Madeline and Berry Morris were close friends of Lewis Berry at one time and have dropped their association with him. She stated that these two individuals possibly know something about his organization. The same is true of Charles Leftowich, another University of Houston student. Mrs. Berry thinks that Leftowich knows of this organization but is not a member.

Mrs. Berry stated that Lewis Berry is the son of Lewis Berry, Sr., who is head of the Texas Sheriff's

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Association, who lives in Austin, Texas. He has a mother and a sister residing in Houston. His sister is Mrs. Dick Wilcoxon, wife of a Houston florist. Mrs. Wilcoxon is reported to have written her father about the mental condition of Lewis Berry but since Lewis and his father are not very close to each other Mr. Berry, Sr., only wrote his son he should make every effort possible to finish law school.

✓ Mrs. Berry advised that her husband has said he has an undisclosed hideout to operate from when he gets financial backing and further organized. At that time he will go into hiding and no one will be able to find him. He hopes to finish law school before this happens and wants to take his child by Mrs. Berry as well as his children by his first wife with them in order to protect them when violence breaks out. At first he claimed he would take Mrs. Berry with him to look after their child, ✓ age ten months, until he reaches two years of age. After that, ✓ he would have no further use for Mrs. Berry and would kill her. He now says he cannot trust her and cannot keep her around that long.

Lewis Berry told his wife that his group would steal, kill, and take any other action necessary to gain their aims and eradicate those who are opposed to them.

According to Mrs. Berry, her husband was the leader of the pickets who demonstrated when Secretary of State Dean Rusk was in Houston in 1963. She stated that she also carried a picket sign at that time. She stated that Lewis Berry also participated in the picketing of a Russian ship which came to the Port of Houston to load wheat.

Mrs. Berry advised that in February, 1964, Lewis Berry ran away with their son and she had to obtain an attorney to obtain his return. She stated that she tried to get her husband to submit to medical treatment but he only went one time to a doctor and did not cooperate further. She stated that Bob Overstreet, Executive Secretary of the Republican Party, Houston, Texas, knows of Berry's mental condition.



RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Mrs. Berry advised that her husband recently threatened to burn their home at 705 Harold Street. She stated that due to their child she does not think he will do this while they are residing in the house. However, she stated she is moving to her father's home in Baytown, Texas, and after this move Lewis Berry may carry out this threat.

Mrs. Berry advised she filed divorce proceedings against Lewis Berry in May, 1964. On June 2, 1964, her husband came to her residence and took money from her and beat her. She filed aggravated assault charges against him on June 3, 1964, and on June 20, 1964, obtained a restraining order against his further contact with her. She stated that she waited until she obtained this order before bringing the above information to the attention of authorities. She advised that Berry has not been arrested on the assault charges to her knowledge.

Mrs. Berry stated that she was selling the book store she now operates in the downstairs of their home and would then reside at the home of her father, M. E. Kelly, 607 Gaillard, Baytown, Texas.

Mrs. Berry furnished the following descriptive data regarding Lewis Berry:

Name	Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.
Date of Birth	December 17, 1939
Place of Birth	Houston, Texas
Age	25
Height	5 feet 10 inches
Weight	165 - 175 pounds
Hair	Light brown
Eyes	Blue
Father	Lewis Edward Berry, Sr. Austin, Texas
Mother	Divorced
Residence	Houston, Texas
Sister	Mrs. Dick Wilcoxon Houston, Texas
Arrests	1958 in Houston with gun after threatening life of his then father- in-law

6-29-64

Airtel

EX-10: SAC Houston (62-2115)  
From: Director, FBI (157-109060) - 3379

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re: Airtel 6-22-64.

In view of the President's Commission's anticipated early conclusion of the investigation of the assassination, Houston is instructed to expedite the leads set forth in referenced communication.

The letterhead memorandum enclosed with referenced airtel is being furnished to Secret Service Headquarters and to the Department.

Although it may be possible that Mrs. Berry was furnishing the information concerning her husband Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., due to their present marital difficulties, comments furnished by her regarding the "Nazi" and his alleged knowledge of the assassination, must be completely resolved.

Bureau files are negative regarding Bill Rudersdorf based on information furnished, and Bureau files are also negative regarding Lewis Edward Berry, Jr. However, Bureau files reveal previous correspondence with Mr. Lewis E. Berry, Executive Secretary, Sheriffs' Association of Texas, Austin, Texas, who according to Mrs. Berry is the father of her husband.

This matter should be handled promptly. Insure accuracy in your communications to preclude revisions or corrections by the Bureau.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

KMR:las  
(5)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

AUG 12 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

NOTE:

By airtel 6-22-64, Houston furnished an LHM regarding an interview with Mrs. Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., who wanted to relate information concerning activities of her husband, whom she is divorcing. She made numerous allegations that Berry, Jr., is mentally disturbed, active in politics, familiar with numerous people, and allegedly is associated with a loosely knit group trying to organize to carry out various acts of violence. She claimed Berry was in contact with an individual only known as the "Nazi," who is an associate of his at the University of Houston, and this Nazi has information relating to the assassination. Mrs. Berry has admitted that she has been hospitalized in the past for psychiatric treatment following the loss of her child; however, claims complete recovery after six or eight months treatment. Bureau files reveal Mr. Lewis E. Berry, Senior, Executive Secretary, Sheriffs' Association of Texas, Austin, Texas, is on the correspondents mailing list. (94-1-3309)



1-10-77 1-3380 IN THIS FILE SKIPPED DURING  
SERIALIZATION.

H.

1-7-77

71

207

ALAB. FEEL

1 - Mr. L. 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Griffith  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
 1 - Mr. Wick 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt  
 1 - Mr. Malley

June 29, 1964

By Courier Service

REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI  
 JUN 29 10 14 AM '64

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In connection with the reviews of amateur motion picture films of the assassination, the FBI obtained a copy of a film in the possession of United Press International (UPI) that was taken by Mrs. Marie Muchmore of Dallas, Texas. A copy of the Muchmore film has been designated as Commission Exhibit 906.

Since UPI has requested the return of this film after it has served its purpose, would you please advise whether or not the film can now be returned.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

87 JUN 29  
 COMM-FBI

XEROX  
 JUN 30 1964

1 - Dallas (100-10461)  
 62-109060

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

LB:emh (11)

REC 29

62-109060-3381

JUN 30 1964

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

79 JUL 2 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 27 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI LOS ANG.

127 AM URGENT 6-27-64 RAB

TO DIRECTOR, SAN FRANCISCO, PHOENIX, SAN ANTONIO, CHICAGO,  
AND OKLAHOMA CITY

FROM LOS ANGELES 89-75

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING

REBUTEL JUNE TWENTYFIVE LAST.

ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, AKA STEPHEN REKETE, ONE ONE ONE  
EIGHT THIRTY STREET, SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED TODAY HE  
MADE STATEMENT TO NEWMAN CLUB AT U. OF TEXAS, AUSTIN, FEB. NINETEEN  
FIFTYSEVEN THAT IF KENNEDY WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT, HE WOULD BE  
MURDERED. A MONTH LATER, HE COMMENTED TO UNRECALLED ACQUAINTANCE  
IN AUSTIN THAT OSWALD WOULD BE THE ASSASSINATOR. ABOUT AUG.  
NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN, IN CONVERSATION WITH EARL RUBENSTEIN,  
EARL MENTIONED HAVEING BROTHER JACK IN DALLAS. HE PERCEIVED  
JACK AS MURDERER OF OSWALD; ALSO PERCEIVED KNOWLEDGE OF PRESIDENT-S  
ASSASSINATION AND IDENTITY OF ASSASSINATOR. 67-104-100 3382

REYNOLDS SAID HE MADE STATEMENTS RE THESE PERCEPTIONS TO  
NEWMAN CLUB GROUP AT THE TIME, ABOUT TWENTY IN NUMBER, AND TO  
~~CORR LINE 5 WORD 2 SHOULD BE THIRD~~  
END PAGE ONE

4 JUN 30 1964

9 JUL 2 - 1964



PAGE TWO

VISITING PRIEST FROM CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF ANGELES SCHOOL IN CHICAGO. NAMES OF ABOVE GROUP WOULD APPEAR IN NEWMAN CLUB REGISTER THAT ALL INDIVIDUALS SIGNED. HE ALSO PERCEIVED THE SCHOOL FIRE AT OUR LADY OF ANGELES SCHOOL IN CHICAGO IN NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT, AND SO ADVISED ABOVE MENTIONED PRIEST. REYNOLDS STATED HE ALSO DISCUSSED ABOVE PERCEPTIONS IN NINETEEN FIFTY SEVEN WITH FRED PEPPER, WITH A PARAPLEGIC IN LAW SCHOOL, NAME UNRECALLED, AND STANLEY ADAMS, THEN STUDENTS AT U. OF TEXAS AND WITH ARTHUR MERCHANT, THEN OPERATING ICE CREAM PARLOR ON GUADALUPE STREET IN AUSTIN.

STATED HE SUFFERED NERVOUS BREAKDOWN IN NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE AND A DR. THORNE OF PHOENIX DIAGNOSED HIS TROUBLE AS SUCH. DR. THORNE RECOMMENDED HOSPITALIZATION WHICH HE COULD NOT AFFORD. STATED NERVOUS TENSION WOULD CAUSE HIM TO LOSE HIS VOICE, AND FOR THREE YEARS HE COULD HARDLY TALK. ADVISED HE RECOVERED HIS HEALTH BY KEEPING AWAY FROM PEOPLE, AND RESTING.

HE CLAIMED ARREST IN NINETEEN FORTYONE BY FBI IN LOS ANGELES FOR FAILURE TO NOTIFY DRAFT BOARD IN SAN FRANCISCO OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS. SENTENCED TO HONOR CAMP IN SAN FRANCISCO THREE MONTHS AS RESULT. STATES HE WAS CONVICTED BECAUSE AN FBI AGENT LIED BY

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

FALSELY STATING HE RESISTED ARREST. ALSO, ARRESTED JAN., SIXTYTWO IN LOS ANGELES FOR JAYWALKING, SPENT TWENTYSEVEN DAYS IN LOCAL CUSTODY.

REYNOLDS ADVISED HIS PARENTS DECEASED, PRESENT WHEREABOUTS OF ONLY BROTHER UNKNOWN. PRESENTLY WORKING AS PART TIME WRITER AND MAINTENANCE WORKER. DESCRIBED MALE CAUCASIAN, B/D DEC. EIGHT, NINETEEN THIRTEEN, PERTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY, FIVE FEET, NINE AND ONE HALF INCHES, ONE FIFTY, BLUE EYES, BROWN, GREY THINNING HAIR. SSN FIVE SIX FOUR ONE EIGHT THREE NINE TWO THREE. SERVED AAF, APRIL FORTYTHREE TO DEC. FORTYFIVE, DISCHARGED S/SGT, AFSC THREE NINE ONE THREE ZERO ZERO SEVEN SEVEN.

STATES HE NEVER MET OSWALD OR RUBY, HAS BEEN TWICE MARRIED AND DIVORCED, AND THAT ABOVE MENTIONED NEWMAN CLUB GROUP, THE VISITING PRIEST FROM OUR LADY OF ANGELES SCHOOL IN CHICAGO AS WELL AS THE PARAPLEGIC, PEPPER, ADAMS AND MERCHANT CAN VERIFY HIS COMMENTS TO THEM RE THE ABOVE. STATES HE CONTACTED FBI AGENT JOE BOWMAN OF OKLAHOMA CITY IN NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE AND FURNISHED HIM INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SMUGGLING OF MONEY FROM THE GOVERNOR-S OFFICE IN JUNEAU, ALASKA, TO CUBA.

RECORDS, LAPD SHOW ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, BORN DEC. EIGHT, END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

NINETEEN TWENTY, NEW JERSEY, FIVE FEET NINE INCHES, ONE FIFTY, BROWN AND BLUE, FBI NUMBER TWO FOUR SIX SEVEN FOUR EIGHT FOUR HAS ARREST RECORD DATING TO FEB., THIRTYTWO; CHARGES INCLUDE NSF CHECKS; IN JULY, FORTYTWO, ARRESTED LASO ON SELECTIVE SERVICE VIOLATION. RECORDS, LASO SHOW REYNOLDS RELEASED AUG. X FIFTEEN, FIFTYTWO TO FBI, SAN FRANCISCO. FILES, SANTA MONICA PD SHOW REYNOLDS ARRESTED JUNE FIFTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, GSTA, UNDER BIRTH DATE OF DEC. EIGHT, NINETEEN EIGHTEEN. FOR INFORMATION OF ALL OFFICES, THE BUREAU ADVISED LA BY REFERENCED TELETYPE AS FOLLOWS:

QUOTE, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING.

BY LETTER DATED JUNE TWENTYFOUR LAST, PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION ADVISED THEY RECEIVED A TELEGRAM WHICH IS AS FOLLOWS: QUOTE

THE HONORABLE EARL L. WARREN PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION WASH DC BECAUSE OF COMMISSIONS NEAR CLOSING OF DIRECT INVESTIGATION I WISH TO PLACE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS BEFORE THEM ONE. THE ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY WAS ESTABLISHED IN EARLY MONTHS OF ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN. TWO. THE NAME OF ASSASSIN LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS ALSO DISCERNED IN MARCH ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN THREE. THE KNOWLEDGE OF JACK RUBY WAS DISCERNED IN AUGUST ONE NINE

END PAGE FOUR



PAGE FIVE

FIVE SEVEN IN AN INTERVIEW WITH BROTHER EARL RUBENSTEIN IN AUSTIN TEXAS IN LIGHT OF THE ABOVE I REQUEST AN OPPORTUNITY TO APPEARING OR SUBMITTING DETAILED REPORT AT COMMISSION'S REQUEST. ROBERT S. REYNOLDS ONE ONE ONE EIGHT THIRD STREET APT THREE SANTA MONICA, CALIF. END QUOTE. COMMISSION DESIRED REYNOLDS BE INTERVIEWED AND RESULTS OF INTERVIEW SHOULD BE SUBMITTED IN APPROPRIATE LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM FOR DISSEMINATION. INCLUDE ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN YOUR FILES OR FROM OTHER LOGICAL SOURCES IF IT REVEALS ANY INDICATION OF INSTABILITY RE REYNOLDS. IN VIEW OF THE ANTICIPATED EARLY CONCLUSION OF THE COMMISSION'S INQUIRY INTO THE ASSASSINATION, THIS MATTER SHOULD BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY AND INCLUDE YOUR LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM IS ACCURATE TO PRECLUDE CORRECTIONS OR REVISIONS BY THE BUREAU. BUREAU FILES NEGATIVE RE REYNOLDS. END UNQUOTE.

SAN FRANCISCO AND OKLAHOMA CITY, CHECK INDICES; PHOENIX, IDENTIFY AND INTERVIEW DR. THORNE; CHICAGO, UAC BY BUREAU, ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY AND INTERVIEW PRIEST WHO WAS REPORTEDLY RECTOR OF CHURCH AT OUR LADY OF ANGELES SCHOOL IN CHICAGO; UAC BY BUREAU, SAN ANTONIO ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY AND CONTACT ABOVE MENTIONED NEWMAN CLUB GROUP AND STUDENTS OF U. OF TEXAS IN NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN RE  
END PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

STATEMENTS OF REYNOLDS, NO INFO IDENTIFIABLE WITH REYNOLDS IN LA  
INDICES. LETTERHEAD MEMO, THREE ZERO TWO ON INTERVIEW AND INSERT  
FOLLOW.

END

WA HFL

FBI WASH DC

SF

SF DPK

FBI SAN FRAN

PX KEC

FBI PHOENIX

SA RDL

FBI SANANTON

CG DLM

FBI CHICAGO

OC WAP

FBI OKLACITY

TU MEN CLR

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

FBI

Date: 6/24/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

Re Dallas airtel to Chicago dated 6/16/64.

Enclosed herewith is the original and seven (7) copies of a LHM reflecting interview with JOHN SHORTALL and GERALD SHORTALL, Des Plaines, Illinois. One (1) copy of this LHM is being enclosed for the information of the Dallas Division.

8- ENCLOSURE

REC 20

62-109060-3383

30  
18 JUN 26 1964

- 3 - Bureau (Encl. 8)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 1) (Info)
- 1 - Chicago

RFH/rms  
(5)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
June 24, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On June 22, 1964, John Shortall, 453 West Ambleside, Des Plaines, Illinois, advised that his son, Gerald Shortall, who is 33 years of age, has been receiving psychiatric treatment the majority of his adult life. He explained that Gerald Shortall is nervous and anxious at all times, and has not been able to be gainfully employed for any length of time. He explained that Gerald Shortall has worked a total of approximately three years in his adult life. Mr. Shortall explained that his son, Gerald, has been in various private psychiatric hospitals, and it is the conclusion of the doctors that he is not violent but merely a type of individual that cannot concentrate on any type of employment and is "all mixed up." Mr. Shortall advised that on November 22, 1963, his son, Gerald, was attending the beauty culture school in Des Plaines, Illinois, and possibly made some remark because he has had problems in other types of jobs and schools making silly remarks and getting into arguments with other employees and students.

On June 24, 1964, Gerald Shortall, 453 West Ambleside, Des Plaines, Illinois, advised that on November 22, 1963, he was a student at the beauty culture school in

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11 JAN 7 1973

MARY FERRELL



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Des Plaines, Illinois. When someone came into the room at the school and said that President Kennedy had been shot, he could not believe it. He advised that he was an admirer of President Kennedy and would much rather see President Kennedy the President of the United States than any other individual. At no time did he ever advocate assassination of any public official in the United States.

He explained that he is always nervous and concerned that communism will take over the United States, and believes that the communists are trying to embarrass him in every manner. He explained that he was recently in an automobile accident in Chicago, and he was of the opinion that the communists were behind it. He is also of the opinion that individuals are breaking into his car at various times and are calling his place of employment advising his employers that he was a member of the American Nazi Party. He stated that he was not a member of the American Nazi Party.

Shortall again stated that he did not make a statement that President Kennedy was a criminal, nor did he exhibit any pleasure when he heard that President Kennedy was shot.

6-26-64

Airtel

To: SAC, Chicago (62-6115)  
From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3383

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReCGairtel and enclosed letterhead memorandum  
dated 6-24-64, concerning Gerald Shortall.

The Bureau has not received Dallas airtel 6-16-64,  
and your letterhead memorandum does not specifically  
indicate what Gerald Shortall is alleged to have stated.  
Therefore, your letterhead memorandum is of no use to the  
Bureau for dissemination.

It would appear this is the type of matter which  
should be incorporated in appropriate inserts for transmittal  
to Dallas for inclusion in a report in the above-captioned  
matter. However, the Bureau is not in possession of sufficient  
information to determine whether this matter requires immediate  
dissemination which would necessitate your submitting a letter-  
head memorandum.

Chicago is instructed to reevaluate this matter and  
if necessary submit a revised letterhead memorandum incorporating  
the alleged statement made by Gerald Shortall and where this  
allegation originated or transmit appropriate inserts to Dallas  
for inclusion in a subsequent report under the above caption.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (5) Joe

NOTE: ReCGairtel made reference to a Dallas interoffice  
airtel which was not received by the Bureau. In the letter-  
head memorandum Chicago sets out an interview with Shortall's  
father indicating Gerald is mentally unbalanced and also  
incorporates a statement by Gerald that he did not make a  
statement that President Kennedy was a criminal nor did he  
express pleasure when he heard of the assassination. It is  
presumed these denials by Gerald refer to specific statements  
he made. However, to whom these statements were made or the  
background regarding them are unknown. It is felt this  
information is necessary for an intelligent evaluation of

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

MAILED  
JUN 26 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Malone  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

9 JUL 2 - 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

this matter before dissemination can be considered. Further, it is believed this is the type of information that can be transmitted to Dallas and incorporated in a miscellaneous type report in the above caption. However, Chicago is in the best position to evaluate this matter.

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Frazier

1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Davies

June 24, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Leo Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

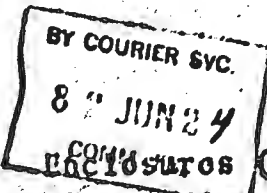
Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to a telephone call on June 10, 1964, from Miss Mary Norton, Commission employee, to a representative of this Bureau concerning the reproduction of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were furnished to a Special Agent of this Bureau on the same date as the request.

Pursuant to this request, you will find enclosed herewith three sets of photocopies of Commission exhibits numbered 371 through 903. Also enclosed are Commission exhibits numbered 871 through 874 and 877.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



XEROX  
JUN 30 1964

REC 29

62-109060-3384  
JUN 29 1964

1 - Dallas (100-10461) Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR DALLAS: Enclosed for Dallas is one set of photocopies of the above-mentioned Commission exhibits being sent to the Commission, together with listing of same.

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

DED:emh (10)

NOTE NEXT PAGE

ENCLOSURE

29 JUL 2 - 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUN 24 4 13 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



NOTE: The telephonic request of 6/10/64, mentioned above, was made to SA Roy H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section, FBI Laboratory. During the telephone call, it was specifically requested that SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt, Document Section of the Laboratory, prepare three copies of Commission Exhibit number 885 from negatives which are in possession of the Bureau.

The exhibits mentioned above, with the exception of Commission Exhibits 885, 882 and 883, were obtained from the Commission on 6/10/64 by SA Robert E. Neill. Those exhibits originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau will be retained in Bureau custody. Commission exhibits not originating from the Bureau are being returned to the Commission along with the photographs.

It is noted that some of the exhibits of which photocopies were made consist of more than one page and in order to avoid confusion in accounting for the total number of enclosures being sent to the Commission, the three sets of photocopies are being considered as three enclosures.

<u>Commission Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
* 871	Drawing of Presidential follow-up car (top down), showing measurements, dated March 2, 1964.
* 872	Drawing of Presidential limousine (top down), showing measurements, dated November 22, 1963.
* 873	Photograph of interior of rear section of Presidential limousine showing seating arrangement in car with jump seats in open position.
* 874	Photograph of interior of Presidential limousine taken from rear showing relative position of jump seats in an open position as they relate to back seat of car.
* 875	Album of photographs taken of the scene of the assassination from the sixth floor window of the Texas School Book Depository Building on December 5, 1963.
876	Aerial view of the site known as Dealey Plaza in Dallas, Texas, indicating large buildings surrounding area and Triple Underpass by numbers 1 through 11, and also indicating Main, Commerce, Elm and Houston Streets by names.
* 877	Document stating historical background and physical description of Dealey Plaza, Dallas, Texas
878	Photograph of scale model of scene of assassination looking towards northeast with Texas School Book Depository Building in background and showing roadway which is an extension of Elm Street, upon which are miniature scale models of vehicles in motorcade.
879	Photograph of the scale model of scene of the assassination looking towards southwest, towards Triple Underpass, from the southeast corner window on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building.
880	Photograph of a scale dimension view of the sixth floor looking towards southeast corner of the Texas School Book Depository Building.
881	Photograph of 3-dimension scale model of Dallas Police Department Garage showing jail office and ramps leading down from Main and Commerce Streets and small models of armored van and two police squad cars positioned on ramps, together with miniature mock-ups of individuals in the area at the time Lee Harvey Oswald was led out from the elevator through the jail office into the basement ramp to be taken from the City jail to the County jail.

19 ✓ XEROX

JUN 30 1964

62-109060-381

ENCLOSURE

Commission Exhibit No.    Description

882	Tracing of survey made of scene of assassination on May 24, 1964, by Robert H. West, County Surveyor Dallas, Texas.
883	Cardboard Reproduction of Commission Exhibit 882.
884	Copy of tabulation which appears on plat map containing positions marked according to frame numbers of movies indicating elevations, sight angles, degree sight and distances.
** 885	Album of black and white photographs made of Zapruder film from frame 171 through frame 334.
886	Photographic exhibit depicting Position A, which does not show on Zapruder film, but which was established as first point at which a person in the 6th floor window of the Texas School Book Depository Building could have gotten a shot at the President as he rounded corner from Houston Street to Elm Street.
887	Photograph of FBI Special Agent, taken on May 24, 1964, at 6th floor window of Texas School Book Depository Building with purported assassination rifle mounted on tripod which was fixed at approximate height of boxes used by assassin to position rifle at time of assassination, with Aeroflex motion picture camera mounted on rifle.
888	Photographic Exhibit depicting three photographs as follows: (1) photograph of frame 161 from Zapruder film; (2) photograph of car taken during re-enactment on May 24, 1964, with photographer positioned same as Zapruder when he took frame 161; and (3) photograph taken through rifle scope from 6th floor window of Texas School Book Depository Building, during re-enactment on May 24, 1964, of that car.
889	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 166 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
890	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 185 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
891	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 186 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
892	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 207 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
893	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 210 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
894	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 222 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
895	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 225 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
896	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 231 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
897	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 235 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.

<u>Commission Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
898	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 240 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
899	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 249 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
900	Photographic exhibit of photograph taken by AP photographer at time of assassination and photograph taken from same position of AP photographer at time of re-enactment.
901	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 255 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888.
902	Photographic exhibit depicting frame 313 from Zapruder film in same manner as Commission Exhibit 888, one frame from Nix film with re-enactment photograph, and one frame from Muchmore film with re-enactment photograph.
903	Photograph taken at garage, following re-enactment of assassination, on May 24, 1964, showing white string placed against wall by surveyor at 17 degrees, 43 minutes and 30 seconds which was same as probable angle of declination of shot passing through bodies of the President and Governor; wit stand-ins for President Kennedy and Governor Connally positioned in same relative positions as shown in Zapruder film, a rod is being held by Commission Assistant Counsel Specter positioned at angle parallel to string and at points approximating entrance wound and exit wound on the President's stand-in and the entrance hole in the back of Governor Connally's coat being worn by stand-in for Governor Connally.

\* Commission exhibits not originating from the Bureau

\*\* (Commission Exhibit 885 not furnished by Commission, but photographs made from negatives in custody of Bureau)



FBI

Date: 6/23/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO  
FROM

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

SECRET

LEGAT, LONDON (62-358) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Classified by 2040  
Exempt from GDS, Category 1  
Date of Declassification Indefinite 7/17/97  
CWC

- ③ - Bureau  
1 - Liaison (sent direct)  
1 - London  
CWB:rn

(5)

REC 25

SECRET

18 JUN 26 1964

Approved: Acc. Wick

Sent

79 JUL 2 - 1964 Special Agent in Charge

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. B. T. East
- 1 - Mr. Ros
- 1 - Mr. Malloy
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

June 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
JUN 30 9 38 AM '64  
FBI

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two photographic copies of three defaced \$1 Silver Certificates, Serial Numbers D 93197195 J, Series 1935 H; V 00450589 A, Series 1957 B; and J 01421416 A, Series 1957 A, which were turned over to this Bureau on June 13, 1964, by the Reverend Elton L. Stephenson of Houston, Texas.

Also enclosed for your assistance are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Houston Office dated June 24, 1964, relating to our investigation of this matter.

The above information is being made available to the U. S. Secret Service in Washington, D. C. The three Silver Certificates are being retained by our Laboratory until no longer required and are designated as FBI Exhibit D230.

BY COURIER SVC.  
89 JUN 30  
COMM-FBI

No further action is being taken in this matter.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

JUN 30 1964

62-109060  
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)  
RDR:las  
(11)

Enclosures 2 JS BH, PM

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

- Tele. Room
- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. DeLoach
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Bishop
- Mr. Casper
- Mr. Callahan
- Mr. Conrad
- Mr. Felt
- Mr. Gale
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Sullivan
- Mr. Tavel
- Mr. Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Holmes
- Miss Gandy

79 JUL 1 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY

NOTE:

On 6-13-64, Stephenson stated on 6-2-64, he obtained 50 \$1 bills from the University State Bank and that on 6-13-64, he noticed three bills were defaced and one had the handprinted legend "Help! Kennedy will be shot Nov 22, 1963, warn him please." Stephenson as well as an official of the University State Bank were unable to furnish any information regarding the source of these bills. Laboratory examination of the bills was essentially negative.

While it would appear this is a prank, it is felt this information should be furnished to the President's Commission as well as the U. S. Secret Service who have an interest in defaced currency. U. S. Secret Service being advised separately.

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. Casper
- 1 - Mr. Callahan
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Gale
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Tavel
- 1 - Mr. Trotter
- 1 - Tele. Room
- 1 - Mr. Holmes
- 1 - Miss Gandy

Date: June 30, 1964  
 To: Chief, U. S. Secret Service  
 From: John Edgar Hoover, Director  
 Subject: ASSASSINATION OF  
 PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
 DALLAS, TEXAS

JUN 30 10 51 AM '64  
 REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI

Enclosed are two photographic copies of three defaced \$1 Silver Certificates, Serial Numbers D 98197195 J, Series 1935 H; V 00450589 A, Series 1957 B; and J 01421416 A, Series 1957 A, which were turned over to this Bureau on June 13, 1964, by the Reverend Elton L. Stephenson of Houston, Texas.

Also enclosed for your assistance are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Houston Office dated June 24, 1964, relating to our investigation of this matter.

The above information is being made available to the President's Commission investigating the assassination of the late President John Fitzgerald Kennedy. The three Silver Certificates are being retained by our Laboratory until no longer required and are designated as FBI Exhibit D230.

No further action is being taken in this matter.

BY COURIER SVC.  
 8 9 JUN 30  
 COMM-FBI

Enclosures (4)

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las

(11)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

79 JUL 1 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED IN SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

EX-113

REC-16

JUN 30 1964

62-109060-3387

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



NOTE:

On 6-13-64, Stephenson stated on 6-2-64, he obtained 50 \$1 bills from the University State Bank and that on 6-13-64, he noticed three bills were defaced and one had the handprinted legend "Help! Kennedy will be shot Nov 22, 1963 warn him please." Stephenson as well as an official of the University State Bank were unable to furnish any information regarding the source of these bills. Laboratory examination of the bills was essentially negative.

While it would appear this is a prank, it is felt this information should be furnished to the President's Commission as well as the U. S. Secret Service who have an interest in defaced currency. President's Commission being advised separately.



6-30-64

1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReLatel 11-23-63, 1:22 a.m., captioned "Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 11-22-63," instructing that Milo Elroy Stormo, an employee of General Dynamics residing at 6405 Imca Road, Fort Worth, be interviewed.

No subsequent information on Stormo could be located in Bureau files. As you will recall Dallas was advised on 11-22-63, by the Industrial Security Section of General Dynamics that a 1953 four-door white Lincoln bearing 1963 California license W 662 was observed leaving the vicinity of Carswell Air Force Base at a high rate of speed as President Kennedy's plane took off en route to Dallas. San Francisco advised the above license was registered to Stormo.

Advise results of investigation and indicate whether this matter has been subsequently reported under the above caption.

1 - Los Angeles (89-75)

RDR:las  
(5)

NOTE:

In line with our continuing procedure to check all leads in this matter, the above communication is being sent. Extensive search by Service Unit has failed to develop any subsequent information on this matter.

MAILED 2  
JUN 30 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

EX-105

62-107060-3389

REC-16

12 JUN 30

JUL 1 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Tamm  
1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Mohr  
1 - Mr. Bishop  
1 - Mr. Casper  
1 - Mr. Callahan  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Felt  
1 - Mr. Gale  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Tavel  
1 - Mr. Trotter  
1 - Tele. Room  
1 - Mr. Nease  
1 - Miss Holmes  
1 - Miss Gandy

Date: June 30, 1964  
To: Chief, U. S. Secret Service  
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director  
Subject: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed is a copy of a letter bearing the name Alice Whiteley which was furnished to this Bureau by letter dated June 23, 1964, from Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, U. S. Department of Justice.

Mrs. Whiteley has corresponded with this Bureau since 1957. However, her letters have not been acknowledged due to the rambling, incoherent information contained in her communications.

On March 30, 1960, Mrs. Whiteley was interviewed by a Special Agent of the FBI at this Bureau's headquarters. She appeared to be a woman of more than sixty years of age. At that time Mrs. Whiteley left a paper she prepared so that the FBI could investigate the crimes set forth in the document. It contained a rambling dissertation regarding psychiatric therapists, Al Capone, the Mafia, Kremlin agents, perversions and hypnotism, all of which did not make sense.

A copy of Mrs. Whiteley's current letter has been furnished to the President's Commission and this Bureau is taking no further action.

Enclosure 8-1

62-109060-109090

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

1 - 62-95002

KMR:las (9)

JUL 7 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
JUN 30 1 22 PM '64

UNRECORDED

3390

JUL 1 1964

olson  
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sullivan  
tavel  
trotter  
tele. Room  
nease  
holmes  
gandy

COURIER SVC.

1 - JUL 1 1964



Note:

Bureau files reveal Mrs. Whiteley has corresponded with us since 1957 and it appears she is a deeply mentally disturbed individual. She has presented lengthy written letters regarding psychiatric therapists, Al Capone, the Mafia, perversions, hypnotism, Kremlin agents, none of which make sense. She appeared at the Bureau on March 30, 1960, to present one of these lengthy letters and it was the observation of the interviewing Agent that she was a woman of more than 60 years of age. We have not acknowledged any of her previous communications and in view of the fact the Department has not acknowledged this one, we therefore, are not acknowledging it. A copy of Mrs. Whiteley's letter is being furnished to the President's Commission investigating the assassination.

FBI

Date: 6/23/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109000)

FROM: SAC, KNOXVILLE (89-27) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS  
11/22/63  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
KILLING A FEDERAL OFFICER  
(OO: DALLAS)

RE: JAMES M. O'BRIEN, aka  
J. Mike O'Brien, James  
Michael O'Brien, John  
Mike O'Brien

Re Knoxville airtel to the Director, FBI,  
6/10/64, and Knoxville airtel to Director dated 6/17/64.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau is one copy of  
insert reflecting investigation at Cleveland, Tennessee.  
Also enclosed herewith to the Dallas Office are 25 copies  
of insert reflecting investigation at Cleveland, Tennessee.

No leads are being set out by Knoxville at this  
time for the various hotels at which O'BRIEN apparently  
stayed and from which he wrote letters to Mrs. TATE in  
Cleveland, as it does not appear from information available  
in Knoxville that these old addresses would be of assistance  
in locating O'BRIEN at this time. However, this is being  
left to the discretion of Dallas who has more complete  
information.

- 3 - Bureau (Encl. 1)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encls. 25)  
1 - Knoxville

WBC/sc  
(6)

REC 30

3391

JUL 26 1964

79 JUL 2 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

C C Wick

KX 89-27

KGP/sc

1

RE: JAMES M. O'BRIEN, aka  
J. Mike O'Brien, James  
Michael O'Brien, John  
Mike O'Brien

AT CLEVELAND, TENNESSEE:

Mrs. LUCILLE TATE, Route 6, Westside Drive, telephone number 472-7525, advised SA EPHRAIM G. POLLARD on June 12, 1964, that she met an individual who identified himself as JOHN MIKE O'BRIEN at Campbell's Clinic, Chattanooga, Tennessee, in October, 1962. Mrs. TATE had taken her brother, JAMES D. FEIZER, to the clinic for x-rays to be made and while at the clinic with her brother, had met O'BRIEN through the night nurse, HELEN-ASHLEY. Mrs. TATE had run small errands for O'BRIEN, who was confined to the hospital, and had informed her he had been there for two or three weeks suffering with a heart condition.

Sometime between Thanksgiving and December 1, 1962, O'BRIEN came to the residence of Mrs. TATE in Cleveland, Tennessee, remained for a few hours, and later returned about Christmas, 1962, at which time he remained in her home for about two weeks.

During the year 1963, O'BRIEN visited Mrs. TATE at her home at the following times: February, 1963, remaining for about 10 days; last part of April, 1963, for a few days; June 16 or 17, 1963, remaining for two or three weeks; September 7 or 8, 1963, did not stay at her home, December 1, 1963, did not stay at her home.

Mrs. TATE advised she does not know the present location of O'BRIEN, and if she does develop any information as to his whereabouts she will immediately notify the FBI.

Mrs. TATE advised she knows very little concerning this man as he told her he did not have any relatives whatsoever. She stated that she received several letters from O'BRIEN during 1963; however, they were always on stationery of some hotel from cities throughout the eastern part of the United States. Some of the hotels were as follows:

KX 89-27

KGP/sc

2

Cawthorne Hotel, Mobile, Alabama  
Holley Hotel, Charleston, West Virginia  
Hotel General Shelby, Bristol, Virginia  
Hotel Chandler, Rockford, Illinois  
Hotel Tilden Hall, Champaign, Illinois.

Mrs. TATE stated that on one occasion she told O'BRIEN she believed he worked with the underworld, to which he replied that she was right; however, he did not want anyone that he liked to know that he did do so.

On July 2, 1963, O'BRIEN purchased a 1957 Pink Buick from Hatcher Chevrolet Co., Athens, Tennessee; however, on September 7 or 8, 1963, he returned stating he had a "lemon" in the Buick and was taking it back to Athens. He returned on the following day with a 1960 Plymouth, white top and black bottom. Although she refused to allow him to stay in her home on this occasion, she did agree to let him use her address for mailing purposes as far as the title to the 1960 Plymouth was concerned. She advised that when the title to this car did come to her home, she mailed it to O'BRIEN in care of General Delivery, Salem, North Carolina. She made note of the title number, 699 8285, Tennessee, and of the vehicle identification number 3301121719.

According to Mrs. TATE, O'BRIEN in his conversations indicated a great like for President KENNEDY. Other than praise President KENNEDY, he did not mention him.

Mrs. TATE further advised that O'BRIEN indicated he had been a member of the Catholic Church but had quit the church as they had been mean to him. Further, he did not believe in God.

Mrs. TATE advised that at the time O'BRIEN purchased the car in Athens, Tennessee, she had purchased some paregoric for him but only on this one occasion. She advised that at times he acted as though he may have some type of narcotic or had been drinking heavily.

Mrs. TATE described O'BRIEN as a white male, 5' 6", 165 to 180 pounds, gray hair, blue eyes, fair complexion, trifocal glasses and well dressed.

MARY FENNEL



FBI

Date: 6/29/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: DALLAS

Re Los Angeles teletype to Bureau, 6/27/64;  
San Antonio teletype to Bureau, 6/27/64.

Ex-Students Association, University of Texas,  
advised last known address of FREDRICK ROBERT PEPPER,  
Route 1, Wellington, Texas, and of STANLEY EDWARD ADAMS,  
2510 Live Oak, San Angelo, Texas. PEPPER and ADAMS believed  
identical to names mentioned in referenced Los Angeles  
teletype.

LEAD

DALLAS

Interview PEPPER and ADAMS re statement of REYNOLDS  
as requested in referenced Los Angeles teletype.

REC 30

3392

(3) - Bureau  
2 - Dallas (89-43)  
2 - San Antonio  
RWC:csb  
(7)

14 JUL 1 1964

C. C. Wick

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 JUL 2 - 1964 Special Agent in Charge

JUN 30 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI OKLACITY

225PM CST URGENT 6-30-64 JWS

TO DIRECTOR / 62-109060 / AND DALLAS / 89-43 /

FROM OKLAHOMA CITY / 89-41 / IP

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER  
TWENTY-TWO, SIXTY-THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS; MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO BUREAU, JUNE TWENTY-SEVEN LAST  
RELATING TO INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS,  
INCLUDING CONTACT IN NINETEEN FIFTY-THREE WITH QUOTE FBI AGENT  
JOE<sup>V</sup> BOWMAN OF OKLAHOMA CITY UNQUOTE, PRESUMPTION BEING QUOTE AT  
UNQUOTE OKLAHOMA CITY.

OKLAHOMA CITY RECORDS NEGATIVE RE REYNOLDS AND JOE BOWMAN,  
WHO IS NOT SHOWN AS AN AGENT FORMERLY ASSIGNED OKLAHOMA CITY.  
BUREAU MAY DESIRE TO CHECK RECORDS CONCERNING POSSIBLE EMPLOYMENT  
OF AN SA JOE BOWMAN ELSEWHERE IN NINETEEN FIFTY-THREE WITH  
EXAMINATION OF RECORDS OF OFFICE WHERE ASSIGNED.

REC-49

3393

3 JUL 1 1964

LHM AND INSERTS SUBMITTED. COPY AIRMAIL TO LOS ANGELES.

END

WA JRL

FBI WASH DC

DL SP

FBI DALLAS

@GXW393

79 JUL 7 - 1964

C-MR. SULLIVAN

*no Record of  
a Joe Bowman  
as 5/1/64  
6-1/64*

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Mohr  
1 - Mr. W. J. Rorertson  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

June 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

JUN 30 3 44 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum captioned "Unknown Subject; Threat Against the President November 15, 1963," dated June 23, 1964, Kansas City, Missouri. This memorandum contains information concerning a dollar bill discovered at Hugoton, Kansas, on which the words appeared "I'm going to kill the president, Nov. 15, 1963."

On June 26, 1964, information was received from our Kansas City Office that the dollar bill in question was secured by Secret Service and that agency is conducting investigation in this matter.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060  
KMR:las  
(8)

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Kansas City airtel 6-23-64 enclosed a LHM revealing Mr. John Havens of the IGA Store Hugoton, Kansas, discovered in cash receipts the dollar bill upon which was written "I'm going to kill the president Nov. 15, 1963." There was no indication as to what disposition was made of this bill and Kansas City was instructed to determine if the bill was picked up and if not submit it to the Laboratory. Kansas City advised 6-26-64, the bill was obtained by Secret Service and they are conducting investigation. No further action necessary; however, the President's Commission is being advised. A copy of the LHM and letter to the President's Commission will be forwarded to Secret Service Headquarters by 0-141.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

79 JUL 7 - 1964

JUL 1 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 6/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

RE: Houston airtel to Bureau, 6/22/64;  
Bureau airtel to Houston, 6/29/64.

[REDACTED] has now advised that the "Nazi" she furnished information on is STANLEY P. TOLAND. Inquiry at TOLAND's previous address revealed information that he is now residing in Dallas, Texas, at 3718 Armstrong which is the address of his mother, Mrs. HOMER L. P. TOLAND.

Records, University of Houston, reflect that STANLEY PENDLETON TOLAND, born 12/8/34 at Dallas, Texas, entered that university as a law student in 1961. He received BA degree from the University of Texas, 8/30/57.

Dallas locate and interview TOLAND for full background and re information regarding him and his knowledge of the assassination as set forth in Houston letterhead memorandum dated 6/22/64. Do not reveal [REDACTED] as source; however, interview should include his knowledge of [REDACTED] activities and mental stability. Report results in accordance with Bureau instructions and furnish Houston with copy.

(3) - Bureau (AM)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (AM)  
2 - Houston

GWK:yk  
(7)

*cc retained as  
Tieker  
6-1-64*

REC 7

3395

JUL 1 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M \_\_\_\_\_

58 JUL 8 1964 Special Agent in Charge



FBI

Date: 6-29-64

REC 38

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, KANSAS CITY (62-8156) RUC

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: Dallas

Re Buairtel 6-12-64; Burad 6-12-64; Buairtel 6-13-64, and Buairtel 6-24-64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of letterhead memorandum reflecting investigation at Leavenworth, Kansas, by SA MAX E. RICHARDSON with the additional material and corrections made as per Bureau airtel 6-24-64.

Two copies of such letterhead memorandum, 25 copies of the insert reflecting results of the same investigation with the FBI Laboratory and Identification Division data added are enclosed to Dallas.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 7)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 27)(89-43)
- 1 - Kansas City

MER:sg

(6)

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-3396

REC-16 15 JUL 1 1964

ST-117

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

62-9 AUG 6-1964

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 3396

PAGE NO. 1 LHM

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

76

Bureau of Prisons

REFERRAL

ATKINS BOOKS

IN JATIO

AAZ

## ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

ANDREWS explained that on this occasion he overheard some inmate make some comment as to something he did not like about President KENNEDY; and he, ANDREWS, told him, "Dallas will be the last trip he makes." ANDREWS further advised that a few days after this incident his cellmate, JAMES MC MURRAY, who works in the Education Department, was talking about a woman who believed in Spiritualism who made the prediction prior to the election of President KENNEDY that the Democratic party would win the election, but that the President elected would die in office. ANDREWS claimed he then informed MC MURRAY that he had had a dream that President KENNEDY would be killed.

ANDREWS advised that he believes in Spiritualism, and that he had read a great deal and studied books on this subject since he was a small child. He further stated that many of the inmates in this institution make fun of him when he tells them of the information he receives in visions.

ANDREWS explained that he had had several visions a few months prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY that he would be assassinated, but the exact manner, or who was involved, did not appear to him. He further stated that as he would have these visions during the night, he would get up and write them down in a notebook that he kept in his cell, and which he frequently carried to the Education Department where he worked. At this point, ANDREWS asked if someone had found a page from his notebook claiming that the page on which he first recorded the vision that President KENNEDY would be assassinated had been removed from this book. He denied that he had ever made a comment to any person regarding the death of President JOHNSON, but that he had had a vision that harm would come to President JOHNSON and that he had recorded this in his notebook. He also stated that he had other visions regarding JACK RUBY following the assassination of President KENNEDY which he had recorded.

ANDREWS displayed his notebook and pointed out that the page which had been removed preceded the item recorded under the date of October 8, 1963. Items prior to this date made no reference to President KENNEDY, but such items subsequent to that date and to March 6, 1964, were observed to be as follows:

MARY FENKELL

# ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

"October 8, 1963

"The time is drawing near. The president will be assassinated while the protectors are lax.

✓ "There is to be seven people involved in the assassination. Four of which will be in another country when the deed is done. One will leave as soon as it is done. He is the one to do the actual killing. Another person will be accused of the crime and also meet sudden death. The other man is too vague. It seems though that he too will die. ✓ Most of the true facts surrounding the death of the president will never be known by the public.

- - -

"December 21, 1963

✓ "Jack Ruby is not one of the seven, although he has int rest not known to the people. This ✓ int rest will never be known.

- - -

"January 13, 1964

✓ "One of the men who fled the country before the death of the president has also met his death. Another is plotting to harm the new president. He will not succeed for a time. After a time he may be able to bring harm to Mr. Johnson.

- - -

"March 2, 1964

✓ "President Johnson will die while serving as president. He will be instrumental in is proceedings that will arouse many people."

ANDREWS advised that after he predicted the assassination of President KENNEDY and this actually occurred, he did not discuss his visions with other inmates. He added

MARY FERRELL

IND



## ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

that he is constantly being teased by inmates because of his belief in Spiritualism. He further stated that he had had visions of many things which actually came to pass. He could not recall the identity of any person he had told of such a vision of an event which actually occurred, through which such prediction could be verified.

ANDREWS advised that he feels that President KENNEDY was the greatest President we have ever had and that he feels President JOHNSON may become known as even a greater President. He advised that he is not acquainted in Dallas, Texas; and to the best of his knowledge, he has never seen or met JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He added that the only time he was in Dallas, Texas, was when he spent a night in the city jail there several years prior to 1961.

ANDREWS furnished the following descriptive and background data regarding himself:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Born	October 8, 1914, at Center, Texas
Height	6 feet, 1 inch
Weight	125 pounds
Hair	Dark brown
Eyes	Hazel
Build	Slender
Complexion	Dark
Occupation	Sales work
Military Service	Navy, Number 4461251, Bad Conduct Discharge
Social Security Number	458-52-1700
Education	High school
Marital Status	Married - Divorced
Mother	ARLENE ANDREWS, P. O. Box 234, Buda, Texas
Brothers	DOYLE W. ANDREWS 1426 Orange Avenue Abilene, Texas

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

**LAMAR ANDREWS**  
Buna, Texas

**Sister**

**INEZ ANDREWS**  
Buna, Texas

**Ex-wife**

**GLADYS ROBERTS ANDREWS**  
remarried, address  
unknown

ANDREWS advised that at one time he felt rather bitter toward police and institution authorities as he felt he was being abused and "pushed around" but that in recent years he has realized that he alone is to blame for his difficulties. He stated that when he is released from this institution, he intends to go to the home of his brother at Abilene, Texas, where he is not known, and make a new life for himself.

JAMES W. MC-MURRAY, inmate, USP, Leavenworth, Kansas, on June 18, 1964, advised that he had been the cellmate of BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS in cell B-366 for a period prior to about February 1964, and that they are both assigned to the Education Department of the institution where he, MC MURRAY, teaches English. He added that he is aware that ANDREWS believes in Spiritualism and that ANDREWS had frequently discussed this with him. He explained that although he did not believe in Spiritualism and realized that ANDREWS "reads a lot into Spiritualism" which really is not there, he had done ANDREWS the courtesy of listening to his comments.

MC MURRAY advised that he had heard no comments made by ANDREWS predicting that either President KENNEDY or President JOHNSON would be assassinated. When inquiry was made about a conversation he may have had with ANDREWS regarding the prediction of a woman Spiritualist prior to the election of President KENNEDY that the president elected would die in office, he advised that such a conversation did occur. He explained that in discussing such prediction, he, MC MURRAY, had made the comment that it appeared that President KENNEDY would be elected; and in such case, it appeared that this woman had made a wrong prediction as Mr. KENNEDY was a very young and healthy man. He stated that ANDREWS made the comment, "he could be killed." MC MURRAY advised that at no time did ANDREWS ever tell him of any vision he had had regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY, regarding President

## **ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

**JOHNSON**, or the persons connected in any way with the assassination of President **KENNEDY** or the killing of **LEE HARVEY OSWALD**. He stated that he was aware that **ANDREWS** kept a notebook, but he was not aware that **ANDREWS** made a record of visions he might have; and that he, **MC MURRAY**, had not viewed the contents of such notebook.

**CARL ZARTER**, Administrative Assistant, USP, Leavenworth, Kansas, furnished the following information from the file of **BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS**, inmate number 79175-L:

**ANDREWS**, FBI Number 272 695 B, was sentenced in the United States District Court for the Western District of Louisiana, Monroe, Louisiana, in September 19, 1961, to a term of three years and nine months for the Interstate Transportation of a Stolen Motor Vehicle and was committed to the Federal Institution at Tarrant, Texas, later to be transferred to the USP, Leavenworth, Kansas. He was eligible for parole December 19, 1962, for mandatory release August 7, 1964, with full term to expire December 20, 1964. There is a detainer against him in favor of the United States Board of Parole. Upon the termination of his present sentence, he will remain in custody to serve an additional 558 days.

**ANDREWS** is shown to have been self-employed from May 1960 to October 1960 at 401 East Methrin, Longview, Texas, operating a service station. From 1955 to 1959, he worked for the Magnolia Sales Service as a photographer.

The record of previous addresses indicated he resided with his mother from 1959 to 1960, at 219 Hudson Avenue, Longview, Texas; from 1958 to 1959, at 9000 Northeast Union Avenue, Portland, Oregon, where he resided alone. From 1956 to 1958, he resided with his wife at 1313 Kings Avenue, Jacksonville, Florida.

The Classification Study prepared as to **ANDREWS** in 1961 indicates that his arrest history began in early 1955. His present term is his second penal type commitment. He previously received a Federal sentence for two years and six months for Transportation of a Female Interstate for Immoral Purposes. During this incarceration, he served at

## **ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

Tallahassee, Atlanta, and Springfield in Federal institutions. There was no adverse disciplinary action at that time; however, his adjustment was described as marginal.

ANDREWS was transferred from Atlanta to Springfield for observation for possible need of psychiatric attention, and for possible tuberculosis condition. He was further described as a frail individual, who complained continually about his present situation. He was openly bitter toward the state and federal authorities, and society in general. In the medical section of the Classification Study of 1961 under Psychiatric, information appears that there is no family history of mental illness. At this time, there were no overt symptoms or manifestations present to indicate psychosis.

Subsequent reports as to ANDREWS indicate that he has kept a clear conduct record, and that there was no significant medical or psychiatric information to add to previous reports, other than hospitalization for influenza.

The examination by the Latent Fingerprint Section, Federal Bureau of Investigation, of the anonymous letter and envelope received from the Bureau of Prisons developed one latent fingerprint of value on the letter and one latent palm print of value on the envelope. The latent fingerprint was found not to be identical with the fingerprints of BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS, FBI Number 272 695 B.

X ✓ The FBI Laboratory's examination of the letter and envelope designated as Q585 revealed the envelope measures approximately three and one-half inches by six and one-half inches. It contains no watermark or indented writing. The address on the envelope is hand printed in a black ball-point ink. W.S.

The typed letter in Q585 was prepared on a sheet of paper measuring approximately eight inches by ten and one-half inches. It contains no watermark or other significant features to indicate the source of the paper. The typewriting on the letter in Q585 could not be definitely classified but does resemble most closely an Olympia elite style of type spaced twelve letters per inch.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

The typewriting and hand printing in Q585 were not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. Appropriate photographs will be added.



1 - Mr. Belmont      1 - Mr. Griffith  
 1 - Mr. Lenihan    1 - Mr. Kettel  
 1 - Mr. Rogge  
 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 1 - Mr. Frazier

June 29, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to requests made on June 15, 1964, and June 18, 1964, by Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, of your staff, asking that certain Commission exhibits be obtained and photographed in any instance where photographs were not previously prepared and provided the Commission.

Enclosed herewith are three photocopies each of Commission exhibits numbered 384, 521 through 532, 534, 537 through 539, 908 through 931, 933 through 954, 956 through 985, 989, 932 and 986.

The above-described Commission exhibits, with the exception of Commission exhibits numbered 946 and 986, are also enclosed.

ENCLOSURE ON BULKY RAMP

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

88 JUN 29

COMIA-FBI

Enclosures (388)

ENCLOSURE

Dallas (100-10461)

Enclosures (97)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE FOR DALLAS:

Photocopies of the above mentioned Commission exhibits, along with the listing thereof, are enclosed herewith.

MRK:anh (10)

NOTE: A telephonic request was received by

(continued page 2)

☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ENCLOSURE ON BULKY RAMP

REC'D-READING ROOM

FBI

JUN 29 3 59 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

9 JUL 8 1964

NOTE: (continued)

SA Marion E. Williams of the Laboratory on June 15, 1964, and the exhibits were received by SA Robert A. Frazier on June 15, 1964.

The request of June 18, 1964, was received by SA Cortlandt Cunningham at the time SA Cunningham received the custody of the exhibits.

Exhibits not originally in the custody of the Bureau are being returned to the Commission.

HRK:emh

6/29/64

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

## DESCRIPTION

- 384 \*Certification of Oswald's knowledge of Russian
- 521 \*Photograph taken at corner of 10th and Patton Streets, Dallas, Texas
- 522 \*Photograph of scene of Tippit murder showing left side of police automobile driven by Tippit
- 523 \*Diagram of immediate area - Tippit killing site
- 524 \*Copy of photograph depicting Markham standing at corner from which she saw Tippit killing
- 525 \*Copy of photograph showing view of squad car from Markham's location
- 526 \*Copy of photograph showing Markham standing at corner from which she saw Tippit killing
- 527 \*Photograph taken at scene of Tippit murder showing front of automobile driven by Officer Tippit and bloodstains indicating the approximate position of Tippit's body
- 528 \*Photograph taken at corner of 10th and Patton Streets, Dallas, Texas. Scene of murder of Officer Tippit. Tippit's automobile visible in far right center of photograph
- 529 \*Photograph taken at scene of murder of Officer Tippit. Shows front of car driven by Officer Tippit and bloodstains indicating the place where Tippit fell after being shot by Oswald
- 530 \*Copy of photograph showing view of shrub arrangement at 400 East 10th Street, showing Scoggins' cab
- 531 \*Copy of photograph showing view of Scoggins' cab from Markham's position
- 532 \*Copy of photograph showing Scoggins' view of Tippit's squad car
- 534 \*Copy of photograph showing view from Tippit's squad car to Scoggins' cab.
- 537 \*Diagram of area surrounding Tippit killing site
- 538 \*Copy of photograph showing Callaway's location at time he heard shots
- 539 \*Copy of photograph showing Ted Callaway in spot from which he observed Oswald
- \*Copy of Foreign Service Despatch, Embassy Moscow to the Department of State, Washington, dated November 2, 1959, concerning Oswald's application for Russian citizenship

908  
XEROX

JUL 2 1964

62-109060-3297  
ENCLOSURE

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

- |     |   |
|-----|---|
| 909 | *Copies of two Department of State incoming telegrams from Tokyo to Secretary of State dated November 27, 1963, concerning two interviews with Oswald                                   |
| 910 | *Copy of Department of State incoming telegram from Moscow to Secretary of State dated October 31, 1959, concerning assurance at embassy of Oswald to renounce his American citizenship |
| 911 | *Copy of memo dated Nov. 17, 1959, concerning Miss Priscilla Johnson  |
| 912 | *Copy of letter dated Nov. 3, 1959, from Oswald to U. S. Embassy concerning Oswald's request to revoke his U. S. citizenship  |
| 913 | *Copy of letter on stationery with Russian letterhead written by Oswald concerning his request to revoke his U. S. citizenship  |
| 914 | *Copy of letter from American Embassy, Moscow, dated October 28, 1959, to Mr. Boston, written by Richard E. Snyder, American Consul   |
| 915 | *Copy of letter from Department of State, Washington, dated December 10, 1959, concerning Oswald's request to revoke his U. S. citizenship  |
| 916 | *Copy of communication from Department of State to American Embassy Moscow dated November 2, 1959, concerning Oswald's right to renounce his U. S. Citizenship                          |
| 917 | *Copy of communication from Navy Department dated November 3, 1959, concerning Oswald's intention to furnish Soviets with information on U. S. radar                                    |
| 918 | *Copy of communication from Navy Department dated November 4, 1959, concerning Oswald's job description while serving in the Marine Corps   |
| 919 | *Copy of letter dated November 6, 1959, to Oswald from Richard E. Snyder, American Consul, American Embassy, Moscow   |
| 920 | *Copy of airgram from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, to Secretary of State dated November 7, 1959, advising Oswald desired to renounce U. S. citizenship  |
| 921 | *Copy of airgram from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, to Department of State concerning Oswald's movements in Russia   |

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

- 922 \*Copy of memorandum from U. S. Embassy, Moscow to Department of State which enclosed copies of correspondence between the Department and Representative Jim Wright concerning Oswald
- 923 \*Copy of letter from Assistant Secretary of State to Mr. Wright dated 3/21/60, concerning Oswald
- 924 \*Copy of letter from George H. Haselton (State Department) to Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, Ft. Worth, Texas, dated 3/23/60
- 925 \*Copy of memorandum from U. S. Embassy, Moscow to Department of State, dated 6/22/60, concerning Oswald's whereabouts
- 926 \*Copy of memorandum from U. S. Embassy, Moscow to Department of State dated 7/6/60, concerning welfare and whereabouts of Oswald
- 927 \*Copy of memorandum from U. S. Embassy, Moscow concerning welfare and whereabouts of Oswald dated 3/28/60
- 928 \*Copy of memorandum to U. S. Embassy, Moscow concerning Oswald's citizenship and passport, dated 5/10/60
- 929 \*Copy of memorandum to U. S. Embassy, Moscow concerning citizenship and passport of Oswald, dated 3/28/60
- 930 \*Department of State instruction to U. S. Embassy, Moscow advising of Mrs. Marguerite Oswald's anxiety concerning Oswald since she had not heard from him since December, 1959 (copy)
- 931 \*Copy of letter from Oswald to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, received 2/13/61, in which Oswald again asks for return of his passport
- 933 \*Copy of letter to Oswald from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, requesting he appear for interview (dated 2/28/61)
- 934 \*Copy of Department of State Instruction to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 4/13/61, concerning Oswald's passport
- 935 \*Copy of letter from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, to Department of State advising Oswald appeared in connection with his desire to return to the U. S. with his wife (dated 7/11/61)
- 936 \*Copy of letter from U. S. Embassy, Moscow to Department of State dated 5/26/61, advising of receipt of undated letter from Oswald in which he asks guarantees he not



20/64

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

		be persecuted should he return to U.S. and enclosing copy of Oswald's letter to the Embassy advising he had married
937		*Copy of letter from the Department of State to the U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 7/11/61 concerning status of Oswald's citizenship
938		*Copy of Application of Renewal of Passport by Oswald
939		*Copy of letter from the Department of State to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 8/18/61, instructing Oswald's passport be delivered on personal basis
940		*Copy of letter from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, to Department of State dated 3/24/61, which states Oswald was advised a personal interview would be required concerning his passport
941		*Copy of State Department memorandum to Mr. Thomas Ehrlich from Foreign Service Officer John A. McVickar regarding Oswald's visit to embassy in October, 1959, at which time he indicated he wanted to divest himself of his U. S. citizenship
942		*Copy of note dated 11/9/59, and signed "McV" advising he was unable to contact Oswald at Metropole Hotel
943		*Copy of memorandum by U. S. Embassy, Moscow dated 11/9/59, giving contents of telegram to Oswald from Sgt. John E. Pic, Tachikawa Airbase, Japan
944		*Copy of memorandum from U. S. Embassy, Moscow to Department of State, dated 8/28/61, concerning background of Marina Oswald
945		*Copy of handwritten note concerning Marina Oswald's background
Item 449	946	Passport of Lee H. Oswald, number 1733242
	947	*Copy of airgram from U. S. Embassy, Moscow to Department of State, transmitting two copies of Oswald's application for renewal of passport
	948	*Original of letter from Abram Chayes, Legal Adviser, Department of State to J. Lee Rankin, President's Commission, furnishing answers to questions asked by the Commission concerning Oswald's State Department file

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

- 949 \*Original letter from Abram Chayes, Department of State to J. Lee Rankin, President's Commission, transmitting list of all cases in which action was taken to deny passports between January, 1962, and March, 1964, and the reasons for such actions
- 950 \*Copy of report of the Department of State regarding Lee Harvey Oswald
- 951 \*Copy of State Department Passport Office Standard Operating Notice 2300
- 952 \*Copy of teletype to Department of State from New Orleans State Department Office dated 6/25/63
- 953 \*Original letter from Abram Chayes, Department of State to J. Lee Rankin, President's Commission, concerning Oswald's activities in Russia
- 954 \*Original letter from Abram Chayes to J. Lee Rankin covering transmittal to Commission of State Department information concerning Oswald
- 956 \*Copy of letter from Abram Chayes to J. Lee Rankin covering transmittal of copies of State Department records concerning Oswald to the Commission
- 957 \*Copy of State Department Reference Slip dated 11/25/59, routing a copy of U. S. Embassy, Moscow letter dated 11/2/59 (Commission Exhibit No. 961)
- 958 \*Original memorandum from J. A. McVickar, American Consulate, Cochabamba, Bolivia, to Department of State dated 4/7/64, furnishing McVickar's personal recollections concerning his contacts with Oswald in Russia
- 959 \*Copy of Petition to Classify Status of Alien for Issuance of Immigrant Visa dated 7/11/61, and signed by Oswald
- 960 \*Copy of letter from Abram Chayes, Department of State, to J. Lee Rankin, President's Commission, covering transmittal to the Commission of answers to Commission's questions concerning State Department policies involved in handling of Oswald's case

COMMISSION  
EXHIBITS NO.

DESCRIPTION

- 961 \*Copy of note to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 11/2/59, instructing that embassy cannot withhold right of U. S. citizen to renounce citizenship (attached to Commission Exhibit No. 957)
- 962 \*Copy of State Department "Refusal" dated 3/25/60, concerning Oswald's passport matters
- 963 \*Copy of memorandum to U. S. Embassy, Moscow from Department of State dated 3/28/60, advising of placement of notice in "look-out card section" of Passport Office
- 964 \*Copy of note advising copy of Operations Memorandum of 3/28/60, from Embassy at Moscow and copy of Operations Memorandum of 5/10/60, to the Embassy were being furnished as attachments to Mr. George Haselton. Reference Slip attached but Operations Memoranda not attached
- 965 \*Copy of handwritten notes dated 2/15/61, recording action taken concerning letters and memoranda
- 966 \*Copy of letter to Jim Wright, House of Representatives, from Frances G. Knight Passport Office, dated 7/28/60, concerning correspondence between State Department and Mrs. Marguerite Oswald
- 967 \*Copy of "Foreign Service Despatch" from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 3/24/61, to Department of State, advising Oswald was informed personal interview necessary concerning his passport
- 968 \*Copy of handwritten note dated 3/27/61, signed "B.W."
- 969 \*Copy of State Department instruction drafted 3/27/61, concerning Oswald's return to U. S. This instruction marked "not sent"
- 970 \*Copy of memorandum from John T. White to Edward J. Mickey dated 3/31/61, recommending State Department should facilitate Oswald's entry into the U. S.
- 971 \*Copy of Department of State instruction to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 4/13/61, advising Oswald's passport could be delivered on personal basis only with reference slip attached

RY 11

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

- 972 \*Copy of "Reference Slip" attached to Commission Exhibit No. 971 dated 10/5/61, and used for routing purposes
- 973 \*Copy of "Foreign Service Despatch" from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, advising of Oswald's desire that he not be persecuted for any act pertaining to his case with copy of Oswald's letter dated May, 1961
- 974 \*Copy of "Reference Slip" (routing) dated 8/29/61
- 975 \*Copy of instruction to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, concerning method of handling Oswald's "protection" as citizen of U. S.
- 976 \*Copy of "File Request Form" dated 11/17/61, concerning Oswald with extra copy attached
- 977 \*Copy of "Foreign Service Despatch" from U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 7/11/61, recommending Oswald's passport be renewed
- 978 \*Copy of "Reference Slip" concerning administrative matters in Oswald's case
- 979 \*Copy of "Operations Memorandum" to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 8/18/61, advising Oswald's passport renewal authorized.
- 980 \*Copy of memorandum and routing slip concerned with the attached report of John W. Yain, FBI, Dallas, dated 7/3/61, dealing with Oswald's background
- 981 \*Copy of note from Frances G. Knight to Mr. Robert F. Hale, State Department, dated 12/28/61, advising Department had determined Oswald had not expatriated himself under the pertinent laws of the U. S.
- 982 \*Copy of "Operations Memorandum" to U. S. Embassy, Moscow, dated 12/28/61, approving manner of handling of Oswald's passport matter
- 983 \*Copy of "File Request Form" for Oswald's file dated 4/11/60
- 984 \*Copy of letter from Chief Justice Earl Warren to Dean Rusk dated 3/11/64, requesting complete background data on Oswald
- 985 \*Original letter from Abram Chayes to S. Lee Rankin enclosing a copy, with translations, of the 5/5/64, diplomatic note from Ambassador Dobrynin (USSR) to the Secretary of State with documents

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

6/1 64

DESCRIPTION

concerning sojourn and employment of Oswald  
in the Soviet Union, documents pertaining  
to departure of Oswald and wife from the  
USSR and medical documents concerning  
Lee Harvey Oswald and Marina Oswald

939

\*Copy of memorandum from Frances G. Knight  
to William C. Boswell dated 12/22/61,  
advising Oswald remains a citizen of the  
U.S. and did not expatriate himself,  
with entire, unmarked copy of this  
memorandum.



6/29/64

EXHIBIT NO.	COMMISSIONER'S EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	932	Copy of State Department Foreign Service Dispatch from American Embassy Moscow to Washington regarding Carnegie's request for return of his passport
Exhibit 57 in Volume III	936	Copy of Soviet Embassy file re Carnegie, furnished to the State Department, 11/20/33, with translation

Arlington Virginia

RECEIVED

JUN 16 1964

Criminal Division

June 12 1964	
129-11	
DEPT. OF JUSTICE	RECEIVED
JUN 15 1964	RECEIVED
CRIMINAL-GEN. CRIME SEC.	

Mr. Robert Kennedy.

Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy.

I have been waiting to see if members of the benevolent society that was officially, accepted by the Medical profession, would tell what is actually known by themselves. That your brother's death had already been agreed upon, but not until after, Civil Rights, and the Foreign Aid, bills, were passed. And that President Johnson is scheduled to die next. But after, those bills are passed.

I was in the presence, or within ear shot, of at least two, of a group of employees, of Castro Nostalgia, listening to your brother's speech. When a woman member, who I am sure I recognized, from past narrow escapes from the State paid, FIENDS of HELL.

Suddenly, your brother said, "And I intend to see. That the condition that developed in Cuba, does NOT develop HERE."

The woman's chair came down with a thud. "OH MY GOD. NOW, THEY'LL KILL HIM". She exclaimed. "THAT, WAS A FOOL THING TO SAY."

The other woman, (tall and with straight bebbed hair) asked. "What did you say?. WHO GAVE YOU THE RIGHT, TO MAKE SUCH AN OUT-CRY?."

" OH. I KNOW I'M ALWAYS TALKING OUT OF TURN. BUT THAT, WAS SO SUDDEN. IT SCARED ME." Answered the fat slob. (1)

" WHERE. WHO, GAVE YOU THE RIGHT?. WHO WILL KILL HIM?."

"THOSE MEN. THERE ARE ABOUT SIXTY. CASTROITES. ALL IN A GROUP. NEARBY.

WHERE HE WILL HAVE TO RIDE. THEY HAVE NOT JOINED US, YET. BUT ARE WITH, THE GANG, IN OVERTHROWING THIS GOVERNMENT. HE'LL (PRES. KENNEDY) WILL

ENCLOSURE

62-109061-3648

PROBABLY BE WELL GUARDED, THO." Said the fat one.

"NO, HE WONT. THEY'LL GET HIM FROM ABOVE." Was the reply. "But what I cant understand, with all your training, You would yell-out, a thing bound, to be spread over the WHOLE EARTH".

"I KNOW-O. Answered the fat one, BUT I DIDNT WANT, HIM KILLED, UNTIL AFTER THE FORIEGN AID, AND CIVIL RIGHTS BILLS PASSED."

Mr. Kennedy. These very people have been announcing PUBLICLY, that, "We, DO NOT ALLOW, ONE WHO REFUSES TO GO ALONG WITH US, IN THE OVERTHROW OF THIS G\*\* D\*\*\*\*\*, GOVERNMENT, TO BE INTERVIEWED. WE HAVE SECRETARIES IN EVERY OFFICE, WHO KEEP ANY AND ALL, EVIDENCE, THAT MIGHT CAUSE AN INVESTIGATION INTO OUR ACTIVITIES, FROM REACHING ITS DESTINATION. WE GUARANTEE, THAT THERE WILL BE, NO HEARING."

People KNOW, now. And come to me, saying, "OUR GOVERNMENT IS ABOUT GONE. THEY ARE ALL AFRAID OF THEIR HIDES." THAT, IS JUST WHAT I WAS TAUGHT IN CLASS ON SUBVERSION. " CAUSE FEAR. TORTURE. FILL OUR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, JAILS. TORTURE, UNTIL THE SALE OF ASPIRIN, SEDATIVES, AND LATER DOPE. HEROIN AND MORPHINE, ESPECIALLY, IS ALL THAT HELPS. (SO THEY'LL THINK.) BE CAUSE WE, HOLD STOCK IN MOST OF THOSE, AND THEY BRING MORE MONEY IN. EVERY CENT, ALMOST, IS PAID INTO OTHER, COMPANIES. AND SOON, WE WILL OWN, ALL IMPORTANT, FIRMS, BEFORE ANYONE WAKES UP."

You will be worked upon, to try to get you to consider this letter the work of a CRANK. But JUST ONE THING.

CONTACT, MR. HENRY GAGNON, PEOPLES DRUG STORE. SHIRLINGTON VA. Also. Mr. Daugherty, (Pharmacist) at, PEOPLES DRUG STORE. 129. 2901 Columbia Pike. Arlington Va.

The F.B.I. would NEVER, have asked me to come and help them find out, WHO IS FORCEING, DIRECTING and PROMOTING, SERIOUS CRIME,acts, UNLESS, they NEED HELP, and FEAR to TELL, or LACK WITNESSES. Please Dont let anyone keep you

from seeing me, for just thirty minutes. MY WITNESSES, have MUCH, you should KNOW. This time we can PROVE what we say.

Respectfully.

Mrs. Alice Whiteley

2800 So. Fifth Street.

Arlington Virginia.

Phone. Jackson-2-7737

PS. PLEASE TALK TO ME ALONE. ANY TIME. I will have other information for you.

Mr. Daugherity and Mr. Gagnen likely, do not know, of the plot on your on your brothers life, (Mr. Daugherity MIGHT) but will vouch for MY truthfulness, and BACK me, in my report on CRIME, who rules it, and HOW.

## Memorandum

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: June 23, 1964

FROM : Herbert J. Miller, Jr.  
Assistant Attorney General  
Criminal DivisionHJM:WEF:mms  
129-11SUBJECT: Citizens Mail

We are enclosing copy of letter from Mrs. Alice Whiteley, 2800 South Fifth Street, Arlington, Virginia, for your information.

ENCLOSURE

let to Rankin & Secret Service  
KMR. loss 12-30-641 cert list retained  
as hidden

REC-18

62-109060

7-2  
JUN 23 1964

FBI

REC'D DE LOUCH

CORRESPONDENCE

JUN 23 1964

EX-110-000

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-2



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Tamm  
1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Mohr  
1 - Mr. Bishop  
1 - Mr. Casper  
1 - Mr. Callahan  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Felt  
1 - Mr. Gale  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Tavel  
1 - Mr. Trotter  
1 - Tele. Room  
1 - Mr. Holmes  
1 - Miss Gandy

June 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

62-109060-3398

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a letter bearing the name Mrs. Alice Whiteley furnished to this Bureau by letter dated June 23, 1964, from Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, U. S. Department of Justice.

Mrs. Whiteley has corresponded with this Bureau since 1957. However, her letters have not been acknowledged due to the rambling, incoherent information contained in her communications.

A copy of Mrs. Whiteley's communication is being furnished to Secret Service Headquarters and no further action is being taken by this Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060

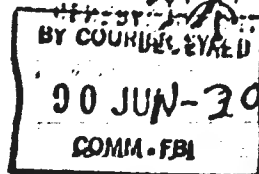
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

1 - 62-95002 U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

KMR:lag (9)

Enclosures (2)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO



66 JUL 8 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUN 30 2 46 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-95002-29

NOTE:

Bureau files reveal Mrs. Whiteley has corresponded with us since 1957 and it appears she is a deeply mentally disturbed individual. She has presented lengthy written letters regarding psychiatric therapists, Al Capone, the Mafia, perversions, hypnotism, Kremlin agents, none of which make sense. She appeared at the Bureau on March 30, 1960, to present one of these lengthy letters and it was the observation of the interviewing Agent that she was a woman of more than 60 years of age. We have not acknowledged any of her previous communications and in view of the fact the Department has not acknowledged this one, we therefore, are not acknowledging it. A copy of Mrs. Whiteley's letter is being furnished to Secret Service Headquarters.

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Office, Room 7133
- 1 - Mr. Cunningham

DATE: 6/26/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS,  
TEXAS, 11/22/63

*Special Agent* *Testimony*

On 3/11/64, SA Cortlandt Cunningham testified before the President's Commission regarding the ease in which the assassination rifle can be assembled and disassembled. He also demonstrated before the Commission that this rifle can be assembled using a dime.

A transcript of his testimony was recently received from the Commission. The transcript has been reviewed and minor transcribing errors have been corrected.

On 6/26/64, SA Cunningham had a conference with Mr. Joseph Ball, staff member of the President's Commission, at which time the revisions were discussed with him. Mr. Ball stated that he had no objection to any of the proposed changes and advised that they will be incorporated into the Commission's official record.

For your information, a xerox copy of the corrected transcript is attached.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley

ENCLOSURE

CC:bsm (8)

66 JUL 8 1964

PERS. REC. UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

62-109060-3399

JUL 1 1964

FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF  
DATE

Where you? Were you at the kitchen door and the automobile was in the driveway, what is the distance between yourself and Mr. Coward?

Mrs. Randle: Sir, I can't know. The carport will take care of the cars, and the other side of the carport is the open in between space.

Mr. Jenner: Car what?

Mrs. Randle: Car 12.

Mr. Jenner: Was it a car?

Mrs. Randle: It was not cloudy, but there wasn't any I mean it wasn't dark or anything like that.

Mr. Jenner: Would you be good enough as you can recall can you recall what the fabric of the jacket was that Mr. Coward had on this morning, was it wool or wool or gabardine? Cotton?

Mrs. Randle: Probably cotton or gabardine, something like that that would repel water probably, and that is just my own opinion.

Mr. Jenner: That is your present recollection?

Mrs. Randle: Yes, sir.

Mr. Jenner: Thank you.

The Chairman: Mrs. Randle, thank you very much for coming, you may be excused.

Mr. Bell: Will you state your name for the record?

Mr. Cunningham: Cordell Cunningham.

Declassified

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-3399



The witness, Mr. Cunningham, you raise your right hand and be sworn, please. Do you solemnly swear the testimony given before this Commission will be the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God.

Mr. Cunningham,





Mr. Ball: Mr. Cunningham:

What is your business?

Mr. Cunningham: I am

Mr. Ball: What is your

Mr. Cunningham: I am

in the Firearms Identification Unit.

Mr. Ball: There is a

Commission No. 139. It has been in your custody, hasn't it?

Mr. Cunningham: It has.

Mr. Ball: You brought it over here this morning?

Mr. Cunningham: I did.

Mr. Ball: And I requested you to assemble it?

Mr. Cunningham: I did.

Mr. Ball: Let's take it out of the sack and put it before

the Commission.

Do you need any special tools to assemble this rifle?

Mr. Cunningham: No, sir.

Mr. Ball: I notice you have a screwdriver there. Can

you assemble it without the use of a screwdriver?

Mr. Cunningham: Yes, sir.

Mr. Ball: What can you use?

Mr. Cunningham: Any object that would fit the slots on

the trigger that retain the piece to the action.

Mr. Ball: Could you do it with a ten cent piece?

[REDACTED]

Dr. C. C. Inglish, M.D.

Mr. Bull. Will you (that -- about how long will it take you?)

Mr. Cunningham. ~~Yes, I know I can do it, but~~

I have never been, killed ~~by~~ using a knife. I have been

USING REQUIRE  
perpendicular which a little over two minutes

Mr. Hall. Two minutes with a record player.

They sit with the dance id let's see how long it takes

May. Start now.

Einminuten

Mr. Cunningham. I think I can improve on that.

Mr. Hall. And the col. tool you used was a ball cone piece.

Mr. Cunningham. Yes, in 1902.

Mr. Fall. That is all.

Senator Cooper: Does the poll work all right now?

WITH REGARDS TO -- NAMELY

Mr. Cunningham, also in article 1 the top portion of the section and the top strata have trouble getting them engaged on this particular model.

## The Children of Year

Mr. Cunningham. That is the case. One however  
 on this weapon. On that over there, 12  
 right on ~~when~~ when I put it together a little while  
 as much faster.

Q. The Chairman? Yes. What is a weapon? A. A thing that is used to kill or hurt people.

7-1. Cunningham, 1911 is the assassination weapon

Mr. Ball. This is the weapon found on the sixth floor  
of the Texas Look Depository.

The Chairman. May I ask, have you fired it?

Mr. Cunningham. Many times.

The Chairman. That has been fired many times?

Mr. Ballin. You can disassemble it in a lesser amount of  
time, I assume.

Mr. Cunningham. Definitely, it comes apart much faster.

I can do it for you.

The Chairman. I understand with a lever-driven you put the  
rifle together in two minutes.

Mr. Cunningham. Yes, if, a few seconds over two minutes;

sometimes around two and a quarter, two and a-half minutes.

The Chairman. Yes.

Mr. Cunningham. And I am sure I can disassemble it faster  
the second time with a dime than I did the last time but I did  
have trouble with that one retaining screw.

The Chairman. Is there anything more you have on this?

Mr. Ball. No.

The Chairman. Anybody?

Well, Agent Cunningham, thank you very much, sir.

Mr. Cunningham. Thank you, sir.

The Chairman. Gentlemen, if there are no further witnesses  
today, we will adjourn for the day, and we will meet tomorrow  
morning at nine o'clock for the purpose of taking further



(Enclosure, at 12:45

a.m., the Commission produced, to

telephone at 9:00 a.m., 21

today, March 12, 1964.)

FBI

Date: 6/19/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)

FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka  
IS - R - CUBA

Ph. X Willis Dallas, Texas

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is a series of 12 35 mm color slides taken by PHILLIP L. WILLIS captioned "ASSASSINATION IN DALLAS - NOVEMBER 22, 1963. The Last 25 Seconds of Happiness in the Life of President Kennedy - And The Tragedy." Also enclosed is a sheet of paper bearing a self-explanatory description of the assassination and a brief description of each slide in sequence.

For the information of the Bureau, the Dallas Office during the course of contacting the various members of the Dallas Cinema Associates was informed by Mrs. IRVING GEWERTZ that she had been in contact with PHIL WILLIS, 2824 Ava Lane, Dallas, Texas, and informed that he had taken 35 mm color slides in the area of the Texas School Book Depository building on 11/22/63 as the Presidential motorcade was passing this location.

On 6/18/64, PHILLIP L. WILLIS, 2824 Ava Lane, Dallas, Texas, furnished the above enclosures. WILLIS stated that on 11/22/63 he took up a position on the northwest corner of Houston and Main Streets and took several pictures from this position. He then moved north on Houston Street to a position opposite the Dallas County Jail and snapped a picture of the President's car as it passed. He then ran north on Houston Street and west on Elm Street stopping at a location across from the Texas School Book Depository where he took

③ - Bureau (Enc. 1)

2 - Dallas

ARS:vm

(5)

ENCLOSURE

Enclosure retained in file

REC-18

62-109060-3400

10 JUN 22 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

M

MOVIE SECTION



DL 100-10461

several other pictures. Following the assassination, WILLIS stated he remained in the area approximately one hour and took additional pictures of the assassination scene.

WILLIS informed that after he had finished taking his pictures he proceeded to Eastman Kodak Company to have his film developed. He stated while at Eastman Kodak Company, FORREST V. SORRELS of the Secret Service came to the Eastman Kodak Company and inquired regarding any pictures taken during the time the Presidential motorcade was passing in the vicinity of the Texas School Book Depository building. He said after his film was developed he turned it over to Mr. SORRELS, who kept it for about a month and then returned it to him.

WILLIS advised he incorporated under the name of ~~PHIL~~ WILLIS ENTERPRISES, Post Office Box 17266, Dallas, Texas 75217, and has made arrangements to market the enclosed 12 series of slides.

WILLIS furnished the enclosed slides which are copies of his original film and informed they were copied by Fox - Stanley Photo Products, Incorporated, 1734 Broadway, San Antonio 6, Texas. He stated these slides need not be returned to him nor the printed sheet which is also enclosed. WILLIS stated the printed sheet will also be packaged with the slides when marketed.

It is suggested the Bureau may desire to view the enclosed slides and, if they depict anything of significance, should make appropriate copies for dissemination, both to the President's Commission and to the Dallas Office.

The complete interview of WILLIS will be contained in the next Dallas report submitted in captioned matter.

# ASSASSINATION IN DALLAS

NOVEMBER 22, 1963

THE LAST 25 SECONDS OF HAPPINESS IN THE LIFE OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY  
- AND THE TRAGEDY.

THE TRAGIC EVENTS IN DALLAS ON NOVEMBER 22, 1963 FOLLOWED A WARM AND HEARTY WELCOME OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, HIS LOVELY WIFE JACQUELINE, VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON AND LADY BIRD, TEXAS GOVERNOR AND MRS. JOHN CONNALLY, AND THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

THE MOTORCADE THROUGH THE STREETS OF DALLAS WAS PHOTOGRAPHED MANY TIMES, BUT VERY FEW PICTURES EXIST OF THE FATEFUL SECONDS WHEN THE LIFE OF A YOUNG AND VIGOROUS PRESIDENT WAS BRUTALLY TERMINATED BY THE ASSASSIN'S BULLETS. THIS SERIES OF COLOR SLIDES, ALL TAKEN BY A DALLAS AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHER, IS AUTHENTIC AND HAS NEVER BEEN PUBLISHED BEFORE. THE ONLY OTHER KNOWN PICTURES OF THE TRAGEDY WERE PURCHASED AND PUBLISHED BY SYNDICATED MEDIA. THE PHOTOGRAPHER OF THIS SERIES TURNED HIS SLIDES OVER TO THE U.S. SECRET SERVICE IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE TRAGEDY, AND CHOSE TO WAIT A FEW MONTHS BEFORE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC. THIS IS THE ONLY EXISTING COMPLETE SERIES COVERING THE LAST 25 SECONDS OF HAPPINESS IN THE LIFE OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, THE TRAGEDY AND IMMEDIATE AFTERMATH.

FOLLOWING IS A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF EACH SLIDE IN SEQUENCE

## SLIDE ONE

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAR PASSING THE DALLAS COUNTY COURTHOUSE ON MAIN AT HOUSTON STREET, CHEERING CROWDS LINE THE STREETS, GREETING THE YOUNG PRESIDENT ENTHUSIASTICALLY. HIS HAPPINESS IS TO LAST ONLY 25 SHORT SECONDS FROM THIS POINT.

## SLIDE TWO

PRESIDENTIAL CAR HAS TURNED ONTO HOUSTON STREET. THE AFFECTION SHOWN JOHN F. KENNEDY IS WARMLY RETURNED BY THE PRESIDENT. HIS WELL KNOWN SMILE CHARMS THE SPECTATORS. ARROW POINTS TO LYNDON B. JOHNSON.

## SLIDE THREE

THE MOTORCADE IS APPROACHING THE FINAL TURN ONTO ELM STREET, LEADING TO THE TRIPLE UNDERPASS TOWARDS STEMMONS EXPRESSWAY AND MARKET HALL, WHERE THE PRESIDENT WAS TO ADDRESS A GATHERING OF DALLASITES. THE BRUTAL ASSASSIN COWERS JUST A BLOCK AWAY AT THE NEXT INTERSECTION.

## SLIDE FOUR

NOW ON ELM STREET IN FRONT OF THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY, THE KENNEDYS AND CONNALLYS RADIATE HAPPINESS, JUST 3 SECONDS BEFORE THE ASSASSIN'S FIRST SHOT FINDS ITS MARK. THIS WAS PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S LAST WAVE.

## SLIDE FIVE

ACCORDING TO EYEWITNESSES AND VERIFIED BY INVESTIGATORS, THIS SLIDE WAS TAKEN AT THE EXACT INSTANT THE FIRST BULLET STRUCK THE PRESIDENT FROM BEHIND. ARROW POINTS TO PRESIDENT.

## SLIDE SIX

TWO MORE SHOTS FROM THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING SENT FRIGHTENED BYSTANDERS TO THE GROUND AND COMPLETED THE TRAGEDY WHICH SHOOK THE WORLD WITH A TREMOR OF SHOCK, TERROR AND DISBELIEF. AFTER SLIGHT HESITATION, THE MOTORCADE SPED TOWARDS PARKLAND HOSPITAL WITH THE WOUNDED GOVERNOR AND DEAD PRESIDENT. ARROW POINTS TO SECRET SERVICE AIDE CLIMBING ONTO PRESIDENTIAL CAR.

## SLIDE SEVEN

THE RESULTING CONFUSION AND HORROR WERE INDESCRIBABLE. THE SMALL CROWD AT THE ASSASSINATION SITE STILL HAD NOT GRASPED THE FULL IMPACT OF THE HAPPENINGS. THE BUS SHOWN HERE CARRIED THE WHITE HOUSE PRESS CORPS.

## SLIDE EIGHT

POLICE LOST NO TIME IN STARTING THE SEARCH FOR THE ASSASSIN. THE SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY IS SURROUNDED.

## SLIDE NINE

WHILE PART OF THE POLICE FORCE KEPT A TIGHT WATCH ON THE BUILDING, THE REST SEALED OFF THE WHOLE AREA. ALMOST MAGICALLY, SHOTGUNS, SUBMACHINE GUNS ETC. SEEMED TO APPEAR FROM NOWHERE.

62-109060-3400  
ENCLOSURE

#### **SLIDE TEN**

POSSIBLE SUSPECTS WERE QUESTIONED AND RELEASED IF FOUND NOT INVOLVED, WHILE OTHERS WERE TAKEN TO HEADQUARTERS FOR FURTHER QUESTIONING. IN THE MEANTIME, THE BIGGEST MAN HUNT IN DALLAS HISTORY IS UNDER WAY.

#### **SLIDE ELEVEN**

AT THIS TIME, EVEN THOUGH HE WAS ALREADY MILES AWAY, THE ASSASSIN WAS STILL THOUGHT TO BE IN THE BUILDING.

#### **SLIDE TWELVE**

FROM THIS WINDOW OF THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING IN DALLAS, TEXAS- SEE ARROW- THE ASSASSIN FIRED THE THREE SHOTS WHICH SO SUDDENLY ENDED THE LIFE AND CAREER OF JOHN F. KENNEDY, CRITICALLY WOUNDED THE GOVERNOR OF TEXAS, JOHN CONNALLY, AND CAUSED GRIEF AND MOURNING IN ALL CIVILIZED NATIONS.

.....

MAY THESE SLIDES SERVE AS A PERMANENT RECORD OF THE LAST MOMENTS IN THE LIFE OF A GREAT MAN OF COURAGE, AND A HISTORICAL EVENT UNPARALLELED IN OUR LIFETIME. TO THIS END, THIS SERIES IS DEDICATED.



- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

June 29, 1964

By Courier Service

REC-18

62-109060-3400

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

JUN 29 2 50 PM '64  
 REC'D-READING ROOM  
 UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-29

This Bureau has obtained a set of 35 millimeter color slides that are being marketed by Phil Willis Enterprises, Post Office Box 17266, Dallas, Texas. These slides were made from 35 millimeter photographs taken by Mr. Phillip L. Willis on November 22, 1963.

Willis has advised that he was on the northwest corner of Houston and Main Streets and took several pictures from this position. He then moved north on Houston Street to a position opposite the Dallas County Jail and took a picture of the President's car as it passed. He then ran north on Houston Street and west on Elm Street stopping at a location across from the Texas School Book Depository where he took several pictures.

One of the slides is described by Willis as follows:

BY COURIER SVC.  
88 JUN 29  
COMM-FBI

According to eyewitnesses and verified by investigators, this slide was taken at the exact instant the first bullet struck the President from behind.

Examination in the FBI Laboratory shows that this photograph contains no specific evidence of a shot.

- Tele. Room
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

1 - Dallas (100-10461)

62-109060

NOTE FOR DALLAS:

The Dallas Office should obtain three additional sets of these slides and furnish them to the Bureau attention FBI Laboratory. These are the slides submitted with your airtel 6/19/64.

79 JUL 1 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

These slides are available for your review  
if you desire.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 2 1964  
TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC 0724

FBI PHOENIX

43L

431 PM

URGENT

6-30-64 WJC

TO DIRECTOR \62-109060\ AND NEW YORK \89-75\  
FROM PHOENIX \89-42\ 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.  
MISCELLANEOUS, INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL TO BUREAU JUNE TWENTYSEVEN LAST.

INVESTIGATION PHOENIX UNABLE TO SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFY  
QUOTE DR. THORNE UNQUOTE. RECORDS ARIZONA STATE MEDICAL  
ASSOCIATION, SCOTTSDALE ARIZONA REFLECT A DR. IRVING JAMES  
THORNE APPLIED FOR M.D. LICENSE IN ARIZONA IN MARCH,  
FIFTYTHREE ALTHOUGH APPLICATION NEVER COMPLETED. DR. IRVING  
JAMES THORNE, ONE FIVE ZERO EAST FIFTYSIXTH STREET, NYC  
LICENSED IN STATES NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA. REC-6

FOR INFO NEW YORK, IN RETEL ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, AKA  
STEPEN REMETA, ONE ONE ONE EIGHT THIRD STREET, SANTA MONICA,  
END PAGE ONE

8 JUL 2 1964

6-100  
RELAYED TO

3401

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

PAGE TWO

PX 89-42

CALIFORNIA STATED HE SUFFERED NERVOUS BREAKDOWN IN  
NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE AND A QUOTE DR. THORNE UNQUOTE OF  
PHOENIX DIAGNOSED HIS TROUBLE AS SUCH.

REYNOLDS DESCRIBED WMA, DB DECEMBER EIGHT, NINETEEN  
THIRTEEN, PERTH AMBY, N.J., FIVE FEET NINE AND ONE HALF  
INCHES, ONE FIVE ZERO POUNDS, BLUE EYES, BROWN AND GRAY  
THINNING HAIR. SSN FIVE SIX FOUR DASH ONE EIGHT DASH  
THREE NINE TWO THREE, AFSN THREE NINE ONE THREE ZERO ZERO  
SEVEN SEVEN.

NEW YRK INTERVIEW DR. IRVING JAMES THORNE RE REYNOLDS  
IF EVER HIS PATIENT.

PHOENIX TO SUBMIT INSERT.

DALLAS AND LOS ANGELES ADVISED AM.

END

CORR PG-2-WORD 3 OF LINE-5 PERTH AMBOY

END

WA NHH FBI WASH DC RELAH

15

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 1 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

4-48PM URGENT 7-1-64 RAP

TO NEW YORK \89-75\ PHOENIX \89-42\

UNREC.

FROM DIRECTOR \62-109060\ 2 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO  
SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION  
CONCERNING.

RELATEL TO BUREAU JUNE TWENTYSEVEN LAST AND PHOENIX TEL  
TO BUREAU AND NEW YORK JUNE THIRTY LAST.

FOR THE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF NEW YORK, REQUEST  
RECEIVED FROM THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION RELATING TO ROBERT  
S. REYNOLDS WHO REQUESTED OPPORTUNITY TO APPEAR BEFORE THE  
COMMISSION BASED ON ALLEGED INFORMATION HE HAD RE THE ASSASSINATION  
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY WHICH WAS ESTABLISHED IN THE EARLY MONTHS  
OF ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN. THE COMMISSION DESIRED REYNOLDS BE  
INTERVIEWED, AND BUREAU DESIRES ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WHICH  
MAY INDICATE ANY INSTABILITY RE REYNOLDS. THIS MATTER IS TO  
BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY AND RESULTS OF YOUR INQUIRIES ARE TO BE  
FURNISHED TO THE BUREAU IN A LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM. PHOENIX  
END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

FURNISH THE BUREAU RESULTS OF YOUR INQUIRY IN A LETTERHEAD  
MEMORANDUM AS THE BUREAU WILL DISSEMINATE DIRECTLY TO THE  
PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION PRECLUDING THE USE OF INSERTS FOR REPORT.  
THIS MATTER MUST BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY IN VIEW OF THE  
ANTICIPATED EARLY CONCLUSION OF THE INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY  
THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION. AIR MAIL COPY SENT TO DALLAS.

END ACK PLS

AND SHD BE NY //11// CORR PAGE TWO FIRST LINE WD 7 SHD BE "INQUIRY"

NY DAE

FBI NEW YORK

7-1-64

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Raupach

TO SACS NEW YORK (89-75)  
PHOENIX (89-42)

REC-18

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100060)

UNREC.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO  
SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION  
CONCERNING.

RELATEL TO BUREAU JUNE TWENTYSEVEN LAST AND PHOENIX TEL  
TO BUREAU AND NEW YORK JUNE THIRTY LAST.

FOR THE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF NEW YORK, REQUEST  
RECEIVED FROM THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION RELATING TO ROBERT  
S. REYNOLDS WHO REQUESTED OPPORTUNITY TO APPEAR BEFORE THE  
COMMISSION BASED ON ALLEGED INFORMATION HE HAD RE THE ASSASSINATION  
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY WHICH WAS ESTABLISHED IN THE EARLY MONTHS  
OF ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN. THE COMMISSION DESIRED REYNOLDS BE  
INTERVIEWED, AND BUREAU DESIRES ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WHICH  
MAY INDICATE ANY INSTABILITY RE REYNOLDS. THIS MATTER IS TO BE  
HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY AND RESULTS OF YOUR INQUIRIES ARE TO BE  
FURNISHED TO THE BUREAU IN A LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM.

PHOENIX 11:01

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

1 - Dallas (39-43)

KMR/map

(4)

COPIES DESTROYED

(SEE PAGE TWO FOR NOTE)

44 JAN 3 1964

29 JUL 6 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

U. S. BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 1 1964

TELETYPE



Teletype to SACS, New York, Phoenix  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

FURNISH THE BUREAU RESULTS OF YOUR INQUIRY IN A LETTERHEAD  
MEMORANDUM AS THE BUREAU WILL DISSEMINATE DIRECTLY TO THE  
PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION PRECLUDING THE USE OF INSERTS FOR REPORT.  
THIS MATTER MUST BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY IN VIEW OF THE  
ANTICIPATED EARLY CONCLUSION OF THE INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY  
THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION. AIR MAIL COPY SENT TO DALLAS.

NOTE:

This matter pertains to a request by the Commission dated  
6-24-64 in which the Commission stated they received a telegram  
from Robert S. Reynolds of Santa Monica, California. Reynolds  
requested an opportunity to appear before the Commission as he  
alleged the assassination of President Kennedy was established  
in March, 1957. Based on original information furnished, there  
was no record in Bureau files. However, as the results of  
Los Angeles inquiry, it is now established that Reynolds served  
six months in ~~August~~ 1942 in violation of Selective Service Act.  
It appears there is some question as to his mental  
stability. Los Angeles interviewed Reynolds who indicated he  
suffered a nervous breakdown in 1953 and Dr. Thorne of Phoenix treated  
him. Phoenix advised Thorne possibly located in New York. Phoenix  
indicated they were sending inserts, however this matter is being  
handled at the Bureau and will not appear in report which necessitates  
LHM.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 1 1964

TELETYPE

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.

Washington, D.C. 20002

Telephone: 543-1400

EARL WARREN,

Chairman

ARTHUR B. RUSSELL

JOHN SHEPHERD COOPER

HALE BRYAN

GEORGE J. FORD

JOHN J. MCCLOY

ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Evans  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

JUN 3

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On June 10, 1964 this Commission received a telegram from Mrs. Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma in which she stated that Mr. William Keester, an Oklahoma City detective told one Jim Standard, an Oklahoma City reporter, that there were many things that he, Keester, had to say about the attempted assassination of Major General Edwin A. Walker. Mr. Keester was reported to have said that, however, he was afraid to tell Mr. Standard what those things were.

We would appreciate it very much if you would interview Mr. Standard and Mr. Keester to determine whether or not there is any truth in the allegations made by Mrs. Martin.

In this connection we note the report of Special Agent Grimes dated January 23, 1964 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma which reflects an interview with Mr. Cliff Roberts, who allegedly acted in partnership with Mr. Keester in an investigation which they conducted in the attempted assassination of General Walker.

Your continued cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

UNREC.

19 JUL 1 1964

JUL 2 1964

7-1-64

AIRTEL

1 - Mr. Raupach

TO: SAC, Oklahoma City (89-41)  
 FROM: Director, FBI (62-109060) -3402

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed for Oklahoma City is one copy of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated June 30, 1964, requesting interviews with Mr. Jim Standard and Mr. William Keester.

This matter should be handled immediately and appropriate letterhead memorandum furnished to the Bureau suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission. Insure accuracy to preclude revisions or corrections by the Bureau. It will not be necessary to furnish Dallas inserts for report due to Bureau dissemination.

1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enclosure)

KMR/map  
 (5)

NOTE:

The Commission requested by letter dated June 30, 1964, that Mr. William Keester, an Oklahoma City detective, and Mr. Jim Standard, an Oklahoma City reporter, be interviewed. Commission received a telegram from Mrs. Shirley Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma. Martin has sent numerous communications to the Bureau all of which have been furnished to the Commission previously. In her telegram to the Commission, she indicated that Mr. William Keester told Mr. Jim Standard, that there were many things that he Keester, had to say about the attempted assassination of General Walker. Keester was reported to have said, however, he was afraid to tell Mr. Standard what those things were.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

JUL 6 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

MAILED 30

JUL 1 - 1964

COMM-FBI

XEROX

JUL 2 1964

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

SAC, Chicago (62-6115)

June 25, 1964

Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

Reference is made to Chicago letter dated 12/9/63, covering the shipment to the FBI Laboratory of two 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano Italian military rifles, Model 91/38, of the type used by Leo Harvey Oswald.

One of the submitted rifles, having serial number AR2346 (submitted as AR2346), is identical to Oswald's rifle. The second rifle, serial number UC5209 (submitted as HC5209) is different from Oswald's rifle in that the inscription "Bretta Gardone" appears on the top of the barrel instead of a trademark or proof mark.

It would be appreciated if an Agent of the Chicago Office would again contact Klein's Sporting Goods, 227 West Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois, and purchase two additional rifles having the same physical characteristics and markings as Oswald's rifle. For your assistance, there are enclosed nine photographs of Oswald's rifle. The telescopic sight should be mounted in the position shown in the photographs.

For your information, the sling is not standard equipment and need not be obtained; however, it is desired that the sling mountings be positioned on the side of the stock rather than on the bottom as sometimes occurs.

The rifles, if obtained, and any correspondence in connection with them should be directed to the attention of Assistant Director Ivan W. Conrad, FBI Laboratory. The enclosed photographs should be returned.

Enclosures (9)

RAF-BLM (5)

REC-18

XEROX

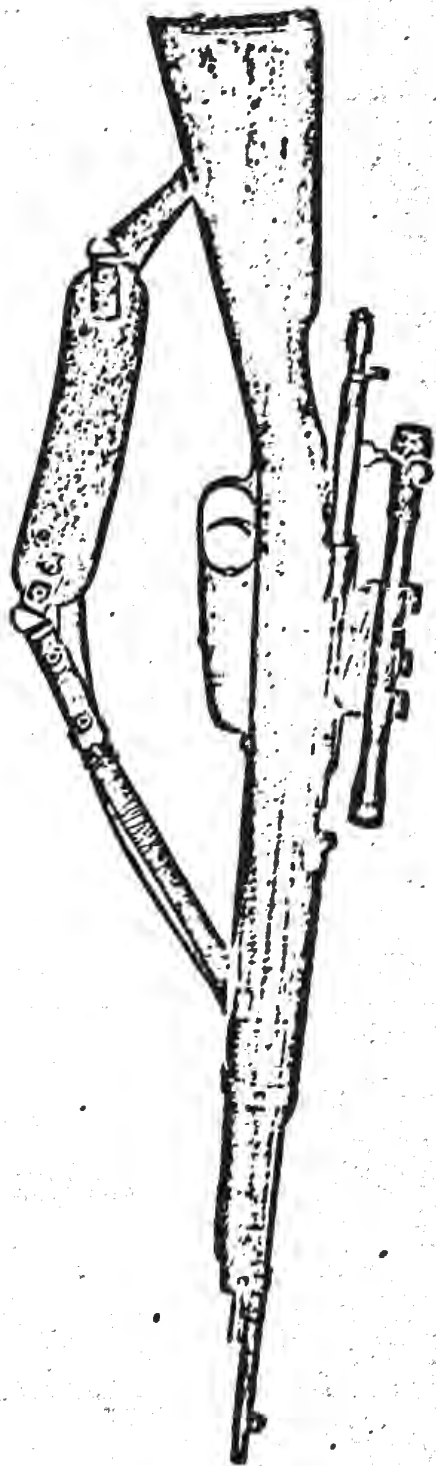
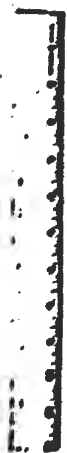
JUL 25 1964  
JUN 25 1964  
COMM-FBI

RECEIVED JUL 1 1964

79 JUL 6 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105



62-109060-3403

ENCLOSURE



62-109060-3415

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-340

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-3465

ENCLOSURE

RECEIVED  
FBI LABORATORY  
JAN 10 1962

RECEIVED  
FBI LABORATORY  
JAN 10 1962

K 1  
FBI  
LABORATORY

62-109060-34

ENCLOSURE



62-109060-31

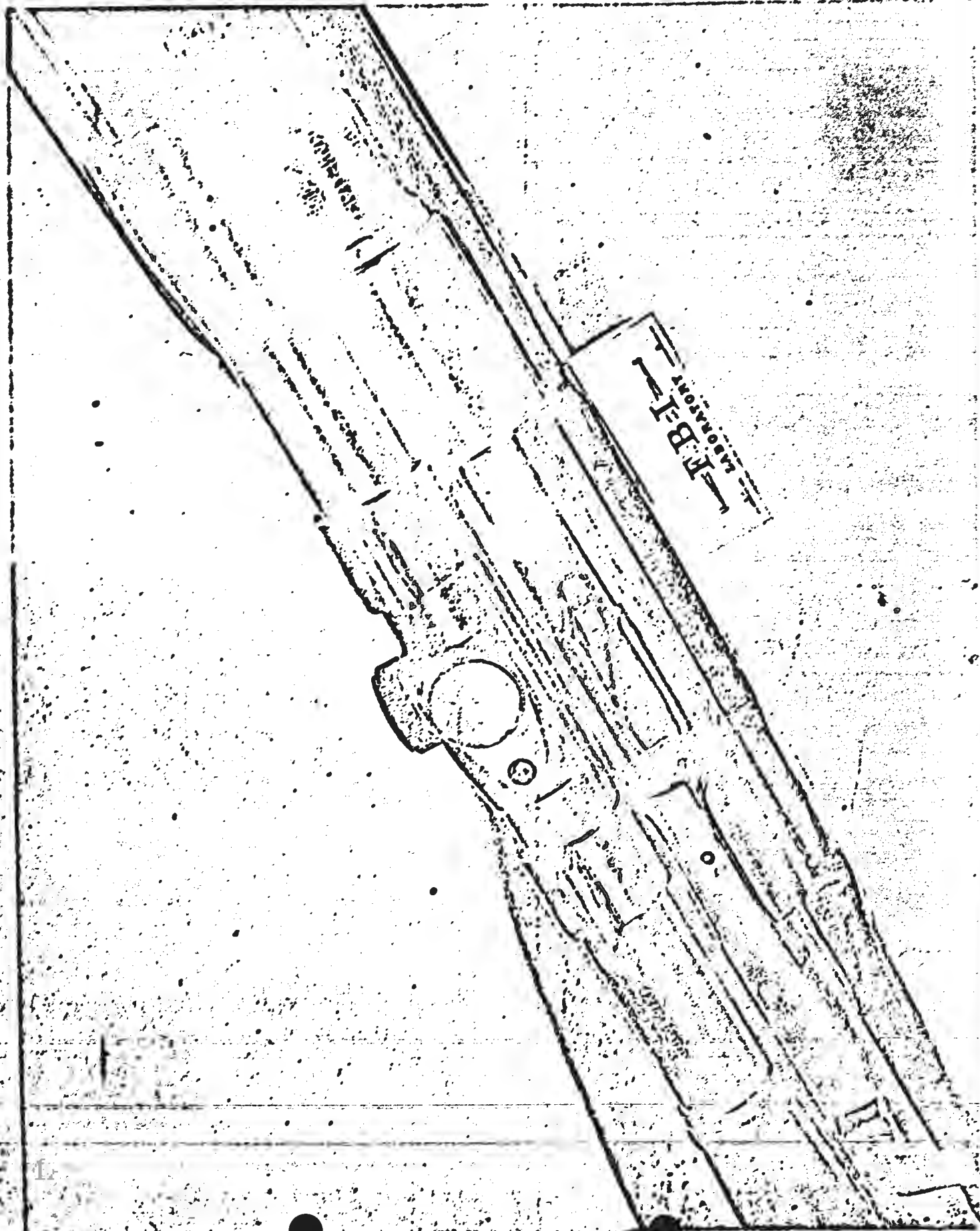
ENCLOSURE



U 2786

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-2411



ENCLOSURE 62-109060-341

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 20 1964

TELETYPE *sub*

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI KAN CITY

845 AM URGENT 6-26-64 ESR

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060

FROM KANSAS CITY 62-8156 1P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. MISCELLANEOUS  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBUTEL JUNE TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYFOUR. DOLLAR BILL INVOLVED  
SECURED BY SECRET SERVICE AND INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED BY  
THAT AGENCY.

END

WA LLD

FBI WASH DC

REC-18

62-109060-3404

11 JUL 2 1964

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

79 JUL 6 - 1964 *mf*

7/2/64

1 - Mr. Raupach

airtel

To: SAC, Minneapolis (62-3164)

From: Director, FBI (62-109030)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING**

ReBuairtel to Minneapolis 6/12/64.

By return airtel advise if Walter J. Strong, Deerwood, Minnesota, has been interviewed as instructed in reairtel. If this matter has not been completed, it should be handled immediately and a copy of the insert you are furnishing to Dallas for inclusion in report should be sent to the Bureau. However, if a communication has been sent advise date of transmittal. Expedite.

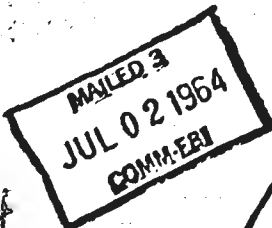
1 - Dallas (89-43)(Info)

KMR:imt

(5) *imt*

NOTE: A letter was received from Walter J. Strong, P. O. Box 176, Deerwood, Minnesota. In substance he states he is a green country boy who has an idea that the Bureau has not "looked under all of the stones which hides facts connected with the death of John F. Kennedy our late President." Strong was not identified in Bufiles and Minnesota in referenced airtel was instructed to keep the Bureau appropriately advised however no information has been received to date.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_



*hmk*  
*js*  
REC 51  
62-109060-3405  
JUL 2 1964

JUL 9 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 6/23/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRMAIL AIRTEL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: *File* SAC, KANSAS CITY (100-11958) C

RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECT;  
THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT  
November 15, 1963

*Shelton*  
*R. H. H. H.*

Enclosed herewith are four copies of a letterhead memorandum dated 6/23/64, suitable for dissemination. SAC VINCENT MROZ, U.S. Secret Service, Kansas City, Missouri was advised of this threat at 2:28 PM, 6/23/64.

Letterhead memorandum was furnished the Secret Service, Kansas City Office, on 6/23/64.

(3) Bureau (Encs. 4) (AM) (RM)  
1-Kansas City  
RRG:nks  
(4)

*LHM retyped for  
connections  
all copies destroyed  
6-30-64  
cc returned to KC July  
07 6/30/64*

*led to Pres. Comm.  
6-30-64  
KMR:las*

*cc to [unclear]  
0-146 6/30/64  
[unclear]*

*cc to KC  
6/30 connection  
[unclear]*

ENCLOSURE

ST-117

JUN 25 1964

100-11958-3406

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Kansas City, Missouri  
June 23, 1964

UNKNOWN SUBJECT;  
THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT  
NOVEMBER 15, 1963

At 2:21 PM, June 23, 1964, Mr. John Havens, Clerk, IGA Store, Hugoton, Kansas, telephonically advised he had just discovered a dollar bill in the cash receipts on which the words, "I'm going to kill the president, Nov. 15, 1963," appeared on the back. Havens stated in the center of the bill were some initials which were illegible. He said the wording was printed in legible blue ink. Havens advised he would retain this bill until proper authorities picked it up.

This information was furnished to Special Agent in Charge Vincent Mroz, U. S. Secret Service, Kansas City, Missouri at 2:28 PM, June 23, 1964.

6-25-64

PLAIN TEXT

1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadi-  
gan)

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Raupach

TO SAC, KANSAS CITY

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) — 3406

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.REURAIRTEL JUNE TWENTY THREE, LAST, CAPTIONED QUOTE UNSUB,  
THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT NOVEMBER FIFTEEN, SIXTY THREE END  
QUOTE.ADVISE THE BUREAU BY RETURN TELETYPE WHETHER THE DOLLAR  
BILL LOCATED AT THE IGA STORE, HUGOTON, KANSAS, HAS BEEN  
OBTAINED BY SECRET SERVICE. IF THIS BILL IS STILL IN THE  
POSSESSION OF MR. JOHN HAVENS, OBTAIN THE BILL AND IMMEDIATELY  
SUBMIT IT TO THE LABORATORY FOR AN APPROPRIATE EXAMINATION.  
EXPEDITE.

COPIES DESTROYED

JUN 25 1964

TELETYPE

KMR:las  
(4)

44 JAN 3 1973

NOTE: By airtel 6-23-64, Kansas City enclosed a letterhead  
memorandum which stated on 6-23-64, Mr. John Havens, clerk, IGA  
Store, Hugoton, Kansas, advised of the discovery of a dollar  
bill in cash receipts on which was written the words "I'm  
going to kill the President, Nov. 15, 1963." This was printed  
on the back. The center of the bill also contained initials which  
were illegible. There was no indication if this bill was  
furnished to anyone as the proprietor stated he would retain  
the bill until proper authorities picked it up. Information  
was furnished to Secret Service Kansas City and letterhead  
memorandum enclosed with referenced airtel being furnished to  
Secret Service Headquarters.Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

29 JUL 6 - 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

# Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 6-23-64

FROM : Legat, Paris (62-148) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Paris letter 5-27-64.

On 6-22-64 telephonic inquiry of the publisher revealed that a decision still has not been reached as to whether or not "OSWALD, L'IMPOSSIBLE ASSASSIN" by JOACHIM JOESTEN will be published. An unidentified female stated that at the present time there is considerable doubt that the book will be published.

This case is therefore being placed in an RUC status, and if the book should appear in the future, we will obtain a copy and furnish it to the Bureau.

3 - Bureau (1 - Liaison Section)  
1 - Paris  
REP:HD  
(4)

REC 8] 62-109060-3407

1 JUL 2 1964

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

JUL 1 2 1964

RECEIVED

79 JUL 8 - 1964

File - 5

## Memorandum

DATE: 6/30/64

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/23/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS-INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to NY, 6/15/64, and NY telephone call  
to New Haven, 6/15/64.

Re: RUSSELL HOWLAND,  
363 Grand Avenue,  
Brooklyn, NY

Enclosed for the Dallas Office are 25 copies of  
an investigative insert consisting of two pages each  
concerning the above captioned matter.

One copy of this insert is being furnished the  
New Haven Office who are presently conducting investigation  
in this matter.

REC 87

62 109060 - 3408  
25 JUL 2 1964

- (2) - Bureau (62-109060)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encls. 25)  
1 - New Haven (Encl. 1)  
1 - New York (89-75)

EWO:lca  
(6)

JUL 8 - 1964

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI

Date: 7/2/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via A i r t e l A i r m a i l  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: *B* SAC, Albany (62-1646)  
RE : ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

*[Handwritten signature]*

Re Bureau airtel dated 6/30/64.

Results of investigation requested by Bureau airtel  
5/15/64, furnished Dallas by letter 5/21/64.

cc: ③ - Bureau  
1 - Dallas (89-43)  
1 - Albany

AK/bsp  
(5)

REC 37

62-109060-3409

20 JUL 4 1964

*[Handwritten signature]*

C C Wick

52 JUL 9 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



## Memorandum

DeLoach	_____
Mohr	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 6-29-64

FROM : D. C. Morrell

SUBJECT: EDWARD F. BRAY  
 ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
 DALLAS, TEXAS

BACKGROUND:

Two letters were forwarded from Rockville Chamber of Commerce, Rockville, Maryland, on 6-24-64 written by the captioned individual. One of these letters was addressed to the Chamber of Commerce, Germantown, Maryland, and the other to the Chamber of Commerce, Poolesville, Maryland. Post Office directed both communications to Rockville as original address was nonexistent.

Both letters were identical and reflected that writer knew that Naval officers had advance knowledge of plot to kill President Kennedy. Also that the "syndicate" had obtained by fraud hundreds of millions of \$'s on naval defense project, and that Naval Intelligence questioned members of the organization who plotted the assassination and then allowed them to go free.

Bufile 62-64355 reflects that Edward Frank Bray was formerly employed by the Bendix Company at the Navy Torpedo Station, Keyport, Washington, and as a result of mental instability caused by a head injury in the course of his employment there, he was terminated for medical reasons. He has a suit pending against the Bendix Company. He has been interviewed by representatives of the FBI, the Postal Service and ONI. He is considered definitely psychopathic. Subject is well known to the Los Angeles, Portland and Chicago Offices as a psychopathic letter and post card writer. A medical director in Portland in August, 1961, confidentially advised Special Agents that he had treated Bray for neuropsychosis.

Bufiles reflect that Secret Service is aware of Bray's information.

OBSERVATION: Due to mental instability of Edward Bray and to the fact that above agencies have already been supplied information contained in these recent letters further dissemination of Bray's material would serve no useful purpose.

Enclosure  
 1 - Mr. DeLoach

WAM:det

(3)

REC-17

NOT RECORDED

JUL 2 1964

JUL 1 1964

SIX

Morrell to DeLoach Memorandum  
RE: Edward F. Bray

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Material submitted by Bray should be properly filed with no additional action.
2. Attached letter be sent to Executive Director, Rockville Chamber of Commerce.

*SP/26/11*  
*CK*  
*7-10*

JUN 5 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

HOLD FOR 2 MSGS

FBI DALLAS

712 PM CST URGENT 6-5-64 FLL

TO DIRECTOR (105-32555)

FROM DALLAS 100-10461) 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS-R-CUBA.

REBUREAU TELEPHONE CALL FROM INSPECTOR JAMES R.

MALLEY, JUNE FIVE INSTANT, REGARDING UPI NEWS RELEASE  
CONCERNING DALLAS AUTO SALESMAN WHO HAD STATED ONE OF THE  
THREE BULLETS FIRED DURING THE ASSASSINATION WENT WILD, CRASHED  
INTO A CURB, AND APPARENTLY HIT HIM.

THE AUTO SALESMAN REFERRED TO IN THIS ARTICLE  
UNDOUBTEDLY IS MR. JIM TAGUE, WHO WAS INTERVIEWED ON DECEMBER  
FOURTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, THE RESULTS OF WHICH APPEAR ON PAGE  
THIRTYONE, REPORT SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, DALLAS, DATED  
DECEMBER TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE.

SINCE RECENT PUBLICITY FOLLOWING RE-ENACTMENT OF  
ASSASSINATION AT DALLAS ON MAY TWENTYFOUR, SIXTYFOUR, DALLAS  
TV STATION KRLD HAS REVIEWED FILM TAKEN AT THE TIME OF  
ASSASSINATION AND IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER, AND JIM UNDERWOOD,  
KRLD NEWSMAN, HAS ADVISED HE PHOTOGRAPHED AN AREA, POINTED  
END PAGE ONE

UNREC.

12 JUN 29 1964

NOT RECORDED  
199 JUL 9 1964

SOVIE

4 JUL 13 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

PAGE TWO

OUT BY AN UNRECALLED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, WHERE IT WAS  
BELIEVED A MARK APPEARED ON A CURB, WHICH WAS IN CLOSE  
PROXIMITY TO PLACE MR. JIM TAGUE INDICATED HE WAS STANDING.

A COPY OF SUCH PHOTOGRAPH IS BEING OBTAINED AND WILL BE  
FURNISHED BUREAU.

ENDIHH

FBI WASH DC

## Memorandum

TO : MR. ROSEN *San*DATE: 7/1/64 *5/3*FROM : J. R. MALLEY *JRM*SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS  
11/22/63 *uf J. Lee*

Tolson	
Belmont	
Mohr	
DeLoach	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
Felt	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

An envelope was received in my office on June 30, 1964, addressed to the Bureau, care of Leo Gauthier. The envelope was from Mr. Robert H. West, County Surveyor, Dallas, Texas, whose firm handled extensive measurements and mathematical calculations on May 24, 1964, in line with detailed measurements being made at the request of the President's Commission and under the supervision of J. Lee Rankin, Norman Redlich, and Arlen Specter of the President's Commission. Enclosed in the envelope was a bill in the amount of \$830.00.

Inasmuch as this work was arranged for at the specific request of the President's Commission and for their use, I called Mrs. Eide, Mr. Rankin's secretary and advised her of the receipt of this bill and told her that it was being delivered to the President's Commission for handling by the Commission.

No further action is necessary.

JRM:WW  
(5)

- 1 - Mr. Gauthier
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

REC 10

JUL 6 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

66 JUL 6 1964



TRANSLATION FROM GERMAN

The envelope, postmarked 6/2/64, Hagen, addressed to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, U.S. (sic), U.S.A., bears the return address of:

Heinz Vennhaus  
58 Hagen/Wstf.  
Gerichtstr. 5  
(West) Germany

\* \* \*

Letter

Heinz Vennhaus  
Hagen/Wstf.  
Gerichtstr. 5  
Germany

Hagen, May 24, 1964

"Top Secret" (sic)

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, U. S. (sic)  
U. S. A.

Gentlemen:

I have already written to many agencies without receiving any reply. Perhaps you could also find Mr. James Rowley for me. I have already told him that the assassination of President John F. Kennedy could have been thwarted if only I were not imprisoned in Hagen/Wstf. in May, 1963. We knew exactly the means and the

62-109060 - UNREC.

NOT RECORDED

199 JUL 8 1964

66 JUL 13 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ringleaders, too. Other assassinations are planned likewise. Many agencies have approached us as well as the former people who were imprisoned in the Reesk camp some 110 km. from Budapest by the AVO--the Hungarian SSD (secret service police). You would certainly be able to locate Dr. Lincoln and Dr. Miggelli for me. I assume these gentlemen use pseudonyms. I was in contact with these gentlemen until about November, 1961 and I have carried many assignments including the above-mentioned which was accomplished to a great extent because of my work. Unfortunately I am beginning to lose my contact because of those who want to take our rocket fuel. I am most anxious to locate the above-mentioned gentlemen because I urgently need them for my rehabilitation inasmuch as this was also the reason for my imprisonment here in Germany. I cannot imagine why I am being bypassed in such important assignments which serve the Western world. They have impounded my files and documents which I gathered for my assignment.

In hope of hearing from you soon, I remain,

Respectfully yours,

/s/ H. Vennhaus

JUL 3 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Evans  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

FBI SAN FRAN

314 PM URGENT 7-3-64 SSM

TO DIRECTOR (66-109060)

DALLAS (89-43) AND PHOENIX (89-42)

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (89-58)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY NOVEMBER TWENTY-  
SECOND NINETEEN SIXTY FOUR.

RE NEW YORK TEL JULY THREE, NINETEEN SIXTY FOUR, DR. EDWARD BLANK,  
ZERO TWO WEST ALPINE, STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED SPECIAL AGENT ROBERT  
F. SAVAGE ON INSTANT DATE THAT THE ONLY DOCTOR THORNE HE IS ACQUAINTED  
WITH, IS IRVING JAMES THORNE, A SURGEON IN NEW YORK. NEVER KNEW ANY DR.  
THORNE IN ARIZONA.

NEW YORK ADVISED BY AIR MAIL.

END

WANKH

FBI WASH DC

MINCORRLINE 3 AND 4 LAST WORD LEACH LINE

LINE 3 BLANK, FIVE

LINE 4 AGENT ROBERT TU

DE BV

FBI DALLAS

JUL 9 1964

FBI PHOENIX

REC 111

62-109060-3412

15 JUL 7 1964

cc - 22-10-12



JFK

62-109060

SECTION 11

COPY 2

FBI

Date: 7/1/64

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, 5/29/64; Dallas airtel to Bureau, 6/22/64; and, Dallas letterhead memorandum, 6/22/64, concerning information furnished by DAVID MOREY WASS, JR.

Mrs. EINELE KILOPHENSTEIN, owner of the rooming house located 911 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised on June 29, 1964, that JAMES "HOAGIE" LOUDERMILK occupied room 5 at that address from May 12, 1964, until June 22, 1964, when he left, owing \$14.00.

Mrs. KILOPHENSTEIN advised that LOUDERMILK was employed at an awning company on Gaston Avenue around the corner from the rooming house. She stated LOUDERMILK was always "broke" and tried to borrow money from everyone at the rooming house.

A. H. HENNING, President, Dallas Tent and Awning Company, 3921 Gaston Avenue, advised on June 30, 1964, that JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK, who goes by the name of "HOAGIE", was employed by him as a laborer from April 24, 1964, to June 24, 1964. He had Social Security Number 432-66-4480. He resided at 911 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Oklahoma City (Enc. 3)
- 1 - Houston (62-2115) (Info.)
- 2 - Dallas

REC-100 retained as  
Tubler  
62-109060-3413

ARS/ds

15 JUL 7 1964

52 JUL 9 1964

Sent

M

Pet



DL 89-43

HENNING stated LOUDERMILK informed him that his wife had been killed in an automobile accident and his parents were raising his child. He said his mother-in-law was trying to get custody of the child and he wanted two weeks off to return to Arkoma, Oklahoma, where his parents were living and to get the matter of custody of his child settled.

HENNING said that LOUDERMILK also told him that he had a nervous breakdown following the death of his wife and, on the advice of his doctor, got a job doing outdoor work when he had been previously employed doing office work.

HENNING stated that LOUDERMILK would tell contradictory stories and overestimate his abilities. He also said he doubts that he will re-employ LOUDERMILK when he returns from Oklahoma.

HENNING described LOUDERMILK as being 24 years of age, 5'11" tall, weight about 150 pounds, slender build, with dark brown hair and brown eyes.

Mrs. ARTHUR HENNING, Dallas Tent and Awning Company, advised on June 30, 1964, that LOUDERMILK informed her that when he arrived in Dallas, Texas, he "blacked out" at the bus station and spent two weeks in Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas. She said that he was treated by a Dr. DYLL, a neuro-surgeon.

Mrs. HENNING advised that LOUDERMILK informed her that he had been previously employed by a ladder company at Seagoville, Texas. Mrs. HENNING also stated that LOUDERMILK told contradictory stories and would exaggerate.

[Mrs. MARILYN GREEN], Chief Medical Records Librarian, Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas, advised on June 30, 1964, that JAMES W. LOUDERMILK, born July 29, 1939, was admitted to Baylor University Medical Center on April 18, 1964, and discharged on April 23, 1964. He listed his parents

DL 89-43

Mr. and Mrs. J. (I.O.) LOUDERMILK, SR., Box 799, Arkoma, Oklahoma.

A review of LOUDERMILK's medical record reflects that on admission he advised he had attacks of a type of dizziness with an associated visual disturbance. The attending physician was Dr. S. R. BUMPASS and the consulting neurologist was Dr. JAMES W. DYLL. This record reflects that tests conducted on LOUDERMILK disclosed that he had many symptoms associated with dizziness. His neurological examination was negative and his laboratory tests were normal. LOUDERMILK was given the provisional diagnosis of vertigo and dizziness, probable cerebral lesion.

Enclosed for the Oklahoma City Office is one copy of each referenced communication.

7-29-1939 *ex-11*

OKLAHOMA CITY at Arkoma, Oklahoma, will locate and interview JAMES VILEY LOUDERMILK, also known as "HOAGIE", at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. (I.O.) LOUDERMILK, SR., Box 799, as set out in referenced Dallas airtel to the Director.

SOC Soc 432-66 *1780*

Oklahoma City, as instructed in referenced Bureau airtel, should furnish the Bureau an appropriate letterhead memorandum and submit 25 copies of an FD-302 to Dallas reflecting the interview of LOUDERMILK.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (H. Bartlett)  
 1 - C. D. DeLoach  
 1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Rosen  
 1 - Mr. Malley  
 1 - Mr. Shroder  
 1 - Mr. Rogge

REC-13

62-109060-3414

July 6, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
 Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of  
 President John  
 F. Kennedy*

REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI  
 JUL 6 10 33 AM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

On June 22, 1964, Mr. Harold L. Newport, 319 Kellogg Avenue, Janesville, Wisconsin, turned over to Special Agents of our Milwaukee Office a document he prepared dated June 22, 1964 entitled "Why President Kennedy Was Assassinated." Two copies of this document are enclosed for your information.

A copy of the document prepared by Mr. Newport has been furnished to the United States Secret Service, Washington, D. C.

In view of the nebulous nature of the information contained in the document no further action is being taken by this Bureau unless advised to the contrary by you.

Sincerely yours,

JUL 10 1964  
 COMM-FBI

62-109060

1-62-109090 (President's Commission)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Mr. Tolson RD:cad  
 Mr. Belmont (12)

Mr. Mohr  
 Mr. Casper Enclosures (2)

Mr. Conrad  
 Mr. DeLoach 1 - SAC, Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 3)  
 Mr. Evans 1 - SAC, Milwaukee (Information)  
 Mr. Gale ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 Mr. Rosen JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 Mr. Sullivan 11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 Mr. Tavel MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Tele. Room  
 Miss Holmes Re: Airtel dated 6/25/64 captioned "Harold L. Newport, Threat  
 Miss Gandy Against the President" copy of which is enclosed for Dallas.

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-3414

Dallas is also being furnished a copy of Milwaukee's LHM dated 6/25/64 and a copy of the letter prepared by Newport.

No information identifiable with Newport could be located in Bureau files. No further action need be taken in this matter.

NOTE:

It would appear Newport is a mental case. In the document prepared by him he relates a rambling, incoherent story about being a "hero" in World War II, being captured and hypnotized by the Germans so he could be used in an experiment relating to Einstein's theory of relativity. Newport then alleges an unidentified German officer was responsible for the assassination. A copy of the document was furnished by liaison to Secret Service on 6/27/64. Inasmuch as Newport refers to President Johnson and states he would like people to forget the "things" he said about President Johnson.

This is being furnished to the Commission separately as it relates to the assassination and appears to be the most expeditious and logical manner to handle this matter. No further action appears warranted.

# Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 6/25/64

FROM : SAC, Milwaukee (62-1186)

SUBJECT: HAROLD L. NEWPORT  
THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

Enclosed are original and 2 copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning HAROLD L. NEWPORT.

A copy of the statement furnished by NEWPORT captioned, "Why President Kennedy Was Assassinated," was disseminated to Secret Service, Milwaukee, Wis.

2 - Bureau (Encs. 8)  
1 - Milwaukee (62-1186)  
MLC:EAK  
(3)

REC-13

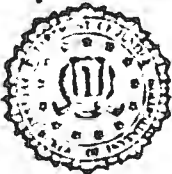
62-109060-3414

15 JUL 1 1964

40

MR. G.A. Bennett,  
Secret Service,  
Advised 1:45pm. 6/27/64  
By SA Thomas B. Coll





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Post Office Box 663  
Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin

June 25, 1964

HAROLD L. NEWPORT

On June 22, 1964 Harold L. Newport, 319 Kellogg Avenue, Janesville, Wisconsin, turned over to the Milwaukee Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation a statement that he had written up under the caption, "Why President Kennedy Was Assassinated." This statement is attached hereto.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ION

June 22, 1964

MAIN FACTS:

1. I was in a war. (WW II, Normandy, captured 7 July 1944).
2. I was a hero. (At least most people would say so, I think, if they knew all the facts).
3. I was hypnotized to tell a story. (As an experiment, a projection of time into space. Einstein's theory of relativity).
4. There was an accident during the hypnosis. (While in the trance I heard him talking. He was thinking out loud).
5. I am out of the hypnosis now. (I think).
6. President Kennedy was assassinated. (Murdered-Partyred)

THE REASONS: ????????

1. To fight communism? (or to help it?)
2. To get me a medal? (I hate to think so, but it may have been).
3. To complete an experiment? (That seems more likely).
4. To elevate me into something else? (Maybe. Maybe. I still wonder) Maybe all of these reasons.

The person who was responsible for all or most of these things, was or is all of the following things:

1. The commanding officer of a large German paratroop force during world war II.
2. A genius.
3. An actor.
4. A medical doctor.
5. A doctor of theology.
6. An atheist.
7. A person who hated communism. (At least that's what he told me)

The person who <sup>may</sup> have been indirectly responsible for this:

He? (perhaps)

If so then many other people as well. Maybe all people.

GOD IS. TIME IS. It's the events of time laid end to end which shape all our lives, and make us what we are. Time was----- Time is----- and time will always be. Who knows what tomorrow will bring? ??????????

He wanted this story told. I'm going to try to tell it. I don't even know his name. My mind has been of a part of his for most of my

COPIES DESTROYED

life. (Twenty or past thirty-nine years. It is hard for me now to know how much of what I did, or thought, or have been has come from his mind. I (I say "I") think, he really beleived he could do some good from all of this. Who knows. Only time will tell.

I have said some things about President Johnson, which I do not now think are true. To anyone who heard me say such things, I would like to say, "Forget what I said, that was a doubt, a suspicion, which sprung from the power of hypnotic suggestion. I am convinced now, in my (own?) mind that it wasn't true".

*Harold L. Newport*  
Harold L Newport

June 22 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: July 2, 1964

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
11/22/63

Tolson	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
Felt	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

Reference memorandum dated February 26, 1964, from W. D. Griffith concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On June 29, 1964, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky called SA William D. Griffith, Document Section, and requested that the Bureau take custody of the exhibits set forth on the attached list. She further requested that the Commission be furnished with three copies of each exhibit not previously provided the Commission.

As a matter of record, instant exhibits were delivered by a Commission courier on 6/29/64.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner of the Document Section.

ACTION: Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced and three copies will be supplied to the Commission as requested. These items were originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau and will be kept in Bureau custody.

Enclosure

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Malley - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention - C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Griffith - Enclosure REC-2A
- 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enclosure
- 1 - Office, Room 7133 - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Neill - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Kittel - Enclosure

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

62-109060-3415

15 JUL 7 1964

HRK:fa (13)

53 JUL 10 1964

ENCLOSURE

SEVEN

July 2, 1964

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT  
OF LABOR EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

Item 349	17	Original State of Louisiana Claim Record Booklet Interstate Claimants concerning Lee H. Oswald
Item 346 -	18	Louisiana Department of Labor Information and Identification Card for Interstate Claimants concerning Lee H. Oswald
Item 428	19	Original State of Louisiana form, Interstate Request for Reconsideration of Monetary Determination made in behalf of Lee H. Oswald

62-1000-2-2415  
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *alior*FROM : Mr. Rosen *Rosen*SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD  
IS - R - CUBA

INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIAN

PURPOSE

To advise the United Press International (UPI) release on 6-5-64, relating to a Dallas auto salesman who reported being hit on the cheek by a ricocheted bullet or piece of curbing is probably identical with Jim Tague, who was interviewed by our Dallas Office on 12-14-63, the results of which have been furnished to the President's Commission.

DETAILS

UPI release dated 6-5-64, relates the "Dallas Times Herald" on 6-5-64, reported an unnamed auto salesman had advised one of the three bullets fired during the assassination apparently hit a curb and he was either hit on the cheek by a ricochet or piece of concrete curb.

The UPI release indicates the salesman asked that his identity be concealed and reports the salesman was by a concrete abutment near the triple overpass adjacent to the Presidential Motorcade at the time of the assassination. The auto salesman indicated he heard three reports which he believed to be shots and on the second shot he felt a sting on his cheek. He maintained in the following confusion he forgot about it until a policeman told him his face was "bloody." The salesman states he went back to where he had been standing and saw a fresh crease mark on the curb. This incident according to the salesman was reported to a Dallas detective and later to the FBI, who were more concerned "about whether I knew Jack Ruby." The release concludes that the salesman has not been contacted by the Commission.

BACKGROUND

This individual is probably identical with Mr. Jim Tague salesman for the Chuck Hutton Company, Dallas, who was interviewed by our Dallas Office on 12-14-63. The results of this interview

62-109090

RDR:las

(10)

NOT RECORDED  
199 JUL 9 1964

12 JUN 20 1964

SOVIET

64 JUL 13 1964

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*alior*  
*Rosen*  
*DeLoach*  
*Conrad*  
*Belmont*  
*Rosen*  
*Malley*  
*Shroder*  
*Rogge*

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: LEE RAY OSWALD

appear on page 31 in the report of SA Robert P. Gemberling dated 12-23-63, captioned as above. This report has been furnished to the Commission.

Tague during interview furnished substantially the same information as reported in the UPI release except it appears he has become more dramatic and has exaggerated the incident in an effort to obtain personal publicity or for other unknown reasons. For example, his interview indicates Tague reported about "two drops of blood" resulted from this incident; however, the UPI release now indicates his face was "bloody." Tague denied knowing Oswald but stated he had been in Ruby's club on a few occasions and knew Ruby by sight; however, denied knowing anything about Ruby's associations.

Based on information developed recently, it is possible that one of the shots fired by Oswald did go wild; however, efforts to locate the portion of curb where a possible shot might have hit has been negative.

#### ACTION

Since this interview has been reported to the Commission and the UPI release contains substantially the same information developed by our investigation, no further action is recommended.

✓

RHP

A JWH  
gwh

Risg

W EIPC  
WST

Q

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1 - Belmont  
1 - Mohr  
1 - DeLoach  
1 - Rosen

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

DATE: July 2, 1964

1 - Sullivan  
1 - Malley  
1 - Branigan  
1 - Lenihan  
1 - Sizoo

TO: V. C. Sullivan *WC*

FROM: W. A. Branigan

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD  
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

*John F.*

The current issue of the East Coast communist newspaper, "The Worker" dated 6/23/64, contains an article concerning the assassination of President Kennedy, the inquiry by the President's Commission and the Commission's report which is to be published in the near future. The article, a copy of which is attached, carries George Morris as the author. Morris is identical with Morris Yusem, who is on the Security Index of the New York Office and has been identified by *[redacted]* as the individual responsible for the coordination of Communist Party activity in connection with the Party's attack on the FBI.

The article states that the Director, in emerging from the President's Commission after testifying, told newsmen on 5/13/64 that the investigation of the assassination matter would continue for "many, many years." The article also states that the Director was quoted by United Press International on 5/14/64 as saying the FBI would be working on the case long after the Commission made its report and saying that the Bureau was following leads in the case, "as fantastic as can be thought up."

The point the article makes by twisting and taking the Director's statement out of context is that, while the FBI and other authorities first thought the case against Oswald as the lone assassin was "open and shut," now the Director has been "forced to admit that he doesn't yet have the answers." The Director's comments to newsmen as used in "The Worker" are, of course, distorted for self-serving purposes as would be expected of the communist press.

The article also states that the truth of the assassination can never be found unless the investigation is directly independent of the Dallas Police Department, the Central Intelligence Agency, the FBI or any other agency with a "vested interest" in the case.

ENCLOSURE

"The Worker" concludes that Oswald was undoubtedly involved in the assassination and that Oswald had the " earmarks of an undercover

105-2555  
Enclosure

JLS:pah  
(10)

162-109060

NOT RECORDED  
100 JUL 9 1964

10 JUL 9 1964

64 JUL 13 1964

*File*

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan  
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD  
105-82555

tool." The latter claim is to be substantiated in another issue of the paper. "The Worker" will be followed so that the projected article on Oswald as an agent of a government agency can be reviewed.

RECOMMENDATION:

For the Director's information.

*Dec* *Q* *✓*

AWAITING THE WARREN REPORT:

# A Rubber Stamp on the Incredible, Or a Real Search for New Data?

By GEORGE MORRIS  
First Article

THE BIGGEST murder story ever told will soon be released by the Warren Commission in a million copies. The public is expected to snap up the government edition so quickly that publishers count on also doing a heavy business with editions of their own. Doubleday and Company has already announced plans for an abridged 400-page copy at \$4, with its eye especially on the vast foreign market.

A big market is expected abroad, the New York Times explained, "because of prevalence of the opinion that there was a plot behind the assassination of the President and that this has been covered up." All the stops will be out, to carry the Warren Committee's conclusions to millions of people.

BUT THE three principals in the investigation of the Ken-

edy assassination have already given us advance notice that this will be a story without an ending. Supreme Court Chief Justice Earl Warren, chairman of the 7-man investigating body has told newsmen:

"Yes, there will come a time, when all the facts in the story are known, 'but it might not be released in your lifetime.' He added that some things 'may involve security.'"

J. Edgar Hoover, emerging from the Warren Commission after testifying, told newsmen on May 13, that the investigation would continue for "many, many years," thereby casting doubt on his own hastily drawn conclusions six months ago.

## Wade's Comment

According to the Jan. 1, 1964 issue of the Houston Post, Dallas District Attorney Wade, commenting on reports that Lee Harvey Oswald was an undercover informant, said "it may be true, but I don't think it will ever be made public if it is." Wade, who was for many

TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
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Tele Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Post and Times Herald \_\_\_\_\_  
The Washington Daily News \_\_\_\_\_  
The Evening Star \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Herald Tribune \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Journal-American \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Mirror \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Daily News \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Post \_\_\_\_\_  
The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_  
The Worker 77-6-7 \_\_\_\_\_  
The New Leader \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The National Observer \_\_\_\_\_  
People's World \_\_\_\_\_  
Date 6/29/64

ENCLOSURE  
62-109060



years an FBI official, "closed" Oswald's case several hours after Oswald had died, displaying his evidence on TV.

The Warren Commission may not even make a final and conclusive report. Hoover said, according to United Press International, that the FBI would be working on the case long after the Warren Commission made its report. He declared that some of the leads the Bureau is following through are "as fantastic as can be thought up" (UPI, May 14). And this was supposed to be the simple "open and shut" case that Dallas solved in 24 hours.

The FBI itself, arriving at the same solution after an investigation of several weeks, even leaked its report to the press for headlines although the President had referred it to the Warren Commission. As the months toiled on the case became more complex and the early conclusions became more doubtful and less acceptable to the world.

**HISTORICALLY** we have "solved" all our high-level assassinations as the act of individuals. We seldom see conspiracies.

People abroad consider us naive because of our readiness to charge the assassination of President Kennedy to a disturbed mentality without seriously looking for those who use such mentally sick people.

Faced with widespread disbelief here and abroad in the FBI's conclusion that a demented Oswald was alone in the crime, had no connection with Jack Ruby, and that there was no conspiracy, even Hoover has been forced to admit that he doesn't yet have the answers.

## The Test

The real test of the bulky Warren Commission report when it is released will be whether it is only a rubber stamp on the FBI investigation or whether it has steered the probe into fresh, previously unexplored, channels.

Before the Warren Commission began its deliberations, its spokesmen indicated that essentially the probe would rely

on the material of the FBI and the Dallas police and would pursue independent investigation only if necessary.

The Warren Commission, it appears, did take additional time, to the discomfort of some of the ultra-Rightists in Congress like Mundt and questioned many people.

But from what the Warren Commission sources have leaked to the press, notably in a story by Anthony Lewis in the New York Times of June 1, the main concern is not so much to test the evidence as to find "convincing" material for an interim report that would combat theories here and abroad that there was a conspiracy. Lewis says the commission will have a special appendix to its report concerning those theories.

"Unless it finds new information, the commission will unequivocally reject those theories that the assassination was the work of some kind of conspiracy. It has no credible evidence of any conspiracy. The commission's report is expected, in short, to support the original belief of law enforcement authorities in this country that the President was killed by one man acting alone, Lee H. Oswald."

**IN THE MANY** articles on the assassination we have written, we have stressed that the two obstacles to finding the real criminals are, first, the effort that was made to charge the crime to a "Communist conspiracy" and, when that theory blew up (for reasons we will deal with later) to charge the crime to a disturbed individual named Oswald.

Because the police, the FBI and, it now appears, the Warren Commission have refused to depart from that approach, they didn't look in the right direction.

Is it not very elementary to look for a criminal among those who have a motive for committing the crime? It appears that there has been no thought of even looking among the ultra-Rightists of the Birchite stripe and, especially, in the many nests they have throughout the country among police, military, FBI and CIA people. Dallas, itself has long been notorious as the chief center of Birchite nests and as the home of Gen. Edwin Walker and oil tycoons like H. L. Hunt.

The Dallas police were far

more interested in building up a "Communist conspiracy" than in obtaining good evidence. They hastened, the day after the assassination, to indict Oswald and charged that his action stemmed from an "international communist plot." The fact that Oswald had been in the Soviet Union and had had some Left papers in his room was enough for Henry Wade.

The indictment was changed, however, with the plot charge deleted. Six months later David Johnson, the justice of the peace before whom Oswald was arraigned, disclosed that Wade had received an urgent telephone call from Washington requesting that the indictment be limited to only a charge of murder.

As it developed, even Hoover's investigation conceded there was not a trace of international conspiracy. It is quite likely that already then the government had found enough in the record of Oswald's activities (he was still alive) to steer clear of anything that might spotlight them in the public eye.

The vicious Rightwing propaganda picturing Oswald as a "Communist" who acted on "orders from Moscow" has died down in recent months. Events and mounting evidence have in fact shifted the onus toward the Rightists. But we should not forget the concerted propaganda drive that was launched the day of the assassination to arouse public hysteria against the Left and to "solve" the crime quickly on that basis. The Rightist senators have inserted in the Con-

gressional Record scores of editorials that appeared throughout the country screaming that the assassination was a "communist plot." The Birch Society, chief spokesman for the ultra-Rightists, ran full-page ads, the initial one in the New York Times, Dec. 15, in which Oswald was described as a Communist "acting under orders."

## Birchite Drive

**BUT WHILE** Hoover's report said that there was no "ideological" motive or "conspiracy" involved in the assassination, the Birch ad quoted one of Hoover's earlier statements calling for a war against Commun-

ists in order to convey the impression that Hoover agreed with the Birchite conclusions on the assassination. Like rats the ultra-Rightists, racists, anti-Semites and red-baiters came out of their holes with printed material on the "red plot" to kill Kennedy and many filled the line into their anti-Semitism, raving about a "red Jewish plot."

The States Rights Society, which published "The Thunderbolt — The White Man's Viewpoint," headlined its January issue: "Jews Involved in Assassination." "The Rockwell Report," published by the American Nazi Party, carried a photo of President Johnson and asked, in large type, "Next?" It charged in a long diatribe that Kennedy was shot by a disciple of the "Jew Karl Marx."

That this concerted drive to direct public attention toward a scapegoat failed, is a sign of the times. But from what is known of the investigation into the assassination, the drive has had an influence upon the investigators. They agree that it was not a plot with ideological inspiration. It was just the act of a mentally unbalanced youth, who acted alone, and Ruby's murder of Oswald was equally an individual act, we are told.

But the investigators have not yet seriously looked for criminals in those rat-holes where motivation for the crime is clear.

## Sinister Hint

ROBERT H. J. WEICH, JR., fuhrer of the Birch Society minced no words in the message to his followers (N.Y. Times, Dec. 25, 1963) in which he expressed satisfaction with the elimination of Kennedy, but added, "It must be sadly noted and frankly stated that the conspiracy (that is the 'Kennedy-aided Communist conspiracy' — G.M.) would not expect to suffer any by the substitution of Johnson for Kennedy." He, thus strongly implied that the elimination of Johnson would also be desirable. Weich boasted that the ultra-Right groups were responsible for "a rapidly rising identification of the policies of the Kennedy Administration with the plans of the Communists."

Communists and all progressives on the Left, aside from their basic century-long opposition to acts of individual terrorism, could have had no practical

President who had taken a major step towards peace and for an understanding with the Soviet Union.

But those who are working to provoke a hot war or heat up the cold war, or who favor a new invasion of Cuba, do see assassination as a suitable tactic. In 1914 an assassin in Sarajevo fired the powder keg that exploded into World War I. The placing of a mental case named Van Der Lubbe, who was given a false "Left" image, at the Reichstag when the building was

fired by the Nazis in 1933, was another such incident. It was used to speed Hitler to power and in the drive toward World War II.

Attempts by ultra-Rightists in France a few years ago to assassinate De Gaulle ran true to the pattern.

It is far-fetched to suggest that people opposed to Kennedy's policies and who want a war counted on the killing on November 23, to spark one? Was it not a "natural" for such forces to dress up in a "left" garb the scapegoat for such a crime, just as Hitler and others have done?

And where would they hatch their plots if not in those circles among men versed in the art of such operations and where they have the stables of informers, provocateurs and the psychopathic characters and homosexuals who could be blackmailed or mentally conditioned as tools for such heinous crimes?

European reporters and commentators on the Kennedy assassination are implying strongly that the conspiracy could have been hatched in Central Intelligence Agency circles. The whole world looks on the CIA as an "invisible government" operating independently with a vast army of operatives, numerous enough to overthrow governments, at its disposal.

The widespread view is that if the CIA could stage the ill-fated Bay of Pigs invasion, and since it is known to have plotted the overthrow of many governments in Latin America, Central America, Africa and, most recently in Laos, then it is not beyond the

capacity of some forces in the CIA to plot the elimination of a President.

Many Americans too, are beginning to think along these lines and they have been encouraged to do so by several newly published books on the CIA and by such films as "Seven Days in May" and "Dr. Strangelove." It is hardly a

secret that some forces in the CIA, long under direction of Allen Dulles, were in conflict with Kennedy, and opposed the removal of Dulles and the steps to curb the independence of the "invisible government."

But, as the syndicated column of Robert S. Allen and Paul Scott noted last February Dulles, a member of the Warren Commission, shows an "acute sensitivity" to any reference to Oswald as a CIA trainee and secret agent, and insists that all such reference be kept out of the commission's record.

## Will FBI Talk?

RICHARD STARNES, columnist of the World-Telegram in a column "Truth Won't Out," last December, said he could not conceive that Dallas, police, FBI or CIA "would bear witness against themselves or, indeed, each other," he went on:

"The Russians suggest they suspected him (Oswald) of being a spy. Can any realistic person believe any tentacle of the elephantine espionage apparatus will own up to having Oswald on its payroll?"

"Can we expect the FBI to explain why Oswald was not under close surveillance? . . . It is not in the nature of bureaucrats to destroy their carefully nurtured fables of omnipotence."

"It would be well to bear in mind and to remember that the findings of the Warren Commission will depend wholly on what it is told by these agencies."

That is the point we have been stressing since the assassination.

Unless there is an investigation that is truly independent of the Dallas police, CIA, FBI or any other agency with a "vested" interest in the case, there will be no digging for the full truth. We have not taken the position that Oswald could be either innocent or guilty. There seems no doubt that he was involved and used. We have insisted that behind this miserable psychotic wretch were the real criminals who, as Oswald's mother said, used him as a scapegoat. And as the weeks rolled on, more and more truth came to light, showing first, that evidence against Oswald is full of holes and doubts precisely because others did the actual shooting or had a part in it; second, that he was employed by the government in undercover work. We have noted from the very week of the assassination long before anyone or any publication looked in that direction — that Oswald bore the earmarks of an undercover tool. The evidence on that has been piling up bit by bit and now it is widely recognized and discussed.

In the next article we will summarize that material.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Cadigan  
1 - Mr. Stombaugh  
1 - Mr. Cunningham  
DATE July 7, 1964

FROM : Mr. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
11/22/63

The Commission has referred to us for review transcripts of testimony offered by Laboratory Special Agents before the Commission. These transcripts are being reviewed, corrected and as completed, returned to the Commission.

On 7/6/64, SA Cortlandt Cunningham delivered to Mr. Howard P. Willens of the President's Commission, two corrected transcripts of SA Robert A. Frazier's testimony, one corrected transcript of SA Paul H. Stombaugh's testimony, one corrected transcript of SA James C. Cadigan's testimony and one corrected transcript of SA Cortlandt Cunningham's testimony.

Mr. Willens stated that it would not be necessary to go over these transcripts as he was going to send them to Mr. Melvin Eisenberg in New York, and if there were any questions, the Commission or Mr. Eisenberg would contact us.

For your information, Xerox copies of the aforementioned corrected transcripts are attached.

ACTION: None. For information only.

62-109060

Enclosures (4)

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley

CC: BIEI  
(10)

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REC-24

62-109060-3416

JUL 7 1964

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JUL 8

53 JUL 14 1964

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July 6, 1964

airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (88-43)

REC-1

From: Director, FBI (62-109600) — 3417

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN

FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,

DALLAS, TEXAS.

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DALLAS

Reurairtel 6-28-64.

Mr. William Manchester is well known to the Bureau. At the request of the Department, I met Mr. Manchester on 6-4-64.

You are instructed to advise Assistant Chief of Police, Charles Batchelor, that Mr. Manchester has been commissioned by Mrs. John F. Kennedy to write a book on the events surrounding the death of former President Kennedy. Also advise him that according to the publication, "Contemporary Authors," Manchester was born on 4-1-22 in Attleboro, Massachusetts. He was married in 1948 and in 1962 had two children. He received an A.B. degree from the University of Massachusetts in 1946 and an A.M. degree from the University of Missouri in 1947. He served in the U.S. Marine Corps from 1942 to 1945. He was a reporter for "The Tally Oklahoman," 1945-46; "The Baltimore Sun," 1947-54; 1955-64, Managing Editor of the Wesleyan University Press. He has had several books published and has been a contributor to numerous national magazines including "Harper's," "The Reporter," "The Saturday Review," "Holiday," "The Nation," "Esquire" and "The Saturday Evening Post."

1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent with cover memo)

1 - Mr. Rosen (Sent with cover memo)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Ingram \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: See Jones to DeLoach memo dated 7-6-64 captioned "William Manchester Author of Book Regarding Assassination of President Kennedy." Request For Information By Dallas, Texas Police Department.

JCF:skd

(8)

JUL 10 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

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FBI

Date: 6/29/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DL

Re telephone call from ASAC KYLE G. CLARK to Supervisor GEORGE SCATTERDAY, 6/29/64, on which occasion instructions were received that a copy of correspondence in the possession of Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR, Dallas Police Department, concerning an individual by the name of WILLIAM MANCHESTER, who had allegedly been authorized to write a book concerning the assassination, be obtained.

On 6/29/64, Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR, Dallas PD, telephonically contacted ASAC KYLE G. CLARK, advising that the Dallas PD was in receipt of a letter from one WILLIAM MANCHESTER, Suite B-11, National Archives, Washington, D. C., wherein MANCHESTER requested information as to how he could make telephonic contact with Inspector J. HERBERT SAWYER, of the Dallas PD, to arrange for an August meeting with him, as he had been commissioned by Mrs. JOHN F. KENNEDY to make a detailed study and write a book concerning the assassination.

Assistant Chief BATCHELOR stated he would make available a copy of the letter from MANCHESTER, as well as a notice on Office of the Attorney General, Washington, D. C., stationery, which states that MANCHESTER has been commissioned to

3 - BUREAU (ENCLOSURE)  
3 - DALLAS  
RPG:eah

EX-104

REC-1

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JUL 1 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

ENCLOSURE

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

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DL 89-43

write such a book. Assistant Chief BATCHELOR stated he was desirous of being furnished any background information available on MANCHESTER, as well as any information to substantiate the authenticity of MANCHESTER's mission.

There are enclosed for the Bureau one copy of a letter from WILLIAM MANCHESTER to Mr. J. HERBERT SAWYER, Inspector of Police, Dallas PD, Dallas, Texas, dated 6/25/64, together with a copy of the envelope in which such letter was received; and a copy of the alleged authority to MANCHESTER, dated 3/26/64, on the letterhead of the Office of the Attorney General, Washington, D. C.

The Bureau is requested to furnish Dallas appropriate information which may be transmitted to assist Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR per his request.

WILLIAM MANCHESTER  
UNIT 801  
THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20540  
NORTH EAST - NORTH 100N

June 25, 1964

Mr. J. Herbert Sawyer  
Inspector of Police  
Dallas Police Department  
Dallas, Texas

Dear Mr. Sawyer,

In brief introduction, I have been invited by Mrs. John F. Kennedy to write an historical account of the events of and surrounding the death of President Kennedy. The enclosed announcement describes the nature of the project.

I expect to be in Texas late this summer, and I would be most grateful if you and I could talk then. I know that Mrs. Kennedy would appreciate it, too.

During July I shall be working in New England, and my address then will be 115 High Street, Middletown, Connecticut. After August 1, I shall be back in this office.

It would be extremely useful to me if you could send me a telephone number at which you can be reached in August and September. If the number is unlisted I shall, of course, treat it with discretion.

Faithfully,

*William Manchester*  
William Manchester

JUL 1 1964

62-109060-411

ENCLOSURE

Office of the Attorney General  
Washington, D. C.

March 26, 1964

The Kennedy family has authorized William Manchester to write an extensive account describing the events of and surrounding the death of President Kennedy on November 22, 1963.

Because versions of what occurred November 20-25 already have appeared and because it is understood other articles and books are in the course of being prepared for later publication, these arrangements were made with Mr. Manchester in the interest of historical accuracy and to prevent distortion and sensationalism.

Mr. Manchester has taken an indefinite leave of absence from Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut, and has moved to Washington for interviews with Mrs. John F. Kennedy, the Attorney General, other members of the family, and friends and associates of the late President. Subsequent interviews will be held in Texas and elsewhere.

This is a long-term project. Publication of the book may not be expected before three to five years.

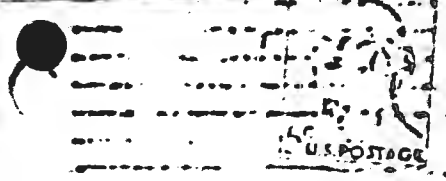
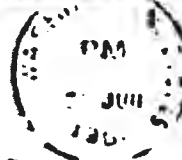
The book is to be published by Harper & Row, and all profits beyond expenses and a moderate return on investment on the first printing by both the author and the publisher will be donated to the John F. Kennedy Library at Boston, Massachusetts.

Mr. Manchester, 41, is a former foreign correspondent for the Baltimore Sun, Guggenheim Fellow, Fellow of the Wesleyan University Center for Advanced Studies, and Managing Editor, the Wesleyan University Press. He is the author of seven books, the most recent of which, Portrait of a President, was largely based on a series of interviews with President Kennedy in the White House.

ENCLOSURE

FC

3417



Mr. J. Herbert Sawyer  
Inspector of Police  
Dallas Police Department  
Dallas, Texas



WILLIAM HANCHESTER  
SUIT B-II  
THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20540

3417



7-6-64

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Raupach

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SACS, DALLAS (89-43)  
SAN FRANCISCO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-109080) — 3418  
REC 10

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION LETTER DATED JULY THREE, LAST, ADVISED  
OF THE RECEIPT OF A LETTER FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL WHICH WAS  
WRITTEN BY MRS. RITA MC CARTY, TWO THREE ZERO EIGHT FOOTHILL  
BOULEVARD, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA. MC CARTY'S LETTER WAS OF SUCH  
A NATURE THAT SHE WAS INTERESTED IN SEEING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL  
RUN FOR PRESIDENT AND FURNISHED LAUDATORY REMARKS FOR THE  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL AND FORMER PRESIDENT KENNEDY. SHE STATED SHE  
RECENTLY RETURNED FROM DALLAS, TEXAS, WHERE SHE HAD BEEN  
RESIDING WITH AN INDIVIDUAL WHOSE IDENTITY WAS NOT FURNISHED,  
BUT WAS ALLEGED TO BE A PHOTOGRAPHER AT THE HOSPITAL WHERE  
PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS TAKEN FOLLOWING THE ASSASSINATION AND  
MC CARTY INDICATED THIS INDIVIDUAL HAS TWO SNAPSNOTS OF TWO  
PIECES OF SKULL FOUND ON THE STREET FOLLOWING THE PRESIDENT'S

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- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Rm.
- Holmes
- Gandy

KMR:las (3)

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 6 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

FBI REC'D  
REC'D DEPT. OF JUSTICE

JUL 8 8 02 AM '64

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TELETYPE TO SACS, DALLAS  
SAN FRANCISCO  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

ASSASSINATION. SAN FRANCISCO IS INSTRUCTED TO THOROUGHLY INTERVIEW MC CARTY ASCERTAINING ALL INFORMATION REGARDING THIS MATTER AND ESTABLISHING THE IDENTITY OF THE INDIVIDUAL WHO ALLEGEDLY HAS THESE PHOTOGRAPHS IN POSSESSION. THIS MATTER IS URGENT AND ALL LEADS SHOULD BE HANDLED BY TELETYPE. RESULTS OF YOUR INQUIRY ARE TO BE FURNISHED EXPEDITIOUSLY TO THE BUREAU IN LETTERHEAD MEMORANDA. INSURE ACCURACY TO PRECLUDE REVISIONS OR CORRECTIONS AND NO INSERTS NECESSARY FOR DALLAS AS DISSEMINATION WILL BE HANDLED AT THE BUREAU. DALLAS UPON RECEIPT OF INFORMATION FROM SAN FRANCISCO WILL CONDUCT APPROPRIATE INTERVIEWS AND OBTAIN COPIES OF ALLEGED PHOTOGRAPHS WHICH ARE TO BE FURNISHED TO THE BUREAU FOR DISSEMINATION TO THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION. BASED ON INFORMATION FURNISHED BUREAU FILES ARE NEGATIVE REGARDING MC CARTY.

NOTE:

By letter dated July 3, 1964, President's Commission advised they received a letter from the Attorney General written by Mrs. Rita McCarty, 2308 Foothill Boulevard, Oakland, California. McCarty suggests in her letter she may have information regarding a person who has in her possession photographs of some remnants of skull bone found at the scene of the assassination of President Kennedy on 11-22-63. Commission desired Mrs. McCarty interviewed and conduct appropriate investigation to determine if there was any proof to this report. This matter is on the Director's special list.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

-2 JUL 6 1964

TELETYPE 736 Jld

President's Commission  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. STANFILL  
JOHN SHENKIN COOPER  
HALL BOGGS  
GERALD R. NEASE  
JOHN J. MCCARTY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

JUL 3 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a letter received by the Attorney General  
from Mrs. PILEA McCarty, 2308 Foothill Blvd., Oakland, California.  
In this letter Mrs. McCarty suggests that she may have information  
regarding a person who has in her possession photographs of some  
remnants of skull bone found at the scene of the assassination of  
President Kennedy on November 22, 1963.

The Commission would like the Bureau to interview  
Mrs. McCarty and to conduct an appropriate investigation to  
determine if there is any truth to this report.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

2 ENCLOSURE

62-109060-3418

JUL 6 1964

EXP-PROC  
JUL-6-1964  
UNRECORDED

6-10-62  
Dear Mr. Kennedy:

First, may I extend  
(with all of my heart) - my  
condolences re: John & now  
Ted - your brothers.

Now, don't you, with your  
back ground & know ledge -  
think it is just about time  
for you to step in & run for  
PRESIDENT?

I have 3 grown sons, &  
Grand children & I would  
certainly like to have the  
assurance of their safety.  
They have (all 3 of them) been  
over seas - so they are not  
sleepers. Listed in Deum

62-109060-3418  
ENCLOSURE

Brother.

But — I know this is  
every Mother's wish in this  
world, let's have someone in  
the White House capable of  
looking up.

I couldn't possibly vote for  
Johnson. A murderer? I  
don't know. I only know that  
I recently returned from Dallas,  
Texas & stayed with someone  
you wouldn't know. A photographer  
(Hospital, where John was taken) —  
she would lose her job if this were  
known — but she has v. snaps  
of v. pieces of skull found on  
the street after your brother's  
(assassination) — & you know



that does not agree with the  
"so-called" jinking of the  
Dollars police.

Please pardon this scribbling.  
I feel so strongly about this  
I have the nerve to write you.

Believe me, we of my family  
have only been decent citizens,  
but after all of this & a great  
deal of thinking — to me —  
there is only one conclusion —  
Please be a dumb horse &

==  
get in there & run for

President!  
I know that you are young!  
Ald the better, your brother

was too — & he  
gave this Country more  
than any President since  
Lincoln. You must have  
some of him in you.

I shall close now, but,  
do give my regards to your  
family — hope your Father  
is much better.

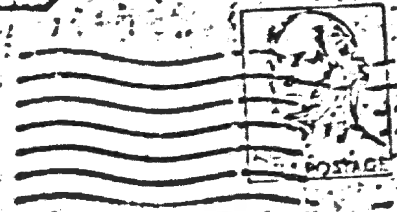
Please — consider what I  
have asked you. Certainly,  
you take a chance, but, who  
of us in this world don't in  
this day & age —

Very respect fully yours.

Lita M. Carthy

AFTER 6 DAYS, RETURN TO

MRS. RITA M. C.  
2308 FOOTHILL BL  
OAKLAND, CALIF.



VIA AIR MAIL

Attorney Gen.

Robert Kennedy  
Washington, DC

JUL 6 1964

62-109060-3418

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1-Mr. Conrad  
1-Mr. Frazier  
1-Mr. Jevons

1-Mr. Gallagher  
1-Office, 7133

Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Felt ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad *JVC*

DATE: 7/2/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons *RHJ*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY; 11/22/63; DALLAS, TEXAS

On 7/2/64, Mr. J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel of the President's Commission, requested SA's Lyndal Shaneyfelt and Robert A. Frazier be present at a Commission hearing beginning at 2:00 p.m., 7/2/64. He stated that Mr. Mark Lane, who at one time conducted investigations concerning the shooting of Lee Harvey Oswald at the request of his mother, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, was appearing to testify. Mr. Rankin desired that SA's Shaneyfelt and Frazier be available to answer any questions which might arise concerning the assassination rifle and photographs of it which had appeared in news media.

During the hearing at which Chief Justice Earl Warren and Representative Gerald R. Ford (Rep. - Mich.) were present, the assassination rifle was shown to Mr. Lane; however, no questions concerning the rifle or photographs of it arose and it was not necessary for either Mr. Frazier or Mr. Shaneyfelt to testify.

Mr. Lane's testimony consisted of his refusal to answer any questions concerning the investigation which he had conducted. In his refusal he claimed either a client-attorney relationship or claimed it would violate his word of honor promise to a confidential source of information.

## ACTION:

For information.

62-109060

1-Bufile 105-82555

1-Mr. Belmont  
1-Mr. Rosen  
1-Mr. Sullivan  
1-Mr. Malley

RAF:nlb:fch (U)

ENC 3

REC 10

62-109060-3419

10 JUL 8 1964

4 JUL 13 1964

JUL 9 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 6 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI DALLAS

440 PM CST URGENT 7-6-64 MH

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060), OMAHA (89-20)

FROM DALLAS 89-43 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS; MISC - INFO CONCERNING.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU JUNE TWENTYNINE LAST SETTING FORTH ADDRESSES FOR FREDRICK ROBERT PEPPER AND STANLEY EDWARD ADAMS AT WELLINGTON AND SAN ANGELO, TEX, RESPECTIVELY, WHO WERE TO BE INTERVIEWED IN CONNECTION WITH STATEMENT BY ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, ALSO KNOWN AS STEPHEN REMETE, WHICH HE STATES HE MADE TO NEWMAN CLUB AT UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, AUSTIN, TEX, FEB NINETEEN, FIFTYSEVEN, THAT IF KENNEDY WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT HE WOULD BE MURDERED. HE ALSO STATED THAT A MONTH LATER HE COMMENTED TO UNRECALLED ACQUAINTANCE IN AUSTIN THAT OSWALD WOULD BE THE ASSASSINATOR. REYNOLDS HAS STATED HE HAS DISCUSSED THE ABOVE PERCEPTIONS IN NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN WITH FRED PEPPER AND STANLEY ADAMS, THEN STUDENTS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.

REC 10 62-109060-3420

66 JUL 13 1964

Bozge

W. L. C. H.



JULY FOUR, SIXTYFOUR, JOHN RAINEY, SHERIFF, WELLINGTON, ADVISED SA STEPHEN A, REDSHAW THAT FREDRICK ROBERT PEPPER, A FORMER RESIDENT OF WELLINGTON, WAS NO LONGER LIVING THERE, BUT COULD BE REACHED THROUGH HIS SISTER, MRS. HARRY RAYA, BOX FIFTY, FORT MADISON, IOWA. RAINEY FURTHER ADVISED PEPPER MAY BE IN MENTAL INSTITUTION IN FORT MADISON AS HE HAD A HISTORY OF BEING MENTALLY DISTURBED AND HAD BEEN SENT TO THE MENTAL HOSPITAL AT WICHITA FALLS, TEX, ABOUT TWO YEARS AGO FROM WELLINGTON. SHERIFF RAINEY STATED THAT PEPPER ALSO HAD A BROTHER, ROY PEPPER, WHO LIVES AT GRANBURY, TEX, NEAR FORT WORTH, TEX, IN THE EVEN PEPPER CANNOT BE LOCATED AT FORT MADISON, IOWA.

OMAHA WILL LOCATE AND INTERVIEW PEPPER THROUGH HIS SISTER AT FORT MADISON CONCERNING HIS KNOWLEDGE OF ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS AND THE ALLEGED PERCEPTIONS WHICH REYNOLDS STATES HE DISCUSSED WITH PEPPER IN FIFTYSEVEN.

BUREAU HAS INSTRUCED THAT LETTERHEAD MEMO BE SUBMITTED AND NOT NECESSARY TO SUBMIT INSERTS IN THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE TO DALLAS.

END

OM EME

FBI OMAHA

VA LLD

FBI WASH DC

CLR

GIP.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 3 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI DALLAS

1117 AM CST URGENT 7-3-64 SP

TO DIRECTOR \62-10,9060\ AND NEW YORK \89-75\

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM DALLAS \89-43\ 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-

TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS\ MISCELLANEOUS - INFO CONCERNI

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU, JUNE TWENTY-NINE, SETTING FORTH ADDRESSES FOR FREDRICK ROBERT PEPPER, STANLEY EDWARD ADAMS AT WELLINGTON AND SAN ANGELO, TEXAS, RESPECTIVELY, WHO WERE TO BE INTERVIEWED IN CONNECTION WITH STATEMENT BY ROBERT STPHEN REYNOLDS WHICH HE STATES HE MADE TO THE NEWMAN CLUB AT UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, AUSTIN, TEXAS, FEBRUARY NINETEEN, NINETEEN FIFTY-SEVEN, THAT IF KENNEDY WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT HE WOULD BE MURDERED. HE ALSO STATED THAT A MONTH LATER HE COMMENTED TO UNRECALLED ACQUAINTANCE IN AUSTIN THAT OWSALD WOULD BE THE ASSASSINATOR REYNOLDS HAS STATED HE HAS DISCUSSED THAT HE HAD PERCEPTIONS IN NINETEEN FIFTY-SEVEN WITH FRED PEPPER AND STANLEY ADAMS, THEN STUDENTS AT UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.

REC 10

ON JULY TWO LAST MR. S. E. ADAMS, OIL OPERATOR, SAN ANGELO, TEXAS,  
END PAGE ONE

66 JUL 13 1964

RELAYED TO

PAGE TWO

ADVISED HIS SON, STANLEY EDWARD ADAMS, IS PRESENTLY IN NEW YORK CITY AND NOT EXPECTED TO RETURN TO SAN ANGELO FOR THREE WEEKS. ADAMS CAN BE LOCATED AT THE OLIVER CROMWELL HOTEL, TWO FOUR DASH A, TWELVE TWENTY-SEVEN WEST SEVENTY-SECOND STREET, NEW YORK CITY. HE IS PRESENTLY ENGAGED IN CONTACTING PUBLISHERS IN AN EFFORT TO SELL A BOOK WHICH HE HAS WRITTEN.

NEW YORK WILL LOCATE AND INTERVIEW ADAMS, AND SUBMIT LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM. BUREAU HAS INSTRUCTED NOT NECESSARY FOR OFFICES TO SUBMIT INSERTS IN CONNECTION WITH THIS ALLEGATION, AND ALL OFFICES RECEIVING AIRMAIL COPIES THIS TEL PLEASE COMPLY.

AIRMAIL COPIES TO CHICAGO, LOS ANGELES, OKLAHOMA CITY, PHOENIX, SAN ANTONIO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

END

MTC FIR RELAY

FBI WASH DC

DISC\8

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad *[initials]*

DATE: 7/2/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith *[initials]*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY  
REQUEST OF THE COMMISSION

*[Signature: W. D. Griffith]*

SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt while at the President's Commission today was furnished by Mr. Norman Redlich a copy of a letter to the Chief Justice from Mel Stuart, Executive Vice President of the Wolper Productions, Inc., and a 16 mm motion picture film that had been furnished to the Commission with the letter. Mr. Redlich advised that he had dictated a letter requesting Laboratory examination of the film.

The film is to be examined for anything of value since it purports to depict a portion of the actual assassination made by some amateur photographer. The film will be examined and at such time as the letter of request is received from the Commission and the examination completed, they will be furnished the results.

RECOMMENDATION: For your information.

105-82555

LS:emh (8)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

NOTE: A copy of the letter from Mel Stuart to The Chief Justice is attached.

Enclosure

REC 10

62-109060-3422

JUL 8 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

13 JUL 13 1964

*[Signature]*



WOLPER PRODUCTIONS INC.

The Chief Justice  
The Supreme Court  
Washington, D.C.

Sir:

At present, I am in the process of producing a documentary film similar in scope to our production, THE MAKING OF THE PRESIDENT-1960. It deals with the tragic assassination of President Kennedy, and the events that followed. It is being done in conjunction with United Press International, and is called FOUR DAYS IN NOVEMBER.

During the course of my research, I have probably looked at more film than any individual on the events of those days. Recently, I came across a badly exposed shot, taken by an amateur, of the Kennedy motorcade as it passed the Book Depository. In case you have not already examined this piece of film, I am enclosing it.

I am anxiously awaiting the Commission's Report in the hope that it will clear up certain questions I have in regard to our final script.

In this regard, as an American citizen, I am disturbed by what I consider the unjustified and untrue statements that are being bandied around in the European press as regards the basic facts of the case. If I may offer a suggestion, I think it would be highly profitable in regard to a true understanding of this tragic event, if as many still pictures concerning the assassination could be released, which would validate the accuracy of the report.

For example, there have been rumors in the foreign press that someone could have shot the President from the railroad bridge that is on top of the underpass leading to Stemmons Freeway.

62-109060-3422

FOUR

8720 sunset boulevard • hollywood 69, california • OL 2-7075



The Chief Justice

-2-

I am enclosing a still blow-up from a 16mm film which shows a crowd of people who were watching the motorcade approach. Obviously, an assassin could not lift up a rifle and fire from the middle of such a crowd. A photographic still like this, I feel, could serve as visual proof of the Commission's Report.

Thank you for your patience.

Very truly yours,

WOLPER PRODUCTIONS INC.

Mel Stuart  
Executive Vice President

Enc.

mc



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE 7/2/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Felt ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

On July 2, 1964, SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt delivered the transcript of his testimony that was given on 4/23/64 to Mr. Howard P. Willens at the President's Commission. He advised Mr. Willens that editorial corrections had been made on the testimony and volunteered to go over the corrections with him. Mr. Willens stated that that would not be necessary because he plans to send the transcript to Mr. Eisenberg and if Mr. Eisenberg has any corrections he will contact SA Shaneyfelt.

A copy of the corrected transcript is attached.

RECOMMENDATION: For your information.

105-82555

LLS:emh (7)

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

ENCLOSURE

REC-7

FEB-51

18 JUL 8 1964

EX 101

62-109060-3423

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

50 JUL 20 1964

TRUE COPY

Attorney General Kennedy  
Justice Department  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Attorney General:

I am to blame for your thinking I was involved in the assassination of President Kennedy. The assassination was a shock to me -- I am not involved in the assassination.

Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye of 1710 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, were happy for you to think it was I who planned the assassination, because it was the (present) Mrs. James T. Braye who planned it (the assassination). I found that out when you burnt up some papers in my house, which made Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye rejoice. Then Mrs. Braye said "There was only one copy". Then I overheard her say she planned the assassination to make it look like her brother-in law, Dr. Edward T. Braye (Franklin Road, Tuskegee Inst., Ala.) planned it. She was seeking "revenge" on Dr. Braye for something.

Another night, you came into the house with Mr. and Mrs. James Braye. I said to myself "He knows it was Mrs. Braye who planned the assassination." (I was in a confused state that night. I had been thinking someone might think I was involved in the assassination because the President had come to my house once.) You even thought I had been romantically involved with the President, when Mr. and Mrs. Braye and I were referring to a romantic involvement I had with a Mr. Cantor. It was Mr. Cantor we were talking about, not the President. I have never been romantically involved with President Kennedy. Mr. Braye, in trying to hide his wife's involvement in the assassination, tried to make you think I had been romantically involved with President Kennedy. It hurts me to think anyone would think that when it is not true.

I just let you think what you wanted to think that night. That was my mistake. I should have talked to you and told you the truth.

When I said "I didn't plan the assassination", You thought I said "I did" plan it. I let you think what you thought, because I knew that I was innocent. And that I can trace every move I have made all my life.

REC-9 62-109060-3424

10 JUL 8 1964

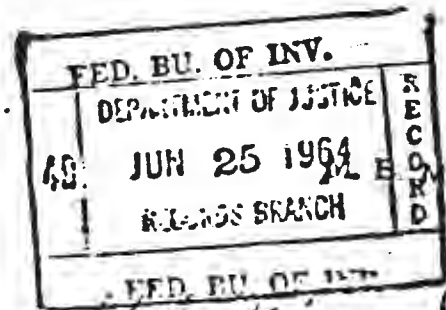
To say that I was to blame in the assassination is a rumor. I could carry this case to court to get my name cleared.

I believe if you questioned Mrs. James T. Braye again she might tell you the truth.

Yours truly,

E. Williams

Attorney General Kennedy  
Justice Department  
Washington, D.C.



Dear Attorney General:

I am not blame for your thinking I was involved in the assassination of President Kennedy. The assassination was a shock to me - I am not involved in the assassination.

Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye of 1710 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, were happy for you to think it was I who planned the assassination, because it was the present. Mrs. James T. Braye who planned it (the assassination). I found that out when you burnt up some papers in my house, which made Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye rejoice. Then Mrs. Braye said "There was only one copy". Then I overheard her say she planned the assassination to make it look like her brother-in-law, Dr. Edward T. Braye (Franklin Road, Tuskegee Inst, Ala.) planned it.

CORRESPONDENCE



something.

Another night, you came into the house with Mr. and Mrs. James Brayer. I said to myself "He knows it was Mrs. Brayer who planned the assassination." (I was in a confused state that night. I had been thinking someone might think I was involved in the assassination because the President had come to my house once.) You even thought I had been romantically involved with the President, when Mr. and Mrs. Brayer and I were referring to a romantic involvement I had with a Mr. Carter. It was Mr. Carter we were talking about, not the President. I have never been romantically involved with President Kennedy. Mr. Brayer, in trying to hide his wife's involvement in the assassination, tried to make you think I had been involved with President.

Kennedy. It hurts me to think anyone would think that when it is not true.

I just let you think what you wanted to think that night. That was my mistake. I should have talked to you and told you the truth.

If I said "I didn't plan the assassination", you thought I said "I did" plan it. I let you think what you thought, because I knew that I was innocent. And that I can trace every move I have made all my life.

To say that I was to blame in the assassination is a rumor. I could carry this case to court to get my name cleared.

I believe if you questioned Mrs. James T. Brady again she might tell

7-7-64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Raupach

7-102

To: SAC, Mobile

From: Director, FBI (62-108060) — 3425

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re WFO airtel to the Bureau 7-1-64, captioned  
"Mrs. James R. (Eugenia) Black, nee Williams, Information  
Concerning."

Enclosed for Mobile is one copy of a letter bearing  
the signature E. Williams which was furnished to the Bureau  
from the Department. From information contained in this  
communication it appears the same individual is involved who  
telephonically made the complaint to WFO as set out in  
referenced airtel.

Based on information furnished the correspondent and  
the complainant were not identifiable in Bureau files. However,  
Bureau file 140-12541, Mobile file 140-313 captioned "Eugenia  
Joyce Williams, Veterans Administration, SGE," may be identical  
with the complainant.

There is no record in Bureau files for James T. Braye  
or James T. Draye as an Agent, applicant or clerical employee,  
in or out of service. One James T. Braye was investigated by  
the Bureau as a Departmental applicant for the position of  
Administrative Aid at the U. S. Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia,  
in 1950. Nothing subversive was developed and he was described

Enclosure

1 - Dallas (89-43) Enclosures (2)

1 - WFO Enclosure

KMR:las (6)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_

MAILED 8

JUL 7 - 1964

COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

JUL 13 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Airtel to SAC, Mobile  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

As it appears there is some question as to the complainant's mental stability, the complainant should be interviewed thoroughly and in addition, any information regarding instability should be obtained either from your files or other sources. You should conduct all logical investigation to completely resolve this matter. The results of your inquiries are to be incorporated into an insert under the assassination caption and the contents of E. Williams' letter should also be included and furnished to Dallas for inclusion in a report. This report will be disseminated to the President's Commission and Secret Service Headquarters. Therefore, insure that your communications are accurate to preclude revisions or corrections at the Bureau. It is anticipated the Commission is in the process of concluding their investigation regarding the assassination and all leads are to be handled expeditiously.

NOTE:

The letter from the complainant was furnished to us by the Department by routing slip on June 26, 1964. The complainant's letter to the Attorney General states "I am to blame for your thinking I was involved in the assassination of President Kennedy." Complainant makes allegations that James T. Braye is an Agent who was allegedly involved in the assassination along with his wife. The complainant also makes allegations to the effect that she was not romantically involved with President Kennedy. In addition WFO on 6-30-64, received a long distance call from Mrs. James R. (Eugenia) Black nee Williams regarding the same information and from the conversation it appeared the complainant was mentally disturbed. ~~Upon receipt of Mobile investigation, the results will be furnished to Secret Service Headquarters along with a copy of the letter received from this Department.~~

*Results will be in report disseminated to President's Commission & Secret Service Headquarters.*

FBI

Date: 7/1/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: SAC, WFO (62-0)

Mrs. JAMES R. (EUGENIA) BLACK,  
nee Williams  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 6/30/64, SA HENRY C. HARDY received a long-distance telephone call at WFO from captioned complainant who furnished the following information:

Complainant, who resides at 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, telephone number 727-1793, advised that the wife of SA JAMES T. DRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, had admitted to her in November, 1963, that she, Mrs. DRAYE, had planned the assassination of President KENNEDY and that she had done so to make it appear her brother-in-law, Dr. EDWARD T. DRAYE, also of Tuskegee Institute, had been the assassin. SA DRAYE also admitted this to the complainant but advised her that in order not to lose his wife, he had covered up all the evidence of this plot and had intercepted all of the complainant's letters to the FBI.

Complainant said Mrs. DRAYE was a nurse and worked either at the John Andrew Hospital or the Veterans Administration Hospital, both in Tuskegee Institute.

2 - Bureau  
2 - Mobile  
1 - WFO

VPD:rlc  
(6)

AIRTEL

C. C. Wick

REC-9

62-109060-3425

18 JUL 8 1964

Approved: 1

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

PERS. REC. UNIT

55 JUL 13 1964



WFO 62-0

Complainant requested that the FBI question all concerned and use truth serum on them. From conversation, complainant appeared to be mentally disturbed.

Records of the Movement Section, SOG, revealed no FBI personnel, either agent or clerical, by the name of JOHN T. DRAVE.

WFO indices negative re complainant.

LEAD

MOBILE

AT TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE, ALABAMA Will immediately interview complainant, Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK, 807 Washington Avenue, to ascertain her mental stability and also obtain additional facts surrounding the validity of her complaint.

FBI

Date: 7/2/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431)

SUBJECT: IEE HARVEY OSWALD  
IS - R - CUBA

REBUairtel to NY, 7/1/64.

Reairtel requested NYO to furnish date and identity of communication containing results of interview with Miss OLIVE STEVENS.

Miss STEVENS interviewed by NYO on 4/10/64, and results furnished to Dallas, as enclosures to airtel dated 4/10/64, and captioned "ASSASSINATION OF JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING."

Enclosed for the assistance of the Bureau are one copy each of NYairtel to Dallas, 4/10/64, insert and FD 302 interview with Miss STEVENS.

ENCLOSURE

- (3) - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
- 1 - Dallas (100-10461) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (89-75)
- 1 - New York

EX-103

REC-5062-109060-3426

JJO:dtz  
(7)

25 JUL 9 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Charge

20 JUL 16 1964

SOVIET SECTION

PLAIN TEXT

4/10/64

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

TO : SAC, DALLAS (89-43)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (33-75)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(Bureau file 62-107060)

Re Dallas airtel to NY, 3/4/64.

Re Dallas airtel requested NY to locate and interview  
OLIVE STEVENS, if not previously done in accordance with  
Albany airtel, 12/6/63, submit 25 FD-302 copies, reflecting results  
of interview and 25 inserts reflecting basis for investigation  
as set out in Phoenix teletype to Albany, 11/24/63, captioned as  
above.

One copy instant airtel, insert and FD-302 are  
enclosed for Albany for information on basis of previous Dallas  
request.

For information of Dallas and Albany, OLIVE STEVENS,  
aka Mrs. STEWART STEVENS, recently returned to 2 Park Avenue,  
NYC, was interviewed by SA J. WILLIAM LOVE on 4/10/64, at which  
time STEVENS advised she had been previously residing on a  
temporary basis at Hidden Lake Lodge, located at Marlboro, Vermont,  
and also with her son, an attorney, JOHN STUART BURGESS, 67  
Main Street, Brattleboro, Vermont. STEVENS advised she also  
maintains a residence at Tucson, Arizona, and from 4/23/64 through  
9/64, will be residing at the Landale Hotel, Tunbridge Wells,  
Kent, England.

- 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encls. 2) (RM)  
1 - Albany (105-5001) (Info) (RM)  
2 - New York (33-75)  
(1) - 105-38431 (OSWALD)

JLT:amb

(7)

- 1 - Supervisor #312

ENCLOSURE

105-38431-79

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 11 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

NY 89-75

STEVENS was found to be very friendly, cooperative, elderly, slightly arthritic, extremely wealthy, alert and indicated that if she had any information of value in her possession, she personally would have contacted the Bureau and furnished same herself. STEVENS stated, in effect, she had no specific details or names and the information was mostly her own opinions based on general conversations she had heard in the Arizona and Texas area prior to the assassination.

For additional information of Dallas, STEVENS advised she had been well acquainted with the KENNEDY family, exhibited a note recently received from JACQUILINE KENNEDY, indicated she had had lunch with the late President on one occasion in Rome, and it appears the official of the British Government agency referred to in the Phoenix teletype, may actually be JOSEPH C. HARSCH, Chief European correspondent for the National Broadcasting Company in London with whom she is personally acquainted and had contacted after the assassination as set forth in the enclosed FD 302. NY will conduct no further investigation regarding this matter.

Date 4/10/64

Mrs. OLIVE STEVENS advised on April 10, 1964 that prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY she had resided in Tuscon, Arizona, where she had many wealthy friends and acquaintances, and was frequently invited and attended social functions, parties and picnics, in the Tuscon, Arizona, and Texas areas, which were also attended by extremely wealthy Texas and Arizona ranchers and businessmen. STEVENS stated many of the above ranchers and businessmen, specific names, dates and locations, too numerous to recall, were fiercely interested in politics in general, and intensely critical of the then KENNEDY Administration. STEVENS stated she often heard such statements as the "US is being ruined by the Kennedy Government", or the "US would be better off if Kennedy were dead," and STEVENS indicated many such conversations were, in her opinion, obviously from men who were members or were speaking the thinking of the extreme rightist organization, the John Birch Society.

STEVENS stated that about the time of the assassination, she telephonically contacted a friend, Dr. A. JAMES FILMORE, in Tuscon, Arizona, who had many wealthy patients and friends, such as herself; to warn or caution him not to become involved with any of the John Birch Society members, since such thinking of the type she had heard while living there was not American or patriotic.

STEVENS stated she attended a special history class at the University of Arizona prior to moving to the New York City area, and has taken short courses or classes in history at many different universities since she thoroughly enjoys the subject, and she does not recall any specific professors, regardless of their field, but she has never met or been acquainted with any British Government investigators.

STEVENS advised that at the time of the assassination, she also telephonically contacted in London, England, JOSEPH C. HARSCH, Chief European Correspondent for the National Broadcasting Company, and they had a lengthy conversation concerning the assassination, the attitudes, and violent type expressions of criticism toward President KENNEDY and the KENNEDY Administration voiced by many of the wealthy Texas and Arizona residents.

On 4/10/64 at 2 Park Avenue  
New York City

by SA J. WILLIAM LOVE/mfw

File # NY 89-75

Date dictated 4/10/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE



2  
NY 89-75

STEVENS stated her contact with HARSCH is based on friendship and the fact she, herself, had also worked for short periods of time on one or two occasions as a foreign correspondent.

STEVENS stated she subsequently telephonically contacted and was contacted by HARSCH on one or two occasions concerning the assassination, but the conversations were general in nature, and merely an exchange of thoughts or opinions without any foundation in fact beyond what they had learned from the various news media.

NY 89-75

On November 24, 1963 the Phoenix Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) was telephonically contacted by Doctor A. JAMES FILMORE, a physician in that city who advised that he had been in telephonic communication with Miss OLIVE STEVENS, telephone area code 212 #GR-7-5298, who indicated she was calling from Vermont, exact location not given. STEVENS indicated she was residing with her son, an attorney, and FILMORE believed she was living near or at a place called Hidden Lake Lodge.

FILMORE stated STEVENS had indicated she had been in contact with some University Professors of Law who were allegedly in contact with some officials of a "British Government Detective Agency" and STEVENS further indicated that according to her sources, certain politicians in Arizona, associated with the John Birch Society, had very definite connections with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

On April 10, 1964, Mrs. OLIVE STEVENS, 2 Park Avenue, New York City, telephone number GR 7-5298, advised SA J. WILLIAM LOVE she moved to the above address from Tuscon, Arizona, during November of 1963, but has been residing temporarily at Hidden Lake Lodge, Marlboro, Vermont, and also with her son, JOHN STUART BURGESS, 67 Main Street, Brattleboro, Vermont, and only recently returned to New York City. Mrs. STEVENS was thereafter interviewed and furnished the following information.

2-109060-3426

1-1301E

FBI

Date: 7/6/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SPRINGFIELD (89-23) - RUC

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, AT  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

(OO: DALLAS)

Re Las Vegas airtel to Bureau dated 6/19/64.

Copies of reairtel and enclosed letterhead memorandum designated for the Chicago Division were forwarded to the Springfield Division, since Villa Grove, Illinois, is in Springfield territory.

One copy each of reairtel and letterhead memorandum enclosed for Little Rock Division for assistance and information in conducting investigation. *B approx 1834*

On 6/26/64 JESSE CANFIELD, 203 Jefferson Street, Villa Grove, Illinois, advised as follows: *B approx 1917-18*

About the middle of summer, 1963, CANFIELD's son, MAJOR GEORGE CANFIELD, who is commonly known as GEORGE CANFIELD, age 46, and a retired Sergeant from the United States Air Force, came to Villa Grove, Illinois, for a visit. *ark*

- 3 - Bureau (62-109060) EX-103
- 2 - Dallas (89-43)
- 2 - Little Rock (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Albuquerque (Info) (89-27)
- 1 - Las Vegas (Info) (55-1)
- 1 - Phoenix (Info) (89-42)
- 1 - Springfield (89-23)
- EWI:css
- (11)

62-109060-3427

JUL 8 1964

56 JUL 16 1964

Sent

M

Per

Special Agent in Charge

SI 89-23

from his home in Arizona. Mr. CANFIELD, who appears to be approximately 75 years of age, could not recall where his son had been living in Arizona, but believed it to be either Yuma or Tucson. CANFIELD said that his son told him of having met a mining engineer and prospector who could "do wonders" in locating minerals, oil, and water with electronic gadgets. CANFIELD said during the latter part of the summer his son, GEORGE CANFIELD, bought a new Chevrolet pickup truck at Villa Grove, Illinois, and went to Arizona; and, after being gone approximately two weeks, he returned with this individual, whom he introduced as ARTHUR IMHOFF. CANFIELD said that his son and IMHOFF worked together for several weeks in central Illinois and made two or three trips to the West and back to Villa Grove, during which time they were supposed to be prospecting for oil and other minerals. CANFIELD said that during this time his son accumulated considerable indebtedness, and IMHOFF was unsuccessful in locating any oil in Illinois. CANFIELD said that some time late in the fall of 1963 his son, GEORGE CANFIELD, drove IMHOFF back to Arizona, or somewhere in the West, and returned to Villa Grove in a few days and surrendered the truck to the Chevrolet garage at Villa Grove because he was unable to continue payments.

*Nov  
Ariz  
Ill  
Calif*

JESSE CANFIELD was unable to fix the date of IMHOFF's departure from Villa Grove and could recall no association between IMHOFF's presence at Villa Grove and news of the assassination of President KENNEDY. CANFIELD stated that he could not definitely recall where he was on that date or when he heard this news.

CANFIELD stated that his son, GEORGE CANFIELD, is presently working for "PETE" CHAMBERS, who runs the Chevrolet garage in Villa Grove, Illinois, and is living on CHAMBERS' farm somewhere in Arkansas, but he does not know the address. He said that his son is working for CHAMBERS to help pay off his indebtedness in regard to purchase of the truck and that CHAMBERS would be able to remember more details as to the visit of IMHOFF at Villa Grove.

SI 89-23

Illinois, and the time of departure, since he had considerable contact with GEORGE CANFIELD and IMHOFF during this time.

On 6/26/64 DARWIN "PETE" CHAMBERS, who owns and operates Chambers Chevrolet Company, Villa Grove, Illinois, advised that GEORGE CANFIELD, whose full name is MAJOR GEORGE CANFIELD, is presently residing on a farm owned by him (CHAMBERS) on R. R. #2, Okalona, Arkansas. CHAMBERS said that this is a 650-acre farm known as the Keys Farm, approximately four miles north of Okalona, Arkansas.

CHAMBERS stated that he became acquainted with ARTHUR IMHOFF when IMHOFF was brought to Villa Grove, Illinois, about the middle of September, 1963, by GEORGE CANFIELD. CHAMBERS said that CANFIELD purchased a three-quarter ton Chevrolet pickup truck on 8/15/63 and drove the truck to Arizona and returned about a month later with IMHOFF. CHAMBERS verified the date of sale of the truck from records and also noted that these records show an address for GEORGE CANFIELD during the time he was gone from Villa Grove as 18 East 14th Street, Tucson, Arizona, telephone number MAIN 4-4034.

CHAMBERS said that GEORGE CANFIELD and IMHOFF made about three trips to the West, presumably to Colorado and Nevada, after they first came to Villa Grove together in about the middle of September, 1963. He said that IMHOFF was reportedly a mining engineer and prospector and had an electronic gadget which he used in attempting to locate oil and underground streams in the vicinity of Villa Grove, Illinois. According to CHAMBERS, IMHOFF was not successful in locating a single underground stream for water wells and apparently located no oil deposits.

CHAMBERS stated that he could not definitely recall when IMHOFF left Villa Grove the last time, but recalls that it was quite cold and probably about the last of November, 1963. He said that when IMHOFF and CANFIELD were unsuccessful in their explorations, CANFIELD



could not make payments on the truck; and, IMHOFF decided to return to either Nevada or Arizona. He said that CANFIELD drove the truck and took IMHOFF West and returned in about 10 days or two weeks and surrendered the truck. He stated that he has no records as to the date the truck was finally surrendered by CANFIELD to him (CHAMBERS) at Villa Grove.

CHAMBERS said that he could not definitely fix the date of IMHOFF's departure from Villa Grove in regard to the date of the assassination of President KENNEDY; however, he feels quite certain that GEORGE CANFIELD was at Villa Grove during this time, because as he recalls CANFIELD watched television in CHAMBERS' apartment on the day of President KENNEDY's funeral.

In regard to the "electronic gadget" which IMHOFF had in his possession, CHAMBERS said that he recalls IMHOFF having made the statement that this gadget had been used in police work and said that he could trace an individual across town by placing a hair, from the head of the individual whom he wanted to trail, in the machine. He said IMHOFF did not perform this experiment in his presence.

The Little Rock Division will attempt to locate GEORGE CANFIELD on the Keys Farm, which is presently owned by "PETE" CHAMBERS, R. R. #2, approximately four miles north of Okalona, Arkansas, and interview CANFIELD for details of his association and trips with IMHOFF during the fall of 1963 and particularly to determine if IMHOFF was at Villa Grove, Illinois, with CANFIELD on the date of the assassination of President KENNEDY. If not, will attempt to fix the exact date when he and IMHOFF left Villa Grove, Illinois, and details of their itinerary which might assist in determining the actual whereabouts of IMHOFF on the date of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

GIBBONS

62-109060-3428 IN THIS FILE SKIPPED DURING  
SERIALIZATION.

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71

FBI

Date: 7/6/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL Air Mail  
(Priority)

To : Director, FBI (62-109060)  
From : SAC, Minneapolis (62-3114)  
Subject: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel 7/2/64.

Report of SA ANDREW K. UGGEN dated 6/18/64 submitted re interview of STRONG under the caption "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA," Bufile 105-82555. It was submitted under this caption since the substance of Mr. STRONG's comments appeared to relate principally to OSWALD.

105-82555-4175

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Minneapolis
- (1 - 105-2564) (LEE HARVEY OSWALD)

CLS:CK  
(5)

31-105

REC-50

62-109060-3429

estibler

JUL 9 1964

Approved:

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

4-JUL-14 1964

FBI

Date: 7/3/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.  
- NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS.  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, 6/30/64, requesting  
Dallas to advise results of investigation conducted concerning  
MILO ELROY STORMO, an employee of General Dynamics, Fort Worth,  
Texas.

Investigation conducted by Los Angeles and furnished  
to Dallas by teletype November 23, 1963, reflected that STORMO  
was a reputable citizen who had been given a secret clearance  
in connection with his employment in October 1959.

STORMO had not been interviewed in view of this  
information. STORMO was interviewed on July 2, 1964, and said  
he was the owner of the 1958 Lincoln bearing 1963 California  
License OPW-662. He stated that at approximately 11:30 A.M.,  
November 22, 1963, he left work at General Dynamics, Fort  
Worth, Texas, to go to lunch with three fellow employees,  
FRED W. MEYER, SUE MINYARD and MIFE QUEEN, and was driving the  
1958 Lincoln. As they left the parking lot at General  
Dynamics, they noticed the Presidential plane taxiing along  
the runway and stopped along the fence for approximately two  
to three minutes to observe the plane and then proceeded to  
lunch.

(11) X3

REC-50 62-109060-3430

A summary of the teletype information, together with  
the results of interview of STORMO, is being included in the

RPG/38

53 JUL 13 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

C C-Yrick

DL 89-43

next report submitted by the Dallas Office in captioned matter,  
and no further investigation is being conducted.



62-109060-3431 IN THIS FILE SKIPPED DURING  
SERIALIZATION.

11

11-1-55

-11

FBI

Date: 6/30/64

Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel 6/26/64 concerning GERALD SHORTALL.

The Chicago Office has reviewed previous investigation conducted concerning GERALD SHORTALL. Previous investigation, not included in the LHM dated 6/16/64, was conducted. This information was transmitted to the Dallas Office in suitable form for inclusion in a report under the above caption. The Dallas Office has been furnished with all investigation in connection with the GERALD SHORTALL interviews in suitable form for inclusion into their report.

Previous Dallas instructions in connection with the GERALD SHORTALL matter were to submit investigation in suitable form to the Dallas Office for inclusion in a report being prepared by the Dallas Division.

In view of this and the above, the Chicago Division will not submit a revised LHM, UACB or Dallas.

3 - Bureau  
1 - Dallas (89-43) (Info)  
1 - Chicago

CLB/rms  
(5)

C. C. Wick

REC-59 62-109060-3432

JUL 9 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

JUL 14 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1-Mr. Conrad  
1-Mr. Jevons  
1-Mr. Gallagher

1-Mr. Frazier  
1-Office, Rm.  
7133

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/2/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY; 11/22/63; DALLAS, TEXAS

*Legat*

Mr. Norman Redlich of the President's Commission telephoned today and advised that he had before him a draft of an article to be published by the "Readers Digest" in the near future which included the use of neutron activation analyses on the paraffin casts taken of Oswald's cheek and hand for gunpowder residues.

He advised that he knew that the FBI Laboratory had sent a letter to the Commission covering the results of work that the Laboratory had done in this matter but he could not find it at that time. I provided him with the date of the letter and read it to him upon his request.

This letter, dated 3/10/64, advised that the paraffin casts from Oswald were examined by neutron activation analyses at the Oak Ridge National Laboratories, Research Reactor Site, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, and that the analyses were made to determine if the casts bore any primer deposits from the rifle cartridge cases found in the Dallas School Book Depository Building following the President's assassination. The letter advised in essence that the deposits found on the paraffin casts of the hand and cheek of Oswald could not be specifically associated with the rifle cartridges since the same elements were found in residues both from the rifle cartridge cases and the revolver cartridge cases which were fired from Oswald's revolver reportedly between the time of the assassination and the time of his apprehension. In view of the fact that the paraffin casts were not made until after the reported firing and handling of the revolver, no significance could be attached to the residues found on the casts other than the conclusion that barium and antimony (the elements found in the residues) are present in amounts greater than would be expected to be found on the hands of an individual who has not recently handled a fired weapon.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

After reading the letter to him, Mr. Redlich advised that the Commission may want a deposition concerning these findings but he would consider it further and advise the Bureau.

REC-9 62-109060-3435

ACTION: For information.

62-109060

1-Mr. Belmont  
1-Mr. Rosen  
1-Mr. Sullivan

1-Mr. DeLoach

XEROX  
JUL 10 1964

*Handwritten signatures and initials:*  
- *BR*  
- *mc*  
- *7*  
- *duc*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Felt ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Trotter

DATE: 7/2/64

FROM : S. F. Latona

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

On April 2, 1964, I gave testimony before the President's Commission regarding latent fingerprint and latent palm print identifications effected in the captioned case.

The President's Commission furnished the Bureau a transcript of this testimony. The testimony has been reviewed and transcription errors have been corrected.

On July 2, 1964, I personally contacted Mr. Howard Willens, who is on the General Counsel's staff, and page by page pointed out the corrections. Mr. Willens advised that the corrections would be made and brought to the attention of Staff Member Melvin Eisenberg, who conducted the interrogation at the hearing.

For information purposes there is attached a Xerox copy of the transcript of the testimony showing the corrections.

## ACTION:

For information.

62-109060

Enc.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Bufile (62-109090)
- 1 - Bufile (105-82555)

SFL:bcc  
(10)

ENCLOSURE  
53 JUL 14 1964

SOVIET SECTION

62-109060  
JUL 6 1964

RECEIVED  
JUL 8 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

FBI WASH DC

FBI SAN FRAN

4-43 PM PST URGENT 7/3/64 SLS

TO DIRECTOR, (62-109060)

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (89-58) 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-  
TWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING. RE  
SAN FRANCISCO TEL, JULY SEVEN, LAST.

RITA MC CARTY PRESENTLY RESIDING THREE SEVEN ONE EIGHT ALLENDALE,  
OAKLAND, CALIF. ATTEMPTS TO CONTACT HER AT RESIDENCE ON JULY SEVEN AND  
JULY EIGHT NEGATIVE.

NEIGHBOR, WHO DESCRIBED MRS. MC CARTY AS HEAVY DRINKER WITH HEART  
CONDITION, ADVISED HER OF BUREAU'S DESIRE TO CONTACT HER ON JULY SEVEN,  
LAST.

ON JULY EIGHT, INSTANT, HER HUSBAND, HARRY MC CARTY, ADVISED HIS  
WIFE WAS NOT HOME WHEN HE RETURNED FROM WORK EVENING OF JULY SEVEN, HAS  
NOT RETURNED TO DATE, AND HER PRESENT WHEREABOUTS ARE UNKNOWN TO HIM.

HARRY MC CARTY CONFIRMS HIS WIFE SUFFERS FROM HEART CONDITION,  
THAT SHE WROTE LETTER TO ATTORNEY GENERAL, AND RECENTLY SPENT SOME TIME  
IN DALLAS, BUT CLAIMS HE DOES NOT KNOW NAME OF INDIVIDUAL WITH WHOM HIS  
E PAGE ONE

58 JUL 15 1964

62-109060-3436  
JUL 10 1964  
6-12  
att: [unclear]



PAGE TWO

WIFE RESIDED WHILE IN DALLAS.

EFFORTS TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW CONTINUING.

DALLAS ADVISED AM.

END

WA

CORR BOTTOM OF-PAGE 1-SHLD READ END PAGE ONE

WA JRL

FBI WASH DC

TU DSC

cc:  
GRTG: MR. SULLIVAN

ARY

UNITED STATES

MENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : W. D. Griffith

DATE: 7/8/64

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY—  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

On July 7, 1964, SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt delivered a transcript of a deposition he gave at the President's Commission on June 12, 1964, to Mr. Howard P. Willens at the President's Commission. He advised Mr. Willens that editorial corrections had been made on the testimony and volunteered to go over the corrections with him. Mr. Willens stated that that would not be necessary because he plans to send the transcript to Mr. Eisenberg and if Mr. Eisenberg has any corrections he will contact SA Shaneyfelt.

A copy of the corrected transcript is attached.

RECOMMENDATION: For your information.

105-62555

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

W.D.G. (7)

REC-15

62-109060-3437

JUL 10 1964

INCL. LETTER FILE

JUL 10 1964

PERS. REC. UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE 7/7/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

On 7/6/64 SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt delivered to Mr. Howard P. Willens at the President's Commission the corrected copy of the transcript of testimony for Thursday, June 4, 1964. This contained the testimony of Inspector Leo J. Gauthier and SAs Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt and Robert A. Frazier. Mr. Willens advised that he did not feel that it would be necessary for him to review the corrections with SA Shaneyfelt because he planned to furnish the transcript to Mr. Arlen Specter for review. He stated that if Mr. Specter had any questions regarding the corrections in the transcript, he could contact SA Shaneyfelt directly.

A Xerox copy of the corrected transcript is attached.

RECOMMENDATION: For your information.

105-82555

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

REC-15

62-109060 - 3438

JUL 9 1964

ENCLOSURE

JUL 10 1964

58 JUL 15 1964

PERS. REC. UNIT

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan (Room 6503)  
1 - Mr. Rogge (Room 5730)  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Davies

July 7, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of  
President John  
F. Kennedy*

REC'D-READING ROOM  
JUL 7 4 03 PM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to a telephone call on June 22, 1964, from Miss Mary A. Roveotsky, Commission employee, to a representative of this Bureau concerning the reproduction of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were furnished to a Special Agent of this Bureau on the same date as the request.

In accordance with this request, there are enclosed herewith three sets of photocopies of Commission Exhibits numbered 995 through 1000 and 1002 through 1017. Also enclosed are Commission Exhibits numbered 995, 996 and 1015.

Sincerely yours, REC-15

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060-3439

JUL 9 1964

Enclosures (69)

62-109000

1 - Dallas (100-10461) Enclosures (23)

NOTE FOR DALLAS: Enclosed for Dallas is one set of photocopies of the above-mentioned Commission Exhibits, together with listing of same.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

DEL:fa (100) PM 84

JUL 14 1964

JUL 10 1964

JUL 14 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

**NOTE:** The telephone call of 6/22/64, mentioned above, was made to Special Agent Roy H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section, Laboratory Division. The exhibits mentioned above were obtained from the Commission on 6/22/64 by Special Agent Robert A. Neill.

Those exhibits originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau will be retained in Bureau custody. Commission exhibits not originating from the Bureau are being returned to the Commission along with the photographs and are designated by an asterisk on the attached listing.

SECTION



July 7, 1964

COMMISSION'S  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

995*	Subpoena to Robert A. Surrey of Dallas, Texas, attachment to the subpoena and envelope addressed to the Commission
996*	"Wanted for Treason" circular
997	Photograph showing area in which Chevrolet automobile was observed by Walter Colon
998	Aerial photograph of area of General Walker's residence, Dallas, Texas
999	Aerial photograph of area of General Walker's residence, Dallas, Texas
1000	Aerial photograph of area of General Walker's residence, Dallas, Texas
1002	Aerial photograph of area of General Walker's residence, Dallas, Texas
1003	Aerial photograph of area of General Walker's residence, Dallas, Texas
1004	Aerial photograph of area of General Walker's residence, Dallas, Texas
1005	Diagram showing streets in vicinity of General Walker's residence
1006	Photograph of a window
1007	Photograph of a window
1008	Photograph of a wall showing a hole
1009	Photograph of a wall and nearby literature: General Walker
1010	Photograph of tire impression
1011	Photograph of a wooden fence
1012	Photograph of a clothes line post, water meter and a fence
1013	Map of Dallas, Texas
1014	Floor plan diagram
1015*	Book of newspaper clipping reproductions re: J. F. K. Assassination
1016	Photograph of a driveway entrance in vicinity of General Walker's residence
1017	Photograph of area in vicinity of General Walker's residence

141  
JUL 10

XEROX

62-109060-3439  
ENCLOSURE

- 1 - Mr. Gallagher, 7417
- 1 - Mr. Jevons, 7133
- 1 - Office, 7133
- 1 - Mr. Conrad

July 8, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley

Dear Mr. Rankin:

As previously reported to the Commission, certain small lead metal fragments uncovered in connection with this matter were analyzed spectrographically to determine whether they could be associated with one or more of the lead bullet fragments and no significant differences were found within the sensitivity of the spectrographic method.

Because of the higher sensitivity of the neutron activation analysis, certain of the small lead fragments were then subjected to neutron activation analyses and comparisons with the larger bullet fragments. The items analyzed included the following: C1 - bullet from stretcher; C2 - fragment from front seat cushion; C4 and C5 - metal fragments from President Kennedy's head; C9 - metal fragment from the arm of Governor Connally; C16 - metal fragments from rear floor board carpet of the car.

While minor variations in composition were found by this method, these were not considered sufficient to permit positively differentiating among the larger bullet fragments and thus positively determining from which of the larger bullet fragments any given small lead fragment may have come.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

62-109060

JFG:KO (10)

XEROX

NOTE: Based on memorandum Mr. Jevons to Mr. Conrad dated 7/6/64 captioned "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS."

JUL 14 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 8 1 39 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

7-8-64

CODE

1 - Mr. Raupach

CABLEGRAM

URGENT

EX-114

TO LEGAT, LONDON

REC-22

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109000) — 3441

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
 NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
 INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RE LEGAT LONDON CABLEGRAM JULY SIX, LAST.

BASED ON INFORMATION FURNISHED, THOMAS HARVEY NOT  
 IDENTIFIABLE IN BUREAU FILES. RESULTS OF YOUR INQUIRIES  
 SHOULD BE INCORPORATED IN AN INSERT, TWENTY FIVE COPIES,  
 AND FORWARDED TO THE BUREAU FOR TRANSMITTAL TO DALLAS, WHICH  
 WILL BE INCLUDED IN A REPORT. PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION IS  
 ANTICIPATING AN EARLY CONCLUSION, THEREFORE, THIS MATTER  
 SHOULD BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY. DALLAS ADVISED BY MAIL.

1 - Dallas (89-43) Enclosure  
 1 - Foreign Liaison (Approved telephonically)

JUL 8 1964

KMR:las  
(5)

NOTE: Legat London advised British seaman J. A. Rawles  
 had written the embassy stating he had information about the  
 real killer of President Kennedy. Rawles was AWOL in Paris  
 September, 1963, and became friendly with an American, Thomas  
 Harvey, believed to be from Pennsylvania and is reportedly an  
 eccentric millionaire. Rawles alleged Harvey displayed letters  
 published in U.S. papers criticizing the Government and Harvey  
 indicated he had been beat up, thrown into prison and had to leave  
 the country. Rawles quoted Harvey as saying "I will have President  
 Kennedy killed within three weeks." Conversation occurred in Paris  
 September, 1963, and Rawles indicated he had more details regarding  
 Harvey at his home in Brighton, England. Legat following this  
 matter and based on information furnished Harvey cannot be  
 identified in Bureau files.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

JUL 15 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

# DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 7-6-64  
TO DIRECTOR  
FROM LEGAT LONDON NO. 113

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. INFO CONCERNING.

BRITISH SEAMAN J. A. RAWLES, WROTE EMBASSY STATING HAD INFO ABOUT REAL KILLER OF PRESIDENT. THIS OFFICE WROTE RAWLES WHO IS SERVING ABOARD H. M. S. ASTUTE, ASKING FOR ANY DETAILS. RAWLES NOW ADVISES HE WAS AWOL IN PARIS IN SEPTEMBER 1963. THERE BECAME FRIENDLY WITH AN AMERICAN, THOMAS HARVEY, BELIEVED TO BE FROM PENNSYLVANIA. SAYS HARVEY IS ECCENTRIC MILLIONAIRE. HARVEY SHOWED HIM LETTERS PUBLISHED IN U.S. PAPERS CRITICIZING THE GOVERNMENT. HARVEY SAID HE HAD BEEN THROWN INTO PRISON, BEATEN UP AND HAD TO LEAVE COUNTRY.

RAWLES QUOTES HARVEY AS SAYING "I WILL HAVE PRESIDENT KENNEDY KILLED WITHIN THREE WEEKS." RAWLES BELIEVES HE ALSO MENTIONED GOVERNOR CONNOLLY. CONVERSATION OCCURRED PARIS, SEPTEMBER 1963. RAWLES SAID HE HAD MORE DETAILS RE HARVEY AT HIS HOME IN BRIGHTON, ENGLAND. RAWLES BEING ASKED TO FURNISH MORE DETAILS.

REQUEST BUREAU ADVISE ANY INFO RE HARVEY.

2 JUL 10 1964

CHARLES W. BATES

RECEIVED: 12:48 PM MAH

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

CC-MR. SULLIVAN  
CC-MR. ROSEN

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

3RD CC: MR. BREIDAN

FBI

Date: 6-30-64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
MISCELLANEOUS-INFOATION CONCERNING  
OO:DL

Re Bureau Airtel to Oklahoma City, dated 6-22-64,  
concerning the American Memorial Institute, organized for  
purpose of creating a memorial of the Texas School Book  
Depository, Dallas, Texas, and requesting inquiry relating  
to two of the principals--PAT M. MALLOY, JR. (Previously shown  
only as PAT MALLOY), and ALBERT JAMES TURINSKY.

ENCLOSED TO BUREAU: Original and four (4) copies of  
Letterhead Memorandum, dated June 29, 1964, at Oklahoma City,  
Oklahoma, relating to PAT M. MALLOY, JR., and ALBERT JAMES  
TURINSKY.

ENCLOSED TO DALLAS: Two (2) copies of above  
described Letterhead Memorandum.

The Bureau is advised that OC file 77-119, relating to  
PAT MALLOY, former Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division,  
U. S. Department of Justice, has been destroyed. Inquiry at  
Tulsa, Oklahoma, however, verified that PAT M. MALLOY, JR., Tulsa,  
Oklahoma, is the son of the former Assistant Attorney General  
MALLOY.

As Dallas is origin in the cases relating to CLIFFORD  
DIXON NOE, that information available concerning NOE at Oklahoma  
City was not included in the LHM.

3 - Bureau (Enc.5)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc.2)  
1 - Oklahoma City  
DIB:ddw  
(6)

REC 146 2-109060-3442

JUL 2 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

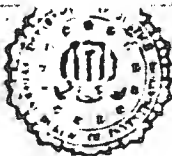
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
June 29, 1964

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

On June 10, 1964, Charles Batchelor, Assistant Chief of Police, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, supplied information, previously reported, concerning the American Memorial Institute, organized for the purpose of creating a memorial of the Texas School Book Depository at Dallas, Texas. Principals in the American Memorial Institute were identified as John Michael Shea, Jr., Director, of Addison, Texas; Clifford D. Noe, Dallas, Texas; Pat Malloy, an attorney, Tulsa, Oklahoma; and Albert James Turinsky, Dallas, Texas.

Records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and examination of records of public source on June 24 and 25, 1964, disclosed the following information concerning Pat M. Malloy, Jr., identified as the Malloy in question, and Albert James Turinsky:

Re: PAT M. MALLOY, JR., Attorney  
Tulsa, Oklahoma

TEXAS

On June 25, 1964, records of the Newspaper Printing Corporation -- The Tulsa Tribune and Tulsa World newspapers -- Tulsa, Oklahoma, disclosed that Pat M. Malloy, Jr., has engaged in private law practice at Tulsa, Oklahoma, for many years. Born on January 6, 1916, at Tulsa, Oklahoma, to Pat Malloy, Sr., and Lenore H. Malloy, Mr. Malloy has pursued the profession which was that of his father, with admission to the Oklahoma State Bar in 1939. Pat Malloy, Sr. was an attorney who had served as Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, U. S. Department of Justice, during the

1  
JUL 14 1964  
XEROX

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY -  
AMERICAN MEMORIAL INSTITUTE

first administration of President Franklin D. Roosevelt. He had served from June to September, 1933. Mr. Malloy, Sr. died on January 31, 1934, at El Dorado, Arkansas, at the age of 49.

Active in civic and political affairs at Tulsa, Oklahoma, Pat Malloy, Jr., in January, 1962, was appointed to the position of Regional Solicitor, United States Department of Interior, at Tulsa, Oklahoma. Mr. Malloy continued in his private law practice, the appointment being on a part-time basis. On May 13, 1964, he resigned this position in order to campaign for Oklahoma Senator J. Howard Edmondson.

In November, 1963, after the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, Malloy was quoted in these newspapers as saying that he felt a great personal loss. He was personally acquainted with President Kennedy, having met him in 1958, when Kennedy visited Tulsa. Malloy then was the Tulsa County Chairman of the Kennedy Presidential Campaign.

On June 24, 1964, [redacted] Credit Bureau of Tulsa, 611 South Detroit, Tulsa, Oklahoma, advised that records of that office pertaining to Pat M. Malloy, Jr., 2632 South Columbia Place, Tulsa, Oklahoma, disclosed a report dated April 2, 1964, prepared for New York City, New York. In this report, Mr. Malloy was shown to have been of record with the credit bureau at Tulsa since March 27, 1940, a practicing attorney since 1942, at Tulsa, Oklahoma. His wife was listed as Coleene Malloy. His accounts were listed as [redacted]

On June 24, 1964, the following sources disclosed no record identifiable with Pat Malloy: John McSherry, Identification Division, Tulsa Police Department; James Porter and Jack Helton, Tulsa County Sheriff's Office, Tulsa, Oklahoma.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY -  
AMERICAN MEMORIAL INSTITUTE

Records of the Oklahoma City Office of the Federal  
Bureau of Investigation disclose no prior reference of  
pertinence to this inquiry concerning Pat ~~Mr~~ Malloy, Jr. *"a1" cl. 1a*

Re: ALBERT JAMES TURINSKY *"a1"*  
9236 High Ridge, Dallas, Texas

On June 24, 1964, ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ Credit Bureau  
of Tulsa, Tulsa, Oklahoma, produced a record concerning  
Albert J. Turinsky and his wife, Muriel Turinsky, 9236  
High Ridge, Dallas, Texas. A report prepared on August 20,  
1962, for Dallas, Texas, disclosed that he had moved from  
Tulsa, Oklahoma, to Denton, Texas, in November, 1961;  
that he previously had been employed by Rich's of Tulsa, a  
furniture company, from April, 1961 to November, 1961; and  
in the past by State Farm Insurance Company, A & B  
Furniture Company, Paige Mulhollen, and the Panama Carbon  
Company. His accounts were shown paid as agreed, with a  
high credit of ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~. A legal news item, dated February  
17, 1954, disclosed a marriage license issued to Albert J.  
Turinsky and Muriel Ann Rick. A report from Oklahoma City,  
Oklahoma, a credit bureau, on March 13, 1958, disclosed his  
accounts paid as agreed. *See alt. 112*

On June 24, 1964, John McSherry, records, Tulsa  
Police Department, advised their file #40213 pertaining to  
Albert James Turinsky, also known as Al, sets forth the  
following information:

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY -  
AMERICAN MEMORIAL INSTITUTE

On June 24, 1964, Jack Helton, Warrant Records,  
Tulsa County Sheriff's Office, advised he could locate no  
wairant outstanding for Turinsky in Tulsa County.

The following is a description of Albert James  
Turinsky, also known as Al, as obtained from the Tulsa  
Police Department files:

Address	7544 East 26th Place, Tulsa, Oklahoma
Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of birth	February 14, 1935
Place of birth	Kansas City, Missouri
Height	5'8"
Weight	155 lbs.
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Medium
Build	Medium
Marital Status	Married-wife-Muriel Turinsky
Relatives	Father: Adolpy Turinsky, Dallas, Texas Mother: Iva Turinsky, 213 E. 27th Ct. N., Tulsa, Oklahoma Sister: Mrs. Dick Watts, 213 E. 27th Ct. North, Tulsa, Oklahoma
Employed	Emergency Planning - U. S. Government
FBI No.	

Records of the Oklahoma City Office of the Federal  
Bureau of Investigation disclose no prior reference identifiable  
with Albert James Turinsky.

4/5  
PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave NE  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 943-1400

EARL WARREN  
CURTIS  
RICHARD E. RUSSELL  
JOHN BILLYAN COOPER  
HALE BUCKS  
GERALD R. HAD  
JOHN J. AKCLOV  
ALLEN W. DALLIS

LEE RANKIN  
General Counsel

JUL 9 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

This is in response to your letter dated June 29, 1964  
regarding return to United Press International of the copy of a  
film taken by Mrs. Marie Muchmore of Dallas, Texas. I have brought  
this matter to the attention of the Commission, which is taking this  
matter under consideration. I will inform you as soon as the  
Commission has made a decision on this matter.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*  
J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

EXP-PROC  
JUL 10 1964

REC 1462-109060-3443

JUL 16 1964

58 JUL 15 1964



PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 943-1400

EARL WARREN,  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER,  
HALE BOGGETT,  
GERALD R. NEAD,  
JOHN J. MCCLOY,  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

JUL 3 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Reference is made to your letter dated June 29, 1964

informing the Commission that you have obtained a set of 35 millimeter color slides which are being marketed by Phil Willis Enterprises, Dallas, Texas. We would appreciate the opportunity to review these slides.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

REC 146-109060 - 3444

3 JUL 8 1964

EX-104

JUL

55 JUL 15 1964

SCVLET SECTION

SEVEN

EXP. 100

33 JUL 6 1964

FBI

Date: 7/7/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Albany, 6/30/64, relating to  
Mrs. GEORGIA CAMPBELL or Mrs. GEORGIA VENTURA; and, Albany  
airtel to Bureau, 7/2/64, advising that results of investi-  
gation had been furnished Dallas by letter dated 5/21/64.

The Bureau is advised that the results of investi-  
gation referred to by Albany will be included in the next  
report submitted in captioned matter.

3 - Bureau  
1 - Albany (62-1646) (Info.)  
2 - Dallas  
PFG/ds  
(5)

REC 12

62-109060-3445

25 JUL 9 1964

EX-104

cc letter  
file

P. J. [signature]  
[signature]  
[signature]

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 16 1964

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: July 8, 1964

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
11/22/63

As a matter of record, the President's Commission returned to the Laboratory on July 7, 1964, the evidence items listed below:

One of the photographs in Item 6, a copy of which is Commission Exhibit 4 (P5)

One of the photographs in Item 14, a photograph of which is Commission Exhibit 3 (P1)

Commission Exhibit 2

Commission Exhibit 5

Commission Exhibit 788

Burcham Exhibit 2 (FBI 170)

Burcham Exhibit 3 (FBI D38)

ACTION: For information.

NOTE: The photograph from Item 6 is of a railroad track in the vicinity of Walker's home; the photograph from Item 14 is a photograph of Walker's house as is Commission Exhibit 5. Commission Exhibit 2 is a photograph of the alley in back of Walker's house and Commission Exhibit 788 is a money order from R. Widell to Kleins Sporting Goods. Burcham Exhibits 2 and 3 are Texas Employment Commission forms B12 and B57 in the name L. H. Oswald. REC 12 62-109060-3446

62-109060

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Cunningham  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Neill  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

JUL 13 1964

EX-104

JUL 16 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

EX-104

~~Confidential~~

3447

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
(H. W. Little)

1 - C. D. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen

July 8, 1964

1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Shroder

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

For your information we are aware Featherston is a U. S. citizen and claims to be a newspaperman. In recent years he has been in British Honduras at various times and was engaged in clandestine activities in that country and is well known to British authorities. In 1959, it was reported he was allegedly involved in a plot to assassinate the President of Guatemala and during the same year had made speeches in support of the Castro regime. At one time he was employed by the

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Malone
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Rm.
- Holmes
- Gandy

KMR:las:AOB

(10)

62-109060

1 - 105-74802 (Featherston)

53 JUL 16 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

01 JUL - 8  
COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

REC'D-READING ROOM

CLASSIFIED BY 22040  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY II

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

62-109060-5  
JUL 8 3 39 PM '64  
FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Los Angeles Police Department and information has been received indicating that he may be mentally deranged. U

Since the information attributed to Featherston is nebulous and inasmuch as extensive investigation has failed to develop any information which would lend credence to the allegations of a conspiracy with respect to the assassination, no further action is being taken in connection with the above unless specifically requested by you. U

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Investigation conducted regarding the assassination has failed to establish that any conspiracy was involved in the assassination particularly on the part of Officer Tippit or any member of the Dallas Police Department. U



FBI

Date: 6/16/64

~~Confidential~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTELAIR MAIL - REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (29-67) (P)

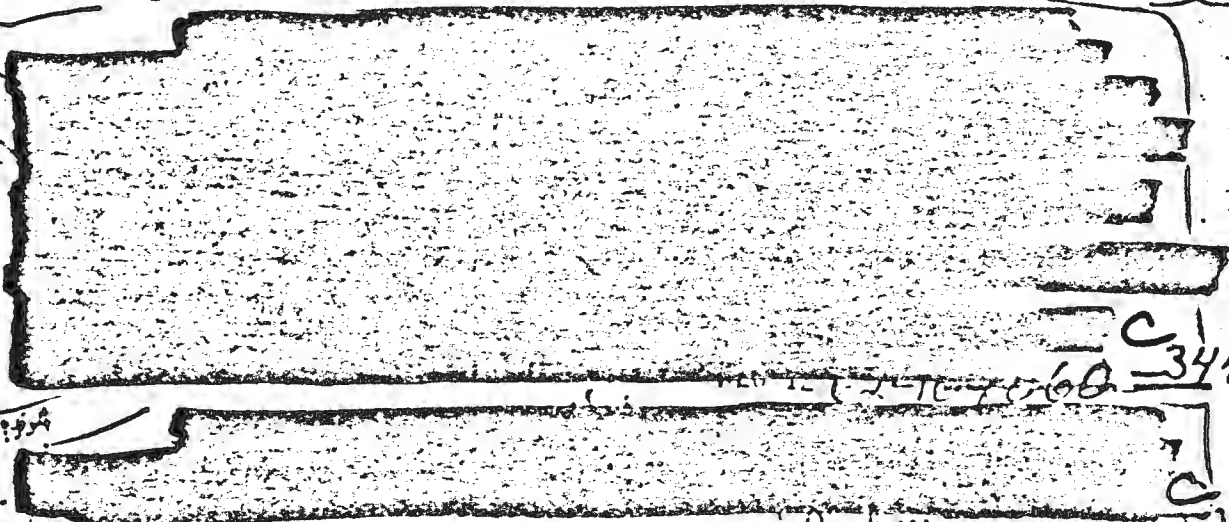
 RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
 FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
 DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed herewith are 8 copies of LHM containing certain comments made by ALFRED DWIGHT AMOS FEATHERSTON; enclosed for the Dallas Division are 2 copies of this LHM. FEATHERSTON is subject of Bureau file 105-74802, and SA file 105-493.

CLASSIFIED BY 6040

EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE



- 3-Bureau (Enc. 8) (AM RM)
- 2-Dallas (Enc. 2) (89-43) (AM RM)
- 5-San Antonio (2-23-67)
- (1-105-1253 A. FEATHERSTON)
- (1-65-1620)
- (1-134-4297-73)

E. C. WICK

ENCLOSURE

JMK/DH/dnb  
(10)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

~~Confidential~~

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per \_\_\_\_\_

all original confidential  
 letters marked and classified

RECEIVED COPY AND COPY OF INFORMATION

SA 89-67

~~Confidential~~

[REDACTED] US

[REDACTED] C

It is further recommended that any leads in this matter be left to the Bureau, and that the Dallas and San Antonio offices do not incorporate the information in enclosed LHM in any investigative report or other document that will be disseminated.

INFORMATION

Identity of Source

SA T-1:

[REDACTED]

SA T-2:

NK T-1

- Confidential Source Abroad
- as set out in the report of
- SA MATTHEW D. CRAWFORD, JR.,
- dated 7/5/60 at Newark
- captioned ALFRED DWIGHT
- AMOST REANIERSTON,
- Cover Page "B".

File Where Located

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

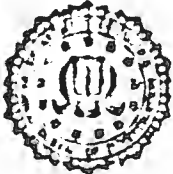
- 2 -

~~Confidential~~

SA 82667

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
CLASSIFICATION

The enclosed LHM is classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~"  
inasmuch as it contains information from SA T-1, a  
confidential informant of continuing value, the  
unauthorized disclosure of which could result in  
identification and compromise the future effectiveness  
of the source. ✓



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

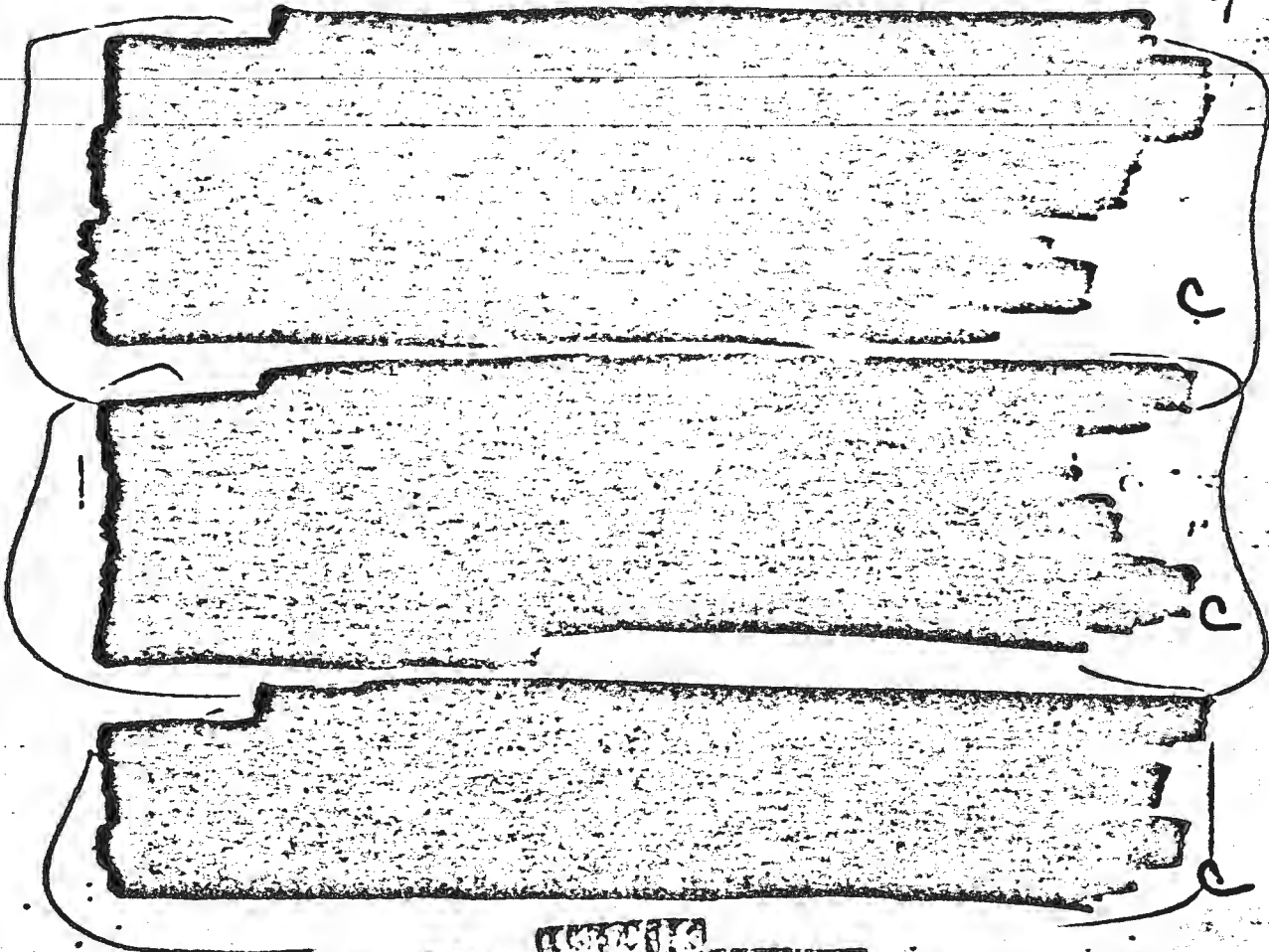
In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Antonio, Texas  
June 16, 1964

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS

On June 15, 1964, SA T-1 furnished the follow-  
ing information:



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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

4 4 JAN 9 1973

CLASSIFIED BY 2040  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY II  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE  
7/6/87

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 3447

PAGE NO. 2 (LHM)

NO. OF PAGES 7

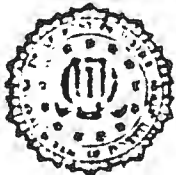
SECTION NO.

77

DEA

REFERRAL





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Antonio, Texas  
June 16, 1964

Title ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS

Character

Reference San Antonio memorandum dated  
and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose  
identities are concealed in referenced communication have  
furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to  
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 6/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEWARK (62-0)

JOHN A. HOLLANDER  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of a self-explanatory letterhead memorandum. An informational copy is being made available to Dallas in view of HOLLANDER's reported visit to Dallas. A copy of the memo is likewise being furnished to the local office of Secret Service.

On 6/29/64, [redacted] Kearfott Division, General Precision, Inc., Little Falls, N.J., advised that he learned from supervisory personnel that HOLLANDER made telephone call to the firm on the evening of 6/25/64 indicating that he was in Texas and that it was his intention to visit JACK RUBY and from there travel to Washington, D.C. [redacted] stated that he learned that RUBY, an emotionally disturbed person, expressed desire to see a member of the Kennedy family in Washington, D.C.

On the evening of 6/29/64, HOLLANDER's supervisor [redacted] and two fellow employees, [redacted] and [redacted] furnished info re HOLLANDER's activities. It is to be noted that Kearfott Division, General Precision, Incorporated, Aero Space Group, 1150 McBride Avenue, Little Falls, N.J., is a key facility USAF for a security responsibility. Information developed to date reflects that HOLLANDER has not made any threat toward President of U.S. In view of HOLLANDER's mental condition, local office of Secret Service being furnished with copy of LHM.

5- ENCLOSURE

- (3) - Bureau (RM) (Enc. 5)
- 1 - Dallas (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 2 - Newark

JJR:lgd

(6)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

18 JUL 1 1964

79 JUL 8 - 1964

NK 62-0

[redacted] advised that HOLLANDER is presently being treated for mental disorder by personal physician Dr. WILLIAM BURST, East Orange, N.J.

*Continuing*

Newark contemplates continuing no additional inquiry.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Newark, New Jersey  
June 30, 1964

JOHN A. HOLLANDER  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On June 29, 1964, [redacted] Kearfott Division, Aero Space Group, General Precision, Incorporated, Little Falls, New Jersey, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he learned that John A. Hollander telephonically contacted General Precision, Incorporated, on Thursday evening, June 25, 1964. Hollander indicated that he was calling from an unidentified city in Texas and was alleged to be in Texas to see Jack Ruby and the site of the Kennedy assassination. *Texas*

It was ascertained that Hollander telephonically spoke with the firm's employees, [redacted] and [redacted] who reported that Hollander telephonically called from El Paso, Texas, on June 25, 1964. He claimed to have previously visited Dallas and was returning to Dallas from El Paso. Hollander gave no indication that he spoke with Jack Ruby and in the opinion of [redacted] and [redacted] Hollander was not acquainted with Jack Ruby.

[redacted] and [redacted] advised that Hollander never mentioned being acquainted with Jack Ruby, Lee Harvey Oswald, and never expressed a grudge against the late President John F. Kennedy, office of the President, or President Lyndon B. Johnson. [redacted] and [redacted] described Hollander as a "mentally sick" person.

Firm records reveal John A. Hollander born October 24, 1926, Belleville, New Jersey, and a residence at 72 Beech Street, Belleville, New Jersey. He was hired by Kearfott Division October 24, 1955. He obtained medical leave of absence June 29, 1962 and returned to work August 13, 1962. Hollander was again placed on medical leave of absence June 15, 1964, and is presently on such leave. He is single and is employed as a senior calibrator.

Hollander's supervisor, [redacted] advised that the company was told by Hollander's personal physician that he was not belligerent. [redacted] heard Hollander state that

COPIES DESTROYED

171

JOHN A. HOLLANDER

The country was being mismanaged by former President Kennedy and Secretary of Defense Robert Mc Namara. [redacted] related that just prior to Hollander's medical leave of absence in June, 1964, Hollander claimed to have obtained, at a recent meeting with Fidel Castro, the weapon which killed President Kennedy.

[redacted] advised that the firm's records reveal that Hollander was in the Carrier Clinic at Belle Meade, New Jersey, from July 5, 1962 to August 5, 1962. His condition was diagnosed as [redacted] and he presently is under treatment with Doctor William Furst, East Orange, New Jersey. Hollander is on medical leave of absence due to [redacted]. He is described as follows:

Sex	Male
Race	White
Date of Birth	October 24, 1926
Place of Birth	New Jersey
Height	6'3"
Weight	210 pounds
Hair	Black, crewcut
Residence	72 Beech Street Belleville, New Jersey

- This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



July 13, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach (J. E. Herington)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Leo Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated  
June 26, 1964, and prior communications relating  
to Mrs. Shirley Martin, also known as Mrs. Mark E.  
Martin, of Boriny, Oklahoma.

Enclosed for your information are two  
copies each of two memoranda dated July 3, 1964,  
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and July 6, 1964,  
Dallas, Texas, captioned "Assassination of  
President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas," concerning information  
received bearing the name of Mrs. Mark E. Martin.

In view of your prior interest in  
Mrs. Martin, the enclosed are being furnished.  
62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (Pres. Comm.) Sincerely yours,

KMR: [initials]  
(10)

J. Edgar Hoover

REC-2262-109060-3449

19 JUL 14 1964

Enclosures (4)

NOTE: This is the eighteenth letter to the Commission  
on Martin. SAC Letter 64-23B dated 4-23-64, alerted the  
field to her campaign of vilification of the Director and  
the FBI.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

JUL 15 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 13 2 40 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

FBI WASH DC

RECEIVED  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

JUL 9 1964

TELETYPE

TO FBI DALLS

FEI DALLAS

TU SA SLS

FBI SAN FRAN

5:04 PM PST URGENT 7/9/64 SLS

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060), AND DALLAS (89-43)

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (89-58) 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING. RE SAN FRANCISCO TEL, JULY EIGHT, LAST.

ELI MC CARTY, INTERVIEWED INSTANT DATE WHILE APPARENTLY UNDER INFLUENCE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES. ADVISED SHE RECENTLY ACCOMPANIED HER BROTHER-IN-LAW AND SISTER-IN-LAW TO DALLAS, TEXAS, WHERE THEY STAYED BRIEFLY WITH ONE PAULETTE PAREN LNU END PAREN, A FRIEND OF HER SISTER-IN-LAW, WHO IS A PHOTOGRAPHER AT THE HOSPITAL WHERE PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS TAKEN FOLLOWING THE ASSASSINATION.

STATES SHE DID NOT OBSERVE ANY PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY THIS INDIVIDUAL BUT OVERHEARD PAULETTE TELL HER SISTER-IN-LAW, MRS. EVA MC CARTY, THAT SHE HAD SEEN PHOTOGRAPHS OF PIECES OF SKULL FOUND ON STREET FOLLOWING PRESIDENT'S ASSASSINATION, WHICH WERE BROUGHT TO HOSPITAL AND PHOTOGRAPHED THERE.

MRS. EVA MC CARTY LOCATED AND INTERVIEWED IN HAYWARD, CALIF., ON INSTANT DATE. SHE IDENTIFIED HER FRIEND WITH WHOM SHE RESIDED IN DALLAS

END PAGE ONE

53 JUL 16 1964

18 JUL 13 1964

REC-22 62-109060-3450

cc Tupper  
6-Kul

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

PAGE 10

AS PAULETTE CARUTHERS PAREN PH END PAREN AND STATED SHE IS EMPLOYED AS PHOTOGRAPHER AT ABOVE MENTIONED DALLAS HOSPITAL.

EVA MC CARTY ADVISED PAULETTE TOLD HER ON OCCASION OF HER VISIT TO DALLAS IN EARLY JUNE THIS YEAR THAT SHE HAD SEEN PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE LATE PRESIDENT TAKEN FOLLOWING HIS ARRIVAL AT THE HOSPITAL, WHERE HE DIED, BUT CAN RECALL NOTHING BEING MENTIONED BY PAULETTE ABOUT PIECES OF SKULL AND CAN FURNISH NO FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THESE PHOTOGRAPHS, AS SHE DID NOT PERSONALLY OBSERVE ANY OF THEM.

EVA MC CARTY DESCRIBES HER SISTER-IN-LAW, RITA, AS A QUOTE SOT DRUNK UNQUOTE AND STATES SHE IS CONTINUALLY DOING QUOTE CRAZY THINGS UNQUOTE TO QUOTE STIR THINGS UP UNQUOTE.

DALLAS INTERVIEW CARUTHERS FOR FULL DETAILS AS SET FORTH IN BUTEL, JULY SIX, LAST.

LHM WILL BE EXPEDITED BY SAN FRANCISCO SETTING FORTH RESULTS OF ABOVE INTERVIEWS AND CHARACTERIZATION OF RITA MC CARTY AS FURNISHED BY FORMER LANDLORD AND SISTER-IN-LAW.

END

WA WES

FBI WASH DC

FPXPFL

FBI DALLAS

July 13, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated June 24, 1964, concerning a telegram sent to the President's Commission by Robert S. Reynolds.

Enclosed for your information are two copies each of seven memoranda relating to this matter dated and captioned as follows:

June 30, 1964, Los Angeles, California  
"Interview of Robert Stephen Reynolds"

June 30, 1964, San Antonio, Texas  
"Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas"

June 30, 1964, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
"Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
Miscellaneous - Information Concerning"

June 30, 1964, Chicago, Illinois  
"Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas"

July 2, 1964, Phoenix, Arizona  
"Robert Stephen Reynolds, aka  
Stephen Renete"

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

KMR/mmp  
(7)  
62-109060

(SEE PAGE TWO FOR NOTE)

JUL 16 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 13 3 07 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
B I

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-1041-23

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

July 6, 1964, New York, New York  
"Assassination of President John Fitzgerald  
Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas"

July 7, 1964, New York, New York  
"Assassination of President John Fitzgerald  
Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas"

Also enclosed are two copies of an FBI  
Identification Record number 2 437 484 which pertains to  
Robert Stephen Reynolds.

It was noted in Mr. Reynolds' interview he  
mentioned making a contact with a Special Agent of our  
Oklahoma City Office. Your attention is specifically  
directed to the memorandum dated June 30, 1964,  
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, in which records of that office  
failed to disclose any prior reference to Reynolds or to  
disclose the assignment of a Special Agent named Joe Bowman.

The central files of the FBI also fail to  
disclose any prior or current employee named Joe Bowman.

Additional investigation is being conducted in  
this matter. When the results are received, you will be  
appropriately advised.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (10)

NOTE:

By letter dated June 24, 1964, President's Commission  
forwarded a copy of a telegram the Commission received from Robert S.  
Reynolds, 1118 Third Street, Apartment 3, San Monica, California.  
Reynolds' telegram stated "because of the Commission near close  
of direct investigation, he wished to place the following state-  
ments before them. (1) The assassination of President John F.  
Kennedy was established in the early months of 1957. (2) The  
name of assassin Lee Harvey Oswald was also discerned in March, 1957.  
(3) Knowledge of Jack Ruby was discerned in August, 1957 in an  
interview with brother Earl Rubenstein in Austin, Texas." In



NOTE CONTINUED:

light of the above, he requested an opportunity to appear or submit detailed report at Commission's request. Bureau file 25-86874 reveals Reynolds was indicted at San Francisco on 8-9-42 for violation of the Selective Service Act, and was found guilty 8-28-42 and sentenced to six months in the county jail. Additional leads outstanding, results of which will be furnished to the Commission when received.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/6/64

FROM : J. H. Jevons

- 1 - Mr. Gallagher, 7417
- 1 - Office, 7133
- 1 - Mr. Jevons, 7133

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Encl.

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Mr. Holmes  
Miss Gandy

As previously reported to the Commission, certain small lead metal fragments uncovered in connection with this matter were analyzed spectrographically to determine whether they could be associated with one or more of the larger bullet fragments and no significant differences were found within the sensitivity of the spectrographic method. Because of the higher sensitivity of neutron activation analysis certain of the small lead fragments were subjected to neutron activation analyses and comparisons with the larger bullet fragments. While minor variations in composition were found by this method, these were not considered sufficient to permit positively differentiating among the larger bullet fragments and thus positively determining from which of the larger bullet fragments any given small lead fragment may have come.

Generally speaking, the small lead metal particles fell into two categories. In one category fell the small lead fragment from the arm of Governor Connally and the lead from the almost intact bullet recovered from the stretcher. In the other category fell the lead particles from the head of President Kennedy, the lead fragments from the rear floor of the car and the lead from the mutilated bullet fragment from the front seat cushion. While there is a probability that the fragment from the Governor's arm came from the whole bullet rather than from the mutilated bullet and that the fragments from the President's head and from the floor of the car could have come from the mutilated bullet fragment from the front seat cushion, it remains a probability and does not permit a positive finding or statement that any given small fragment did in fact come from one of the bullets to the exclusion of the others.

Enclosures (2) - sent 7-8-64

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Encl.
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Encl.
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Encl.
- 1 - Mr. Halley - Encl.

62-109060

WFG:RO (9)

REC-22

62-109060-3452

12 JUL 14 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

6 JUL 17 1964

over

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad  
Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
62-109060

Accordingly, the proposed letter to the Commission reports that the findings do not permit a positive determination as to the particular origin of any of the small lead metal fragments. A tabulation of the results of the analyses is attached hereto. A letter is attached for forwarding to the President's Commission.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter be forwarded to the President's Commission.

*Handwritten signatures and initials:*  
11/21/63  
J. Edgar Hoover  
V.  
R. S. [unclear]

C1

Q1

Bullet from stretch

C2

Q2

Bullet fragment from front  
seat cushion

C4, C5

Q4, Q5

Metal fragment from Pres. 's head

C9

Q9

Metal fragment from arm of Governor

C16

Q14

Three metal fragments from Pres.  
floor board carpet of car

62-109060-3452

Antimony ditelluride

5b

Co.

T 1/2

7

Sample	Weight * Mg.	5b P.P.M.	Deviation from mean D	D <sup>2</sup>	Standard deviation
1 A	2.16	643	- 54	2916	
2 A	4.2	641	- 61	3721	
3 B	1.79	700	+ 53	2809	
4 B	1.24	749	+ 52	2704	
5 E	3.34	705	+ 8	64	
6 Avg		697			17.48
7 Q1 E	1.16	749			
8 A					
9 A	39.75	521	- 13	169	
10 B	21.6	521	- 13	169	
11 Q2 C	3.84	578	+ 44	1936	
12 D	3.68	515	- 19	361	
13 Avg		534			29.63
14					
15					
16 Q4,5					
17 S	3.22	555	- 6	36	
18 La	6.85	552	- 9	81	
19 Lb	21.15	532	- 29	841	
20 Lc	8.25	606	+ 45	2025	
21 Avg		561			31.52
22					
23					
24 A	1.92	676	+ 18	324	
25 Q3 B	2.07	663	- 14	196	
26 S	1.39	677	+ 1	1	
27 Avg		676			16.14
28					
29					
30					
31					



# Antimony Disintegration (No. 2) in Lead Specimen

Sample	Weight mg	St. Dev.	Deviation	D <sup>2</sup>	STANDARD DEVIATION
1 S	10.65	542	19	361	19.1
2 S	9.70	582	20	400	20.0
3 Q1/4	5.78	546	16	256	16.0
4 E	3.77	552	10	100	10.0
5 L	2.85	587	25	625	25.0
6 Avg		562			20.87
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12	* Represents the weight after surface was				
13	scraped.				
14					
15	* Sample scraped for second time and				
16	re-weighed.				
17					
18					
19	Standard Deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum D^2}{n}}$				
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					

Silver. Pictographs ratios! *Unconformity factor when com-  
parable to T<sub>h</sub>*

Sample	Weight mg	A <sub>1</sub> PPM	Discrepancy in D	D <sup>2</sup>	Standard Deviation
1 a	8.0	9.19	- 21	.0441	
2 b	6.7	9.61	+ 21	.0441	
3 Avg		9.90			2.97
4					
5 a	41.8	8.09	+ 16	.0256	
6 Q <sub>2</sub> b	25.2	9.15	+ 22	.49	
7 c	4.57	7.22	- 71	.5041	
8 d	3.89	7.24	- 69	.48	
9 Avg		7.93			9.12
10					
11					
12 S	3.8	8.95	+ 48	.2304	
13 Q <sub>2</sub> La	13.0	8.33	- 14	.020	
14 Lb	21.5	8.13	- 39	.1521	
15 Avg		8.47			14.28
16					
17					
18 Q <sub>2</sub> a	2.3	9.21	- 04	.0016	
19 b	2.3	9.25	+ 04	.0016	
20		9.25			05.77
21					
22 S	10.9	8.63	+ 17	.03	
23 Q <sub>1</sub> La	8.5	8.40	- 06	.0036	
24 Lb	9.7	8.34	- 12	.0144	
25		8.40			155.9
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					

# Confidence Intervals

These can be obtained from range. The range is defined as the largest value - smallest value. The % confidence level is

$$CL = \pm A R$$

A = value from statistical table

R = range

Considering Sb determination

Table below are values for 95% and 99% CL

FOR Sb Determination

Sample	Number of SPECIMENS ANALYZED = N	A		R	X	± C.L.	
		95%	99%			95%	99%
Q1	5	0.515	0.275	114	697	59	100
Q2	4	0.735	1.395	63	534	46	88
Q45	4	0.735	1.395	74	561	54	103
Q9	3	1.301	3.000	28	676	36	84
Q14	5	0.515	.875	44	562	23	39

EXPRESSED AS INTERVALS RESULTS ARE

	95% interval	99% interval
Q1	638 - 752	597 - 797
Q2	488 - 580	446 - 622
Q45	507 - 615	458 - 644
Q9	640 - 712	592 - 760
Q14	539 - 585	523 - 601



100°

90

80

70

60

50

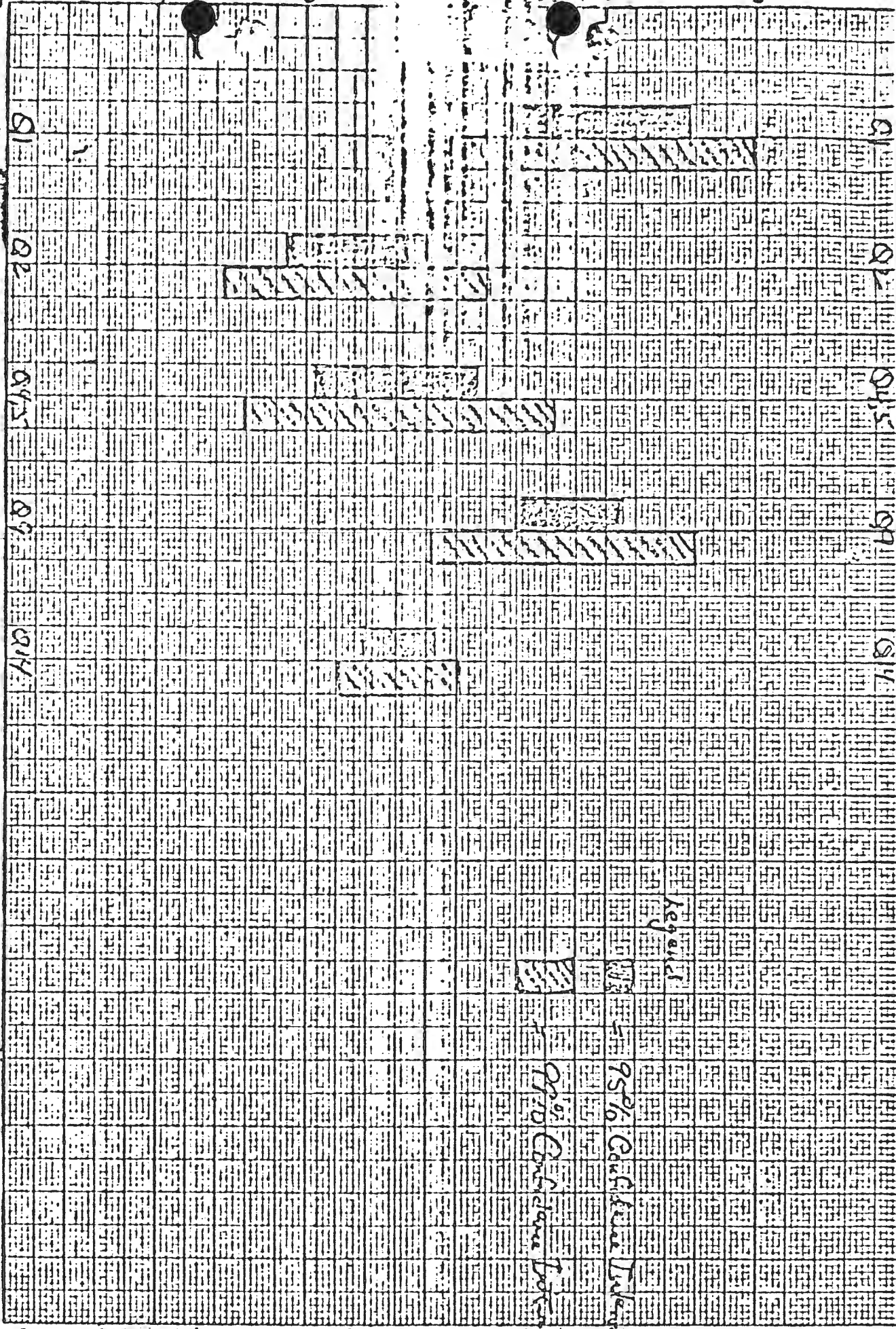
40

30

20

10

0



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/9/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

On 7/6/64 SA R. H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section, received a phone call from Mr. Richard Mosk, staff member, The President's Commission, inquiring whether the FBI Laboratory had examined evidence in this case for possible cryptographic significance and, if so, whether the results of such examinations could be furnished in writing to the Commission. SA Jevons told him the matter would be looked into and we would get in touch with him.

It has been ascertained that three Laboratory reports have been submitted describing documentary evidence examined for possible cryptographic significance. (None of the evidence had any cryptographic significance as disclosed by the examinations.) These Laboratory reports are dated 12/20/63, 12/31/63 and 1/30/64. Supervisors in Domestic Intelligence Division and General Investigative Division have ascertained that the 12/20/63 Laboratory report was quoted in Dallas's investigative report dated 1/7/64, page 48. Laboratory report dated 12/31/63 is included in Dallas's report 2/11/64, page 59, and the 1/30/64 Laboratory report is on page 65 of this same Dallas investigative report. The two investigative reports including the results of the Laboratory examinations have been previously disseminated to the Commission.

On 7/8/64 I telephonically contacted Mr. Mosk at the Commission and furnished him the above identifying information which is currently in the possession of the Commission. He was very appreciative and stated he would pass this information along to Mr. David Slawson of the Commission staff who had directed him to make the inquiry.

ACTION: None. For information.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Jevons
- 1 - Mr. Downing

WDG:mb/emh

(8) 66 JUL 16 1964

REC-2262-109060-3453

JUL 14 1964

EX-104

SEVEN

all set



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 7/6/64

FROM : SAC, SALT LAKE CITY (89-44) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, --  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DALLAS

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau, Portland and Dallas are two copies each of a letter dated June 16, 1964, addressed to HON. GEORGE WALLACE, GOV. STATE OF ALABAMA, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA, signed by EDW. F. BRAY.

This letter was received by Goodbody and Company, 132 South Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, in an envelope postmarked June 27, 1964, at Portland, Oregon. The letter was referred to this office by Mr. CARTER E. JONES, former Special Agent, now employed by Goodbody and Company.

The letter is being furnished for information. In the event this matter has not previously come to the attention of the Portland Office, Portland should handle in accordance with existing instructions.

- ENCLOSURE EX-114
- (2) - Bureau (Enc.-2)
  - 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc.-2)
  - 1 - Portland (Enc.-2)
  - 1 - Salt Lake City

WJG:lbp  
(5)

REC-17

62-109060-3454  
14 JUL 8 1964

74 JUL 20 1964

EXP-PROC

37

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sent to  
1/18/64  
SIX  
7/13/64  
6-1/18/64

COOS BAY, ORE.  
JUNE 16, 1964

HON. GEORGE WALLACE  
GOV. STATE OF ALABAMA  
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA

DEAR GOVERNOR:

THE FOLLOWING IS TAKEN FROM THE TEXT OF A LETTER SENT TO THE WARREN COMMISSION LAST JANUARY.

NAVAL OFFICIALS, WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PLOT, ALLOWED THEIR CIG, JOHN F. KENNEDY, TO GO TO THE VERY SPOT WHERE THEY KNEW THAT THE ASSASSIN WAITED. OVER 3 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DALLAS TRAGEDY, NAVAL OFFICIALS HAD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

THE ORGANIZATION....JFCOTI •  
THE ASSASSIN.....A DISGRUNTLED EX-SERVICEMAN  
THE WEAPON.....A HIGH POWERED RIFLE  
THE METHOD.....A SYMPHONIC BULLET AS YOU RIDE IN AN OPEN CAR  
THE LOCATION.....A PARADE IN DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE SYNDICATE HAD OBTAINED, BY FRAUD, HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF \$'s ON NAVY DEFENSE PROJECTS. NAVAL OFFICIALS COOPERATED WITH THE SYNDICATE.

THE SENATE ARMED FORCES COMMITTEE HAD RULED, NOT UP TO THE SENATE TO INVESTIGATE THIS GIGANTIC FRAUD, BUT IT IS UP TO THE PRESIDENT.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE QUESTIONED MEMBERS OF THE ORGANIZATION WHO PLOTTED THE ASSASSINATION, THEN ALLOWED THEM TO GO FREE. LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS SET UP AS "A Patsy".

MEMBER OF THE SYNDICATE:  
BONDIX CORP.  
FISHER BLDG.  
DETROIT, MICH.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

*Edward F. Bray*  
EDWARD F. BRAY JR

\* JFCOTI - "JFCOTI" FOR CREW OF THE THRESHER

44 JUN 9 1964

ME  
FO

3454

Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 7-6-64

FROM : Mr. Pones

SUBJECT: WILLIAM MANCHESTER  
 AUTHOR OF BOOK REGARDING ASSASSINATION  
 OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION BY DALLAS,  
 TEXAS, POLICE DEPARTMENT

BACKGROUND:

By airtel dated 6-29-64, Dallas referred to their telephone call to the Bureau on 6-29-64 in which they advised that Assistant Chief of Police Charles Batchelor, Dallas Police Department, had advised them that they were in receipt of a letter from captioned individual, in which Manchester requested information as to how he could contact Inspector J. Herbert Sawyer of the Dallas Police Department. Manchester wanted to arrange to meet Sawyer in August or September since he, Manchester, had been commissioned by Mrs. John F. Kennedy to make a detailed study and write a book concerning the assassination of President Kennedy.

Dallas has furnished us a copy of Manchester's letter to Inspector Sawyer along with a written notice on stationery from the Office of the Attorney General, stating that Manchester has been commissioned to write such a book. Dallas has requested appropriate information concerning Manchester's background and the authenticity of his commission be furnished them so that they may transmit this information to Assistant Chief of Police Charles Batchelor.

INFORMATION IN BUFILES

NOT RECORDED

In Jones to DeLoach dated 3-21-64, it was reported that Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy had invited Mr. Manchester to do a book concerning the six days surrounding the assassination of President Kennedy which would be published in 1963. It was noted at that time that Mrs. Kennedy was anxious to have the Director meet Manchester.

By prior arrangements, you (Mr. DeLoach) met Manchester on 7-22-64 and advised him of the activities of the Director immediately following

Enclosure 7-6-64

Mr. DeLoach - Enclosure

Mr. Pones - Enclosure

56 JAN 6 1967

CONTINUED (P. 2)

CHARTER

M. A. Jones to DeLoach Memo  
Re: WILLIAM MANCHESTER.

the assassination of President Kennedy. You (Mr. DeLoach) consequently introduced Manchester to Mr. Hoover on June 4th, at which time the Director gave him detailed answers to his inquiries concerning the Director's actions upon learning that former President Kennedy had been shot.

We have had considerable editorial correspondence with Manchester since 1955 at which time he was furnished an article by the Director which appeared in three of his nationally distributed high school papers.

Inspector James Herbert Sawyer is a graduate in good standing of the 51st Session of the FBINA (March - June, 1953).

ASSISTANT CHIEF OF POLICE CHARLES BATCHELOR

Assistant Chief Batchelor was a candidate to attend the FBI National Academy in 1951. Although our investigation of him revealed no information of a derogatory nature, he was rejected for physical reasons. The Director wrote him on 12-3-51, congratulating him on an appointment as Deputy Chief of Police.

RECOMMENDATION:

That attached airtel be sent to Dallas instructing them to furnish Assistant Chief Batchelor public source data concerning Mr. Manchester which was obtained from "Contemporary Authors."

SP-1  
6/11/76  
B  
CH  
V  
JD

July 13, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Your attention is directed to a letter dated July 1, 1964, addressed to you from Mr. John W. Phillips, Director, Investigations and Security, U. S. Department of Commerce, a copy of which I received, enclosing a copy of a letter written by Edward F. Bray, Coos Bay, Oregon. This Bureau has received several communications from other agencies enclosing copies of this letter.

Information regarding Bray has previously been furnished to U. S. Secret Service. Your attention is directed to page 67 in the report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated March 30, 1964, Dallas, Texas, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas," regarding Bray. This report has previously been furnished to you. Therefore, no further action is being taken in this matter.

BY COURIER SVC.

07 JUL 13

COMM-FBI

62-109060  
1 - 62-64355  
KMR:las  
(8)

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

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JUL 14 1964

ENCLOSURE

15 05 PM '64

JUL 14 1964

JUL 20 1964

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JUL 13 11 51 AM '64



NOTE:

Edward Frank Bray, formerly employed by the Bendix Company at the Navy Torpedo Station, Keyport, Washington, received a head injury a result of which caused his mental instability. He has been previously interviewed by the Bureau, Postal Service and ONI and is considered definitely a [REDACTED]. He is well-known to Los Angeles, Portland and Chicago Offices as a [REDACTED] letter writer and during August of 1961 the Section Director in Portland confidentially advised our Agents that he had treated Bray for Neuropsychosis. U. S. Secret Service is aware of Bray. Bray is the subject of Bureau File 62-64355.

Bray's letter addressed to Honorable George Wallace, Governor of Alabama, which was furnished by the Department of Commerce alleged there was a plot involving Naval officials concerning the assassination. This is completely erroneous.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
Office of the Secretary  
Washington, D. C.

July 1, 1964

J. Leo Hankin, Esq.  
General Counsel, President's Commission  
on the Assassination of President Kennedy  
200 Maryland Avenue, NE.  
Washington, D. C. 20002

Dear Mr. Hankin:

Attached is a copy of a letter addressed to the Honorable George Wallace, Governor of the State of Alabama, which was written under date of June 16, 1964 by one Edward F. Fray, Coos Bay, Oregon, concerning the person or persons responsible for the assassination of President Kennedy.

This letter was received in the Department of Commerce on July 1, 1964 and is being forwarded to you for such action as you deem appropriate. Copies of the letter are being forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the U. S. Secret Service.

Respectfully,

*John W. Phillips*

John W. Phillips  
Director

Investigations and Security

Enclosure

cc: Honorable J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

2 ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

CORRESPONDENCE

*Sent to Hankin  
7/13/64  
6-10-64  
3455*

COOS BAY, ORE.  
JUNE 16, 1964

HON. GEORGE WALLACE  
GOV. STATE OF ALABAMA  
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

DEAR GOVERNOR:

THE FOLLOWING WAS TAKEN FROM THE TEXT OF A LETTER SENT TO THE WARREN  
COMMISSION LAST JANUARY.

NAVAL OFFICIALS WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PLOT ALLOWED THEIR CIG, JOHN  
P. FENWICK, TO GO TO THE VERY SPOT WHERE THEY KNEW THAT THE ASSASSIN WAITED.  
OVER 3 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DALLAS TRAGEDY, NAVAL OFFICIALS HAD THE FOLLOWING  
INFORMATION:

THE ORGANIZATION.....JFCOTT •

THE ASSASSIN.....A DISGRUNTLED EX-SERVICEMAN

THE WEAPON.....A HIGH POWERED RIFLE

THE METHOD.....A SNIPER'S BULLET AS YOU RIDE IN AN OPEN CAR

THE LOCATION.....A PARK IN DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE SYNDICATE HAD OBTAINED, BY FRAUD, MURDERERS OF MILLIONS OF \$'s ON NAVE  
DEFENSE PROJECTS. NAVAL OFFICIALS CO-OPERATED WITH THE SYNDICATE.

THE SENATE ARMED FORCES COMMITTEE HAD RULED, NOT UP TO THE SENATE TO  
INVESTIGATE THIS GIGANTIC FRAUD, BUT IT IS UP TO THE PRESIDENT.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE QUESTIONED MEMBERS OF THE ORGANIZATION WHO PLOTTED THE  
ASSASSINATION, THEN ALLOWED THEM TO GO FREE. LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS SET UP  
AS "A PATSY".

BEEDIX CORP.  
FISHER BLDG.  
DETROIT, MICH.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

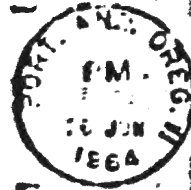
*Edw F. Bray*

EDWARD F. BRAY JR

• JFCOTT—JUSTICE FOR CARM OF THE THRESHER

63-109560-3455

ENCLOSURE



Department of Commerce

Washington

D.C.

116142

62-109060-3455

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 7/11/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, OMAHA (89-20)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Dallas teletype to Bureau and Omaha dated 7/6/64.

On 7/8/64 attempts were made to locate FREDERICK ROBERT PEPPER in care of Mrs. KALEEL (HARRY) RAYA, 831½ E Street, Post Office Box 50, Fort Madison, Iowa, however, no one could be located.

On 7/8/64 Chief of Police RICHARD PEAK, Fort Madison, Iowa, PD advised Mrs. RAYA is a school teacher in Fort Madison and believed she was attending summer school at State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa. He developed confidential information to the effect that his last known temporary address was Post Office Box 1534, Burge Hall, Iowa City, Iowa.

Omaha is continuing efforts to locate and interview PEPPER through Mrs. RAYA at Iowa City, Iowa, in accordance with lead set out in referenced teletype.

3 - Bureau  
2 - Dallas (89-43)  
2 - Omaha

RGS:sac  
(7)

REC-17

62-109060-3456

16 JUL 13 1964

CC Wick

4 JUL 20 1964

Special Agent In Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

*cc Tucker*  
*file*  
*KB*



FBI

Date: 7-3-64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: Dallas

Re SAC Letter 64-23(B), 4-28-64.

ENCLOSED TO BUREAU: Ten (10) copies of a Letterhead Memorandum setting forth the contents of a letter, dated 6-26-64, addressed to the Editor, The Tulsa Tribune, Tulsa, Oklahoma, and signed, "Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children, Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma."

ENCLOSURE TO DALLAS: Two (2) copies of above Letterhead Memorandum.

The letter from Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, also known to have used the name, SHIRLEY MARTIN, was made available to SA JOE M. PEARSON on 6-29-64, by Mr. NEALE ROWLAND, of the Tulsa Tribune, a daily newspaper, Tulsa, Oklahoma. Mr. ROWLAND advised he was referring the letter to the FBI at the request of his Editor for whatever value it might serve.

Since the Letterhead Memorandum is submitted for dissemination to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, no inserts have been prepared for Dallas.

- (3) Bureau (Enc. 10)  
2 - Dallas (100-10461) (Enc. 2)  
2 - Oklahoma City  
(1 - 89-41)  
(1 - 94-278)

DIH:wr

(7)

ENCLOSURE

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

55 JUL 21 1964

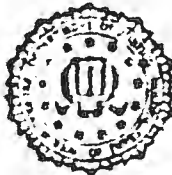
cc: wr

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
July 3, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On June 29, 1964, Mr. Neale Rowland, Reporter, Tulsa Tribune, a daily newspaper, Tulsa, Oklahoma, made available a letter, dated June 26, 1964, addressed to the Editor, Tulsa Tribune, and signed, Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children, Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma. Mr. Rowland advised that as the letter related to the assassination of President Kennedy, his Editor had requested that it be referred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The letter is quoted as follows:

"June 26, 1964

"Editor  
The Tulsa Tribune  
Tulsa, Oklahoma

Dear Sir:

"In regard to the Warren Report: The Warren Report has been faced with a difficulty. The long, hot summer was approaching (and is now on us); the President was dead; Lee Oswald was dead. There was (and is) the country to consider. The commissioners were faced with a welter of conflicting evidence. The physical evidence concerning the assassination had passed almost entirely through the hands of the Dallas police before coming to rest in Federal hands. To challenge this evidence was to put the entire country on notice that NO state or city police force should be trusted again. At this particular point in our national history such an attitude could lend support to an already increasing anarchy. So, too, would any major attack on, or criticism of, the FBI.

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 9 1973

## ASSASSINATION

Therefore, Earl Warren and his fellow commissioners were faced with the unenviable job of reassuring a nation and a world in regard to facts about which they were far from sure.

"However, there are some of us who, having deeply involved ourselves in a study of the events leading up to and concerning the assassination, tend to disagree with this analysis. We are not sanguine regarding historical cover-ups. Such attitudes are notoriously unsuccessful and on occasion give rise to platforms even more shaky than the ones anticipated. For us, the Warren Commission Report, once rendered, signifies a beginning rather than an ending.

"Your editorial mentioned Marina Oswald's testimony concerning Richard Nixon. Marina has now changed that testimony again. It appears she meant Vice President Johnson and was confused or misquoted. At any rate, Marina Oswald is more to be pitied than censured. She has, after all, a great deal at stake. But to imagine her ravings as correct is to make the first major mistake in assessing this case. There is existing evidence (not yet examined by the Warren Commission) to exonerate Lee Oswald completely from any complicity in the shot on April 10th, 1963, at General Walker.

"There is also interesting evidence existing in regard to payment of certain bills of Lee Harvey Oswald by the FBI. Certain facts having to do with Jose Rodriguez Molinas will no doubt be omitted from the Warren Report. The purchase point of the revolver allegedly used to kill Officer Tippit will NOT be stressed in the Commission report. The time element (this is the factor that killed Oswald) in regard to the assassination and the death of Tippit has not been directly traced out by any commission member. Here is one of the great answers to the entire terrible mystery. There are dozens, hundreds, of other interesting facts that we, as private citizens,

## ASSASSINATION

have dug out. The Warren Commission Report will be eagerly read, but NOT as a final answer.

"Sincerely, Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566 Hominy, Oklahoma"

An additional page, which was enclosed with this letter, is quoted as follows:

"We are sure you will wonder as you read this letter: Now if these people are so informed as they think they are, why don't they tell the Warren Commission a few of these things?

"In point of fact, we have. We wrote to the Commission nearly three weeks ago (on the advice of a foreign correspondent) to say that while we were not trying to indicate a world-shaking knowledge, we did feel we had some interesting facts gathered from our many conversations with witnesses and other persons concerned in the tragedy. We were in possession of some direct quotes from Texans who had planned the assassination of Castro and Cheddi Jagan. We were in possession of some utterly contradictory testimony from Ruth Paine. We had seen private papers of Mrs. Marguerite Oswald signed by a high-ranking military officer attesting to Lee Oswald's mental and emotional stability. We had been told a number of facts concerning the Dallas police and the Dallas FBI that we felt the Commission could at least hear. We mentioned in our letter that we could not come to Washington. However, we offered to talk to a commission representative in our home in Hominy. If he felt anything was worth hearing, he could carry the stories back to the Capitol.

"But we never received a reply to our letter. Not even a notification of receipt. There were two witnesses whose stories seemed particularly pertinent to us. We wired their names to Earl Warren asking

## ASSASSINATION

only that he acknowledge receipt of the wire. But not a word. We suppose this to be only natural. However, it is a discourteous way to act and helps to delineate for all of us the tremendous fears that have gripped Washington in regard to this tragedy."



FBI

Date: 7/6/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS -  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re SAC Letter 64-23(E), dated 4/28/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau and Oklahoma City are ten copies and one copy respectively of a letterhead memorandum setting forth the contents of a communication received by the Dallas Office from Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, also known as SHIRLEY MARTIN.

The above is furnished the Bureau for possible dissemination to the President's Commission and to Oklahoma City in view of the fact Mrs. MARTIN resides in that Division.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
  - 1 - Oklahoma City (105-783) (Enc. 1) (Info.)
  - 2 - Dallas
- RFG/ds  
(6)

ENCLOSURE

EX-105

REC 31

62-109060-3458

18 JUL 7 1964

55 JUL 20 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas

July 6, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On July 1, 1964, the following quoted communication was received from Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma, in an envelope postmarked June 30, 1964, at Hominy, Oklahoma:

"To Warren Commission Members:

"The public performance of the Warren Commission has been cheap, shoddy and historically indefensible.

"The attempt by this body to clean-up and cover-up the Oswald mysteries has created more mystery and instigated more scandal than it can ever resolve.

"What a sorry mess it all is and what a great pity for a country in danger of losing its soul for want of truth and courage.

"Sincerely,

Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children

Box 566

Hominy, Oklahoma

6/28/64

"cc: 100"

RECEIVED  
JUL 10 1964  
FBI  
DALLAS  
TELETYPE  
UNIT

FBI

Date: 7-10-64

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC SAN FRANCISCO (89-58) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS.  
MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

*Raufer*

Re Bureau teletype 7-6-64 and San Francisco  
teletypes 7-7-64, 7-8-64 and 7-9-64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 25 copies of a  
letterhead memorandum setting forth the results of an  
interview of RITA MC CARTY and her sister-in-law, EVA  
MC CARTY.

R. C. Wick

3-Bureau (Enc. 25) (RM)  
1-Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)  
1-San Francisco

JPH:cj  
(5)

EX-105

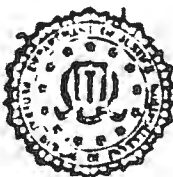
REC 30

62-109060-3459

JUL 15 1964

Approved: 53 JUL 17 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Francisco, California

July 10, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

On July 7, 1964, Mr. L. S. Binnett, manager of the apartment house located at 2308 Foothill Boulevard, Oakland, California, advised Special Agent John P. Mc Hugh that Mrs. Rita Mc Cart and her husband, Harry Mc Cart, had formerly lived at that address but had moved approximately two months ago, leaving no forwarding address. Texas

Mr. Binnett described Mr. and Mrs. Mc Cart as "winos" and stated that it had been necessary for him to ask the Mc Cartys to vacate the premises because of their drinking. He added that Rita Mc Cart was a heavier drinker and more trouble than her husband.

On July 9, 1964, Mrs. Rita Mc Cart, 3718 Allendale Avenue, Oakland, California, was interviewed by Special Agents Wayne K. Welch and John P. Mc Hugh. Mrs. Mc Cart appeared to be under the influence of alcohol at the time of the interview. During the interview she was at times belligerent, incoherent and displayed indications of possible mental instability. She furnished the information set forth below.

She confirmed that she formerly had resided at 2308 Foothill Boulevard, Oakland, California, and that she had written a letter to the Attorney General of the United States mentioning photographs of pieces of skull

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44 JAN 9 1973

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

found on the street following the assassination of President Kennedy.

Continuing, Mrs. Mc Carty advised that she had recently accompanied her brother-in-law and sister-in-law to Dallas, Texas, where they stayed briefly at the home of one Paulette (last name unknown), a friend of her sister-in-law. She stated Paulette was then employed as a photographer at the hospital in Dallas where President Kennedy was taken after being shot.

While at Paulette's residence, she overheard Paulette tell her sister-in-law, Mrs. Iva Mc Carty, that she, Paulette, had seen photographs of pieces of skull found on the street following the late President's assassination, which had been brought to the hospital where she was employed and photographed there. Mrs. Iva Mc Carty could furnish no further details regarding these photographs, adding that she had not seen any of them.

During the course of the interview Mrs. Mc Carty volunteered the opinion that President Lyndon B. Johnson was responsible for the assassination of the late President. When questioned as to whether she had any facts on which to base such a statement, she indicated she had none.

Mrs. Eva Mc Carty, 820 Kellogg Avenue, Hayward, California, furnished the data set forth below on July 9, 1964 to Special Agents Wayne K. Welch and John P. Mc Hugh. Mrs. Mc Carty stated she and her husband took her sister-in-law, Rita Mc Carty, to Dallas, Texas with them in early June, 1964 for a brief visit after extracting from her a promise that she would not touch alcoholic beverages during the course of the trip.

Mrs. Mc Carty advised that while in Dallas, Texas they resided briefly with Paulette Caruthers (phonetic). She noted that Paulette Caruthers is and has for some time been employed as a photographer at the Dallas hospital where President Kennedy died.

Portland Hospital  
Dallas, Texas



ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Continuing, Mrs. Mc Carty stated that during the course of their visit to Dallas, Paulette advised her that she had seen photographs of the late President following his arrival at the hospital. Mrs. Mc Carty stated that she could recall nothing being mentioned by Paulette about pieces of skull and could furnish no further information regarding the above-mentioned photographs as she, personally, did not see any of them.

Eva Mc Carty described her sister-in-law, Rita Mc Carty, as a "sot drunk" and stated she is continually doing "crazy things" to "stir things up". She noted that because of her habitual drinking, she would place little credence in any statements made by her sister-in-law, Rita Mc Carty.

JFK

*John F. Kennedy*

62-109060

SECTION 78

COPY 2

July 14, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

*RT*  
Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*  
Reference is made to your letter dated June 30, 1964, requesting interviews with Mr. James Standard and Mr. William R. Keester.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 7, 1964, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas, Miscellaneous - Information Concerning," which reveals these interviews.

In addition, the enclosed memorandum contains information concerning William McEwan Duff. Our Dallas and Oklahoma City Offices previously conducted investigation concerning Mr. Duff. Your attention is directed to my letter dated February 5, 1964, which enclosed two copies of the report of Special Agent J. A. Grimes dated January 28, 1964, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, which contained the results of an interview with Duff.

This concludes our inquiry into this particular matter.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

*LSR*  
62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:las

(8) *7/14*

Enclosures (2)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

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EX-104  
REC-30  
JUL 15 1964  
62-109060-3460  
SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

NOTE:

The Commission by letter 6-30-64, requested Mr. William R. Keester, an Oklahoma City private detective, and Mr. James Standard, an Oklahoma City reporter, be interviewed based on a telegram sent to the Commission by Mrs. Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma. Martin alleged Keester told Standard there were many things Keester had to say about the attempted assassination of General Edwin A. Walker. Keester was reported to have said he was afraid to tell Standard what these things were. Martin's allegations were completely negated as a result of interviews conducted. Martin has sent numerous communications to the Bureau, all of which have been sent to the President's Commission. In connection with Duff, prior to the time it was established Oswald was the individual who shot at General Edwin A. Walker, Duff was considered a prime suspect as developed by the Dallas Police Department and he was subsequently absolved by that department. In Duff's interview he stated he did not know Ruby or Oswald and had no connection with them. (105-82555, Serial 1570)

July 14, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - I. W. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 3, 1964, enclosing a letter which was received by the President's Commission addressed to the Attorney General, written by Mrs. Rita McCarty, 2308 Foothill Boulevard, Oakland, California.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 10, 1964, San Francisco, California, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas, Miscellaneous - Information Concerning," which reveals the results of an interview with Mrs. McCarty.

Additional investigation is being conducted in this matter and when the results are received, you will be promptly advised.

Sincerely yours,

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission) Hoover

KMR:las

(9) *one*

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: By letter dated July 3, 1964, President's Commission advised they received a letter from the Attorney General written by Mrs. Rita McCarty, in which she suggested she may have information regarding a person who has in her possession photographs of some remnants of skull bone found at the scene of the assassination of 11-22-63. Commission desired Mrs. McCarty interviewed

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

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BY COURIER SVC.  
09 JUL 14  
COMM-FBI

53 JUL 17 1964



and conduct additional appropriate investigation to determine if there was any proof to this report. McCarty has been interviewed and has been described as a "wino." Leads are outstanding for Dallas to contact one Paulette Caruthers (phonetic) a photographer at the Parkland Hospital regarding photographs observed of the President following the assassination. In view of information contained in LHM, it is being furnished to Secret Service Headquarters by O-141.

FBI

Date: 7/9/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)  
FROM SAC DALLAS (89-43)  
SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel to Dallas 6/29/64 with copies to Houston;  
Dallas airtel to Bureau 6/22/64 with copies to Houston, and Dallas  
airtel to Bureau with copies to both Oklahoma City and Houston  
dated 7/1/64 concerning information furnished by DAVID MOREY WASS, Jr.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead  
memorandum requested in reBuairtel and for Houston and Oklahoma City  
one copy each of such letterhead memorandum.

The investigation set forth in the enclosed letterhead  
memorandum was conducted by SA A. RAYMOND SWITZER.

Two copies of the enclosed letterhead memorandum together  
with one copy of the letterhead memorandum dated 7/2/64 at Houston,  
Texas, are being furnished United States Secret Service at Dallas,  
Texas.

The Oklahoma City Division has been requested in reDLairtel  
of 7/1/64 to locate and interview JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK and submit  
an appropriate letterhead memorandum together with 25 copies of an  
FD-302 concerning such interview.

- ENCLOSURE  
3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)  
2 - Houston (Enc. 1) (62-2115)  
1 - Oklahoma City (Info) (Enc. 1) (105-783)  
2 - Dallas

RPG:vm

(8)

REC-48

62-109060-3462

20 JUL 11 1964

A. C. WICK

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 17 1964

DL 89-43

Houston Division is requested to furnish Dallas with 25 copies of FD-302s reflecting interviews conducted with DAVID MOREY WASS, Jr., at Houston on 6/20 and 21/64, a summary of which interviews was set forth in Dallas letterhead memorandum dated 6/22/64. In connection with such FD-302s, Houston is requested to be alert that the name JIM LATIMER mentioned in Houston airtel to Dallas of 6/22/64 should be spelled "LATTIMER" to agree with the information originally furnished by WASS to the Dallas Office.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

July 9, 1964  
Dallas, Texas

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

The following investigation supplements information furnished under date of June 22, 1964, by David Morey Wass, Jr., at Dallas, Texas, and information submitted under date of July 2, 1964, at Houston, Texas:

B6-29-1939  
On June 29, 1964, Mrs. Ethel Kilophenstein, owner of the rooming house located at 911 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that James "Hoagie" Loudermilk occupied room No. 5 at that address from May 12, 1964, until June 22, 1964, when he left, owing \$14.00.

Mrs. Kilophenstein advised that Loudermilk was employed at an awning company on Gaston Avenue around the corner from the rooming house. She stated Loudermilk was always "broke" and tried to borrow money from everyone at the rooming house.

On June 30, 1964, A. H. Henning, President, Dallas Tent and Awning Company, 3921 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that James Wiley Loudermilk, who goes by the name of "Hoagie," was employed by him as a laborer from April 24, 1964, to June 24, 1964. He had Social Security Number 432-66-4480. He resided at 911 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Henning stated Loudermilk informed him that his wife had been killed in an automobile accident and his parents were raising his child. He said his mother-in-law was trying to get custody of the child and he wanted two weeks off to return to Arkoma, Oklahoma, where his parents were living and to get the matter of custody of his child settled.

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44 JAN 9 1973

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Mr. Henning said Loudermilk also told him that he had a nervous breakdown following the death of his wife, and, on the advice of his doctor, got a job doing outdoor work when he had been previously employed doing office work.

Mr. Henning stated Loudermilk would tell contradictory stories and overestimate his abilities. He also said he doubts that he will re-employ Loudermilk when he returns from Oklahoma.

Mr. Henning described Loudermilk as being 24 years of age, 5'11" tall, weight about 150 pounds, slender build, with dark brown hair and brown eyes.

On June 30, 1964, Mrs. A. H. Henning, Dallas Tent and Awning Company, 3921 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that Loudermilk informed her that when he arrived in Dallas, Texas, he "blacked out" at the bus station and spent two weeks in Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas. She said he was treated by a Dr. Dyll, a neurosurgeon.

Mrs. Henning advised that Loudermilk informed her he had been previously employed by a ladder company at Seagoville, Texas. Mrs. Henning also stated that Loudermilk told contradictory stories and would exaggerate.

On June 29, 1964, Joyce Cornelius, Clerk, Records Bureau, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised that records of the Dallas Police Department contain no record of James Wiley Loudermilk.

On June 30, 1964, Mrs. Marilyn Green, Chief Medical Records Librarian, Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas, advised that James W. Loudermilk, born July 29, 1939, was admitted to Baylor University Medical Center on April 18, 1964, and was discharged on April 23, 1964. He listed his parents as Mr. and Mrs. J. (initial only) Loudermilk, Sr., Box 799, Arkoma, Oklahoma. He also listed as a friend, Miss Judy Calton, 6155 Saratoga Circle, Dallas, Texas, telephone No. TA 6-3087.



**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

A review of Loudermilk's medical record reflects that on admission he advised he had attacks of a type of dizziness with an associated visual disturbance. The attending physician was Dr. S. R. Bumpass and the consulting neurologist was Dr. James W. Dyll. This record reflects that tests conducted on Loudermilk disclosed he had many symptoms associated with dizziness. His neurological examination was negative and his laboratory tests were normal. Loudermilk was given the provisional diagnosis of vertigo and dizziness, probable cerebral lesion.

On July 7, 1964, the files of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation contained no information identifiable with David Morey Wass, Jr., James Wiley Loudermilk, also known as "Hoagie," or Bill Hayden, Jr.

FBI

Date: 7/4/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: Dallas airtel to Bureau, 6/22/64;  
Bureau airtel to Dallas, 6/29/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of  
a letterhead memorandum reflecting investigation in  
Houston area re DAVID WASS. Three copies of this  
memorandum are enclosed for Dallas.

Also enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies each  
of an insert reflecting interviews of Detective Lt.  
SINGLETON and RALPH KESSLER.

Twenty-five copies each of the following  
FD-302's are enclosed for the Dallas Office:

PAUL COLLETTI

DR. RAYMOND BENSKI

Detective Sgt. FLOY PHILLIPS

Detective Lt. W. D. BEALL

JOHN H. TEMPLAIN

REC-48

62-109060-3463

14 JUL 6 1964

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 10) (AM)
- 2 - Dallas (Encls. 153) (AM) (89-43)
- 2 - Houston

GWK/lc

(7)

ENCLOSURE

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

C. E. WICK

53 JUL 17 1964  
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Houston, Texas

July 2, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

RE: DAVID MOREY WASS, JR. /

Reference is made to the memorandum under the above first caption dated June 22, 1964, at Dallas, Texas.

On June 25, 1964, Paul Colletti, 4308 Tulane Street, Port Arthur, Texas, who is owner of the Golden Cask Supper Club, 4940 Gulfway Drive, Port Arthur, Texas, furnished the following information:

Colletti first met David Wass as a customer who frequented his club. He stated he also recalls Wass because Wass presented what later turned out to be a non-sufficient fund check. He called the check to the attention of the Port Arthur Police Department; however, Wass later made the check good and no complaint was filed.

Colletti recalls that on one night during March, 1964, Wass was seated by himself at the bar, and also at the bar was a girl named Frances Golden who was accompanied by a male companion. A verbal argument commenced between Wass and the man accompanying Mrs. Golden. Colletti stated he paid little attention to the argument; however, within a short time one of his waiters advised him that there was a scuffle taking place in the men's restroom. Colletti went to the restroom and asked that the door be opened, and when opened, he noticed Wass and the male companion of Mrs. Golden standing just inside the door. Colletti stated he did not notice any marks or bruises on Wass but Wass presented the appearance of having been shaken a bit. Colletti

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**RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

stated he had both men go back to the bar and stop arguing. He, Colletti, returned to his office, and Wass followed him and proceeded to explain what had happened. Colletti told Wass he was not interested in what had happened and all he wanted was that Wass cease arguing. Wass at that time became very belligerent and returned to the bar and continued to harrass Mrs. Golden and her companion with verbal abuses.

Mr. Colletti stated he went to the bar and asked Wass to leave, and when Wass declined to do so he had him forcibly ejected from the club. Wass continued to return to the club, and it took approximately twelve forcible removals from the club before Colletti called the Port Arthur Police Department, who came and arrested Wass on a charge of disturbing the peace.

Colletti advised that at no time did he hit or strike Wass and used only enough force to eject him from his club.

Colletti stated that during the removal of Wass from his club, Wass threatened to sue Colletti, and on several occasions since this incident Wass has telephonically contacted Colletti from Houston and stated "you are going to get your's." Colletti refused to talk on one long distance call from Wass, and Wass is reported to have told the operator that "he had better talk to me or he will be sorry." Colletti stated in his opinion Wass was not drunk but appeared to have had something else besides alcohol. He stated he had seen people act the same as Wass in the past who had been under the influence of narcotics. Mr. Colletti advised that Wass' actions were very strange and he considered Wass to have a very serious mental problem. He stated he feels Wass is the type of person who some day may approach him, Colletti, and attempt to take his life.

On June 25, 1964, Detective Sergeant Floy Phillips, Port Arthur Police Department, furnished the following information:

Detective Phillips advised that part of his duties as a member of the Vice Squad of the Port Arthur Police Department was making frequent checks of local bars, clubs and lounges within the city. Over a period of several months in conducting these routine checks, he became acquainted with an individual by the name of David Wass who frequented some

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

of the bars he contacted. As a result of these contacts with Wass, he became "more or less Wass' friend" and as a matter of fact Wass, who is a dental technician, made Phillips a pair of gun grips.

Phillips stated Wass appeared to be having trouble with a girl friend of his and started drinking to excess. In many instances he caused disturbances in the bars in which he was drinking. Phillips advised that when Wass drank he seemed to drink to excess, but when he was not drinking he was an excellent dental technician. Wass' girl friend continued to give him problems and it was not long until Wass started writing non-sufficient fund checks drawn on a bank in Houston, Texas. Phillips stated that when these matters were brought to Wass' attention he usually made restitution.

Detective Phillips described Wass as a person who liked a lot of attention, wanted sympathy and enjoyed having people talk to him. On one night Wass seemed "to go crazy" at the Golden Cask Club, Port Arthur, Texas, and caused a disturbance which brought about his being ejected from the club and placed in jail.

Detective Phillips advised that in his opinion he feels Wass is suffering from some sort of mental problem and should be in an institution.

On June 25, 1964, Detective Lieutenant W. D. Beall, Port Arthur Police Department, Port Arthur, Texas, advised he first met David Wass while working the detail on the night shift which required him to make frequent checks at bars and lounges in Port Arthur. He stated he had occasion to meet David Wass at one of these bars almost every evening and through these meetings became somewhat of a friend of Wass'.

Detective Beall advised that Wass was keeping company with Frances Golden, a beauty parlor operator, and Mrs. Golden later stopped going with him. Soon thereafter, Wass started drinking to excess and in several instances caused commotions at the various bars where he was drinking. Detective Beall advised he recalls Wass on one occasion attempted suicide by stabbing himself in the wrist, and from this and other instances there is no doubt in his mind that Wass is suffering from some sort of mental problem.



RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Detective Beall stated Wass has an acid burn on his hand and once told him that he, Wass, had to take narcotics for quite some time to kill the pain in this hand. Detective Beall feels that Wass might be continuing the use of narcotics as on several instances Wass had stated he had been in the Veterans Administration Hospital in Houston, Texas.

Detective Beall advised that when Wass was arrested in Port Arthur, Texas, on March 24, 1964, Wass was requested to leave town, and he, Beall, transported Wass to the city limits and furnished him with some money.

Detective Beall stated that while in Port Arthur, Texas, Wass passed several non-sufficient fund checks; however, no complaints were filed against Wass inasmuch as eventually all of these checks were made good.

On June 26, 1964, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] Nederland, Texas, furnished the following information:

[REDACTED] reviewed his medical records and advised that he first saw David Morey Wass, Jr., on March 16, 1964, when Wass was admitted to the Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas. Wass was admitted after having become upset and had threatened suicide. [REDACTED] advised that his inquiry of Wass as to why he attempted suicide revealed that Wass had an automobile which developed mechanical trouble and he thought he would be unable to return to his job in Houston.

[REDACTED] stated he treated Wass for a small nick on his hand and prescribed a mild tranquilizer. Wass was released from the hospital on March 18, 1964.

[REDACTED] advised that his records reflect Wass was readmitted to the hospital on March 18, 1964, due to a case of overexposure. [REDACTED] advised that he interviewed Wass and determined that Wass had missed his bus to Houston, Texas, and tried to hitchhike. He was unable to secure a ride, and due to a severe rain storm he was returned to the hospital by the Port Arthur Police Department.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

[redacted] advised Wass was again released from the Park Place Hospital on March 21, 1964, but came back later in the evening stating he had gone to a local club for a drink and was beaten and complained of weakness, shock, and soreness over his body. [redacted] stated he afforded Wass a thorough physical examination of the chest, back and ribs and discovered no injury. He stated Wass was also furnished extensive X-ray examination of his entire body and no injuries were revealed. Wass was again discharged on March 23, 1964.

[redacted] further advised he telephonically contacted the Veterans Administration office in Houston, Texas, and he was advised that Wass should be sent to the outpatient care section. [redacted] later mailed the Veterans Administration Hospital in Houston, Texas, a summary of Wass' case history and a recommendation that Wass be afforded further psychiatric care.

[redacted] stated he at no time told Wass he had broken ribs or a cartilage being torn loose from his sternum. He stated on every contact with Wass he was given a thorough physical examination and other than suffering from overexposure and a slight nick on the hand, he discovered no injuries.

On June 25, 1964, [redacted] Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas, advised a search of the hospital records under the name of David Morey Wass, Jr., reflects the following information:

[redacted] stated the first time Wass was admitted was on March 19, 1963, and was discharged on March 24, 1963, his case being listed as acute anxiety.

[redacted] stated the next time Wass was admitted was on March 16, 1964, and was released on March 20, 1964, his case given as acute anxiety, attempted suicide.

[redacted] stated Wass was re-admitted on March 21, 1964, and discharged on March 23, 1964, his case listed as acute anxiety reaction.

[redacted] advised that upon Wass' discharge on March 23, 1964, he understood that Wass was leaving Port Arthur and attempting to enter the Veterans Administration Hospital at Houston, Texas.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

On June 25, 1964, Detective Lieutenant Richard Singleton, Identification Bureau, Port Arthur Police Department, advised a review of the Port Arthur Police Department file, Number A 29,396, revealed that David Morey Wass, Jr., who gave his address as the Carousel Motel, 3330 Reveille Street, Houston, Texas, was arrested on March 20, 1964, by officers of the Port Arthur Police Department. Wass was charged with disturbing the peace at 5000 Gulfway Drive, Port Arthur, Texas. This charge was dismissed on March 21, 1964. A notation in the file reflects that Wass was drunk and causing a disturbance at the Golden Cask Club, cursing in front of women, and when asked to leave would not depart.

Detective Singleton advised that Wass was again arrested on March 24, 1964, on a charge of investigation, and the disposition shows he was released for the purpose of leaving town on March 24, 1964. Detective Singleton furnished the following description of David Morey Wass, Jr., as obtained from the Port Arthur Police Department files:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5'7½"
Weight	129 pounds
Hair	Light brown
Eyes	Blue
Build	Medium-slender
Complexion	Fair
Born	January 26, 1920, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Occupation	Dental Lab Technician at Stern Dental Lab, 908 Austin Street, Houston, Texas
Mother	Ida V. Wass, Leonard, Texas
Father	Dr. David M. Wass, Sr., 3831 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Half brother	John C. Scherer, Leonard, Texas
Sister	Jane Harris, 5711 Windingway, Dickinson, Texas

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Scars

1/2" cut scar edge left eye;  
operation scar abdomen

Characteristics

Does not have complete use of  
both hands as a result of burns

Detective Singleton advised that their files contain an identification record from the Identification Division, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C., under FBI Number 816 130 E. This record reflects that on June 27, 1951, Wass was fingerprinted by the Police Department at Salinas, California, as a "sleeper" and was released and no charges filed.

Detective Singleton further advised that their offense report number M-1483 dated March 16, 1964, reflects that the Port Arthur Police Department was in receipt of a telephone call at 3:20 AM on March 16, 1964, from the Knowles Ambulance Service. This service reported that they were going to the Merchants Cafe, Port Arthur, Texas, on an attempted suicide call. The report further indicates that officers from the Port Arthur Police Department made a call at this cafe and found that a David Wass, a white male, was lying on the floor of the cafe bleeding from his left hand. Officers questioned Wass regarding what had happened. He stated he had taken a dental tool and stuck it in his left hand and let it bleed over the commode in the cafe. The report indicates that Wass would not tell officers where he lived or anything about himself except that he was from Houston, Texas. Wass was taken to the Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas, and treated by [REDACTED]

Detective Singleton advised that a supplementary offense report was filed in this matter by Detective Sergeant Floy Phillips. This report reflects that David Wass came to Port Arthur, Texas, from Houston, Texas, to see a girl friend and when she refused to see him he commenced drinking and "got down in the dumps and then was feeling sorry for himself and cut his hand." The report reflects that in the opinion of Detective Phillips, Wass is "a little off at times," and Phillips has known him for approximately two years.

On June 29, 1964, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Medical Towers Building, Houston, Texas, advised

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

that David Wass worked for him as a dental technician for thirteen days in about April, 1964. He advised that he considers Wass to be a drunkard and compulsive liar. In the thirteen days he worked at the [REDACTED] he got \$400 advance payments, which he has never reimbursed.



FBI

Date: 7/10/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: Dallas

Chief of Police JOHN BOHANNAN, Hillsboro, Texas, on 7/2/64, furnished to the San Antonio Office a communication addressed to Chamber of Commerce, Hillsboro, Texas, postmarked at Portland, Oregon, June 19, 1964, which is a copy of a letter addressed to Hon. Ralph W. Yarborough, United States Senator, Washington, D. C., dated Jan. 11, 1964, at Seattle, Wash., and signed EDWARD F. ERAY. It appeared that one copy had been designated by ERAY for the Warren Commission.

OREGON

Copies of this communication are being furnished to the Bureau and Seattle Office; the Dallas Office is being furnished with the communication received by the Chamber of Commerce, Hillsboro, Texas.

Portland letter to Bureau dated 5/20/64, captioned EDWARD FRANK ERAY; Mrs. EDWARD FRANK ERAY ( INFORMATION CONCERNING) reflects that ERAY is considered definitely psychopathic and is a prolific murderer.

3-Bureau (Encl. 1)  
2-Dallas (Encl. 1) (88-43)  
2-Seattle (Encl. 1)  
1-San Antonio

OLG:ldh  
(7)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 17 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

see Tuller

no action let  
see same info to file  
on 7/13/64  
report to Pres  
including report  
3/20/64, 7/6/67  
for assassination copy 8/64

JUL 15 1964

SA 89-67

letter writer and therefore it is believed that no action concerning above mentioned letter concerning EDWARD F. BRAY need be taken.

SEATTLE, WASH.  
JAN. 11, 1964

HON. RALPH W. YARBOROUGH  
UNITED STATES SENATOR  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

MY DEAR SENATOR:

WHAT ABOUT THE FOLLOWING ?

NAVAL OFFICIALS, WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PLOT, ALLOWED THEIR CIG,  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, TO GO TO THE VERY SPOT WHERE THEY KNEW THAT THE ASSASSIN  
WAITED. 3 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DALLAS TRAGEDY, NAVAL OFFICIALS HAD THE  
FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

THE ORGANIZATION....JFCOTT \*  
THE ASSASSIN.....A DISCOUNTED EX-SERVICEMAN  
THE WEAPON.....A HIGH POWERED RIFLE  
THE METHOD.....A SNIPER'S BULLET AS YOU RIDE IN AN OPEN CAR  
THE LOCATION.....A PARADE IN DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE SYNDICATE HAD OBTAINED, BY FRAUD, HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF \$'s  
ON NAVY DEFENSE PROJECTS. NAVAL OFFICIALS HAD CO-OPERATED WITH THE  
SYNDICATE.

THE SENATE ARMED FORCES COMMITTEE HAD RULED, NOT UP TO THE SENATE TO  
INVESTIGATE THIS GIANTIC FRAUD, IT IS UP TO THE PRESIDENT.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE QUESTIONED MEMBERS OF THE ORGANIZATION WHO PLOTTED  
THE ASSASSINATION, THEN ALLOWED THEM TO GO FREE. LEE HARVEY OSWALD  
WAS SET UP AS "A PATSY."

BENDIX CORP.  
FISHER BLDG.  
DETROIT, MICH.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

*Edw J. Bray*  
EDWARD F. BRAY EE

( COPY TO WARREN COMMISSION )

\* JFCOTT- JUSTICE FOR CREW OF THE THRESHER

62-103061-3464

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 7-8-64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO:DL

ReBuairtel to Oklahoma City, dated 7-1-64, enclosing  
a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission,  
dated 6-30-64, requesting interviews of Mr. JIM STANDARD and  
Mr. WILLIAM KEESTER, relating to information supplied by Mrs.  
SHIRLEY MARTIN, Hominy, Oklahoma, in a telegram to the  
Commission on 6-10-64.

ENCLOSED TO BUREAU: Ten (10) copies of letterhead  
memorandum dated 7-7-64, covering interviews with JAMES STANDARD  
and WILLIAM ROSS KEESTER.

ENCLOSED TO DALLAS: Two (2) copies of above  
letterhead memorandum.

In accordance with Bureau instruction, inserts are  
not being supplied to Dallas, due to dissemination by the Bureau.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc.10)  
2 - Dallas (Enc.2) (89-43)  
2 - Oklahoma City  
(1 - 89-41)  
(1 - 94-273)

DHB:wr  
(7)

18 JUL 10 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

53 JUL 17 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

July 7, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

On June 10, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy received a telegram from Mrs. Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma, in which she stated that Mr. William Keester, an Oklahoma City detective told one Jim Standard, an Oklahoma City reporter, that there were many things that he, Keester, had to say about the attempted assassination of Major General Edwin A. Walker. Mr. Keester was reported to have said, however, that he was afraid to tell Mr. Standard what those things were.

On June 30, 1964, Mr. J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel for the Commission, requested interviews of Mr. Standard and Mr. Keester to determine whether or not there is any truth in the allegations made by Mrs. Martin. These interviews are reported hereinafter. "Jim" T

On July 3, 1964, Mr. James Standard, reporter, Oklahoma City Times, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, who advised he had been interviewed previously concerning his coverage of the events following the assassination of President Kennedy at Dallas, Texas, stated that several weeks following his return to Oklahoma City on November 25, 1963, he had chanced to talk to William R. Keester, a former detective on the Oklahoma City Police Department, then employed as a private investigator.

On the occasion of this conversation, Mr. Standard said Keester told him he had done some private investigative work in partnership with Cliff Roberts for General Clyde J. Watts, Oklahoma City attorney, and counsel for General Edwin A. Walker. The assignment

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 9 1973



## ASSASSINATION

had related to the attempted shooting of General Walker at Dallas, Texas, in the spring of 1963, and had involved investigation by Keester and Roberts at Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Standard said that, as his conversation with Keester was prior to that time when Oswald definitely had been established as the one attempting the assassination of General Walker, he was interested in any information which Keester and Roberts might have developed, and had indicated this to Keester. Keester, who had then stated he might have to return to Dallas on the same matter, promised to give Mr. Standard information for a story, unless such should be prohibited either by General Watts, by whom he had been retained, or by General Walker. This, Mr. Standard said, was the reason that Keester had not related any details to him in this matter of the attempted shooting of General Walker--the story would await possible additional investigation and clearance by Generals Watts and Walker.

Mr. Standard said that the later developments concerning Lee Harvey Oswald were such that he had not pursued this matter with Keester thereafter.

Mr. Standard said he had related this to Mrs. Shirley Martin, of Hominy, Oklahoma, when she had called him from Hominy. She had called, as she had numerous times in the past, to ask questions of Mr. Standard, and to tell of "interesting things," as Mr. Standard put it. Mr. Standard said that shortly following the assassination, he had visited Mrs. Martin in Hominy for the purposes of obtaining material for a feature story which he had prepared concerning her investigative activities relating to the assassination. Long since, he said, he has merely filed away anything she has directed to him. He felt that Mrs. Martin has supplied him with copies of almost every paper she has prepared.

It was in this most recent telephone conversation with Mrs. Martin, which she had initiated, that Mr. Standard said he had mentioned the Keester conversation to her. He said he had related no more than the

## ASSASSINATION

contact with Keester as he had described. If Mrs. Martin had inferred anything beyond this, Mr. Standard said that it was in her failure to understand, or of her imagination.

Mr. Standard advised he has no information which would indicate that any person, other than Lee Harvey Oswald, made the assassination attempt on General Edwin A. Walker.

Concerning ~~William R. Keester~~, Mr. Standard said that he still is engaged in private investigative work at Oklahoma City, insofar as he knew. He has been so engaged since his discharge from the Oklahoma City Police Department in the spring of 1963. Initially, he had operated in partnership with Cliff Roberts, as the K & R Investigation Service, but Roberts now is employed as an agent by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, and may be presumed no longer active in the partnership. Keester's principal accounts have been Looney, Watts, Looney, Nichols, and Johnson, Attorneys, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; and Cooper, Lawrence and Gullett, also Attorneys, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Mr. William Ross ~~Keester~~, 2224 Southwest 61st Terrace, (phone MUtual 5-2745), Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, on July 6, 1964, advised he operates the K & R Investigation Service, 417 Leonhardt Building (phone CEutral 2-0233), Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, a firm established in 1963 in partnership with Cliff Roberts, now employed as an agent for the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation at Oklahoma City.

Mr. Keester stated that the investigative work by the firm primarily is civil, its principal accounts being Cooper, Lawrence and Gullett, Attorneys, where Keester said he maintains an office, and Looney, Watts, Looney, Nichols and Johnson, Attorneys, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, of which firm a partner, former General Clyde J. Watts, is counsel for General Edwin A. Walker, Dallas, Texas.

In the spring of 1963, the exact dates not recalled, Mr. Keester said that he and Roberts had been called upon by General Watts to investigate the attempted

## ASSASSINATION

assassination of General Edwin A. Walker. Several trips had been made by Keester and Roberts to Dallas, Texas, in connection with this assignment.

The course of initial investigation had been suggested by General Walker, who had ventured that the Black Muslims, which Keester described as a Negro organization active in Dallas, might have "master-minded" the attempt to kill the General. The investigation, Keester said, had failed to identify the Black Muslims with the incident, though liaison with the Dallas Police Department had been established for assistance to the K & R. Investigations Service. Keester and Roberts returned to Oklahoma City without having developed any suspects in the shooting.

The course of subsequent investigation, Keester related, had concerned William McEwan Duff, formerly employed as a batman by General Walker, and reported as a possible suspect by a woman who had called a Walker aide anonymously to state that her daughter, in association with Duff, had said Duff seemed to have knowledge of the shooting. General Walker, in a telephone call to General Clyde J. Watts, had requested investigation concerning Duff, who continued to reside at Dallas, Texas.

A surreptitious investigation of Duff, culminating in an offer by Keester and Roberts of \$5,000 to Duff for a second attempt to assassinate General Walker, failed to gain information from Duff which would implicate him in any way with the first attempt, or to indicate his knowledge of any suspects.

Keester said that he and Roberts had taken an apartment in the same building with Duff, cultivated his friendship, his confidence, followed by the offer of \$5,000 to kill General Walker. Always Duff had implied knowledge of the prior attempt, and finally did agree to their proposal, according to Keester. Duff stipulated that he be provided a passport out of the United States, along with a car, a driver, and a rifle. With Duff,

## ASSASSINATION

Keester and Roberts had toured the area of the Walker residence in Dallas, surveying the potential of this area for the shooting.

When the plan had reached this stage, Keester said he and Roberts had counseled with General Watts and he with General Walker. Both were uncertain as to how to proceed. Three days elapsed. Finally, Keester and Roberts were instructed to turn all of the results of their investigation, including taped recordings of conversations with Duff, over to the Dallas Police Department, with which department Keester and Roberts had made no prior contact relating to Duff.

In the three days which had elapsed, Keester said "Duff gets spooky." He had been pressing Keester and Roberts for the passport and implementation of the plan. Keester stated that he never had any doubt that Duff had intended to get and abscond with the \$5,000 if he could; that he never had any intention of shooting Walker, Keester doubting that killing was in Duff's make-up. Keester, who described Duff as displaying every evidence of a skilled confidence man, said that on the same day he and Roberts had turned their evidence to the Dallas Police Department, Duff had visited the Dallas office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Keester said that he had a feeling that Duff might have been in touch with the FBI all along.

Mr. Keester said he and Roberts concluded their investigation of Duff with their surrender of evidence to the Dallas Police Department, convinced Duff had taken advantage of his prior employment with General Walker--without intent to pursue the proposal--simply in order to obtain the \$5,000 offered.

Additionally, Mr. Keester stated that never in his investigation had the name Jack Ruby appeared, or that of Lee Harvey Oswald, of whom he had heard nothing until Oswald's assassination of President Kennedy. An acquaintanceship with Jack Ruby, pre-dating the investigation, had been established through contacts

## ASSASSINATION

with the Dallas Police Department and several visits to the night club operated by Ruby. Ruby's name never had been mentioned by Duff, and Keester said that he has no reason to believe that Duff knew anything of Jack Ruby until Ruby's shooting of Leo Harvey Oswald.

Mr. Keester said he had conducted no other investigation relating to the attempted killing of General Walker, an investigation which had been concluded within several weeks following the attempt, nor had he been requested to do so by his client.



FBI

Date: 7/8/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: SAC, MOBILE (62-1216)(C)  
RE: Mrs. JAMES R. (EUGENIA) BLACK,  
nee Williams  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Reference is made to WFO airtel to the Bureau and Mobile, 7/1/64, reflecting a call from Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK received at the WFO, 6/30/64. She alleged that a Mrs. JAMES T. BRAYE of Tuskegee, Ala., had planned the assassination of President KENNEDY. From her conversation the complainant appeared to be mentally disturbed.

It is noted that the Mobile Office received a call from Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK, 807 Washington Ave., Tuskegee at 6:55 a.m., 7/1/64, in which she made the same charge against Mrs. JAMES T. BRAYE. The Montgomery, Ala., RA received a call from Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK on 6/30/64 concerning this same information.

On 7/1/64 SA RONALD L. MC LANAHAN checked with established sources in Tuskegee and failed to locate a Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK. Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Ave., advised that she had lived at that address for 30 years and did not know anyone by the name of BLACK.

On the same date, [redacted] Veterans Administration Hospital,

3 - Bureau  
2 - Dallas  
1 - WFO (Info)  
1 - Mobile  
JTB:gre  
(7)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

58 JUL 21 1964

Special Agent in Charge

8 JUL 10 1964

SEARCHED  
SERIALIZED  
INDEXED  
FILED

140-12541-1

MO 62-1216

*Ala*  
Tuskegee, Ala., a source of the Mobile Office, advised that JAMES T. BRAY (not BRAYE) is Assistant Personnel Manager of the Veterans Administration Hospital, Tuskegee, Ala., and has been employed there 11 years. His wife, BELMA, is a Registered Nurse at the John Andrews Hospital in Tuskegee. Both enjoy excellent reputations. Dr. EDWARD T. BRAY, brother of JAMES T. BRAY, is a Veterinarian at Tuskegee Institute and is likewise a very high type individual of excellent character and reputation. *Ala*  
*Bray*  
*Braye*  
*Base*

The Montgomery RA received a letter from Tuskegee postmarked 7/3/64 from EUGENIA J. WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Ave., making the same allegations against Mrs. JAMES T. BRAY. The Mobile Office indices reflect that EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS was the subject of an SGE inquiry in connection with employment at Veterans Administration Hospital, Tuskegee, Ala., 5/15/56. No investigation was conducted concerning her by the Mobile Office. File reflects, however, receipt of "nut complaints" from her in April 1964 in which she referred to herself as being in a permanent helpless state and insisted that the FBI find a neurologist or a brain surgeon for her.

On 7/7/64 Agent MC LANAHAN contacted EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS at 807 Washington Ave., Tuskegee, and interviewed her in the presence of her mother, Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS. She claimed to have formerly been married to a JAMES R. BLACK and to have formerly been married to JAMES T. BRAY. It is noted, however, that Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS explained that her daughter had never been married.

EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS told of being contacted by Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY and Senator TED KENNEDY shortly after the assassination of President KENNEDY and their alleging that she had participated in a plot to assassinate the late President and that her husband, JAMES T. BRAY, was aware of same. She stated that obviously they must have been referring to the present Mrs. BRAY and not to her as she is no longer the wife of JAMES T. BRAY. She admitted making numerous calls recently concerning this matter as she wanted people to know that she did not have anything to do with the death of President KENNEDY.

Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS advised that her daughter had been mentally ill for the past 14 years, has been a

MO 62-1216

patient in a mental hospital and is presently under psychiatric treatment. She did not know her daughter had been making these long distance calls and stated that she would make every effort to make sure that her daughter did not continue this activity. As noted above, her daughter has never been married. She advised that the information furnished by her daughter would have no basis whatsoever in fact. Her daughter was born 2/4/30, Birmingham, Ala. is a Negro female and resides at 807 Washington Ave., Tuskegee.

Copies of this airtel are being furnished to the Dallas Office for information in view of the allegations that complainant made concerning the assassination of JOHN F. KENNEDY.

Copy is being furnished for WFO for information as that office received call from complainant.

The Attorney General

July 15, 1964

Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

*7st*  
**ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

Enclosed for your information is a copy of  
a memorandum dated July 7, 1964, captioned "Assassination  
of President John F. Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas"

The memorandum pertains to an article which  
appeared in the June 30, 1964, issue of "L'Unita," a  
Rome Italian-language organ of the Communist Party of  
Italy.

Enclosure

KMR:las

(7) *Joe*

NOTE:

Legat, Rome by letter 7-7-64, furnished a LHM  
setting out the article which refers to various statements  
made by the Attorney General on his recent European trip.  
This same information has been furnished to the President's  
Commission by letter dated June 15, 1964.

MAILED 2

JUL 15 1964

COMM-FBI

*Ledy*  
Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*7/12 3 00 PM*  
REC'D HUMAN RIGHTS

REC 12

EX-104

*7/12 19* JUL 16 1964

*58* JUL 17 1964

JUL 23 1964

ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

*REC'D-READING ROOM  
JUL 15 2 40 PM '64  
L B*

*62-109061-3467*  
*7/12 19*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: July 14, 1964

FROM : J. H. GALE *JHG*

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S ASSASSINATION  
REQUEST FROM WALTER E. CRAIG,  
PRESIDENT, AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION (ABA)

This morning Inspector Edwards received a phone call from ABA President Walter E. Craig who has been representing the ABA with the Warren Commission. Craig, as you know, has always had the highest regard for the Director and the Bureau and in prior conversations with him concerning the Warren Commission he has expressed little sympathy with some of the Commission's inquiries and has always been very sympathetic with the Bureau's position. Craig stated he had a favor he wanted to ask.

Craig indicated that the Warren Commission had asked him and Attorney Charles Murray, who is a member of Craig's staff assisting him at the Commission, to go to Dallas and look over the Presidential route, the building from which the shots were fired, and also go over Oswald's route. The Commission had asked Craig and Murray to do this in the company of the Dallas Chief of Police but Craig said he feels this is inappropriate and feels that he and Murray should do this independently of the Chief so that they wouldn't be considered as under the influence of the Chief or rubber-stamping him.

Consequently, Craig said that he and Murray plan to travel to Dallas Wednesday, 7/15/64, and spend Thursday and Friday in clearing up their business in Dallas. Craig said he would greatly appreciate it if our Special Agent in Charge in Dallas could be alerted to their coming and facilitate their handling of whatever matters they had to handle there expeditiously and thus they would not become involved with the Chief of Police. Craig said that he would not involve our personnel in their inquiries and it was merely something he was asking so that they would be able to get everything done as expeditiously as possible. Craig assured me that there would be no possible embarrassment to the Bureau in this and no possible involvement. In any event he told me that he felt sure that when his inquiries were completed in connection with the Warren Commission, he was confident "the FBI would be hand in glove" with Craig's conclusions in any event.

I am confident Craig's request is sincere and is motivated completely by his desire to act independently of the Commission. In view of Craig's extremely cooperative feelings in the past and his high regard for the Bureau, I feel we should assist him as requested.

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. DeLoach

JUL 17 1964



Memo for Mr. Tolson  
Re: President's Assassination

RECOMMENDATION:

That authority be given to telephonically alert the SAC at Dallas to Craig's arrival and instruct him to extend all possible courtesies in connection with his business. If approved, return this memorandum to Inspector Edwards for handling.

Craig and SAC  
Shanklin telephonically  
advised Tues. eve. 7/14/64  
H.H.

OK  
d

✓

JH

ENC

B. J.

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Callahan

DATE: 6-23-64

FROM : L. J. Gauthier

SUBJECT: REVIEW OF TESTIMONY OF  
LEO J. GAUTHIER BEFORE PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION

A review of the testimony appearing on pages 6679 through 6688 of the Commission's Report of Proceedings for Thursday, June 4, 1964, was reviewed by me resulting in several minor non-substantive corrections being made to the original, a copy of which is attached hereto.

## RECOMMENDATION:

That this matter be referred to Mr. Belmont before clearing this matter with Mr. Specter of the Commission.

Enclosure

LJG:mah  
(6)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention, Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

corrections on  
attached added  
to original 7/7/64  
+ original delivered  
to Com. 7/10/64

62-10906-03468

12 JUL 16 1964

ENCLOSURE

53 JUL 23 1964

CONFIDENTIAL

## TESTIMONY OF LEO J. GAUTHIER

Mr. Specter. Would you state your full name for the record, please?

Mr. Gauthier. Leo J. Gauthier.

Mr. Specter. And by whom are you employed, sir?

Mr. Gauthier. The Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Mr. Specter. And what is your rank with the Federal Bureau of Investigation?

Mr. Gauthier. Inspector. I am in charge of the Bureau's exhibit section, where we prepare investigative aids, consisting of diagrams, charts, maps, three-dimensional exhibits, in connection with the presentation of cases in court.

Mr. Specter. How long have you been employed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation?

Mr. Gauthier. Twenty-nine years.

Mr. Specter. Did you have occasion to reconstruct certain models to scale in connection with the investigation on the assassination of President Kennedy?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes, I did.

Mr. Specter. And what model reproduction, if any, did you make of the scene of the assassination itself?

Mr. Gauthier. The ~~assassination~~ data concerning the scene of the assassination, was developed by the Bureau's ~~EXHIBITS SECTION~~ including myself, at the site on December 2, 3, and 4 of 1963. From this data we ~~built~~ built a three-dimensional exhibit

DECLASSIFIED PER 25/11 62-109060-3468

one-quarter of an inch to the foot. It contained the pertinent details of the site, including street lights, catch basin, ~~the~~ concrete structures in the area, <sup>INCLUDING</sup> ~~the~~ buildings, ~~the~~ grades, ~~longitudinal~~ scale models of the cars that comprised the motorcade, <sup>CONSISTING OF</sup> ~~including~~ the police lead car, the Presidential car, the follow-up car, the Lincoln open car ~~that~~ the Vice President was ~~in~~ riding in, and ~~the follow car behind~~ the Vice Presidential follow car.

Mr. Specter. On the model of the scene itself, Mr. Gauthier, did you reproduce a portion of the scene which is depicted in Commission Exhibit No. 876?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes, I did.

Mr. Specter. Handing you that Commission Exhibit number, I will ask you to describe what it represents in toto.

Mr. Gauthier. This is an aerial view of the site known as DEALEY Plaza, in Dallas, Texas.

It indicates the large buildings that surround this area. They are numbered one through eleven. It indicates the main streets -- Commerce, Main, and Elm Street, and the roadways through the plaza, including the triple underpass.

Mr. Specter. I now hand you a document which has been marked as Commission Exhibit No. 877 and ask you if that document was obtained by you in connection with the survey for the model which you prepared.

Mr. Gauthier. Yes. This is a description of DEALEY Plaza

stating the historical background and the physical description.

Mr. Spector. I move at this time for the admission into evidence of Exhibits 876 and 877.

The Chairman. They may be admitted.

(The documents referred to were marked Commission Exhibits 876 and 877 for identification, and received in evidence.)

Mr. Spector. Inspector, I now hand you two photographs marked as Commission Exhibit Nos. 878 and 879 and ask you to state what those depict.

(The documents referred to were marked Commission Exhibits 878 and 879 for identification.)

Mr. Gauthier. Commission Exhibit No. 878 is a view of the scale model looking towards the northeast with the Texas School Book Depository ~~Building~~ in the background, together with the Daltex Building, and a portion of the Dallas County Court House. It includes the pergola to the left, and the pericycle structure on the right with the reflecting pool in the immediate background.

It also shows the roadway through the Plaza, which is an extension of Elm Street, upon which appears miniature scale models of the vehicles in the motorcade.

Mr. Dulles. What motorcade is this?

Mr. Gauthier. We are depicting the Presidential motorcade at the time of the assassination, the motorcade that passed that area.



Mr. Dulles. And this was done on what day?

Mr. Gauthier. Our data to build this was compiled on December 2, 3, and 4. It took about five weeks to prepare this <sup>EXHIBIT</sup> ~~was~~ in Washington, ~~the same way~~.

Mr. Specter. Would you now describe what is shown on the photograph?

Mr. Gauthier. Commission Exhibit No. 879 is a view of the scale model looking towards the southwest <sup>IN THE DIRECTION OF</sup> ~~towards~~ the triple underpass, from the <sup>a</sup> ~~relative~~ position of the sixth floor OUT OF the southeast corner window.

Mr. Specter. I now hand you two additional photographs marked as Commission Exhibit 880 and 881, and ask you to state what they represent.

(The documents referred to were marked Commission Exhibits 880 and 881 for identification.)

Mr. Gauthier. Commission Exhibit No. 880 is a scale dimension view of the sixth floor looking towards the southeast corner of the Texas School Book <sup>DEPOSITORY</sup> ~~Building~~.

Mr. Specter. And in the corner of that photograph is the area depicted which has been described as the possible site of the rifleman?

Mr. Gauthier. That is correct.

Mr. Specter. Will you now describe what Exhibit 881 shows?

Mr. Gauthier. Commission Exhibit No. 881 is a three-dimensional view of the Dallas Police Department Garage, showing the jail

office and the ramps leading down from Main Street and  
 Commerce Street. Positioned on the ramps are <sup>SCALE</sup> ~~mini~~ models  
 of an armored van and two police squad cars. There are also  
 miniature mock-ups of individuals -- representing ~~individuals~~ <sup>POSITION OF PEOPLE</sup>  
 in this area of the basement garage.

Mr. Specter. And what event is depicted in that model,  
 if any?

Mr. Gauthier. This represents the arrangement, physical  
 arrangement in the basement at the time Lee Harvey Oswald  
<sup>WALKED</sup> ~~was~~ cut from the elevator through the jail office <sup>ONTO</sup> ~~into~~  
 the basement ramp.

Mr. Specter. And where have these models been maintained  
 since the time they were prepared by the Commission?

~~Mr. Gauthier.~~ These models were delivered to the Commission --

Mr. Specter. Prepared by the F.B.I. -- pardon me.

Mr. Gauthier. The models were delivered to the <sup>PRESIDENTIAL</sup> Commission  
<sup>AND INSTALLED IN THE</sup> building ~~in the~~ exhibits room on the first floor, on  
 January 20, 1964.

Mr. Specter. Mr. Chief Justice, I now move for the admission  
 into evidence of the photographs 878, 879, 880, and 881.

The Chairman. They may be admitted.

(The documents heretofore marked for identification as  
 Commission Exhibits 878, 879, 880 and 881, were received in  
 evidence.)

Mr. Specter. Did you participate in the on-site tests made

In Dallas?

Mr. Gauthier. I did.

Mr. Specter. Was a survey made of the scene used to record some of the results of that on-site testing?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes.

Mr. Specter. And by whom was the survey made?

Mr. Gauthier. The survey was made on May 24, 1964, by Robert H. West, County Surveyor, a licensed State land surveyor, located at 160 County Court House, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Specter. Have you brought the tracing of that survey with you today?

Mr. Gauthier. I have, yes.

Mr. Specter. And have you brought a cardboard reproduction of that?

Mr. Gauthier. A copy ~~of that~~ made from the tracing, ~~yes~~.

Mr. Specter. Would you produce the cardboard copy made from the tracing for the inspection of the Commission at this time, please?

Would you produce the tracing at this time, please?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes.

The tracing is wrapped ~~in here~~ and it ~~is~~ sealed *in the container*

Mr. Specter. Without breaking the seal, I will ask you if the cardboard which has been set up here -- may the record show it is a large cardboard. I will ask you for the dimensions in just a minute.

Does the pointing on the cardboard represent an exact duplication of the tracing which you have in your hand?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes.

Mr. Specter. May it please the Commission, we will mark the tracing 882, and not take it out, since the cardboard represents it, and place Commission Exhibit No. 883 on the cardboard drawing itself, and I would like to move for the admission into evidence of both of Exhibits 882 and 883.

The Chairman. They may be admitted.

(The documents referred to were marked Commission Exhibits 882 and 883 for identification, and received in evidence.)

Mr. Specter. Will you now describe what Exhibit 883 is, Inspector Gauthier, indicating, first of all, the approximate size of the cardboard?

Mr. Gauthier. This is a copy of the tracing measuring 40 inches in width, 72 inches in length. It is made ~~to~~ a scale of one inch equals 10 feet, ~~in other words, 10 feet in every~~

From the data compiled on that day by the surveyor, this tracing was prepared.

The area is bounded on the north by the Texas School Book DEPOSITORY, and on further here by railroad property.

Mr. Specter. Indicating a general westerly direction from the School Book Depository?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes, I am <sup>POINTING</sup> towards the west.

On the east it is bounded by Houston Street.

On the south by Main, which is a roadway going through  
SEALEY  
Dairy Plaza.

And on the west by the triple underpass.

Located on this plat map are ~~var~~ street lights accurately  
located, a catch basin, certain trees, location of the <sup>5</sup> trees,  
the delineation of the concrete pergola, which you see here  
on the photograph, the outer boundaries of the pericycle, and  
the reflecting pool -- locating exactly the window in the Texas

<sup>DEPOSITORY</sup>  
School Book ~~Building~~, in the southeast corner, and also a  
tabulation of the measurements and angles that the surveyor  
has compiled from certain positions identified for him on the  
street by an <sup>OBSERVATION</sup> ~~survey~~ from this window, an <sup>OBSERVATION</sup> ~~survey~~ from  
the position of Mr. Zapruder --

Mr. Specter. When you say this window, which window did  
you mean?

Mr. Gauthier. The window on the sixth floor of the Texas  
<sup>DEPOSITORY</sup>  
School Book ~~Building~~, the one in the southeast corner, the  
furthest window.

Mr. Specter. And when you identify the Zapruder position,  
what did you mean by that?

Mr. Gauthier. This is a concrete abutment of the pergola,  
located in the area upon which Zapruder was standing at the  
time the movies were made.

(At this point, Senator Cooper entered the hearing room.)



(At this point, Representative Ford withdrew from the hearing room.)

Mr. Specter. Are there any other positions noted on the diagram that you have been describing showing where other movies were made?

Mr. Gauthier. Yes.

(At this point, Chief Justice Warren withdrew from the hearing room.)

Mr. Gauthier. We also locate the position of Mr. Kix, who also made movies of the motorcade at certain points on the roadway.

Mr. Specter. On what street was Mr. Kix standing?

Mr. Gauthier. I am pointing now to the south side of Main Street, approximately in front of the concrete pylon of the south pericycle structure. That is a short distance from the intersection of Main and Houston.

Mr. Specter. A short distance west of the intersection?

Mr. Gauthier. West.

Mr. Specter. And what other position is shown of the situs of a movie tear?

Mr. Gauthier. We have another position here by Mrs. Mary Buchmore, who made movies of the motorcade movement along the Elm Street roadway on November 22, 1963.

Mr. Specter. I now hand you a schedule which I have marked as Commission Exhibit No. 884 and ask you what figures are contained

thereon.

(The document referred to was marked Commission Exhibit 824 for identification.)

Mr. Gauthier. This is a copy of a tabulation which appears on the plat map. It contains certain positions marked as frame numbers. It indicates elevations ~~and~~ a column dealing with ~~the~~ angle of sight ~~from these~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~from these~~ <sup>the FRAME</sup> positions to the window and to a horizontal line.

It also contains angles of sight, ~~and~~ degree of sight and distances from these positions to a point on the top of the bridge, handrail height.

Mr. Specter. May it please the Commission, that concludes the description of the general setting.

I would like to move now at this time for the admission into evidence of Exhibit 884, which constitutes all of the exhibits used heretofore.

Mr. McCloy. It may be admitted.

(The document heretofore marked for identification as Commission Exhibit 824, was received in evidence.)

Mr. Specter. May it please the Commission, that completes the testimony of Inspector Gauthier.

I would like to call Mr. Shaneyfelt.

Mr. McCloy. Mr. Shaneyfelt.

7-15-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: SAC, Boston

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

7 0  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Enclosed is a copy of a letter addressed to Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy, which was furnished to the Bureau by Secret Service on July 8, 1964.

Secret Service has advised that they are taking this matter up with the Boston Police Department. This letter is furnished for your information, however, contact your source at the Boston Police Department to insure the information was furnished by Secret Service.

Sergeant [REDACTED] letter has been disseminated to the President's Commission and to the Department. S

Enclosure .

KMR:las  
(4)

NOTE:

The letter furnished by U. S. Secret Service was written by Sergeant [REDACTED] of the Boston PD states he attempted to write on several different occasions and has attempted to write the Attorney General. He refers to various dreams he has had, some of which he attributes the similarities to the late assassination and he also makes comments concerning religious beliefs and feelings. He expressed his sympathy and admiration for Mrs. Kennedy and the late President. He also indicated he wanted Mrs. Kennedy to tell the Attorney General to be extremely cautious during the next two months, apparently based on his premonitions. Letter sent to Department by 0-6 and to President's Commission by letter dated July 16, 1964. 62-109060-3469

MAILED 27  
JUL 15 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

REC 30

NO JUL 16 1964

JUL 21 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: July 9, 1964

FROM : LEGAT, LONDON (62-358) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Remycab 7/6/64 and Bucab, 7/8/64.

There are enclosed 25 copies of an insert for transmittal to Dallas, concerning information furnished London by J. A. RAWLES. As pointed out in my referenced cable, RAWLES has been asked to furnish more details about THOMAS HARVEY.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 25)
- 1 - Liaison Section (Sent Direct) (Enc. 1)
- 1 - London

CWB:ec  
(5)

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

JUL 13 1964

RECEIVED  
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION

62-109060-3476

JUL 15 1964

Have copy of list made for retention with incoming 6746

30

REC 104 25 copies  
insert sent 17.6.  
0-7 for retention  
7/15/64  
53 JUL 20 1964

cc memo to  
enclosure  
teller  
Kd

Dallas 89-42

1

On June 22, 1964, the following letter was received in the Office of the Legal Attache, American Embassy, London, England:

"J.A. Rawles. O/N. 062354.  
H.M.S/M ASTUTE.  
c/o G.P.O.  
London.  
England.  
7/6/64

"Dear Sirs:

"Whilst in Paris last September, I think I may have acquired some information which could help you in capturing the REAL killer of President Kennedy.

"I will not attempt to put in this letter, exactly what is the source of my information, for fear you write me off as 'just another crank'. I told my parents about it, & they told me to leave well alone, because it was too big to get involved in.

"However; I must tell someone, & you seem like the right people.

"If you are interested, I will gladly tell you the little I know, in the hope it may help.

"Yours Sincerely,

~~"J. A. Rawles"~~

On June 23, 1964, a letter was directed to RAWLES, asking for further information from him.

On July 6, 1964, the following information was received from RAWLES:

62 100000 - 3100  
ENCLOSURE (1)



"CK(S) Rawles. P/062354.  
H.M.S/M. ASTUTE  
c/o G.P.O.  
London  
26/6/64

"Dear Sir:

"In reference to your letter of 23rd June 64.

"I will try to explain as well as possible in writing, all that I suspect. I will give you the facts as clearly as possible, although some of the details are rather confused now.

"I went to Paris in September 63 (I must admit that I was A.W.O.L. at the time). After a few days I ran out of money & was looking around for a job of some description. My hotel was in St. Michel at the 'Hotel de la Gare in Rue de la Hoopé. I went back there one day after an unsuccessful days' jobhunting. There was an American gentleman in the lobby with 25 pieces of luggage, which had been delivered to the wrong hotel, & he was looking around for a porter. I volunteered for the job, for which I was duly paid.

"During this, we got talking, & I summed him up immediately as some sort of an eccentric millionaire, & I must admit, I tried, successfully, to latch on to him. Over the next week, we became quite firm friends, & ate out at his expense, & played chess a lot. He was a very interesting talker & told me a lot about himself. One night, we were sitting in an expensive restaurant (I forget the name) & he began telling me his life story. He explained that he was an engineer by trade, & a writer by instinct. He showed me some of his work, a great deal of it being letters which had been published in the American papers, criticising the government. He then got very worked up & said that he had been thrown into prison, & beaten up, & had had to flee the country. I will now quote as near as possible his exact words.

"'I will have everyone who ever layed a finger on me, done away with. Within three weeks, I will have President Kennedy (& other names which escape my mind, I think Connolly was amongst them) Killed!! I have the power to do it, & it shall be done'.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"By this time he was so worked up, that the head waiter had to ask him to be quiet. He saw me laughing at what he said, & said 'You may laugh, but you'll see whether or not I mean what I say within a few weeks.'

"That's my story. I forgot the matter entirely. When I heard that the terrible thing had happened, right out of the blue, I was at a loss to what to do. I told my parents, & they advised me to leave well alone.

"The man's name was Thomas HARVEY. I believe he comes from Pennsylvania. I have more particulars at home in Brighton, including a folder of his work.

"You realise that what I have told you is based on the fact that I assume he told me the truth. He certainly had the power & money to do a thing like that, & was eccentric enough.

"I hope I'm not wasting your time, & making a fool of myself.

"Yours Sincerely,

"J.A. Rawles"

(3)

FBI

Date: 7/1/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89-75)  
 RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
 FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
 DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReButel to Los Angeles, 6/25/64, and Los Angeles  
 teletype to Bureau, 6/27/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of a  
 letterhead memorandum reflecting the results of the interview  
 with ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS. Enclosed for Dallas, 25 copies  
 of an FD-302 (four pages) reflecting the results of this  
 interview, and 25 copies of a one-page insert reflecting the  
 results of investigation at Los Angeles concerning ROBERT  
 STEPHEN REYNOLDS, for inclusion in the Dallas report in  
 captioned matter.

The FBI Agent reportedly contacted by ROBERT STEPHEN  
 REYNOLDS at Oklahoma City was JOE BOWMAN.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. - 6)  
 2 - Dallas (AM) (Encls. - 125)  
 1 - Los Angeles

PBD:srb  
 (6)

ENCLOSURE

REC 10

62-109060-3471

20 JUL 1964

C C. Wick,

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 20 1964



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Los Angeles, California

June 30, 1964

INTERVIEW OF ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

Robert Stephen Reynolds was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at the request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, by letter to the Director, FBI, dated June 24, 1964. He furnished the following information:

He is currently residing at 1118 Third Street, Santa Monica, California. He is a writer by profession, but is currently working only part time as a writer, and is supplementing his income by doing maintenance work. Stephen Remete was born December 8, 1913, at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, but at age 15 had his name legally changed to Robert Stephen Reynolds. He served in the U. S. Air Force from April, 1943, to December, 1945, and attained the rating of Staff Sergeant.

He attended parochial school in New Jersey for nine and one-half years. When he was 14 or 15 years old he went to New York with his mother, who worked as a cook. His father died in 1925, and, according to his mother, his brother, Gordon, was injured in World War II. He has not seen his brother since he (Reynolds) was 13 years old and has no idea as to his current whereabouts. While in New York, he worked as a clerk for the Pan American Oil Company and for the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. He took some high school courses during this time, but never formally completed high school.

In 1931, he went to Atlanta, Georgia, where he worked as a reporter for the Atlanta Journal, and for the Associated Press. During the next five years he also worked intermittently for a magazine firm and his work took him to various parts of the country. In 1936, he came to California, where he worked at various jobs, including working as a station attendant for the Richfield Oil Company, and as a salesman for the Jordan Advertising

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44 JAN 9 1973

## INTERVIEW OF ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

Agency. He also worked in the advertising department of the Los Angeles Times, and in June, 1936, married Peggy Armitage. They were divorced a short time later. He lost contact with his mother in 1947, and has not been in touch with her since that time.

He also worked in San Francisco, California, in the 1940's and had registered with the Draft Board there. Prior to his discharge from the Air Force, he worked for the Office of War Information in Europe, beginning in November, 1944, continuing after he left the service, until May of 1946. In 1946 he returned to New York, and worked for RCA in New York City. He was married again in 1948, and the following year, together with his wife and child, went to Phoenix, Arizona. He later was divorced from his wife, and she and the child left to live in Newport, Rhode Island.

In 1950, he went to Port Arthur, Texas, where he sold pharmaceutical supplies, returning to Phoenix in August of the following year. During this period he applied for employment with the Central Intelligence Agency in Washington, but was rejected. He worked for Wyeth, Inc., a pharmaceutical firm, in Phoenix. In 1952 he went to Alaska, and worked for the Alaskan Broadcasting Corporation as News Director; he also worked for the Civil Defense Office as Public Information Officer. While in Alaska, he was instrumental in breaking a longshoreman's strike promoted by Harry Bridges.

He returned to Los Angeles in 1953, and worked at several jobs, including driving a taxicab for the Yellow Cab Company. He began having nervous problems about this time, and for a period of three years he became so nervous he would lose his voice. He was threatened by his fellow employees with knives, and on several occasions they would fix the brakes on his cab so they would go out completely. He consulted several doctors, who told him they could find nothing wrong with him, but that his problem was a psychological one. In October of 1953, he went to Phoenix, and consulted Dr. Thorne, who said he was suffering from a nervous breakdown and suggested that he go to a hospital. However, he did not go to a hospital, but after a period of rest and staying away from people, he was able to regain his health.



# INTERVIEW OF ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

From Phoenix, he went to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, where he contacted an agent of the FBI, and furnished certain information concerning large sums of money that were being fraudulently sent from the Governor's Office in Juneau, Alaska, to Cuba. After about fifteen months in Oklahoma City, he went to Austin, Texas, where he worked for the Wall Street Journal. He took some open seminar courses at the University of Texas, beginning in June of 1956. He visited the Newman Club at the University on a number of occasions, and in February of 1957, he attended one particular meeting attended by about twenty Newman Club members, and a Catholic Priest, who was Rector of the Church at Our Lady of Angels School in Chicago. He is unable to recall the name of this priest, but the priest was visiting the Club, and was at the University on a temporary basis. All of the Club members signed a book or log as being present at this particular meeting.

He inquired of the priest concerning the fire escapes at Our Lady of Angels School, and then commented to the priest that there would be a catastrophe at the School. The following year there was a fire and many children were killed. He has no idea as to why he talked about the School, or how he was able to forecast this disaster. At this meeting he commented to the priest and the Newman Club members that if Kennedy were elected President, he would be murdered. About a month later he commented to a friend in Austin, his name unrecalled, that a man by the name of Oswald would be the assassinator if Kennedy were elected President and assassinated. He had never met Oswald and can offer no explanation for the basis of the above, except that he must have perceived it. He may have seen Oswald at the University in September of 1957, but he is not sure of this.

TEXAS  
In August of 1957, he contacted the Payne Town Agency in Austin, Texas, for the purpose of obtaining a public relations position, and had some conversation with an individual, who purported to be affiliated with the Agency, and whom he later found out to be Earl Rubenstein. During the course of conversation with this person, he mentioned having a brother, Jack, who operated a night club in Dallas, Texas. He has never met Jack Ruby, but perceived at this time that the above-mentioned Jack would be the killer of Oswald. He was in Austin, Texas, during the approximate period May, 1954, to February, 1958, and from Austin, he returned to Phoenix, where he worked for the Arizona

## INTERVIEW OF ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

Republic in the Circulation Sales Department. In September of 1960, he went to Santa Barbara, California, where he worked and took some college literature courses. He has been in California since 1960, working and attending school. Last year he took some courses at the University of California at Los Angeles.

While in Austin, Texas, in 1957, he discussed the above-mentioned perceptions with a number of people, including University students Fred Pepper, Stanley Adams and a paraplegic attending the School of Law, his name unrecalled. He also discussed his perceptions with Arthur Merchant, who operated an ice cream parlor near the University on Guadalupe Street. He suffered a serious kidney ailment while attending school at the University of California at Los Angeles in West Los Angeles, California, last fall, and was physically incapacitated from about October through December. He was arrested in Los Angeles in 1941 by the FBI for failure to notify his draft board in San Francisco of his change of address, and served three months at a Federal honor camp. He was given time to serve because an FBI Agent lied when he told the court that he (Reynolds) had resisted arrest. In January of 1962, he was arrested in Los Angeles, California, for jaywalking, and served twenty-seven days in jail.

FBI

Date: 7/2/64

Transmit the following in

PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

Via

(Priority)

Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63,  
Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Phoenix teletype to the Director, 6/30/64, and  
Bureau teletype to NY, 7/1/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 6 copies of an LHM  
suitable for dissemination in reference to the above cap-  
tioned matter.

*Do not disseminate  
to Pres Commission  
see revised LHM with  
NY until dated  
7/6/64  
6/1/64*

6 ENCLOSURE

③ Bureau (Encls. 6)  
1-New York

EWO:1ak  
(5)

58 JUL 20 1964

REC 10

62-109060-3472

8 JUL 16 1964

D. Q. HICK

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
July 2, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS; MISCELLANEOUS, INFORMATION CONCERNING

Dr. Irving James Thorne, 141 East 56th Street,  
New York, New York, advised on July 2, 1964, that he is a  
general surgeon and has never practiced or treated anyone  
in the state of Arizona.

Dr. Thorne advised that he had a very close  
friend, Dr. Edward Blank, who was a noted psychiatrist  
in Arizona, and that he, Dr. Thorne, had planned to go  
into practice with him. He advised that he applied for  
his license in the state of Arizona, but had changed his  
mind and never completed his application.

Dr. Thorne advised that Dr. Blank is presently  
attached to State Hospital at Stockton, California, and  
resides at 500 West Alpine Avenue, apartment 202, Stockton,  
California.

Dr. Thorne felt that if Dr. Blank was contacted  
he would know if there was any Dr. Thorne practicing psychiatry  
in Arizona during 1953.

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of any kind. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and  
its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

FBI

Date: 6/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Director 6/27/64,  
and San Antonio teletype to the Director 6/27/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight (8) copies of  
a LHM and for Dallas one (1) copy for information of this  
LHM, reflecting an interview with Monsignor JOSEPH  
FITZGERALD.

Also enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies of an  
FD-302 reflecting the interview with Monsignor JOSEPH  
FITZGERALD at Chicago, Illinois.

3 - Bureau (Encl. 8) ENCLOSURE  
1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 26)  
1 - Chicago

CLB/rms  
(5)

C. C. WICK

REC 10

62-109060-3473  
8 JUL 16 1964

Approved: J. V. J.  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 20 1964





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
June 30, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

*Stephen*  
*Reynolds*

By letter dated June 24, 1964, the President's Commission investigating the assassination of President John F. Kennedy advised they had received a telegram from Robert S. Reynolds, 1118 Third Street, Apartment 3, Santa Monica, California, in which he claimed to have knowledge, in the early months of 1957, concerning the assassination of President Kennedy and also the identities of the persons involved. Reynolds, when interviewed on June 27, 1964, advised he made statements relative to the assassination of President Kennedy to the Newman Club at the University of Texas, Austin, Texas, in 1957. Reynolds stated a visiting priest from the church of Our Lady of the Angels School in Chicago was present at the meeting at the Newman Club, and Reynolds discussed these perceptions with him.

Monsignor Joseph Fitzgerald, a resident at Our Lady of the Angels Rectory, 3808 West Iowa, Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed on June 29, 1964. Monsignor Fitzgerald stated he is the only person he can suggest who would have knowledge concerning priests connected with Our Lady of the Angels School, 3814 West Iowa, Chicago,

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44 JAN 9 1973

**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

who were assigned here in 1957. Monsignor Fitzgerald stated that no priest connected with this school was at the University of Texas in any official capacity. He stated he is reasonably certain that no persons connected with this school visited at the University of Texas in the year 1957.

Monsignor Fitzgerald advised he is not familiar with the name Robert Stephen Reynolds or Stephen Remeta. He does not recall an individual by this name or any other name contacting Our Lady of the Angels School claiming they had perceived the school fire which occurred on December 1, 1958.

FBI

Date: 7/7/64

PLAIN TEXT

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (86-75)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS, INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

Re Dallas tel to Bureau, 7/3/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of  
LHM suitable for dissemination in reference to the above  
captioned matter.

Also enclosed for Dallas is one copy of LHM.

ENCLOSURE

REC 70

62-109060-3474

14 JUL 8 1964

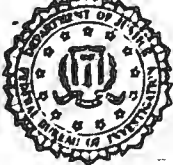
3-Bureau (Encl - 6)  
1-Dallas (89-43) (Encl - 1)  
1-New York

JPO:rac  
(6)

F. C. Wick

53 JUL 20 1964 Jm 187  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
July 7, 1964

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

Mr. Stanley Edward Adams, 12 West 72nd Street,  
New York, New York, advised on July 6, 1964, that he first  
met Robert S. Reynolds during 1957 in Austin, Texas.

He advised at that time Reynolds had told him  
that he was employed by The Wall Street Journal. Reynolds  
also told him that he had been a newspaper correspondent and  
radio announcer, however, Mr. Adams did not know if this was  
true.

Mr. Adams stated that Reynolds told him that he  
had a nervous breakdown in the early 1950's, and as a result  
had lost his voice for a period of time.

He stated that in 1960 he was in Phoenix, Arizona,  
and that during his stay he looked up Reynolds, who he knew  
was living there. At that time Reynolds was selling newspapers  
on a street corner in Phoenix. Mr. Adams advised he later took  
Reynolds to Santa Barbara, California where he (Reynolds) was  
intending to go to college.

Mr. Adams stated that he has neither seen nor  
heard from Reynolds since 1960. He also stated that Reynolds  
had never mentioned President Kennedy's assassination or Lee  
Harvey Oswald to him during the time when he had known him.

Mr. Adams also stated that he feels that  
Reynolds is mentally upset and that there is no truth in his  
statement about his perceptions in 1957.

COPIES 1

44 JAN 9 1973

FBI

Date: 6/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: DALLAS

Re Los Angeles and San Antonio teletype to the Bureau,  
6/27/64, San Antonio airtel to the Bureau, 6/29/64.

Enclosed to the Bureau are 8 copies of a letterhead  
memo.

Enclosed to Dallas are 2 copies LHM, 25 copies of  
an insert reflecting investigation Austin, Texas; 25 copies  
of an FD-302 reflecting interview of ARTHUR HERMAN MERCHANT,  
Austin, Texas; 25 copies of an FD-302 reflecting interview  
of Reverend DAVID O'BRIEN, Austin, Texas.

Enclosed for Chicago are 2 copies of LHM.

One copy of the LHM is being furnished Los Angeles,  
Oklahoma City, Phoenix and San Francisco.

- ENCLOSURE
- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 8)
  - 2 - Dallas (Enc. 77) (89-43)
  - 2 - Chicago (Enc. 2)
  - 1 - Los Angeles (Enc. 1) (Info)
  - 1 - Oklahoma City (Enc. 1) (Info)
  - 1 - Phoenix (Enc. 1) (Info)
  - 1 - San Francisco (Enc. 1) (Info)
  - 3 - San Antonio (2-89-67) (1-66-1620)

RWC:csb

(14)

C. C. Wick

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 20 1964  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

20 JUL 3 1964

SIX

SA 89-67 •  
DL 89-43

Two copies of this communication are being furnished Chicago as the Father KONAN mentioned in the Reverend DAVID O'BRIEN interview might be identical with the visiting priest mentioned in referenced Los Angeles teletype.

Enclosed LHM reflects investigation conducted at Austin, Texas, in an attempt to verify statement reportedly made by ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS at Austin, in 1957 concerning perceptions re instant matter.

In view of the negative nature of the information furnished by Reverend O'BRIEN and Mr. MERCHANT as reflected in interviews with them, extensive investigation to locate and interview the paraplegic law student mentioned in referenced Los Angeles teletype is not being conducted by the San Antonio Division.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Antonio, Texas

June 30, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas

The following investigation was conducted at Austin, Texas, in an attempt to verify that ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS made a statement to the Newman Club at The University of Texas, Austin, Texas, on February 19, 1957, to the effect that if KENNEDY was elected president he would be murdered. Also, that REYNOLDS had perceived knowledge of the assassination and identity of the assassin, that in 1957 he had discussed these perceptions with FRED PEPPER; with a paraplegic law student; and STANLEY ADAMS, students at The University of Texas and with ARTHUR MERCHANT, then operating an ice cream parlor on Guadalupe Street in Austin, Texas.

The official Student Directory of The University of Texas for the school year of 1956-1957 reflected the following:

FRED ROBERT PEPPER, resident 2200 San Jacinto, graduate school student, Arts and Sciences, permanent residence Route 1, Wellington, Texas

STANLEY EDWARD ADAMS, resident 2308 Nueces, student in law school, permanent residence 110 Churchill Boulevard, San Angelo, Texas

Neither of these individuals appeared in the 1963-1964 Student Directory.

The Austin City Directory for 1957 reflected that ARTHUR H. MERCHANT, a resident of 2104 San Antonio Street, operated Merchant's Texas Sweet Shop.

The Austin City Directory for 1963 reflected that ARTHUR H. MERCHANT, resident of 2104 San Antonio Street,

COPIES DESTROYED

JAN 9 1973

**ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS**

was employed as manager of the University News Service.

On June 29, 1964, JOHN WALTON, Ex-Students Association, The University of Texas, advised the only address available for FREDERICK ROBERT PEPPER was Route 1, Wellington, Texas.

He stated further that the address of STANLEY EDWARD ADAMS was 2510 Live Oak Street, San Angelo, Texas.

On June 27, 1964, A. NATHAN DARBY, Lieutenant, Identification Division, Austin Police Department, Austin, Texas, advised the following:

Offense Report No. 200487 reflected that ROBERT S. REYNOLDS, a resident of the Texan Hotel, Room 310, Austin, Texas, was arrested at 9:20 p.m. on May 27, 1955, on a charge of disturbing the peace at the Texan Hotel on complaint of the hotel manager. The disposition of this arrest was shown as "Transferred to County."

He advised that REYNOLDS was described as a white male, thirty-six years of age, having been born December 18, 1918, at Priston, New Jersey, and his occupation was shown as sales promotion.

As a result of this arrest, REYNOLDS' fingerprints were submitted to the Identification Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which, under date of June 3, 1955, furnished an identification record for ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS reflecting his FBI Number to be 246 7484.

REYNOLDS was again arrested by the Austin Police Department at 8:20 a.m. on April 4, 1956, on charges of trespassing and vagrancy on complaint of NEAL JONES, 401 East 12th Street in Austin, Texas.

A narrative of this report read, "Subject alleged to have stayed overnight in the building at 103 East 14th without the owner's permission. Further alleged to have used force to enter said building at 4:00 o'clock a.m."

**ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS**

On this arrest, his address was shown as Y.M.C.A., Austin, Texas, and the other identifying data was the same as shown on the previous arrest except for his place of birth which was shown as Princeton, New Jersey.

REYNOLDS was investigated by his department under Case No. 308386 on complaint of Mr. E. R. TURMAN of Refugio, Texas, who, on September 28, 1957, complained that RAYMOND REYNOLDS, (later identified as ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS) was staying in an apartment in the rear of 608 W. 22nd Street which property was owned by TURMAN and was in the process of being sold. Mr. TURMAN stated that neighbors around this address had complained to him about this young man occupying an apartment on the premises. TURMAN said that REYNOLDS was there when he arrived in Austin to check on the property and that REYNOLDS acted so nice and clever that he allowed him to stay there and watch the property free of rent. Neighbors at this address told TURMAN that REYNOLDS stayed in the house during all the day and came out at night with a flashlight prowling around in the neighborhood.

On September 30, 1957, REYNOLDS was interviewed by officers of the police department.

In concluding DARBY made available a photograph of ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS taken by his department on May 27, 1955, bearing the identification number BE 10896.

On June 27, 1964, ARTHUR HERMAN MERCHANT, a resident of 2104 San Antonio Street, Austin, Texas, who is employed as manager of the University News Stand, 2314 Guadalupe Street Austin, Texas, advised the following:

He operated the Texas Sweet Shop at 2266 Guadalupe Street, Austin, from 1950 until May of 1958.

He recognized the photograph of ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS taken by the police department, Austin, May 27, 1955, and bearing identification number BE 10896, as an individual who was a customer at the Sweet Shop for several months in 1957, including the summer months of that year. During that time, REYNOLDS had only one employment and this was a few weeks with the Automobile Association of America. During this employment, REYNOLDS paid a \$70.00 debt incurred by

ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

having his meals at the Sweet Shop.

He held frequent and lengthy conversations with REYNOLDS. REYNOLDS appeared intelligent and well read. REYNOLDS said he had been a radio commentator and news reporter in Alaska. He, MERCHANT, being familiar with Alaska, questioned REYNOLDS about various cities in Alaska and decided that REYNOLDS was not at all familiar with Alaska and apparently had never been to Alaska. REYNOLDS also said he had been in the Air Corps and again by questioning REYNOLDS, MERCHANT satisfied himself that this was false information. For these reasons he held REYNOLDS' veracity in question.

REYNOLDS mentioned living at the Y.M.C.A.; however, he heard that REYNOLDS was actually living under the steps of a vacant house.

His only contacts with REYNOLDS were at the Sweet Shop.

He was contacted by a detective of the Austin Police Department concerning REYNOLDS. The detective said that REYNOLDS had been observed on the streets at all hours of the night, causing the officers' concern about REYNOLDS' activities.

A few days later, REYNOLDS borrowed money from him, saying that he had a job prospect in Dallas, that he was going to Dallas and would return the money by mail. He has neither seen nor heard from REYNOLDS since that time.

As best he could recall, this was in the fall of 1957.

He wished to state positively that in all their conversations politics was never discussed and REYNOLDS never even mentioned the name of JOHN F. KENNEDY in any regard.

Also REYNOLDS never mentioned the name of either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY to him.

In conclusion, MERCHANT said he formed no opinion as to REYNOLDS' mental stability but thought anyone who would go hungry rather than work as REYNOLDS did was a bit strange.

On June 27, 1964, Reverend DAVID O'BRIEN, Director, Newman Club, Catholic Student Center, The University of Texas, 207 West 21st Street, Austin, Texas, advised the following:

No list of names of individuals attending meetings of the Newman Club is maintained.

No permanent official records are maintained of the meeting.

The regular meeting day is Sunday.

From his personal diary he determined that he, Reverend O'BRIEN, attended a discussion on Tuesday, February 19, 1957, at the club. This was the extent of the information contained in his diary. He could not recall the parties present at this discussion. This would have been a religious instruction or inquiry group.

He recognized a photograph of ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS taken by the police department, Austin, Texas, on May 27, 1955, and bearing that department's number BE 18096 as ROBERT REYNOLDS who in late 1956 or early 1957 appeared in his office and offered to translate for three Hungarian refugee students attending The University of Texas.

He could not recall if REYNOLDS was present at the discussion mentioned above as having been held on February 19, 1957.

REYNOLDS was an operator, that is, one who would like to have been important and one who liked to be in the

ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

limelight. In view of this and further in view of the fact that REYNOLDS was much older than the University of Texas students who frequented the club, he did not appreciate REYNOLDS coming to the club and did not encourage REYNOLDS to do so. Although he felt like asking REYNOLDS not to frequent the club, he did not do so inasmuch as the club is for the public's use.

After a few months, REYNOLDS disappeared from the scene.

He could not recall REYNOLDS ever mentioning the names of JOHN F. KENNEDY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

He could not recall REYNOLDS making any predictions concerning any person or event or of making any claim to being a clairvoyant.

In 1956 and 1957, Father CHARLES RONAN, SJ, at the time a member of the faculty at Loyola (Phonetic) University in Chicago, was working on his doctorate at The University of Texas and resided at the Newman Club. He knew of no connection Father RONAN had with Our Lady of Angels School in Chicago. Father RONAN was the only visiting priest from Chicago during those years.

In conclusion, Reverend O'BRIEN said that Father RONAN is now assigned to Xavier University in Cincinnati, Ohio, however, is presently on a student trip in Mexico.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



FBI

Date: 7/2/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: PHOENIX (89-42)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: Dallas

RE: ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

Re PX tel to Bureau, 6/30/64 and Butel to Phoenix,  
7/1/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and six  
copies of letterhead memo setting out investigation re  
ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS. Copies have been designated for  
the Dallas and Los Angeles Offices.

ENCLOSURE

REC-17

- 3 - Bureau (Enc 7) RAM
- 2 - Dallas (Enc 2) RAM
- 1 - Los Angeles (Enc 1) RAM
- 1 - Phoenix

FAB/rfb  
(7)

G. C. Wick.

62-109060-3476  
20 JUL 4 1964

Approved: *WBS*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

55 JUL 21 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Phoenix, Arizona  
July 2, 1964

ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, aka  
Stephen Remete

The current Phoenix, Arizona, telephone directory does not list any Dr. THORNE. The Phoenix City Directories for the years 1951 through 1955 were checked to ascertain whether a Dr. THORNE might have practiced medicine in Phoenix, Arizona, but no listing was located.

At the Maricopa County Medical Society, 2025 North Central Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona, [GRACE NEWELL, librarian] advised on June 29, 1964 that the records of the Maricopa County Medical Association, Phoenix, Arizona, does not list a Dr. THORNE or Dr. THORN. She also stated the current Arizona State Medical Directory does not reflect the listing of a Dr. THORNE or Dr. THORN. She also advised upon examining the 1940, 1958 and 1963 American Medical Association Directories, which include all of the doctors in the United States, no Dr. THORNE or Dr. THORN was listed in the state of Arizona.

At the Arizona State Medical Association, 4533 North Scottsdale Road, Scottsdale, Arizona, [LINDA MC COY, secretary] advised on June 29, 1964 that the Arizona State Medical Directory does not list a Dr. THORNE or Dr. THORN in the state of Arizona. She advised that in March, 1953, a Dr. IRVING JAMES THORNE applied for a license to practice medicine in the state of Arizona but never completed his application. At that time his address was listed as 441 East 20th Street, New York City. He was stated to have been licensed in both New York and California. He graduated from Harvard University in 1934. The 1963 American Medical Association Directory lists Dr. IRVING JAMES THORNE at 150 East 56th Street, New York, New York.

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4 4 JAN 9 1973

**ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS**

At the Credit Bureau of Phoenix, 705 North First Street, Phoenix, Arizona, [REDACTED] advised on June 29, 1964 that there was no credit record on file for a Dr. THORNE or Dr. THORN. There was located a credit file on GAYLORD L. THORNE, 3420 West Glenn Drive, Phoenix, Arizona, who was listed as a psychologist at the Madison School District. He first came to Phoenix in 1962 from Seattle, Washington.

The Credit Bureau records contained a file on one ROBERT S. REYNOLDS, and this file was opened in April, 1949. The Credit Bureau file contained the following background information:

REYNOLDS was born in Princeton, New Jersey and as of 1949 his age was listed as 32 years. He was in military service from April, 1941 until December, 1943. He was married, wife's name ANITA GROSOVER, and they had one child. In 1951 he was listed as a student at the American Institute of Foreign Trade, Glendale, Arizona. He worked for the Radio Corporation of America for two years; was with the United States Department of State from 1943 until 1947; and was employed for seven months by the Bio-Physics Laboratories, Inc., Los Angeles, California. In 1949 he lived for two months at 1337 East Bethany Home Road, Phoenix, Arizona and in 1958 his residence was listed as 45 Portland, Apartment 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ , Phoenix, Arizona. His occupation at that time was listed as public relations writer.

The credit file did not contain any reference on a STEPHEN REMETE.

[REDACTED] American Institute of Foreign Trade, Glendale, Arizona, advised on June 29, 1964 that the school records list one ROBERT S. REYNOLDS who attended the school from September 18, 1950 until May 25, 1951 and also during the summer of 1951, completing the work on July 27, 1951. He received a certificate of graduation from the school. Although REYNOLDS was listed as being married, he resided at the school in the single men's dormitory. He was a Tech Sergeant in the United States Air Force from 1940 until 1946, Air Force Serial

**ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS**

Number 39130077 and Veterans Administration Number C10172630. His father's name was listed as MICHAEL REYNOLDS and his mother's name was listed as VERONICA, both deceased. A request for his scholastic transcript was made in June, 1956 from the University of Texas. The transcript was not released since REYNOLDS still owed some money to the American Institute of Foreign Trade. The school had no contact with REYNOLDS after his graduation on July 27, 1951.

The current Phoenix, Arizona telephone directory lists JOHN L. THORNTON, psychologist, office at 110 West Camelback Road, Phoenix, Arizona. *msif*

On June 29, 1964, JOHN L. THORNTON, 110 West Camelback Road, Phoenix, Arizona, Ph.D., Psychologist, advised that he first came to Phoenix, Arizona in October, 1963 from Torrance, California. He said he had never treated a patient by the name of ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, and could furnish no information about him.

JFK

Heller

62-109060

SECTION 79

COPY 2

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>DALLAS</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>DALLAS</b>	DATE <b>7/16/64</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>11/22/63-7/11/64</b>
TITLE OF CASE <b>ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS</b>		REPORT MADE BY <b>ROBERT P. GEMBERLING</b>	TYPED BY <b>ds</b>
		CHARACTER OF CASE  <b>MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING</b>	

**REFERENCES:**

Reports of [SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING] 12/18/63, 3/30/64, 5/15/64, and 6/19/64, at Dallas.

**ENCLOSURES: TO THE BUREAU:**

Enclosed herewith and attached to appropriate copies of this report for the Bureau are three photographs of Exhibits D-204, D-217, D-219, D-222, D-223, D-224, D-228, and ten Electrostatic copies each of two obscene letters referred to on pages 232 and 233 of instant report.

Two copies of each of these exhibits are listed as enclosures for the President's Commission in the body of this report with those copies being attached to the copies of the report that are designated as President's Commission copies.

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW																				
COPIES MADE: 10 - Bureau (62-109060) (Enc. 41) (RM) 1 - New Orleans (89-69) (Info.) (Enc. 2) 1 - San Antonio (89-67) (Info.) (Enc. 2) 4 - Dallas (89-43)	<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">62-109060-3477</div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div>17 JUL 16 1964</div> <div>REC-24</div> <div>REC-24</div> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ST-108</div>																				
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th>AGENCY</th> <th>COPIES</th> <th>DATE FWD.</th> <th>HOW FWD.</th> <th>BY</th> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </table>	AGENCY	COPIES	DATE FWD.	HOW FWD.	BY																NOTATIONS Copies noted as destroyed 12/14/78 PJB SIX STAT. SECT.
AGENCY	COPIES	DATE FWD.	HOW FWD.	BY																	



DL 89-43

ENCLOSURES: TO NEW ORLEANS AND SAN ANTONIO:

One copy each of the two obscene letters referred to on pages 232 and 233 of instant report is enclosed for the New Orleans and San Antonio Offices.

The Bureau may desire to remove the enclosure page in the body of this report from those copies of this report that are disseminated to agencies other than the President's Commission.

LEADS:

All leads in this case have been set forth by teletype or airtel and are not being restated herein.

NEW ORLEANS AND SAN ANTONIO: (INFORMATION)

One copy of this report is being furnished each of the New Orleans and San Antonio Offices for information in view of extensive investigation conducted in those Divisions.

IDENTITIES OF SOURCES CONCEALED:

The identities of sources who requested their identities not be divulged, mentioned on certain pages in this report, are identified as follows:

<u>Page Numbers</u>	<u>Identity of Source</u>
91	[REDACTED] McAlester, Oklahoma (request)
97	[REDACTED] McAlester, Oklahoma (request)
120	[REDACTED]

DL 89-43

Page Numbers

Identity of Source

181

Detective WILLIAM HAYES, Security Unit,  
Chicago Police Department, Chicago,  
Illinois

(Information concerning the application  
by GERALD JAMES SHORTALL to the  
American Nazi Party (ANP/))

181

[REDACTED]  
(Information concerning SHORTALL's  
attendance at ANP meetings)

182

[REDACTED] Park Ridge,  
Illinois (request)

ADMINISTRATIVE:

In connection with this report, it should be borne in mind that the Dallas Office has a separate case in connection with the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS," Dallas file 44-1639, Bureau file 44-24016.

It is also pointed out that the Dallas Office has a separate case captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.; INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA," Dallas file 100-10461, Bureau file 105-82555.

Numerous communications have been received bearing the assassination caption (instant case) which contain information concerning OSWALD and/or his connection with the assassination, and such communications are being filed and reported in the case bearing the OSWALD caption. For the most part, miscellaneous allegations bearing on the assassination are reported in instant case and all others in the LEE HARVEY OSWALD case. All

- C -

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DL 89-43

information pertaining to items of evidence in connection with the assassination related to OSWALD are being reported under the LEE HARVEY OSWALD caption.

The overlap in the period of this report with that of previous reports in this matter was occasioned by the fact that material with respect to certain allegations was withheld until such time as the complete resolving of the particular allegation could be included in one report. Also, much of the information contained in this report originated with other offices.

The contents of this report merely reflect those allegations which, in the opinion of the Dallas Office, have been resolved completely. Numerous other allegations are under investigation or the Dallas Office is awaiting receipt of appropriate FD-302's and inserts and, upon receipt of same, another report will be submitted in instant caption.

It is recognized that in some instances information contained in this report may have been submitted by various offices in the form of a letterhead memorandum for immediate dissemination. However, it is believed that for ready reference to expedite inquiries received, it is advantageous to have such information from all offices contained in one section of a report. Where the Bureau has specifically instructed that it is not necessary to report a particular allegation where letterhead memoranda are submitted, every effort is being made not to include such information in report form.

Every effort has been made by the Dallas Office to review the numerous allegations for purposes of determining if they have been sufficiently resolved, recognizing this report will be disseminated to the President's Commission. However, some of the complaints included are so nebulous it is difficult to determine what, if any, investigation can be conducted to resolve such allegations. In each instance every effort has been made to conduct whatever investigation was

- D -

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DL 89-43

believed logical. It is felt that any additional investigation into the potential for harming the President with respect to any of the individuals mentioned should lie within the jurisdiction of the U. S. Secret Service; however, it is felt that no matter how nebulous the information available may be the Bureau should include such information herein.

No T symbols were used in instant report, but where it was necessary to conceal the identity of the source of the information in the details, such source is identified as reflected above.

Where investigation has previously been reported in connection with a particular allegation mentioned in this report, the identity of the report where such other investigation is reflected is set forth. In such instances where the title of such reports differs from instant report the title of such report is also set forth.

In some instances, information contained in this report may have been compiled by other offices from information previously submitted via letterhead memorandum and, therefore, the date of dictation reflected on the FD-302's may be longer than the usual five days.

No local dissemination of this report is being made pending receipt of instructions from the Bureau to the effect that such report may be disseminated to the U. S. Secret Service at Dallas, Texas.

It is suggested that in view of the fact that considerable information is set forth regarding persons who may have made threatening remarks or statements, the Bureau may desire to disseminate a copy of this report on a national level to the U. S. Secret Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

In several instances in this report where it has been necessary to characterize an organization, such characterization

- E -

COVER PAGE

DL 89-43

is included at the end of the section of the report wherein it is mentioned rather than having an appendix section at the end of the report.

Bureau airtel of March 12, 1964, captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD; INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA," instructed that the results of investigation concerning FLOYD E. SWINK, as well as results of his interview, be furnished U. S. Secret Service locally, and that it should be indicated on the administrative page of the report containing the results of interview with SWINK that a copy of such report should be furnished by the Bureau to U. S. Secret Service at Washington, D. C.

Investigation concerning FLOYD E. SWINK is contained in instant report on pages 212 to 230. He has not been located for interview, although extensive investigation has been conducted to locate him. The Bureau has in the past disseminated reports in instant matter to U. S. Secret Service in Washington and, after approval of the report by the Bureau, instructions have been given to Dallas to disseminate copies of such reports to U. S. Secret Service locally. It appears that this procedure will suffice in this instance with respect to FLOYD E. SWINK.

- P\* -  
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

## Copy to:

Report of: SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING  
Date: July 16, 1964

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: 89-43

Bureau File No.: 62-109060

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Character: MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

## Synopsis:

During course of captioned investigation numerous allegations have been received concerning persons other than the alleged assassin, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and logical investigation has been conducted in each instance in an effort to resolve such allegations.

- P -



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ENCLOSURES: TO PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION:

Enclosed for the President's Commission are two copies of the following described exhibits, together with information as to where the results of investigation concerning such exhibits are reflected:

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Where Results of Investigation Reported</u>
D-228 (Q585)	Anonymous letter and envelope furnished by the Bureau of Prisons, June 10, 1964, such letter having been received through the Prisoners' mail box mailed from the U. S. Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, addressed "Mr. ROBERT KENNEDY, U. S. Attorney General, Washington 25, D. C."	Instant report, pages 7-15
D-217 (Q581)	Envelope postmarked "BROCKTON MASS. APR 16 1964 PM," bearing typewritten address "Mr. Attorney General Robert Kennedy Justice Department Washington 25, D. C. C/O <u>The Attorney General's Office</u> ," and accompanying one-page typewritten letter dated "April 12, 1964," beginning "Dear Mr. Attorney General: A Mr. Johnny	Instant report, pages 16-20

DL 89-43

Exhibit Number

Description

Where Results of  
Investigation  
Reported

Carson, Host of the..."  
and ending "... I can't  
give his name."

D-219 (Q582)

Anonymous letter and  
envelope, postmarked  
May 26, 1964, Kansas  
City, Missouri, ad-  
dressed to "Federal  
Agents or Gov. Dallas,  
Texas.," also, three  
newspaper clippings  
(enclosed with letter)

Instant report,  
pages 21-27

D-204 (Q575)

Letter addressed "TO  
MR. J EDGAR. HOOVER.  
THE HEAD OF THE FBI.  
INCARE OF THE WHITE  
HOUSE. WASHINGTON  
DC."

Instant report,  
pages 28-32

D-222 (Q584)

One 9 by 11 3/4  
inches manila file  
folder bearing hand-  
written and hand  
printed numerology  
data with two Greek  
words hand printed on  
top line

Instant report,  
pages 127-134

D-223 (K75)

Three sheets of  
paper bearing known  
handwriting and hand  
printing of WALTER R.  
HEWELL

Instant report,  
pages 127-134

DL 89-43

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Where Results of Investigation Reported</u>
D-224 (K76)	Three sheets of paper bearing known handwriting and hand printing of GEORGE W. ALLMAN	Instant report, pages 127-134

Also enclosed for the President's Commission are two Electrostatic copies of two obscene letters set forth on pages 232 and 233 of instant report, on which pages the objectionable language has been omitted. The first of these letters is one addressed to "Governor Connelly, Capital Bldg, Austin," postmarked at Dallas, Texas, March 27, 1964, which letter is signed "LORAIN BROWN." The second letter is addressed to "Governor Connolly, Capitol, Austin, Texas," postmarked at Dallas, Texas, March 31, 1964, signed "Judge RICHBURG" and "HARDEN F. EVERTT."



**DL 89-43**

**DETAILS:**

**This report contains the results of investigation concerning allegations made against numerous other persons other than the alleged assassin of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD.**

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

RE: LETTER FROM "THE AMERICAN PROPHET"

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

The following letter was received at the Austin Resident Agency of the San Antonio FBI Office enclosed in an envelope postmarked January 25, 1964, name of town illegible, State of Arkansas. The envelope bore the return address, "The American Prophet," Dumas, Arkansas 71639.

"Office 'The American Prophet'  
"Dumas, Ark.

"F.B.I. Office  
"Austin, Texas,

"Dear Sirs:

"In the year 1934AD I prophesied about the attack of Japan on the U.S.A. on a porch in Dumas. I was taken to an insane asylum in Little Rock Ark. My cry in 1934 was 'Father can you see the Rising Sun'

"In 1963 in this same town in Sept. I went to the jail with a case of typhoid malaria to be taken to the State Hospital, while in jail I again prophesied of the coming events. Among these events was the assassination of Pres. J. F. KENNEDY. However Pres. J. F. KENNEDY is alive.

"I was taken to the State Hospital. I was released Dec 26, 1963.

"Across the Mexican border at DiJala--236 Houser St is a Negro, light brownskin, scar over left eye--wears dark clothes goes to Catholic Church, this man shot the President--arrest him, He will confess.

/s/ The American Prophet."

LR 89-21  
DL 89-43  
JMM/jew  
1

Re: The American Prophet

On June 18, 1964, Officer BEN WILLIAMS, Police Department, Dumas, Arkansas, advised SA JOHN M. MOORE as follows:

The Municipal Court Docket for the town of Dumas reflects one TENNIS MAYS, a Negro male, was docketed on September 25, 1963, for insanity, and on September 30, 1963, was transferred to the State Hospital. *100-111-71101*

Officer WILLIAMS advised TENNIS MAYS is a sexually unbalanced person approximately 50 years of age who claims to be a preacher. He has returned to Dumas from the State Hospital and resides alone at 115 North Oak Street in a small house. He has relatives at Dumas and is believed to reside a part of the time with such relatives. Officer WILLIAMS has never received information that MAYS refers to himself as "The American Prophet."

On June 19, 1964, Officer A. J. McGowan, Police Department, Dumas, Arkansas, advised SA JOHN M. MOORE he picked up TENNIS MAYS on September 25, 1963, as a mental case for commitment to the State Hospital. He also recalled that MAYS has been around Dumas for several years and is a self-styled preacher, although he has never known MAYS to refer to himself as "The American Prophet."

On June 19, 1964, Mrs. MARY MAYS, 410 South Cherry Street, Dumas, Arkansas, advised SA JOHN M. MOORE she is a cousin of TENNIS MAYS. She related that he lives alone in a small house at 115 North Oak Street in Dumas, but he eats his meals at her home; and she "looks after" him since he has some mental trouble and is not fully responsible for his actions. He claims to be a preacher, but she has never known him to represent himself as "The American Prophet." She stated he is 50 years of age and attained that age in February, 1964.

On June 19, 1964, TENNIS M. MAYS was located at his residence at 115 North Oak Street, Dumas, Arkansas, by SA JOHN M. MOORE. Mr. MAYS was questioned as to whether he had

LR 89-21

DL 89-43

2

written a letter to the FBI in Texas several months ago in which he had mentioned the assassination of President KENNEDY. He replied that he had written such a letter and had signed it "The American Prophet," although he wanted to keep his title as "The American Prophet" confidential between himself and the interviewing agent since he is not generally known by this title.

On June 19, 1964, SA EDWARD M. CUNNINGHAM reviewed the records of the Arkansas State Hospital, Benton Branch, Benton, Arkansas, at which time the following information was obtained:

TENNIS M. MAYS was admitted to the State Hospital on October 3, 1934, as a dementia praecox catatonica and was conditionally released on January 10, 1936. He was readmitted on September 30, 1963, and diagnosed as a schizophrenic reaction, paranoid type. He was conditionally discharged December 25, 1963, to a cousin, Mrs. NANCY BELL, 1225 North Magnolia, Pine Bluff, Arkansas. A comment on his last discharge noted that his condition was improved and he had gained all the benefits possible by hospitalization.

His file reflected he was a member of the U. S. Army during the period November 26, 1941, to October 15, 1945, and received an Honorable Discharge. There was nothing in his file which made any reference to "The American Prophet." Mail of patients at the State Hospital is not censored. The file noted that at the time of his second admission in September, 1963, he was having hallucinations and delusions.

DL 89-43

RE: BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS



KC 62-8156

MER:rmb/sg

1

The following investigation was conducted by  
Special Agent MAX E. RICHARDSON:

BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS, inmate, United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, was interviewed as reflected herein in connection with the following anonymous letter furnished by the Bureau of Prisons, June 10, 1964, such letter having been received through the Prisoners' mail box (PMB), mailed from the United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, addressed "Mr. Robert Kennedy, U. S. Attorney General, Washington 25, D. C." The Bureau of Prisons advised that this inmate was the only person at that institution serving a sentence under the name of ANDREWS.

"Mr. Kennedy

"If you want to know some answers about the death of your brother, you should ask a man named ANDREWS here in the prison. He told several men here about the death of your brother three weeks before it happened. He told the exact place, how, by whom, and all the other things about it. He has now spoken of the death of Mr. Johnson. Something should be done is why I am telling you this. I do not approve of this kind of action."

BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS, United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth (USP-L) Number 79175-L, on interview at the United States Penitentiary (USP) June 16, 1964, advised that it is true that sometime before the assassination of President KENNEDY in November 1963, he made the comment to a number of inmates, names not known, while in the prison yard at the USP, Leavenworth, Kansas, that something would happen to President KENNEDY when he went to Dallas, Texas. He denied that he had made any comment as to exactly what would happen or who would be responsible.

James W. Mc Murray

ANDREWS explained that on this occasion he overheard some inmate make some comment as to something he did not like about President KENNEDY; and he, ANDREWS, told him, "Dallas will be the last trip he makes." ANDREWS further advised that a few days after this incident his cellmate, JAMES MC MURRAY, K.A. 11:11 who works in the Education Department, was talking about a woman who believed in spiritualism who made the prediction prior to the election of President KENNEDY that the Democratic party would win the election, but that the President elected would die in office. ANDREWS claimed he then informed MC MURRAY that he had had a dream that President KENNEDY would be killed.

ANDREWS advised that he believes in spiritualism, and that he had read a great deal and studied books on this subject since he was a small child. He further stated that many of the inmates in this institution make fun of him when he tells them of the information he receives in visions.

ANDREWS explained that he had had several visions a few months prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY that he would be assassinated, but the exact manner, or who was involved, did not appear to him. He further stated that as he would have these visions during the night, he would get up and write them down in a notebook that he kept in his cell, and which he frequently carried to the Education Department where he worked. At this point, ANDREWS asked if someone had found a page from his notebook claiming that the page on which he first recorded the vision that President KENNEDY would be assassinated had been removed from this book. He denied that he had ever made a comment to any person regarding the death of President JOHNSON, but that he had had a vision that harm would come to President JOHNSON and that he had recorded this in his notebook. He also stated that he had other visions regarding JACK RUBY following the assassination of President KENNEDY which he had recorded.

ANDREWS displayed his notebook and pointed out that the page which had been removed preceded the item recorded under the date of October 8, 1963. Items prior to this date made no reference to President KENNEDY, but such items subsequent to that date and to March 6, 1964, were observed to be as follows:

"October 8, 1963

"The time is drawing near. The president will be assassinated while the protectors are lax.

"There is to be seven people involved in the assassination. Four of which will be in another country when the deed is done. One will leave as soon as it is done. He is the one to do the actual killing. Another person will be accused of the crime and also meet sudden death. The other man is too vague. It seems though that he too will die. Most of the true facts surrounding the death of the president will never be known by the public.

- - -

"December 21, 1963

"Jack Ruby is not one of the seven, although he has int rest not known to the people. This int rest will never be known.

- - -

"January 13, 1964

"One of the men who fled the country before the death of the president has also met his death. Another is plotting to harm the new president. He will not succeed for a time. After a time he may be able to bring harm to Mr. Johnson.

- - -

"March 2, 1964

"President Johnson will die while serving as president. He will be instrumental is proceedings that will arouse many people."

ANDREWS advised that after he predicted the assassination of President KENNEDY and this actually occurred, he did not discuss his visions with other inmates. He added

that he is constantly being teased by inmates because of his belief in spiritualism. He further stated that he had had visions of many things which actually came to pass. He could not recall the identity of any person he had told of such a vision of an event which actually occurred, through which such prediction could be verified.

ANDREWS advised that he feels that President KENNEDY was the greatest President we have ever had and that he feels President JOHNSON may become known as even a greater President. He advised that he is not acquainted in Dallas, Texas; and to the best of his knowledge, he has never seen or met JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He added that the only time he was in Dallas, Texas, was when he spent a night in the city jail there several years prior to 1961.

ANDREWS furnished the following descriptive and background data regarding himself:

Race	White	
Sex	Male	
Born	October 8, 1934,	<u>Kennedy</u>
	at Center, Texas	<u>L.A.</u>
Height	6 feet, 1 inch	<u>Oregon</u>
Weight	125 pounds	<u>Fla</u>
Hair	Dark brown	<u>Green</u>
Eyes	Hazel	<u>T.I.</u>
Build	Slender	
Complexion	Dark	
Occupation	Sales work	
Military Service	Navy, Number 4461251, Bad Conduct Discharge	
Social Security Number	458-52-1700	
Education	High school	
Marital Status	Married, Divorced	
Mother	ARLENE ANDREWS,	
	P. O. Box 234,	
	Buda, Texas	
Brothers	DOYLE W. ANDREWS	
	1426 Orange Avenue	
	Abilene, Texas	

LAMAR ANDREWS  
Buna, Texas

Sister

INEZ ANDREWS  
Buna, Texas

Ex-wife

GLADYS ROBERTS ANDREWS

remarried, address TEXAS  
unknown

Last known address: 1312 Holly Avenue, Abilene, Texas

ANDREWS advised that at one time he felt rather bitter toward police and institution authorities as he felt he was being abused and "pushed around" but that in recent years he has realized that he alone is to blame for his difficulties. He stated that when he is released from this institution, he intends to go to the home of his brother at Abilene, Texas, where he is not known, and make a new life for himself.

JAMES W. MC MURRAY, inmate, USP, Leavenworth, Kansas, on June 18, 1964, advised that he had been the cellmate of BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS in cell B-366 for a period prior to about February 1964, and that they are both assigned to the Education Department of the institution where he, MC MURRAY, teaches English. He added that he is aware that ANDREWS believes in spiritualism and that ANDREWS had frequently discussed this with him. He explained that although he did not believe in spiritualism and realized that ANDREWS "reads a lot into spiritualism" which really is not there, he had done ANDREWS the courtesy of listening to his comments.

MC MURRAY advised that he had heard no comments made by ANDREWS predicting that either President KENNEDY or President JOHNSON would be assassinated. When inquiry was made about a conversation he may have had with ANDREWS regarding the prediction of a woman Spiritualist prior to the election of President KENNEDY that the president elected would die in office, he advised that such a conversation did occur. He explained that in discussing such prediction, he, MC MURRAY, had made the comment that it appeared that President KENNEDY would be elected; and in such case, it appeared that this woman had made a wrong prediction as Mr. KENNEDY was a very young and healthy man. He stated that ANDREWS made the comment, "he could be killed." MC MURRAY advised that at no time did ANDREWS ever tell him of any vision he had had regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY, regarding President

JOHNSON, or the persons connected in any way with the assassination of President KENNEDY or the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that he was aware that ANDREWS kept a notebook, but he was not aware that ANDREWS made a record of visions he might have; and that he, MC MURRAY, had not viewed the contents of such notebook.

*(Handwritten: CARL VARTER)*  
CARL VARTER, Administrative Assistant, USP, Leavenworth, Kansas, furnished the following information from the file of BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS, inmate number 79175-L:

ANDREWS, FBI Number 272 695 B, was sentenced in the United States District Court for the Western District of Louisiana, Monroe, Louisiana, on September 19, 1961, to a term of three years and nine months for the Interstate Transportation of a Stolen Motor Vehicle and was committed to the Federal Institution at Texarkana, Texas, later to be transferred to the USP, Leavenworth, Kansas. He was eligible for parole December 19, 1962, for mandatory release August 7, 1964, with full term to expire December 20, 1964. There is a detainer against him in favor of the United States Board of Parole. Upon the termination of his present sentence, he will remain in custody to serve an additional 558 days.

ANDREWS is shown to have been self-employed from May, 1960 to October, 1960 at 401 East Methuin, Longview, Texas, operating a service station. From 1955 to 1959, he worked for the Magnolia Sales Service as a photographer.

The record of previous addresses indicated he resided with his mother from 1959 to 1960, at 219 Hudson Avenue, Longview, Texas; from 1958 to 1959, at 9000 Northeast Union Avenue, Portland, Oregon, where he resided alone. From 1956 to 1958, he resided with his wife at 1313 Kings Avenue, Jacksonville, Florida.

The Classification Study prepared as to ANDREWS in 1961 indicates that his arrest history began in early 1955. His present term is his second penal type commitment. He previously received a Federal sentence for two years and six months for transportation of a female interstate for immoral purposes. During this incarceration, he served at



Tallahassee, Atlanta, and Springfield in Federal institutions. There was no adverse disciplinary action at that time; however, his adjustment was described as marginal.

ANDREWS was transferred from Atlanta to Springfield for observation for possible need of psychiatric attention, and for possible tuberculosis condition. He was further described as a frail individual, who complained continually about his present situation. He was openly bitter toward the state and federal authorities, and society in general. In the medical section of the Classification Study of 1961 under Psychiatric, information appears that there is no family history of mental illness. At this time, there were no overt symptoms or manifestations present to indicate psychosis.

Subsequent reports as to ANDREWS indicate that he has kept a clear conduct record, and that there was no significant medical or psychiatric information to add to previous reports, other than hospitalization for influenza.

The examination by the Latent Fingerprint Section, Federal Bureau of Investigation, of the anonymous letter and envelope received from the Bureau of Prisons developed one latent fingerprint of value on the letter and one latent palm print of value on the envelope. The latent fingerprint was found not to be identical with the fingerprints of BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS, FBI Number 272 695 B.

The FBI Laboratory's examination of the letter and envelope designated as Q585 revealed the envelope measures approximately three and one-half inches by six and one-half inches. It contains no watermark or indented writing. The address on the envelope is hand printed in a black ball-point ink.

The typed letter in Q585 was prepared on a sheet of paper measuring approximately eight inches by ten and one-half inches. It contains no watermark or other significant features to indicate the source of the paper. The typewriting on the letter in Q585 could not be definitely classified but does resemble most closely an Olympia elite style of type spaced twelve letters per inch.

KC 62-8156

8

The typewriting and hand printing in Q585 were not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. Appropriate photographs will be added.

DL 89-43

Re: ANONYMOUS LETTER TO ATTORNEY GENERAL  
ROBERT KENNEDY POSTMARKED BROCKTON,  
MASSACHUSETTS, APRIL 16, 1964, CON-  
CERNING JOHNNY CARSON

1

DL 89-43

RPG/ds

Under date of May 28, 1964, the United States Department of Justice furnished the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C., an anonymous letter dated April 12, 1964, and the envelope in which it was mailed to Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY. The envelope was postmarked April 16, 1964, at Brockton, Massachusetts. The letter reads as follows:

"April 12, 1964

"Dear Mr. Attorney General:

<sup>N 4</sup>  
"A Mr. ~~Johnny~~ Carson, Host of the Tonight Show is a Communist! He sponsors many front organizations as well which are affiliated with the Communist Party here in America.

NBC TV EMMY

"I know for a positive fact that on November 21, 1963, on a Thursday night he was sent a wire telling him that your brother was going to be shot the following day while on route to make a speech. I know he is because I know the person who sent him the wire. I at the time didn't know what this wire contained. The man told me later. He also told me plenty about the Communist Conspiracy operating in this country. This man thinks that I am a good prospect for the Communist Party\_ he doesn't know that I'm a member of the National Christian Crusade, headed by Billy James Hargis. I was shocked when he told me about the advances that the Party has made in the country during the past 10 years. Please let the F. B. I. know about this and have Mr. Carson investigated at once. If this is true what this man said to me regarding him and the Communist Party in America and I don't believe that he would have said this unless it were true - then this Mr. Johnny Carson should be brought before the Un-American Activities Committee right away.

"I cannot give my name. I think that you understand why.

"Respectfully yours,

"P.S. The one that sent the wire is my boss.  
That's is why I can't give his name."

The "National Christian Crusade" mentioned in the anonymous letter, as headed by BILLY JAMES HARGIS, is believed identical with the militantly anti-communist organization headed by BILLY JAMES HARGIS, a nondenominational minister who has been described as a "hillbilly evangelist." HARGIS has operated the "Christian Echoes National Ministry, Inc.," Tulsa, Oklahoma, whose official publication has been identified as the "Christian Crusade."

DL 100-10461  
NY 89-75

On June 9, 1964, JOHNNY CARSON, emcee of the NBC-TV Program "Tonight Show," was interviewed by SA'S FRANCIS J. O'BRIEN and JOHN JAMES O'FLAHERTY concerning an allegation which appeared in an anonymous letter dated April 12, 1964, and directed to Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY. The allegation was to the effect that CARSON had received a wire on November 21, 1963, which stated that President KENNEDY "was going to be shot the following day while en route to make a speech."

Mr. CARSON stated that he had no personal recollection of receiving any such wire. He commented that, if a wire of this type had been directed to him, he felt certain that he would have notified the proper authorities of its contents.



1  
DL 89-43  
RPG:eah

Under date of June 12, 1964, the FBI Laboratory furnished the results of a document examination concerning an anonymous letter alleging that JOHNNY CARSON had prior knowledge of the assassination:

"Q581 Envelope postmarked 'BROCKTON MASS. APR 16 964 PM,' bearing typewritten address 'Mr. Attorney General Robert Kennedy Justice Department Washington 25, D. C. C/O The Attorney General's Office,' and accompanying one-page typewritten letter dated 'April 12, 1964,' beginning 'Dear Mr. Attorney General: A Mr. Johnny Carson, Host of the ...' and ending '... I can't give his name.'"

"The typewriting on Q581 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this typewriting will be added to this file. The typewriting on Q581 most closely resembles an Italian made Olympia style of type having a letter spacing of 2.60 millimeters.

"The paper comprising the envelope and letter in Q582 does not contain any watermark, indented writings or other significant features which would indicate the source of the paper.

"Q581 has been designated as FBI Exhibit D-217."

DL 89-43

Re: Anonymous Letter Addressed to "Federal  
Agents or Gov., Dallas, Texas," Postmarked  
Kansas City, Missouri, 5/26/64

1  
DL 89-43  
RPG:eah

On May 28, 1964, the following quoted anonymous letter, postmarked at Kansas City, Missouri, May 26, 1964, addressed to "Federal Agents Or Gov., Dallas, Texas,," was received by the Dallas Office of the FBI:

"Dallas.

"Why not let this die down its nothing to keep a live & B proud of it look,s & sounds very corny for 6 ft grown up,s that was not the only assasination ever in the world U & us,, & all over the world knows just why he got what he did & a few of his punk followers are still at it.

"3 da,s after he was elected, he set up a training base in Fla which as ever,one knows is a dirty hole of its own to bomb a country not bothering him in any way Most of the world except U Roman Cathalic,s think he got just what he ask for the best policy is let it B for gotten quickly as possible Show Good Sense.

"if U people would muzzle these big mouth dimo crats & reporters Mrs. Kennedy would get a long better & 40/11 of these simple shave tail F B I they are too green for cow feed.

"they sure as H would stay off my track or else

"Sap head fools."

Enclosed with this anonymous letter was a newspaper clipping of a photograph of Mrs. JOHN F. KENNEDY and her brother-in-law, ROBERT F. KENNEDY, under which photograph it was stated, "Mrs. JOHN F. KENNEDY and her brother-in-law, ROBERT F. KENNEDY, held a press conference yesterday in New York about the opening of an exhibit of mementoes of the late president." The newspaper from which this clipping was taken was not identified.

Also enclosed was a clipping from an unidentified newspaper which is quoted as follows:

**"FOR MRS. KENNEDY**

**"Two Secret Service Men on Duty at All Times**

Washington (AP)--Ten secret service men have been assigned to protect Mrs. JOHN F. KENNEDY and her children for the next two years, a Senate appropriations subcommittee was told yesterday.

"Two men are on duty at all times. It takes ten men to cover seven days a week in three shifts and allow for time off and leave, the committee learned.

"Sen. A. WILLIS ROBERTSON (D-Va.) asked why the Secret service is not protecting Mrs. HARRY TRUMAN and Mrs. DWIGHT EISENHOWER, the other two living first ladies. He was reminded that Congress enacted a special law to protect Mrs. KENNEDY."

Also enclosed was a newspaper clipping from the May 25, 1964, issue of "The Kansas City Times," which is quoted as follows:

**"Re-enact Assassination in Dallas**

"Dallas (AP) -- Federal agents spent seven hours yesterday tediously reconstructing the Dallas motorcade scene in which President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated\_\_

"Cameras recorded the re-enactment for the Warren commission, charged with investigating the November 22 assassination.

### **"Placement Is Checked**

"J. LEE RANKIN, chief counsel for the commission, said agents were 'just trying to check out some of the approximate positions and places of the car at the time of the shots.'

"RANKIN said it was the most extensive re-enactment since the slaying, surpassing a similar reconstruction by the Secret Service shortly after the assassination.

" 'We wanted to be as accurate as we could in the reconstruction,' RANKIN said, revealing that the actual murder weapon was used in the simulated assassination.

"A federal agent repeatedly poked the weapon through the sixth floor window of the Texas school book depository building from where, police say, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, self-avowed Marxist, fired the fatal shots.

"Scores of spectators watched silently as a limousine containing four agents moved time and again along the motorcade route in front of the depository.

### **"Rifle Bolt Is Heard**

"The popping of the rifle bolt could be heard above the din of the traffic, rerouted from the assassination site from 6 a.m. until 1 p.m.

"The FBI agent sitting in the simulated death seat of the limousine bore a chalk mark on the back of his coat where the first bullet entered the President's body. A patch was placed at a spot on the back of his head to indicate where the fatal bullet struck.

"A second agent, posing as Gov. JOHN CONNALLY, wore the same suit CONNALLY was wearing when he was seriously wounded. The bullet hole in the coat was circled in chalk.

"A Dallas County survey team, performing its third reconstruction, sought to establish the exact location of the car when each of the three shots was fired. Secret Service and FBI agents, working with still pictures from motion pictures taken by an amateur photographer November 22, attempted to recreate the scene as closely as possible.

"Agents Use Cameras

"Several cameras -- including one mounted on the murder weapon--filmed the re-enactment from various angles. The participants remained in contact by radio.

"Among observers of the bizarre scene were occupants of the Dallas County Jail, who appeared from time to time at bar-covered windows overlooking the street leading into the triple underpass. It is in the jail that JACK RUBY, nightclub operator, is confined for the November 24 slaying of OSWALD. A jury sentenced him to death in the electric chair."

Written in ink around the borders of this latter newspaper clipping were the following handwritten remarks:

"Some More of JOHNSON's poverty drive."

"let it die"

"Grown ups"

"U S Tax Money to play."



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DL 89-43

PEW/ds

On June 5, 1964, the Kansas City Office was unable to identify the writer of an anonymous letter which had been mailed in an envelope postmarked Kansas City, Missouri, May 26, 1964, addressed to "Federal Agents or Gov., Dallas, Texas," by searching the indices of that office.

On June 5, 1964, SA MARION C. STREET was advised by Lieutenant ELZA HATFIELD, Officer in Charge of the Major Case Squad, and Sergeant JOSEPH MC CORMICK, in charge of Criminal Intelligence Center, Police Department, Kansas City, Missouri, they were unable to identify the above-mentioned anonymous letter.

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DL 89-43  
RPG:eah

Under date of June 12, 1964, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning a document examination requested by the Dallas Office on June 1, 1964:

"Specimens received 6/2/64

"Q582 The original of an anonymous letter and envelope, postmarked 5/26/64, Kansas City, Mo., addressed to 'Federal Agents or Gov. Dallas, Texas.,' also, three newspaper clippings (enclosed with letter)

"Result of examination:

"The handwriting appearing on Q582 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. Appropriate photographs will be added to this file.

"The paper comprising the envelope and letter in Q582 does not contain any watermarks, indented writings, or other significant features which would indicate the source of this paper."

Q582 has been designated as FBI Exhibit D-219.

DL 89-43

Re: Anonymous Letter Addressed to J. EDGAR  
HOOVER, Postmarked Midland, Texas, 4/9/64

The following investigation was conducted in an attempt to identify the writer of the below mentioned letter:

A typewritten letter and envelope postmarked at Midland, Texas, on April 9, 1964, was received at the Headquarters of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on April 13, 1964. The letter was addressed, "TO MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER, THE HEAD OF THE FBI, INCARE OF THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON DC."

The letter was dated April 8, 1964, at Midland Texas and reads as follows:

"MIDLAND TEXAS.

"APRIL 8th. 1964.

"TO MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER, HEAD OF THE FBI, do you want to know who was behind LEE HARVY OSWALD, in murder of PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, well here he GOV. GEORGE C. WALLACE, of alabama, that is your man. if you will have a lawfull excuse to investigate his home you will find some con ections between him and oswall. that all, please pass this on to the warren Investigating Committee it will be valuable."

By letter dated April 21, 1964, the FBI Laboratory advised that the typewriting appearing on the above-mentioned envelope and letter most closely resembled a Royal pica style of type, spaced ten letters per inch. This typewriting was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File of the FBI Laboratory. No water marks, indented writings, or other significant characteristics were noted on the envelope and letter which would indicate the source of the paper used to prepare the letter.

The files of the El Paso Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation were checked and no letter was located which appeared to have been prepared by the unidentified individual who prepared the above-mentioned letter dated April 8, 1964.

The following investigation was conducted at Midland, Texas on April 29, 1964, by SA WILLIAM B. ARDEN:

HAROLD WALLACE, Chief of Police, observed the above-mentioned letter dated April 8, 1964, and then stated that he had no suspects in mind as to who might have written the letter in question. Chief WALLACE advised that it appeared to him that this letter had probably been prepared as a "crank" letter.

ED DARNELL, Sheriff, Midland County, observed the above-mentioned letter dated April 8, 1964, and then stated that he had no idea as to who might have written the letter in question.

District Judge PERRY PICKETT, Midland County Court House, observed the above-mentioned letter dated April 8, 1964, and then stated that the letter might have been written by a Negro person who was demented. Judge PICKETT stated that the statements contained in the letter did not represent the feeling of the population of Midland in view of the fact that Midland has not had any integration problems to cope with. Judge PICKETT pointed out that integration had come about in a very smooth manner in Midland. Judge PICKETT advised that he had no idea as to who might have written the letter in question.

ROBERT M. CHAPIN, Postal Inspector, United States Post Office, observed the above-mentioned letter dated April 8, 1964, and then stated that his Office had not received any similar letters. He said he had no idea who might have written the letter in question.

The following investigation was conducted at El Paso, Texas:

The following individuals were contacted as noted and they advised that no letters had been received by their respective offices which appeared to have been prepared by

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EP 89-52

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the unidentified individual who prepared the above-mentioned letter dated April 8, 1964. They advised that they had no suspects in mind who might have written the letter in question:

Captain FRANK MANNING, El Paso County Sheriff's Office, contacted by SA ROBERT C. NAGEL, on May 1, 1964.

Captain of Detectives, LLOYD PETERSON, El Paso Police Department, contacted by SA ROBERT C. NAGEL, on May 1, 1964.

Mr. GEORGE WEISHEIT, United States Secret Service, contacted by SA DAVID J. REID, on May 1, 1964.

Mr. MARVIN PROVOST, Postal Inspector, United States Post Office, contacted by SA DAVID J. REID, on May 4, 1964.

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DL 89-43

RE: ANONYMOUS LETTERS ALLEGING COVER-UP IN  
ASSASSINATION RECEIVED FROM PINKERTON'S  
INTERNATIONAL DETECTIVE AGENCY, INC.,  
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
ANONYMOUS LETTERS ALLEGING  
COVER-UP IN ASSASSINATION

By letter dated May 23, 1964, Mr. R. H. ROECKER, Manager, Baltimore Office, Pinkerton's National Detective Agency, Incorporated, 509 One Charles Center, Baltimore 1, Maryland, forwarded to the Baltimore Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) two handwritten, anonymous letters, which had been postmarked at Baltimore and received by his office. Mr. ROECKER explained that four such "crank" letters had been received, beginning approximately three weeks previously, but that they had been destroyed by clerical personnel in his office. He understood that past letters had referred to the assassination of the late President KENNEDY, and indicated that investigations of the assassination had been covered up. In addition, the letters had claimed that FBI Director J. EDGAR HOOVER, was an advocate of communism and, therefore, responsible for the President's assassination. Mr. ROECKER had no information concerning the identity of the letter writer.

The texts of the letters, which are partially illegible, are as follows:

"May 20, 1963

"The use of the Sheraton Belvedere Hotel by Freemasons is ruse for extensive coverup operations while the insane Pschyö, and his many rabid Pschyö's continue there undercover violence on homes, and all over, the same as before there murder of President KENNEDY, the Policeman and OSWALD."

"May 12, 1963

"Article F.B.I. (HOOVER) coverup, article how F.B.I. protected coverup. There is a (deadly shade) that's power covered. The hidden old insane Pschyö Plate continues his rabid insane force on

BA 89-30

JSR:rc

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homes and in his vicinity. . . . . used by him to promote rabid force. This deadly shade power is all over committing rabid insane harm. This done before (as now) his/there/ RUBYS) murder of President KENNEDY the Policeman, OSWALD. They might rework the OSWALD case again, same as they have done before manovering statements that they twist, all of the same extensive coverup."

On May 26, 1964, the Baltimore Office of the FBI received by mail from the William J. Burns Detective Agency, 1800 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Maryland, handwritten copies of foregoing letters which had been similarly mailed anonymously to the Burns Agency

The Burns Agency had no information concerning the identity of the letter writer.

Re: Anonymous Telephone Call by Unknown  
Woman Alleging Female Friend Saw  
Someone Put a Gun Out of Window  
During Presidential Motorcade at  
San Antonio, Texas

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Date 7/3/64

Miss MARY BETTY ~~X~~RAYNOR, secretary to JOSEPH M. ~~X~~DEALEY, "The Dallas Morning News," Dallas, Texas, was interviewed in response to a telephone call from her to the effect that she had received an anonymous call relating to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Miss RAYNOR advised that an unknown woman had telephonically contacted "The Dallas Morning News" on the morning of July 2, 1964, and stated that a friend of hers from Dallas who was in San Antonio, Texas, at the time of President KENNEDY's visit there, and, who was watching the parade, had some information which she now wondered might be significant in the investigation of the assassination.

The telephone call was believed to be a local telephone call. The caller told Miss RAYNOR that her friend, who was watching the parade in San Antonio, saw someone put a gun out of a window nearby and screamed, "Get down, we are in the line of fire." At that time the procession was about one-half block away. According to the caller, this friend of hers had stated that the gun muzzle was withdrawn, and that no police agency knew anything about it. Miss RAYNOR stated that the caller seemed very vague about why her friend did not report this to the police at any time.

Miss RAYNOR stated that in conversation with the unknown woman caller, the caller stated that the woman who saw the gun was believed to be a chemist in Dallas, Texas, and that she was afraid action might be taken against her for not speaking up sooner. Miss RAYNOR stated that according to the caller, it was believed that this information might have some significance in view of a statement made by Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY to the effect that the assassination was not a conspiracy. Miss RAYNOR stated that the caller asked if she thought it was too late for the police to search the building where the gun was seen for clues, and she wondered if she could get in any trouble for

on 7/2/64 at Dallas, Texas **37** File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/ds Date dictated 7/3/64

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DL 89-43

not having reported this sooner. Miss RAYNOR stated she told the unknown caller to tell the police about it.



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DL 89-43

RPG/ds

It should be noted that "The Dallas Morning News" of July 1, 1964, carried a front-page article captioned, "Mrs. Cabell Saw Rifle of Assassin."

Mrs. EARL E. CABELL is the wife of the former Mayor of Dallas, and the article stated that she noticed a rifle in a window of the Texas School Book Depository after the first shot was fired, but did not see the gunman.

No information has been received from anyone interviewed in connection with instant investigation that would indicate the identity of the unknown caller or the woman who allegedly saw the gun in a window during President KENNEDY's parade in San Antonio, Texas. It is not known if the newspaper article concerning Mrs. CABELL has any connection whatsoever with the information furnished by the unknown woman caller.

DL 89-43

Re: KATHARINE BRYCE

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DL 89-43  
RPG/ds

By letter dated June 9, 1964, Chief of Police JESSE E. XCURRY, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, furnished a copy of a letter from KATHARINE BRYCE, Morganton, North Carolina, which letter is quoted as follows:

DC  
"June 6, 64  
Broughton Hospital  
Morganton N.C.

"Dallas Police Dept

"Dear Sir

AC  
"I wish to get legal advise from my attorney Sanford W. Brown concerning my accused connection with the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. was arrested three times at the White House gate & pronounced insane. My mail don't leave the hospital all the time. Please see I get to be advised what to do by atty Sanford Brown Spruce St Asheville N.C. if you don't I will spend the rest of my life here with the accused assassination over my head. I want my part brought out to a trial.

"Thank you  
"Katharine Bryce

"P.S. I am up town in Morganton with my famley. Perhaps Ill get this out."

CE 82-46

EJB: jb

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The following investigation was conducted by SA  
EDWARD J. BRENNAN on June 16, 1964:

AT MORGANTON, NORTH CAROLINA

Dr. E. H. E. TAYLOR, Assistant Superintendent, Broughton Hospital, advised that interview with KATHARINE ERYCE is not feasible. He related she is a mental patient and her file bears the diagnosis, "Schizophrenic Reaction, Paranoid Type, Indefinite commitment."

He stated her file notes she is not to be placed on probation or released on visits. A letter from the United States Secret Service dated October 23, 1961, reflects that in January, 1960, she called at the White House and demanded to see the President. She was committed to St. Elizabeth's Hospital in Washington and thereafter transferred to Broughton Hospital. On July 31, 1961, she again appeared at the White House to see the Chief Executive and was again committed to St. Elizabeth's Hospital. A jury at the United States District Court, Washington, D. C., found her insane October 4, 1961.

He volunteered that her mother has made efforts to secure her release and he knows the patient has stated as soon as she leaves the hospital she intends to go to Washington to see the President. Dr. TAYLOR stated she will undoubtedly remain a patient until such time as her condition improves.

DL 89-43

Re: MR. AND MRS. JACK CHARLES CASON

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DL 89-43

RPG/ds

On the evening of June 4, 1964, Father JOSEPH DREW, St. Paul the Apostle Church, Richardson, Texas, telephonically advised SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING that on the Monday or Tuesday following the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, a member of his parish, whose name he cannot now recall, told him that approximately two years prior to the assassination he (the unidentified parishioner) had been in attendance at a party at an unknown location in Richardson, Texas, which was attended by the owner of the Texas School Book Depository and his wife. Father DREW stated that this unknown parishioner told him that either the owner of the Texas School Book Depository or his wife had made a remark at this party to the effect, "It would be a good thing if President KENNEDY got shot."

Father DREW stated he wrote the unidentified parishioner's name on a piece of paper which he cannot now locate. He stated that as he recalls, the name of the owner of the Texas School Book Depository began with the letter "C". The name "CASON" was mentioned to Father DREW, and he stated that sounded like the name mentioned by the unidentified parishioner.

Father DREW stated that immediately after being told by the unidentified parishioner about the foregoing statement, he telephonically contacted the Dallas Police Department and told them about it, and that in the event they desired to check into it, they should recontact him. He stated that he was not recontacted by the Dallas Police Department and, therefore, did not think this to be of any significance to the investigation.

Father DREW stated, however, that he has thought of this on several occasions during the past few months, and that recently, as a result of the violence occurring in the New York area, as well as the fact that he frequently preaches about his concern about people's lack of concern, he felt that he should make it known to the FBI.

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Father DREW stated he would make every effort to determine the identity of the parishioner who furnished him the information and if he could do so, he would contact SA ROBERT F. GEMBERLING.

It should be noted that previous investigation has established that JACK CHARLES CASON is the President of Texas School Book Depository. The May 1964, Dallas Telephone Directory reflects JACK CHARLES CASON has an office at 411 Elm Street, the address of Texas School Book Depository in Dallas, Texas, and a residence address of 4015 Druid Lane, telephone LA 6-5979, Dallas, Texas, and a residence address at Lewisville Lake, Lewisville, Texas, telephone KE 9-2859.

Date 6/11/641

116 JACK CHARLES CASON, President, Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), 411 Elm Street, advised he resides at 4015 Druid Lane, telephone LA 6-5979, Dallas, Texas.

CASON was informed that an allegation had been received that he and his wife had attended a party in Richardson, Texas, approximately two years prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY and it was at this party that either he or his wife made a remark to the effect "It would be a good thing if President Kennedy got shot." CASON responded to this by stating "That's a damn lie." Further, he stated he did not make such a statement at a party anywhere and his wife did not make such a statement at a party in Richardson or anywhere else. CASON advised he has the highest respect for the office of President of the United States and stated he respected President KENNEDY. He said he did not always agree with some of the policies of President KENNEDY but added he did not always agree with some of the policies of former President EISENHOWER. He said he is strongly opposed to any type of violence. He said he registers any type of disagreement he has by fighting with "ballots and not bullets."

CASON related he is a former Commander of American Legion Post No. 53, Dallas, Texas, and considers himself a patriotic citizen who upholds our democratic principles.

Regarding the above allegation, CASON stated if whoever made this allegation would do it publicly he would have them in court for making a slanderous allegation.

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on 6/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:vm Date dictated 6/10/64

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DL 89-43  
RPG/ds

On June 10, 1964, Father JOSEPH DREW, St. Paul the Apostle Church, Richardson, Texas, telephonically advised SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING that he had determined the identity of the unknown parishioner to whom he referred in his telephone call to SA GEMBERLING on June 4, 1964.

Father DREW stated that the previously unidentified parishioner is TED TAYLOR, 924 Meadow View Drive, Richardson, Texas, telephone AD 1-0483. Father DREW stated that Mr. TAYLOR would be willing to talk to an FBI Agent in the event it was so desired.

1Date 6/18/64Richardson, Texas

M. THEODORE TAYLOR, 924 Meadow View Drive, telephone No. AD 1-0483, advised he is employed as an editor by the W.H. Freeman Company, San Francisco, California. He stated this employment requires that he travel approximately four days out of the week.

TAYLOR advised he was formerly employed by McGraw Hill Company as their Southwest representative. He said his office was in the Texas School Book Depository building.

TAYLOR advised that in the Spring of 1961, the President of McGraw Hill Company was visiting Dallas and the Texas School Book Depository building. He said JACK CHARLES CASON, President of the Texas School Book Depository, held a dinner in honor of the President of McGraw Hill Company at CASON's residence on Druid Lane, Dallas, Texas, and invited all of the employees of McGraw Hill Company to this dinner party. TAYLOR stated the CASONs are very conservative people and the topic of conversation was directed along these lines. He said they discussed foreign aid, politics, and other related subjects. He said after all had consumed several cocktails, Mrs. CASON made a remark to the effect that someone ought to shoot President KENNEDY. TAYLOR stated this was an irresponsible offhand remark and believes it was uttered without serious intent that such a thing should happen. He stated he does not believe Mrs. CASON would take any positive action in this regard or enter into any type of conspiracy with anyone else concerning this.

TAYLOR stated Mrs. CASON gives the impression of being a theatrical type person and in his opinion is considered "flighty" by her husband, JACK CHARLES CASON. He said that during the course of the dinner party Mr. CASON would moderate her expressions on many occasions and on many subjects. He said Mr. CASON spent considerable time "smoothing feathers ruffled by her rash remarks."

TAYLOR stated he does not know nor has he ever had any contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. Further, he stated he had no information which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

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on 6/12/64 at Richardson, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:am Date dictated 6/17/64

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

RE: VINCENT WORTH CHRISTIE

1  
DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN;

AT LAREDO, TEXAS:

The Laredo Times, a daily newspaper, Laredo, Texas, in their November 27, 1963, afternoon edition, carried an article reflecting that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had purchased approximately \$32.00 worth of clothing at Joe Brand Clothing Store, Laredo, Texas, and that the purchase was verified by Federal investigators through a receipt found among OSWALD's possessions.

Employees of the Joe Brand Clothing Store advised that on November 26, 1963, a person had come into the store and made a purchase of \$6.00 and some cents and gave them a check for \$20.00 and obtained the change. This person was using the name of VINCENT CHRISTIE and stated that he was an investigator with the military, assigned to Laredo Air Force Base.

CHRISTIE then stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had purchased approximately \$40.00 worth of clothing at Joe Brand Clothing Store and he was checking on the matter.

An employee of Joe Brand then checked through the old sales receipts and CHRISTIE quickly pointed to one in the amount of \$39.89 and said this was the ticket. There was no name on the ticket and CHRISTIE had no additional information such as sales receipt number or name, but merely pointed to the sales receipt in the amount of \$39.89, stating it was the purchase made by OSWALD. This receipt contains no name and is for a purchase made on September 21, 1963, by a person who purchased a jacket for \$19.98; some shirts; two \$2.50 ties, and paid for the purchase with a 500 pesos (Mexican) bill. No employee in the store recalls OSWALD ever making any purchase.

A check at the Laredo Air Force Base for the name of VINCENT W. CHRISTIE or any variation of this name was negative.



1Date December 3, 1963

SEYMON ~~DEUTSCH~~, Joe Brand Clothing Store, advised that an unknown person using the name of VINCENT W. CHRISTIE had come into the Joe Brand Clothing Store on November 26, 1963, and had made a purchase of \$6.00 and gave a check for \$70.00 drawn on the Union National Bank, Laredo, Texas,

After making the purchase, unknown person stated that he was with the Intelligence Department of the Laredo Air Force Base and that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had made a purchase of about \$40.00 at Joe Brand and that the Air Force had the receipt for this purchase.

DEUTSCH stated that the bookkeeper thumbed through the sales receipts in an effort to locate the purchase and that CHRISTIE pointed to a sales receipt in the amount of \$39.89 and stated that was the ticket. There was no name on the ticket and CHRISTIE had no additional information such as sales receipt number or name, but merely pointed to the sales receipt in the amount of \$39.89, stating it was the purchase made by OSWALD.

This receipt contains no name and was for a purchase made on September 21, 1963, by a person who purchased a jacket for \$19.98, some shirts, and two \$2.50 ties and paid for the purchase with a 500 pesos Mexican bill.

DEUTSCH furnished check drawn on the Union National Bank, Laredo, Texas, dated November 26, 1963, in the amount of \$20.00, payable to the order of Joe Brand, signed VINCENT W. CHRISTIE, with the number 243-168-1 written under the name. On the back of the check is written Laredo Air Force Base Intelligence Department, extension 903 or 774.

DEUTSCH advised that he had been notified by the Union National Bank that that bank is unable to locate any account for VINCENT W. CHRISTIE.

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On 11/27/63 at Laredo, Texas File # SA 89-67  
DL 89-43

by SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN/cbl/dnb/csh Date dictated 11/28/63

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

The following investigation was conducted at  
San Antonio, Texas, by SA THOMAS W. BERGE:

1Date January 9, 1964

*Texas*

Major JOHN W. NELSON, Lackland Consolidated Exchange, advised that he had received a check from VINCENT W. CHRISTIE in the amount of \$70 for payment of bad checks that he had written in the amount of \$60. NELSON advised that the Base Exchange at Lackland charges \$2 for each bad check that is written and that CHRISTIE owed them a total of \$66. NELSON advised that the remaining \$4 would be returned to CHRISTIE.

In communications with VINCENT CHRISTIE the particular communications were directed to 535 College Drive, Powell, Wyoming.

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On 1/2/64 at Lackland AFB, Texas File # SA 89-67  
DL 89-43  
by SA THOMAS W. BERGE/mjb/dnb Date dictated 1/3/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1Date January 9, 1964

Major JOHN W. NELSON, Lackland Consolidated Exchange, presented a check dated November 29, 1963, in the amount of \$20 and drawn on the Union National Bank of Laredo, Texas. The check was signed by VINCENT W. CHRISTIE.

The endorsement on the back of the check revealed the name of VINCENT W. CHRISTIE, Airman Third Class, Serial Number AF 17658663. This endorsement further revealed that CHRISTIE was assigned to the 2851st Air Base Wing, Kelly Air Force Base, Texas. The telephone number registered on the back of the check was 6884.

On 1/2/64 at Lackland AFB, Texas File # SA 89-67  
DL 89-43  
by SA THOMAS W. BERGE/mjb/dnb Date dictated 1/3/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1Date January 9, 1964

Major JOHN W. NELSON, Lackland Consolidated Exchange, presented a check dated September 19, 1963, in the amount of \$20 and drawn on the First National Bank, Powell, Wyoming. This check was signed by VINCENT W. CHRISTIE.

On the back of the check it was revealed that endorsement had been made by VINCENT W. CHRISTIE, AF17658663.

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On 1/2/64 at Lackland AFB, Texas File # SA 89-67  
DL 89-43

by SA THOMAS W. BERGE/mjb/dnb Date dictated 1/3/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1Date January 9, 1964

Major JOHN NELSON, Lackland Consolidated Exchange, presented a check dated November 27, 1963, in the amount of \$20 and drawn on the Union National Bank of Laredo, Texas. This check was signed by VINCENT W. CHRISTIE.

The endorsement on the back of the check revealed the name of VINCENT W. CHRISTIE, Airman Third Class, and bearing Serial Number AF17658663 and assigned to the 2851st Air Base Wing, Kelly Air Force Base.

On 1/2/64 at Lackland AFB, Texas File # SA 89-67  
DL 89-43

by SA THOMAS W. BERCE/mjb/dnb Date dictated 1/3/64

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DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

Following investigation was conducted by  
SA LARKIN, TALBOT at Billings, Montana:

On April 16, 1964, Mr. ROBERT REAVES, General Agent, American National Insurance Company, was interviewed at his residence at 824 1/2 Clark Avenue, at which time he believed that VINCENT CHRISTIE was in Billings, Montana. He pointed out that CHRISTIE was not actually employed since CHRISTIE as yet has not received his insurance license to sell in Montana. He explained that CHRISTIE's home was at Powell, Wyoming, and he alternates between Powell and Billings; however, he has no information where CHRISTIE stays when in Billings. He said he last saw CHRISTIE on about April 14, 1964, but he knows that CHRISTIE planned to take his test at Helena, Montana, in the next week and he should be in contact with him in a few days. He said he would have CHRISTIE contact the Billings Resident Agency.

On April 17 and 20, 1964, Mr. REAVES was recontacted at which time he said that he has had no word from CHRISTIE, but should be hearing from him in the immediate future.

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Date 4/29/64

On April 20, 1964, VINCENT WORTH CHRISTIE contacted the Billings Resident Agency, Billings, Montana, at which time he furnished the following signed statement:

"Billings, Montana  
April 20, 1964

"I, VINCENT WORTH CHRISTIE, make the following voluntary statement to LAWRENCE D. TALBOT, whom I know to be a Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I know that I do not have to make any statement and any statement made by me can be used against me in a court of law. No threats or promises have been made to induce me to make this statement. I have been informed concerning my right of counsel before making any statement.

"I was born on May 6, 1942, at Creston, Iowa, and my permanent address is 535 College Drive, Powell, Wyoming.

"In June, 1963, I was discharged from the U. S. Army at Fort Lewis, Washington. After my discharge, I returned to Powell, Wyoming, where my parents reside and I remained in Powell, Wyoming, until August, 1963. I then went to Denver, Colorado, where I worked as a bartender for about one week at the Peerless Bar. I did not like bartending so I enlisted in the U. S. Air Force at Denver. I failed to list my prior military service, upon the suggestion of the Air Force Recruiter, and when I reached Lackland AFB, Texas, I was given the opportunity to stay in or get out of the service.

"I decided to get out and this would have been in middle of October, 1963. I was at Lackland AFB about one month and I arrived there in mid-September, 1963. I then went to Houston, Texas, where I secured employment as a shoe salesman with Edison Brothers Shoes. I stayed at the

On 4/20/64 at Billings, Montana File # SA 89-67  
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by SA LAWRENCE D. TALBOT/kld/dnb Date dictated 4/23/64

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YMCA and then at unrecalled resident hotel in Houston. I resigned my job on about November 19, 1964, and on November 20, 1964, I went to Laredo, Texas. I planned to stay there about one week and then return to Powell, Wyoming.

"I had been in Laredo, Texas, about three or four days when I went in to Joe Brands Clothing Store. I wanted to buy a shirt and cash a check. I needed some money as I had lost my money across the border in Mexico.

"As I recall, I bought a sport shirt for about \$5.00 and I cashed a \$20.00 check drawn on the Union National Bank, Laredo, Texas. I used my true name, VINCENT W. CHRISTIE, on this check.

"I am unable to recall if the salesman who waited on me asked me for any identification or if I showed him any. If I did show some identification, it would have been my Air Force ID, which I still had at that time. This card has since been destroyed.

"I did tell this salesman, when I cashed the check, that I was at Laredo AFB. He then began talking about the recent assassination of President KENNEDY. The conversation got around to LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the salesman mentioned that OSWALD had been through Laredo on way his to and from Mexico.

"I told him that OSWALD had been in this store and had made a purchase at this store. I do not recall mentioning the amount of this alleged purchase at this time.

"He asked how I knew this and I told him I had seen receipt at Laredo AFB which had been taken from OSWALD's personal effects. By this

time, the manager of the store was there and he was all excited. They asked me if I could recognize the receipt and I told them I might. I picked out a no name cash receipt for about \$40.00 and I recall it was paid in Mexican money.

"The manager then went to the salesman who made this sale and the salesman said he recalled making the sale. He said it appeared to be OSWALD and how particular this person was when he made the purchase.

"It was about this time that I decided this situation was getting out of hand. I told them not to mention this matter as someone would probably be by to investigate it further.

"I do not recall mentioning that I was with the Intelligence Department at Laredo AFB but I could have mentioned this to them during the conversation.

"I left the store and caught a bus to San Antonio, Texas. I stayed in San Antonio about two days and I then went to Las Vegas, Nevada. I remained in Las Vegas about two weeks and then went to Los Angeles, California, for about a week. I returned to Powell, Wyoming, on December 24, 1963. On January 4, 1964, I enrolled at Eastern Montana College of Education at Billings, Montana, and remained in school one quarter. I lived on campus while going to school.

"I left the school just before Easter and I have been staying in Powell, Wyoming, and Billings, Montana, since that time.

"I am going to take the Montana State Insurance examination within the next week and then

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"plan to remain in Billings and go to work for Wyo-Mo Agency as an insurance salesman.

"I was not an employee of the Federal Government at the time I cashed the check at Laredo, Texas, and I was not connected with Laredo AFB. I was playing the role of a big shot when we began talking about LEE HARVEY OSWALD and any statements made by me concerning OSWALD were lies. I know nothing about OSWALD or his activities other than what I have read or seen on television.

"The conversation in this store got out of hand in a hurry and I found myself caught in a lie.

"I have read the above statement consisting of this and five other pages and it is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

"/s/ VINCENT WORTH CHRISTIE

"Witness:

"/s/ LAWRENCE D. TALBOT,  
Special Agent, FBI,  
Butte, Montana."

In addition, CHRISTIE advised that he had passed three no account checks at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, in September and November, 1963. The first check he passed was drawn on the First National Bank at Powell, Wyoming, and the remaining checks were drawn on the Union National Bank of Laredo, Texas. As he recalls, the first two checks were in the amount of \$20.00, and he believes the last check was in the amount of \$30.00. He said all three checks were signed VINCENT W. CHRISTIE. He further advised that he has made restitution of all of these checks. He said to date he has not made restitution on the check passed at Joe Brand Clothing Store, Laredo, Texas, but he intends to pay this check in full.

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The following is a description of CHRISTIE as obtained through observation and interrogation:

*Vinc, Worth*  
Name: VINCENT WORTH CHRISTIE  
Aliases: VINCENT W. CHRISTIE,  
VINC, WORTH  
Permanent Address: 535 College Drive, Powell,  
Wyoming. *U.S. 1*  
Temporary Address: Pryor Hotel, Billings,  
Montana *Cch.*  
Date of birth: May 6, 1942 *Mo. 103*  
Place of birth: Creston, Iowa *N. 111*  
Race: White  
Sex: Male  
Height: 6 ft. 2 in.  
Weight: 205  
Hair: Brown, crewcut  
Eyes: Blue  
Complexion: Fair with acne condition  
Marital status: single  
Social Security No. 520-40-6424  
Occupation: Insurance salesman, prospective  
job with the Wyo-Mo Agency,  
14th and 1st Avenue North,  
Billings, Montana  
Military Service: U. S. Army, June, 1960 -  
June, 1963, Honorable Dis-  
charge, Serial #28036898;  
One month with U. S. Air  
Force at Lackland Air Force  
Base, Texas, September to  
October, 1963  
Relatives:  
Father: *Mc. 111* VINCENT EUGENE CHRISTIE,  
535 College Drive,  
Powell, Wyoming  
Mother: IDA CHRISTIE,  
535 College Drive,  
Powell, Wyoming



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Brother:

THOMAS ~~K~~ CHRISTIE,  
age 18, student at  
Montana State College,  
Bozeman, Montana  
None admitted.

Prior arrests:

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WORTH CHRISTIE was appropriately admonished and stated that he fully realized the seriousness of his actions and he would insure that in the future no similar such actions would occur.

Photographs of CHRISTIE were taken on April 20, 1964.

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The following investigation was conducted by  
SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN:

On May 11, 1964, Assistant U. S. Attorney  
THOMAS L. MORRILL, Southern District of Texas, Houston,  
Texas, declined prosecution of CHRISTIE because of  
lack of criminal intent to violate the Impersonation  
Statute in connection with the cashing of the \$20.00  
check at Joe Brand Clothing Store, Laredo, Texas,  
on November 26, 1963. Mr. MORRILL stated that CHRISTIE  
should be appropriately admonished.

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Re: ARTHUR CHESTER DeWITT

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SE 89-47

DL 89-43

DCR:kel

On November 26, 1963, SA RALPH J. LIEWER obtained information from MANFRED GOEDEKE, 524 West Lewis, Pasco, Washington, who operates The Flower Basket, Pasco, Washington, covering the Tri-City area of Pasco, Kennewick, and Richland, that they received an order to send flowers to LEE HARVEY OSWALD's funeral, which order was placed by ARTHUR DE WITT, Pasco, Washington, and they telephoned the order to Webb Royal Flowers, 166 Webb Royal Shopping Center, Dallas, Texas, around 9 AM, November 25, 1963. Mr. GOEDEKE stated that no message was sent with the flowers and that DE WITT has sent "lots of flowers" to people who might not otherwise get flowers. He stated that DE WITT frequently does things like this.

On November 26, 1963, SA RALPH J. LIEWER interviewed ARTHUR C. DE WITT at Pasco, Washington, who admitted sending a \$6 spray of flowers to the funeral of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at Dallas, Texas, on November 25, 1963. DE WITT stated it was an impulsive act and that he would do it again. He stated that his reason for sending the flowers was because OSWALD had not been tried and only conflicting reports regarding his guilt had been made. DE WITT said if he had known with certainty that OSWALD had shot President KENNEDY he would not have sent the flowers. DE WITT stated that he was certain that no one else would send flowers so he decided that he would send flowers to OSWALD's funeral. DE WITT stated that he does not know OSWALD, JACK RUBY, or anyone allegedly connected with the assassination of President KENNEDY. DE WITT stated that he was last in Dallas, Texas, in 1936 when he hitchhiked through there with his wife and child.

Detective KENNETH HUTTON, Pasco, Washington, Police Department, reviewed the records of the Pasco Police Department for SA RALPH J. LIEWER on November 26, 1963, and, as a result of this review, stated that the Pasco Police Department files reflect that ARTHUR DE WITT, Pasco, Washington, is an eccentric and is generally regarded as a "nut" by people in Pasco, Washington.

On May 14, 1964, W. J. PENNINGTON, Business Manager of the Seattle Times, Seattle, Washington, advised that the following advertisement had been called into the newspaper by

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KAY HOPPER for ART DE WITT, Pasco, Washington, a magazine store owner at 1108 First Avenue, Seattle, Washington:

"All persons who believe in LEE OSWALD's innocence in the shooting of President KENNEDY register at 1108 First Avenue."

On May 15, 1964, SA DEAN C. ROLSTON determined by observation that 1108 First Avenue is a used magazine store which was recently opened and advertises that it buys, sells, and trades magazines. From the outside of the store it was noted that a large number of magazines reflecting covers of nude women were for sale, and other salacious-type magazines were noted inside the store. On the window of the magazine store were several pages of articles clipped from the "National Guardian," which articles questioned that OSWALD actually shot President KENNEDY. There were also signs in the window which stated, "Where is the Warren Report?" and "What Your Newspapers Dare Not Print."

On June 1, 1964, SA DEAN C. ROLSTON again observed from outside the store that additional printing had been included on the window front of the used magazine store at 1108 First Avenue. This printing reflected that ARTHUR C. DE WITT had left Pasco, Washington, after he had sent flowers to the funeral of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, which event had resulted in someone throwing a rock through the window of his store at Pasco, Washington, causing a thousand dollars' worth of damage. Also on the store window was printing which challenged the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Secret Service to develop the truth about the assassination of President KENNEDY, alleging that these Federal agencies had backed the wrong organization in accepting the Dallas Police Department version that OSWALD had killed President KENNEDY. Also on the store window was a printed narrative in which DE WITT reflected that he was very familiar with bolt action guns and that the angle of the shots that hit Governor CONNALLY and President KENNEDY indicated that they could not have been fired by a bolt action gun from the fifth floor of the bookstore. DE WITT also had statements on the magazine store window stating that the Warren Report was not going to be issued in our lifetime. DE WITT had posted a letter on the window of the bookstore from the Seattle Times which



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stated that it was not the policy of the Seattle Times to print the type of ad requested by KAY HOPPER concerning LEE OSWALD's innocence. DE WITT then had comments with this letter on the store window which stated that the fact that the Seattle Times would not print the ad indicated that the Seattle press was biased and that only the "National Guardian" printed the truth.

On January 6, 1949, WALTER F. MAC ASKILL, Accountant, Atkinson and Jones Company, North Richland, Washington, advised that he operates the Tri-City Service Bureau, a small bookkeeping and accounting service. He stated that one of his accounts is the Anchor Inn, Kennewick, Washington. MAC ASKILL advised that JUDIE FERRON, who works for him at Atkinson and Jones Company, told him that the owner of the Anchor Inn, ARTHUR DE WITT, approached her when she was unemployed and offered her employment as a waitress, but intimated that she would have to engage in prostitution with customers. MAC ASKILL stated that DE WITT is married to a Chinese woman whose first name is MARY and who operates the Bamboo Inn, a cafe in Kennewick.

On February 18, 1963, Sergeant ROBERT FARNKOFF, Kennewick Police Department, advised SA CLEMENT W. PARKHURST that he received a letter addressed to MARY DE WITT, Kennewick, Washington, dated February 9, 1963, which she received from EARL ROSTOCK, Emmett, Idaho. MARY DE WITT stated that she knew neither EARL ROSTOCK nor a TOM DAY, who was referred to *di he* in the letter as having a large quantity of merchandise for sale. Sergeant FARNKOFF described MARY DE WITT as Chinese and as working and residing at the Bamboo Inn, a Chinese restaurant operated by her parents at 626 West Columbia, Kennewick, Washington. According to Sergeant FARNKOFF, MARY DE WITT is divorced from ARTHUR DE WITT, who runs a hamburger stand at Kennewick and who is a "nut." Sergeant FARNKOFF stated that it was possible that this letter was some sort of practical joke.

Chief of Police O. C. LINCOLN, Kennewick, Washington, Police Department, advised on May 31, 1952, that there were rumors that ARTHUR DE WITT, Pasco, Washington, sells marijuana at this establishment, but LINCOLN had not been able to develop specific evidence of this fact.

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In July of 1953, MIKEY WEST, Juvenile Probation Officer at Pasco, Washington, advised that he had complaints from one or more dependable juveniles who indicated to him that marijuana was being sold by ARTHUR DE WITT through the Jesse James Club, Hermiston, Oregon, and through Mary's Dog House at Kennewick, Washington.

On August 29, 1958, SA CYRIL J. LAFFEY obtained information from JAMES B. SCHICK, Associate Editor, Walla Walla Union Bulletin, Walla Walla, Washington, reflecting that ARTHUR CHESTER DE WITT, FBI Number 1 328 687, was a candidate for Sheriff of Walla Walla County. DE WITT reportedly had the backing of numerous "extremists," one of whom was WILLIAM H. HAROLD, Walla Walla, Washington, who edits the Walla Walla Statesman, which is privately printed, and which, according to SCHICK, is anti-Communist, anti-Semitic, and pro-Constitutional Party. DE WITT had distributed a pamphlet during the campaign in Walla Walla County indicating that he was a candidate for sheriff and outlining his platform, pointing out that his grandfather arrived in Walla Walla in 1863 on an ox team; also that both he and his father were born in Walla Walla.

JOHN CUMMINS, Sheriff, Walla Walla County, advised SA LAFFEY on August 29, 1958, that DE WITT, FBI Number 1 328 687, has an arrest record dating back to March 29, 1934. He stated that in 1955 DE WITT was held by the Sheriff's Office at Pasco on a sanity investigation.

The Walla Walla Union Bulletin, Walla Walla, Washington, on December 6, 1963, carried a news item reflecting that ARTHUR DE WITT planned to leave Pasco, Washington, and go to Florida because he has been subject to ridicule since he sent flowers to the funeral of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Arthur De Witt  
Arthur De Witt  
Arthur De Witt

Walla Walla, Wash.

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RE: NOAH VERNON DILLARD

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RPG/ds

By letter dated June 15, 1964, Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following quoted letter which he had received from NOAH V. DILLARD, Carmen, Oklahoma:

"Dallas Police Chief  
Dallas, Texas

June Friday 12, 64.

"Dear sir,

"I think per-haps you were misslead, into getting your cart ahead, of your horse. The ethic's of the marines, I believe shooting, A man, in the throat, is stupid. Also to waste, two extra bullets like Kennedy's assasin did, is foo-l-ish.

"So for that rules Oswald out.

"Now to the fact Ruby never had permission to carry A loaded weapon did he. How did he have time to get A weapon, run plumb to the fire station, & kill Oswald, in cold blood.

"That leads us to believe O'swald was used, as A scape goat.

"I would come nearer say'ing Ruby Shot Kennedy, & is trying to pin it on O'swald.

"To the fact, that is to neat A story, that his wife told, of locking him in that room, to keep him, from shooting Nixon.

"Her stories won't hold water. Who is she covering up for anyway. Now that sounds damn riducleous of her locking him in.

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"O'swald would have to have been A damn imbi-sile, to have tried to shoot Nixon a republic-ian, then change horses in the middle of the stream, & shoot Kennedy A democrat, the next day.

"Per-haps that news cast, was mixed up like they have before, & to the fact, it i-s possible, A Marine would shoot A man, in the throat, then waste two bullets, shooting wildly, but is isnt very pro-bable.

"There is to man-y things, that don't jive. Something smell's & damn loud.

"To the fact, John F. was fighting the in-evetable. Fighting Commun-ism A belief. Therefore we must mark it up, to fate. Kennedy was playing games with the Lord, & bluffing the public.

"The Bible says woe be unto those who rob Peter, to pay Paul.

"Kennedy A high & mighty Catholic so said, to hell with you Lord, I a-m so damn brilliant, I can do it & get away with it.

"For as so what do you call this of him, robbing the Nation-al bank, to make all these foreign loan. When we are short of fiannat-ial funds now. And as Ken-nedy so stated the 60's spelled the age of inventions, which are often worth liter-a-ly millions anywhere in the Free world. And can be made by any man, in prison, or out, woman, or child. To the fact, I have chooséen college education, to use as an insti-gater.

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"Poor John F. tried to fool, the good Lord, & it didn't pay off.

"I think perhaps John F. served as A martyr, to serve as A living symbol, to the public. Shall we use his assassination, as A milestone, to ward off such things as he was doing, fighting A belief, or shall we mark it off as A lost cause.

"Again I state Oswald was used merely as A scape goat, by Ruby.

"Signed as;  
Respectfully yours,

"Noah V. Dillard  
"Noah V. Dillard  
Carmen, Oklahoma

"Sir;

"Please pass on to  
the Warren Commission;

"Signed as before."



WILLIAM RYALS, Undersheriff, Alfalfa County, Oklahoma, a resident of Carmen, Oklahoma, advised that NOAH V. DILLARD is well known to him.

Undersheriff RYALS said that DILLARD, injured while in the military service, now is a paralytic; unable to walk about except with aid of braces and crutches; unable to write, though is able to make limited use of the typewriter; unable to speak plainly, communicating for the most part only with guttural sounds; affected mentally by his injury, never having gotten over the shock of becoming crippled.

Almost helpless, DILLARD is believed to feel that most people are against him. RYALS, describing DILLARD as very anti-social, and very opinionated, said that DILLARD spends most of his time watching television, from which source RYALS believed DILLARD obtained whatever information he might have concerning the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY. To his knowledge, RYALS stated DILLARD had not been out of Carmen, Oklahoma, for the past several years.

Undersheriff RYALS said that no purpose could be served in any attempt to interview DILLARD.

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On 6/25/64 at Carmen, Oklahoma

File #

OC 89-41

DL 89-43

by SA ROY E. OXFORD:ddw

Date dictated 6/25/64

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DHB:wr

NOEL VXD 11-21

Mr. DELBERT WILSON, Director, Central Files Section, Drivers License Division, Oklahoma Department of Public Safety, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, on June 26, 1964, made available to IC DWIGHT G. GARRETSON a drivers license file concerning NOAH VERNON DILLARD, born July 19, 1932, with address in 1956 and 1958, listed as 216 North Seventh Street, Enid, Oklahoma.

A review of this record failed to disclose a current drivers license, rather, that an application in 1958 had been denied. DILLARD had been issued Oklahoma Drivers License number 1263160 on October 4, 1956, with the restrictions that he must wear glasses, and his car must be equipped with turn signals and a steering knob. The record disclosed that DILLARD had been committed to the Veterans Administration Hospital, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, as mentally ill, on petition of KENNETH S. DILLARD, by County Judge WILLIAM A. BERRY, Oklahoma County, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The date of commitment, character of diagnosis, or the date of DILLARD's release from the Veterans Hospital is not indicated in these records. The license had been canceled, however, on May 2, 1957, and the application for reinstatement denied on September 8, 1958.

Investigation previously reported disclosed that DILLARD now resides at Carmen, Oklahoma.

DL 89-43

Re: FEMALE FORTUNETELLER  
GYPSY TEAROOM  
FIFTH AVENUE AND 42ND STREET  
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

The following information supplements that appearing on page 4 of the report of SA BIRL WILSON, Buffalo, New York, dated December 2, 1963, captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD; INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA."

DL 89-43  
NY 89-75

Re: FEMALE FORTUNETELLER  
GYPSY TEAROOM  
FIFTH AVENUE and 42ND STREET  
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

On November 27, 1964, investigation was conducted in the vicinity of 5th Avenue and 42nd Street, and no Gypsy Tearoom could be located.

On the same date, various tearooms on 42nd Street in the Times Square area of New York City were contacted, which met with negative results.

RE: JOSE HANIER FERREIRA  
Av. Amazonas 307-19 andar, sala 1906  
Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais, Brazil

On May 18, 1964, Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, made available a communication which consists of a large manila envelope, a newspaper and a four-page handwritten letter in Portuguese.

The following is a description of the communication and a translation from Portuguese:

The envelope is addressed to Governor John Connally, Dallas, Texas. It is marked: "Confidential" and bears the postmark of Belo Horizonte, Brazil, March 23, 1964. The return address reads:

Jose Hanier Ferreira  
Av. Amazonas 307 - 19 andar, sala 1906  
Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais, Brazil

The newspaper magazine is called "Panfleto (Documento)," ("Pamphlet (Document)") and is a supplement to a publication which is called "The Guardian" (in English). It is dated March 9, 1964 and the pages are numbered 15 through 26. It bears the following headlines: "Lawyer Destroys FBI Evidence - Why Lee Oswald Did Not Kill Kennedy." A short introduction is provided in which Lawyer Mark Lane is presented. The rest of the publication is devoted to "Mark Lane's Defense."

This defense was carefully read by the sender of the communication to Governor Connally as is shown by the many markings, underlinings, etc. As a matter of fact, he added his comments in a few places.

The short introduction to "Mark Lane's Defense" ends with an urging to the readers to study this document; "to show it to as many people as possible," and "to send us your comments - any information or analysis... which can be of help to the Warren Commission...". The writer added this comment:

"I ask Lawyer Mark Lane and Chief Justice Earl Warren for permission to present my



analysis in my capacity as an observing scientist for the purpose of dispelling the accursed veil which is tarnishing the great country of North America. The crime is a political crime and was premeditated. Belo Horizonte, March 27, 1964. Jose Hanier Ferreira."

On page 20, under a photograph captioned: "Policeman Carries Rifle Believed To Have Been Used To Kill President Kennedy," the sender wrote:

"This, also and above all, covers up well for a member of the plot."

Under and around a photograph of Jack Ruby, the sender wrote:

"The biggest secret of the world rests with this man, Ruby. Only by a dismissal (?) of the trial and of Ruby will truth be discovered."

The four-page letter reads:

"In response to and to the attention of Lawyer Mark Lane and Justice Earl Warren, member of the Commission investigating the stupid death of President Kennedy, of fond memory. The lives of the members of your investigating commission are in serious jeopardy and I am positive in reporting this because the guilt or involvement in this plot is as strong as a hurricane. The fact of the matter is that Lee Oswald did not kill Kennedy, but his rifle was used...

"Lee Oswald was the bearer of a secret and it is regrettable that he was not surrounded by security measures until he told everything of interest to the U. S. A. and to the world. For this reason, the police had to silence him forever by tossing dirt and a shovelful of lime on the matter of Kennedy's death. Lee Oswald had no inkling that his life was in danger, not even when he was still

at large. He was keeping the secrets that he had received from the members of the plot. It was a plot deserving trustworthiness and respect because it involved the cream of the Dallas society, including the famous FBI.

"Oswald did not know that he had been chosen as the scapegoat. The fact is that he had all damaging characteristics as a rebellious man of bad communist conduct who had used forged documents, in addition, of course, to the frame-up arranged by the police.

"The famous FBI was shaken by the terror of having favored Oswald when he was free. It feared that a line-up would be necessary on account of the various reports against him which followed the firing of the shots. No such line-up took place. After he killed the policeman, he knew that he would be executed and might have spilled everything about the plot. Also, Oswald was held in Dallas as a "persona non grata." Therefore, the plot was organized against him and Kennedy, both having to die on the same day. If Oswald had not been a person so well cast for the role of scapegoat, our friend Kennedy would still be alive. Very few people in Dallas knew that the plot would involve the death of the President. Even the members of the Police Force knew nothing, acting under superior orders, like orders transmitted to members of the guard detail of troops at rest. The policemen who escorted Oswald knew nothing about it; only that they were to try to deliver him to Ruby.

"As we have seen, various plans were premeditated including killing Oswald right at the time of his arrest,

calling it self-defense. As we have seen, he had no luck and, under a shovelful of lime, he cannot be questioned (?) as to his secret and the shot fired by Oswald was fatal.

"The patrolman's death and the imprisonment of Oswald alive were a fishbone stuck in the throat of the criminals who, as long as Oswald lived, had everything to lose because of this phrase: 'You wanted to kill the President and he was already dead.' All of this was an attempt to bring about his being set up for the shooting(?). Thus far, we have already seen various such premeditated attempts.

"The FBI was forced to lay hands on the second triumph (?) of premeditation: Ruby; a man who was judged a man easy to pass off as a maniac and an epileptic - the plot is so well organized, it even includes psychiatrists - Ruby would kill Oswald and pass for mentally deranged; would not be sentenced to death and even if he wanted to talk, he would not rate credence by the authorities who wanted to know the truth.

"When he was given a negative expert's report, another fishbone got stuck in the throat of President Kennedy's slayers; a fishbone even bigger than Ruby's life with his appeal to continue staying alive for a longer time.

"Only those who do not know the secrets of Kennedy's death do not want Ruby's execution. The criminals will be able to set him up for assassination the fastest possible, unless they manage to get him to a safe place before (?) he tells everything. That is why I am sending this outline - it is to avoid a lot of delay.

"Ruby was another scapegoat chosen to approach Oswald at the police station for the purpose of putting a hole through him with certain advantages as described by the press. For this reason, the FBI took the precaution of sounding out Oswald's mother by showing her Oswald's (sic) picture before he killed him since Ruby was acting together with her son.

"The police, knowing that Oswald had a wife, wanted him to take the shots; he refused, but was left with the secret, which then led to the double murder, against Kennedy and against him. Then, they ordered him to furnish the rifle, intimating that he would die one way or another and the shovelful of lime would be cast.

"The Governor and his wife are the only authorities in Dallas who knew nothing and still know nothing, also with respect to who is plotting (?) for Ruby's death penalty. They are innocent because the situation of the culprits drives them to kill as fast as they can to wrap things in silence.

"Those responsible for Kennedy's death are already sorry because all their plans for a perfect crime are failing and, moreover, they did not think that Kennedy's death would have so many repercussions abroad: even suicides by fans of his and the clamors of the chieftains of the communist conspiracy (?) who were certain that Kennedy would not take the country to war because he knew that modern war is useless.

"In short, he who killed Kennedy was the same who aimed the gun at Oswald claiming that the jail would not have him; the

policeman who was carrying a rifle knew everything and was carrying the rifle to attract the human mass against Oswald in order to set him up because the radio was asking for it.

"The Chief of Police knew, because of his precaution to keep more than ten yards away from the Presidential limousine and because of his broadcasts on approaching the building but not to catch the police (?). The masterminds also strongly suspected that they would yet permit the Chief of Police and certain trustworthy members of the FBI to testify on behalf of the prosecution.

"So many calamities afflicted the criminals in their coverup efforts that even Mark Lane's defense presents many gaps and confusion because a crime against the Chief Executive of the country, the most highly thought-of man in the world, in the full light of day, in the center of a big city - there still are people who claim that the shots came from the front of the limousine and that they did not take those witnesses because of a conspiracy - and, for example those where Oswald killed the patrolman? (sic)

"As an observing scientist, I do not find that the investigating commission is placing (?) its hand on the main culprit.

I remain,

Sincerely yours,

(signed) Jose Hanier Ferreira  
Belo Horizonte, Brazil, March 21,  
1964 Av. Amazonas 307 - 19 andar -  
sala 1906

SA 89-67

L

(Stamp reading:)

9th Office  
Rodrigues da Cunha  
Notary Public  
Rua Rio de Janeiro, 462  
Above Store 209  
I certify the above signature

-----

In witness thereof.  
Belo Horizonte, March 3, 1964  
As a witness of the truth:  
(signed illegible)

Claudio Reynaldo Graciano  
Substitute Notary Public

(Stamp reading:)

R. Cunha Notary Public Office  
9th Office  
Adalberto Rodrigues de Cunha  
Notary Public  
Claudio Reynaldo Graciano  
Substitute  
Writs - Powers of Attorney  
Signature Certificates  
Rua Rio de Janeiro, 462  
Above Store 209  
Corner of Seventh Square

(Stamp reading:)

Ninth Office



DL 89-43

Re: W. CARL HONOLD

The following information supplements that appearing on page 3 of the report of Special Agent BIRL WILSON, dated December 2, 1963, at Buffalo, New York, captioned, "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY-RUSSIA-CUBA."

1.

Mrs. W. CARL HONOLD, 6646 Harts Road, Niles, Illinois, advised that her husband, W. CARL HONOLD, had left Tuesday, November 19, 1963, for Germany to attend the funeral of his father.

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On 11/23/63 at Niles, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
by SAs RAYMOND F. HOGAN and HARVEY N. JOHNSON, Jr. /krp Date dictated 12/2/63

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1.

Records of Pan-American Airlines, Flight 58, from Chicago, Illinois, to Frankfurt, Germany, were checked by SA RAYMOND F. HOGAN, at which time it was learned that one of the passengers listed for this flight was W. CARL HONOLD. The flight left Chicago for Germany on November 19, 1963.

On 11/23/63 at O'Hare Airport, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
by SA RAYMOND F. HOGAN /krp Date dictated 12/2/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

RE: B. J. JAMES, aka "BRJ"  
JOHN CONNALLY, Governor State of  
Texas - VICTIM

1  
OC 89-41  
DL 89-43  
DHB:wr:vm

Investigation in this matter was predicated on advice from ROBERT OLIVER, Chief of Police, McAlester, Oklahoma, who advised SA HENRY B. LOWREY on December 19, 1963, concerning a letter received by Governor JOHN CONNALLY of Texas, postmarked at McAlester, Oklahoma.

At McAlester, Oklahoma

On December 19, 1963, ROBERT OLIVER, Chief of Police, McAlester, Oklahoma, advised SA HENRY B. LOWREY he had received a telephone call from one OTIS KLAR of the Department of Public Safety, Austin, Texas, informing OLIVER the Texas Department of Public Safety had information a letter had been received in Texas threatening the life of the Texas Governor, JOHN CONNALLY, and the letter was postmarked at McAlester, Oklahoma, signed B. J. JAMES, General Delivery, McAlester, Oklahoma. OLIVER advised Mr. KLAR had requested investigation by the McAlester Police Department to determine the identity of B. J. JAMES.

11/19 "FBI"

On December 19, 1963, SA HENRY B. LOWREY established through a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, that one B. J. JAMES was known to have received mail in care of General Delivery, McAlester, Oklahoma, although the last several letters had been returned to the sender as unclaimed.

On December 19, 1963, an examination of the records of the Credit Bureau, Police Department, Sheriff's Office, and utility companies, as well as a review of city and telephone directories, McAlester, Oklahoma, failed to disclose the names of B. J. JAMES or ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE. PRICE was reported as an individual who had used the name B. J. JAMES in the past.

Concerning ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE, FBI No. 451137, on December 19, 1963, SAC LEE O. TEAGUE called the San Antonio FBI Office during which conversation he was advised by SAC JAMES COLE of the use of the name B. J. JAMES by PRICE, who was described as a white male between the ages of 61 and 74. The records at San Antonio did not

2  
OC 89-41  
DL 89-43

indicate however that PRICE ever had been in the area of McAlester, Oklahoma.

Investigation by SA HENRY B. LOWREY on December 19, 1963, identified one BILLY RAY JAMES at Hartshorne, Oklahoma. BILLY RAY JAMES, male, aged 18, a service station employee, advised SA HENRY B. LOWREY he had never maintained a mailing address in care of General Delivery, McAlester, Oklahoma, and he denied authorship of the letter.

San Antonio 1741



Date January 3, 1964

O. NEWT HUMPHREYS, Chief, Internal Security Division, Texas Department of Public Safety, Austin, Texas, made available a typewritten letter dated December 12, 1963, addressed to JOHN CONNALLY, Governor of Texas, Austin, Texas, postmarked McAlester, Oklahoma, December 16, 1963, 4:00 p.m. unsigned but bearing typewritten initials "BRJ".

The envelope bore a typed return address, "B.J. JAMES, General Delivery, McAlester, Oklahoma."

HUMPHREYS advised that the above letter was turned over to his office as a "crank letter" by the Governor's Office and inquiry through Chief of Police, McAlester, Oklahoma, failed to identify B. J. JAMES or B. R. JAMES and Texas Department of Public Safety was unable to identify same from available information. The letter reads as follows:

"December 12, 1963, Honorable JOHN CONNALLY, Governor, State of Texas, Austin, Texas.  
Dear Governor CONNALLY, LYNDON JOHNSON was desperate to be President of the United States and Major EDWIN A. WALKER is desperate to be Governor of the State of Texas. What were these men's chances to achieve their ambition with JOHN F. KENNEDY and JOHN CONNALLY alive --- So they began early in 1963 to plan the assassination of YOU and President KENNEDY. It was understood that Mr. JOHNSON would immediately take over the duties as President of the U.S. and be in a position to direct all investigations into the assassinations; as has been the case thus far. Following a closeout of investigations Mr. JOHNSON was to begin using his influence as President to aid Major WALKER's bid for Governor of Texas during the next election in Texas.

"Trace all LEADS - Major WALKER had his house fired into early in the year. Mr. JOHNSON had a private

33

On 12/27/63 at Austin, Texas File # SA 89-67  
SA 9-1090  
by SA H. T. BURK/mjb Date dictated 12/27/63

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interview filmed of himself in which he stated how happy he was as Vice President. At the same time it had been hinted that Mr. JOHNSON might be dropped from the Democratic ticket as President KENNEDY's running mate in 1964. Mr. JOHNSON remembered what happened to JACK GARTER and HENRY WALLACE. Hence they began the plans for the double assassination.

"You will note that Major WALKER has been a frequent visitor to New Orleans, the place where OSWALD has lived until it was announced that President KENNEDY was coming to Texas. (Who arranged this Texas trip for the President?) Who secured this job for OSWALD in this PARTICULAR building? Whose STATION wagon from Texas had transported OSWALD to and from New Orleans? Who arranged the parade in Dallas? Who designated this particular STREET at this PARTICULAR hour? Why was Mr. JOHNSON's car arranged so far from the President's car? Why the Governor, President and Vice President were not riding together in the same car and their wives in another. Why did Major WALKER leave town at the time of the President's visit? Why the Police of Dallas didn't offer you, the President and OSWALD any more protection than a BOY SCOUT PATROL of three boys with hand axes? Why was the LADY Judge so handy for swearing Mr. JOHNSON in as President? Pen her in for information. Why was she so well prepared to go on the plane? Whose Bible was used? Why nothing has been said about her since? Why Mr. JOHNSON didn't let Mr. HOOVER and the FBI complete the investigation? Why bring Justice WARREN into the picture? Mr. JOHNSON knows that Justice WARREN is not going into the South to gather information about President KENNEDY's assassination. Mr. JOHNSON knows that Judge WARREN is not well favored by the leading politicians of the South. Mr. JOHNSON knows that the people in authority in the South are not going to give Judge WARREN much information about the assassination of President KENNEDY.

"Why is Mr. JOHNSON shielding his girls with so much protection? (He is afraid someone will get information from them about the assassination).

SA 89-67  
9-1090

"You are still the number ONE man on the JOHNSON and WALKER LIST. If they are not exposed and brought to trial they will continue to carry through their plans.

"All these threats on Major WALKER and Mr. JOHNSON are prepared hoax to divert attention from their HIDEOUS crimes.

"Who had OSWALD's wife to lie about the April shooting into the WALKER home ??????

"Has there been an investigation of the LBJ Ranch to see if they were really prepared for the President and his party?

"Why some of the party didn't go to the ranch?

"It is understood that there was not to have been a Dallas parade. Who planned it? Why along this street where OSWALD had been working????

"What about the other workers of this building?

"RUBY was selected beforehand to carry out this mission---just in case. /s/ BRJ"

SA 89-67  
9-1090

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

The contents of the above letter were discussed with Assistant U. S. Attorney K. ~~KEY~~ HOFFMAN, JR., San Antonio, Texas on December 27, 1963, by SA DON R. ROSE, at which time Mr. HOFFMAN declined prosecution stating the contents of the letter did not constitute a violation of the extortion statute.

1

OC 89-41

DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA  
HOWARD C. BURGIN, Jr.:

At McAlester, Oklahoma

The following established sources were contacted  
January 2, 1964, in an attempt to identify and locate B. J.  
JAMES, without success:

DON K. MILLER, City Treasurer, Water Department

BARBARA CARROLL, Secretary, Arkansas-Louisiana  
Gas Company

Captain CHARLES LARUE, Salvation Army

FRANCES VOLOCK, Public Service Company of Oklahoma

LEON WILLIS, Manager, Credit Bureau of McAlester

ARVIL BARNES, Undersheriff, Pittsburg County.

On January 3, 1964, it was established through a  
confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in  
the past, the only JAMES who receives mail through General  
Delivery at McAlester, Oklahoma, was one RAY JAMES, who might  
be located through the McAlester Police Department as he had been  
arrested several times on charges of drunkenness.

On January 3, 1964, ROBERT OLIVER, Chief of Police,  
McAlester, Oklahoma, advised RAY JAMES has an arrest record  
and made available the file which contained the following  
information:

2  
OC 89-41  
DL 89-43

Joseph Ray James  
Ray James  
Name J. R. JAMES  
Race White  
Sex Male  
Date of birth September 25, 1905  
Place of birth McAlester, Oklahoma  
Weight 140 pounds  
Height 5'7"  
Hair Brown  
Eyes Grey  
Build Medium  
Complexion Dark  
Occupation Railroad worker  
Residence 407 1/2 S. A. 1950 - Spruce and Stonewall  
Streets, McAlester, Oklahoma  
Person to notify in emergency BESSIE JAMES, waitress, McAlester  
Mother ANNA SHORT, Krebs, Oklahoma

<u>Arrests</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Charge</u>	<u>Fines</u>
	11/4/50	Drunk	\$10
	3/2/57	Drunk	\$10
	5/28/58	Fighting	\$10
	5/28/58	Assault with a deadly weapon	\$10

On January 6, 1964, ROBERT OLIVER, Chief of Police, advised J. R. JAMES, whose full name is JOSEPH RAY JAMES, is presently residing with his mother at Krebs, Oklahoma. Mr. OLIVER advised he has handwriting samples by JAMES which would be made available if needed for identification purposes. JAMES, he said, is now retired, and frequents the many domino parlors in McAlester. He has been known to make some illegal whisky.



1  
PEW:vm  
DL 100-10461

CARL F. ZARTER, Administrative Assistant, United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, on January 6, 1964, advised IC LEONARD L. AYRES as follows:

ELDRIDGE S. PRICE was first committed to the United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, under No. 51622, on September 21, 1937, and conditionally released on September 2, 1938. PRICE was serving a 13 month sentence from the Northern District of Texas, Dallas, Texas, for "Customs Act - Evading Income Tax."

ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE was again committed to the United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, under No. 77362-L, on January 24, 1960, to serve a seven-year sentence from the Northern District of Georgia, Atlanta, imposed November 22, 1957, for "PO: Mail Fraud."

ZARTER advised that PRICE and the United States Penitentiary file pertaining to PRICE were transferred to the Federal Correctional Institution at Seagoville, Texas, on November 12, 1962.

SA 89-67  
9-1090/vm

On January 6, 1964, the records of the FBI Identification Division, Washington, D. C., indicate ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE, FBI No. 451137, was received at the Federal Penitentiary, Leavenworth, on January 24, 1960, to commence serving a seven year sentence. These records further indicate he was transferred to the Federal Correctional Institution, Seagoville, Texas, on November 13, 1962. Identification records do not indicate if PRICE is still incarcerated.

1  
PEW:vm  
DL 89-43

The following information was obtained from the files of the Dallas Office:

B. J. JAMES is one of the many aliases of ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE, FBI No. 451 137, who in January, 1960, was described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Born	7/4/1892 or 1894, at Johnson County, Georgia
Height	5'6"
Weight	194 pounds
Hair	White
Eyes	Hazel
Complexion	Ruddy
Characteristics	Wears mustache and glasses; well dressed

On November 22, 1957, PRICE was sentenced to seven years in the custody of the Attorney General by U. S. District Judge FRANK A. HOOPER in Georgia.

On January 22, 1960, PRICE was removed from the El Paso County Jail, El Paso, Texas, by the U. S. Marshal en route to the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas.

A review of the files did not reveal whether or not PRICE was in custody. PRICE is known from available information to have threatened people on several occasions.

Date 6/17/64

1

ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE was located at the Federal Correctional Institution, Seagoville, Texas. PRICE was advised by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN that he did not have to make any statement and that any statement he made could be used against him in a court of law. PRICE was advised he had the right to an attorney before making any statement and no threats or promises were made to PRICE. PRICE advised he was serving a sentence at the Federal Correctional Institution.

PRICE was asked if he had any information or had written a letter dated December 12, 1963, addressed to the Honorable JOHN CONNALLY, Governor of Texas, Austin, Texas, which was postmarked McAlester, Oklahoma, December 16, 1963. The letter was unsigned but had the initials "BRJ." PRICE denied sending the letter and denied any knowledge of who could have written the letter.

PRICE also advised he had never heard of JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD until the publicity regarding both was on radio, television and in the newspapers. PRICE also advised he had never written a letter by typewriter.

PRICE stated he was transferred to Seagoville on November 13, 1962, and his tentative release date is December 21, 1966.

The following description of PRICE was obtained by observation and interrogation:

Name:	ELDRIDGE SOLOMON PRICE
Sex:	Male
Race:	White
Nationality:	American
Birth data:	7/4/1894 / Johnson County, Georgia
Height:	5'7½"
Weight:	170 lbs.
Hair:	Light brown - graying

on 1/9/64 at Seagoville, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent & WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN & ARTHUR E. CARTER/eah Date dictated 6/17/64

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Eyes:  
Complexion:  
Build:  
Miscellaneous:

Blue  
Florid  
Stocky  
Wears half-shell and metal frame  
glasses; birthmark under right  
breast, size of hand

Former occupation:

Oil business, production and  
lease sales

Relatives:

Ex-wife - EDITH WYNN PRICE, un-  
known address, Oklahoma City;  
Daughter - Mrs. S. BOYD (LORRAINE)  
X JOHNSON, unknown address, Oklahoma City; PRICE  
Son - STERLING W. PRICE, employed  
by Western Cement Corporation,  
Enid, Oklahoma;  
Son - ALVIN A. PRICE, employed by  
Western Cement Corporation, Enid,  
Oklahoma

Date February 28, 1964

O. NEWT HUMPHREYS, JR., Chief, Internal Security Division, Texas Department of Public Safety, Austin, Texas, advised his department has been unable to develop any further information as to the identity of the person who prepared or sent the letter to Governor CONNALLY and signed it "BRJ."

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On 2/24/64 at Austin, Texas File # SA 89-67  
9-1090  
by SA H. T. BURK/mjb Date dictated 2/24/64

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Date 5/8/64

1

JOSEPH RAY JAMES, 407 1/2 South "A" Street, McAlester, Oklahoma, was advised by SA HENRY B. LOWREY that he had a right to an attorney before making any statement and any statement he might make could be used against him in a court of law. No threats or promises were made in an effort to get him to make a statement.

After being advised of the above JAMES stated he had never written any type of threatening letter to anyone; that this was his first information in regard to a threatening letter of any type being written to Governor CONNALLY of Texas. He said he had no knowledge of the letter, and, further he could offer no information which might be of value in identification of the person using the name of JAMES who did write the letter. He added he has only an eighth grade education; that he cannot use a typewriter; that he does not have access to a typewriter; that he has no close friends who own or operate a typewriter.

JAMES stated he is a retired railroad switchman, resides alone in the one room apartment at 407 1/2 South "A" Street in McAlester, Oklahoma, and has no close associates or relatives.

He stated his only interest in the assassination of President KENNEDY and the shooting of Governor CONNALLY was the same as of any law abiding citizen, that he listened to all news concerning the incident but at no time did he ever consider involving himself in any matter.

The following is the description of JAMES as obtained through interview and observation:

Name	JOSEPH RAY JAMES
Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of birth	September 25, 1905

On 5/5/64 at McAlester, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41

by SA HENRY B. LOWREY:vtm Date dictated 5/7/64

OC 89-41

2

Height  
Weight  
Build  
Hair  
Eyes  
Complexion  
Occupation  
Ex-wife

Mother

5' 7"  
140 pounds  
Medium  
Gray  
Brown  
Ruddy  
Retired railroad worker  
BESSIE JAMES,  
McAlester, Oklahoma  
ANNA SHORB,  
McAlester, Oklahoma

DL 89-43

Re: Information from JOHN A. McCLAIN That  
Former Vice President RICHARD M. NIXON  
Was Part of a Conspiracy to Assassinate  
President JOHN F. KENNEDY

1

DL 83-43

RPG/ds

On June 10, 1964, an individual identifying himself as J. A. MC CLAIN, 4606 Parry Avenue, Dallas, Texas, telephone Taylor 3-8740, telephonically advised IC JOE A. PEARCE that he had observed a photograph in the "Dallas Times-Herald" newspaper of November 21, 1963, depicting two men engaged in a conversation. This individual was very evasive when questioned as to further information about such picture and as to what the picture had reference. He merely commented, "You know what happened the next day," and requested that he be contacted by an FBI Agent.

Date 6/15/64

1

John A. McClain  
JOHN A. ~~McCLAIN~~, 4606 Parry Avenue, advised that he is 87 years of age and retired.

He said he spends most of his time watching television and reading various newspapers. McCLAIN exhibited the "Dallas Times Herald" final edition of November 21, 1963. He pointed out a picture on the front page, upper left-hand corner, of former Vice President RICHARD M. NIXON talking with DON KENDALL, President of Pepsi Cola Bottling Company. The picture was taken when NIXON was in Dallas on November 21, 1963, on a business trip for his law firm which represents the Pepsi Cola Bottling Company. The caption appearing under the picture is "Nixon Today....JFK Tomorrow."

McCLAIN said he never did trust the former Vice President particularly since he has made several trips to Europe and gone behind the Iron Curtain. He said in his opinion the "communists" were just seeing if they could trust NIXON. Further, McCLAIN stated NIXON must be "part of a conspiracy" which arranged the assassination of President KENNEDY and stated NIXON must have come to Dallas on November 21, 1963, to assure the "plan was ready to go." He said by the "plan" he meant the assassination of President KENNEDY.

McCLAIN advised he has no information to support his views and stated he arrived at the conclusion that NIXON must have been part of a conspiracy to assassinate KENNEDY by the articles he has read in the newspapers and by watching television.

McCLAIN stated he does not know and he has never had any contact with either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. He also stated that other than the above he had no information which might assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

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on 6/15/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 89-43by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:vmDate dictated 6/15/64

1

RE: WALTER McNEIL

Contained in an envelope, postmarked December 24, 1963, at 3:30 PM, at Panama City, Florida, bearing a rubber-stamped return address, "WALTER McNEIL, 1602 Wilmont, Panama City, Florida," was the following letter addressed to "JACK RUBY (dirty murderer of Lee OSWALD), Dallas Jail, Dallas, Texas:"

"I hope you get the electric chair for shooting Lee Oswald, the brave soul whom rid the world of a heinous brutal tyrant; namely, John F. Kennedy the late President of these supposeable U.S.A.

"Oswald's noble feat was a deed truly praiseworthy. But your's Ruby, was a craven act of sheer evil'. Thus, I hope very greatly that you burn ..... but I almost know that you will, either go free or only receive a very light sentence! You yellow dog!

"Sincerely  
"/s/ Walter McNeil"

The above letter bears a handwritten return address of "Walter McNeil, 1602 Wilmont Ave., St. Andrew Sta., Panama City, Fla." It bears the salutation Jack Ruby (murderer), Dallas Jail, Texas. It bears the additional salutation "Dear Nigger-Lover:"

P. H. H. 1701



JK 89-10

WHH-gaw

1

The following investigation was conducted  
by SA TULLIS D. EASTERLING:

On December 14, 1963, NANCY ENOCKS, <sup>11/</sup>  
Clerk, Panama City Credit Bureau, advised that her  
files contain no information concerning WALTER  
McNEIL.

On December 24, 1963, DUELL PITTS, Veteran <sup>7/12</sup>  
Detective of the Panama City Police Department, advised  
that WALTER McNEIL, who resides at 1602 Wilmont Avenue,  
Panama City, Florida, is well known to the Police  
Department and to him personally. He said that Mr.  
McNEIL is a white male, approximately 55 years of  
age, who is a recluse. He seldom ever leaves his  
home and makes his living apparently from a plumbing  
business operated by relatives next door to his  
home. He is a habitual letter writer and writes  
letters to newspaper editors on issues which come  
up of a controversial nature in the City, County,  
State, and Federal Government. His letters are  
always long, rambling, and often times without  
meaning. Most of the time newspapers and magazines  
refuse to print his letters but some have been printed  
in the local newspaper at Panama City in years past,  
but McNEIL is well known in the Panama City area and  
his influence is negative. McNEIL has never been  
known to resort to violence and contents himself with  
expressing his views by writing letters to news  
media. PITTS stated that he does not believe that  
McNEIL would resort to violence because he never  
gets away from home.

On December 10, 1963, E. G. McKAY, Postal  
Inspector in Charge, Post Office Department, Atlanta,  
Georgia, furnished a letter which that agency received  
from the "Atlantic Monthly," 8 Arlington Street,  
Boston, Massachusetts. The envelope was postmarked  
November 26, 1963, at Panama City, Florida, bearing  
a rubber stamp addressed WALTER McNEIL, 1602 Wilmont  
Panama City, Florida. The letter is as follows:

"Note! The following comments are my own personal feelings and beleifs! I am a poet!

"The Doom of a (or Tyrant) Tyrant!

By

Walter McNeil

"No person on Earth is more jubilant over the recent death of the former president of these imputed United States of America than I, for the simple reason that John Fitzgerald Kennedy, was in life a monstrous tyrant!

"He literally received not one whit more than he truly deserved.

"A marble monument ought to be erected in meritorious honor of Lee Oswald, the noble assassin of the president, in every city, community and hamlet throughout this nation.

"On that Friday afternoon as soon as I heard the report of someone having shot to death president Kennedy, I leaped for joy ecstatically elated with the heavenly knowledge that justice; true and certain, had struck down the chief executive; whom, along with his brother Robert, the attorney general, had fomented racial strife, injury and death in many American cities and municipalities.

"I laughed and laughed with the gratifying awareness of retribution having so-rightly prevailed over the heinous despot; whom by dictatorial command, ruthlessly employed army troops and federal marshalls to force many, many thousands of whites to mix with negroes which eventually always results in inter-marriage and interbreeding; both legitimately (supposedly) and illegimately of the latter!

"I rejoiced in the beautiful truth of good having overcome evil, so banefully embodied in the form and character of the late president while alive!

"For many days to dawn and pass, I shall continue to exult in the glorious thrill pervading my being, at the cognition of cruel oppressor, having really and truly departed from the ranks of the living, for the ultimate good of all deserving Americans; even though for a time, his death may touch off much injustice and persecution! But nevertheless, good predominated for one split instant when that rifle bullet shot by the valiant Lee Oswald, in Dallas, Texas, snuffed out the villainous life of John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

"Oh! Now I so truly admire the courage and nobility of Lee Oswald, shown by his gracious deed of stamping out a heartless and damnable existence; to wit, the life of president Kennedy himself!

"Although Oswald was slain soon after he shot the president (on Sun. following the Friday when Kennedy died) I do hope that some national publication will print this for the reason that I wish very much to obtain the address of his bereaved mother, in order to write her my condolences... my deepest heartfelt sympathy; and grant her my strong feelings of vast respect for her noble son, Lee Oswald, and his entire family.

"His honorable feat of virtuous magnitude stands almost unparalleled in the heroic annals of this country's existences.

"Walter McNeil"

JK 89-10

4

Postscript was attached as follows:

"EDITOR: As you see my penmanship is poor, But  
I nonetheless deserve Freedom of  
Expression!

"Sir, I hope you will publish my commentary  
enclosed! Accompanying!

"The comments are honestly and truthfully  
my own views beleifs and staunch convictions!

"If you dare not publish...Will you please  
inform me of whom to write for Lee Oswald's mother's  
home address?! Gratefully yours If published,  
please send copy! Walter McNeil."

OM 89-20  
DL 89-43  
CHD:fh  
1

RE: JACK HADNETT MILLER

Officer JOE BROYLES, El Paso, Texas, Police Department, furnished the El Paso Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation a letter he had received from one JACK H. MILLER who gave the return address of 1200 East Washington Street, Mount Pleasant, Iowa. This letter was furnished on January 14, 1964 and read as follows:

"Dear Joe,

"As a friend of mine I seek your help in 1960 I was in a Dallas Bar and I heard them talking about they were going to assassinate a man named Kennedy. I told my mother of this and she said I was crazy and put me in the state mental hospital. I have been given a thing called electric shock treatment and this is to make you forget they were also talking Communist talk. I tried to get to people and tell them about it and they say I'm crazy. Joe you & I went to school together. You were a very clean man and I tried to be outside of having a little fun. I was on a vacation & intended to go back to El Paso and work on my Masters degree but for some reason my mother came up to Iowa where I ran out of money. I had received a \$600<sup>00</sup> settlement for a crushed foot and left her \$400<sup>00</sup> of it she was to send it to me or a portion of it. If I am given shock treatment again I will forget what I saw in the Dallas Bar get this to FBI in El Paso. Please for gods sake. I know there is a certain Communist element in Dallas and we can all go to work and clean out the place if you do not hear from me again each week you will know they have given me some kind of Electric Shock treatment to tare up my mind so I can not remember about what I over heard in the Dallas nite clubs & remember the boys on the nite force who are such fine fellows

"Just remember some element is trying to keep me from remembering the faces of those dirty Communists in Dallas I found talking in the Dallas nite club that they were going to assassinate to president & I told my mother & she said I was crazy.

"Sincerely your friend

/s/ "Jack H. Miller

OM 89-20

DL 89-43

CHD:fh

2

"Get in touch with the FBI in El Paso Please Joe."

Officer JOE BROYLES stated that he became acquainted with MILLER at Texas Western College, El Paso, Texas, in about 1956, and last had contact with MILLER when MILLER passed through El Paso around 1962.

Dr. THOMAS W. MURPHY, Staff Psychiatrist, Mental Health Institute, Mount Pleasant, Iowa, advised SA FRANK J. CASPER on January 20, 1964, that JACK H. MILLER was admitted to the Institute on January 3, 1964 as a State Case on the recommendation of his mother who is a registered nurse. Dr. MURPHY said MILLER is a schizophrenic, paranoid type, which manifests itself in ideas of grandiosity and disconnected thought association. This condition is also exemplified by the fact that MILLER feels he is being persecuted by his mother.

Dr. MURPHY stated he has stopped three letters written by MILLER from being mailed. One was addressed to someone in Phoenix, Arizona, and the other two to El Paso. All three, according to Dr. MURPHY, dealt with an incident in a Dallas bar where MILLER got the impression some men were planning to assassinate President KENNEDY.



Date January 30, 1964

JACK HADNETT/MILLER, Inmate, Mental Health Institute, 1200 East Washington Street, advised that in the latter part of 1959, while he was in the United States Army at Fort Hood, Texas, he went on leave to Dallas, Texas. He stated he was interested in the 1960 Presidential campaign and favored JOHN F. KENNEDY and LYNDON B. JOHNSON. He wrote KENNEDY's name on a piece of paper and pinned it to his coat for lack of a campaign button. He entered a bar, name and address unrecalled, and drank a few beers. He walked over to a table where four men in their 30's were seated and engaged them in conversation concerning the upcoming election.

MILLER told them he was interested in "that young senator from New England" to become the new President and one or more of the four men answered him by stating "if he's that young bastard I think you mean, we'll kill him and you too." They then told him to get out of the bar.

MILLER continued and said that as soon as he left the bar he heard a shot and thought it might have been the four men trying to kill him. He ran behind a lamp post, but did not see anything out of the ordinary. He said he then walked down the street, encountered a man, and queried him about his knowledge of communists in the area of the bar.

MILLER then acquired a pair of sunglasses and a hat and went back to the same bar an hour later. This time he walked slowly past where the four men were sitting and heard them talking. He said he thought they used the word assassinate or assassination and felt they meant they were going to assassinate KENNEDY. MILLER said he had never seen the four men before or since that time. One of the men was wearing a suit, one a sport coat, one a sport shirt with his jacket over his chair, and the other was wearing a car coat. He never saw them standing up.

MILLER said he is originally from Dallas, Texas, but was born on November 19, 1934, in Hardy, Arkansas. He said he was honorably discharged from the Army in March, 1959. He said he is divorced from his wife, DOROTHY, who now lives somewhere in El Paso, Texas. His mother, BERTA MILLER, Muscatine, Iowa, has committed him to various mental institutions for his "nervousness." MILLER blames the shock treatments he has

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On 1/20/64 at Mount Pleasant, Iowa File # OM 89-20  
by SA FRANK J. CASPER:lab Date dictated 1/24/64

OM 89-20

received at the Mental Health Institute for his "memory loss" as to the name and place of the bar the above occurred. He said, however, he believes he could recognize the four men if he saw them again.

During the interview of MILLER it was very difficult to keep him on the subject. He was vague in answering specific questions and continually rambled on to other subjects. Each time he could not answer a question, he blamed the shock treatments for his not remembering.

MM 89-35  
FPG:ggr/ds

1

Re: Threat to Kill President  
KENNEDY by J. A. MILTEER,  
Miami, Florida  
November 9, 1963

On November 10, 1963, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past and in addition has furnished some information that could not be verified or corroborated, advised SA LEONARD C. PETERSON that J. A. MILTEER on November 9, 1963, at Miami, Florida, made a statement that plans were in the making to kill President JOHN F. KENNEDY at some future date; that MILTEER suggested one JACK BROWN of Chattanooga, Tennessee, as the man who could do the job and that he (MILTEER) would be willing to help. MILTEER reportedly said that he was familiar with Washington and that the job could be done from an office or hotel in the vicinity of the White House using a high-powered rifle.

U. S. Secret Service was advised of the foregoing information.

1.

Re: THREAT TO KILL PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
BY J. A. MILTEER, MIAMI, FLORIDA,  
NOVEMBER 9, 1963

On November 26, 1963, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past and in addition has furnished some information that could not be verified or corroborated, advised SA PETERSON as follows:

On November 23, 1963, J. A. MILTEER was in the Union Train Station, Jacksonville, Florida, and at about 4:25 p.m. on that date stated he was very jubilant over the death of President KENNEDY. MILTEER stated, "Everything ran true to form. I guess you thought I was kidding you when I said he would be killed from a window with a high-powered rifle." When questioned as to whether he was guessing when he originally made the threat regarding President KENNEDY, MILTEER is quoted as saying, "I don't do any guessing."

On the evening of November 23, 1963, MILTEER departed Jacksonville, Florida, by automobile en route to Columbia, South Carolina. During this trip, MILTEER stated that he had been in Houston, Ft. Worth, and Dallas, Texas, as well as New Orleans, Louisiana, Biloxi and Jackson, Mississippi, and Tuscaloosa, Alabama. MILTEER said he was acquainted with one R. E. DAVIS of Dallas, Texas, whom he described as a "good man," but did not indicate he was personally acquainted with DAVIS. MILTEER did not indicate on what dates he was in the above cities, except for Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

MILTEER related that he was in Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and contacted ROBERT SHELTON of the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (United Klans), on the evening prior to the bombing of the

MM 89-35

2.

16th Street Baptist Church, Birmingham, Alabama, which occurred on September 15, 1963. Regarding SHELTON, MILTEER said SHELTON was against violence and could not be depended upon.

A characterization of the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (United Klans), follows. Sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

MILTEER related that MARTIN LUTHER KING and Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY are now unimportant. He stated their next move would be against the "Big Jew" noting that there is a communist conspiracy by the Jews to overthrow the United States government.

MILTEER arrived in Columbia, South Carolina, about midnight and registered at the Wade Hampton Hotel, Columbia, South Carolina. On the morning of November 24, 1963, MILTEER advised that they did not have to worry about LEE HARVEY OSWALD getting caught because he "doesn't know anything" and that the "right wing" is in the clear. MILTEER further related that, "The patriots have outsmarted the communists and had infiltrated the communist group in order that they (communists) could carry out the plan without the right wingers becoming involved."

Later, on the morning of November 24, 1963, four individuals arrived at the Wade Hampton Hotel and conferred with MILTEER. These individuals included BELTON, MIMS and A. O. BOLEN, members of the Association of South Carolina Klans; JACK HENDRICKS described as a white male, 35, 5' 7", from Denmark, South Carolina, and WILL ULMER, from Orangeburg, South Carolina. ULMER was described as a white male, 35, 155 pounds, yellow complexion, large eyes.

*E Miller Nov*

A characterization of the Association of South Carolina Klans follows. Sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

After their arrival, MILTEER stated that there was no point in discussing President KENNEDY, and again stated, "We must now concentrate on the Jews." MILTEER advised that he was preparing a pamphlet which he wanted to disseminate throughout the country. Prior to concluding their discussion, information was received that JACK RUBY had killed LEE HARVEY OSWALD. In view of this, MILTEER said he would have to alter the information he was setting out in his pamphlet.

The source advised that based on his contact with MILTEER, he could not definitely state whether MILTEER was acquainted with either RUBY or OSWALD.



Re: Threat to Kill President KENNEDY  
by J. A. MILTEER, Miami, Florida,  
November 9, 1963

J. A. MILTEER is also known as JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER. He was born February 26, 1902, at Quitman, Georgia, and lives at Quitman and Valdosta, Georgia. He reportedly is a wealthy bachelor who inherited an estimated \$200,000 from his father. He is reported to have no family, no employment and to spend a great deal of time traveling throughout the Southeastern United States. He has been unsuccessful in city politics in Quitman and publishes a weekly pamphlet criticizing the operation of the Quitman City Government. MILTEER has associated himself with the Constitution Party of the United States and attended a convention of this party held at Indianapolis, Indiana, during October, 1963. He was reprimanded by this party for describing himself as being the party regional chairman for the Southeastern states. MILTEER reportedly became disillusioned with the Constitution Party of the United States and has attempted to form a party known as the Constitutional American Parties of the United States. MILTEER allegedly intends to use the Constitutional American Parties of the United States as a front to form a hard core underground for possible violence in combatting integration.

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DL 89-43

PEW/ds

The interview of JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER, as well as additional information regarding him, is contained on pages 24-26 of the report of Special Agent CHARLES S. HARDING, Atlanta, Georgia, dated December 1, 1963, in the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD; INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA".

**UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC.,**  
**KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (UNITED KLANS)**

Records of Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, show that this Klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute and United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The first source and a second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, The Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by Robert Shelton, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South with units in several southern states.

On August 14, 1961, the second source advised that the organization formerly known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., would be known in the future as United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The second source said the name was changed by a resolution adopted at the National Klonvocation held July 8, 1961, at Indian Springs, Georgia.

Second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, a majority of the Klaverns, of the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA KLAN  
MEMBERS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (ASCK)

A source advised on September 24, 1956, that the Association of South Carolina Klans (ASCK) was organized in the fall of 1955 and is patterned after the Association of Carolina Klans (ACK). This source said ASCK is a new organization and not a rebirth of ACK, although all high-ranking officials of ASCK had been members of ACK. The source stated announced purposes of this organization are to promote white supremacy and combat integration of the races; however, the use of violence is disavowed.

A second source advised on September 2, 1950, that ACK was composed of groups formerly members of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK) and although ACK severed all connections with AGK on November 14, 1949, the purposes and policies of the two organizations remained identical. AGK became defunct after conviction and imprisonment of its highest official and other members in 1952.

A third source advised on April 16, 1962, that ASCK continues to operate for the purpose of promoting white supremacy and combating integration by peaceful means by public speaking and propaganda.

This third source said that ASCK, using the name Majority Citizens League of South Carolina, published a monthly newspaper, "Southland Standard," from August through December, 1961, and dropped it due to lack of financial support.

ACK has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

DL 89-43

Re: NUMEROLOGY DATA FOUND ON ALTAR AT  
ST. SERAPHIM EASTERN ORTHODOX CHURCH,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, BY FATHER DMITRI ROYSTER

Date 5/1/64

1

Father DMITRI ROYSTER, Pastor, St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church, 4203 Newton, telephone No. LA 8-3741, was interviewed at his request. He advised he resides at 7210 Coronado Street, Dallas, Texas. He stated that on April 8, 1964, he found a 9 x 11 3/4 inch manila file folder in the center of the altar at St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church. He said it was placed on top of the Bible and had a crucifix resting on it. At the top of this folder appears some Greek writing which Father ROYSTER translated as "By: Savior Christ." The rest of this writing appearing on this folder is as follows:

"A 1			
B 2			
C 3	J - 10	F - 1	K - 11
D 4	O - 15	Initial Counts	E - 5
E 5	H - 8	As One Only	N - 14
F 6	N - <u>14</u>		N - 14
G 7	47		E - 5
H 8			D - 4
I 9	4 + 7 = 11th Month		Y - <u>25</u>
J 10	Month of Death		78
K 11			
L 12			
M 13			
N 14			
O 15			7 + 8 = 15
P 16			1 + 5 = 6
Q 17			+ F
R 18			
S 19			22nd Day
T 20			Day of death
U 21			
V 22			
W 23			
X 24			
Y 25			
Z 26			

	Born	
19	----->	17
		5th Mo (May)
		12th Hour (3PM)
	Year Scheduled to	29th Day
	die ----->	19 = 63"

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on 4/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
 by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER and  
EUGENE F. PETRAKIS:vm Date dictated 4/30/64



Father ROYSTER said this manila file folder had contained his sermon for the "3rd SUNDAY GREAT FAST" and he had removed it from the file cabinet in the church office on the Saturday preceding April 5, 1964. Father ROYSTER said he had placed this folder in a chair next to the altar on Tuesday, April 7, 1964.

He said he did not know the significance of the writing thereon but stated it was obviously prepared by someone who was familiar with numerology.

Father ROYSTER advised that no church member is permitted near the altar and he is the only one allowed to touch the altar and the things thereon.

Father ROYSTER stated he, GEORGE ALLMAN, a church worker, and WALTER HEWELL, the church treasurer, are the only three people who have keys to the church. Father ROYSTER said upon comparing the writing appearing on this manila file folder that it appears very similar to the writing of WALTER HEWELL. He also stated it appears HEWELL attempted to disguise his handwriting. He said he knows of no reason why HEWELL or anyone else would have done this.

Father ROYSTER also advised that Mrs. OLGA DAY HANNA is frequently around the church but doubts that she had anything to do with the manila folder since she suggested to him that he call the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Father ROYSTER advised he is acquainted with MARINA OSWALD, the widow of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He said he baptized the first OSWALD baby secretly one year before the assassination and baptized the second OSWALD child on April 9, 1964. He said he had no information that would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Date 5/1/641

Mrs. OLGA DAY HANNA, 4425 Edmundson, advised she has telephone No. Lakeside 1-3461. She said about a week ago Father DMITRI ROYSTER, Pastor, St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church, exhibited to her a manila file folder which by a series of numbers and letters showed the death of JOHN F. KENNEDY to be November 22, 1963.

Mrs. HANNA said that Father ROYSTER considered this to be some type of a joke but she felt it might be a threat to Father ROYSTER and suggested to him that he call the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Mrs. HANNA advised she did not recognize the writing appearing on this manila file folder and stated she would have no idea who might have done this.

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on 4/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER and  
EUGENE F. PETRAKIS:vm Date dictated 4/30/64

Date 5/1/641*George W. Allman*

GEORGE W. ALLMAN, 4200 Newton Street, Apartment 209, advised he is employed as an Accounting Clerk by James A. Lewis Engineering, 1700 Fidelity Union Tower Building, Dallas. ALLMAN advised he was born May 6, 1922, at Pineville, Missouri.

ALLMAN stated he is a member of St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church, 4203 Newton Street, has a key to the church, and is a general handy man at the church. ALLMAN advised he is well aware that Father ROYSTER had found a manila file folder on the altar at St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church sometime in early April, 1964. He said Father ROYSTER showed this folder to him and stated he did not want to "point the finger at anyone," stating the writing appears very similar to that of WALTER HEWELL, the church treasurer. He stated he knows of no reason why HEWELL or anyone else would have done such a thing.

ALLMAN voluntarily furnished samples of his handwriting.

on 4/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER and  
EUGENE F. PETRAKIS:vm Date dictated 4/30/64

Date 6/6/64

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WALTER R. HEWELL was advised of the identities of interviewing Agents as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He was advised he did not have to make any statement, and that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law. He was advised that he could consult an attorney prior to making any statement.

HEWELL stated he was born January 9, 1907, at Whitesboro, Texas. HEWELL advised he is a Certified Public Accountant and has his office in his residence at 6256 Richmond Street, Dallas, Texas. He said he is also Treasurer of St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church, 4203 Newton, Dallas, Texas.

HEWELL was exhibited a manila file folder bearing a series of letters and numbers which indicated the death of JOHN F. KENNEDY would be November 22, 1963. He was informed that this manila file folder was found by Father DMITRI ROYSTER, Pastor of St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church, on the center of the altar on April 8, 1964. After viewing this folder, HEWELL stated the writing thereon was not his and that this was the first time he had seen the folder. Further, HEWELL stated no one is permitted to touch the altar or anything thereon at St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church.

HEWELL stated one of his hobbies is that of numerology and exhibited a book entitled "Numerology for Everybody." The book was written by "Montrose" and published by Blue Ribbon Books, New York, New York, however, he advised he wanted to state emphatically that he did not prepare the numerology data appearing on the manila file folder found by Father ROYSTER.

HEWELL was questioned as to whether he had any possible suspects in connection with the numerology data on the manila file folder, and he advised that although he had no suspects the following may be possibilities:

REX BASIL WAGONER, North Texas State University, Denton, Texas;

JAMES LACKEY, North Texas State University, Denton, Texas;

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on 6/2/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 89-43by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER andEUGENE F. PETRAKIS:vmDate dictated 6/5/64

EVA BEREARY, 4517½ Swiss Avenue, Dallas, Texas;

OLGA DAY HANNA, address unknown, Dallas, Texas;

GEORGE ALLMAN, 4200 Newton Street, Dallas, Texas;

ABE SALIH, address unknown, Dallas, Texas;

JOHN CZUWALA, address unknown, Dallas, Texas.

HEWELL advised the above are all members of the St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church.

HEWELL stated he considered the assassination of President KENNEDY a national tragedy. He advised that on November 22, 1963, he spent the entire day at Fort Worth, Texas, leaving his residence at about 11:30 a.m. and arriving in Fort Worth shortly before noon. He said he spent the day at Bogart Sportswear Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, Fort Worth, Texas, which is an account of his. He advised he had lunch on November 22, 1963, a little before 1:00 p.m. with Mr. SEALS, Comptroller of Bogart Sportswear Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, and with Mr. and Mrs. BOGART, the owners of Bogart Sportswear Manufacturing Company, Incorporated.

HEWELL advised he does not know and has never had any contact with either JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated, however, that he saw MARINA OSWALD when she secretly had her first baby baptized in the Summer of 1962 at St. Seraphim Eastern Orthodox Church.

HEWELL voluntarily furnished samples of his handwriting. While in the process of furnishing samples of his handwriting, HEWELL inquired if anyone could "get into trouble for furnishing false information." He was advised of the provisions of Section 1001, Title 18, U. S. Code. He said he was not asking for himself because he absolutely did not prepare the numerology data appearing on the manila file folder found by Father ROYSTER. Further, he stated he was happy to furnish samples of his handwriting and happy to cooperate in any manner with the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

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DL 89-43  
RPG:eah

On June 18, 1964, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning a document examination requested by the Dallas Office on June 6, 1964:

"Specimens received 6-9-64

"Q584 One 9 by 11 3/4 inches manila file folder bearing handwritten and hand printed numerology data with two Greek words hand printed on top line

"K75 Three sheets of paper bearing known handwriting and hand printing of WALTER R. HEWELL

"K76 Three sheets of paper bearing known handwriting and hand printing of GEORGE W. ALLMAN

"Result of examination:

"It was concluded that Q584 was not prepared by GEORGE W. ALLMAN, K76.

"Due to the presence of certain writing characteristics on Q584 which could not be accounted for on the basis of the available known writings of WALTER R. HEWELL, K75, no conclusion could be reached whether he did or did not prepare Q584."

Q584 has been designated as FBI Exhibit D-222. K75 has been designated as FBI Exhibit D-223. K76 has been designated as FBI Exhibit D-224.



DL 89-43

Re: JACK OSWALD

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DL 89-43  
RPG/ds

On June 4, 1964, the following quoted letter addressed to the "federal bureau investigation, Dallas texas, concerns the assaination of president kennedy important" and bearing the return address "Jack Oswald, 127 S.W., broadway at ankeney, portland 5 oregon", postmarked June 3, 1964, at Portland, Oregon, was received by the Dallas Office of the FBI:

"read today that ruby may have an oppourtunity in a trial for insanety. should this be true the first actual event in that case enterd in court must be enterd fireing the rifle direct with the left hand in progress. And then fired with the right hand. in a rifle event in any circumstance the rifle is designated in the left hand or arm to event acualety off the rifle. And then fired with the right aim direct in a true possition. this is done two evidence exactness in the alphabet l is in the alphabet r is not.

"this concerns the assination of president kennedy

"take time in this case if neccessary you see and move from here am a veteran army gerial number 6559860

"yours truly  
"Jack Oswald  
"127 S.W. broadway at ankeney  
"portland 5 oregon"

Enclosed with the letter was a small piece of pink paper containing a circle approximately one inch in diameter in red pencil with the circle shaded with a lead pencil. Immediately under this circle design, written in ink, were the following words:

"true circumfrance with a true diameter in the assassination of president kennedy"

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DL 89-43

RPG/ds

On June 6, 1964, the following quoted letter, postmarked at Portland, Oregon, June 5, 1964, was received by the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The envelope containing this letter bore a return address of:

"Jack Oswald  
127 S.W. Broadway at Ankeny  
Portland 5, Oregon"

and was addressed as follows:

"secret service  
federal bureau \_\_ investigation  
united states army  
dallas, texas  
concerns the assassination of president kennedy  
important"

The letter is as follows:

"A true circumstance and diameter to avoid execution of the assassinations of president kennedy. in the case Jack Oswald was killed or murdered by a mad texan. the mad texan can be not executed and allowed life imprisonment. Jack E. Oswald assassinated president kennedy. in actual presentation Jack E. Oswald was killed or murdered after he assassinated president kennedy by a mad texan. Jack E. Oswald had the opportunity too appear in court and make a plea off insanity and was killed or murdered before the circumstances were available. therefore the mad texan can not be executed and can get life imprisonment. it is not my adjudication and am sanely entering facts. In occurred evidence which can be true in Oregon leland garner murdered or killed a girl going bean picking in St. Johns, portland, oregon, a patient in the mental

2

DL 89-43

"hospital at roseburg\_ oregon. in court doctor  
kinney a doctor phiscyscholoste testified  
although leland garner was court committed could  
have left at any time wheather he was court  
committed or not and got life imprisoment in  
the state penitanery\_ salem\_ oregon. i was a  
patient at the mental hcspital at roseburg\_ oregon\_  
left after i was discharged in my own occarde.  
later was court committed and attempted to leave  
before released by doctors\_ this was impossable\_  
apprehended on the premisases at the hospital and  
later released legaly.

"every individue has and must make true  
events. concerned in actulety Jack E\_ Oswald did  
not have the opporunity\_ unconcerned events must  
always coincide with insanety\_ in my own the mad  
texan can only get life imprisoment\_

"Yours truly  
Jack Oswald  
127 S.W. broadway at ankeny  
portland 5\_ oregon

"should i move from here my army and veterens  
serial number is 6559860\_

"a l p h a b e t  
6 6 5 9 8 6 0

"ARMY SERIAL  
NUMBER"

PD 89-21

WSB:djl

1

RE: JACK OSWALD

A review of the files of the Portland, Oregon Police Department by Mrs. CLARA SEXTON, clerk, Records Division, and of the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office, Portland, by Mrs. RUBY GUENGERICH, clerk, Identification, both on June 11, 1964, revealed the following FBI arrest record dated November 18, 1949, for JACK (no middle name or initial) OSWALD under FBI No. 2121241:

Contributor of Fingerprints	Name and Number	Arrested or Received	Charge	Disposition
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

In addition to the above, the files of the Records Section, Portland Police Department, according to Mrs. SEXTON, disclose the following arrests for JACK OSWALD, Portland Police Department No. 18849:

[REDACTED]

According to the police files, JACK OSWALD is a former mental patient of the Veterans Administration Hospital, Roseburg, Oregon, and on several occasions the police department has been requested to pick up OSWALD at the request of his mother, MARIE SCHAEFER, 3427 NE Rodney, and his sister, CATHERINE FIELDS, because of his mental condition. On several occasions, OSWALD himself has complained to the police department that unknown individuals have threatened his life and are going to "bump him off," complaints which have been proved to be false.

On July 12, 1963, JACK OSWALD was taken to St. Vincent Hospital by members of the police department after he was observed lying in the street in an unconscious condition and suffering from head injuries.

The police files and those of the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office contain the following descriptive data and background information concerning JACK OSWALD:



Vol. 1.  
Cole  
and

Investigation at 127 SW Broadway, Portland, Oregon, disclosed this to be the address of the Stewart Hotel, a small walk-up hotel at the edge of the skidrow section of Portland.

*Original*  
Mrs. W. M. CROTHERS, manager, Stewart Hotel, said on June 12, 1964, that JACK OSWALD had occupied a room in the hotel for approximately one and a half years and that she knew him to have been there continuously throughout that period. She said that OSWALD apparently has some sort of account at The Oregon Bank in Portland, since his monthly room rent is paid to her by that bank and in addition, she is aware of the fact that daily OSWALD pays a visit to the bank to obtain an allowance of three dollars. He is unemployed.

Mrs. CROTHERS volunteered the information that OSWALD's activities in the past several days have been somewhat uncertain since he "has been drinking."

1Date June 16, 1964

JACK OSWALD was located at the Stewart Hotel, Portland, Oregon. He readily admitted writing the two letters to the Dallas Office of the FBI, but had great difficulty in explaining the thought he was trying to convey. At the outset he stated that actually he knew nothing whatsoever about the assassination of President KENNEDY, but that after noting newspaper accounts of the assassination, he felt he should write his thoughts on the matter.

Actually OSWALD appeared more interested in the case of a local individual, a LELAND GARVER, who, he said, had been convicted of murder and sent to the mental hospital at Roseburg, Oregon. Nevertheless, he, GARVER, was free to leave at any time. OSWALD noted that by contrast, he himself also had been confined to the Roseburg mental hospital, but when he tried leaving as had GARVER, he was prevented from doing so. He said that actually he was legally released from the hospital about four years ago.

In answer to virtually all questions, OSWALD brought up this same story and the difference in treatment afforded to GARVER and to him. The best explanation that could be obtained from OSWALD for his letters was that he merely wanted to urge the authorities investigating the assassination to go slow and obtain all the facts, and if JACK RUBY is committed to a mental institution, to be sure that he is not free to leave anytime, as was GARVER.

OSWALD had difficulty in keeping separate the identities of JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD, sometimes apparently thinking that LEE HARVEY OSWALD instead of RUBY is being held. He also sometimes referred to OSWALD by his own name, JACK OSWALD.

OSWALD volunteered the information that The Oregon Bank in Portland had been appointed his guardian by the Veterans Administration. He was not sure what kind of account he had at the bank, but knew that he received three dollars a day.

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On 6/15/64 at Portland, Oregon File # Portland 89-21

by SAs WILLIAM S. BROWN and JULIUS A. BERNARD/djl Date dictated 6/16/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DL 89-43

RE: PAUL J. PAROBK

1

CG 44-645

DWS/rms

On May 18, 1964, EDWARD V. HANRAHAN, United States Attorney, Northern District of Illinois, Chicago, Illinois, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI that he was in receipt of a letter dated May 11, 1964, from one PAUL J. PAROBK. This letter is set forth as follows:

"Foreman  
Federal Grand Jury  
U.S. Court House  
Chicago Ill

"May 11, 1964  
3471 W 127 st  
Cleveland 11, Ohio  
44111

"Dear Sir:

"I write you in effort to have a Federal Grand Jury Investigation on a conspiracy charge. If this action had been taken the Past President would still be alive. (Urgent.

"Sincerely Yours

"/s/ Paul J. Parobek

"Please send answer on your own form and signature."

PAUL J. PAROBK, 3471 West 127th Street, advised that he wrote to the Foreman of the Federal Grand Jury in Chicago, Illinois, because he felt that the Warren Commission was not conducting a sufficient investigation into the "conspiracy" that resulted in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, and their findings will be colored to suit politicians.

He said that the "conspiracy" is composed of individuals who are unknown to him, and they work through a system of communications known as "conditional reflex". These individuals, he believes, are communists and they communicate with him by turning on a light in the garage of a neighbor who lives two doors away from his residence. When this light is turned on, he knows that something is going to happen to either him or to some prominent person. Just prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, he stated that this light was on and when the President died the light went out.

PAROBK stated that he had worked at the Lewis Research Center from 1947 until June 15, 1953, as an electronic instrument maker in the Flight Research Section. He was discharged from the Lewis Research Center because they claimed that he was a security risk and endangered both the people at the Center and Government property.

While at the Center, he said that he had reported by letter to Senator BENDER, now deceased, that the money being spent on research at the Center was not being used to accomplish the purpose for which it was intended. He stated a copy of this letter also went to Senator JOHNSON, who was then the President of the Senate and also to SAM RAYBURN who was Chairman of the House of Representatives. He claimed that as a result of this the Senate allocated \$100,000 for an investigation of the affairs of the Lewis Research Center. PAROBK could not furnish a definite date as to when this investigation occurred.

He also stated that he had written letters to Presidents EISENHOWER and JOHNSON and to various senators about the loss of his job and conditions at the Lewis Research Center.

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On 6/3/64 at Cleveland, Ohio File # Cleveland 62-1848  
by SAs JOHN W. FOSTER and GROVER C. TWINER:ktk Date dictated 6/9/64



(2)

CV 26-1848

PAROBK further claimed employment with the United States Coast Guard at Cleveland from September 9, 1955 to March of 1956 and from December 22, 1958 to June, 1959, the latter period being after he had served in the United States Air Force from March, 1956 until December, 1958. From November, 1959, to February, 1962, he worked for "DFI", a private concern.

PAROBK stated that while he was employed at "DFI", he had been treated at the Cleveland Psychiatric Institute, Cleveland, Ohio, and was admitted as a patient in April, 1961, and remained there until June, 1961, when he was discharged. Subsequent to February, 1962, he traveled on the West Coast and in the Northwest in an effort to find employment; however, during this entire period, he claimed that he was constantly followed, pointed out and ridiculed.

PAROBK could furnish no other explanation as to why he had written to the Foreman of the Federal Grand Jury at Chicago, other than that given above.

PAROBK stated that he has a sister, HELEN PAROBK who is employed as an accountant for NASA at the Lewis Research Center, and he also has a brother who is employed by the United States Air Force at Dayton, Ohio, at the Dayton Research Center, but did not know in what capacity.

PAROBK described as follows:

Name:	PAUL J. PAROBK
Age:	45
Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Height:	6'1"
Weight:	190 pounds
Eyes:	Blue
Hair:	Light brown, receding
Build:	Medium
Complexion:	Fair
Marital Status:	Single

*Index - 2471 West 127th Street, Cleveland, Ohio*

(3)

CV 62-1848

Relatives:

Residence:

*No 1-*  
Mother - HELEN *Robert*  
Sister - HELEN  
Brother - Name not given  
3471 West 127th Street  
Cleveland, Ohio

Date June 9, 1964

(1)

Miss THERESA DYKES, Medical Record Librarian, Cleveland Psychiatric Institute, 1708 Aiken Avenue, advised that the records of this institute indicate that PAUL J. PAROBK was received on May 8, 1961, and stayed until June 23, 1961, when he went home of his own accord. He was finally discharged on August 13, 1962.

Miss DYKES said she was not at liberty to disclose the condition for which PAROBK was being treated or if he had been completely cured of the condition for which he was admitted.

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On 6/4/64 at Cleveland, Ohio File # Cleveland 62-1848  
by SA GROVER C. TWINER:ktk Date dictated 6/9/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DL 83-43

Re: PHILIP H. PARTRIDGE

ROP/mkm  
(1)

At Akron, Ohio

The following investigation was conducted by  
SAs JACK EVANS MEHL and RICHARD G. PETERSON on June 8, 1964.

Mr. PHILIP H. PARTRIDGE, 677 Schiller Avenue, Akron, Ohio, was interviewed per his specific request at the Western Union Office, 191 South Main Street, Akron, Ohio. He stated he has information regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY, however, he will only furnish this information directly to the Warren Commission and nobody else. He requested the interviewing agents arrange protection for him in addition to arranging his transportation to Washington, D. C. He stated he tried to telephone the Warren Commission the morning of June 8, 1964, from a public pay station in Akron but the call was interrupted by "them." He said since "they" are now aware of the fact he is trying to inform on "them" he is sure "they" will try to kill him. He also stated he has been involved in "espionage" for the last 11 years. When asked who "they" are PARTRIDGE only answered "who knows." He refused several times to furnish his information to the interviewing agents. Mr. PARTRIDGE was specifically advised to contact the Akron Police Department if he felt his life was in danger.

Major CARROLL CUTRIGHT, Detective Bureau, Akron Police Department, was advised of PARTRIDGE's statement that he felt his life was in danger. The Detectives assigned to interview PARTRIDGE were unable to locate him at the Western Union Office. Major CUTRIGHT subsequently advised on June 8, 1964, that he located PARTRIDGE at his home where he had been taken by his son. Major CUTRIGHT advised that Mr. PARTRIDGE was resting at his home and that he did not plan to interview him on June 8, 1964.

Major CUTRIGHT advised he also determined that PARTRIDGE is currently employed by the City Water Department, Akron, Ohio. In checking with the head of the Water Department, Mr. WILLIAM WASSICK, Major CUTRIGHT determined

RGP/mkm  
(2)

that WASSICK feels PARTRIDGE is a mental case and suffers from a persecution complex. He has been complaining to WASSICK that he feels someone is trying to kill him by poisoning his drinking water at the office and also at his home. Major CUTRIGHT advised he also verified that PARTRIDGE's wife is a nurse who is also employed by the City of Akron and is currently attending a health conference in Columbus, Ohio. He said Mrs. PARTRIDGE was contacted telephonically by Mr. WASSICK and Mrs. PARTRIDGE advised that she would immediately depart for Akron and handle this matter.

Major CUTRIGHT also furnished PARTRIDGE's FBI Identification Record under FBI No. 663694B. This record shows he was fingerprinted April 29, 1963, by the Civil Service Commission in Akron, Ohio, at the time he commenced his employment with the city. This record shows he was arrested July 6, 1954, at Hillsboro, Ohio, for the crime of arson and was sentenced to one - fifteen years but only served ten months of that sentence. His date of birth was listed as March 29, 1911, 6'3" tall and weighs 195 pounds.

Prior to April 29, 1963, PARTRIDGE held the following employments according to Mr. WASSICK:

1943	Packaging Engineer Wright-Patterson Air Force Base Dayton, Ohio
1948	Assistant County Engineer Wilmington, Ohio
1950-1954	County Engineer Hillsboro, Ohio
1962	New Mexico Department of Highways

Major CUTRIGHT advised that as of the afternoon of June 8, 1964, Mr. PARTRIDGE was at his home in care of his son. Major CUTRIGHT advised he will immediately notify the



CV 62-1848

RGP/mkm;ds

(3)

Cleveland Office of the FBI in the event anything additional comes to his attention concerning Mr. PARTRIDGE's activities.

In addition to the above, at the outset of the contact Mr. PARTRIDGE furnished the following information:

PARTRIDGE claimed that the morning of June 8, 1964, he sent the following telegram to President LYNDON B. JOHNSON and to Chief Justice EARL WARREN of the United States Supreme Court. PARTRIDGE stated this telegram read as follows:

"I have evidence on the assassination of President KENNEDY. Long distance phone call interfered with. Need protection at once. I am at Western Union, 191 South Main Street."

The telegram was signed PHILIP PARTRIDGE, 677 Schiller Avenue.

CI 62-2758

TPS:clh;ds

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The following investigation was conducted by SA  
ROBERT J. BARADA at Hillsboro, Ohio:

On March 23, 1959, Chief of Police WILLIAM WOOLARD, Hillsboro, Ohio, Police Department, advised files of that department show PHILIP H. PARTRIDGE was arrested by this department on July 6, 1954. At time of arrest PARTRIDGE was described as 43 years of age, white male American, employed as an Engineer. The record shows PARTRIDGE was arrested on a charge of arson - forcible entry, Lincoln School, Hillsboro, Ohio.

Chief WOOLARD advised he was well acquainted with PARTRIDGE at the time of his arrest for burning the Lincoln School at Hillsboro, Ohio. WOOLARD stated that PARTRIDGE was then employed as a County Engineer at Highland County, Ohio. WOOLARD stated that the Lincoln School was a school attended exclusively by Negroes. He stated that PARTRIDGE, a Caucasian, was over zealous about equality for Negroes and was very upset about the fact that a new school was being built for Caucasians at Hillsboro, Ohio, and no new school was being built for the Negroes. WOOLARD stated PARTRIDGE set fire to the Lincoln School with the idea that when the school was burned down the Negro students would attend the new school built for Caucasians. WOOLARD stated that PARTRIDGE set fire to the Lincoln School on a weekend night to preclude the possibility of anyone being injured. On the following morning PARTRIDGE appeared at the Hillsboro Police Department and confessed that he was the one who set fire to the Lincoln School.

Chief WOOLARD stated he is of the opinion PARTRIDGE is a very mild mannered individual who would not attempt to harm anyone but he was obsessed with the idea that Negroes in the Hillsboro, Ohio, area were getting a "raw" deal so he decided to burn down the old Negro school.

Mrs. ~~RUBY~~ MC LAUGHLIN, Deputy Clerk, Highland County Clerk of Courts, Hillsboro, Ohio, advised records of this court show that on October 12, 1954, PHILIP H. PARTRIDGE was found guilty of setting fire to the Lincoln School building, property of the Board of Education. PARTRIDGE was found guilty on one count of burning the school and on one count of forced entry or burglary. The Highland County Court sentenced PARTRIDGE to 1 to 10 years on the first count and 1 to 10 years on the second count, sentences to run concurrently.

It was noted that the records of the Highland County Clerk of Courts contained a letter dated August 11, 1954, from R. E. ~~BUSCHONG~~, Lima State Hospital, Lima, Ohio. This letter indicated PARTRIDGE had been examined at the Lima State Hospital prior to his trial and that the findings of the hospital were he was an individual of superior general intelligence, always sympathetic to the underdog. The opinion of the hospital was that PARTRIDGE was competent and legally sane.

On April 29, 1960, Mr. ~~RUSSELL L.~~ PARKER, employed by the Ohio State Highway Department, District #9, Chillicothe, Ohio, advised a Special Agent of the FBI that his duties require his presence on occasions at the County Engineers' Office at Hillsboro, Ohio. He stated that some time ago he visited this office and heard ~~CLAUDE~~ WEST, Highland County Engineer, and D. K. ~~ROUSH~~, Assistant Engineer, Highland County, say that a Highland County engineer named PARTRIDGE is a communist.

On June 7, 1960, ~~CLAUDE W.~~ WEST, Highland County Engineer, Hillsboro, Ohio, advised SA ROBERT J. BARADA that he could furnish no specific information to indicate that PHILIP PARTRIDGE was a communist.

WEST stated he thought PARTRIDGE might possibly be a communist because PARTRIDGE is very radical in his thinking. WEST said that by radical he meant that PARTRIDGE set fire to a Negro school in Hillsboro, Ohio, because he felt that Negroes should attend the same school as Caucasians. WEST stated PARTRIDGE served a year sentence in jail for burning the Negro school and then returned to live in the Hillsboro area.

Mr. D. K. ROUSH, Assistant Engineer, Highland County, Hillsboro, Ohio, advised SA BARADA on June 7, 1960, that he did not know much about PHILIP PARTRIDGE and could furnish no information to indicate PARTRIDGE was a communist.

On May 24, 1960, Deputy Sheriff FRANK PRICE, Hillsboro County Sheriff's Office, Hillsboro, Ohio, advised he was acquainted with PHILIP PARTRIDGE, who was formerly employed as an engineer by Highland County. PRICE stated that during 1954 PARTRIDGE set fire to a Negro school in Hillsboro, Ohio, because he wanted the Negro students to be able to attend the school for the white students. Deputy Sheriff PRICE said he believed PARTRIDGE was a loyal American citizen but that PARTRIDGE was disliked in Hillsboro because he was constantly advocating equality for Negroes to the point of stirring the Negro population to discontent. Deputy PRICE advised he has never heard any information indicating PARTRIDGE to be a communist.

DN 89- 41

JCH/rrf

1

BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION REGARDING JOHN JOSEPH REUTER

This portion of the investigation was predicated upon the following information furnished by Officer LEE FRANCIS LARSEN, Police Department, Cheyenne, Wyoming, on May 25, 1964.

Date May 26, 1964

1

Officer LEE FRANCIS LARSEN, Cheyenne, Wyoming, Police Department, advised as follows:

On May 22, 1964, a call was received by the Cheyenne, Wyoming, Police Department from the Salvation Army in Cheyenne, reporting that one JOHN JOSEPH REUTER was drunk and causing a disturbance at the Salvation Army.

Officers LARSEN and ROBERT WILLIAMS arrested REUTER on the street near the Salvation Army, at approximately 6:22 p.m. that date. REUTER was very drunk, staggering and resisted arrest. It was necessary to use restraining devices to keep REUTER under control and take him to the police station. *WJ*

While riding in the police car to the police station, REUTER stated, "I killed KENNEDY. They got the wrong man. OSWALD had nothing to do with it, and OSWALD was just a punk. You guys think I am nuts but I know just exactly where I was and exactly what happened at the time," apparently referring to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

At the booking desk, Officers LARSEN and WILLIAMS were present when REUTER made the additional statement that he "could have got JOHNSON and the one I am after now is GOLDWATER." Officers JERRY MANNERS, EDWARD HALLBERG and JAMES BACUS were also believed to have been present when REUTER made these statements at the booking desk. *WJ*

REUTER was so drunk and belligerent at the time he made these statements that Officer LARSEN felt he should wait until he had had time to "sober up" to question him further concerning these statements.

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On 5/25/64 at Cheyenne, Wyoming File # DN 62-1925

by SA JESSE C. HORNBACK/rrf Date dictated 5/26/64



62-1925

2

REUTER also made a statement while at the booking desk to the effect that he wanted to be deported to Russia, wanted to "go Federal" and would admit anything.

LARSEN was of the opinion that the remarks made by REUTER were those of a "crazy drunk" or a mental case.

At 4:00 p.m. on May 25, 1964, REUTER appeared in Police Court in Cheyenne on charges of drunk, vagrancy and resisting arrest. He was fined \$100 on the resisting arrest charge. He paid \$75 of this fine, which money he had received by Western Union Money Order number NK71949 on May 25, 1964, from his sister, Mrs. SOLOMON DAVID, Wellfleet, Massachusetts. The Court ordered that he commence serving time in the City Jail for the remaining \$25 fine.

Box 1.1

11/15/64 (1/10) X Porter

1

Date May 26, 1964

JOHN JOSEPH REUTER was interviewed at the Cheyenne, Wyoming, Police Department, inasmuch as he had indicated to Officer LEE FRANCIS LARSEN that he wanted to "go Federal", in an effort to determine any pertinent information and background concerning REUTER and his possible criminal activities. REUTER was advised that prior to making any statement he had the right to consult an attorney. He was advised that he did not have to make any statement and that any statement made by him could be used against him in a court of law. No threats or promises were made to him to obtain a statement.

REUTER advised that he is, in his opinion, an "itinerant bum" and that he has not held a steady job since September, 1963.

REUTER said that when he was arrested by officers of the Cheyenne Police Department on May 22, 1964, he was apparently "crazy drunk." He said that on May 24, 1964, while being fingerprinted and photographed by Officer JERRY MANNERS, MANNERS had informed him that he had made statements to the effect that he had killed President KENNEDY, that he could have gotten President JOHNSON and intended to get GOLDWATER. He said he does not recall making any of these statements and that he has certainly never had any such ideas to run through his mind when he was sober.

He said that when he is drinking he often says and does things which he cannot later remember and does not know why he makes such remarks because he does not mean them, but that this is apparently his way of getting back at people when he is drunk and gets the impression that he is being pushed around. He said that when he is drunk he has been told that he even hates his best friend.

REUTER advised that communism is the lowest type of belief in his opinion and he feels that anyone

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On 5/25/64 at Cheyenne, Wyoming File # DN 62-1925

by SA JESSE C. HORNBACK/rrf Date dictated 5/26/64

who would believe in such doctrines is stupid. REUTER said he has never felt any sort of hatred toward the President of the United States or Senator BARRY GOLDWATER. *DC H. 12*

He said that the only thing that he can think of as to the reason why he may have made the above statements is that he was drinking in a bar in Cheyenne just prior to his arrest, where he became very drunk and that he may have overheard conversation concerning politics, which may have prompted his "drunken mind" to build up such thoughts.

REUTER advised that on November 22, 1963, the date on which President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated at Dallas, Texas, he, REUTER, was working on Watson Island at Miami, Florida, for the Goodyear Company under the supervision of Captain NEALEY (a civilian, first name unrecalled), Pilot in Charge, and Crew Chief JOE NICK. He said his duties were handling lines to blimps.

The following background and descriptive data were obtained at the time of interview through personal observation and interrogation:

Name	JOHN JOSEPH <del>REUTER</del>	<i>Cole</i>
Race	White	
Sex	Male	<i>Il. 1</i>
Born	September 5, 1928	<i>Fl.</i>
	St. Louis, Missouri	<i>W. 1</i>
Height	6'2"	
Weight	175 pounds	
Hair	Dark brown	
Eyes	Blue, wears horn-rimmed glasses	<i>Il. 1</i>
Complexion	Medium to dark	
Scars and marks	one-inch scar, center of forehead; tattoo of a pair of dice and name JOHN on left forearm	
Marital status	single	
Build	Medium	

DN 62-1925

3

Occupation

Track driver; laborer  
(often contacts state  
employment offices to  
obtain work)

Relatives

*Mrs.*  
Father, CHARLES EUGENE  
REITER, SR., (Deceased at  
Denver, Colorado,  
September 13, 1950)

*Mic.*  
Mother, Mrs. IDA REITER,  
nee MOELLER, and Sister,  
Mrs. SOLOMON (LEE) DAVID,  
both residing at Box 121,  
Wellfleet, Massachusetts

Brother, CHARLES EUGENE  
REITER, JR., employed by  
the Southern Bell Telephone  
Company, St. Louis, Missouri,  
home address unknown

Cousin, Mrs. JUNE HALL, nee  
BROWN, 7821 Ledore, Denver,  
Colorado

Social Security

Number

492-20-0355

Selective Service

Registered with Local  
Board at Denver, Colorado  
Westergard Transfer and  
Storage Company, Mayflower  
Agent, Idaho Falls, Idaho,  
November, 1962, to  
September, 1963.

Previous employments

Goodyear Company, Miami,  
Florida, from about  
November 1, 1963, until  
January 7, 1964

CV 62-1848  
RGP/hs  
(1)

AT AKRON, OHIO

The following investigation was conducted by SA RICHARD G. PETERSON:

On June 9, 1964, Mr. R. W. ~~CROSIER~~<sup>Ch</sup>, Lighter Than Air Coordinator, Goodyear Aerospace, Akron, advised that JOHN JOSEPH REUTER was never on the actual payroll of Goodyear Aerospace, but was carried on what is called the Field Wage Payroll. He explained the only days REUTER worked were the days the company was scheduled to fly their aircraft. On those specific days REUTER would show up and work for as long as he was needed. Mr. CROSIER said his status could best be described as being comparable to a caddy at a golf course.

Mr. CROSIER pointed out his pay records show REUTER worked the following hours on the days noted below:

11/21/63 Commenced work 1:00 PM and worked continuously for 5½ hours  
11/22/63 Commenced work 1:00 PM and quit at 5:00 PM  
11/23/63 Commenced work 9:00 AM and worked continuously for 8 hours

Mr. CROSIER stated that due to REUTER's status, the company has no background information concerning him.

DL 89-43

Re: JERRY DALE ROGERS



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DL 89-43

RPG/ds

On June 8, 1964, FORREST V. SORRELS, Agent in Charge, U. S. Secret Service, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING that he had received information that on May 26, 1964, JERRY DALE ROGERS, a white male, born June 15, 1946, at Texarkana, Texas, 6'1", 175 pounds, brown hair and blue eyes, was being held by the Odessa, Texas, Police Department for the Dallas Police Department, who wanted ROGERS for car theft out of Dallas.

Mr. SORRELS stated that it was his understanding that ROGERS was also AWOL from Fort Riley, Kansas, and that at the time of his arrest at Odessa, Texas, he had a photograph from a Dallas newspaper depicting the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mr. SORRELS stated that he had learned that ROGERS had stated, while in custody at Odessa, Texas, that he was in Dallas on the date of the assassination of President KENNEDY, November 22, 1963, and was riding a motorcycle less than a block away from the scene of the assassination. Mr. SORRELS stated that ROGERS had indicated that the traffic, due to the motorcade, had slowed him down on his motorcycle and that he became aggravated as a result of this, and, as he raced the motor on the motorcycle, it backfired and that this backfire occurred at the precise moment that the shots were fired in the assassination.

Mr. SORRELS advised that ROGERS had stated that the U. S. Secret Service or FBI had been looking for the person on the motorcycle that had backfired at the time of the assassination.

Mr. SORRELS stated that to his knowledge he knew of no efforts being made by the U. S. Secret Service to locate anyone who had caused a motorcycle to backfire at the precise time the assassination shots were fired. Mr. SORRELS stated it

2

DL 89-43

was his understanding that JERRY DALE ROGERS was being returned to Dallas shortly after May 26, 1964, and that his current whereabouts was unknown to him.

*Tex.*  
On June 12, 1964, JUDY <sup>X-</sup>HAHN, Clerk, Record Bureau, Dallas Police Department, searched the records of the Dallas Police Department and advised that JERRY DALE ROGERS, born June 15, 1946, had the following arrest record:

March 7, 1960, arrested and charged with Investigation, Juvenile Delinquency (auto theft). He was released to his parents.

No exact date shown, 1961, arrested and charged with Investigation, Juvenile Delinquency (auto theft). He was released to his parents.

November 25, 1963, and on May 28, 1964, he was issued traffic citations. Disposition not shown.

May 28, 1964, he was arrested by the Odessa Police Department, Odessa, Texas, and charged with Armed Robbery.

Miss HAHN advised ROGERS is presently incarcerated in the Dallas County Jail awaiting trial.

It is to be noted that on June 8, 1964, FORREST V. SORRELS, Agent in Charge, United States Secret Service, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING that he had received information that on May 26, 1964, JERRY DALE ROGERS was being held by the Odessa, Texas Police Department for the Dallas Police Department.

Date 6/18/64

1

JERRY DALE ROGERS was interviewed at the Dallas County Jail and he stated he was being held there on a charge of robbery and theft over \$50. He said he was arrested on May 26, 1964, at Odessa, Texas, on this charge. ROGERS also stated he went AWOL from the Army at Fort Riley, Kansas, on May 2, 1964.

ROGERS stated he was born June 15, 1946, at Texarkana, Arkansas; is married to LOU ROGERS, nee Sloan, and has a home address of Route 1, 290-A, Seagoville, Texas.

*Jerry D. Rogers*

ROGERS advised that at the time of his arrest by the Odessa Police Department he had a photograph in his wallet from a Dallas newspaper depicting the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by JACK RUBY. ROGERS said this really had no significance other than the fact he had been questioned by some of his fellow soldiers at Fort Riley, Kansas, concerning the shooting of OSWALD by RUBY. He said he happened to have this in his wallet since he had found a Dallas newspaper at Fort Riley, Kansas, and, since they were rare, he cut out the photograph and used this in discussions with his fellow soldiers.

ROGERS advised that on November 22, 1963, around 12:10 p.m., he was returning home on his 1957 Harley-Davidson "74" motorcycle via Houston Street. He stated he was proceeding north on Houston Street and at the intersection of Main and Houston Streets, traffic was held up since the Presidential motorcade was scheduled to go by this point. ROGERS advised before the motorcade arrived, as it was passing, and after it passed, he raced the motor on his motorcycle a number of times which caused it to backfire. He described his motorcycle as the largest motorcycle made by Harley-Davidson and stated the exhaust pipes on his motorcycle come straight out of the exhaust manifold and the motor when running is exceptionally loud. ROGERS advised he likes the noise his motorcycle makes and likes to race the motor when stopped. He said most motorcycle riders will do this and he said he did it when the Presidential motorcade went by and the only reason given by him was that he was "just raising a little hell."

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on 6/15/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 89-43by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:vmDate dictated 6/17/64

ROGERS stated he got a glimpse of President KENNEDY as the Presidential motorcade passed but did not hear the shooting which followed because his motorcycle was making so much noise. He said from his position he was able to observe the Texas School Book Depository building and that general area but did not see anything that would arouse his suspicion.

Shortly after the motorcade passed, ROGERS said that on the direction of a police officer he proceeded to the corner of Houston and Elm where traffic had stopped. He said it was at this point that someone in a car who was listening to the radio informed him that President KENNEDY had been shot. ROGERS said he did not believe what he had heard until it was repeated by some other bystander. He said within moments a number of police cars appeared in the area and he was directed by a police officer to "move on." ROGERS said he did and proceeded to his home at 110 N. Llewellyn Street, Dallas, Texas, which was his home at that time.

ROGERS said he did not know nor did he ever have any contact with either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. He stated he had no information which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

SA 89-67  
DL 89-43

RE: GROVER H. RYLEE



1.

Date June 22, 1964

*Temple, Texas*  
Mrs. EDWARD PACE, 1303 North Fifth Street, advised that she and her husband operate Pace's Funeral Home located at 118 North Fifth Street, in that city.

She related that on the afternoon of June 5, 1964, an elderly man who gave his name as G. RYLEE came to her place of business and wanted to borrow \$350.00 at which time he claimed that he had a residual payment due him from the Railway Retirement Board in the amount of \$8,300. He indicated to Mrs. PACE that he desired to enter into a contract with her for his funeral and related that upon his death the \$8,300 would be payable to her funeral home. He claimed that he had no relatives or friends and that he had been confined in both the Veterans Administration Hospitals in Marlin and Temple.

Mrs. PACE stated that this man claimed that he was the author of a book entitled, "Deep Dark River." In addition, he claimed that he had written a story concerning the assassination of LINCOLN. In addition, he claimed that he had prepared a manuscript on the life of JOHN GLENN but that this manuscript was lost during a airline crash on the west coast. Mrs. PACE stated that he related that since the assassination of KENNEDY his royalties from the story he had written on the assassination of LINCOLN had been reduced to the point to where he was receiving no compensation.

In conversation with Mrs. PACE, RYLEE asked, "You don't know who killed KENNEDY." Mrs. PACE answered, "No, I don't know who killed KENNEDY." Then RYLEE related to her, "JOHNSON wanted KENNEDY dead. You know who was vice president when LINCOLN was assassinated; his name was JOHNSON. HOFFA wanted KENNEDY dead; MADAM NHU wanted KENNEDY dead; NIXON wanted KENNEDY dead." RYLEE then related to Mrs. PACE that JOHNSON had been in Dallas the week before KENNEDY was assassinated. He also told her that JOHNSON was in Dallas with his airplane and two pilots prior to the death of KENNEDY and that JOHNSON had bought \$100,000 in insurance on each of the pilots. He related to her that JOHNSON was to fly to his ranch from Dallas, but changed his mind and went by car and was not on his airplane when it crashed while flying from Dallas to the JOHNSON ranch near Johnson City, Texas.

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DL 89-43

On 6/11/64 at Temple, TexasFile # SA 89-67by SA O. LEE GOLDEN/ jb

Date dictated

6/18/64

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

She stated that after RYLEE had related the above he turned to her and said, "Therefore who do you think killed President Kennedy?"

Mrs. PACE stated that she did not recall enough information about the plane crash which had occurred in Texas involving the two pilots to properly question RYLEE. Mrs. PACE added that she has been seriously ill during the past two or three months and may not have remembered exactly every statement made by RYLEE involving President JOHNSON. She advised that she gained the impression that RYLEE was "a nut", but in her opinion he was doing too much talking about the assassination of the president and therefore she thought that he should be appropriately investigated. She informed that she had never seen him before and after she had refused to loan him money, he left her place of business. However, before leaving he left his address with her as G. RYLEE, 217 Perry Street, Marlin, Texas.

She described him as being a white male, approximately 72 years of age, 150 pounds, 5'10", gray hair and dressed in shirt and tie.

Date June 22, 1964

GROVER H. RYLEE, 217 Perry Street, advised that Mrs. PACE must have misunderstood him in their conversation. He stated that he has no evidence of any kind to the effect that KENNEDY was not assassinated by LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that he did talk with Mrs. PACE, but his conversation dealt mainly with the assassination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and the similarity of LINCOLN's assassination to that of President KENNEDY. He stated that he informed Mrs. PACE that he had met LINCOLN's attorney, FINIS L. BATES, of Tennessee and had assisted BATES in writing the book John Saint Helen which is a book about the assassination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. He stated that he has made a lengthy study of LINCOLN's assassination. He stated that in his opinion the assassination of LINCOLN and the assassination of KENNEDY are similar and he pointed out the similarity to Mrs. PACE. He stated that he told her that the vice president under LINCOLN was named JOHNSON and the vice president under KENNEDY was named JOHNSON. RYLEE denied making the statement that JOHNSON wanted KENNEDY dead. RYLEE stated that according to FINIS BATES' book, John Saint Helen, Vice President JOHNSON under LINCOLN did want LINCOLN dead and he remarked to Mrs. PACE this fact. He stated that Mrs. PACE undoubtedly misunderstood him and thought he said that Vice President LYNDON JOHNSON wanted KENNEDY dead. He stated that this was not the case. RYLEE said he did not tell Mrs. PACE that JOHNSON was in Dallas the week before KENNEDY was assassinated but said that NIXON was in Dallas a few days before KENNEDY was assassinated, but added that "we all know that NIXON didn't kill him." He stated that he did tell Mrs. PACE that it was peculiar that NIXON was there, but did not say anything about NIXON having anything to do with the assassination. He stated that he might have remarked that a lot of people did not like KENNEDY and that four of them might have a reason to kill him meaning LYNDON JOHNSON, MADAM NHU, RICHARD NIXON and JAMES HOFFA, but did not indicate that he had any reason to believe that any of these four had anything to do with the assassination.

RYLEE stated that some people in Austin, Texas, told him that LYNDON JOHNSON had his two pilots at Austin and instead of taking his private plane to his ranch at Johnson City, Texas,

On 6/12/64 at Marlin, Texas File # DL 89-43  
173 SA 89-67  
by SA T. G. McWILLIAMS, JR./jb:jmb Date dictated 6/18/64

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2.  
DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

he went by car and subsequently the plane crashed and the two pilots were killed and he might have mentioned this to Mrs. PACE, but he did not say anything about JOHNSON's buying insurance on these pilots or about his having anything to do with the accident. RYLEE stated that he did not know anything about this incident until the person from Austin, Texas, told him about it.

RYLEE stated that Mrs. PACE got all of this mixed up as he was talking to her most of the time concerning the assassination of LINCOLN rather than the assassination of KENNEDY. He stated that he did tell Mrs. PACE that he believes that JOHN WILKES BOOTH killed ABRAHAM LINCOLN, but does not believe the man the people killed right after LINCOLN's assassination was BOOTH. RYLEE states that it is his opinion that BOOTH committed suicide in Enid, Oklahoma, in 1913 and that the man killed immediately following LINCOLN's assassination was a man who had found the pocket book of JOHN WILKES BOOTH and who was identified by this pocket book as being BOOTH.

RYLEE stated that he has no reason to believe that anyone had any part in President KENNEDY's assassination other than OSWALD and from all the information he has it is his opinion that KENNEDY was killed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mr. RYLEE stated that he was a strong KENNEDY man and regreted his death very much.

RYLEE stated that he is 72 years of age, was a former employee of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company in Los Angeles, California, has heart trouble and is residing in Marlin, Texas, because he is close to Veterans Administration Hospitals where he can receive medical attention when necessary.

DL 89-43

Re: RICHARD SCHLANG

PH 157-916

JRW:pck

(1)

On June 18, 1964, Detective ~~MICHAEL~~ MC GOWAN, Fairmount Park Guards, Philadelphia, Pa., telephonically advised IC HARRY L. PEEL of the Philadelphia Office of the FBI that ~~RICHARD~~ SCHLANG, white male, date of birth May 14, 1927, 1705 Pine Street, Philadelphia, Pa., had been detained for questioning on that date. MC GOWAN said numerous complaints had been received from women in Rittenhouse Square, 18th and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., being annoyed by SCHLANG. In interview of SCHLANG, MC GOWAN determined that SCHLANG is a "crack pot" who is obsessed by the fact American women are not truthful. After discussing with SCHLANG his views on women, SCHLANG volunteered in a written statement to MC GOWAN that he knew who was responsible for the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY; however, he told MC GOWAN that if MC GOWAN related the information to anyone, he (SCHLANG) would deny having made any such statement.

MC GOWAN said SCHLANG was not arrested and that he had made the above information available to the Secret Service in Philadelphia as well as the FBI.

On June 19, 1964, ASAC ~~CHARLES~~ TAYLOR, U. S. Secret Service, Philadelphia, Pa., advised SA BLAZE J. TOMASONI that his agency had been contacted in regard to ~~RICHARD~~ SCHLANG by the Fairmount Park Guards and that the matter was being handled by SA DONALD BRETT of that office. He said it was probable that after SCHLANG was detained for questioning by the Fairmount Park Guards regarding his annoying women in Rittenhouse Square, SCHLANG "threw in" the information about knowing who had assassinated President KENNEDY to make himself less of a problem regarding the molesting of women. ASAC TAYLOR said that SCHLANG would probably be interviewed the week of June 22, 1964.

~~SAMUEL J.~~ KARONOWITZ, Chief Hearing Examiner, Bureau of Hearings and Appeals, U. S. Social Security Administration, Room 1306, Jefferson Building, Philadelphia, Pa., advised SA JOHN R. WINEBERT of the FBI and SA DONALD BRETT of the U. S. Secret Service that ~~RICHARD~~ SCHLANG had been employed at the agency from approximately July 1963 through September 1963 as a Grade 4 clerk-typist.

PH 157-916  
(2)

ARONOWITZ said the complete personnel file of SCHLANG was not in his office but at the organization's headquarters in New York City. There was a skeleton file, however, which indicated that employment of SCHLANG had been terminated in the fall of 1963 because of his mental condition. ARONOWITZ said the first indication of SCHLANG's mental condition was when SCHLANG wrote a letter over ARONOWITZ' signature which made no sense whatsoever.

A letter dated November 20, 1963, in the file made available by ARONOWITZ reflected that Dr. PHILIP MECHANIC, M.D., Medical Director, Philadelphia Psychological Center, advised the Social Security Office that SCHLANG had been a patient in the Psychiatric Center as of November 7, 1963. P.

A further letter was received from the Philadelphia Psychiatric Center indicating that SCHLANG was on that date, December 9, 1963, being transferred to the Norristown State Mental Hospital, Norristown, Pa. This letter was from Dr. WENTZEL of the Psychiatric Center.

ARONOWITZ said that on June 18, 1964, one of the female employees in the office, ROSEMARIE CILIBETI, while at lunch at the Horn and Hardart Cafeteria, 10th and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., was approached by SCHLANG and given a napkin with the pencilled notation on it: "Final communique. There will be no more symbols. You're shouldering guns." ARONOWITZ said the girl was rather concerned about SCHLANG's behavior and related this to him. He stated that since he had been aware of SCHLANG's mental condition in the past, on June 19, 1964, he telephonically contacted SCHLANG's father, BURNEY SCHLANG, 416 Flourtown Road, Lafayette Hills, Pa., telephone number 828-3727, which is a Philadelphia suburb. Mr. SCHLANG advised ARONOWITZ that his son was presently being examined by a psychiatrist for re-entry to a mental hospital for further treatment.

ARONOWITZ stated that after RICHARD SCHLANG left the employ of the agency, he was told by SCHLANG's father that the



PH 157-916

(3)

younger SCHLANG had spent a good deal of time in mental institutions where he received treatment and after release he was capable of leading a normal life for approximately three months when he again had so many problems that he needed to again be hospitalized.

Attempts to contact BURNEY SCHLANG, RICHARD SCHLANG's father, on June 22, 1964, by SAs JOHN R. WINEBERG and DONALD BRET were negative.

Dr. JAN W. ~~X~~DOEFF, Chief, Men's Admission Service, Norristown State Hospital, Norristown, Pa., advised on June 22, 1964, that RICHARD SCHLANG had been admitted as of this date to that hospital; however, he had not had his entrance interview. He advised he would provide Secret Service, Philadelphia, with a medical diagnosis of SCHLANG's mental condition.

DL 89-43

Re: GERALD JAMES SHORTALL

Date April 7, 19641

Mrs. GUSSICKS, 1701 Courtland, Des Plaines, Illinois, telephonically contacted the Chicago Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and advised as follows:

One GERALD SHORTALL, 738 South Home, Park Ridge, Illinois, was a student at the Northwest School of Beauty Culture, Des Plaines, Illinois, as of November 22, 1963. SHORTALL had, in the past, distributed literature at this school. Mrs. GUSSICKS termed some of the items distributed as "communistic literature." Mrs. GUSSICKS stated that on hearing radio reports of President KENNEDY's assassination, SHORTALL said, "Oh, that's wonderful. He was a criminal."

Mrs. GUSSICKS stated that immediately after the emotional outburst of SHORTALL, school officials requested him to leave the school.

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On 11/22/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
by Complaint Clerk RANDALL L. SWAN/rms Date dictated 11/22/63

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CG 62-6115  
DWS/rms

An individual who requested his identity not be divulged but who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on March 27, 1963, that GERALD JAMES SHORTALL, 738 South Home Avenue, Park Ridge, Illinois, had made application on March 4, 1963, for membership in the American Nazi Party (ANP). SHORTALL was born July 17, 1931, at Chicago, Illinois. According to this source, SHORTALL in his application for membership indicated that he had been committed for psychiatric observation by his parents in May, 1961. SHORTALL was released one week after his commitment.

An individual who did not wish to divulge his identity and who has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that GERALD JAMES SHORTALL, 738 South Home Avenue, Park Ridge, Illinois, was a member of the ANP at Chicago, Illinois, and regularly attended meetings from March, 1963, through approximately March, 1964.

1

CG 62-6115  
DWS/rms

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA RAYMOND F. HOGAN:

On April 28, 1964, Chief CHARLES CHRISTENSEN, Park Ridge, Illinois, Police Department, advised that he has no information in his files concerning GERALD SHORTALL.

RICHARD VENNELL, Park Ridge, Illinois, Credit Bureau, advised on April 28, 1964, the files of this Bureau contain no information concerning GERALD SHORTALL.

On April 29, 1964, Mrs. R. H. HACKE, 800 Home Avenue, Park Ridge, Illinois, advised that the SHORTALL family left for the West Coast on approximately March 20, 1964. The SHORTALLs had advised her that they plan to settle at some unknown city on the West Coast, but had never mentioned a specific location. She stated she did not know whether GERALD SHORTALL had accompanied his parents in this move.

On April 29, 1964, an individual who requested his identity not be divulged but who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the SHORTALL family had moved from Park Ridge, Illinois, in March, 1964. He advised that at the time of their move, JOHN and MARIE SHORTALL did not know what city they planned to settle in, but had indicated a desire to settle in some city in the State of Washington. This source advised that the present whereabouts of GERALD SHORTALL, son of JOHN and MARIE SHORTALL, was unknown. He added that GERALD SHORTALL had definitely not accompanied his parents in their move to Washington.

1

GERALD SHORTALL, 453 West Ambleside, Des Plaines, Illinois, advised that on November 22, 1963, he was a student at the beauty culture school in Des Plaines, Illinois. When someone came into the room at the school and said that President KENNEDY had been shot, he could not believe it. He advised that he was an admirer of President KENNEDY and would much rather see President KENNEDY the President of the United States than any other individual. At no time did he ever advocate assassination of any public official in the United States.

He explained that he is always nervous and concerned that communism will take over the United States, and believes that the communists are trying to embarrass him in every manner. He explained that he was recently in an automobile accident in Chicago, and he was of the opinion that the communists were behind it. He is also of the opinion that individuals are breaking into his car at various times and are calling his place of employment advising his employers that he was a member of the American Nazi Party. He stated that he was not a member of the American Nazi Party.

SHORTALL again stated that he did not make a statement that President KENNEDY was a criminal, nor did he exhibit any pleasure when he heard that President KENNEDY was shot.

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On 6/24/64 at Des Plaines, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
by SA RAYMOND F. HOGAN/rms Date dictated 6/24/64

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1

John William Shortall

JOHN SHORTALL, 453 West Ambleside, Des Plaines, Illinois, advised that his son, GERALD SHORTALL, who is 33 years of age, has been receiving psychiatric treatment the majority of his adult life. He explained that GERALD SHORTALL is nervous and anxious at all times, and has not been able to be gainfully employed for any length of time. He explained that GERALD SHORTALL has worked a total of approximately three years in his adult life. Mr. SHORTALL explained that his son, GERALD, has been in various private psychiatric hospitals, and it is the conclusion of the doctors that he is not violent but merely a type of individual that cannot concentrate on any type of employment and is "all mixed up." Mr. SHORTALL advised that on November 22, 1963, his son, GERALD, was attending the beauty culture school in Des Plaines, Illinois, and possibly made some remark because he has had problems in other types of jobs and schools making silly remarks and getting into arguments with other employees and students.

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On 6/22/64 at Des Plaines, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA RAYMOND F. HOGAN/rms Date dictated 6/24/64

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Date June 5, 19631

GERALD JAMES SHORTALL was contacted at his request, at the Park Ridge Public Library, Prospect Avenue and Northwest Highway. SHORTALL had made a complaint personally to the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Office on May 27, 1963, regarding an individual he suspected as being a "Communist Party Member" or a "Communist Party Sympathizer." SHORTALL had indicated in the phone call complaint and at the interview, that he had conversed with this individual at the American School of Beauty Culture, Chicago, where he was a student.

In the course of the interview, SA RICHARD L. STRAIN addressed a question to SHORTALL as to his present or past membership in or attendance at communist or communist front group meetings. SHORTALL replied he had no membership in any "left" organization. The next question advanced to SHORTALL was with regard to his membership in or attendance at "right wing" group meetings, such as the John Birch Society. SHORTALL's reply to this question was that he was "much more right" than the John Birch Society, in that he had attended meetings of the American Nazi Party and he had petitioned the American Nazi Party for membership. Further, SHORTALL then expounded his detailed observations and convictions in the expressed tenets and the work done and being done by the American Nazi Party in uncovering and exposing communists, and others, in America.

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On 5/28/63 at Park Ridge, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
CG 105-14907  
by SAs RICHARD L. STRAIN and  
GERALD H. KEDDINGTON:ljf/rms Date dictated 5/31/63

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CG 62-6115

*Member of American Nazi Party*  
The following information was provided by SHORTALL  
at the time of interview:

*Enrolled in 17 list of Chicago, Ill. Gerald Shortall*

Full name

GERALD JAMES SHORTALL

Address *453 North Humboldt*

738 South Home

Parents

*Chicago, Ill.*  
Park Ridge, Illinois

JOHN WILLIAM and

MARIE ESTHER SHORTALL,

same address

Brother

*Ill.*  
JOHN WILLIAM SHORTALL, Jr.,  
present whereabouts unknown  
(last contact with brother  
was at Los Alamos, New  
Mexico, where brother was  
employed by AEC)

Physical Description  
of SHORTALL

Height

5'7"

Weight

150 pounds

Eyes

Green

Hair

Light brown

Education

Main Township High School,  
Park Ridge, Illinois,  
graduated 1949;  
attendance at Northwestern  
University, 1949 and 1952;  
Attendance at the American  
School of Beauty, Chicago,  
1962 - 1963

Military Service

Served from August, 1953, to  
August, 1955, honorable  
release, SN US55432287.

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
OF THE WORLD UNION OF  
FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL  
SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE  
GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time the World," copyrighted in 1961, George Lincoln Rockwell identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that George Lincoln Rockwell had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits the use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that Rockwell's party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 19, 1963, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by George Lincoln Rockwell at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf Hitler. He added that Rockwell is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature, and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

On December 13, 1963, this source advised that in about September, 1960, the ANP initiated the Fighting American Nationalists (FAN) as a front group for the ANP although it has never been a separate organization. The source said the FAN name is merely used on occasion instead of the ANP name and there are no separate officials for FAN, the FAN officials being identical with the ANP officials. He stated that George

**AMERICAN NAZI PARTY  
OF THE WORLD UNION OF  
FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL  
SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE  
GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY**

Lincoln Rockwell has informed him the FAN name was originally used as a device to attract supporters to his organization who might rebel at the use of the swastika and at being labeled as a Nazi.

He added that the ANP has operated under the FAN name throughout the country with the exception of a group operating under the FAN name in Baltimore, Maryland. He said the FAN group in Baltimore is now, and always has been, a separate organization and not a part of the ANP.

On October 3, 1963, Richard Berry Norton, the admitted former director of the FAN group in Baltimore, Maryland, advised that the Baltimore FAN, which was organized in the Spring of 1961, has no official connection with the ANP although until December, 1962, it received all its literature from George Lincoln Rockwell's ANP.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and the truth about the 'Party'"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda" and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

RE: HEZEKIAH SMITH, JR.  
ALLEGATION

On June 15, 1964, HEZEKIAH SMITH, JR., 3408 West Franklin Street, Baltimore, Maryland, came to the Baltimore Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and made the following allegations to SA J. STANLEY ROTZ for which he had no details or proof.

Mr. SMITH stated that in 1959 five surgeons came from the Naval Hospital in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to his residence at 3408 West Franklin Street, Baltimore, Maryland, and told him to tell OSWALD to kill President KENNEDY. The surgeons told him the plan was to use a telescopic rifle and shoot KENNEDY through the head on a hot day in Texas. All five of the surgeons, whose names are unknown to SMITH, allegedly told him this plan but did not give him any other details, did not tell him who OSWALD was, and SMITH said he did not know why they had chosen to give him this information.

SMITH stated that he had never seen OSWALD, had never been near Texas, and realized that Mr. KENNEDY was not even President in 1959. When asked why he had not reported this information in 1959 Mr. SMITH stated that he "didn't pay no mind because I didn't think nobody would kill President KENNEDY because he wasn't President then." He stated that since the assassination of President KENNEDY he had attempted to call "BOBBY KENNEDY" but he would not talk to Mr. SMITH.

Mr. SMITH stated he had no further information of any sort concerning the assassination.

Mr. SMITH stated that he is currently receiving treatment as an outpatient at the Veterans Administration, St. Paul and Fayette Streets, Baltimore, Maryland. He stated he lives with his sister HENRIETTA HARRIS at 3408 West Franklin Street.

*K Smith*

Mr. HEZEKIAH SMITH, JR. had previously been to the Baltimore Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on April 29, 1964, when he alleged to IC G. VICTOR REUSCHLEIN he had been "experimented on in a Government hospital." He said he had called the Attorney General's Office in Washington, D.C. in October 1963, on April 28, 1964, and on two other occasions and that they had advised him to come to the Federal Bureau of Investigation Office in Baltimore. SMITH stated that while confined at the Naval Hospital in Pennsylvania during 1955 for a nervous relapse he was experimented on while he was unconscious from a shock treatment. SMITH claimed that they had performed a brain experiment on him and put wires inside his head. He said that he was in the U.S. Marines at that time and wanted to get out of the service so he pretended he was sick and was released from the service with a medical discharge.

Mr. SMITH stated that he wanted to be taken to France to have these wires removed from his head because he did not trust this country. He wanted the Government to pay for his transportation to another country.

HEZEKIAH SMITH, JR. had also visited the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Baltimore, Maryland, in July 1963 and told them he wanted to renounce his United States citizenship and have them pay for his transportation to Cuba. He had rambled on praising CASTRO and Red China.

On June 15, 1964, Dr. KURT FREUDENTHAL, Chief, Social Work Services, Baltimore Regional Office, Veterans Administration, St. Paul and Fayette Streets, Baltimore, Maryland, advised SA J. STANLEY ROTZ that HEZEKIAH SMITH, JR., 3403 West Franklin Street, Baltimore, Maryland, was referred to his department on November 6, 1962, when he was discharged from the hospital at Perry Point, Maryland. SMITH had also been a patient at Spring Grove State Mental Hospital, Catonsville, Maryland, from which he was discharged on February 3, 1964. As of November 1963 SMITH's condition was diagnosed as schizophrenic reaction, chronic, undifferentiated type. Since 1960 he has been receiving 70 percent disability allowance but is not considered

BA 89-30

JSR:dvr

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competent to handle the money so that payments are made to his relatives for him.

The records of the Veterans Administration reflect that SMITH was in the U.S. Marine Corps from October 1955 to April 9, 1956.

The Veterans Administration records also reflect that SMITH is suffering from a very severe mental illness, that he talks to himself, and that he attempts to brush off imaginary spots. He wants to learn to speak Russian without studying it. He reportedly telephones the Baltimore "Sun" newspapers about plots of undetermined nature.



SA 89-67

Re: MARION SNUGGS

AT AUSTIN, TEXAS

The following investigation was conducted by SA GEORGE W. H. CARLSON.

Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, made available the following letter which was addressed to Gov. JOHN CONNALLY, Governor's Mansion, Austin, Texas, postmarked San Antonio, Texas, April 24, 1964, return address MARION SNUGGS, 128 Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas:

128 Main Plaza  
San Antonio, Texas

"(From a 68 year old retired teacher)

"Governor JOHN CONNALLY - Austin, Texas

"Dear Gov. CONNALLY, - I agree with Prof. H. W. ELDRIDGE of Dartmouth and notice that all 'thinking-people' I have followed in various newspapers, magazines and radio discussions 'think likewise'

"I believe firmly that you 'fit in' with the power drunk group dominating 'thinking' in Dallas, Shreveport, Louisiana, (Birchite's influences) and various conservative centers throughout Texas. - West Texas & Valley especially intolerant, also. We have a small group here in San Antonio, but consider them mostly as 'lunatic fringers.' Hearing so much hate in Dallas I believe that OSWALD was trying to kill you, not Pres. KENNEDY - because you thwarted his desire to wipe out any taint from 'undesirable classification' connected with army service. With his young family, he especially felt the need of a 'clean reputation,' no doubt. 'Grudges' often 'bear in' on the eccentric, unduly.

"Sincerely,

"s/ (Miss) M. SNUGGS"

DL 89-43

Re: MILO ELROY STORMO - Individual Driving  
1958 Lincoln, Bearing 1963 California  
License OFW-662, Seen by Fence at  
Carswell Air Force Base, Texas, 11/22/63,  
as Presidential Plane Leaving for Dallas,  
Texas

1

DL 89-43

RPG:ds

On November 22, 1963, Mr. I. B. ~~HALE~~, Industrial Security, General Dynamics, Fort Worth, Texas, advised SA MALON LUCAS JENNINGS that on that date a 1958 white Lincoln four-door, bearing 1963 California License OFW-662, had been observed leaving the fence outside Carswell Air Force Base, Texas, at a high rate of speed, occupied by two men, as the President's plane took off from Carswell Air Force Base, en route to Dallas, Texas.

On November 22, 1963, the San Francisco Office advised that the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles at Sacramento, California, reflected 1963 California License OFW-662 was registered to a MILO ~~STORMO~~, 7020 Vicky Avenue, Canoga Park, California, on a 1958 Lincoln four-door, Motor Number H8YD507555.

The Los Angeles Office advised on November 23, 1963, that investigation at Canoga Park, California, reflected MILO ~~ELROY~~ ~~STORMO~~ is employee of Litton Systems, Inc., 5500 Canoga Avenue, Woodland Hills, California. In late August 1963, ~~STORMO~~ transferred as a senior field engineer to General Dynamics, Fort Worth, Texas, business telephone PE 2-4811, residence address 6405 Inca Road, Fort Worth, Texas, residence telephone PE 2-1523.

The security file of Litton Systems, Inc. reflected ~~STORMO~~ is a white male American, born May 1, 1927, at Watertown, South Dakota, 6' tall, 180 pounds, blue eyes, brown hair, Social Security Number 504-28-3777, U. S. Army Serial Number 17-197-166, receiving honorable discharge November 1, 1947. He was formerly employed by Hughes Aircraft, Culver City, California, August 1957, to September 1959; and Aeronautical Engineering Company, Beverly Hills, California, September 1959, to November 1959. He was hired by Litton Systems, Inc. in November 1959. He was granted secret clearance October 1959,

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DL 89-43

which is still in effect. His wife is CLARISE and he has four minor children. A neighbor who had known STORMO for three years described him as excellent character, reputation and emotionally stable.

1-1-67 - 6/15/67, 7/1/67, 11/1/67

Date 7/2/64

1

MILO ELROY STORMO, home residence 6405 Inca Road, Fort Worth, was interviewed at his place of employment, General Dynamics, Fort Worth, Texas. STORMO stated he is employed by Litton Industries, Guidance and Control Systems Division, Woodland Hills, California, and is the Fort Worth Resident Office Manager at General Dynamics, Fort Worth. He advised he has been working in Fort Worth since September, 1963.

STORMO stated he formerly owned a 1958 four door Lincoln that bore 1963 California license OFW-662. He indicated he sold the vehicle about one month ago.

STORMO stated that on November 22, 1963, the day President KENNEDY was assassinated in Dallas, Texas, he left work at approximately 11:30 a.m. to go to lunch with three fellow employees, namely, FRED W. MEYER, SUE MINYARD, and MIKE QUEEN. He stated he was driving the referenced 1958 Lincoln and as they left the parking lot at General Dynamics, they noticed the Presidential plane taxiing along the runway. He stated they stopped along the fence within the General Dynamics facilities for approximately two or three minutes to observe the plane and then proceeded on to the Bing How Restaurant located on Highway 183 where they had lunch.

STORMO stated that FRED W. MEYER, an employee of Litton Industries, was at the General Dynamics plant, Fort Worth, on business. He stated that after lunch he proceeded to transport MEYER to Love Field in Dallas where MEYER had to catch what he thought to be a 1:30 p.m. flight for Los Angeles. STORMO indicated he does not recall if he took the other two employees back to General Dynamics after lunch or whether they obtained a ride with another party. He stated that upon arrival at Dallas Love Field he was unable to locate a parking space so he dropped MEYER at the terminal and proceeded directly back to Fort Worth, Texas.

He stated he traveled to Dallas and returned to Fort Worth via the Dallas-Fort Worth Turnpike. STORMO stated that during the return trip to Fort Worth he observed two flags flying at half-mast so he turned on his car radio to try to determine the reason for such.

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on 7/2/64 at Fort Worth, TexasFile # DL 89-43by Special Agent RICHARD T. RABIDEAU:vmDate dictated 7/2/64

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DL 89-43

It was at this time that he learned of the President being shot in Dallas. He indicated that he assumed MEYER would be held up in Dallas by authorities as a result of the assassination so on his return back to Fort Worth he proceeded to call MEYER's wife and advise her he might be late in arriving in Los Angeles that evening.

STORMO stated he is not acquainted with nor has he ever been acquainted with either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY.



DL 89-43

Re: WALTER STRENG

Date 5/28/64

Mr. W. K. ~~X~~DENBY, 308 South Clinton Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone Whitehall 2-1232, telephonically advised that he is employed as a representative for Lampcraft Industries, Chicago, Illinois, and has space in the Trade Mart Building, where President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY was scheduled to speak on November 22, 1963.

Mr. DENBY further identified himself as being an ex-teacher and a Democrat who had worked on behalf of KENNEDY in his campaign to become President.

Mr. DENBY stated he was calling to report a matter which he had been thinking about for some time, but had hesitated to mention because he did not know whether it was of any significance. He stated that an Austrian by the name of WALTER STRENG also had space in the Trade Mart Building at the time of the assassination, and that STRENG was residing in Irving, Texas, at an unknown address at that time. He stated STRENG now resides at an unknown address in Richardson, Texas, and actually travels as a salesman for a company, the name of which is unknown to DENBY. His travels, for the most part, are through Mississippi and Louisiana.

Mr. DENBY stated that on the day of the assassination he was standing near STRENG on the second floor of the Trade Mart Building listening to radio reports on the progress of the Presidential Motorcade, and at about the time when, he believes, President KENNEDY was shot, he heard STRENG make the remark, "What's coming to him?" or words to that effect, and that immediately thereafter STRENG ran down the hallway on the second floor of the Trade Mart Building to a man whose identity is unknown to DENBY. DENBY states he did not hear any statements made by STRENG to the unknown man.

Mr. DENBY was questioned as to why he believed the remark he attributes to STRENG had anything to do with the assassination of President KENNEDY, and DENBY replied that he actually did not know if it had anything to do with the

on 5/27/64 at Dallas, Texas

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File # DL 89-43by Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING/dsDate dictated 5/27/64

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DL 83-43

assassination, but wanted to make it known to the FBI because he "just feels like there is a conspiracy" which is behind the assassination.

*T-1*  
Mrs. INEZ ~~X~~BARNETT, Receptionist, Trade Mart Building, 2100 Stemmons Freeway, advised on June 12, 1964, that WALTER STRENG formerly occupied room 2967, aisle B, of the Trade Mart Building. She said he represented Coopercraft, 8755 Melrose Avenue, Los Angeles, California, which company specializes in custom-style furniture. She stated STRENG no longer occupies space in the Trade Mart Building and stated his home telephone number is TA 3-4269.

The May, 1964, Greater Dallas Alphabetical Telephone Directory reflects that WALTER STRENG resides at 5719 Belmont Avenue, Dallas, Texas, and has telephone No. TA 3-4269.

*Call the Texas*  
Mrs. WALTER (BETSY) STRENG, 5719 Belmont Avenue, telephone No. TA 3-4269, advised her husband is a manufacturer's representative, handles a number of lines, and travels ten months out of the year. She said he is presently traveling through the Midwest and is expected back in Dallas on June 22, 1964. She informed her husband was born in Austria and comes from an old Jewish aristocratic family who formerly lived in Vienna. She said he spent two and one half years in a German concentration camp during World War II and came to the United States shortly after the war. She said he is a citizen of the United States.

Mrs. STRENG advised that on the morning of November 22, 1963, she accompanied her husband to the Trade Mart building where he had space rented. She said he had planned an exhibition of the various lines he handled for that day. She advised she planned to help him with his exhibition and also she knew of President KENNEDY's scheduled arrival there and wanted to see him.

Mrs. STRENG advised the Trade Mart Building was crowded with people and there was much confusion on November 22, 1963. She also stated there were many police officers as well as other plain-clothes investigators in the Trade Mart Building. She stated it was necessary when going from one floor to another to show the pass issued to those people authorized to be in the Trade Mart Building.

Mrs. STRENG stated her husband is a very distinguished looking man and wears a mustache and beard which enhances his appearance. She related that on November 22, 1963, her husband, because of the beard and mustache and because he appeared foreign, was made to show his pass to various police officers almost any time he moved from one space to another in the building. After being stopped a number of times and questioned as to his identity and authority to be in the building, Mrs. STRENG said her husband expressed words of aggravation.

At approximately 11:00 a.m. on November 22, 1963, Mrs. STRENG stated she and her husband went to the first floor and, along

on 6/15/64 at Dallas, Texas 203 File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:vm Date dictated 6/17/64

with a number of other people, took up a position next to the space rented by a Mr. and Mrs. TEDDER. She said this annoyed Mrs. TEDDER and she was continually admonishing various people to back away from the space she rented and not to touch the glass. After being at this location for approximately 30 minutes, Mrs. STRENG said Mrs. TEDDER made some remark in the general direction of where she and her husband were standing. She said she does not recall specifically what the remark was but it had something to do with standing too close to the space rented by Mrs. TEDDER. Immediately following this and without any provocation, Mrs. STRENG said Mrs. TEDDER screamed, pointed her finger at WALTER STRENG, and said, "He hit me. I'm going to faint." At this point, Mrs. STRENG stated Mr. TEDDER approached her husband, WALTER, and struck him with his fist on the back of the neck which caused Mr. STRENG to slump over but not fall. Mrs. STRENG advised Mrs. TEDDER continued her screaming and pointing at WALTER whereupon WALTER STRENG was seized by a number of police officers.

Mrs. STRENG advised that Mrs. TEDDER was assisted inside her space by a woman employee and was followed there by Mr. TEDDER. Mrs. STRENG stated a police officer questioned her and WALTER STRENG and a number of other people who witnessed what had transpired. Mrs. STRENG stated her husband did not strike Mrs. TEDDER and a number of people standing next to him agreed. She said the police officer told her that he and WALTER STRENG would have to go into the space occupied by the TEDDERs to determine if they were going to file any charges. When they went into the space occupied by the TEDDERs, Mrs. STRENG stated Mr. TEDDER, who was in an intense emotional state and rage, pulled a stopper from one of the large bottles near him which stopper was pointed and gave the appearance of a knife. She said Mr. TEDDER threatened both her husband and the police officer with this stopper and after a few moments both Mr. STRENG and the police officer emerged from the space occupied by the TEDDERs and no charges were filed.

Following the above incident, Mrs. STRENG stated she and her husband returned to the space they had rented and were in an emotional state because what had happened seemed almost unreal. She said she and her husband remained in their space for a number of minutes and were there when word was announced over the radio that

President KENNEDY had been shot. She stated both she and her husband considered it a tragedy that President KENNEDY had been shot and expressed this feeling to each other. She said she is absolutely certain her husband, WALTER STRENG, never made any remark, "What's coming to him?" or words to that effect. Further, she stated after they heard the news on the radio Mr. STRENG did not run down the hallway and talk to anyone. She stated he remained with her the entire time and they both left the building together.



Date 6/30/64

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WALTER (NMN) STRENG, 5719 Belmont Avenue, telephone TA 3-4269, advised he was born February 22, 1924, at Vienna, Austria. He stated he is a citizen of the United States.

STRENG advised he is a manufacturer's representative for the following concerns which employment necessitates travel by him approximately ten months out of the year:

Coopercraft of California, Los Angeles, California

W. T. Burger Company, La Porte, Indiana

Thanhardt - Burger Corporation, La Porte, Indiana

Walker and Zanger Marble Company, Incorporated,  
New York City, and Los Angeles, California.

STRENG advised that on the morning of November 22, 1963, his wife accompanied him to the Trade Mart Building, 2100 Stemmons Freeway, Dallas, Texas, where Coopercraft of California occupied room 2967 which is located on the second floor in the northwest corner of the building. He stated they arrived there between 9:30 a.m. and 10:00 a.m. STRENG advised the Trade Mart Building was crowded with people and with security police all anticipating the arrival of President KENNEDY. STRENG advised that in going from one section of the building to another it was necessary to show the pass issued to those people authorized to be in the Trade Mart Building to the security officers stationed in the building. STRENG stated he was stopped a number of times, probably more than most, because of his mustache and beard which aroused a little curiosity. STRENG said this was annoying to him and he expressed words of aggravation to several security officers upon being stopped.

At approximately 11:00 a.m. on November 22, 1963, STRENG stated he and his wife went to the first floor and along with a number of other people took up a position outside of room 2301 which space was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. TEDDER. STRENG related this apparently

6/24/64 at Dallas, Texas

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DL 89-43

File #

by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:vm

Date dictated 6/26/64

annoyed Mrs. TEDDER since she was frequently admonishing a number of people to stand back away from her room. After being in this position for approximately 30 minutes, STRENG stated suddenly Mrs. TEDDER pointed her finger at him and started screaming that he had struck her. At about this time, STRENG said he received a blow on the back of the neck by Mr. TEDDER which caused him to slump. He stated all the while Mrs. TEDDER kept screaming and pointing at him and he was seized by a number of police officers. STRENG advised Mrs. TEDDER returned to her room and was followed there by her husband. Mr. STRENG stated he was questioned by police officers and he informed that he had not struck Mrs. TEDDER. He also stated a number of other people who witnessed the incident volunteered to the police that STRENG had not struck Mrs. TEDDER as alleged. STRENG advised that a police officer informed him they would have to talk to Mr. TEDDER to see if he were going to file any charges against STRENG. STRENG said he and a police officer went to TEDDER's room whereupon Mr. TEDDER pulled a stopper from a large bottle, which stopper was pointed like a knife, and threatened both him and the police officer. After much heated discussion, STRENG said the whole matter was dropped and he and his wife returned to their own space in room 2967. STRENG advised this incident upset him terribly and seemed almost unreal. He stated the incident occurred at approximately 12:05 p.m.

STRENG advised he and his wife remained alone in room 2967 and at about 12:30 p.m. he observed the Presidential motorcade approaching on Stemmons Freeway. He said it appeared the motorcade was going at an unusually high rate of speed and he mentioned this to his wife. He said she then turned the radio on and shortly thereafter the announcer reported that President KENNEDY had been shot.

A few minutes after hearing the report on the radio that President KENNEDY had been shot, STRENG said he and his wife left the Trade Mart Building. He stated on the way out he met Mr. W. K. DENBY who occupied room 2741 and who was employed as a representative for Lampcraft Industries. He said his conversation with DENBY

related to the incident with Mrs. TEDDER and he stated DENBY volunteered to testify in his behalf should it be necessary. STRENG advised he also talked to several other people in the aisle on his way out of the building. He said his conversation with these people also related to the incident he had with Mrs. TEDDER. STRENG stated he never made any remark to the effect of "What's coming to him" and has never in his life commented unfavorably about President KENNEDY.

STRENG said he would estimate that he and his wife left the Trade Mart Building at approximately 12:45 p.m. and returned to their home, 805 S. Irving Heights Drive, Irving, Texas, where they were then residing. He said they arrived home at approximately 1:15 p.m.

STRENG stated he was a strong supporter of President KENNEDY. He advised that prior to the election in 1960 he had placed a large photograph of JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY and LYNDON B. JOHNSON in the window of the room he occupied at the Trade Mart Building. He said he had also placed several spotlights to illuminate this photograph at night. He said he did this because he had had various discussions with people who occupied space adjacent to his and who held different political beliefs than he held.

STRENG advised he did not know nor did he ever have any contact with either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. He stated further that he had no information which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Joseph C. Sudbeck

JOSEPH C. SUDBECK  
3709 Carter Avenue  
St. Louis 7, Missouri

*Texas*

*B.R.N. APPROX 1885*

SIDNEY FREED, Director of Marketing, Publishers Company, Inc., 1106 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., advised IC RAYMOND BROZ, JR., on April 8, 1964, he had received a letter from SUDBECK that had been written on the reverse side of a price list of Publishers Company, Inc. This letter was made available by FREED.

A review of this letter discloses it is nearly illegible in part; however, the following is a translation of same:

"Publishers Co., Inc.  
1106 Connecticut Ave. N.W.  
Washington, D.C.

You state you have complete details on the assassination of President KENNEDY. I suggest you add the following. On November 8, 1963, I offered to invest \$175,000,000 in Russia. This offer backed my oil securities valued at \$200,000,000. This offer to invest in Russia hoping Russia would withdraw all troops from East Germany and let the German people work out their own destiny. If you will sell these 201 shares Allen Oil, Batson, Texas, I will pay you 10%. If sold at best value, I will pay you 50% and give you an order for \$500,000 worth of books. President JOHN F. KENNEDY was murdered to keep him from approving my offer to invest \$175,000,000 in Russia. Act at once on this offer.

Merrill, Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith. I wish to sue this fraud brokerage company for \$200,000,000 (two hundred million dollars). I would like to engage your law firm to handle this suit against Merrill, Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith, Executive Office, St. Louis, Missouri.

It is noted the above translation makes no effort to spell the words in the same manner they are spelled in this letter. This letter is signed JOSEPH C. SUDBECK, 3709 Carter Avenue, St. Louis 7, Missouri.

Date May 14, 19641

JOSEPH C. SUDBECK, age 79, residing in a run-down frame residence, 3709 Carter Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri, advised that he formerly lived at 4132A North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri.

He asserted in the fall of 1963 he saw an article or ad in the "St. Louis Post Dispatch" which discussed financial investments by businessmen in Russia. He then wrote a letter to Secretary of State DEAN RUSK and to the President of the New York Stock Exchange KEITH FUNSTON, saying he was willing to invest \$175,000,000 in Russia providing Russia would get out of East Germany and allow the Germans to work out their own destiny.

He stated he received no answer from either Secretary RUSK or Mr. FUNSTON and it was very shortly thereafter that President KENNEDY was assassinated. He stated he feels that President KENNEDY was assassinated by someone who does not want a peaceful world and someone who opposed his proposition to invest money in Russia.

Mr. SUDBECK stated he has no information as to who may have actually committed the assassination or those directly responsible. He then went on to say that he has always liked to "help governments". He recalled that he once offered to buy a railroad in Austin, Texas, and turn the locomotives over to the government for scrap.

He further stated that he saw a photo of Congressman CAREY in a local newspaper together with his wife and thirteen children. He wrote to the Congressman, saying that if he would sell approximately \$200,000,000 in securities owned by SUDBECK, he would give him a million dollar trust fund for each of his children.

SUDBECK stated that he owns a number of shares of Allen oil stock. This company is located at Batson, Texas. He stated that this is the source of his great wealth.

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On 5/14/64 at St. Louis, Missouri File # SL 89-36

by SA RICHARD T. HRADSKY and  
SA WALTER A. HILGENDORF/rc Date dictated 5/14/64

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SL 89-36  
DL 89-43  
WAH:rc

In June, 1940, ROY E. CARPENTER, 4201A North 11th Street, St. Louis, Missouri, advised SA VICTOR KEAY that JOSEPH SUDBECK of 4132A North 11th Street, St. Louis, Missouri, was violently "pro-HITLER". CARPENTER asserted that SUDBECK once said he would like to kill President ROOSEVELT. He made this statement because President ROOSEVELT had made planes available to the Allies. CARPENTER further said that JOSEPH SUDBECK and his brothers, with whom he resided, were receiving some type of literature by Railway Express. He further said that it appeared meetings were being held in their flat twice weekly.

Mrs. JOHN LEESO, 4132 North 11th Street, St. Louis, Missouri, advised SA L. H. FRUTKIN in February, 1941, that GEORGE and WILLIAM SUDBECK, brothers of JOSEPH C. SUDBECK, were ardent followers of Father COUGHLIN and that they received Coughlinite literature every Wednesday by Railway Express. Mrs. LEESO stated that GEORGE SUDBECK had praised HITLER and made disparaging remarks concerning the United States.

On January 3, 1941, SA LOUIS LOEBL searched the records of the Division of Controls, U. S. State Department, Washington, D.C., and found that they contained no registration for JOSEPH C. SUDBECK or his brothers.

DL 89-43/eah

RE: FLOYD E. SWINK



Date 2/21/64

FLOYD E. SWINK appeared at the Mesa, Arizona Resident Agency and stated that he had been having visions from God. He has been having these visions for many years and once helped the Chicago, Illinois Police on an unsolved murder. He stated that he had spent his own time and money in an effort to prove his visions as being correct but the police authorities would pay no attention to him. He indicated that he had visions on numerous other individuals and was trying to get a vision on the person who had assassinated President KENNEDY. He advised he would be leaving Mesa, Arizona in a few days.

The following is a physical description of SWINK as obtained through observation: 71-11X Sub k

Race	White	<u>Adams Hotel</u>
Sex	Male	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Nationality	American	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Age	Approximately 65 years	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Height	5'11"	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Weight	180	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Hair	Gray	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Appearance	Neat	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Characteristic	Quiet	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>
Family	No immediate family.	<u>71-11X Sub k</u>

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On 2/11/64 at Mesa, Arizona File # PX 105-1529

by SA LYNN W. BEDFORD/rfb Date dictated 2/17/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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PX 105-1529

LWB/rfb;ds

It will be noted that on March 19, 1961, FLOYD SWINK appeared at the Phoenix Office and advised SA WALTER E. PETERS that he had been endowed with some supernatural power to have visions. He stated that during the course of the past six or seven years, he has had 300 visions. Several of his more recent visions have been connected with the murder of JUDITH MAY ANDERSON, which involves the murder of a teen-age girl whose body was found in a barrel in Bellmont Harbor, Chicago, Illinois.

SWINK stated that through these visions he was led to Florida and there met one RAYMOND FRANCIS MUCCIO. He described MUCCIO as being a white, male, Italian, 37 years of age, 5'9½" in height, 189 pounds, gray hair, brown eyes, flushed face, slight bay window, single (divorced), past employment as Yellow Cab Company, Chicago, Illinois, Bellmont and Holstead Branch, Chicago, Illinois; Arco Drive-away, Chicago, Illinois. SWINK stated at that time that he planned to go to Chicago upon the finish of his visit in Phoenix and would probably be staying at a second-rate hotel on East Van Buren Street.

*11/19/61*

Date 3/4/64

On March 2, 1964 the following was received at the Mesa, Arizona Resident Agency:

Envelope addressed to: Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I. Post Office Bldg.  
Mesa, Arizona

Postmarked: Mar. 1, PM, 1964  
Fort Worth, Texas

Return Address: FLOYD E. SWINK  
901 1/2 Throckmorton  
Ft. Worth, Texas

## Contents of letter:

"Mar 1st, 1964  
901 1/2 Throckmorton  
Adams Hotel  
Ft Worth Texas  
(Phone ED 2-0522)

"Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I.  
Mesa, Arizona

"Dear Mr. Bedford:

"Lynn - I shall try to keep this letter short but to the point.

"Day by day here at Ft. Worth God has been opening up my understanding of the visions (Similitudes) he has given me and the answers are amazing and wonderful, what I could not tell you before I could tell you now.

"For the last three days I have just sit and wrote a resume of incidents at Zuider Zee, and each day god adds more and more and this morning (Sunday) I am dead tired of writing, actually my right thumb has lot all feeling from being clamped to this pencil. Yet having possession of facts and truth makes all this worth while.

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On 3/2/64 at Mesa, Arizona File # PX 105-1529

by SA LYNN W. BEDFORD/rfb Date dictated 3/3/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

"Today is my fifth day here and still no word from you, could it be that you are still amused or could it be that by submitting the material given you to the proper upper levels that you feel you might be shamed or belittled by doing so. Lynn if you have this feeling or attitude you are only kidding your self!

"The Chief Justice, Secret Service, F.B.I. at Dallas, Dallas Police, all remind me of a statement made by Jesus Christ,

'Ye strain with a gnat while the camel treads out the corn.'

"This Oswald-Ruby monkey business is just a waste of time, money, energy, and the only truth here is that Oswald knew the clique in this area, the clique knew Oswald and every useful intimate thing about him, and then made him the scape-goat, Oswald was expendable.

"The real principles are numerous, they are a large house Lynn - and their operation covers a lot of ground - even beyond East St. Louis!

"Lynn - God has made this statement - ' My word shall not be returned unto me empty.'

"This is one reason why I know that this work (Acts 13-41) must go on and be completed, even though by reason of temporary failure I will be required to get through to President Lyndon B. Johnson and this I will if I have to! By this I mean, of course, if God requires it.

"I sure would like to have both you and Grady for working partners. I hope this matter works out this way. So till later, I am,

"Sincerely yours

/s/ "Floyd E. Swink

It will be noted that enclosed in this letter was a matchbook cover with advertising thereon from the " Zuider Zee Oyster Bar and Sea Food Restaurant, Ft. Worth, Dallas."

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PX 105-1529  
LWB/rfb

On March 3, 1964, FLOYD OXNER, Deputy Sheriff, Apache Junction, Arizona, advised that FLOYD E. SWINK answered the telephone for several months about two years ago for the Deputy Sheriff's Office at Apache Junction, Arizona while the deputies were out of the office. In exchange for his answering the telephone he was given a place to sleep in the Sheriff's Office. He was not an employee of the Sheriff's Office. OXNER advised SWINK left Arizona and returned a couple of weeks ago to Mesa, Arizona, where he stayed at the Frontier Hotel

Date 3/6/64

The following was received at the Mesa, Arizona  
Resident Agency on March 5, 1964:

## ENVELOPE:

Postmarked: Fort Worth, Tex.  
March 4, 1964, PM

Addressed to: Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I. Post Office Bldg.  
Mesa, Arizona

No return address

## LETTER:

"Mar 4th - 1964  
Adams Hotel  
901 1/2 Throckmorton  
Ft. Worth, Texas  
(Phone ED-20522)

"Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I.  
Mesa, Arizona

"Dear Mr. Bedford

"This morning I was packed and ready to leave Ft. Worth but God decided otherwise. I had determined to go east today, but he said no in his way of guiding me. This letter to you is his will, I shall try to keep it brief and to the point.

"As has been shown me, the ~~'Zuider Zee'~~ <sup>Texas</sup> fish and oyster restarants is purely a big business 'Front' for a powerful communist group. It is headed up by 'Bill Martin'. There is one at Dallas, one at Fort Worth, and a new one going up at Arlington, Texas.

"At Dallas the asst. chief ~~'Al'~~ <sup>Texas</sup>, I don't know his last name, he assists ~~Bill~~ <sup>likely</sup> the head chief, is the one to get to. I believe he

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On 3/5/64 at Mesa, Arizona File # PX 105-1529

by SA LYNN W. BEDFORD/rfb Date dictated 3/6/64

drove the get away car for the killer 'Marshall' who is out of the group at East St. Louis Ill.

"Then 'Danz Snyder' the steward is the close friend of 'Al' he is in this mess some way.

*1/15*  
Bill Martin the owner who has the reputation of throwing sums of money to the help that please him, Al is driving a new Mercury and claims that it was bought in his name and paid for in full by Bill Martin, the alleged stipulation in this instance being that if Al stay on the job for a year and give Bill Martin \$50.00 a month the car would be considered paid for!

"There is a tall girl working for Bill Martin (I don't know her name) and this girl stays very close to him most of the time. She is in her confidence and knows planetary. There is obviously many more but I don't know who they are.

"I told you of the vision about 'Near St. Louis' 'Brookmeade' and the shell map given me.

"The near St. Louis' is 'East St. Louis Ill' the place is the 'Oaklawn Race Track', the 'Brookmeade' is two names, 'Brooks' 'Meade', these two are-or were jockeys, the killer 'Marshall' is out of this setup some how, there are 11 men in this set up, the above also fulfills the vision of the large grey mansion and large law with the trees on it (Oak trees).

"I am also enclosing newspaper articles which should prove to be interesting in the light of the information and clues I have been forwarding to you, in the article relating to Marina Oswald renting a new home, the statement is made that she was staying at the home of James Martin, can't help but wonder if there is a connection here with Bill Martin of Zuider Zee?

*Texas*



"Now last but surely not least, one vision I told you about keeps disturbing me, you recall the vision of Johnson in the grocery store, he receives two shots above his right ear.

"Three points of this vision keep coming to mind - 1st, no blood came from the bullet holes, 2nd - he does not go down, 3rd - he is holding an egg shaped handled derringer pistol as he stands, now then spiritually when two become married they are and become one flesh, in this light could the offence be to Mrs. Johnson rather than Lyndon? Only time can tell.

"Well Lynn why God has required that I use my last piece of change to stay here tonight is surely far beyond my understanding, never the less here I am if anyone wants to see me.

"Sincerely

/s/ "Floyd E. Swink"

Enclosed in the above letter were four newspaper clippings which will be retained in the files of the Phoenix Division.

The following letters were received at the Mesa,  
Arizona Resident Agency on 3/6/64:

LETTER #1

ENVELOPE: Postmarked Fort Worth, Tex., 3/4/64, PM

Addressed to: Mr. Lynn Bedford,  
FBI Post Office Bldg.  
Mesa, Arizona

No return address

LETTER:

"March 4th, 1964  
Adams Hotel  
901 1/2 Throckmorton  
Ft. Worth Texas  
(Phone ED-20 0522)

"Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I.  
Mesa Arizona

"Dear Mr. Bedford

"I wrote and mailed you a letter today but the  
enclosed newspaper article is the reason for the  
quick follow up.

"I picked up a newspaper this evening, the enclosed  
article was on the front page. I was reading with  
interest and when I came to the mentioned "Arthur Schlesinger  
Jr." God let me have the works, my jaws froze, my heart  
bumped, in short I got it from head to toes!

"I began asking questions and God answered, now  
remember Lynn I am relating what God told me, - This  
man was no friend, HE KNEW OF THE PLANNED ASSINATION  
OF JOHN KENNEDY! Mrs. Kennedy is in no danger from  
this fellow, but he is a Judas.

"As God shows me these things I can't help but  
wonder what chance a President has if any at all!

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On 3/6/64 at Phoenix, Arizona File # PX 105-1529  
by SA LYNN W. BEDFORD/rfb Date dictated 3/6/64

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"Lynn I want you to check me on the following, however for your better understanding rather than mine.

"God lets me know when you read my letters - and your concern.

"My first letter to you from Ft. Worth you read at approx. 2.15 pm; the second at approx. 10.00 am and the third at approx. 9.10 am. The times are Ft. Worth times, well how about it?

"Mrs. Kennedy should be relieved some how from the company of this Judas, I hope you can do something about this matter!

"Sincerely,

"/s/ Floyd E. Swink

Enclosed with the above letter was a clipping from the "Fort Worth Star-Telegram".

LETTER #2

ENVELOPE: Postmarked Fort Worth, Tex.  
3/5/64, PM

Addressed to: Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I. Post Office Bldg.  
Mesa, Arizona

No return address

LETTER:

"Mar. 5th, 1964  
Adams Hotel  
901 1/2 Throckmorton  
Ft. Worth Texas.  
(Phone ED-20 0522)

"Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I.  
Mesa, Arizona

"Dear Mr. Bedford

"Well Lynn, God got me out of bed at 6.00 am this morning. I went to the Picadilly Cafeteria for my coffee at a few minutes past 8.00 am, at 8.10 approx I began to receive signs of your reaction to my letter, only this time it was different - my whole body became weak, my arms and legs just felt like they were becoming useless. I'm glad I was sitting down.

"Now Lynn - referring to the Shell road map in the 'Brookmeade near St. Louis' vision this refers to a filling station near the Oaklawn race track, and in which Marshall is a 'co' owner, his partners I believe to be Brooks and Meade, these are part of the large communist house (Mansion) in East St. Louis, the 'Mansion' refers to a very large operation - not a literal house or Mansion.

"The 11 mentioned in my other letter are leaders in this commie operation, but surely not the total workers involved.

"The Zuider Zee set up here called on this affiliated group for a worker, they received X 'Marshall' and then saw to it that he got safely back to East St. Louis Ill. I believe that the above will just about wind up the matter of Kennedy's assassination, but it sure opens the door to the understanding of how large this subversive commie group is in our country. 1000-2

"I have stretched pennies now as far as they will go, so tomorrow morning at 11 am unless something unusual happens I will be on the street, however I still have one Air Mail envelope and will use it for something of value if necessary - so till later,

"Sincerely

"/s/ Floyd E. Swink

Date 3/11/64

The following was received at the Mesa, Arizona  
Resident Agency on March 7, 1964:

## ENVELOPE:

Postmarked: Fort Worth, Tex.  
Mar. 6, ~ PM, 1964

Addressed to: Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I. Post Office Bldg.  
Mesa, Arizona.

No return address

## LETTER:

"Mar 6th, 1964  
Ft. Worth Texas

"Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I.  
Mesa Arizona

"Dear Mr. Bedford

"This morning I am leaving Ft. Worth, at this moment I don't know which way to go. I am especially concerned over the vision of you this morning as you came to me with another man and said 'Can you mix us a couple 'Malted Milks', I am sure by this God is letting me know that I have made a mistake, if this is true, the error must be in the Oaklawn matter.

"The visions or similitudes as they may be called are true, even to the smallest detail, but the understanding of them is the difficult matter, so to err is not at all impossible. I have erred before and later God has corrected me.

"What I have sent you has been in the best understanding I have, and in sincerety of purpose, anyway Lynn till later, I am,

"Sincerely

/s/ Floyd E. Swink "

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On 3/7/64 at Mesa, Arizona File # PX 105-1529

by SA LYNN W. BEDFORD/rfb Date dictated 3/10/64

Date 3/11/64

The following was received at the Mesa, Arizona  
Resident Agency on March 9, 1964:

ENVELOPE: Postmarked: LaMesa, Tex.,  
3/7, Pm, 1964

Addressed to: Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I. Post Office Bldg.  
Mesa, Arizona

No return address

LETTER:

"Mar 7th, 1964  
El Paso Hotel  
Room 204  
Lamesa Texas

"Mr. Lynn Bedford  
F.B.I.  
Mesa, Arizona

"Dear Mr. Bedford

"I don't know why but here I am at Lamesa  
Texas, all I know is that I am still 'bloodhounding'  
this case and being moved along in positive manner  
by my boss.

"Worked several hours last night in the cafe  
here in the hotel, was asked if I cared to work for  
a week as he could use me and it would give me some  
travel money. I took him up, so here I am.

"I am highly suspicious that this stop is for  
more purpose than just a hold over for travel  
money, in any event you will hear from me.

"Sincerely,

/s/" Floyd E. Swink"

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On 3/9/64 at Mesa, Arizona File # PX 105-1529

by SA LYNN W. BEDFORD/rfb Date dictated 3/10/64

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Date 3/17/641

Mrs. GLENN FARES, Manager, Adams Hotel, 901 1/2 Throck-  
morton, furnished following information:

Mr. FLOYD E. SWINK came to this hotel on February 26, 1964. They do not keep registration cards or complete information on guests registered at this hotel. Mrs. FARES writes their name in a book and places the room number beside the name. This is a small upstairs hotel. The guests do not give any type of address or hometown. SWINK paid for one week's lodging when he first came to this hotel. After the week was up, he paid for each night and she recalls he stayed three nights after the week's rent was up. She stated SWINK left this hotel on March 6 or 7, 1964.

SWINK did not talk very much and spent most of his time in his room writing. She did not know what he was writing. He talked about having been to Arizona and believed he came to Fort Worth from Arizona. He did not leave any forwarding address, but she was under the impression he was going back to Arizona when he left Fort Worth. SWINK did not work while he stayed at this hotel. Mrs. FARES had only a few conversations with him but got the impression he was a little "odd." He mentioned something about visions or spirits. Mrs. FARES was unable to furnish any more information on this individual.

On 3/13/64 at Fort Worth, Texas 226 File # 89-43  
by SA EARIE HALEY Date dictated 3/16/64

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1  
BSH:vm  
DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA BEN S.

HARRISON:

At Lamesa, Texas

Investigation determined that there is no El Paso Hotel at Lamesa, Texas, however, there is a Dal Paso Hotel.

RAYMOND REAMS, owner, Dal Paso Hotel, <sup>Lamesa, Texas</sup> checked his records on March 25, 1964, and could locate no record indicating FLOYD E. SWINK had resided at the hotel. He said he could not recall anyone residing at the hotel recently who had been employed at the hotel coffee shop. He added he is familiar with all of his permanent residents and most are employees of construction companies working in the area.

RAY JOHNSON, owner, Minute Coffee Shop, located in the Dal Paso Hotel, Lamesa, Texas, advised on March 25, 1964, he had not employed any white men since March 1, 1964. He said the name FLOYD E. SWINK was unknown to him and he could not recall having any recent inquiries about employment.

Sheriff HENRY MAYFIELD, Dawson County Sheriff's Office, and TERRY BROWN, radio operator, Lamesa Police Department, checked their records on March 25, 1964, and could locate no record for FLOYD E. SWINK.

1  
PX 89-42  
DL 89-43  
CWE/vtp

RE: FLOYD E. SWINK

On April 9, 1964, Mrs. WILLIAM M. ~~CARTER~~, Manager of the Pioneer Hotel, 43 South Mac Donald, Mesa, Arizona, advised SA LYNN W. BEDFORD that FLOYD SWINK had checked out of their hotel during the week-end of January 23-25, 1964. He moved to 317 West Lewis Street, Phoenix, Arizona.

On April 28, 1964, Mrs. ESTHER ~~MANSTEOM~~, 317 West Lewis, Phoenix, Arizona, advised that SWINK has taken care of her yard in January or February, 1964, and she had permitted him to live in her basement as she felt sorry for him. SWINK had no place to stay and had no means of support. When she could no longer support him she gave him car fare to get to a highway so that he could hitchhike out of town. He was headed for some smaller town looking for work. She knew of no relatives or persons who might know his present whereabouts. She has not heard from him since he left in February, 1964.

On April 28, 1964, the following sources advised that they had no record on FLOYD E. SWINK:

Mrs. PAULINE ~~MANNING~~, Supervisor, Credit Bureau of Phoenix, Inc., 711 North First Street, Phoenix; *HP:Z*

Mrs. FLORENCE ~~SAVAGE~~, Records and Identification, Phoenix Police Department; *HP:Z*

Mrs. FRANCES ~~POLLARD~~, Identification Records, Maricopa County Sheriff's Office, Phoenix; *HP:Z*

DONNA ~~KELLEY~~, Records Clerk, Mesa Police Department; *HP:Z*

TOBY ~~DRUMMOND~~, Deputy Sheriff, Pinal County,

*Back Tucson HP:Z*

2

PX 89-42  
DL 89-43  
CWE/vtp:ds

*100-111111-17-11*  
*11-1-11*  
Apache Junction, Arizona, advised SA LYNN W. BEDFORD on May 14, 1964, that he had received a Christmas card in 1963 from SWINK who at that time was staying at the Masonic Home, Wichita, Kansas. DRUMMOND stated that KEN CORBIN, former Pinal County Deputy Sheriff, Apache Junction, was now working at the University of Wichita, Wichita, Kansas, and may have information concerning the whereabouts of SWINK. CORBIN became acquainted with SWINK when the latter lived in Apache Junction about two years ago. DRUMMOND believed that SWINK was from Chicago, Illinois, where his wife divorced him and allegedly got all of the money and property. SWINK then left his family in Chicago and has been "bumming about the country" since. *AK*

On May 14, 1964, FLOYD OXNER, Deputy Sheriff, Apache Junction, advised SA LYNN W. BEDFORD that he had received no further information about or from SWINK after he left the area of Apache Junction about two years ago.

Mrs. WILLIAM M. CARTER, Manager, Pioneer Hotel, Mesa, advised SA BEDFORD on May 13, 1964, that she had received no additional information as to the whereabouts of SWINK.

KC 105-1736

DL 89-43

ERF:lw

1

The following investigation was conducted by SA ELMER R. FLETCHER on May 21, 1964:

AT WICHITA, KANSAS

Through records of the Wichita, Kansas Police Department, Lieutenant Colonel JAMES H. REEVES and Lieutenant CLIFF DOGGETT, KENNETH CORBIN was located at his residence, 1178 South Terrace Drive, Wichita, Kansas. Mr. CORBIN stated he was well acquainted with FLOYD E. SWINK, but had not seen or heard from him since CORBIN left the Pinal County Sheriff's Office, Apache Junction, Arizona. Mr. CORBIN said he could not suggest any place of contact for SWINK, however, if SWINK did contact him, he would immediately notify the FBI.

Mr. S. A. DAUGHERTY, Superintendent of the Masonic Home located at Seneca and Maple, advised FLOYD E. SWINK was employed as a handy man on October 28, 1963, listed his age as 57, his race white, sex male, Social Security #361-07-0181. He terminated January 30, 1964 and did not leave a forwarding address.

Mr. DAUGHERTY said he had some recollection of SWINK making application for unemployment compensation at Mesa, Arizona, but was unable to be specific on this fact.

Mr. R. C. NAYLOR, Office Manager, Masonic Home, stated the application filed by SWINK indicated he was formerly employed by the Holiday House Cafe in Kingman, Arizona, the Twin Knob Cafe, Desert Sage, Arizona, and the Arco Auto Carrier, Chicago, Illinois. Dates of employment were not given. Mr. NAYLOR said there was no indication in the files available to him that SWINK made application for unemployment compensation. Mr. NAYLOR was of the opinion that a telephone call had been received about SWINK in recent weeks, but he said this information was in the possession of Mrs. CLARA BENDER.

Mrs. CLARA BENDER, Superintendent of Custodial Employees, confirmed the employment of SWINK at the Masonic Home. She said she recalled receiving a collect call from SWINK about April 1, 1964. However, she did not accept the call, but was of the belief the call originated in San Antonio, Texas. She was unable to add any information to this.

All persons interviewed advised they would immediately notify the FBI should they receive any information concerning SWINK.

RE: Investigation Concerning  
Three Letters Addressed to  
Texas Governor John Connally,  
Austin, Texas, all Postmarked  
Dallas, Texas, One Signed  
Lorraine Brown, One Signed  
Judge Richtburg, and Harden F.  
Everett, and one anonymous letter

The following investigation was conducted by SA  
GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

AT AUSTIN, TEXAS

Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant to Governor JOHN CONNALLY of Texas, on April 1, 1964, made available three letters which had been received through the mail by Governor JOHN CONNALLY at Austin, Texas, on the preceding two days.

1. Anonymous letter at "Dallas, Texas, Mar. 25, 1964," contained in white envelope addressed "For Sir Governor CONOLLY, Capitol of Texas, Austin, Texas," postmarked "Dallas, Texas, Mar. 31, 1964, PM" reads as follows:

"Governor Connelly,

"Too bad you had to come to Dallas and blast off about Atty Balli.

"Too bad when Oswald blasted off in Dallas Nov. 22nd, he didn't take better aim.

"I have never voted other than democratic. After the remarks you made-I shall take great pleasure in scratching you."

2. Letter contained in white envelope addressed to "Governor Connelly, Capital Bldg, Austin," postmarked "Dallas, Texas, Mar. 27, 1964 PM." This obscene letter, with the objectionable words omitted, reads as follows:

"Dallas, Texas  
2905 Holmes Street  
Apt. 4

"Governor Conally,

"We get all \_\_\_\_\_ Feds. We lay them time  
\_\_\_\_\_ hit Dallas. We got a place to put  
all \_\_\_\_\_ Feds. if you \_\_\_\_\_ git  
happy come marching here. You gavan to meet  
your friend the president.

"/s/ LORAIN ~~E~~ BROWN"

3. Letter contained in white envelope addressed  
"To Governor Connoly, Capitol, Austin,  
Texas" postmarked "Dallas, Tex., Mar. 31,  
1964 PM." This obscene letter, with the  
objectionable words omitted, reads as follows:

"Our Court House  
Main & Records Street

"Sir Connoly

"You \_\_\_\_\_ chasing \_\_\_\_\_ listen Connoly if you  
come parading you \_\_\_\_\_ in big D any more we  
is coming get you same happen to Kennedy.

"/s/ Judge ~~X~~ RICHBURG and  
HARDEN F. ~~X~~ EVERTT"

Electrostatic copies of letters numbered 2 and 3, which  
are obscene, are enclosed with this report.

The following investigation was conducted by SA BRUNO  
F. DREYER:

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS



SA 89-67

The contents of these three letters were examined by Assistant United States Attorney WILLIAM O. MURRAY, JR. Western District of Texas, San Antonio, on May 12, 1964. With reference to the letter identified as No. 1 above, Mr. MURRAY stated he was declining prosecution as the letter contains no threat to injure Governor CONNALLY. He added that there is nothing in the letter which constitutes a Federal offense. With reference to letters identified as No. 2 and No. 3, Mr. MURRAY stated that these letters do not contain any unconditional threats and there is no indication of any violation of the Federal Statutes.

RE: Mrs. GEORGIA CAMPBELL VENTURA

On May 14, 1964, United States Secret Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C., furnished to the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Washington, D. C., an envelope postmarked Syracuse, New York, May 6, 1964, addressed to President JOHNSON, Washington, D. C., which contained the following quoted letter:

"Georgia Campbell  
Hillview Drive  
No. Syracuse, N. Y.

"Dear President Johnson:

"I have startling information concerning the Kennedy deth. Please help! I need to be questioned before all is lost.

"Sincerely .

"/s/ Mrs. GEORGIA CAMPBELL  
VENTURA"

In addition, United States Secret Service at Washington, D. C., advised this same individual telephonically contacted the White House on May 6, 1964, at which time she was advised to contact the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

<sup>1</sup>  
Dallas 89-43  
AL 62-1646

PGR:jmb

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA PETER G. ROTH:

AT NORTH SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

On May 18, 1964, Mrs. ALBERT CAMPBELL, 115 Hillview Drive, advised that Mrs. GEORGIA CAMPBELL VENTURA is her daughter and that Mrs. VENTURA is mentally upset and is under psychiatric treatment of Dr. R. STUART DYER, 654 West Onondaga Street. Mrs. CAMPBELL stated she thought it would be inadvisable to interview her daughter and that she is certain her daughter really has no information about President KEINEDY's death. Accordingly, Mrs. VENTURA was not interviewed.

*K. I. V. 100-11-21-100-1*  
RE: ANDREW IVAN VOLSKY *100-11-21-100-1*

By letter dated May 6, 1964, addressed to The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, HERBERT J. MILLER, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., enclosed a copy of a letter from ANDREW I. VOLSKY of San Francisco, California, as well as an article bearing the heading "The links of a chain of conspiracies by Zion-Judaism."

The letter received from VOLSKY as well as a translation of the pertinent portion of the article written by VOLSKY is set forth below:

"433 - 2nd Avenue,

San Francisco 18, Calif.

April 30, 1964.

"The Honorable Robert Kennedy

"Attorney General

"Washington, D. C.

"Sir:

"Please accept for reading the enclosed article under the heading of 'The links of a chain of conspiracies by Zion-Judaism'. It should interest you in the part (pages 22-32) describing a murder of your late brother John F. Kennedy. It is written by myself and signed by my pseudonym ABER.

"From my viewpoint it is the most probable version of what had occurred in Dallas in November of 1963. As to my friends who read it they consider it as a truthful story deserving to be published.

"I apologize that it has not been translated into English as it should be, but I am an old man of eighty-two years of age unable to do it now. I think that somebody in your office speaking Russian (not a Jew, certainly) could to it easily.

"Hoping that my letter will meet your favorable attention,

"I am,

"Sir,

"Very sincerely yours

"/s/ ANDREW I. VOLSKY

"Andrew I. Volsky"

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Pages 22-32 of an article by Andrew I. Volsky, signed "ABER."

"The writer alleges that a number of people knew about a conspiracy against President Kennedy's life; a woman journalist (FNU) Coldwell warned about it; finally the reports reached the 'all-knowing FBI' which hinted about the plot to certain official agencies, but the only one who knew nothing about it was President Kennedy himself. No one warned him of the danger.

"After the assassination, the general public, stunned by the event, was at a loss to understand why and who would want to kill the President of the U. S. However, 'people with mature political minds and knowledge of historic facts' knew that at the bottom of all this was the Zionist Sanhedrin (Supreme Council), which resolved to liquidate President Kennedy because he stood in the way of its plans for the world domination.

"Although President Kennedy associated with the Jews, much to the chagrin of his father and brothers, and although he was elected with the help of the Jews, after he became the President of the U. S. he started to act independently and went against the Jewish policy of cold war (which they hope to turn into the 'hot' one).

"Furthermore, President Kennedy never allowed his wife Jacqueline (a French Jewess, according to the writer) to interfere with affairs of State; he had never consulted Bernard Baruch, that power behind-the-scenes. When Zionists learned of his attempts to get free of the Jewish influence, his doom was sealed.

"Lee Harvey Oswald was chosen as the assassin by Zionists because of his procommunist tendencies and his reputation as a marksman. Moreover, Oswald disliked President Kennedy because of his irreconcilable attitude toward Cuba, with which Oswald sympathized.

"The writer becomes somewhat confused alleging that Oswald went to Russia sometime after September 27, 1963, where arrangements for the assassination were made, because it was risky to discuss such things in the U. S. The writer suspects that Isaac Don Levine went to Moscow and spent a month there as an emissary of Zionists, to arrange terms with Oswald.

"Oswald's employers tested his skill by ordering him to shoot General Walker and although Oswald failed in the attempt, his bullet passed less than an inch over the General's head and Zionists were satisfied.

"Oswald was then killed by Jack Ruby to prevent his talking. The subsequent investigation seems to have been carried out for the purpose of covering up the tracks rather

"than for discovering the truth. The investigation got, for some reason, into the hands of a commission headed by a Jew, Earl Warren, rather than entrusted to experienced lawyers appointed by Robert Kennedy, brother of the late President."

"By promising to follow President Kennedy's policy of peace and improved relations with the Soviet Union, President Johnson put himself even in greater danger than President Kennedy did, according to journalist Coldwell."

"In conclusion, the writer expresses a 'firm hope' that the truth will come out in the end, no matter how Zionists try to conceal it."

Information in possession of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C., indicates one VERA V. and ANDREW I. VOLSKY, age 45 and 66 respectively, were among a group of individuals en route to the United States from Shanghai, China, aboard the SS General Gordon, voyage No. 15, on February 4, 1949, destined for San Francisco.

100-411111



Date 5-22-64

ANDREW IVAN VOLSKY, 433 Second Avenue, San Francisco, California, was interviewed in the Russian language and furnished the data set forth below:

He was born May 29, 1882, at Saint Petersburg, Russia, and is presently retired.

VOLSKY is the author of an article regarding the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, which he forwarded to the Attorney General of the United States by letter dated April 30, 1964.

In the course of this article VOLSKY blamed the President's death on zionist elements and alleged that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was killed by JACK RUBY to prevent his talking.

VOLSKY advised that all of the material in his article was a result of his reading of public source material concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY, plus an analysis that he made of the situation based on this material.

VOLSKY advised he has no information of a private nature or data which has not been made public regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY.

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On 5-22-64 at San Francisco, California File # SF 89-58  
by SAs WILLIAM F. MC LAUGHLIN and  
JOHN P. MC HUGH:eab Date dictated 5-22-64

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MM 89-35

FPG:ggr

1.

Re: PRESTLEY JOHNSON WALTON

On May 14, 1964, Mr. EDWARD SCHADE, Deputy Clerk, United States Supreme Court, made available to a Special Agent of the FBI certain material concerning PRESTLEY JOHNSON WALTON. Transcription of this material, a summary of information concerning WALTON, and results of investigation concerning WALTON are as follows:

MM 89-35  
FPG:ggr  
1.

On May 14, 1964, Mr. EDWARD SCHADE, Deputy Clerk, United States Supreme Court, made available to SA O. MICHAEL SMASAL of the Washington Field Office of the FBI two letters. Each letter enclosed a magnetic recording tape.

The first letter reads as follows:

"1. Start with tape first.

"I don't know what Mrs. LERNER's reason was for ordering Mr. K and his wife to be move out the cottage before she and Mr. ~~LERNER~~ returned that evening.

"Mr. K was next to lady and BILL CRACROFT (?) or some such name was third man and I fourth.

"As I understood ~~Mrs.~~ LERNER that evening she was speaking over (?) her husband head with him President. (?)

"She gave order for all employees except my self to clear out by morning.

"We were all present standing in the back drive. She had very little to say to any one but me.

"2. I assumed that she had just made he speech to the other men when I came in from walk (?). The men were all standing there seamly waiting for me.

"Mrs. LERNER spoke right out saying Mr. WALTON I am glad that you are here.

"We are closeing house for a while I want you to take up the call (illegible) close the doors take no calls this evening.

"(BEN) meaning Mr. LERNER and I are going to a meeting and I want Mr. K out by the time we get back. We will place an ad for more (?) help tomorrow, (?) come to the front office in the morning.

"3. BEN and I will talk to you there we must go now.

"Now due to time I must cut short the story of how Mrs. LERNER died before morning. I told BOBY KENEDY this story once and the F.B.I. more than once.

"After the funeral I went home to Louisville, Ky., and set out to inform (?) the world of what was taking place down here in South Florida.

"Doctor FERRY (?) was ready to back me up and I was on my way to a meeting with him when he was gunned down.

"I can not prove that people from Miami were behind Doctor FERRY's death, but I say this that DICK GERSTEIN has been playing around with some of the people who I suspect in the death of the

"4. of Mrs. LERNER and the Judge and his wife.

"he is a good look alike for HENRY ANNERSON (?) *11.*

"And I recall that the killer first left the gun, and later starting lions (?) (illegible) seen turned around and left his hat. later in flight dropped a jacket. I just wonder how they would look on DICK GERSTEIN.

"I still be that ANNERSON (?) was framed (?) and that the same patter fit the J. F. K. slaying.

"I know that the president was pushing Miami officalls around a little to much to suit them. I believe we were (?) get clost to something. I had been pushing (?) the president and his brother BOBY pretty hard and have good reason to believe that they were carrying through on some of the tips I gave them and that migh accout for DICK presence with some of the people I suspect. Mr. KENNEDY may have put him on to them.

"never the less I don't intent to take any chances on DICK or TOM KELLEY.

/s/ "PRESTLEY J. WALTON  
3207 S.W. 15 Ave.  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida"

A summary of the tape enclosed with this letter is as follows:

The tape begins by WALTON giving his name as PRESTLEY J. WALTON, 3207 S.W. 15 Avenue, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, the date as 2/29/64, and is addressed to President JOHNSON. In the tape, WALTON says:

Regarding the threats to the life of the President on his visit to Miami, Florida, on 2/28/64, he does not want to shake him or be abusive, but has to make the points for his protection as he would like to have been able to do for the late President KENNEDY. He wants to give some cold facts on this matter leading to the assassination of President KENNEDY. The people who were responsible for this are friends of President JOHNSON, as well as his. "On the surface," he, WALTON, is a "crank and a crackpot," running around living in every neighborhood and environment that would not be considered a decent place for a reputable citizen to live. He lives in poverty and does not make enough to pay income taxes, but can turn up three million very quickly, probably quicker than the President can, and the money will be three million honest dollars.

He goes back to 1956, right after former President EISENHOWER won the election, as the starting point and wants to tell about some people who he (presumably the President) will scream about and defend, but they are the people who are making threats against him. (The "him" referred to is not definitely clear). This can be checked with Senator JOHN COOPER and began with the murder of Judge CHANNELSWORTH (phonetic) and his wife. WALTON claims to have been an eye witness to the death of a Mrs. BEN LENEER (phonetic) and knows why she died. WALTON was in the employment of the Fairchild Funeral Home and took Mr. LENEER's place when he left to go into business for himself. He accuses the people who work with President JOHNSON as being murderers, but admits he cannot prove it, and he is sure that they were the same people who killed President KENNEDY. WALTON says they will kill him because "he has seen them kill." He names BEN TAYLOR, the City Auditor in Miami, and a man by the name of

4 p. 11/10/55

BILL CRAIGCRAFT, or HUTCHCRAFT, a State Auditor, and indicates that the latter probably works for President JOHNSON.

WALTON then goes back to relate items concerning BEN TAYLOR on the missing persons list and states that while the people were looking for him, TAYLOR was at BEN LENEER's funeral home. WALTON continues with disjointed items concerning a tape recorder and other equipment slipped into the funeral home and the fact that his wife was a fingerprint expert and photographer for Cuba.

He then goes back to mention the CHANNELSWORTH case and states the reason for their deaths was the checking of the books by BEN TAYLOR and a Federal or State Auditor.

He mentioned a suspicious white Cadillac which he was told was to be given to President EISENHOWER when he came to Miami. Since President EISENHOWER refused to use the car, Mr. LENEER took over the car.

WALTON then relates a disjointed series of items concerning someone coming into the dormitory where he slept at the funeral home, whom he subsequently identified as BEN TAYLOR. He accused TAYLOR of sleeping in a casket in the display room. He then gives a disjointed account of how former President JOHN F. KENNEDY comes into the case as a result of Mr. and Mrs. LENEER's going to a mass meeting, not further identified. He said he told this story to "BOBBY KENNEDY" and told him the man to look out for in Miami was State's Attorney, RICHARD GERSTEIN, and WALTON is going to link him to the assassination of a Dr. TERRY in Louisville, Kentucky, and knows he is linked with the CHANNELSWORTH case, the TAYLOR case, the death of former President KENNEDY and threats against President JOHNSON.

He then goes on to describe the mass meeting attended by Mr. and Mrs. LENEER as being some kind of kangaroo court which placed the death sentence on her. He will not go into this matter, but Mr. COOPER or "BOBBY KENNEDY" can tell the President how she died.

It is possible that the "Judge CHANNELSWORTH" referred to by WALTON is Judge CURTIS EUGENE CHILLINGSWORTH, West Palm Beach, Florida, who together with his wife, MARJORIE CHILLINGSWORTH, was abducted and murdered June 15, 1955.

The second letter reads as follows:

"Mr. PRESTLEY J. WALTON  
3207 S.W. 15 Ave, Fortlauderdale, Florida

"May 9, 19,64

"The Honorable Chief Justice of  
The United States Supreme Court  
EARL WARREN

"Mr. Chief Justice:

"Two local F.B.I. Men were out to talk to me concerning  
some printing that I am haveing done at a printing shop down  
town fort lauderdale.

"They were concerned mostly about me useing Mr.  
HOOVERs and BOBY KENNEDYs Names.

"I assured them that I am not Just sounding off And  
I had informed you about a year ago that I had some cases  
for you.

"To Put Senator MARGARET CHASE<sup>✓</sup>SMITH in the clear of  
any thing I do or say in this election year, I want it under-  
stood That I am backing her but she is in no way responsible,  
for any thing I do or say.

"I keep Her informed on where I stand on political  
issues in about the same manor that I keep in touch with You  
and the news editors.

"I dont contend that every thing said in this tape  
recording is correct but it is clost enought to tell the  
necessary story.

"Sincerely Yours,      PRESTLEY J. WALTON"

In the tape enclosed with the above letter, WALTON  
gives the same address and begins with no introductory  
remarks, but it appears the tape is directed to an unknown  
Senator. WALTON states:



He was visited this week by two FBI agents with regard to a petition for Mr. HOOVER's resignation and in that connection, he desired to discuss the Wilmore, Kentucky, bank robbery, which happened about five years ago. This is not the first case he had reason to investigate J. EDGAR HOOVER about. The investigation of the FBI began immediately after "Mr. LONG" was kidnapped and run into Texas to be held in a mental institution without legal recourse. Checks and balances are needed between the CIA and the FBI. There are lots of good criminology students available and they have to remove Mr. HOOVER to modify the system. Mr. HOOVER did not use road blocks in the Wilmore bank robbery and they should have been used. The State airplane was not used and he, WALTON, was not notified that a bank robbery occurred. The robbers were finally caught by two Quaker preachers and because Mr. HOOVER did not charge the robbers with the bank robbery offense, he, WALTON, is ashamed of his home town.

He gives disjointed accounts about his displeasure about the issuance of license plates in Tallahassee, Florida, and ties this in with the fact that there is no office of narcotics agents in Louisville, Kentucky, which is the direct fault of Mr. HOOVER. He then mentions a court case being prepared to get Mr. HOOVER's resignation, which will be handled by men trained in criminology and law. This is also mentioned along with the fact that there is a good jail in Fayette County, but they do not want to pay for federal prisoners to be kept there. "They" are not further identified.

WALTON then maligns Attorney General KENNEDY for having spent four years trying to get JIMMY HOFFA and finally winning a jury tampering case and not realizing he won it. He says he would have liked to have seen KENNEDY make the grade as an attorney, since he likes the KENNEDY boys, and had promised the late JOHN F. KENNEDY that he would make an attorney out of BOBBY KENNEDY, but he can see no hope for him now.

WALTON said that if there is to be any progress in law enforcement, we will have to remove Mr. HOOVER from office. "We have people trained to fill each man's position in the FBI, including Mr. HOOVER's." More action is needed in the FBI and the organization has to be "remodified."

WALTON states that President JOHNSON has some religious conflicts and he has mentioned this to JOHNSON.

He then says if "we are elected, I won't be President, but I'll be in the Attorney General's office next year and you might just as well face the fact."

He closes by asking the Senator to whom he addressed the tape to take it to Mr. JOHNSON and then to Chief Justice WARREN with a request to "let's get this resignation for HOOVER started."

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOSEPH I. GREALY:

On May 7, 1964, GEORGE J. XERNST, owner, Poinsettia Press, Inc., 325 SW First Avenue, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida, advised that he had been contacted by PRESTLEY JOHNSON WALTON, 3207 SW 15th Avenue, Ft. Lauderdale, for the purpose of printing up a prospectus on his company, the Space Craft Builders. During the course of contact, he claimed Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY was financially interested in this company, but had been discouraged from investing money in same by J. EDGAR HOOVER, Director of the FBI.

On May 7, 1964, WALTON was interviewed at his residence, 3207 SW 15th Avenue, Ft. Lauderdale.

WALTON related that he had invented an aircraft that was self-powered and could stay in the air for 30 days without having to land. He exhibited the parts of his invention that were obviously not workable.

WALTON stated that he was having a prospectus drawn up on his aircraft. In this connection, he mentioned that he had attempted to have Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY invest money in his aircraft, but the Attorney General had been discouraged from doing so by J. EDGAR HOOVER, Director of the FBI.

WALTON explained that this was done when Mr. HOOVER publicly warned the public against swindlers who might entice people into investing and purchasing stock in illegitimate ventures. He was convinced that Mr. HOOVER was directing his comments at him, and had discouraged individuals, including Mr. KENNEDY, from purchasing stock in his aircraft.

WALTON pointed out that he has written to former presidents and the current president, as well as leading political figures, concerning his invention and his interest in politics. He expressed no animosity towards any of these people.

WALTON claimed he possessed no firearms, but did admit that when he was 17 years of age he was arrested for malicious shooting in Kentucky. This involved him in shooting a Mormon preacher in the foot, the preacher having objected to his going with the preacher's daughter. He claimed he served a jail sentence of one year before being pardoned by the Governor of Kentucky. He stated the gun used in the shooting belonged to his brother.

The files of the Ft. Lauderdale, Florida, Police Department reflected that WALTON was fingerprinted as an applicant, Number C4594, on November 21, 1936, in connection with his employment as a dishwasher. The files contained no return which indicated he had no criminal record with the Identification Division of the FBI.

The following is a description of WALTON obtained through interview and personal observation:

Name	PRESTLEY JOHNSON WALTON
Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	January 6, 1912
Place of Birth	Paris, Kentucky
Height	5'8"
Weight	145 pounds
Hair	Dark brown, greying, wavy
Eyes	Hazel
Scars	5" blunt scar above right knee
Employment	Utility man at Federal Millwork Corp., 3300 SE 6th Avenue, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida
Residence	3207 SW 15th Avenue, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida
Marital Status	Married
Wife	DISORA WALTON (separated)
Former Wife	MARY PEMBERTON
Education	Third grade
Fingerprint Classification	1 U OII 250 1 T II

At the conclusion of the interview, WALTON stated he now realizes that Mr. HOOVER was not personally referring to him and he apologized for having made reference to him. He stated that there would be no repetition of this in the future. By the same token, he stated he realized that in the event he were to have people invest in illegitimate schemes proposed by him, he could possibly be subjected to criminal prosecution.

On February 2, 1959, the Louisville Office, FBI, received from JOHN NEWMAN, City Editor, "The Louisville Times," a daily newspaper of general circulation published at Louisville, Kentucky, a four-page handwritten letter signed PRESTLY J. WALTON, which had been addressed to Mr. GEORGE X BURT, c/o Louisville Times. Mr. BURT is editor of the newspaper. f.j.

Context of the letter, which was written in pencil and postmarked at Louisville 11:30 AM, January 14, 1959, is set out below:

"108 E St Catherine St  
Louisville Ky.  
Jan 13, 1959

"Mr. George Burt,

"Dear Sir:

"My Letter of Jan 8 1959 addressed to you, was not entended to be a contribution to the letters colum. and I apprecate you returning it before printing in the paper.

"I was checking to see if the paper was still in the interest of keeping Communist influnce frm spreading in America.

"I realize that news reporters dont alwas get the facts. but it seames to me that your paper has made better head line in the past few weeks then it has printed and That Statement isen't entended as Criticism.

"Your paper and others have come mightly clost to meet it self face to bace with a miss leading story about Cuba\_s problems.

"I requested the F.B.I. to check on The Batista house in daytona beach, when Fidel Castro party bought it in Bastistas name. The place was used to store and run guns to Cuba bastista, Prio and Castro. All 3 meet there a few times to my knowlidg but Bastista never lived there.

"As for the 26 of July Club in Miami and here in Louisville I have trailed the Club to all three partys. my wife is the daughter of Castros side kick. and when she left louisville to meet with bastista and Prio in New York I told here that she would be deported if She was caught at a Communist meeting here. and She said that all of her familly in Cuba would be killfed if She didnt go. We were in Federal Judg Millers office when she told me that I havent Seen her Sence. I couldnt Say that the meeting she was going to in new york was a communist meeting but I had good reasions to believe that it was.

"Whn you know the Cuban people as well as I know them you know that they do not know right from wrong.

"About the only thing they are sure of and that is that we Americans dont give a dam about them. Whe the need boad and medican they got it from hitler. I am an American to the Cubans I am the American who married Disora in Cuba my wife is call The distinguished Disora and say that She may some day rule Cuba. I doubt that but I am in hopes that She is not harmed by Castro.

"Your Truley

"Prestly J. Walton"

On January 4, 1959, PRESTLY JOHNSON WALTON personally called at the Louisville Office of the FBI, at which time he advised that he resided at 108 East St. Catherine Street, Louisville, and was self-employed as a "builder, carpenter, inventar, and aeronautic expert."

WALTON stated that although married to DISORA WALTON, a Cuban girl, in June or July 1952 at Miami, Florida, he and DISORA did not live together.

WALTON related that his wife's employment was as Director of Socialized Medicine for Cuban People in the United States. As such, he said, she distributed medicines and collected thousands of dollars from Cuban families in the United States which she sent to Cuba. WALTON asserted that he knew his wife for only one day when he married her in Miami. He was of the opinion that prior to that time she had entered the United States illegally and had been deported to Cuba. WALTON expressed belief that he would hear from his wife soon as he felt certain she had fled from Cuba as a result of the revolution and would try to contact him for aid.

WALTON spoke incoherently about Senator EASTLAND of Mississippi and Governor COLLINS of Florida having been in league with the Cuban revolt.

WALTON said he had developed an airplane which he could have flying within three weeks time to use in bombing and which the Cubans were trying to get from him for their own use. WALTON said he had been to see Kentucky Governor A. B. CHANDLER at Frankfort and offered him the specifications for the plane for use by the State of Kentucky.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES J. KEARNEY:

On June 5, 1964, Captain R. T. SMITH, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida Police Department, advised that PRESTLEY WALTON is employed as a utility man by Federal Millwork, 3300 South Federal Highway, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida. Captain SMITH characterized WALTON as "a real nut."

DL 89-43

Re: PAUL WILSON



Date 6/12/641

An individual identifying himself as PAUL WILSON, Airport Trailer Park, Trailer B-14, 10640 Gratiot, Detroit, Michigan, telephonically contacted the Detroit Office of the FBI on June 10, 1964, and advised that he is in possession of information concerning the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY which would be of interest to the FBI. WILSON stated he felt that had the information he possesses been furnished to authorities prior to the date of the assassination, it, the assassination, could have been prevented. WILSON stated that he felt this matter was of sufficient importance to warrant a Special Agent contacting him personally. WILSON mentioned that he is 75 years of age and has suffered a stroke, resulting in partial paralysis.

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On 6/10/64 at Detroit, Michigan File # Detroit 62-3550  
Dallas 89-43  
by IC ROBERT W. HAGER:sal Date dictated 6/11/64

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Date 6/12/641

PAUL WILSON, Airport Trailer Park, Trailer B-14,  
10640 Gratiot, Detroit, Michigan, furnished the following  
information:

*Excl. Op. 1849*  
He is "psychic" and he occasionally receives messages from the "spirit world". He does not know the source of these messages and does not know how they come to him except they are voices inside his brain.

He advised that on November 22, 1963, the date of the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, he awoke at about 5:30 AM and received a message from the "spirit world" which was as follows: "They're going to kill our champion". He said that he stated aloud, "What did you say?" The voice again repeated, "They're going to kill our champion".

He advised that he had no idea at that time what this message meant and discussed the matter with his wife who suggested that he should wait to see if he received any further messages. He said his first thought concerning the message was that it probably referred to some sport figure.

He further advised that for approximately two weeks prior to the assassination, he had received two other visions from the "spirit world", one of which was of a floral display in the bay window of some house and the other was of two heads lying in an old-fashioned wicker basket. He said he was unable to determine the location of the house or the identity of the persons involved in either of these two visions.

He advised that subsequent to the time of the assassination of President KENNEDY, he has come to believe that these messages and visions from the "spirit world" to him were intended to warn of the impending assassination of President KENNEDY. He advised that he has not received any of these messages or visions since the assassination.

WILSON advised he desired to bring this matter to the attention of the FBI for information. He advised that he now feels that if he had made this information available to the proper authorities prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, the assassination would have been prevented.

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On 6/11/64 at Detroit, Michigan File # Detroit 62-3550  
Dallas 89-43  
by SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR./sal Date dictated 6/11/64

DL 89-43

Re: Woman Who Allegedly Obtained Movie  
Film of the Assassination of President  
JOHN F. KENNEDY

The following information supplements that appearing on  
pages 1041 - 1042, of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING,  
Dallas, dated May 15, 1964, in this same case.

DE 62-3550  
DL 89-43  
LMC:sal - 1

Re: Woman Who Allegedly Obtained Movie Film  
of the Assassination of President JOHN  
F. KENNEDY

The April, 1964, Detroit, Michigan, Telephone Directory, which contains listings for the Lincoln Park, Michigan, area, lists CHARLES G. BECK, 916 Harrison, Lincoln Park, and ROBERT J. BECK, 1946 Riverbank, Lincoln Park. This directory contains no additional listings for anyone by the name of BECK residing in Lincoln Park.

*beck*  
The 1962 Lincoln Park City Directory, which is the latest issue of this directory available, contains a listing for CHARLES G. BECK, wife MARY, 916 Harrison Boulevard, Lincoln Park, and for ROBERT J. BECK, wife LENA, 1946 Riverbank Avenue, Lincoln Park.

*beck*  
This directory also contains a listing for GLORIA BECK, 2500 Electric Avenue, Lincoln Park. The address 2500 Electric Avenue, Lincoln Park, is nonexistent and the 1964 Detroit Suburban Telephone Directory contains a listing for one WALTER J. BECK, 2500 Electric, Wyandotte, Michigan. It is noted that Electric Avenue in Wyandotte is an extension of the Electric Avenue in Lincoln Park. *beck*

On June 15, 1964, Mrs. ANN POWELL, Clerk, Lincoln Park Police Department, advised SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR. that the arrest records of that department contain no record pertaining to anyone with the last name of BECK at a Lincoln Park address. She advised that driver's license records maintained by the Lincoln Park Police Department contain no record of anyone by the name of BECK in Lincoln Park other than CHARLES G. BECK and ROBERT J. BECK, mentioned above. *beck*

On June 15, 1964, Mrs. FRANCES MARCILONIS, Clerk, Lincoln Park City Clerk's Office, advised SA COOPER that there is a voter's registration card maintained in the records of the City Clerk's Office for NELLIE BECK, 1614 Grant Street, Lincoln Park, date of birth October 12, 1890. Mrs. MARCILONIS advised that this voter's registration card had been cancelled for failure to vote during the past two years.

DE 62-3550  
DL 89-43  
LMC:sal - 2

Mrs. MARCILONIS advised that records of the City Clerk's Office contain voter's registration cards for MARY BECK, 916 Harrison Boulevard, Lincoln Park, and LENA BECK, 1946 Riverbank Avenue, Lincoln Park, but contained no further registration cards for anyone named BECK.

On June 15, 1964, Mr. ROBERT J. ~~WELCH~~, Wyandotte Credit Bureau, Wyandotte, which credit bureau maintains credit records for the Lincoln Park area, advised IC CLARENCE H. WILLIAMS that the records of that agency contain no listing for anyone named BECK who resides in Lincoln Park. *incl*

On June 15, 1964, Mr. WILLIAM ~~RECKNAGEL~~, Manager, Credit Data Corporation, Detroit, Michigan, which agency maintains credit records for the Lincoln Park area, advised IC WILLIAMS that the only listing in the records of that agency for anyone named BECK in Lincoln Park was a listing for FRANK W. BECK, 1614 Grant, Lincoln Park. *incl*

On June 15, 1964, Mrs. KATHERINE ~~TRACY~~, Supervisor, Merchants Credit Bureau, Detroit, which agency maintains credit records for the Lincoln Park area, advised IC GERALD J. JASZCZ that the records of that agency contain a listing for no one named BECK residing in Lincoln Park except for a listing for FRANK W. BECK, wife NELLIE, residence 1614 Grant, Lincoln Park. *incl*

On June 15, 1964, Mrs. HARRY B. ~~DEGG~~, 1606 Grant, Lincoln Park, advised SA COOPER that Mrs. NELLIE BECK, an elderly lady who had resided at 1614 Grant, Lincoln Park, had died about two years ago and that none of Mrs. BECK's family now resided in Lincoln Park.

Date June 16, 19641

Mrs. CHARLES G. (MARY) BECK, 916 Harrison Boulevard, Lincoln Park, Michigan, advised that she ~~does~~ not have any movie film of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and that she had never taken any such film. She said she had never called the "Detroit News" to tell them she did have any such film.

Mrs. BECK advised that she had not been in Dallas, Texas, at the time of the assassination and had, in fact, been at her home in Lincoln Park at the time of the assassination.

Mrs. BECK advised that she had seen some of the pictures of the assassination which had appeared in "Life" magazine but had no knowledge of any other pictures or film of the event being in existence.

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On 6/15/64 at Lincoln Park, Michigan File # Detroit 62-3550  
Dallas 89-43  
by SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR./sal Date dictated 6/16/64

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Date 6/16/641

Mrs. ROBERT J. (LENA) BECK, 1946 Riverbank Avenue, Lincoln Park, Michigan, advised that she does not have any movie film showing the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas, and said that she had never called the "Detroit News" to tell them that she did have any such film.

Mrs. BECK advised that she had never been in Dallas and other than pictures of the assassination which had appeared in "Life" magazine, she had no knowledge of any photographs or film of the assassination being in existence.

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On 6/15/64 at Lincoln Park, Michigan File # Detroit 62-3550  
Dallas 89-43  
by SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR./sal Date dictated 6/16/64

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1  
PEW:vm  
DL 89-43

Re: WRITING ON CAR BEARING TEXAS LICENSE UJ 783

On December 2, 1963, the San Francisco Office advised the Berkeley, California Police Department had been telephonically contacted by Mrs. (first name unknown) X TURNER of Seven Menlo Place, Berkeley, California, who furnished information to the effect a car bearing Texas license plate UJ 783 was observed in Oakland, California, on December 2, 1963. The car was very dirty and the following was written in dust on the back of the car: "Kill Oswald." Under this was written "Art Grindle, Houston."

*1-11-5*

1

HO 62-2115  
GWK:yk

RE: WOLFGANG ERICH GUNTHER;  
DIETER SCHELL

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA RICHARD A. JONES at Houston, Texas:

*Texas*  
*Ho.*  
*Calif.* On December 6, 1963, the records of the Motor Vehicle License Division of the Harris County Tax Office reflected that 1963 Texas License UJ 783 was registered to WOLFGANG ERICH GUNTHER for a 1952 four-door Dodge automobile. *1944*

On December 6, 1963, Miss SNOW, Personnel Department, Buffalo Club, Townhouse Hotel, Houston, Texas, advised that WOLFGANG ERICH GUNTHER previously worked there as a waiter. She stated the week prior to December 6, 1963, GUNTHER and GEORGE EHLE left Houston, presumably to work at the Hotel Diplomat, Hollywood, Florida. *Texas* She advised that EHLE's address is 309 NE First Court, Hallandale, Florida.

Miss SNOW further advised that DIETER SCHELL formerly was employed at the Buffalo Club and that he left that employment approximately three weeks prior to December 6, 1963, to go to California. She stated she believes he may have driven GUNTHER's automobile. She stated she was unable to advise where in California SCHELL was heading but believed he was sight-seeing. *Texas*  
*Continued*

ART GRINDLE, who is a prominent Houston automobile dealer, advised that he did not sell the above automobile to GUNTHER.

The following investigation was conducted by SA DENNIS J. O'SHEA:

On December 18, 1963, GEORGE EHLI, 309 NE First Court, Hallandale, Florida, advised he was employed as maitre d' at the Starlight Room of the Doral Beach Hotel, Miami, Florida.

He stated he does not know the exact whereabouts of WOLFGANG ERICH GUNTHER, but offered the following information:

The American Hotel, Houston, Texas, is a member of the Hotel Corporation of America, and has made it a practice to import hotel and restaurant employees from Germany, Austria, and Switzerland. About six months previously, GUNTHER and an individual by the name of SCHELL, were sponsored by the hotel for such employment and immigrated. After a term of employment, the Buffalo Club of the Townhouse Hotel Chain in Houston employed EHLI, GUNTHER, and SCHELL.

EHLI described GUNTHER and SCHELL as sexual perverts, about 20 years of age, who dissipated their earnings. They look upon the United States as a land of easy money. EHLI stated he seriously doubted if either ever had a serious thought regarding the political situation in the United States or that either would be capable of such a thought.

EHLI stated he has had no social contact with these individuals; that he resigned his position at the Buffalo Club in Houston on November 15, 1963, and that he left there for his present address in Florida. EHLI stated when he departed, GUNTHER was still working as a bartender and he has had no contact with him since then. He stated, however, a few days before he left Houston, SCHELL resigned and left Houston for California. EHLI stated at the time SCHELL left he supplied SCHELL with the name of a friend in the restaurant business who might assist him in gaining employment. This person is OTTO THIELEMAN, 5721 Carlton Way, Hollywood, California. EHLI speculated that GUNTHER may have joined SCHELL in California after leaving the Buffalo Club in Houston.

MM 89-35

FPG:mm:vm

2

EHLI recalled SCHELL had an old brown convertible with a Texas license. The canvas top was ripped. It was his impression the car was a low priced popular make such as a Ford or Chevrolet. EHLI stated GUNTHER had an old blue sedan, possibly a Dodge.

EHLI stated he was unable to offer any further information.

Date 12/26/64

OTTO THIELEMANN, 5721 Carlton Way, Hollywood, California, advised that the names WOLFGANG ERICH GUNTHER and DIETER SCHELL were not familiar to him. However, about four or five weeks ago a young boy came to his place of employment, Mike Lyman's Sixth Street Grill, 424 West Sixth Street, Los Angeles, California, and indicated to him that GEORGE EHLE referred him to THIELEMANN. THIELEMANN stated that at the time he had no employment available for him and because the boy had indicated to him that he had no money, he gave him a dollar. THIELEMANN stated that he does not know whether it was GUNTHER or SCHELL that had approached him for a job. He further advised that he did not know where he was living, nor has he heard from him since that time. He stated that the only other recollection he had of the boy was he was carrying a small pet monkey.

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On 12/23/63 at Hollywood, California File # Los Angeles 105-15823  
by SA FRANK E. CHOVANEC:DHA Date dictated 12/24/63

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JFK

62-109060

SECTION 80

COPY 2



TRUE COPY

July 12/64

Hon Edgar J Hoover  
F. B. I. Washington DC

Dear Mr Hoover:

Generally we wait too long to tell folks, when we appreciate a job well done; so I would like to tell you now, how grateful I am for all you have done for all of us here in America, to fight against communism. You have given so much of yourself - all these years. It must be very discouraging and disheartening many times - and expecially when the high court makes decisions in favor of this enemy. God give you the health and the strength and courage to keep on with your great work.

I am enclosing an article I had clipped out of paper on Nov 22; but only just noticed how closely the man (whose face is just below President Kennedys chin) resembles the man who killed the President. Is it the same man?

With sincere wishes and prayers for you I remain  
(Mrs) Patricia McGee

500 E. Parkway  
Brooklyn 25 NYC

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

REC-43

RECEIVED

62-109060 UNREC.

10 JUL 20 1964

Wear the Hoover. Generally we wait too long to tell folks, when we appreciate a job well done, as I would like to tell you now, how grateful I am for all you have done for all of us here in America, to fight against Communism. You have given so much of yourself - all these years. It must be very discouraging and disheartening many times - and especially when the high court makes decisions in favor of this enemy. God give you the health and the strength and courage to keep on with your great work.

I am enclosing an article I had clipped out of paper on Nov 22; but only just noticed how closely the man (whose face is just below President Kennedy's chin) resembles the man who killed the President. Same man?

J. Patricia McGee  
500 Eastern Pky., S-B  
Brooklyn, New York City  
N.Y. 11225

Remain  
ENCLOSURE  
ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

sincere wishes and prayers for you  
(Mrs) Patricia McGee  
500 E. Parkway  
Brooklyn 25 - N.Y.C.

W. H. McGee  
11/16



icano

27

OUT!  
AFRICAN AID

# HANDS—OF TEXAS



1—The huge crowd of welcomers all but mobs President and Mrs. Kennedy on their arrival at the new Aero-Space Medical Health Center, in San Antonio, Tex. The smiling President tries to shake all the hands. He opened a two-day tour of the state by speaking at dedication ceremonies of the Center, at the nearby air base. Then...

UPI Telephoto



2—It's the same thing all over again as the Chief Executive and First Lady leave plane after flight to Houston. Mrs. Kennedy, unmindful of her windblown hairdo, exults at the wild ovation. Tonight, after visits to Fort Worth and Dallas, the Kennedys will attend a reception given by Gov. John B. Connally Jr. in Austin.

UPI Telephoto



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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (109-534)  
Attention: Crime Records Division

DATE: 7/2/64

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (109-4)

RUC

SUBJECT: ANTI-FIDEL CASTRO ACTIVITIES  
IN THE UNITED STATES  
IS - CUBA

Re Bureau airtel to Kansas City, 6/22/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of letterhead memorandum reflecting interview with DONALD DALE JANSON, News Correspondent, "New York Times", Kansas City, Missouri. Also enclosed are two copies each of eighteen (18) documents received by Mr. JANSON from Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, aka Shirley Martin, Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma. These documents are being furnished for evaluation by the Bureau and any decision concerning interview with Mrs. MARTIN is being left to the discretion of the Bureau.

Copies of these documents are furnished for the information of the Oklahoma City Office.

1 CCCIA min. division  
md 7/14/64

REC 37

62-10960  
NOT RECORDED  
193 JUL 16 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 11) RM  
1 - Oklahoma City (Info) (Enc. 19) RM  
1 - Kansas City

PGH:jah  
(4)

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

64 JUL 23 1964

Place cc of 2nd & 4th

in 62-10960 (as instructed)

and 125-82555 (OSWALD)

15  
JUL 16 1964

SEC 1

7/1/64

4



Conrad Ford, A.C.  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Ford:

Thank you for your sarcastic letter of the 26th.

"Contrary to your impression," it is my opinion that the Warren Commission is NOT making a "full investigation of the Kennedy assassination."

I am delighted to include a list of names of those individuals who have testimony to offer. (By I remind you it is NOT the place of the commission to determine whose testimony they will or will NOT hear. They must hear ALL testimony from witnesses associated in ANY WAY with either the assassination of the President or the shooting of Officer Tippit.)

It is indicative of the weak investigation being made by the commission that you must come to me, a private citizen, for names of witnesses to be queried.

You have asked, also, for addresses. I will list the city. Any further pinpointing in this regard must be done by you as it has been done by me with the aid of a trip to Dallas, the Dallas phone directory, and the Dallas city directory. (One of the little girls in your office can usefully employ herself for the better part of a day in this fashion.)

You have asked me for "the nature of the testimony each (witness) might give." I say DON'T WANT the "nature of the testimony" has to do with the facts surrounding the assassination of John F. Kennedy!

Let me add in conclusion, Mr. Ford, that I am too old to be intimidated by any sort of action out of Washington. Men in government mean no more to me than men in any other category. I listen only to the principles of Christ. It is precisely BECAUSE I have seen a COMPLETE ABSENCE of these principles displayed by the Dallas police, the Dallas FBI, the FBI, the CIA, and, now, by the Warren Commission in regard to the treatment of Lee Harvey Oswald that I take my stand.

1. It is my opinion Lee Oswald is innocent.
2. It is my opinion Lee Oswald was affiliated with the CIA.
3. It is my opinion Jack Ruby was ordered to kill Oswald.

Asking a remembrance of my work in your prayers, I am

Sincerely,  
(Mrs.) Shirley Martin  
Box 563  
Heminy, Okla. 5/1/64

cc: 25

LIFE Magazine, 2/21/64: Cover caption: "LEE OSWALD  
with the weapons he used to kill President Kennedy  
and officer Tippit."

There is no resemblance between the rifle on LIFE's  
cover and the rifle found by police in the Texas  
book building on November 22, 1963.

LIFE says photo taken in MARCH, 1963. But Dallas  
police say revolver used by Oswald to kill Tippit  
not purchased by Oswald until SEPTEMBER, 1963.

Mrs. Lark E. Martin and Children  
Honiny, Oklahoma

cc: 100 American and European press



The World's Press

Gentlemen:

1. Why was Jack Ruby at Parkland Hospital before 1 pm on Friday, November 22, 1963?
2. Why was Jack Ruby allowed to sit-in on the official police interrogation of Lee Oswald by Captain Will Fritz?
3. Why did Jack Ruby make a concerted effort before November 22, 1963, to draw attention away from his real place of business, the Vegas Club, to the downtown Dallas nightclub, Carousel? Why did he have a series of photographs made the week before the assassination pinpointing his affiliation with the Carousel? Why did he move from his Rawlins Street address to his Marsalis address before the assassination? The Vegas Club is three blocks from the office of former Major General Edwin A. Walker. Ruby's Rawlins Street address (his home address) was only a few blocks from Walker's home. Employees of Walker's are known to have habituated the Vegas Club. Ruby is on record as having spoken enthusiastically in favor of the ex-General and his policies. It is said Ruby once asked for (and received) an interview with Walker on the basis of Ruby's experiences in Cuba.

Should not all these things be examined by the Warren Commission?

Mrs. Mary E. Martin and Children  
Hemphry, Oklahoma

cc: 100 America, Asia, Europe, Anzac Countries

It is our opinion that due to outside pressure from United States agencies, the Warren Commission will not complete a thorough investigation of the assassination of John F. Kennedy.

It is our opinion certain commission members while deploring the violence which resulted in the death of a President, do not at the same time deplore the absence of Mr. Kennedy from the political scene.

It is our opinion that for this and other reasons certain commission members are not deeply concerned with a definitive establishment of fact, but are satisfied with fragmentary and inconclusive circumstantial evidence pinpointing Oswald.

It is our opinion that these men do not hurt in their hearts as we do concerning the loss of the President, and, therefore, are not so anxious as we that justice be done and the whole truth discovered.

It is our opinion that ~~the~~ government agency representatives are guilty (either ~~unintentionally~~ or deliberately) of participation in the assassination of John F. Kennedy.

It is our opinion ~~that~~ in Washington feel a full revelation of this fact would create in America a void in public confidence in state and federal law enforcement agencies, and, in addition, a void in public confidence in representative government.

Therefore, it is our opinion official Washington has decided this void must be circumnavigated AT ALL COST---even at the cost of honor, justice, and truth.

Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Romney, California

cc: 100 American and European press

action and speech on his part.

Chrome Deflection

We must consider why shot #1 did not penetrate the President's body as shot #2 did Governor Connally's body. Shot #1 was fired a number of yards closer to the alleged assassin's roost than was shot #2; yet, it penetrated only two to three inches and did not fling the President forward with its impact---rather (according to the Zapruder film), it flung the President sideways and back! We are told by authoritative sources that shot #1 deflected first against the chromium plate of the presidential limousine, thereby losing impact-power. Unfortunately, the presidential limousine was immediately renovated at the Ford Motor Plant, Dearborn, Michigan, under tight security wraps. No chrome plating (damaged or otherwise) was forwarded from this address to the Warren Commission although this body has been instructed by President Johnson to inspect all evidence concerning the Kennedy assassination.

In accordance with this, we are told that bullet #1 (not found in the presidential limousine, not found in the President's body, but found loose on "a" stretcher in Parkland Hospital) is the only bullet of the three which is uniquely identifiable with the rifle found in the Texas Schoolbook Building. (Bullet #2 and #3 are said to be shattered beyond unique identification.)

But, it is our contention that if the bullet deflected against the chrome before striking the President, it, too, must be damaged, and, therefore, not uniquely identifiable. However, if the bullet did not strike the chrome and is not damaged, why did it not penetrate the President's body as bullet #2 did when it struck the body of Governor Connally?

Can the authorities continue to have everything two ways?

Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
4/7/64

cc: 100 Europe, Americas, Asia, Anzac Countries

World Peace

Time will pass. Conditions will come and go.

Nothing will change the fact that in Dallas on November 22, 1963, a former agent, a former member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, a former member of the Black Panther Party, was under surveillance as he worked in a high rise apartment building with high windows overlooking the grounds of the presidential motorcade.

There are no explanations for this criminal error. The fact of it will ultimately resolve the case and expose the unholy underneath.

Rev. Martin Luther King Jr.  
Chicago, Illinois  
5/5/68

cc: 100 Europe, Asia, Middle East, Americas

MARY KURRITT

FOUNDATION

World Press

The Warren Commission admits there were "witnesses" at the 5th floor windows of the Texas Book Building at the time of the shooting of the president.

Yet, after the first two weeks after the assassination not one of these witnesses was sure in his own mind that he had heard shots fired over his head!

Ray S. Truly, Texas Book Building superintendent, told me personally the shots had not come from his building in his opinion. At the time of the tragedy, Mr. Truly was standing on the sidewalk in front of his building.

The Warren Commission now indicates it will consider anyone who disagrees with its final judgment "an incurable romantic."

This is all right.

History has recorded other "incurable romantics"---Galileo, Voltaire, Pasteur, Sola.

and while, among those of us who believe in Lee Oswald's innocence, there may not be one to equal the illustrious names above, we believe as an impressioned group we can move mountains---or shame commissions.

Mr. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Honing, Oklahoma  
3/30/64

cc: 100 Europe, Asia, Latin Countries, Americas



The Walker-Gould Hoax

Why has it become necessary to link the attempted shooting of General Walker to Lee Oswald?

The Ballistics Bureau of the Dallas Police Department stated flatly in April, 1963, that the bullet shot at Walker was a .30-'06. At this time, there were no doubts or qualifications in this regard. Yet, in December, 1963, according to the Dallas police, the bullet became "too hoagered up" for positive identification.

In November, 1963, Marina Oswald says: "Lee ~~was~~ Lee no kill anybody." Yet, in February, 1964, she tells the Warren Commission she knew all along Oswald tried to kill Walker. What happened in three months to change her point of view? In December, 1963, Marina was advised by the FBI that a return to Russia is in the cards for her. A few days later, she begins her embroidery on the Walker story.

In March, 1964 (after some of us had written to a number of public and private citizens concerning Oswald's disposition of the rifle on the night of the Walker attempt), Marina makes another post-shooting revelation. Oswald, she says, ~~could not~~ could not drive and had to leave the scene on foot. "I found the rifle in Turkecreek and retrieved it later."

It is time the Warren Commission and all those concerned with the investigation of John Kennedy's death begin a detailed study of the Walker-Oswald link. The story is an obvious hoax. But there is a reason for it. Unless this reason is thoroughly examined, the Warren Commission will have failed completely in the duties imposed upon it by President Johnson.

The fact remains: No evidence exists publically to link Oswald with the Walker attempt ~~except~~ the kaleidoscopic admissions of a wife under pressure of an enforced return to Russia.

Mrs. Mark L. Martin and Children  
Houma, Louisiana  
3/23/64

cc: 33

FBI FICTION OR COMMON SENSE FACT?

The leaked FBI report to the Warren Commission concerning the assassination of President Kennedy is said to state that Lee Oswald was the victim of a tortured psychopathic mind, and that it was this "psychiatric history, ranging from the streets of the Bronx through service in the Marine Corps and defection to the Soviet Union" which conditioned the violence of November, 1963.

On what exactly does the leaked FBI report base its implications of a "psychiatric history" in regard to Oswald?

On a single period of truancy in NY City at the age of 12?  
On a single instance of disrespect (verbal) to a superior officer?  
On the unauthorized possession of a pistol while in service?  
On his defection to the Soviet Union?

Let us examine the period of truancy in NY City. Records from this time show the cause of Oswald's truancy to be the ridicule shown him by NY schoolmates because of his southwestern twang and blue jeans. (Oswald had no record of truancy prior to this in the southwest.) The social worker who visited the Oswald apartment in NY found it "neat, clean, and pleasant." "Lee was quiet, and friendly," the caseworker reported. Mr. Kievel states that the boy's mother, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, "displayed appreciation of the agency's interest, but felt that no additional help was necessary and that Lee had no serious problems." A juvenile court of this period refused to recommend Lee Oswald for commitment to psychiatric care.

It is important at this point (since we are following the FBI example which is to accent everything "psychological") to recognize the human antagonism which sprang up between the child psychologist (who was in contact with the Oswalds) and Mrs. Marguerite Oswald. It is evident Oswald received the weight of an "official" disdain that was in reality directed against his mother! A soft answer from the mother, a timorous acquiescence to male authority, and the incident would not have reached anywhere near the proportion which it did.

As a child, Lee Oswald received average to poor grades. However, once back in New Orleans, his grades climb. He is no longer truant. In one year, he rates a full year ahead of his classmates in reading and vocabulary. His grades in citizenship range from A to B.

In the Marine Corps, Oswald rates an IQ of 110 which qualifies him as officer material. Nor do the incidents of disrespect to a superior



or the possession of an unauthorized gun or until late in what had been until then an excellent service record. (In this regard, one is inclined to wonder about the "story-within-a-story" used so often in official espionage. Other facts indicate it may have been at this time Lee Oswald was approached by the CIA for service in their branch.)

At the close of his Marine Corps service, Oswald receives an honorable discharge. One wonders: Would the Marine Corps have given an honorable discharge to a "potential assassin?" How is it that in all the psychiatric examinations given him in service Oswald betrayed no hint of that "psychiatric history" with which the FBI now labels him? Are we to rate the testimony of an embittered psychologist in NY City above that of the United States Marine Corps? Why is the FBI expressing such an open and profound contempt for the psychological judgments of the military?

#### CHARACTER DEPENDABILITY HONOR

Finally, let us examine the application of Lee Oswald to the Albert Schweitzer College, Churwalden, Switzerland. Three reference-names were required from Oswald when he made application to this European school. One reference was required from a rabbi, priest, or preacher. Oswald gave the name of his Marine Corps chaplain. Here is a letter-excerpt from Dr. Robert H. Schacht, American admissions director, requesting reference:

"...the student body is small--thirty to forty--and housed as an intimate group under the directorship of Dr. Ernest Cassara and his faculty. I speak of this because any individual who attends would need to be able to adjust to this small community which is largely a world unto itself... individuals need to be those who can adjust to such an environment ... (I require) your estimate of the applicant's character, adaptability, cooperative spirit, honesty, and dependability."

In conclusion, Dr. Schacht asks that the applicant come "to the college roughly at the equivalent of sophomores in American colleges."

Since Lee Oswald had completed his high school education while in the Marines, three people complied with Dr. Schacht's request and gave him (Oswald) top recommendations for entry into the Albert Schweitzer College (where entering students are required to be at the level of "sophomores in American colleges"). One of the three writing recommendation was Lee Oswald's Marine Corps chaplain, a man of God. These three people (one of whom was a man of God) gave Lee Oswald top recommendations in regard to emotional maturity, cooperative spirit, and character. Yet, the FBI takes issue with all of this! The FBI challenges the Marine Corps, the man of God, and Oswald's Ft. Worth and New Orleans schoolteachers.

The FBI leak states flatly that Lee Oswald had a "psychiatric history." But so great are the dangers inherent in this kind of judgment that we include here for your information a brief childhood-digest of an-

other man with whom we are all familiar:

BARRY GOLDWATER

"By the time he was 12...he discovered a fascination with guns, became a crack shot and created an incident that is still recalled. One evening, to celebrate his mother's birthday, he took a home-made 10-gauge shotgun, mounted on wheels, to the second-floor porch of the family mansion, which faced the Central Methodist Church across the way. He loaded the piece with live ammunition and released the charge at the moment when vespers were over. The porch railing was demolished but fortunately none of the worshippers was hurt...The young man did not excel at scholarship...he got poor grades...He grew up in the style of a bourgeois Huck Finn; he never wore shoes regularly until high school, and amused himself by tossing pats of butter at the ceiling."

"There was a streak of meanness in him and it cropped out in occasional pranks designed to annoy or embarrass a playmate. More than once he appropriated bicycles...It took a bristling call to the Goldwater home to recover the missing property...When the ultimate weapon (rocks inside mudballs) was introduced, Barry's inventive (8 year-old) mind was behind the innovation...There were those who said young Goldwater was headed for juvenile delinquency...He was an expert at taking embarrassing photographs of people in embarrassing situations."

"Never an especially good student, he was content to get by...it was simply that so many things outside the schoolroom interested him more than his studies...studies were, in general, a bore...he was floundering helplessly in the academic seas. Nobody could have worried less about his scholastic deficiencies than he...Classmates recall the time he arrived 10 minutes late for a lecture in economic geography. As Barry tried to slip unobtrusively into his chair, Professor John Mez ...barked, "Goldwater! Where have you been?"

"Had a date, doc," answered Barry...By the end of the school term, Barry's grades were still so distressingly poor that the principle called Baron Goldwater in for a chat...(He suggested) "that I not come back to Phoenix Union in the fall," Goldwater relates. "So Dad started looking into military schools."

WHAT CONSTITUTES A "PSYCHIATRIC HISTORY?"

Using the leaked FBI report as a source of reasoning, are we to conclude:

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover considers Barry Goldwater a possible paranoid?  
Mr. J. Edgar Hoover considers Barry Goldwater a possible assassin?  
Mr. J. Edgar Hoover considers himself a possible source of danger to the government? (Are there not some interesting psychological symbols extant in Mr. Hoover's life?)

If Oswald is to be proved guilty of the assassination of John F. Kennedy,

should this not be done on the basis of actual evidence? The leaked FBI attempt to pin the crime on Oswald on the basis of circumstantial evidence plus the innuendo of a "psychiatric history" would be laughable if it were not so horribly tragic. We would remind the gentlemen in Washington WHO SPEND SO MUCH OF THEIR TIME IN GLASS HOUSES that they are not in a position to be throwing "psychological" stones!

IS GOD ABLE OF THESE STONES TO RAISE UP ISSUE?

Because we are face-to-face with what appears to have been an obvious dereliction of duty on the part of the FBI in Dallas (Baughman, US NEWS & WORLD REPORT), it is not hard to understand the haste with which the FBI chooses to close the case. By the same token, the fact of the FBI leak to the press in regard to its report to the President and the Warren Commission makes it MANDATORY to the Warren Commission to bring in a verdict in line with the decision of the FBI. Can one imagine national newspaper headlines reading: "Warren Commission Says FBI in Error on Assassination?" We cannot.

But does the rest of America intend to stand still and let injustice go unchecked? Do we intend to abandon our Constitution (which says a man is innocent until proven guilty) to the whim of agency-image? Is a single agency's interpretation of justice to be the last interpretation? We hope not.

For if the cornerstone of the new foundation is to be Lee Oswald, we may awake some morning to find the house down around our ears.

Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
3/17/64

cc: 100

References to Barry Goldwater from: The Biography of a Conservative by Rob Wood and Dean Smith and The Extremists by Mark Sherwin

We protest the decision to alter Craig of all consideration  
investigating a trial while at the same time denying access  
to a list material to Earl Linn, defense counsel for Leo Harvey  
Gould.

We protest the same bias on the part of the commission in  
regard to the appointment by them of Walter Craig in con-  
sideration of their earlier statement that the commission  
was not organized to judge anyone and would NOT under any  
circumstances appoint a defense counsel for Leo Gould.  
Three weeks later they did.

We protest Earl Warren's statement that the appointment  
by the commission of a defense counsel for Leo Gould  
did not in any way indicate a lessening of the commission's  
conviction concerning Gould's guilt. This statement is  
a violation of the Commission.

We protest J. Lee Rankin's inference to me (on the tele-  
phone) that Marian Gould's appointment as defense counsel  
of Mr. Craig precluded to the appointment of Mr.  
Linn as defense counsel.

Since Marian Gould accepted the fact of her husband's  
guilt, what is her best point in a defense counsel for  
him?

Since Robert Gould accepted the fact of his brother's  
guilt, what is his best point in a defense counsel for  
him?

Since a defense counsel is retained by some member of  
a family to find the suspect innocent in their opinion,  
why, however, did Mrs. Marguerite Gould request a  
defense counsel to represent her son before the Warren  
Commission. Why have not heard anywhere that Marguerite  
Gould felt Mr. Craig more acceptable to her than Mr.  
Linn.

Mr. Rankin inferred to me (on the telephone) that the  
commission had retained Mr. Craig in the interest of  
the family. In light of the above facts, this infer-  
ence on the part of Mr. Rankin is ridiculous!

In conclusion, we protest the comment to me on the tele-  
phone by Mr. Rankin that no one in America could possi-  
bly wonder at the appointment of Mr. Craig. Mr. Rankin  
kindly explained to me that Mr. Craig was president of  
the American Bar Association and highly respected. It  
is our opinion, however, that the president of the A-  
merican Bar Association is NOT NOT synonymous with Col.

Mrs. Mark A. Rankin and Children  
Hawkey, California 3/4/64  
cc: 100 American and European press

May 7, 1964

Dear Mr. Feldman:

Mr. Don Janson of the NY Times recently mentioned your article OSWALD AND THE FBI. I had to drive to Tulsa to find it, but it was worth the drive. This is frankly a fanletter for the work you have done in regard to the Oswald case.

One question: According to your article, The Philadelphia Inquirer carried a story concerning Oswald and an interview he is said to have had with FBI agent, Hosty, in September, 1963, in Irving. Is the Inquirer confused on this point? Actually, the interview (described by Marguerite Oswald) took place in October, 1962, in Fort Worth. Whether this agent was Hosty or not, I don't know. At any rate, the agent had come to Lee's house in Fort Worth and talked to him outside "in a car." After the conversation, Oswald returned to the house and said to his mother: "What do you know. The FBI wants me to work for them."

There was also an FBI agent in Fort Worth (now retired) who taped a number of conversations with Oswald. Last Nov., Dec., when Marguerite Oswald tried to locate this man, the Fort Worth FBI told her they had never heard of him. She managed to trace him, however. I have his name and address if you are interested. There are a number of witnesses of this kind whom I hesitate to contact. But I would welcome help from anyone. I don't mind so much contacting the women, but when it comes to some of the "tough" customers, I panic!

Are you familiar with Ruth Paine's story concerning the Walker note? Mrs. Paine told us the note was found two weeks after the assassination in a Russian babybook which she handed to Robert Oswald and Jim Martin. We understand she told another observer that it had been found in an English cookbook. Do you have anything on this?

There are a number of other points I would like to discuss with you, but I hesitate to inflict a long letter on you if you are not interested. We are particularly unhappy with Marina's latest "leak" from Dallas concerning the disposition of the rifle on the night of April 10th. What a lot of nonsense that Walker-Oswald story is!

Finally, let me thank you again for the work you have done and for the investigative spirit in which you have approached the case.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Shirley Martin Box 566 Hominy, Oklahoma

cc: Don Janson



World Press

Recently we were asked: "Are you saying you won't accept a verdict from the Warren Commission no matter what it is?"

On December 16, 1963, Chief Justice Earl Warren told questioners that the commission does not expect to call for the physical evidence in the case, for instance, the Italian-made carbine with which the shots were fired, or the recovered bullets." (New Orleans Times Picayune, 12/17/63)

On February 25, 1964, "the commission, headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren...said that two months of investigation had 'not caused the commission to doubt the reasonableness of the action by the authorities in charging Oswald.'" (NY Times, 2/26/64)

"That evidence ranging from FINGERPRINTS (nonexistent!) to ballistics tests is as conclusive as any confession, and there is NO LINGERING DOUBT about what the commission's main findings will be." i.e. Oswald's guilt. (TIME Magazine, 2/14/64)

"We hope to COMPLETE our study and publish our report early this coming summer." (Letter from Commissioner Gerald Ford, 2/26/64) Mr. Ford thus set in February a limit to an investigation the termination of which should NOT have been predetermined.

Also to be considered is the remark by Chief Justice Earl Warren that certain testimony recorded in regard to the case would not be released "in your lifetime." Mr. Warren concluded this statement by adding: "And I say that seriously."

In light of this (and more) how can the "American people and the world" be expected to "accept a verdict from the Warren Commission no matter what it is?"

Whatever the verdict, will History receive it as consistent, constitutional, rational and scientific?

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Heming, Oklahoma  
5/5/64

cc: 100 Europe, Asia, Americas, Anzac Countries

Italics ours

## Part 1

The following is the first of a three-part discussion of the wounds received by President Kennedy and Governor Connally, November 22, 1963.

### Bullet #1

We are told the first shot struck the President in the upper-right fleshy back and that there was no damage to any vital organ. The bullet penetrated two to three inches.

We are told a hematoma formed behind this bullet stopping the blood flow. Since there was no blood flow, no staining of clothing, it did not occur to Parkland doctors to inspect the President's back-area while removing his brace, his undershirt, his shirt, and coat. A hematoma, therefore, explains away the lack of blood while at the same time explaining away the doctors neglect which otherwise might be unexplainable.

However, a hematoma restricting blood-flow to this extent would also restrict the back-drop of a bullet! Yet, we are told the first bullet fell downward out of the President's back and onto "a" stretcher on which the President was placed before entry into Parkland's Emergency Room #1.

But, if the bullet fell free, so would the blood! The authorities cannot have it both ways. They cannot have a free-falling bullet and a blood-stopping, stainless hematoma!

We are familiar with emergency room procedure. In emergencies doctors are trained to make decisions regarding bullet wounds. While the patient lives and the bullet's entry path has been remarked, it is mandatory to locate either the bullet's path of exit or to conclude the bullet retained. On such automatic emergency room methods, life depends. Four doctors in Emergency Room #1 concluded President Kennedy had been struck in the front of the throat by a bullet. One doctor (who claimed familiarity with bullet wounds) said flatly: "It was an entry wound." Two other doctors announced to reporters that the President had left their care with a bullet wound in his head, a bullet entry wound in the front of his throat, and a bullet retained in his chest!



The doctors had seen what they considered to be a bullet entry-wound in the front of the President's throat. This conclusion on their part was innocent. It was made sincerely and with no malicious intent. It was not made promiscuously. This added comment by the doctors that the President had left their charge bearing in his body a retained bullet was not medical embroidery! It was a logical declaration based on emergency room procedure as sound as the medical profession itself. The doctors assumed the wound in the throat to be an entry wound. It was imperative, therefore, for them to make a decision concerning the possible terminal location of this bullet. Had it left the President's body? Was it retained? If so, was its presence inimical to life? While life remains and doctors fight for that life, such questions must be answered because on them depends the life of the patient.

Therefore, in order to make a definitive statement (as the doctors did) that the President had left their care with a bullet still embedded in his chest, the doctors had to be convinced in their own minds that they had to the best of their ability searched his body for an exit pattern to what they believed to be the entry pattern of a bullet into the front of the President's throat! To imagine otherwise is to slander the Parkland doctors.

#### The Zapruder Film

The fact of the first shot must be considered from the evidence of the Zapruder film. The President's hands clutch his chest and throat. This is not the action of a man struck in the back. Nor does the President make a sound or a further definitive movement. Although a vigorous man (sustaining, we are told, only a mild flesh wound in the upper back), he makes no gesture towards saving either Mrs. Kennedy or himself in the ensuing critical seconds between the first shot and the third shot considered the fatal one. Yet, Governor Connally struck critically in the back, lung, and chest, finds time and strength to cry out: "My God! They are going to kill us all," before falling back into a position of relative safety.

(It is important to consider momentarily the fragmentation of the 3rd shot said by authorities to be the fatal one. The leaked autopsy report from Bethesda, Md., Naval Hospital states that this bullet which struck the President in the head fragmented, a piece flying through Mr. Kennedy's throat making the throat wound later remarked by the Parkland doctors. However, photographs do not lie, and the Zapruder film shows us that Mr. Kennedy clutched at his chest and throat at the time of the first shot, not at the time of the third shot!)

Plainly, the first shot immobilized the President as it penetrated his windpipe. Both Mrs. Kennedy and Mrs. Connally have said he ~~was~~ The penetration of this vital organ prevented both

World Press

MEMO NEWS: 6/22/64: "Ruby's mind, verging on derangement, was a disordered tangle. By turns, a Washington insider reported, he was meek, belligerent, cooperative, evasive and even, briefly, hallucinatory...He ran on about how he feared for his own life: they were out to get him, they were slaughtering Jews, they were going to cut off his hands and feet."

Tulsa Daily World: 6/21/64: "Dr. Louis Jolyn West said an examination of Ruby Friday showed an increasingly chronic state of delusions, although Ruby's mental condition remains about the same as it was two months ago."

Daily News's Washington Whirl: 6/21/64: "Handsome Gerald Ford, Congressman from Michigan, was at the dinner, fresh from Texas where as a member of the Warren Commission he questioned Jack Ruby. He called the time he spent "the three most fascinating hours of my life," and said he found Ruby "decidedly rational."

Unfortunately, Gerald Ford is NOT the ONLY member of the Warren Commission who, while gossiping, always misses the point.

With this kind of thinking to represent it, what will History REALLY say about the Warren Commission and its pre-leaked report?

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 556  
Honing, Oklahoma  
6/25/64

cc: 100

How Much Credibility Will The Warren Commission Report Give This Witness?

Dear Mrs. West:

The following quote from Ruth Paine in your REDBOOK article was interesting: "I didn't try to preach to Lee about right or wrong. I simply told him that I was the kind of person who had never been able to tell a lie."

We wonder if this statement was as amusing to Lee Oswald as it is to us? In February, 1964, we traveled to Dallas to talk to Mrs. Paine. During the course of our visit Mrs. Paine told us a number of things DIRECTLY OPPOSED to those she told you. While we realize that Mrs. Paine was under no obligation to tell us anything at all, the fact of the matter is SHE DID. Therefore, either in her conversation with us or in her conversation with you, SHE LIED. Does this not negate her self-revealing statement: "I (am) the kind of person who has never been able to lie?"

Exactly how much credibility will the Warren Commission give to a witness of this type? If Lee Oswald had lived and gone to trial, Mrs. Paine's pathetic assessment of her own "superb" personality would have been cut to ribbons by proper cross examination. As it is, the Warren Commission (and President Johnson whom the Warren Commission represents) is leaving itself wide open to an inordinate amount of historical criticism by accepting without question testimony from a witness of this type.

Our human pity for Mrs. Paine's delusions and personality defects does NOT extend to the Warren Commission which as an impersonal body should know better.

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Moline, Oklahoma  
June 20, 1964

cc: 50

Wire sent to Earl Warren, 6/11/64:

The Warren Commission is going to the well too often. If Marina argued with Oswald concerning Nixon, why did she not hide the garage rifle before Oswald left for work? Was Nixon not still in Dallas on the morning of the 22nd? If Marina went to the garage after Oswald left for work and saw the rifle missing, then, knowing Nixon was still in downtown Dallas, Marina is culpable of the crime of assassination for not notifying the authorities of the missing weapon and Nixon's potential danger.

We find it difficult to believe that knowing of the existence of the rifle, knowing of Oswald's attempt on the life of General Walker, knowing of Oswald's threat to kill Nixon, Marina would not go directly to the garage and conceal the weapon on the night of the 21st while she had Oswald securely locked in his room. Were there bars at the windows? There were none when I visited Ruth Paine in Irving in February. Ruth Paine says there was no argument that night between Oswald and Marina and that a normal evening was spent. At 8:30 Oswald went to bed. Marina, however, was up two or three times during the night caring for the baby.

Shirley Martin  
Hominy, Oklahoma

We are pointing out to the Commission by letter that Oswald's sudden docile personality on this night (the 21st) is of interest. This man "driven by a storm of black compulsions," who "beat his wife when she failed to draw his bath," who "on occasion, blacked her eye," who told her " 'I am the Commander'," who "would not let her wear lipstick or practice English," was during an argument with his 90-lb. wife "locked in his room for the night."

The complete story as originally told by Jim Martin in the spring of '64 is more interesting. Oswald on the night of the 21st had with him his revolver (the revolver he picked up at Beckley St. and used to kill Tippit?). Oswald held out this revolver and waved it at Marina and told her he was going to use it to kill Nixon. Marina ran to him, struggled with him for it and overcame him. Then, she locked the naughty boy up. What, then, did she do with this revolver? Did she hide it between the pages of the same English cookbook-Russian babybook where she kept the incriminating Walker note?

If a man has a wife like this, does he need enemies?

Wire sent to Earl Warren, 6/10/64:

Suggest Warren Commission call Cliff Roberts, State Crime Bureau, Oklahoma City, and William Keester, detective, Oklahoma City, to offer testimony concerning Walker shooting, April 10th, 1963. Keester and Roberts employed at this time by General Walker to investigate shooting attempt. Roberts had conversation with Jack Ruby at this time during which Ruby said he was 100% behind Walker and that Cuba should be blown out of ocean. Roberts described Ruby as being "A man who is very rabid in his thoughts." Keester and Roberts originally approached by Clyde Watts, Oklahoma City attorney, friend of Robert Morris, attorney in Dallas for Walker. Keester recently told Daily Oklahoman reporter, Jim Standard, there were many things he had to say about the Walker shooting but dared not. Since we do not believe the Warren Commission report will be complete without a determination in regard to Marina Oswald's questionable and contradictory testimony concerning the Walker cookbook-babybook note, we believe it essential all testimony be heard concerning the Walker shooting which the Dallas police have now flatly accredited to Lee Oswald. Will appreciate an acknowledgement concerning receipt of this wire.

Shirely Martin  
Hominy, Oklahoma

Needless to say, I did not receive a courteous (or discourteous) acknowledgement of receipt of the wire from either Mr. Warren or his secretary.

Dear Don Janson:

Here are two names. What are you going to do with them? Does it not seem logical to suppose that if the information picked up by Roberts and Keester concerning the mysterious Walker shooting <sup>was</sup> pertinent AGAINST Lee Oswald, we would have heard it shouted by Roberts and Keester from the housetops?

If, on the other hand, Mr. Roberts and Keester share secrets concerning the Walker shooting that would tend to prove that Lee Oswald's culpability in this matter was nil, they would have been advised by Mr. Walker, Morris and Watts to shut their mouths, would they not? Jim Standard tells me Keester is still working for Watts who has a morality rating of zero.

Keester and Roberts are former Oklahoma City policeman. Roberts was fired for drunkenness, shooting out street lights, etc. Keester also



World Press

We do not think Leon Hubert and Eddie Barker are reliable sources for trial balloons. May we remind the Warren Commission that we have not only a record of all previous FBI and Commission trial balloons, but also the record of the Zapruder film.

Since the Connally bullet (formerly bullet #2, now bullet #1) has already been determined as too fragmented for unique identification with the rifle found in the Texas Book Building and, since the fatal Kennedy bullet (formerly bullet #3, now bullet #2) has also been determined as beyond unique identification with the same rifle, the Commission is face-to-face with a rifle which in a court of law could NOT be regarded as substantial evidence in the case of the assassination of the President of the United States.

Therefore, since the bullets (#1 and #2) which struck John F. Kennedy and John Connally on November 22, 1963, can NOT be linked legitimately to the rifle found by the Dallas police inside the Texas School Book Depository Building, we require that the Commission produce bullet #3 (formerly the fatal bullet) which according to the "leaked" source close to Commission affairs is lying somewhere "lost in the Texas grass." This bullet, since it hit no one, may still be intact and, therefore, the only bullet uniquely identifiable with the rifle found in the Book Building.

Can the Warren Commission produce this bullet?

Sincerely,

Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 506  
Heming, Oklahoma  
5/25/64

cc: 100

C  
O  
P  
Y

To the Warren Commission:

Gentlemen:

Recent newspaper reports inform us that the Warren commissioners are reading the Profumo report for "style rather than content" in preparation for the Warren report on the assassination of President Kennedy.

While I would prefer that the commissioners study the evidence having to do with the case rather than the sex scandals of Great Britain, one cannot, of course, dictate to such a "blue-ribbon" panel their literary tastes.

I would appreciate, however, some small attention by the commissioners to the May 9th issue of Saturday Review. An article by Henry Brandon in regard to reaction abroad to the still unexamined facts of the assassination should be of interest.

Not racy, of course.

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Hollis, Oklahoma  
5/8/64

cc: 100

C  
O  
P  
Y





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Kansas City, Missouri

July 2, 1964

ANTI-FIDEL CASTRO ACTIVITIES  
IN THE UNITED STATES  
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Don X Janson X cklw

On June 29, 1964, Donald Dale Janson, News Correspondent, "New York Times", Kansas City, Missouri, advised that he did recall reading a letter dated May 22, 1964, which referred to an interview of a "Texas reporter" by one S. Martin. Mr. Janson said he did not recall the manner in which he had disposed of this letter, but the sender was Mrs. Mark E. Martin, Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma, who sometimes signs letters as Shirley Martin. Janson related that over a period of time he has received letters and copies of communications which Mrs. Martin presumably has sent to numerous other people around the country. Janson advised that on May 4, 1964, he talked to Mrs. Martin personally in Hominy, Oklahoma, at which time she was unable to furnish him any additional specific names or facts which he considered newsworthy. He indicated that Mrs. Martin appears to have an obsession concerning the assassination of the late President John F. Kennedy, and all of her conversation and communications appear directed toward attempting to prove that Leo Harvey Oswald did not commit the assassination. Mrs. Martin conversed rationally when he talked to her, but continued to put forth certain theories which appear to be her own conclusions rather than being based upon factual information. He said that these theories of Mrs. Martin had been stated and restated numerous times in communications and copies of communications which she had forwarded to him. In view of the repetitious nature of these communications, Janson said that he had for quite a while been filing most of these communications in the wastebasket.

Janson said that "Vicki" who is mentioned in the above letter as having taken notes on the interview with the "Texas reporter" is probably Vicki Martin, the oldest daughter of Mrs. Martin. Vicki Martin is approximately the age of a freshman in college and apparently desirous of becoming a writer.

**ANTI-FIDEL CASTRO ACTIVITIES  
IN THE UNITED STATES**

Janson stated that he had no idea as to the identity of the "Texas reporter" and he did not know the sources of any of Mrs. Martin's information set forth in the above letter, nor was he in a position to evaluate any of the information set forth.

Janson stated that he proceeded to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma by Braniff Airways on May 26, 1964 and returned to Kansas City on May 28, 1964, by Braniff Airways. He was next in Oklahoma City on June 5, 1964, again proceeding by Braniff Airways, but on the latter occasion, he departed Oklahoma City by automobile on June 7, 1964. Janson stated he could very well have disposed of the above letter by placing it in what he considered a trash pocket on one of the seats during one of the above flights via Braniff Airways.

REF I

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *alor*

DATE: July 3, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen *ARM*

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley

*387*  
Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REPORT  
REVIEW OF "THIRD DRAFT"

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

On July 3, 1964, representatives of the Domestic Intelligence Division, General Investigative Division, and the Laboratory reviewed the third draft of the President's Commission report. This draft, the separate chapters of which were dated during the early part of June, 1964, comprised approximately 475 pages. The report contains no criticism of the FBI or of any other agency Federal or local. The Commission states the report does contain conclusions and recommendations. The material we received does not set forth the conclusions and recommendations. Likewise, the report concerning Lee Harvey Oswald ends at the time he returned to the United States from the Soviet Union in June of 1962; and therefore, the portion dealing with the Bureau's background investigation of Oswald prior to the assassination is missing. There will be a fourth and final draft made available through a source by July 23, 1964, which will contain the final conclusions and recommendations of the Commission.

We have been advised the Commission is hopelessly split on the question of Oswald's motivation. On the question of recommendations for the future protection of the President, Commission members Dulles and Ford believe there should be a new unit within the Department of Justice having the sole responsibility of protecting the President. The Secret Service would be divested of this responsibility. Chief Justice Warren is opposed to this, believing there would be too much concentration of power within the Department.

The material received and reviewed is broken down into separate chapters, and the results of this review are set forth herein after.

THE FORWARD:

This discusses the origin of the Commission, its organization and the manner by which it arrived at the conclusions in the report. Its significant that on page 8 the report states, "The Federal Bureau of Investigation executed the detailed requests made by the Commission with dispatch and thoroughness. At the same

*162-109066*

NOT RECORDED

170 AUG 6 1964

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

WAB:RDR/sew

4 AUG 10 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REPORT

time the Federal Bureau of Investigation continued its own investigation into the assassination." Elsewhere in the forward, it is stated "As this report reflects, the actions of several federal agencies, particularly the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the United States Secret Service, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Department of State, have been reviewed in detail by the Commission." It points out "the responsible officials of these agencies were called to testify under oath before the Commission" and the Director was specifically named. It is noted the draft did not include the results of investigation concerning Jack L. Ruby. It is stated this was not set out as, "widespread publication of facts regarding the assassination or subsequent killing of Lee Harvey Oswald might interfere with Ruby's rights to fair and impartial treatment on the charges filed against him by the State of Texas."

THE TRIP TO DALLAS:

This section primarily deals with data furnished to the Commission by the United States Secret Service, a copy of which was furnished to the Bureau. It concerns the usual protective procedures for the visit of the President, and what was done for this trip to Dallas. At one point, the Commission stated "no arrangements were made for an inspection of buildings along the motorcade route, either by police or by custodians of the buildings, since it was not the usual practice of the Secret Service to make such a check." At this point, the report in a footnote states this policy is discussed elsewhere in the report. These pages were not available for our review. The Commission also stated "Before leaving the hotel on that fateful day, the President, Mrs. Kennedy and aide Kenneth P. O'Donnell talked about the risks in the President's public appearance. In an almost clairvoyant manner, President Kennedy commented that nothing could prevent an assassin from killing a President from a tall building with a rifle equipped with a telescopic lense, but he concluded that was an unavoidable risk in view of the exposure required of the Head of State and leader of a political party."

The Commission stresses the difficulties inherent in protecting a President due to political considerations wherein a President desires to be as close as possible to the people.

THE SHOTS FROM THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY:

In this chapter "the Commission has concluded that the shots fired at President Kennedy and Governor Connally were fired from



Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REPORT

a sixth floor window at the southeast corner of the Texas School Book Depository Building in a space of approximately five to eight seconds." The Commission also concludes "that two bullets caused all of the wounds suffered by President Kennedy and Governor Connally...one of the shots most likely the first or the third entirely missed the Presidential car and its occupants." The report states "not one shred of credible evidence suggests that these shots were fired from the triple overpass, the railroad yards or any other site at the scene of the assassination." The autopsy results on the President are set out and negates prevalent theories that the President had been shot in the throat and it confirms the shots had to be fired from the direction of the Texas School Book Depository Building where Oswald was employed.

THE ACTIVITIES OF OSWALD AFTER THE ASSASSINATION:

This chapter is quite specific in proving that Oswald must have been the assassin and tends to substantiate our findings concerning his movements after the assassination. The Commission established this through various independent time studies and the taking of numerous statements from credible witnesses. This section should put to rest many of the fallacious theories put out by our adversaries in an effort to confuse and complicate our task.

THE MURDER OF TIPPIT:

The Commission is very explicit that every effort was made to uncover credible evidence of a possible link between Oswald and Ruby; however, "no such evidence was discovered." They specifically state that Oswald did murder Tippit and theorized that at the time of the killing he might have been trying to escape to Mexico. The complete feasibility of Oswald being in the area of Tippit's murder and the possible circumstances of why Tippit stopped Oswald is discussed.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD; THE PRE-RUSSIAN PERIOD:

This is divided into sections covering Oswald's boyhood and his service in the U. S. Marine Corps. The Commission goes into detail about the psychiatric examinations made of Oswald in New York; and makes a damaging indictment of Oswald's mother, Mrs. Margarete Oswald, as an unstable and unsavory individual who had a negative effect on her son's development and personality. Oswald's Marine Corps history and experiences are recounted and nothing is set forth which would contradict our inquiries into this period of Oswald's life.

## LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S LIFE IN RUSSIA:

In this section the Commission speculates that Oswald probably first decided to defect to Russia when he was stationed in Japan with the U. S. Marine Corps in 1957. Details concerning Oswald's travel to Russia, his attempts to renounce his United States citizenship, and the difficulties he had with Soviet authorities in receiving permission to reside indefinitely in the Soviet Union, and his assignment to a job in Minsk, Russia are discussed. Oswald's courtship and marriage to Marina Oswald is described. The Commission points out that Oswald became disillusioned with the Soviet system in early 1961, and thereafter it summarizes the steps Oswald took to return to the United States. This phase of the Commission's report was largely based upon State Department records, interviews with Marina Oswald and information contained in Oswald's diary and other personal documents found in Oswald's effects following the assassination. There was nothing new brought out in this phase of Oswald's life that had not already been developed through our inquiries and our perusal of State Department documents regarding Oswald.

## TECHNICAL EVIDENCE:

It was noted that in setting forth the results of the various technical findings and conclusions the report occasionally departs from the actual expert witness testimony furnished. In some instances this appears in what purports to be verbatim quotes from the testimony, and in other instances it appears in the form of paraphrasing.

## CONCLUSION:

It is evident from this draft that the FBI's investigation of the assassination of President Kennedy was essentially correct, and that the Commission has not uncovered any startling information that was not developed in our investigation. The Commission's report is a substantiation of our initial report which was furnished to the Commission as early as December 5, 1964

## ACTION:

When an additional report is received with recommendations, conclusions and other material, it will be reviewed and you will be advised of the results.

*Wab*

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*

FBI

Date: 7/6/64

Transmit the following in

PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63,  
Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReNYairtel to the Bureau, 7/2/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 6 copies of a corrected LHM, suitable for dissemination, in reference to above captioned matter.

This enclosure will be in place of the LHM set out in referenced airtel.

(3) Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)  
1-New York

EWO:iak  
(5)

ENCLOSURE

JUL 20 1964

Approved: *JFM*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

62-109060-3479

18 JUL 7 1964





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

July 6, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas Texas

Doctor Irving James Thorne, 14 East 56th Street,  
New York, New York, advised on July 2, 1964, that he is a  
general surgeon and has never practiced or treated anyone  
in the state of Arizona.

Doctor Thorne advised that he had a very close  
friend, Doctor Edward Blank, who was a noted psychiatrist  
in Arizona, and that he, Doctor Thorne, had planned to go  
into practice with him. He advised that he applied for his  
license in the state of Arizona, but had changed his mind  
and never completed his application.

Doctor Thorne advised that Doctor Blank is presently  
attached to State Hospital at Stockton, California, and resides  
at 500 West Alpine Avenue, apartment 202, Stockton, California.

Doctor Thorne felt that if Doctor Blank was contacted,  
he would know if there was any Doctor Thorn practicing psychiatry  
in Arizona during 1953.

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 9 1973

NA 714  
FBI

Date: 7/17/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DL

*McAughan*  
*Py...*

Re Houston airtels to Bureau, 6/22 & 30/64;  
Bureau airtel to Houston, 6/29/63, concerning LEWIS EDWARD  
BERRY, JR.

Enclosed for the Bureau and Houston are ten  
copies and two copies, respectively, of a letterhead  
memorandum reflecting interview with STANLEY PENDLETON  
TOLAND, which interview was conducted by SA A. RAYMOND  
SWITZER.

Two copies of the enclosed LHM, together with  
one copy of Houston LHM, dated 6/22/64, have been furnished  
to U. S. Secret Service, Dallas, Texas.

Houston Office is requested to furnish U. S.  
Secret Service at Houston one copy of the enclosed LHM.

3 - BUREAU (ENCS.-10) ENCLOSURE  
2 - HOUSTON (62-2115) (ENCS.-2)  
2 - DALLAS  
RPG:eah

REC-62

62-109060-3480

7 JUL 18 1964

Approved: *107 201/114*  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
July 17, 1964

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

On June 20, 1964, Mrs. Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., 705 Harold Street, Houston, Texas, furnished information to a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation concerning her husband, Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., which information is contained in a memorandum dated June 22, 1964, at Houston, Texas.

At the time of this interview, Mrs. Berry advised that, while her husband was in Dallas, Texas, as a delegate to the Republican State Convention held in Dallas in 1964, he indicated he stayed with a friend of his from the University of Houston whose family resides in Dallas. Mrs. Berry could not recall this friend's name, but stated he was called the "Nazi" by his friends and associates at the University of Houston. She stated the "Nazi" claimed to have knowledge of the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

On June 30, 1964, Mrs. Berry advised that the "Nazi" had been identified as Stanley P. Toland and investigation conducted at Houston determined Toland was now residing at 3718 Armstrong Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

On July 13, 1964, Stanley Pendleton Toland, 3718 Armstrong Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised he was born December 8, 1934, at Dallas, Texas. He stated he is now at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Hester L. P. Toland, on vacation from the University of Houston, where he is about halfway through law school.

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**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FEEZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

Toland advised that in the Fall of 1963 he did not return to the University of Houston since he was undecided at that time as to whether he would continue law school or go into the building business with a friend in Dallas, Texas. He said he has a real estate license and acted as a real estate salesman during this period until he returned to the University of Houston in February, 1964.

Toland advised that when he returned to the University of Houston at Houston, Texas, he was harassed and beleaguered by his fellow students for any information he might have relating to the assassination of President John Kennedy. Toland said his fellow students felt that since he was from Dallas, Texas, he might have some "inside" information relating to the assassination of President Kennedy. At first Toland stated he denied having any information at all pertaining to the assassination of President Kennedy, but stated he finally tired of the questioning and informed Phillip Godwin, a fellow student at the University of Houston, that a group of "right wingers" in Dallas paid Lee Harvey Oswald to kill President Kennedy. Further, this same group of "right wingers" also paid Jack Ruby to kill Oswald.

Toland said he also informed Godwin that H. L. Hunt of Dallas was involved in the assassination and that Oswald was hired, due to his "communist connections" since this would throw suspicion off this group.

Toland stated this story absolutely has no basis in fact and was a complete fabrication on his part. He said he has no information relating to the assassination of President Kennedy and no information relating to the killing of Oswald by Jack L. Ruby. Toland stated, "What gets me is that someone would believe it -- it's so silly."

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Toland said he might have also related this same story to Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., another fellow student at the University of Houston.

In addition to the above fabrication, Toland said he advised both Godwin and Berry that he is well acquainted with Major General Edwin A. Walker who, according to Toland, lives a block and a half down the street from his mother's residence. He said he does not know General Walker and has had no contact with him.

Toland advised he made up the above stories since his fellow students looked on him with a little more respect for having "inside" information.

Regarding Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., mentioned above, Toland stated Berry was formerly president of the Young Republicans at the University of Houston and is president of the Republican Student Lawyers Club at the University of Houston. In early June, 1964, Toland stated Berry attended the Republican State Convention, held in Dallas, Texas, and stayed at Toland's mother's residence, 3718 Armstrong Avenue, Dallas, Texas, while the convention was in progress.

Toland advised that Berry was accompanied to Dallas by a "rather young, unattractive fat girl," whose name he did not know. He said she possibly stayed with Berry, although he did not know. He informed that his mother, as well as his brother, were out of the city and he, Toland, was staying at an apartment he had rented. He said he, therefore, did not know just who, if anyone, stayed at Toland's mother's house with Berry.

Toland advised the above referred to girl, he believes, is a student at the University of Houston, and he also believes she was a delegate to the Republican State Convention held in Dallas during the time she was here.



ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Toland related that while at the University of Houston, he and other law students have engaged in various political discussions. He said he has often been on the opposite side of an argument from Lewis Edward Berry, Jr. For the sake of argument, Toland stated he would determine what Berry's views were on a particular subject and then take the opposite side from Berry. He said his position in these arguments was usually to the "extreme right," and he has been called by students at the University of Houston a "Nazi" or "Hitler."

Toland advised that he is a member of the Young Republicans at the University of Houston and also a member of the Young Americans for Freedom, Incorporated, 514 C Street, Northeast, Washington, D. C. He stated the Young Americans for Freedom, Incorporated, is an organization which was set up "propagandizing" presidential aspirant Barry Goldwater and for aiding in any manner possible Goldwater's nomination as the Republican presidential candidate.

Toland advised he strongly favors Barry Goldwater as a Republican presidential nominee, as does Lewis Edward Berry, Jr. He said Berry is very strongly opposed to Attorney General Robert Kennedy and stated that, although he does not believe Berry would be capable of violence against the person of Robert Kennedy, should he be elected to some prominent political office, he believes he would be in favor of removing Kennedy in any manner.

Toland stated he has known Berry only since he attended the University of Houston and has had little contact with him off the campus. He stated he knows Berry is married, has met his wife, but knows nothing of their marital relationship. He stated Berry has rented a house in Houston, lives upstairs with his wife in this house, and operates a book store called the "Dusty Shelf" on the first floor of the residence.

Toland advised he knows of no loosely knit group or revolutionary group being organized by Berry. He stated, "If Berry is organizing any revolutionary-type organization, he has not invited me to join." Toland further stated he doubts very seriously that Berry is organizing any type of revolutionary group.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Concerning a possible hideout that Berry allegedly has in some undisclosed location from which he would operate when he gets financial backing and further organized, Toland stated he believed this to be a figment of someone's imagination. He said Berry does not have enough money to supply any type of a hideout and hardly enough money to support himself. He said the only hideout he might have "would be in his basement and he could cover himself with books."

Toland stated the only possible loosely knit organization that Berry might be trying to organize would be composed of a group of students at the University of Houston who have received tickets from the University of Houston Campus Police for parking infractions. He said Berry has informed him that he has received parking tickets with fines totaling \$240, and knows that Berry has contacted Michael McCrory, who has parking fines totaling \$180, and Thomas DeShazor, who has parking fines totaling \$140. Toland stated both McCrory and DeShazor are also students at the University of Houston.

Toland stated Berry feels if he is able to contact enough other students who have also received parking fines and is able to "get them together" and in a group appeal to the University of Houston to have the fines dropped, he would have more success, "since the inference is drawn that there is more weight in numbers."

Concerning the assassination of President Kennedy, Toland stated he has no information which would assist in the investigation of the assassination. He did state he was not unhappy that President Kennedy is out of office, but stated he certainly did not want to see him assassinated. He stated he was in favor of our constitutional government. He stated Kennedy should have been removed from office by being voted out.



July 15, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. McGowan  
1 - Mr. Hines

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of June 22, 1964,  
requesting that various possible modes of entry by  
Jack Ruby into the Dallas Police Department basement  
be checked, there are enclosed herewith two copies of  
a memorandum dated July 8, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, 71  
setting forth the results of the desired investigation.

Sincerely yours,

BY COURIER SVC

11 JUL 15

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060

JWH:job (7) *job* NOTE: The President's Commission requested that we make a time check for a man walking from the Western Union office, Dallas, to a point where Oswald was shot in the PD basement. through various entries to the basement other than the Main Street entrance which Ruby claimed to have entered.

Miss \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

12 11 02 71 24

74 JUL 23 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

610 1417 ROOM

JUL 16 1964

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Griffith  
 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
 1 - Mr. Rogge  
 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 July 14, 1964  
 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt  
 By Courier Service

EX-109

REC-58 62-109060-3481

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
 Washington, D. C.

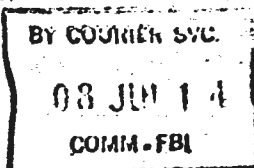
Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated June 30, 1964, requesting copies of the motion picture films furnished by Mr. John Corporon of the WDSU-TV newsroom. These films are described on page 421 of the report of Special Agent Warren C. de Brueys dated December 8, 1963.

Copies of these films, on one sixteen millimeter reel, are attached for your records.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



Enclosure

1 - Dallas (100-10461)

62-109060

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
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 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
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 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
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 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

LS:emh (10)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 14 9 18 AM '64  
 REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

JUL 22 1964

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

JUN 30 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Page 421 of the report of Special Agent Warren C. De Brueys dated December 8, 1963 at Dallas, Texas indicates that Mr. John Corporon of the WDSU-TV newsroom made available to the Bureau copies of:

1. A silent movie film taken on August 16, 1963 in New Orleans of Lee Harvey Oswald in the process of distributing literature on behalf of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.
2. A silent movie film taken on August 12, 1963, the date of Oswald's court appearance which film was made outside of the Municipal Court at New Orleans.
3. A sound film interview made on August 21, 1963 at the WDSU studios shortly after a radio show in which Oswald participated.

EX-105  
JUL 1 1964

REC-58

62-109060-348

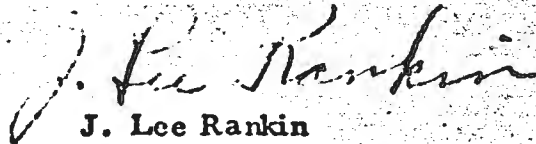
JUL 1 1964

INDUCTION  
THEATRE

We would appreciate it very much if you would forward those films to this Commission so they can be made a part of our records.

Your continued cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "J. Lee Rankin".

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

July 8, 1964

REC-58

62-109060-3482

EX-105

Dr. Joseph C. Elia  
Apartment 18  
315 South Sierra Street  
Reno, Nevada

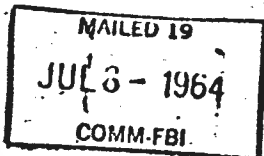
Utah

Dear Dr. Elia:

Your letter of July 2nd has been received, and  
I want to thank you for bringing this information to our attention.  
You may be sure your communication will be made a matter of  
official record in our files.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



JUL 8 12 06 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

1 - Las Vegas - Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles indicate Dr. Elia has furnished information on other occasions  
similar to the above.

CJJ:ufy (4)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
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Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
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Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



7-2-64

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am a surgeon, practising in Reno, Nevada. Please do excuse the poor typing but I am using a lightweight portable typewriter which I like to use when travelling.

While driving thru Utah early on the morning of July 1 (about 1:00 AM)--I heard a broadcast--one of those programs where listeners call in and discuss things. One listener who called into the Salt Lake City Radio Studio (KSL?) identified herself as Martha Mattox (or Maddox, I don't know how it would be spelled) from Grass Range, Montana asked something very odd. She said she noted in the televised journey of the late President to Dallas that she noted somewhere on her viewing screen a sign stating "Assinate him". She asked the radio announcer if he or anybody else had noted this too? She said she had never seen anything like this in print or any other mention of it anywhere.

I do hope that I have what bare details straight on the program--but since most stations, I presume, keep records of such things.....there might be some way of having someone check it out to be sure that this is not merely a publicity seeker. I have no way of doing anything more except passing on to you directly what I've heard.....but if it sounds as though someone should check this out, I'm sure she would be cooperative---else she would not have even mentioned it on radio. But then, I must admit, too that perhaps I misunderstood some of the program....However, I feel I should relay the information to you directly.

Most Sincerely

*Joseph C. Elia*  
Joseph C. Elia M.D.

The above is my home address, and my office is 275 Hill in Reno.  
I am visiting with friends here  
but should be back in Reno by the 6th.

EX-103

REC-58 62-109060-3482

15 JUL 13 1964

88

7-14-64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Raupach

To: SAC, Salt Lake City

REC-58

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3482

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

Enclosed for your information is one copy of a self-explanatory letter received at the Bureau from Dr. Joseph C. Elia dated 7-2-64, which has been acknowledged. Bureau files reveal Dr. Elia has furnished information on other occasions similar in nature.

Salt Lake City is instructed to contact appropriate officials of radio station KSL and to identify Martha Mattox or Maddox, and obtain full particulars if statement available. Appropriate leads should be set out to interview Mattox or Maddox if identified.

Results of your inquiries are to be incorporated in an insert and 25 copies furnished to Dallas for inclusion in report. Insure accuracy in your communication to preclude revisions or corrections, as reports will be furnished to the President's Commission and Secret Service.

This matter should be handled expeditiously. Indications have been received the President's Commission is attempting to conclude their investigation concerning the assassination of President Kennedy.

Enclosure  
1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enclosure)

KMR:las  
(5)

NOTE:

Letter received from Dr. Elia, while driving through Utah on or about July 1, 1964, during the early morning hours heard a broadcast from radio station KSL. He described this program as a type where the public calls in and discusses

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

MAILED 5  
JUL 14 1964  
COMM-FBI

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53 JUL 22 1964



various things which appear to be of public interest. One listener identified herself as Martha Mattox or Maddox, from Grass Range, Montana. She commented she noted in a televised journey of the late President's, she noticed a sign stating "assassinate him" and had asked the radio announcer if anyone else had noticed this too. She commented she had never seen anything like this in print or mentioned previously.

FBI

Date: 6/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO Dallas

RE: ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS, aka  
1118 Third Street  
Santa Monica, California

*Stephen  
Remete*

Re Los Angeles teletype to Bureau 6/27/64 concerning  
alleged perceptions by REYNOLDS in 1957 in a prediction of the  
assassination of President KENNEDY; relating a contact in 1953  
with "FBI Agent JOE BOWMAN of Oklahoma City" in which he  
reported information concerning smuggling of money from  
Governor's Office, Juneau, Alaska, to Cuba.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four  
copies of a letterhead memorandum dated June 30, 1964, at  
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, relating to results of indices check  
concerning REYNOLDS and JOE BOWMAN.

Enclosed for Dallas are two copies of the above LHM  
and 25 copies of an insert for report.

Enclosed for Los Angeles is one copy of above LHM.

Reference is made to Oklahoma City teletype to  
Bureau on 6/30/64 wherein the possibility is noted that JOE  
BOWMAN, if a Special Agent of the FBI during 1953, may have

3-Bureau (Enc. 5)  
2-Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 27)  
1-Los Angeles (89-75) (Enc. 1) (Info)  
1-Oklahoma City

DHB/jk  
(7)

REC-57

*6-2-64*  
62-109060-3483

JUL 2 1964

Approved: *66*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

THEAAR

OC 89-41

been assigned to a field office other than Oklahoma City. It was suggested that the Bureau may wish to check Bureau records concerning this possibility.

A copy is directed to Los Angeles for purposes of information in the event of further inquiry by that office.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
June 30, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

Robert Stephen Reynolds, also known as Stephen Remete, 1118 Third Street, Santa Monica, California, has advised the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he had made a statement to the Newman Club at the University of Texas, Austin, Texas, on February 19, 1957, that if Kennedy were elected President, he would be murdered; that a month later he had commented to an unrecalled acquaintance in Austin, Texas that Oswald would be the assassin; that about August 19, 1957, in a conversation with Earl Rubenstein in which he had learned of his brother, Jack Ruby, Dallas, Texas, he had perceived Jack Ruby as murderer of Oswald.

On the occasion of his interview of June 27, 1964, by an Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Santa Monica, California, Reynolds advised of additional, though not related information. Reynolds stated he had contacted FBI Agent Joe Bowman of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma in 1953 and had furnished him information concerning the smuggling of money from the Governor's Office, Juneau, Alaska, to Cuba.

On June 30, 1964, a review of records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, failed to disclose any prior reference to Reynolds or to disclose the assignment of an Agent named Joe Bowman at any time in the past.

July 16, 1964

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: SAC, Kansas City (62-8156)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReKCAirtel 6/19/64 with enclosed LHM of the same date relating to investigation of Billy George Andrews and Bureau airtel to Kansas City 6/24/64.

Bureau airtel 6/24/64 to Kansas City instructed Kansas City to submit revised pages regarding the LHM.

To date these revisions have not been received. If this matter has not been completed in your office, it should receive immediate attention. However, if it has been completed and sent to the Bureau, advise the date of your communication.

This matter should be handled immediately and Bureau advised by return airtel.

KMR:jgs  
(4)

NOTE:

An anonymous letter was put in the prisoners' mail box, U. S. Penitentiary Leavenworth, which indicated an inmate by the name of Andrews had knowledge of the assassination 31 days prior to the assassination and that the same individual spoke of the death of President Johnson. A copy of the anonymous letter was furnished U. S. Secret Service and the LHM furnished by Kansas City was not suitable for dissemination. Kansas City was instructed 6/24/64 to submit revisions and corrections, however, the revisions have not been received to date.

19 JUL 17 1964

JUL 16 1964

COMM-FBI

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9 JUL 22 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>WASHINGTON FIELD</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>WASHINGTON FIELD</b>	DATE <b>JUL 1</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>1/6 - 6/22/64</b>
TITLE OF CASE  <b>JESUS TORRES MENDOZA, aka</b>		REPORT MADE BY <b>CHARLES E. LENNON</b>	TYPED BY <b>cbf</b>
		CHARACTER OF CASE  <b>SM-C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950; IS-MEXICO</b>	

REFERENCES: WFOlet 3/20/64;  
WFOairtel captioned, "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63," dated 2/18/64, (Bufile 62-109060, WFOfile 89-75);  
WFOlet dated 2/26/64, to Secret Service, Washington, D. C., advising of information set forth in above referenced airtel.

- C -

ADMINISTRATIVE

WFO feels from interviews with the subject, that he is not engaged in Mexican revolutionary activities. Subject has admitted making the statement on one occasion that he is engaged in such activity but could recall making this statement on but one occasion and that he said it only as a "joke."

Subject has a limited educational background and is unable to hold any position other than of a menial nature. He is, on the other hand, an extrovert and is quite aggressive in

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 3-Bureau (100-392289) (1-62-109060) 1-INS, Washington, D.C. A5 493 687 1-Secret Service, Washington, D.C. 2-Washington Field (100-26102) (1-89-75)		62-109060- NOT RECORDED 199 JUL 16 1964	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report		Notations	
Agency			
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.			
How Fwd.			

4 JUL 23 1964

- A -  
COVER PAGE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

WFO 100-26102

his contacts with the public. It seems as if his ramblings concerning revolutionary matters and the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, is a means to gain attention and arouse the curiosity of anyone who will listen to him so that he can engage them in conversation.

It was vigorously pointed out to subject that conduct such as his might constitute a violation of the Neutrality Act or require him to register as a foreign agent under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended.

WFO is closing instant case but will be alert for any information concerning subject of interest to the Bureau. Subject is not being considered for the Security Index as he does not appear to meet the criteria required.

WF T-1 is [REDACTED]

Original FD-302s for interview of subject on 2/14/64, and DHARLENE MOORE on 2/13/64, are located in WFO file 89-75.

The report is classified "~~Confidential~~" since records of Immigration and Naturalization Service, reported in enclosure, were so classified.

- B\* -  
COVER PAGE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

*Reviewed 7/6/77 2040  
Classified on pg 8 Para 3 only  
all other para's & para's undeclassified*

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, Washington, D. C.

1 - Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, D. C.

A-5493687

Report of: CHARLES E. LENNON

Office: Washington, D. C.

Date:

APR 15 1964

Field Office File #: 100-26102

Bureau File #: 100-392289

Title: JESUS TORRES MENDOZA

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - MEXICO  
SECURITY MATTER - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

## Synopsis:

Subject interviewed regarding statements he made that he is involved in Mexican revolutionary activities. Subject admitted making such a statement on one occasion but said it was only made for a "joke;" that he is not involved in Mexican or any other revolutionary activities; and considers the present Mexican government satisfactory as it appears to be doing a great deal for the Mexican people. Information concerning subject's membership in Communist Party, USA, and statements he made concerning assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY set forth.

- C -

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

On January 1, 1964, [REDACTED] a District of Columbia fireman stationed at 438 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., telephonically contacted the Washington Field Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

[REDACTED] advised that an individual residing next door to the firehouse at 440 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., frequently uses the public phone at the firehouse, and on January 1, 1964, engaged in conversation with [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP I~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

[REDACTED] said that this individual, who is of Spanish or Mexican extraction, said there would be a revolution in Mexico in six months. He asked [REDACTED] what experience he had with machine guns and indicated he could get him a job as a machine gunner in the revolution. This individual told [REDACTED] under threat not to say anything to anyone of the offer.

[REDACTED] stated from this individual's general demeanor and braggardly attitude, he judged this individual might possibly be mentally unbalanced.

[REDACTED] described this individual as a white male in his late 40's, medium height, stocky build, brown eyes and medium complexion.

On February 5, 1968 [REDACTED] identified a photograph of JESUS TORRES-MENDOZA as the individual referred to above. [REDACTED] could furnish no additional information regarding subject.

Date 5/6/64

1

JESUS TORRES MENDOZA was advised he did not have to make a statement but any statement he made could be used against him in a court of law. He was further advised by SA LENNON he was entitled to the services of an attorney before making a statement.

MENDOZA was born October 21, 1906, at Purunandiro, Michoacan, Mexico. He resides at 440 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., and operates the freight elevator at the Statler Hotel, 16th Street, N. W., and K Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

MENDOZA was questioned concerning the allegation he was active in recruiting personnel for an alleged revolution in Mexico. MENDOZA said he remembered talking about a revolution in Mexico to a fireman stationed in the firehouse located next to his residence. He said he made these remarks as a "joke" to see what the fireman would say. MENDOZA claimed he has never returned to Mexico, even for a short visit, since coming to the United States in 1920. He has no regular contacts with Mexican nationals, which also applies to his family, who reside in Detroit, Michigan.

MENDOZA stated he is not involved in any activity for the purpose of overthrowing the Mexican Government or any other government, and, in fact, has great respect for the current government in Mexico. He said he feels the current Mexican Government is doing an excellent job in attempting to improve conditions for the Mexican people.

MENDOZA stated he does not belong to any organization connected with Mexican nationals or any other individuals who are interested in overthrowing the current Mexican Government or any other government. He said that when he lived in Detroit, Michigan, several years ago, he was interested and active in an organization named "Latin American Labor Council of America." MENDOZA said this organization was formed for the purpose of aiding Latin Americans in the Detroit area. This organization according to MENDOZA, did quite a bit of good work; however,

On 4/23/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 100-26102

by SAs CHARLES E. LENNON and MIKE G. ZINCK Date dictated 4/30/64

CEL:ctw - 3 -

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

WFO 100-26102

the officers of the organization disappeared with all of the organization's funds and from that date the organization was ineffectual. He said this organization is not connected with Mexico or any Mexican nationals except insofar as it helped Mexican larorers in the Detroit area as Latin Americans.

MENDOZA said he has been in bad financial shape since separating from his wife and family a few years ago. He said he is unable to hold a job for very long and can't seem to refrain from arguing with his superiors.

MENDOZA reiterated he is not involved in any Mexican revolutionary activity and made statements about a Mexican revolution only as a "joke."

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. NOT RECORDED AFTER 3484

PAGE NO. 5

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

80

OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY

REFERRAL

WFO 100-26102

MENDOZA mentioned he was a member of a revolutionary group (not further identified) in Mexico. MENDOZA gave his address as 440 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.



Date June 11, 19641

JESUS TORRES MENDOZA was advised he did not have to make a statement but any statement he made could be used against him in a court of law. He was further advised by SA CHARLES E. LENNON, that he was entitled to the services of an attorney before making any statement.

MENDOZA was born October 21, 1906, at Purunandiro, Michoacan, Mexico. He resides at 440 Massachusetts Ave. N.W., Washington, D.C., and operates a freight elevator at the Statler Hotel, 16th St., N.W., and K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

MENDOZA was reminded that he had been interviewed a few weeks previously concerning an allegation that he had made a statement that he was involved in some sort of Mexican revolutionary activities, and that he, MENDOZA, recalled making such a statement but only said it as a joke.

MENDOZA was questioned regarding any other statements he might have made concerning his participation in Mexican revolutionary activities in addition to the statement mentioned above. MENDOZA stated he could recall making only one such statement and reiterated that he did this only as a "joke" and that he was not involved in any activity for the purpose of overthrowing the Mexican Government or any other government.

MENDOZA further reiterated that he considers the current Mexican Government to be a good one and that it seems to be doing everything it can to help the Mexican people.

On June 8, 1964, Washington, D.C. File # 100-26102

SAs MIKE G. ZINCK and  
by CHARLES E. LENNON CEL/ctw Date dictated June 11, 1964

- 7 -

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. NOT RECORDED AFTER 3484

PAGE NO. 8

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

80

INS

REFERRAL

MENDOZA said he came to Washington, D. C., since the Government of the United States is here, and he feels he can do more here towards trying to help in organizing what he would like to call the Latin American Labor Council of America and again have an organization in the United States, which could aid people from Mexico and other Latin American countries find jobs.

MENDOZA feels he, or anyone else, can have a workable organization if he can get at least fifty people together, study a book on "parliamentary law," obtain a grocery store, and advance this business into a restaurant and other forms of income to help the people in the organization.

MENDOZA recalled talking to a young girl a few days previously and said he told her she could start any sort of an organization she wanted simply by getting fifty girls together and reading a book on "parliamentary law." He said he offered to give her any help he could but it was not his intention for this girl to help him in his attempts to organize the Latin American Labor Council of America.

MENDOZA said he also recalled telling this young girl and other people that he knew President KENNEDY would be killed. He based this on the fact that he had been in Texas in 1961, and overheard numerous remarks in opposition to the racial policies being pursued by President KENNEDY's administration. He could not be specific regarding individuals or the remarks made but recalled a remark made because of the appointment of a Negro to a prominent position in the government.

MENDOZA denied being in Dallas, Texas, at or near the time President KENNEDY was assassinated and denied he had any knowledge whatsoever this assassination was to occur prior to its happening. At the time of the assassination, according to MENDOZA, he was in Detroit, Michigan, attempting to persuade his son, who was Absent Without Leave from the United States Army, to return to Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

MENDOZA denied being in Cuba or telling anyone that he has ever been in Cuba, and said he dislikes FIDEL CASTRO and the present government in Cuba.

The following is a description of the subject taken from observation and interview:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Name: JESUS TORRES MENDOZA  
Born: October 21, 1906, at  
Puruandiro, Michoacan,  
Mexico,  
Sex: Male  
Height: 5' 10"  
Weight: 190 - 200 pounds  
Build: Muscular, heavy  
Hair: Steel grey  
Eyes: Brown-dark  
Complexion: Medium-dark  
Nationality: Mexican, Indian  
Marital Status: Divorced in 1948, from  
MANUELA MENDOZA  
Employment: Freight elevator operator,  
Statler Hotel, Washington,  
D. C.,  
Residence: 440 Massachusetts Avenue,  
N.W., Washington, D.C.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535  
July , 1964

Title: JESUS TORRES MENDOZA

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - MEXICO;  
SECURITY MATTER - C;  
INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reference: Report of SA CHARLES E. LENNON,  
dated and captioned as above  
at Washington, D. C.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : Legat, Rome (62-168) (P)

DATE: July 7, 1964

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F.  
KENNEDY, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

The enclosed letterhead memorandum sets out an article which appeared in the June 30, 1964, issue of "L'Unita", Italian language organ of the Communist Party of Italy.

This office is remaining alert and any further pertinent information coming to the attention of this office will be promptly reported to the Bureau.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-3485

EX-105

REC-60

62-109060-3485

2 JUL 15 1964

Let to AG. 7/15/64  
cc for info  
6-true

APR  
True

3 - Bureau (1 - Liaison Section)  
(Enc. 5)  
1 - Rome 62-168

JCM:oc  
(4)

ENCLOSURE

REC-69 62-1090 60-3485

**July 15, 1964**

**BY COURIER SERVICE**

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

**Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.**

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a memorandum dated July 7, 1964, Washington, D. C., captioned "Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas." The memorandum pertains to an article which appeared in the June 30, 1964, issue of "L'Unita," a Rome Italian-language organ of the Communist Party of Italy.

In view of the information contained in this article concerning the Attorney General, this memorandum is also being furnished to the Attorney General.

62-109060  
KMR:las  
(8) *las*

BY COURIER SVC.

Sincerely yours,

11 JUL 1951

**COMM - FBI**

**J. Edgar Hoover**

**Enclosures (2)**

**NOTE:**

Legat, Rome by letter 7-7-64, furnished a LHM setting out the article which refers to various statements made by the Attorney General on his recent European trip. LHM being furnished to the Attorney General.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_

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4-1964

TELETYPE UNIT

43:50 2 106





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

July 7, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F.  
KENNEDY, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas

The following article appeared in the June 30, 1964, issue of "L'Unita", a Rome Italian-language organ of the Communist Party of Italy.

Death of Kennedy Evoked by Brother

According to Bob, the mysterious crime was committed by Oswald, an "anti-social," a "human wreck"

At the conclusion of a speech delivered to the students of the ancient Polish University at Jaghelloni, Attorney General Robert Kennedy commented on the death of his brother and on the personality of Oswald. His statements appear to be very disturbing and, errors excepted, sharply contrast many facts, as well as the attitudes, statements, and acts of Robert Kennedy himself after the tragic events in Dallas.

In response to a question of the President of the Student Association of Krakow, Hieronim Kubiak, Kennedy expressed the conviction that his brother had been killed by Oswald and that Oswald "acted on his own initiative and alone." The Attorney General denied any political intrigue and excluded any suspicion of a plot. He also excluded, with unusual coolness, the suspicious matter of Jack Ruby and did not explain the reason for the killing of Oswald. He went as far as to say that "Oswald was an admitted communist", acknowledging

3  
JUL 10 1964



immediately afterwards that "the communists, because of his attitude, had nothing to do with him." Robert Kennedy said that, in his opinion, Oswald's act was not motivated by ideology; it was the single act of an individual protesting against society."

The thesis of Kennedy (now) is that Oswald was a "human wreck of society," an "anti-social", dissatisfied both with the United States and with Russia, who "felt that the only means to express his strong resentment against society and his dissatisfaction with the way in which he was treated was to kill the President of the United States." In this way Bob Kennedy has brought to a final close the file on his brother.

FBI

Date: 7/16/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, OMAHA (89-20)(RUC)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63 Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: Dallas

Retel from Dallas 7/6/64 and Omaha airtel to  
Bureau 7/11/64.

The following inquiry was conducted by SA HAROLD  
W. BRUEGGEMAN:

[REDACTED] Siesta Motel, Iowa City, Iowa,  
advised on 7/15/64 that FREDERICK ROBERT PEPPER is confined  
to the Veterans Administration (VA) Hospital, Iowa City,  
Iowa, for mental treatment.

Records of the VA Hospital, Iowa City, made avail-  
able by [REDACTED] revealed that  
[PEPPER] has been confined there since 3/63; is a [REDACTED]  
and is in a security ward. [REDACTED] PEPPER's  
doctor, advised on 7/15/64 that any interview with [PEPPER]  
now or in the foreseeable future would likely upset him and  
retard his treatment and she opposed such an interview. She  
also stated that due to his condition any information  
furnished by him would be very unreliable.

In view of above, [PEPPER] was not interviewed.

- (3) - Bureau  
2 - Dallas (89-43)  
1 - Omaha

HWB:mrh  
(6)

REC-33

ST-110

62-109060-3486

7 JUL 18 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M

Special Agent in Charge

53 JUL 23 1964

OM 89-20-

[REDACTED] was contacted at the Siesta Motel, Iowa City, Iowa, and she advised that several years ago, she vaguely recalled that FREDERICK PEPPER had mentioned to her he knew someone at the University of Texas who claimed he could forecast future events, but he did not mention this person's name, nor did he mention any of the events this person claimed to foresee.



FBI

Date: 7/16/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT...  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
OO: Dallas

Re Dallas airtel to Little Rock, 7/7/64; Dallas airtel to Bureau, 7/9/64, both relating to information furnished by DAVID MOREY WASS, JR. and requesting interview of JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK, Arkoma, Oklahoma.

Enclosed to Bureau: Ten (10) copies of letterhead memorandum, dated 7/16/64 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, covering interview of JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK.

Enclosed to Dallas: Three (3) copies of letterhead memorandum, dated 7/16/64 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, covering LOUDERMILK (2 - Secret Service, Dallas, Texas); 25 copies of FD-302, interview of JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK, 7/6/64, at Arkoma, Oklahoma.

Enclosed to Houston: One (1) copy of above letterhead memorandum for information in view of investigative interest.

10- ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. - 10)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. - 28)  
1 - Houston (62-2115) (Info) (Enc. - 1)  
1 - Oklahoma City

DHB:bnm  
(7)

C. Wick

100-20-1-100  
0-141-88  
C.G. Dext.  
S. G. Dext.  
4/20/64

REC-33

ST-110

62-109060-3487

18 JUL 18 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

53 JUL 23 1964

PAGE THREE

AIR MAIL COPIES FURNISHED CHICAGO, OKLAHOMA CITY,  
PHOENIX, SAN FRANCISCO, DALLAS, AND LOS ANGELES.

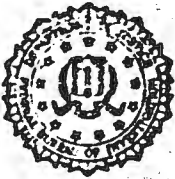
END

WA JRL

FBI WASH DC

CLRP

CC-MR. SULLIVAN



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma  
July 16, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

The following investigation supplements  
information furnished under date June 22, 1964, by  
David Morey Wass, Jr. at Dallas, Texas, and information  
submitted under date of July 2, 1964, at Houston, Texas;  
information submitted under date July 9, 1964, at Dallas,  
Texas.

On July 6, 1964, Mr. James Wiley Loudermilk,  
Arkoma, Oklahoma, advised that in January, 1964, he and  
one James Christian of Arkoma, Oklahoma, were in Long  
Beach, California, out of work.

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 9 1973

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

They were traveling in a 1958 Plymouth, the property of Loudermilk. When unable to obtain employment in Long Beach, they traveled in this same vehicle to the home of Louise Munn, an aunt of Loudermilk's, 211 North Kauffman, Seagoville, Texas. At Seagoville they lived at the home of Mrs. Munn and obtained employment with the Wolf-Denning Ladder Corporation at Seagoville where they both were employed until April 1, 1964, when Loudermilk resigned after some differences arose between Loudermilk and his foreman, Adrian Thornton. Loudermilk returned to Arkoma, Oklahoma. James Christian remained in the employment of the Wolf-Denning Ladder Company at Seagoville.

Approximately the middle of April, 1964, Loudermilk returned to Dallas, Texas, via bus. At the time he stepped off the bus in Dallas, he became very ill and passed out on the street. He was taken to the Baylor Hospital in Dallas by a passing taxi driver, remained in the hospital for a period of one week, and was released.

After Loudermilk's release from the hospital he went to the Dallas Tent and Awning Company where he obtained employment, his time of entry on duty being the following Monday. Loudermilk worked for the Dallas Tent and Awning Company until Wednesday, June 24, 1964, and while so employed resided at the Hill Hotel, Room 5, 911 Haskell Street in Dallas. When he resigned from the Tent and Awning Company on June 24, 1964, he returned to Arkoma, Oklahoma, where he has been residing since.

Loudermilk claimed he had been arrested only one time, in 1960 when he, along with one Frankie Ross of Fort Smith, Arkansas, was arrested and paid a \$25 fine for taking coins from a Coca-Cola machine in Fort Smith.

He said that approximately the latter part of May or the first of June, 1964, which was about three weeks before he left Dallas to return to Arkoma, Oklahoma, he met one David Wass in the El Dorado Lounge, located in the 1000 Block Haskell Street in Dallas. During this three week period they visited on several occasions at the El Dorado Bar and also swam together in the pool connected with the apartment where Wass was residing. He stated that one night when both were very drunk, he had stayed at the apartment with WASS.



ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Loudermilk stated that his conversations with Wass were general and concerned no particular topic. He did recall, however, that on an occasion or two they did discuss the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, but only in a general way and from what they had read in the papers, not from actual knowledge. He said he did remember that during one of their conversations someone in the crowd at the bar remarked, "I wonder who is going to shoot Jack Ruby." He could not remember the name of the individual who made this remark, but described him as a large, fat man whom they had met at the lounge, an individual who claimed he had been a member of a Syndicate in and around Dallas. He did not identify the Syndicate or any alleged members of a Syndicate. Loudermilk claimed he saw this man on only one or two occasions, each time at the lounge. He claimed that on another occasion he did hear this unidentified fat man talk about a magazine article he had read in the Saturday Evening Post, an article indicating that the associates of James Hoffa might try to kill Bobby Kennedy. To the best of his memory, this was the only mention of Bobby Kennedy, and at no time did he recall hearing anyone remark that there had been any intent by anyone to kill Bobby Kennedy.

Loudermilk advised that while he could not identify the fat man at the lounge, one Fred Brown, an employee at the El Dorado Lounge, would probably be able to furnish the name and employment of the fat man in question.

He said he was not acquainted with a Francis Golden or any person named Colletti; however, on one occasion, Wass asked him if he would get rid of Colletti for Wass. He told Wass that he did not even know the man. Wass then tried to get him to go to Port Arthur, Texas, with him, but Loudermilk refused. During the remainder of the evening, Loudermilk said that Wass continued his efforts to get Loudermilk to get rid of Colletti, but at no time was an offer made by either party. He said the reason Wass wanted Colletti eliminated was never explained in detail, but it was in regard to a beating Colletti allegedly gave Wass in Port Arthur, Texas.

Loudermilk denied that he is or ever has been a member of any type of Syndicate in Dallas or anywhere else. To the best of his knowledge, he had never discussed a Syndicate with anyone.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

Loudermilk added that he did remember that the fat man at the lounge on one occasion remarked that Jack Ruby was a member of a Syndicate; that the Syndicate probably would get rid of Ruby, as the act of Ruby would leave a black mark on the Syndicate. Loudermilk claimed that at no time did he know what the fat man was talking about.

In regard to Bill Hayden, Jr., Loudermilk stated that he met Hayden in Baylor Hospital, Hayden being a patient there during the same period that Loudermilk was confined, an acquaintanceship of only one week. His only contact with Hayden since had been by telephone when, at the request of Hayden, he, Loudermilk, assisted one Bill Waters, a friend of Hayden, in obtaining employment at the Dallas Tent and Awning Company. In turn, Loudermilk was going to request that Hayden assist David Wass in obtaining employment. He said this was his only association with and knowledge of Hayden; that he had no knowledge that Hayden might be a member of a Syndicate; that at no time had Hayden mentioned a Syndicate. He said he does not know the address or place of employment of Hayden but, while, they were together in the hospital, Hayden had told him he, Hayden, was a Certified Public Accountant operating his own firm in Dallas. He said Hayden is a man approximately 40 to 45 years of age.

Loudermilk denied that he had ever carried a badge of any type; denied any knowledge of a Syndicate operating in the vicinity of Dallas, Texas, and denied knowledge of the assassination of President Kennedy, other than what he had read in various newspapers, and heard on radio and television. He added that at no time had he ever claimed to be a member of a Syndicate, nor had he ever claimed to be acquainted with or associated with members of any Syndicate.

Loudermilk stated he has been married three times, his first wife being Paula Brown Loudermilk, by whom he has a son named Dave Collins. He said he had been divorced from Paula in 1961 at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

He then married one Trudy Young of Fort Smith, Arkansas, from whom he had been divorced at Fort Smith, Arkansas, in May, 1964. He then married one Maxine Holmes, also known as Cindy, a striptease dancer at the Top Hat Club near Fort Smith. At the present time they are separated but not divorced.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

The following is a description of Loudermilk, as obtained through interview and observation:

Name	James Wiley Loudermilk, also known as Hoagie
Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	July 29, 1939
Place of Birth	Pocola, Oklahoma
Height	6'
Weight	155
Build	Slender
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Hazel
Complexion	Ruddy
Address	Arkoma, Oklahoma
Education	High School graduate

7-17-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: SAC, <sup>109</sup>Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3488

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

B 12-7 1900-  
atlas

Enclosed is one true copy of a letter written by George D. Stewart, Box 300 Wichita Falls, Texas, Texas State Hospital, received at the Bureau. The letter was postmarked July 11, 1964.

Stewart makes various allegations concerning conditions at the hospital and it appears he is confined there as a mental patient. However, included among his comments which are noted on the second page, he makes reference to the "Chief Engineer of President Kennedy's assassin."

Contact officials of the hospital to determine circumstances why Stewart has been committed. Subsequently, if he is a mental patient, the information from official records plus Stewart's letter should be incorporated into a subsequent report.

Based on information furnished, George Dewey Stewart was not identified in Bureau files.

Enclosure

KMR:las  
(4)

MAILED 22  
JUL 17 1964  
COMM-FBI

PT  
K  
H

NOTE:

Stewart sent a three-page handwritten letter written on both sides in which he indicated he was a descendant of the

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

58 JUL 22 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Stewarts of England and also commented he was arrested for various charges and wasn't allowed to see the charge. He has complained of mistreatment at Texas Hospital where he is located claiming he has been held a prisoner since April 18, 1961. He rambled on considerable length indicating an FBI undercover man is needed at the hospital and also an undercover U. S. Postal Inspector. He also made comments concerning the President's assassination. Dallas has been instructed to check with hospital officials, determine if Stewart can be interviewed and if so, the interview should be restricted only to the assassination matter.



TRUE COPY.

Wichita Falls Texas  
Box 300 7-11-64

Mr. Edgar J. Hoover  
Chief of Detectives  
Washington D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

This just a letter of appeal to join me in starting a clean up. I have lived over 22 years in this state and can truthly say that it is the dirtiest state of 50 states. and I am positive that this Texas state Hospital that I am being held as prisoner since April 18th 1961 is the cruelest and brutulest thing since God! created Adam and Eve.

Now let me tell you who I am.

I George Dewey Stewart was born about 1 A.M. Dec. 7th 1900 in Weogufka alabama. My Grand mother was a decendand of England Mary Jane (Riddle) Stewart. I think her ancestars arrived in america about 1674. My Granfather's peoples as you know came from Scotland in 1674. My Grand Mother Grandfather and father Methodis in Religion. Grand-father and father were Masons. They as well as I were and are Blue Blood Yankee americans. Did and don't believe in Slavery. (abe Peoples) I myself am a Bachelor never married. I have an almost spotless record. would like any one to check my records from birth until now. I live up to as near as possible my Royal Blue Blood of England and Scotland queen Mary of Scotland Elizibeth of England Sisters Stewarts before marrige my aunts and my Loyal Blue blood of good old U. S. A.

Now in april 1961 I was a Poll Tax Paid citizen of comanche county comanche county Seat. My mailing address was Dublin Texas RFD #2. I was living on U. S. Government Property. Given Promission by High Ranking Government officials The County Sheriff game out about 8 P.M. April 15th 1961. walked on this Property with out a warrant. Said Ill have to take you in. I asked what charges. He siad several Peoples have said that you have a bad case of indigestion. I told him that he couldn't take me in on such charge. I ask him about a warrant. Siad I have one in car. But I didn't get a chance to read the warrant until I was locked up. The charge was just mental. I wasn't allowed to contact any one. Next day afternoon I was tried. The Court Room was all set when I was brought in. Tried for mental. They didn't Prove anything. So I The 6 men juror Judge just made

REC-60 62-109060-3488

TRUE COPY

not signed for the  
info available

SIX

RECEIVED



TRUE COPY

charge as a Hermit. I wasn't allowed to see charge. on april 18th 1961 I was brought here The State accepted this charge. My first sentence was for 90 day Maxiam. But when I had been here 90 day was supposed to have hearing July 17th 1961 Wichita Falls County Court House 9 A.M. I wasn't allowed to attend. So I was recharged Hermit. They won't tell you a thing here. But a girl friend attendant told me in Dec. 1963 what my charge was. Since I know what I am charged with They have been more strict to hold me. I have been tortured with vile medicines over dose shots Have been called vile names. Several attempts have been made to cause me to crack up. Three or four times I have been given shots that was intended to take my life. I saw one man drop dead. He was tortured called names and increased the dope until it was to much The M. S. is what they call the Hospital. Well I have known as many as four carried out dead in 24 hours. Some of them I am sure were killed from overdosage of shots and medicines our Mails are censored going out and coming in. a lot of it tampered with.

So an FBI under cover man is needed at once also an uncover U. S. Postal inspector.

Please Mr. Hoover have one of your men contact me at once. I am telling you just a few things. In over three years I have learned Plenty. I can write a large book. I Believe also that I have spotted the Chief Engineer of President Kennedys assassinator. I do know why Mr. J. F. K. was murdered and this Texans are the ones that did it. If you send a D.T. he can contact me without even inquiring. There are no guards. The Main Entrance don't even have a gate. any one can drive in unquestioned. Reason of this is to make it look to Public that it is a Respectful Hospital. It is no Hospital. Nothing about it constitutional Legal woral than a cuban Prison camp. I am a Practical D. T. use and have used my talent for only my own Personal use. I am 63 years old. 5-8 height about 140 weight 40 in. shoulders 30 in waist dark bodied hair very gray now Hazel Eyes Have Vertical scar bottom at Very top of nose extends about inch toward Hair line. I wear sport Shirts Slack Pants a Base Ball cap color Black with Red Visor I Play good Solf Ball. Wear Sandals except when I Play Ball. often I dont wear any socks when I have on my Sandals. The toe on Right foot next to large toe has been amputated. Two Mexican quack Doctors here tortured it off in 1961. after I have my lunch I spend about 45 minutes in what is called the little Store. When I am in Store I sit where I can watch door and most of the Store in Side. That is why I Mentioned before that I might spot your man first. Women Men and Kids are about 3000. I know many names and most all faces. Uniltl about 6 weeks ago I wasn't allowed off ward unless in charge of an attendant. Now I am in Recreation Dept. I have out side

TRUE COPY

NO. 1101  
THEAP

**TRUE COPY**

Priveleges. My Reputation here is tops. I am a very good worker. Well Edecated and being a Gentleman has won me Respect and many friends. Well Mr. Hoover I do hope! you will cooperate at once. Wisheng you the Best of Luck and Sincerely hope! you and your force soon fired and in custody the ones connected with Mr. J. F. K.'s assination.

I am a True Blue american friend to you. and will be indebted to you all ways if will help us here

Sincerely yours

/s/ George D. Stewart  
Box 300  
Wichita Falls  
Texas State Hospital Texas

Thank you from the Bottom of my Heart

**TRUE COPY**

Wichita Falls, Texas  
Box 300. 7-11-64

Mr. Edgar J. Hoover  
Chief of Detectives  
Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

This is just a letter of appeal  
to you in starting a clean up.  
I have lived over 22 years in this  
State and can truthfully say that it is  
the dirtiest State of 50 States and  
am positive that this Texas State  
Hospital that I am being held in  
Prisoner since April 18th, 1961 is  
the cruelest and brutalist thing  
since God created Adam and Eve.

Now let me tell you who I am.  
I George Dewey Stewart  
was born about 1 A.M. Dec. 7th, 1900  
in Weazyska Alabama. My Grand  
mother was a descendant of England  
Mary Jane (Riddle) Stewarts. Think  
her ancestors arrived in America  
about 1674. My Grandfather's people  
as you know came from Scotland  
in 1674. My Grand mother Grand-  
father and father were in  
Religion. Grand father and father  
were masons. Just as well as I

am a person and don't believe in  
slavery. (The Peoples) & my self  
am a Bachelor never married. I  
have an almost spotless Record.  
would like any one to check my  
Records from birth until now.  
I live up to as near as possible  
my Royal Blue Blood of England  
and Scotland Queen Mary of  
Scotland Elizabeth of England  
Sisters. Stewarts before marriage  
my aunts and my Royal Blue  
blood of good old U.S.A.

Now in April 1961 I was a Full  
Tax Paid Citizen of Comanche County  
Comanche County Seat. My mailing  
address was 2144 N. 7th St. BTH #12.  
I was living on U.S. Government  
Property. Given permission by  
High Ranking Government officials  
the County Sheriff came out about  
8 P.M. April 15th 1961. Walked on this  
Property without a warrant. Said  
all had to take open in. I asked  
what charges. He said Several  
Peoples have said that you have  
a bad case of indigestion. I told  
him that he couldn't take me on  
on such charge. I ask him about  
a warrant. Said I have one in



Read the warrant until I was locked  
up. The charge was just mental.  
I wasn't allowed to contact any one.  
Next day afternoon I was tried.  
The Court Room was all set when I  
was brought in. Tried for mental  
they didn't prove any thing. So?  
The 6 men juror Judge just made  
charge as of Hermit. I wasn't allow-  
ed to see charge on April 15th 1961  
I was brought here. The State accep-  
ed this charge my first sentence  
was for 90 day Maximum. But  
when I had been here 90 day  
was supposed to leave. Hearing  
July 17th 1961 Wichita Falls  
County Court House 9 A.M. I wasn't  
allowed to attend. So? I was re-  
charged Hermit. They tell you a  
thing here. But a girl friend at-  
tendant told me in Dec. 1963  
what my charge was. Since then?  
know what I am charged with.  
They have been more strict to  
hold me. I have been tortured with  
vile medicines over dose shots  
Have been called vile names. Several  
attempts have been made to cause  
me to crack up. Three or four  
times I have been given shots

I saw one brown drop dead. He was  
tortured called names and increased  
the dose until it was to much.  
The M.B. is what they call The  
Hospital. Well I have known as  
many as four carried out dead  
in 24 hours. Some of them I am  
sure were killed from over dos-  
age of shots and medicines.  
Our mails are censored going  
out and coming in. a lot of it  
tampered with.

FOP an FBI under cover man  
is needed at once also an un-  
cover Ins. Postal inspector.

Please Mr. Hoover have one of your  
men contact me at once I am tell-  
ing you just a few things. In over  
thirty years I have learned plenty  
I can write a large book.

I believe also that I have spotted  
the chief engineer of President  
Kennedy's assassin. I do know  
why that Mr. J.F.C. was murder-  
ed and these papers are the ones  
that did it. If you send a D.I.  
he can contact me without even  
inquiring. There are no guards.  
The main entrance don't even  
have a gate. and one can drive



this is to make it look to Public  
that it is a respectful hospi-  
tal. It is no hospital. Nothing  
about it Constitutional Segal  
Worse than a Cuban Prison  
Camp. I am a Practical N.T.  
use and have used my talent  
for only my own Personal use  
I am 63 years old. 5-8 height  
about 140 weight 40 in. Shoulders  
30 in waist dark bodied hair Very  
gray new Hazel Eyes Have  
Vertical scar bottom at Very  
top of nose extends about 1 inch  
towards Hair line. I wear Sport  
Shirts Slack Pants a Base Ball  
cap color Black with Red Visor  
I Play good Soft Ball wear  
Sandals except when I Play  
Ball. often I don't wear any  
Socks when I have on my  
Sandals. The toe on Right foot  
next to large toe has been am-  
putated. Two Mexican Quack  
Doctors here tortured it off in  
1961. after I have my libich  
I spend about 45 minutes in  
what is called The Little Store  
When I am in Store I sit where  
I can watch door and most of

I mention before that might  
spot your make first. Women  
Men and kids are about 3000  
I know many names and most  
all faces until about 6 weeks  
ago I wasn't allowed off ward  
unless in charge of an attendant  
now I am in Recreation Dept.  
I hold out side Privileges.  
My Reputation here is top.  
I am a very good worker  
well educated and being a  
Gentleman has everyone  
Respect and many friends.  
Well Mr. Hoover I do hope  
you will cooperate at once  
Wishing you the Best of  
Luck. And Sincerely hope!  
you and your force soon  
find and in custody the ones  
connected with my J.R.'s  
assassination.

I am a True Blue American  
Friend to you and will be  
dedicated to you all ways of  
well help up here

Sincerely Yours  
George A. Howard  
Box 300 +  
Wichita Falls

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 27 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI SANANTON

6-22 PM CST URGENT 6-27-64

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAN ANTONIO (39-67)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV.  
TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL TO BUREAU, JUNE TWENTYSEVEN INSTANT.

ARTHUR HERMAN MERCHANT, AUSTIN, TEXAS, OPERATED TEXAS  
SWEET SHOP, TWO TWO SIX SIX GUADALUPE ST., AUSTIN INCLUDING  
YEAR FIFTYSEVEN. HE IDENTIFIED PHOTO OF ROBERT STEPHEN  
REYNOLDS, FBI NO. TWO FOUR SIX SEVEN FOUR EIGHT FOUR AS  
CUSTOMER SEVERAL MONTHS IN FIFTYSEVEN. STATES POSTIVELY  
THAT NEITHER POLITICS NOR NAME OF JOHN F. KENNEDY EVER  
MENTIONED IN CONVERSATIONS WITH REYNOLDS. REC-33 62-109060-3489

FATHER DAVID O BRIEN, DIRECTOR, NEWMAN CLUB, UNIVERSITY  
OF TEXAS, AUSTIN TEXAS, STATES NO LIST OF ATTENDANCE AT JUL 20 1964  
MEETINGS MAINTAINED. FROM PERSONAL DIARY, SAYS HE ATTENDED  
DISCUSSION ON TUESDAY, FEB. NINETEEN, FIFTYSEVEN, HOWEVER,  
END PAGE ONE

53 JUL 23 1964

PAGE TWO

COULD NOT RECALL IDENTITY OF ANYONE ATTENDING OR IF REYNOLDS PRESENT. STATES BECAME ACQUAINTED WITH ROBERT REYNOLDS LATE FIFTYSIX OR EARLY FIFTYSEVEN WHEN REYNOLDS OFFERED SERVICES TO INTERPRET FOR THREE HUNGARIAN REFUGEE STUDENTS OF UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS. DESCRIBED REYNOLDS AS OPERATOR, THAT IS ONE WHO LIKED TO BE IMPORTANT AND ONE WHO LIKED TO BE IN LIME LIGHT. HE COULD NOT RECALL REYNOLDS EVER MENTIONING THE NAME OF JOHN F. KENNEDY. OBRIEN RECALLED THAT IN FIFTYSEVEN FATHER CHARLES RONAN, S.J., WAS WORKING ON DOCTORATE AT UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AND RESIDED AT NEWMAN CLUBB. RONAN WAS FROM LOYOLA UNIVERSITY IN CHICAGO, HOWEVER, HAD NO KNOWN CONNECTIONS WITH OUR LADY OF ANGELS SCHOOL IN CHICAGO. RONAN NOW ASSIGNED XAVIER UNIVERSITY IN CINCINNATI AND PRESENTLY ON STUDENT TRIP IN OLD MEXICO. RONAN IS THE ONLY VISITING PREIST OBRIEN COULD RECALL BEING AT NEWMAN CLUB AT THAT TIME.

INVESTIGATION CONTINUING. SAN ANTONIO UNABLE TO IDENTIFY ADAMS AND PEPPER MENTIONED IN RETEL UNTIL JUNE TWENTY NINE NEXT.

END PAGE TWO

EDDET

THE AAR



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

July 13, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 3, 1964, regarding the set of 35 millimeter color slides which are being marketed by Phil Willis Enterprises, Dallas, Texas.

Your letter advised you would appreciate the opportunity to review the slides, and as a result, the slides were reviewed by Mr. Norman Redlich on July 7, 1964. After reviewing the slides, Mr. Redlich requested that a color print be made of slide No. 5 which purports to show the Presidential motorcade at the exact instant the first bullet struck the President.

The color print of slide No. 5 is attached along with a complete set of the slides being marketed by Mr. Willis.

Sincerely yours,

BY COURIER SVC.

06 JUL 13

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

105-82555

1 - Dallas

LLS:kw

(10)

FBI

RECEIVED

TELETYPE UNIT

64 JUL 17 1964

6 JUL 15 1964

J. Edgar Hoover

NOT RECORDED

199 JUL 25 1964

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REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 13 9 57 AM '64

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FBI WASH DC

FBI SAN FRAN

9:40 PM PDST URGENT 6-27-64 SST

TO: DIRECTOR

FROM: SAN FRANCISCO (89-53)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING -- RESUTEL  
JUNE TWENTY SEVEN, LAST.

SF INDICES REFLECT CASE TITLED ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS AKA  
STEPHEN ROBERT REMETE, SS, SF FILE TWO FIVE THREE TWO SEVEN EIGHT, <sup>6</sup>  
BUFILE TWO FIVE-EIGHT SIX EIGHT SEVEN FOUR. SUBJECT, FBI # <sup>2 4</sup> TWO FOUR SIX SE-  
VEN FOUR EIGHT FOUR, DOB <sup>12/8</sup> TWELVE-EIGHT -FOURTEEN, PERTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY  
SUBJECT WAS DELINQUENT WITH DRAFT BOARD, SF FOR FAILURE TO RETURN QUES-  
TIONNAIRE, AND ON FOUR-SEVEN-FORTY TWO A USC COMPLAINT WAS ISSUED IN  
SF. APPREHENDED BUAGENTS IN LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA SEVEN-TWENTY FIVE  
FORTY TWO. INDICTED AT SF EIGHT-NINETEEN-FORTY TWO FOR FAILURE TO  
ADVISE DRAFT BOARD OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS. IN NON-JURY TRIAL AT SF  
FOURD QUILTY OF BOTH COUNTS EIGHT-TWENTY EIGHT-FORTY TWO, SENTENCED  
TO SIX MONTHS IN COUNTY JAIL ON EACH COUNT, SENTENCES TO RUN CON-  
CURRENTLY. SINCE NO INSTABILITY INDICATED IN SF FIL'S NO LHM WILL  
BE SUBMITTED, .

END.

REC-33

62-109060-3490

ST-110

JUL 20 1964

CORR END LINE SIX STARTING WITH FBI # TWO FOUR STANDS AS

TWO FOUR SIX SEVEN OK

FINE TU

JMS 53 JUL 23 1964

FBI WASH DC CC-MR. SULLIVAN



FBI

Date: 7/17/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, LITTLE ROCK (89-21) -RUC-  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, AT  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DALLAS

Re Las Vegas airtel to Bureau 6/19/64 and  
Springfield airtel to Bureau 7/6/64.

Enclosed for Springfield is the copy of  
referenced Las Vegas airtel with letterhead memorandum  
which was previously furnished to Little Rock by Springfield.

On 7/13/64 Mrs. HARLAND KELLY, Route 2, Okolona,  
Arkansas, advised her husband manages the "C Bar C" Ranch  
at Route 2, Okolona, for a Mr. CHAMBERS who resides in  
Illinois. She stated that MAJOR GEORGE CANFIELD of Villa  
Grove, Illinois, worked on the ranch for her husband for  
about two months until the past Saturday, 7/11/64, when  
he returned to Villa Grove, Illinois. CANFIELD has  
mentioned something about going to Arizona or New Mexico  
to look for gold. She does not believe he will return  
to Okolona, Arkansas, but does not know.

- 3 - Bureau
  - 2 - Dallas (89-43)
  - 2 - Springfield (89-23) (Enc. 1)
  - 1 - Albuquerque (Info) (89-27)
  - 1 - Las Vegas (Info) (55-1)
  - 1 - Phoenix (Info) (89-42)
  - 1 - Little Rock
- JWP/jew  
(11)

REC-33 62-109060-3491

ST-110

7 JUL 18 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

53 JUL 23 1964

LR 89-21

Little Rock will retain a copy of referenced Las Vegas airtel to 6/19/64 and letterhead memorandum in the event Major GEORGE CANFIELD does return to Okolona, Arkansas, before he can be interviewed at Villa Grove, Illinois.

LEAD:

SPRINGFIELD

AT VILLA GROVE, ILLINOIS

Will interview Major GEORGE CANFIELD as set out in referenced airtel of 7/6/64.

EX-105

REC-43

62-109060-3492

July 16, 1964

AIRMAIL

Staff Sergeant Raymond L. Johnson, USAF  
1st Mobile Communications Group, Team 13-63  
APO 60  
San Francisco, California

Vietnam

JUL 16 4 05 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Dear Mr. Johnson:

Your letter of July 4th has been received.

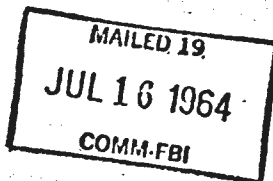
It was most thoughtful of you to give me the benefit of your observations, and I want to assure you that every possible ramification of this matter is being carefully considered.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:alb (3)



Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

JUL 24 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ST MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS GROUP  
TEAM 13-63  
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE  
APO 62, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

4 JULY 1964

J. EDGAR HOOVER  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONS  
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

DEAR SIR;

THE ASSASSINATION OF THE LATE PRESIDENT, JOHN F. KENNEDY WAS INDEED A GREAT LOSS TO OUR COUNTRY AND TO OTHERS AS WELL. REALIZING THE EFFORT YOUR DEPARTMENT AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS HAVE PUT FORTH TO BRING FORTH JUSTICE AND AN END TO THE MYSTERIES OF THE LUNATIC L.H. OSWALD, I SINCERELY HOPE MY FINDINGS HAVE ALREADY BEEN EVALUATED.

HAVING BEEN SENT TO THIS COUNTRY (VIETNAM) ON 27 APRIL 1964, I WAS A REGULAR CUSTOMER AT THE CAROUSEL BAR IN SAIGON UNTIL 1 MAY 1964. REALIZING OUR MISSION WITH THESE PEOPLE, I TRIED GAINING THEIR CONFIDENCE. BY DOING THIS, ONE OF THE BAR MAID'S IN CONVERSATION WITH ME ON 30 APRIL 1964, QUESTIONED ME AS: "DID ANYONE IN AMERICA EVER STOP TO THINK THAT MADAME NHU COULD HAVE BEEN THE CONSPIRATRRESS BEHIND THE ASSASSINATION OF MR. KENNEDY? SHE WAS IN THIS DALLAS, TEXAS, AND SHE DIDN'T LIKE THE PRESIDENT." UNQUOTE.

THERE ARE INDEED, PROBABILITIES IN WHAT THIS VIETNAMESE HAS SAID. BEING THAT THEY ARE OF THE SAME CULTURE AND PROBABLY THINK ALONG LIKE PATTERNS.

I ONLY HOPE I HAVEN'T ABUSED TOO MUCH OF YOUR MOST WORTHY TIME. YOURS TRULY

RAYMOND L. JOHNSON  
SSGT., USAF

1 COPY TO:  
U.S. ATTY., GEN.

REC-44

62-109060-3492

3 JUL 20 1964

CORRESPONDENCE  
J 11

ack. 7-16-64  
(11:25 p.m.)

July 16, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(O. H. Bartlett)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a letter addressed to "Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy" dated June 30, 1964, bearing the name [REDACTED]

This communication was furnished to the FBI by Secret Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C. It is being furnished for your information and a copy is also being furnished to the Criminal Division of the U. S. Department of Justice. We have been informed by the U. S. Secret Service that their agency is taking this matter up with the Boston Police Department where [REDACTED] is employed.

In conclusion, it was noted parts of the letter were underscored. The communication was received in this condition.

Sincerely yours,

25 JUL 20 1964

62-109060

KMR:jad  
(8)

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: The letter furnished by U. S. Secret Service was written by [REDACTED] of the Boston PD who stated he attempted to write on several different occasions and has attempted to write the Attorney General. He refers to various dreams he has had, some of which he attributes the similarities to the assassination and he also makes comments concerning religious beliefs and feelings. He expressed his sympathy and admiration for Mrs. Kennedy and the late President. He also indicated he wanted Mrs. Kennedy to tell the Attorney General to be extremely cautious during the next two months, apparently based on his premonitions. Copy of letter to Dept by 0-6. Boston being advised by separate communication.

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
UNRECORDED COPY  
JUL 16 - 105456  
62-109060-3493

BY COURIER SVC.  
1 JUL 17  
COMM-FBI

ENCLOSURE

LeP

cc -  
ad -  
per -  
John -  
red -  
roch -  
ne -  
en -  
iron -  
el -  
4 JU  
MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT



June 30, 1964

Boston Police Headquarters  
154 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass.

To Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy.

Dear Jacqueline,

Please listen carefully to what I have to say,  
as I strongly feel that my message is true. Forgive my  
familiar greeting as this is from the heart.

I have wanted to write to you before partic-  
ularly in your most sorrowful hours, but have refrained from  
doing so, in fear of creating a ridiculous image. Believe  
me I am neither ridiculous nor fanatic, nor seeing false  
halucinations. In confidence with you and to whom this  
letter is concerned, my only request is your deepest consider-  
ation. I have not related these incidents or the contents of  
this letter to anyone, not even to my wife.

I have also attempted to write to Robert F.  
Kennedy on several occasions, since after the  
Inauguration of your wonderful husband. For the same  
reason I neglected to write to you. After the Inauguration I  
was strongly concerned for the life and health of  
President, fearing a determined effort to remove him  
out of the country by any means, by assassination.  
I agree with Robert, that the forces were used to  
that role by a true

Early last Friday, June 26, 1964, I attempted  
to make notes in an effort to write to Robert Kennedy, as  
it is he with whom I am concerned with now.

ENCLOSURE

Let to Pres Comm 7/15/64  
with 2 copies -  
1 cc to Comm. Dir. 2/2/8  
0-6 7/15/64 - G-Turk



In part, I wrote the following- In 1963, we experienced two earth-quake like tremors originating from the areas surrounding Boston. I was convinced but could not determine, that some terrible tragedy was about to happen. On the occasion of the first Tremor, I was at home. I just finished washing the kitchen floor and relaxed in the parlor. Thinking of last Sundays sermon that we should read the bible at least 15 minutes a day. I picked up the Bible un-accustomed to this practise I started from the beginning.. Haven just read the clause, "Cain Slew his Brother Able", when the house shook from the impact of the tremor. A few days later another tremor. On the evening of the second tremor, I heard the commentary on the Television from Palmer Payne, in which he interviewed a Sergt. O'Keefe, of the Peabody Police Dept. where the impact was strongly felt. My comment then was " wait until the third tremor comes." I was certain that the next tremor would shake the world. It came on November 22, 1963, and with my sympathy to you, this tremor was felt all over the world.

Immediately after writing my notes to complete this letter, another Tremor occurred in Laconia and Claremont, N.H. unknown to me at the time. I read the report later. First tremor at 7:05 A.M. and the second at 7:10 A.M. I had already closed my notes about 7:00 A.M. meditating and promising myself to ascertain the dates of the tremors in the fall of '63'. That evening in conversation with Bob Smith, Police Reporter, I requested for my curiosity the dates and times of the tremor. About 9:45 P.M. he called me and told me " the dates were Oct. 16, 63, at 11:30 A.M. and Oct. 28, 63, at 5:39 P.M.

Immediately after the conversation with Bob Smith I received a telephone complaint from the Kennedy School Yard in Saratoga St. East Boston.

I believe that this tremor in New Hampshire has another significant meaning with Robert Kennedy, that I cannot determine. However, I would feel better if Robert had no political inclinations.

President Johnson and his running mate will no doubt be elected, but I sincerely hope that Robert Kennedy will not be involved. In particular I would not for some unknown reason, wish to see him elected Governor of Mass. He could easily win this office if he choose to run.

I as you see in the heading, am a Boston Police working nights the reason for my writing in the wee hours of the morning. I am not overly religious, but I am always close to Our Blessed Mother, in prayer and petition. As I was in November 1963, at which time Nov. 14, I started a Novena to for the Souls in Purgatory and for those would suddenly be killed.

Like on Nov. 20, 1963, after completing the early morning tour of duty, and while sleeping I had a special dream. In which I was riding in an auto. when suddenly something happened to me, that I could not understand, except the fact that I was dying; and would not succumb until my head was comfortably cradled in the hands of My Blessed Mother, after which I pushed the accelerator to the floor to expedite my last journey. When I awakened surprisingly I exclaimed, "It wasn't me".

Please God! and his Blessed Mother, it was you John. For two days later after the same routine I awakened and my wife exclaimed that the President has been Shot.

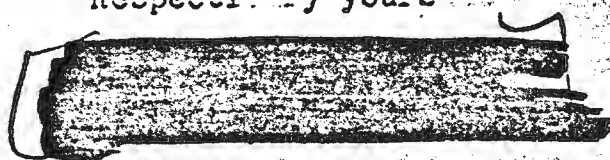
I only wrote one other letter so, don't think I am a letter writer, as you certainly can see. That time on November 11, 1962, I wrote to Cardinal Cushing requesting that he present the appeal of "Our Lady of Fatima" to the Ecumenical Counsel, and dedicate, Consecrate Russia to Her "Immaculate Heart." Acclaiming her true son, Pope John, and President John, as the Father and Prince of Peace.

In Honor of Our Blessed Mother, on May 29, 1964, I dedicated my scrap book to her. Entitled - John - John -

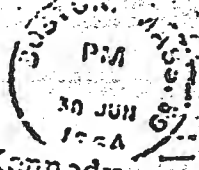
In closing please accept my sympathy, respect and admiration for both you and your beloved late husband, John F. Kennedy, whom I had the treasured privilege of meeting at a Veteran's Time back in 1955.

To "Our Blessed Mother", and in honor of the fruit of her graces. . . remain--

Respectfully yours



P.S. Palmer Payne the Commentator arrived at Police Headquarters just prior to my arrival, I had the surprise of meeting him and showing him around the Complaint Room. I should have done this letter over but I wanted to rush it. Please tell Robert Kennedy to extra cautious in the next two months.



Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy  
"Kennedy Summer Residence"  
Hyannis, Massachusetts.  
*Per*

MAILED  
JUN 30 1964

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. McCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

JUL 3 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of a letter received by the Commission from Wolper Productions Inc. You will note that this letter makes reference to some motion picture film taken by an amateur photographer.

Under separate cover this reel of film has been delivered to Special Agent Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt of your Bureau and we request that this film be examined to determine whether it contains any information which might assist the Commission in its inquiry.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Enclosure -

EX-105

INDEX THE FILES  
ENCLOSURE

REC-43

62-109060-3494

JUL 20 1964

JUL 21 1964

SEVEN

EX-105  
JUL 6 1964  
RECORDED COPY FILED IN

853502



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Rogge

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Griffith

July 16, 1964

1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 3, 1964, requesting an examination of a roll of motion picture film taken by an amateur photographer that was furnished to the Commission by the Wolper Productions, Incorporated.

This film has been examined and it was found that it shows very little of the President's motorcade during the firing of the assassination shots. Should members of your staff desire to view this film, please advise us and appropriate arrangements will be made. The roll of film you furnished is returned herewith. A copy has been retained for our records.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: This is a badly exposed amateur movie of the Presidential motorcade sent to the Commission by Wolper Productions, Inc., Hollywood, California. It adds nothing to what is previously known.

WDG:emh

Enclosure

1 - Dallas (100-10461)

62-109060

LLS:emh (10)

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Malone  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

4 JUL 23 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 1

JUL 16 10 26 AM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI





WOLPER PRODUCTIONS INC.

The Chief Justice  
The Supreme Court  
Washington, D.C.

Sir:

At present, I am in the process of producing a documentary film similar in scope to our production, THE MAKING OF THE PRESIDENT-1960. It deals with the tragic assassination of President Kennedy, and the events that followed. It is being done in conjunction with United Press International, and is called FOUR DAYS IN NOVEMBER.

During the course of my research, I have probably looked at more film than any individual on the events of those days. Recently, I came across a badly exposed shot, taken by an amateur, of the Kennedy motorcade as it passed the Book Depository. In case you have not already examined this piece of film, I am enclosing it.

I am anxiously awaiting the Commission's Report in the hope that it will clear up certain questions I have in regard to our final script.

In this regard, as an American citizen, I am disturbed by what I consider the unjustified and untrue statements that are being bandied around in the European press as regards the basic facts of the case. If I may offer a suggestion, I think it would be highly profitable in regard to a true understanding of this tragic event, if as many still pictures concerning the assassination could be released, which would validate the accuracy of the report.

For example, there have been rumors in the foreign press that someone could have shot the President from the railroad bridge that is on top of the underpass leading to Stemmons Freeway.

JUL 21 1967

ENCLOSURE

8720 sunset boulevard • hollywood 69 california • OL 2-7076

The Chief Justice

-2-

I am enclosing a still blow-up from a 16mm film which shows a crowd of people who were watching the motorcade approach. Obviously, an assassin could not lift up a rifle and fire from the middle of such a crowd. A photographic still like this, I feel, could serve as visual proof of the Commission's Report.

Thank you for your patience.

Very truly yours,

WOLPER PRODUCTIONS INC.

Mel Stuart  
Executive Vice President

Enc.

mc



July 16, 1964

REC-43

62-109060-3495

FBI

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 16 3 47 PM '64

Mrs. J. Patricia McGee  
Apartment 5-B  
500 Eastern Parkway  
Brooklyn, New York 11225

Dear Mrs. McGee:

I received your letter of July 12th, with enclosure. While I would like to be of assistance to you, regarding the question you asked, information contained in our files must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice.

I want to take this opportunity to thank you for the many kind comments that you made and I hope my future efforts will continue to merit your approbation. Your good wishes are indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover  
J. C.

MAILED 19

JUL 16 1964

COMM-FBI

NOTE: Bufiles contain no information regarding Mrs. McGee.

WAM:js (3)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

JUL 16 4 12 PM '64  
RECEIVED DIRECTOR

66 JUL 27 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. McCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

JUL 10 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please re-interview Mr. Jess Willard Lynch to determine what relevance, if any, he believes the information he provided in Page, Arizona, on December 3, 1963 has to the assassination of President Kennedy or Lee Harvey Oswald. In that regard, please inform the Commission how Mr. Lynch originally came to be interviewed.

If, upon re-interview, Mr. Lynch provides an explanation of a possible relationship between Mrs. Bertha Check, Earlene Roberts or Jack Ruby and the assassination of President Kennedy, please provide Mr. Lynch's criminal record and any other information which might bear upon his general credibility or bias toward Mrs. Check, Earlene Roberts or Jack Ruby.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

EXP. PROC.  
JUL 13 1964

EX-105

REC-43

62-109060-3496

18 JUL 1964

*Copy of ident. record of Jess Willard  
Lynch, FBI # 1762852 w/ photo  
furnished to Supt. Roubach, Gen. Inv. Div.  
for transmittal to Commission. July 16/64*

PLAIN TEXT

7-15-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, PHOENIX (89-42)  
DALLAS (89-43)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) — 3496

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER  
TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION LETTER JULY TEN, LAST, REQUESTED JESS  
WILLARD LYNCH BE RE-INTERVIEWED TO DETERMINE WHAT RELEVANCE, IF ANY,  
HE BELIEVES THE INFORMATION PROVIDED AT PAGE, ARIZONA, ON DECEMBER  
THREE, SIXTY THREE, HAS TO THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY OR  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD. COMMISSION REQUESTED TO BE INFORMED HOW LYNCH  
ORIGINALLY CAME TO BE INTERVIEWED. COMMISSION INDICATED IF LYNCH  
PROVIDES AN EXPLANATION OF A POSSIBLE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MRS.  
BERTHA CHEEK, EARLENE ROBERTS OR JACK RUBY AND THE ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT KENNEDY, PROVIDE LYNCH'S CRIMINAL RECORD OR ANY OTHER  
INFORMATION WHICH MIGHT BEAR UPON HIS GENERAL CREDIBILITY OR BIAS  
TOWARD CHEEK, ROBERTS OR RUBY. YOUR PREVIOUS INTERVIEW OF LYNCH  
ON DECEMBER THREE, SIXTY THREE, AT PAGE, ARIZONA, INDICATED HE  
CLAIMED NO PRIOR ARREST AND SERVED IN THE U. S. ARMY WITH ARMY

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Ingram \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_

KMR:las (3)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 15 1964

TELETYPE

4 JUL 23 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐



TELETYPE TO SAC, PHOENIX  
DALLAS  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

SERIAL NUMBER RA THREE FIVE TWO ONE TWO THREE ONE SIX. FBI IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ONE SEVEN SIX TWO EIGHT FIVE TWO CONCERNING JESS WILLARD LYNCH, DATE OF BIRTH MARCH ELEVEN, NINETEEN EIGHTEEN, VINCENT, KENTUCKY, REVEALS TWO PREVIOUS ARRESTS. ONE, STATE REFORMATORY, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER NINETEEN, NINETEEN THIRTY FOUR, HOUSE BREAKING. DISPOSITION, TWO YEARS, PAROLED DECEMBER NINETEEN, NINETEEN THIRTY FIVE. TWO, STATE POLICE, WAYNE, VIRGINIA, MAY NINE, NINETEEN THIRTY NINE, CHARGED BREAKING AND ENTERING STORE BUILDING. DISPOSITION, TURNED OVER TO SHERIFF OWSLEY COUNTY, KENTUCKY. TWO MILITARY SERVICE PRINTS INDICATE LYNCH'S DATE OF BIRTH AS MARCH ELEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTEEN, VINCENT, KENTUCKY, IN RE-INTERVIEW WITH LYNCH CLARIFY THIS MATTER. FURNISH BUREAU LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM AND INFORMATION COPY TO DALLAS, NO INSERTS. HOWEVER, COORDINATE WITH DALLAS IF NECESSARY, ANY LEADS BY TELETYPE. HANDLE IMMEDIATELY.

NOTE:

Lynch previously interviewed by Phoenix on 12-3-63, results of which were incorporated in a report of SA Gemberling, dated 12-23-63, and furnished to the President's Commission. Phoenix teletype of 12-3-63, revealed Lynch was a former cook at the boarding house in Dallas for Bertha Cheek. We have conducted considerable investigation regarding Cheek and her association with Jack Ruby. Oswald formerly lived at her boarding house. Commission has requested Lynch to be re-interviewed regarding this matter.

Tolson  
DeLoach  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 15 1964

-2-

TELETYPE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



JULY 7, 1964

PLAINTEXT

1 - Mr. Schutz

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)  
FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER  
TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS  
DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING.

FOLLOWING LETTER RECEIVED IN BUREAU DATED JULY TWO,  
NINETEEN SIXTYFOUR, FORT WORTH, TEXAS: QUOTE I HAVE  
INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.  
I NOTIFIED THE F. B. I. LAST SEPTEMBER THAT I HAD THIS  
INFORMATION. IF ACTION HAD BEEN TAKEN AT THAT TIME THE  
PRESIDENT WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN KILLED. BUT INSTEAD I WAS  
THREATENED INTO SILENCE. NOW THIS INFORMATION IS BEING  
CHECKED BY THE F. B. I. BUT IT IS BEING CHECKED BY ONE OF  
THE F. B. I. MEN WHO WAS INVOLVED IN THREATENING ME LAST  
OCTOBER WITH MY BEING ARRESTED IF I DID NOT KEEP QUIET. ANY  
ONE WITH COMMON HORSE SENSE WOULD KNOW THAT SUCH PERSON IS  
NOT GOING TO PROVE THAT HE THREATENED ME INTO SILENCE. IF  
OTHER ARRANGEMENTS ARE NOT MADE THIS INFORMATION WILL BE WASTED AND  
THE TRUTH WILL NEVER COME OUT.

THE TRUTH WILL NEVER COME OUT.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

HAS: MLT  
(3)

TELETYPE 1973

(SEE NOTE ON PAGE 3)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

25 JUL 21 1964

62-109060-3497

11 21 AM '64

11 21 AM '64

TELETYPE TO DALLAS  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

QUOTE I SHALL WRITE TO EVERYONE POSSIBLE AND EXPOSE THIS ATTEMPT OF INJUSTICE ON THE PART OF THE F. B. I. FOR NO MAN IS GOING TO TURN UP EVIDENCE WHICH WILL CONVICT HIMSELF AND TAKE AWAY HIS JOB.

QUOTE I HOPE THAT YOU WILL TAKE NOTE OF THIS AND TAKE ACTION TO HAVE AN HONEST INVESTIGATION MADE. FOR THIS ONE NOW IS PAREN ONE BIG JOKE END PAREN OR RATHER IT IS ONE BIG FARSE. END QUOTE.

4 2 4 THIS COMMUNICATION BORE TYPED NAME OF DEAN W. MC ADAMS. FOUR TWO FOUR COLLEGE AVENUE, FORT WORTH, TEXAS. MC ADAMS MAY BE IDENTICAL <sup>WITH</sup> SUBJECT OF YOUR FILE SEVEN DASH FIVE TWO FOUR AND NINETEEN SIXTYFOUR EXTORTION CASE CAPTIONED QUOTE DEAN WASHINGTON MC ADAMS, RACHEL ELVINA CANDAGE DASH VICTIM. END QUOTE. IMMEDIATELY INTERVIEW MC ADAMS RELATIVE TO ALLEGED INFORMATION IN HIS POSSESSION AND FURNISH BUREAU TELETYPE SUMMARY OF RESULTS. FURNISH SPECIFIC ADVICE CONCERNING HIS ALLEGATIONS AGAINST BUREAU PERSONNEL. FOLLOW WITH DETAILED LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM SUITABLE FOR TRANSMISSION TO THE PRESIDENTS COMMISSION FURNISHING FULL BACKGROUND RE MC ADAMS AND HIS POSSIBLE MENTAL STATE. EXPEDITE

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 7 1964

TELETYPE

205 pps to

**NOTE:**

McAdams in letter to the Director dated 7-2-64 indicates he has information concerning the assassination and specifically alleges he was threatened by an FBI Agent if he did not keep quiet. Our files indicate McAdams is probably identical with an individual who has been the subject of an extortion case in 1964 and furnished false information with respect to a kidnaping in 1957. He corresponded in 1962 with the Bureau relative to a so-called "communist movement" in Fort Worth, Texas. Prosecution has been declined by U. S. Attorney's Office in Texas in view of the fact that McAdams is blind and obviously mentally deranged. In view of his allegations, however, and his threat to engage in a letter-writing campaign to "expose" these injustices, Dallas is being instructed to interview him and get the full facts.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 7 1964

TELETYPE

205 p y m w

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 3 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

GOOD TIME

FBI NEW YORK

519 AM URGENT 7-3-64 JAA

TO DIRECTOR -11- /62-109060/ AND DALLAS /89-43/, PHOENIX /89-42/ AND  
SAN FRANCISCO

FROM NEW YORK /89-75/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWO  
TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS., MISC - INFO CONCERNING.

RE PHOENIX TEL TO BUREAU JUNE THIRTY LAST AND BUREAU TEL TO NEW  
YORK JULY ONE LAST.

FOR THE INFO OF THE SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE, A REQUEST WAS RECEIVED  
FROM THE PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION ADVISING THAT ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS  
AKA STEPEN REMETA HAS REQUESTED AN OPPORTUNITY TO APPEAR BEFORE THE  
COMMISSION BASED ON ALLEGED INFO HE HAD RECEIVED RE ASSASSINATION OF  
THE PRESIDENT WHICH HE SAID WAS ESTABLISHED IN THE EARLY MONTHS OF  
FIFTY SEVEN. THE COMMISSION DESIRED REYNOLDS INTERVIEWED. THE BUREAU  
DESIRES ADDITIONAL INFO RE INDICATION OF ANY INSTABILITY RE REYNOLDS.

INVESTIGATION AT PHOENIX REFLECTED THAT ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS  
OF ONE ONE ONE EIGHT THIRD STREET, SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA, STATED  
END PAGE ONE

REC-43 62-109060-3498

25 JUL 20 1964

64 JUL 23 1964

EX-104

6-104  
cc letter



PAGE TWO

HE SUFFERED A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN IN FIFTY THREE AND A "DOCTOR THORN" OF PHOENIX DIAGNOSED HIS TROUBLE AS SUCH. RECORDS AT THE STATE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA, REFLECTED A DOCTOR IRVING JAMES THORNE APPLIED FOR AN MD LICENSE IN ARIZONA IN MARCH OF FIFTY THREE, BUT APPLICATION WAS NEVER COMPLETED. DOCTOR IRVING JAMES THORNE, ONE FIVE ZERO EAST FIFTY SIXTH STREET, NYC, LICENSED IN STATE OF NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA.

DOCTOR IRVING JAMES THORN, ONE FOUR ONE EAST FIFTY SIXTH ST., CONTACTED JULY TWO SIXTY FOUR AND ADVISED THAT HE IS A GENERAL SURGEON AND HAS NEVER PRACTICED IN ARIZONA. HE STATED DOCTOR EDWARD BLANK, A PSYCHIATRIST AND A GOOD FRIEND OF HIS, WAS A PSYCHIATRIST IN ARIZONA AND HE HAD PLANNED TO GO INTO PRACTICE WITH HIM, HOWEVER, HE NEVER COMPLETED HIS APPLICATION FOR HIS MD LICENSE IN ARIZONA. DOCTOR THORNE FURTHER ADVISED THAT HE HAD NEVER TREATED ANYONE IN ARIZONA.

HE ALSO STATED THAT DOCTOR EDWARD BLANK IS A VERY NOTED PSYCHIATRIST AND IS PRESENTLY ATTACHED TO STATE HOSPITAL, STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA, AND RESIDES AT FIVE HUNDRED WEST ALPINE AVENUE, APARTMENT TWO ZERO TWO, STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

DOCTOR THORNE STATED THAT DOCTOR BLANK WOULD KNOW IF THERE WAS A DOCTOR THORN IN PHOENIX, ARIZONA, IN FIFTY THREE.

THE BUREAU REQUESTS THAT THIS MATTER BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY AND RESULTS BE FURNISHED PROMPTLY TO THE BUREAU BY LHM AND INSERTS FOR DALLAS. BUREAU ADVISED THAT IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION IS PRESENTLY COMPLETING THIS INVESTIGATION, THIS MATTER MUST BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY.

SAN FRANCISCO CONTACT DOCTOR BLANK AT STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA, AND ASCERTAIN IF HE CAN IDENTIFY DOCTOR THORNE.

PHOENIX RECHECK MEDICAL LICENSE RECORDS.

LHM FOR BUREAU FOLLOWING AND INSERT FOR DALLAS FOLLOWING.

ND

HFL

FBI WASH DC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN



52 South Kirklyn Avenue  
Upper Darby, Pennsylvania 19082

Dear Mr. Sohner:

Your letter of July 15th and enclosure have been received, and I want to thank you for your kind message and prayers.

In response to your inquiry regarding "Christian Economics," I am unable, as a matter of policy, to comment relative to publications not prepared by this Bureau. I know you will understand my position. I am, however, enclosing some material on the general subject of communism which I hope you find of interest.

With reference to the other question you raised, a copy of your communication is being forwarded to the Chief Postal Inspector, Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., for any information he is in a position to offer you.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 2

JUL 20 1964

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (5)

Time of Testing

Faith in God-Our Answer to Communism

Faith in Freedom 35 11 24

The Communist Menace: Red Goals and Christian Ideals

One Nation's Response to Communism

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

27 DCI:med (3)

see NOTE page 2.

*P.S.*

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
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Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 20 3 19 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Mr. L. Mohr

NOTE: Copy of incoming sent to Post Office Department by form. Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. There has been cordial prior correspondence with Howard E. Kershner, Editor of "Christian Economics," published by the Christian Freedom Foundation, Inc., 250 West 57th Street, N.Y. 19, N.Y. Nothing derogatory or subversive concerning this group appears in Bufiles, and the magazine is anticommunist. Correspondent makes reference to an article contesting the appointment of Norman Redlich as assistant counsel for the Warren Commission investigating the assassination of President Kennedy. The Bureau is aware of the past liberal views of Redlich. He has been the subject of several citizens' inquiries recently.



July 15-64

J. Edgar Hoover  
Director Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Ninth and Pennsylvania Ave  
Washington - D.C.

Dear Sir:

For many years I have thought  
you were one of the most valuable men in  
our U.S. government I pray God will  
keep you head of our F.B.I. for many  
years - You & the Commies would like  
to get you out or criticize the F.B.I.

The enclosed is a shocking bit of  
news - Page 2 - Christian Economic - What

do think of it?

ENCLOSURE -

What about the propaganda  
coming into this country from Russia  
especially to our young folks colleges  
folks etc. Thank you for listening L. S. S.

19082

upper Dally, Pa. 52 Dr. Kirkland

CONFIDENTIAL



am. Social Action has been the product of

revolution of nihilism cries: "God is dead."

communist warship and making war against the saints."

## The Red Wheat Deal

their deliveries to the state in order to sell their output on markets, or may grow those crops that may be sold in the free market at a profit. In short, the existence of free markets jeopardizes government regulation and control.

By 1957 Russian agriculture suffered badly from this implacable conflict between government regimentation and the people's markets. Khrushchev then faced two alternatives: either to grant much more autonomy to farm management and permit it to move further in the direction of individual enterprise, or, to tighten the reigns of communism again and crush the markets. Given his own background and the ideological commitments of the Communist Party, he could not escape the latter. He created a completely new hierarchical pyramid of control that conducts central production planning for collective farms as well as state farms. He tightened the entire system of administration and put "party organizers" in its control. He

(Continued from Page 2)

mobilized the Communist Party machine and proceeded once more to force unadulterated collectivism in agriculture. The results are clearly visible even through the Iron Curtain.

But no matter what is said about it, our own socialists and pseudo-liberals echo Khrushchev's explanation: bad weather ruined Communist crops from Siberia to Cuba, from China to Bolivia.

## Should Be Studied

**MY WEEKLY BRAINWASH. By Roy R. Friday. The Independence Foundation. Independence Building, Portland, Indiana. 20 pp. Single copies 25c. 5 copies for \$1.**

**THE AUTHOR**, an educator and school administrator for two decades, and therefore a competent analyst in the field, writes: "Textbooks have been analyzed

(for subversive materials) but the little current events papers have apparently been deemed to be too insignificant to be worthy of attention." How right he is! The fact is that America's school children are being infected by the socialist virus every week by the flood of so-called current events papers.

Carefully and factually documented, this brochure analyzes the Scholastic Publications; the American Education Publications; the Young Catholic Messengers; the publications of the Civic Education Service; and News Map of the World.

Attention is called to the fact that the vicious aspect of these "weeklies" lies not only in what is said, but in what they fail to say. The guilt lies not only in sins of commission, but particularly also in sins of omission.

Teachers and school administrators owe it to America's army of school-going youth carefully to examine Roy Friday's charges. They will certainly benefit by a considered study of this important document.

Rev. August W. Brunel, Ph.D.

William C. Green, Davison, Michigan  
Rev. Albet Cronson, Camden, Arkansas  
Robert R. Dawson, Laurel Springs, N. J.  
Chester J. Droog, Grand Rapids, Mich.  
Raymond Dykema, Kalamazoo, Mich.  
Eugene C. Edmondson, Sanford, N. C.  
Frank C. Green, Biggs, Kentucky  
A. Robert Hall, Knoxville, Virginia  
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Handley, Los Angeles  
Henry Hedges, Chicago, Illinois  
Rev. Viljo Heiman, Worcester, Mass.  
Thomas Hieckura, Bloomington, Indiana  
Rev. Charles Holloway, Irvington, Ill.  
Mrs. William House, Wichita, Kansas  
Mrs. Marion C. Lane, Walton, N. Y.  
Mrs. Maude M. Lang, Hillsboro, Ohio  
J. Robert Lemon, Orrville, Ohio  
Ronald F. Lilly, Beckley, West Virginia  
G. E. Linquist, Baltimore, Maryland  
Charles Sterling L. Long, APO N. Y.  
Tom Mader, Gillette, Wyoming  
John S. Newell, Burlington, Washington  
Orville W. Olson, Intercession City, Fla.  
Mrs. M. S. Prines, Wilmington, Delaware  
Mrs. J. W. Proper, Yeardon, Pennsylvania  
Nathan Rakewitz, Owego, New York  
Mark Rasmussen, Green Bay, Wisconsin  
S. D. Rogers, Sr., Union Lake, Mich.  
Mrs. J. E. Schwert, Portland, Oregon  
Rev. Fred A. Sommar, Lynnwood, Wash.  
Mr. & Mrs. J. Southwell, Saugus, Calif.  
Vincent Stasberg, Peshastin, Washington  
Rev. R. B. Wallace, Sr., Pensacola, Fla.  
Mrs. U. C. Ziegler, West Bend, Wisconsin

VOL. XVI JULY 7, 1964 No. 14

## CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS

THE SOCIETY OF SATAN

The Rev. R. I. Rushdony

THE RED WHEAT DEAL

Hans F. Seinholtz, Ph. D.

RELATIONSHIP OF SOUND MONEY  
TO FREEDOM

Dr. Karl Brandt

THE REVOLUTION OF NIHILISM

Rev. I. E. Howard

EDITORIALS

Howard E. Anderson

CHRISTIAN FREEDOM FOUNDATION

250 West 57th Street  
New York 19, N. Y.

Non-Profit Organization

U. S. POSTAGE

PAID

Permit No. 70

Garden City, N. Y.

TRUE COPY

July 15 - 64

Mr. Edgar J. Hoover  
Director Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Ninth and Pennsylvania Ave  
Washington - D. C.

Dear Sir:

For many years I have thought you were one of the most valuable men in our U. S. government I pray God will keep you head of our F.B.I. for many years - How The Commies would like to get you out or criticize the F.B.I.

The enclosed is astonishing bit of news-Page 2 -  
Christian Economics - What do think of it?

What about the propaganda coming into this country from Russia. especially to our young Folks college Folks-etc. Thank you for listening

L. Sohner  
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JUL 21 1964

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED



## The Bible and Economics

### The Revolution of Nihilism

REV. I. E. HOWARD

FROM rejection of the doctrine of original sin, which was both the reason for government and the reason for limiting government in the thinking of the architects of our Constitution, American thought moved to belief in the rationality and goodness of man and from that to a new faith in the State as "a continuous conscious organism and a moral personality which has its foundation laid in the nature of man and its purpose is the welfare of the people." (*Introduction to Political Economy*, Richard T. Ely, page 30).

By the 1930's we were ready for Karl Marx.

The Congregationalists have prided themselves upon their "liberal" leadership, and justifiably so. They were the pioneers in the Social Action movement which supplanted the Social Gospel.

In 1934, at the meeting of the General Council of the Congregational Christian Churches at Oberlin, Ohio, a resolution was passed which, after a series of "Whereases," concluded:

"We It Resolved That

"We set ourselves to work toward: The abolition of the system (i.e., the capitalistic system) responsible for these destructive elements in our common life, by eliminating the system's incentives and habits, the legal forms which sustain it, and the moral ideals which justify it."

This Revolution, with its preceding "Whereases," was blatantly Marxist. The Council for Social Action, which was created at the same General Council, has tried to disclaim it, but the Reverend Malcolm Burton in *Destiny for Congregationalism* states that the Resolution reflected the attitudes and spirit which brought the Council for Social Action into existence. In short, this Resolution was the brain-child of the Social Action leaders and is an excellent statement of the purpose of the Social Action movement in all denominations; namely, to substitute a "planned economy" for a competitive one.

existential philosophy and Marxist socialism.

Existentialism — the emphasis upon existence instead of essence, and upon choice rather than upon speculative thought — begins with the proposition that life is absurd and that the universe is irrational. The existentialist camp has split into the atheistic existentialists, such as Sartre, and the theistic existentialists, such as Kierkegaard himself, and Barth, and, in our own country, Reinhold Niebuhr, among others. Niebuhr has been the most popular thought leader in the Social Action movement.

It is important to remember that back of Niebuhr's theologizing has been the existentialist assumption that life is absurd, which makes Niebuhr's statement in *Advance* (June 14, 1954) particularly significant: "It is not true that God gives special favors, nor is it true that there is a simple moral meaning in history and that the providence of God will inevitably assure the vindication of the 'moral law'."

To what kind of politics does a Niebuhr-like rejection of moral meaning lead? In the 1930's, he wrote that capitalism would end in a "bloody revolution" and that capitalistic institutions were the most pitiful of the oligarchs of the business world were the chief examples of social stupidity. To be sure, in the 1950's, Niebuhr publicly disclaimed the book, *Reflections on the End of an Era*, in which he made these statements. Nevertheless, although repudiating Marxism, he has not affirmed faith in an objective moral order. In this, he is typical of our age which has also lost faith in "a moral meaning in history" and is therefore driven to reliance upon coercion to accomplish "social justice."

Nietzsche anticipated the moral nihilism of the twentieth century which denies that there is an objective ground for moral principles and opens the door for unrestrained will to power. This is the very

Morals are meaningless. Only the will to power remains."

Protestant clergy of Social Action persuasion, having long defended the immorality of stealing by majority vote, are now becoming uncertain about traditional sex morality. Recently, a Presbyterian minister in Brooklyn startled sophisticated New York by publicly announcing that the obscene book, *Fanny Hill*, is no more pornographic than the Bible and that people should read pornography.

In his book, *Honest to God*, Bishop John Robinson gives several examples of men visiting prostitutes with alleged benefits to support his argument that one may visit a prostitute to the glory of God. He also argues for homosexuality as permissible. If Bishop John Robinson were an isolated figure, this would be alarming enough, but he is apparently publishing what many of his colleagues are saying in private.

Morals may not be worse than in "the good old days," but a frightening new element has entered the moral crisis. Many of the custodians of morals are no longer sure that the morals they are supposed to teach have any meaning.

Against such a background, the growing attack upon our Constitution is not surprising. The fear the Founding Fathers had of the power of government does not make sense in a universe in which power is the only reality. What rights has any individual in a universe of moral meaninglessness? Why protect the right to private property, which is at the core of human liberty?

Beginning with a denial of original sin and the subsequent elevation of man and the welfare of man, we are now finding that our sentimental altruism is turning into the ashes of moral meaninglessness. This is the end of the road so far as human liberty is concerned. Out of an abuse of moral nihilism a totalitarian

## Letters

MAY GOD help all of us to stem this steady drift away from the religious and moral ideal which actuated our Founding Fathers and which lie at the very heart of our national life.  
Rev. Harold F. Branch, D.D.  
Kansas City, Missouri

WE DEEPLY appreciate the sound and sane approach to matters of national and world concern which CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS takes. Our hope and prayer is that it will advise and inspire others as it has us in these days of confusion.  
Rev. John E. Lind  
Thief Falls, Minnesota

I CAN'T tell you how much the CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS news means to me in my work, church, and home life.  
Charles M. Goffe  
Grand Island, Nebraska

CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS presents facts on current, economic and political events which all should know and which are not readily available elsewhere.  
Rev. Arthur A. Ross  
Birmingham, Alabama

I BELIEVE I can honestly say that because of your faithful application of Christian principles to all walks of life, you have enabled me to see at 37 what I should have seen and known at 17, if the above had been diligently applied in education.  
Dunbar, Connecticut

I AM continually challenged by your writing. May God grant you courage to continue the good fight.  
H. Herbert Blair, Jr.  
Charleston, W. Virginia

The following names are representatives of the many who recently have written encouraging letters of approval.

### HONOR ROLL

Miss Naomi Altman, McAllen, Texas  
Mrs. Fred Bruun, Ridgeland, N. J.  
Rev. Wm. Burkett, Goshen, Ind. 47322



of cohesiveness, public morale, and spirit de corps of any decent society, namely the faith of the people in the

shows how inflation causes unemployment, because this recipient of shrunken dollars disemploys another person.

Excerpt from address at Annual Meeting of Christian Freedom Foundation, April, 1964.

# The Society of Satan

(Continued from Page 1)

is rewarded and success penalized. Its essence is hostile to missions and charity, which speak of mercy and offer regeneration on the assumption that a Godly reordering is required.

The Negro problem gives us a similar picture. The Christian cannot consistently believe in either racism or equality. God has made of one blood all nations, we are clearly told, and all are descendants of Adam. On the other hand, equality is a non-Biblical concept, imported from mathematics into human relationships, where both equality and inequality are inappropriate concepts. The Biblical concept is Calling, and its orientation is not democratic but divisive. Dewey was right, in a *Common Faith*, in calling Christianity's basic division between Heaven and hell, saved and lost, sheep and goats anti-democratic. "I cannot understand how any realization of the democratic ideal as a vital moral and spiritual ideal in human affairs is possible without surrender of the conception of the basic division to which supernatural Christianity is committed." The implication of Dewey's position is clear-cut: Grading by God or man is anti-democratic. Moral and spiritual distinctions are by nature aristocratic. Exactly so. Our faith is clearly anti-democratic and holds to an aristocracy, not of works, nor of blood inheritance, but of Grace. And, instead of a transference of guilt, it is the essence of Biblical Faith to confess it, declaring with David that sin is primarily and essentially an offense against God: "Against Thee, Thee only, have I sinned, and done that which is evil in Thy sight." Since every fact is a created fact, then every fact is a God-given fact, and we reckon in all things with the Creator. For us there can be no brute factuality but only God-given factuality, a totally personal universe. The Society or City of God is thus marked by a radically different approach to every fact in all creation.

Another society was offered to man and introduced into history by the fall, a society again proffered to man

in its fullness by Satan in the Wilderness Temptation of Christ. What is the nature of this Society of Satan?

First, it is held that man is not guilty of his sin, not responsible for his lawlessness, for the sources of his guilt are not personal but social and natural. In the ultimate sense, the guilt is God's, for having dared to create so difficult a cosmos, and God, as well as God's people, must be made to pay for this cosmic insolence.

Second, a society is demanded in which it is unnecessary for man to be good. Everything is to be provided so that man might attain true blessedness, a problem-free life. The Beatitudes, in pronouncing a blessing on suffering, persecution, tears and trials for Christ's sake, are thus the epitome of perversion. A good God must make it unnecessary for men to be good, and, having failed to do so, the good State, the true welfare state, must now make it unnecessary for man to be tested, unnecessary for man to be good. Man has all rights and no responsibilities. The duties are God's, Who has failed in His duty to man.

Third, a society is demanded in which it is impossible for men to be bad. This is the logical concomitant of the second demand. It is a demand that there be no testing. How cruel of God to test Adam and to test us. The world must be trouble-free and test-free. The goal of most politics and sociology is to provide us with such a world. Is anyone bad? Let this fact be concealed from him, and the world be so ordered that self-knowledge never comes out. And, because every man is god in his own eyes, and god in terms of this sociology of Satan, then every man must be preserved from any testing that might shatter this illusion. Let politics and social planning operate on the premise of human omnipotence. Thus there are no insoluble problems: man shall conquer all things, the cosmos and death included. Let no testing shatter his delusions of grandeur.

Fourth, a society is demanded in which it is impossible for men to fail. There must be no failure in Heaven

or on earth. All men must be saved, all students must pass, all men are employable, all men are entitled to all rights. As Satan stated it baldly in the Wilderness, giving in short form the program for the "good" State, "If Thou be the Son of God, command that these stones be made bread." Make it unnecessary for man to work, unnecessary for man to be good, impossible for man to be bad. Provide man with such a cushion of social planning, the temptations asserted, that man might neither hunger nor thirst, work or suffer, believe or disbelieve, succeed or fail, be good or evil. Let his every need be met and his world be ordered in terms of his wishes. Let it be a trouble-free world, cradle-to-grave security; let there be no failure. No failure is tolerable, and none is recognized, save one, God's, for having dared to create a world in which we can suffer for our sins, in which we can be tried and tested, in which we can be good or evil, in which we can and must be men. Let us through communism, socialism or our welfare states construct a world better than God's, a world in which failure is impossible and man is beyond good and evil.

The result of Adam's fall was thus the birth of sociology, of religions and politics, which seek to create this Society of Satan, the City of Man. Against all this, the inescapable fact remains that man is created in the image of God, has fallen, is a sinner, and can never escape the fact except by means of regeneration and sanctification [Jesus Christ, except by becoming a member of Him and of His new humanity, a new responsible man, a citizen of the Kingdom of God].

In whose image are we trying to remake ourselves, our children, and our soci. In God's Image through Jesus Christ? Or in the image of man as proposed by Satan?

(To be continued in next issue)

Address at Annual Meeting of Christian Freedom Foundation, April, 1964.



## Relationship of Sound Money to Freedom

DR. KARL BRANDT Professor of Economic Policy, Stanford University

IN THE agonizing engagement of Western civilization on a world-wide scale with the forces of inhuman materialism, meeting the challenge, in essence, requires that we sit a few issues of strategic importance for a myriad of fascinating, but trivial distractions for the curious intellect. What matters in this context in our time of truly apocalyptic peril is, therefore, not the pretentious juggling of technical aspects of price movements or speculative mathematical analyses of high potential rates of economic growth assertedly attainable by easy money policies and deficit financing of more defense expenditures and public works. Quite the contrary.

What is needed, in my view, is a sober, deadly earnest and courageous weighing of the moral issues that are at stake when inflation moves continually and persistently—issues that penetrate to the very foundation of any political system of representative government by law. Inflation is one of the typical malaises and serious social and political diseases of the humane economy, and has been such ever since the French Revolution. Not only corrupt or perverted democratic systems contract the endemic disease, but even very idealistic and civilized democratic regimes in most advanced countries tend to produce the germs spontaneously. To build antibodies and to gain immunity to it must be one of the primary concerns of the elite of civic-minded, responsible citizens in any country where freedom in the Christian sense is to prevail.

This highly infectious and destructive disease of human societies frequently makes use of brilliant intellects among economists, as well as ambitious politicians, administrators and even businessmen, as bacteria carriers at large, who sometimes infect others unwittingly but more often quite consciously and deliberately seed the germs. The causes of this endemic social disease have their roots deep in human nature, namely in man's voracious appetite for the satisfaction of more wants than can at best be achieved within a certain span of time—involving thus, in terms of Christian theology, the venial but potentially mortal sins of avarice and sloth. In plain secular language, we may say that the appetite for substantial benefits without a share in the costs is a human trait which is being exploited by politicians everywhere.

Education by intellectual exercise, experience, and

basic fairness and equity of the economic system and its functioning. It is by faith that individuals and societies live.

When it becomes chronic, inflation has such hideous, far-flung, uncontrollable and even untraceable consequences throughout a national economy and in its foreign relations that their aggregate effect of perversion cannot fail to stir the resentment of law-abiding and decent people to the point of social and political unrest and upheaval. Contrary to the people's intent, it throws them into the hands of radical socialists, communists, and other cynical exploiters of despair. The fact that some gain fortunes at the expense of others without any *quid pro quo* and that there are those who succeed in holding their own while the majority—particularly the so-called middle class—loses everything, infects even a reasonable, fair-minded and harmonious citizenry with the suspicion that economic processes may be motivated by class-struggle instincts and are organized as a conspiracy against the ordinary average citizen.

By inflation we mean a continual rise of the general level of prices in a country—a process that diminishes the purchasing power of the unit of the national currency—irrespective of the specific causes in each case.

The immediate result of the price rise is an unearned gain by all those who are assured of a contractual flow of goods or services for which they have made earlier payment or will make fixed installment payments. Or, if the purchase contract provided for future payment against fixed installments, the recipient of the installments becomes the beneficiary of unearned income. He who bought life insurance or an annuity against payments until retirement pays far more and receives far less in real value than both parties had agreed to.

How drastic the changes will be depends on the rate at which inflation proceeds and on the time period of the obligation. However, it must be well considered that even as small an annual rise in the general price level as 2½ per cent amounts to at least 25 per cent in 10 years, even without taking into account the compounded interest on the excess in former premium payments. A school teacher who wants to retire on a life insurance policy and pays premium installments for 20 years receives in real purchasing power when she retires only one-half of what

Neither employers nor labor unions, neither farmers nor government employees, neither students nor retired people—irrespective of color or creed—will escape the severest consequences if by irresponsible pressure group tactics and something-for-nothing guiltiness, they precipitate events that follow in inevitable sequence. These are first, renewed acceleration of inflation; second, its aftermath, severe depression; and third, its cure by expansion of the public sector of the economy, which costs a bitter toll of freedom. Since eternal vigilance is the only guarantee of liberty, the elite of civic-minded substantial citizens must have the danger of chronic inflation constantly on their conscience and guide public opinion accordingly. If our imbalanced international payments position should be glossed over and the urgently needed corrective action postponed indefinitely, our nation may awaken eventually to the appalling realization of a dollar crisis of frightening proportions. Then the day of reckoning will call for harrowing emergency controls. Such controls are all available in government law for an emergency after an atomic attack on our country. Their use in any purely economic impasse excluding military attack would destroy the prestige and trust of all Free World nations in the U.S. dollar as the international reserve currency and measure of all economic value. The controls would not only abrogate a great deal of the freedom which our people cherish, but they would simultaneously spell more disunity among western nations and once more—as after World War I in the early thirties—threaten the international credit structure with collapse and with the system of mutual security and multilateral foreign trade expansion, on which the present prosperity of the Free World depends. Soviet economists have never ceased to anticipate this downfall for their ailing cause.

Determination to avoid a happy-go-lucky drift into disaster must begin in the cells of our society: in the home—where inflation must be known to families as the curse of humanity and the temptation to subscribe to it recognized as the prompting of the devil. Such cultivation of reasonableness from the grass roots must induce the Federal government and its agencies, including particularly the Federal Reserve Board, the Bureau of the Budget, and the Secretary of the Treasury, to use their full authority for maintaining the integrity of our currency by monetary, banking, and fiscal controls. Guidelines and

See  
The Sun



for them. It gives them an opportunity to preside over the vast golden stream flowing to Washington and to channel it back as they see fit to the various communities. It puts vast powers of control into their hands. In time it will destroy our independence and self-government and make us subservient to the central government in Washington. Meanwhile, and increasingly so, we the people, in all communities will have much less than we could have if we paid all of our own bills, and contributed nothing to the needs of other communities. When money has to be raised at home, it is far more carefully expended than if it comes from Washington. Federal aid is a "pied piper" leading us over the cliffs to destruction.

## Why Redlich?

MANY WILL be greatly disturbed by the statement of Chief Justice Earl Warren that all the facts assembled by the Warren Commission to investigate the assassination of former President John Kennedy "may not become public within your lifetime." We don't like the sound of that. What are they holding back and why? Many have suspected that the late President had made *sub rosa* agreements with Khrushchev and this surely will add to that feeling of uneasiness.

We wonder also why the well-known Communist

## The Red Wheat Deal

wheat crop would cause prices to rise, which in turn would reduce demand and consumption, or cause wheat to be imported from other parts of the world. On the other hand, a bumper crop would tend to depress prices, which in turn would encourage consumption and exports, and discourage future production. At the free market price anyone willing to buy can buy, and anyone willing to sell can find a buyer. Sustained surplus or shortages are inconceivable in a free market.

The American surpluses of various farm products, which at times exceed \$10 billion in federal governmental costs, were created by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. By raising prices above those de-

that which the job requires.

Warning — If employers are not to be allowed to hire people of sufficient intelligence and training to do the complicated work modern technology requires, production will decline and our ability to compete in an increasingly competitive world will suffer.

Examine The Games

## Marxism in Washington

AS QUOTED in the *New York Daily News*, January 20, 1964, President Johnson said recently in connection with his campaign to eliminate poverty:

"We are going to try to take all the money that we think is unnecessarily being spent and take it from the haves and give it to the have-nots that need it so much." *Well, Mr. Johnson — how much?*

A Love, compassion, and charity — we understand, approve and try to practice, but this frank statement advocating the Communist policy of seizing the wealth of some and giving it to others is incredible.

Is the President "... going to try to take all the money that we think is unnecessarily being spent ... and give it to the have-nots ... ? If not, who is the "we" that is going to decide how much the American people are spending "unnecessarily," and then take all the balances away from whomsoever has anything left? Not only

will there be a

*Sim Burdett a Typic*

(Continued from Page 1)

terminated by the market it caused production and supply to increase and consumption and exports to decline. This surplus emerged. And in order to safeguard these surpluses the federal government proceeded to buy and store them at its own risk and expense. Without this government intervention the federal program long since would have failed as farmers undoubtedly would have preferred to sell their produce at the market price rather than hold a non-marketable surplus at a fictitious price.

While the U. S. Government creates agricultural surpluses through artificial high pricing, which is meant to benefit some farmers, the USSR government is

mission, stressing the absolute incompatibility of religion and communism and that the late Josef Stalin was too soft on religion.

Khrushchev declared that "the number of people practicing religious rites continues to be relatively high." He then proceeded to advocate more severe repressive measures calling for more "education work" and "athletic work must be waged systematically." He demands that the practice of tolerating the church be reversed. He called for more atheistic work among children as the best guarantee that eventually no believers would be left.

## Cold Calculating Commie

WE HAVE just listened to a recording of a debate between the late Lee Harvey Oswald and two anti-Marxist, anti-Castro newsmen. The recorded words of Oswald show him to be not a frenzied, emotional, disorganized fanatic, but rather a cold, calculating student of Marxism and a strong supporter of Fidel Castro. He spoke as secretary of the Committee on Fair Play for Cuba. This recording disproves the theory so widely believed that the late President Kennedy was assassinated by a mentally disturbed hoodlum and shows that the foul deed was committed by a careful, devoted, calculating Marxist.

state from their private plots had been greatly reduced, and their private livestock was expanding at an impressive rate. Then income from sales on local "farmers' markets" rose accordingly.

But as in all such situations free markets cannot for long exist side by side with a regimented economy. The free economy tends to incapacitate regimentation as it provides individual rewards and incentives that not seldom run counter to the objectives of the regime. The collective farmer, endeavoring to reduce his services to the collective in order to hoarder and market his private output. Even the collective farms may endeavor to reduce (Continued on Page 4)



# CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS

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## Voice of the Editor (Continued)

ly if they realize that for every dollar our municipality and other municipalities get from Washington, a larger number of dollars must be sent to that city.

Our officials would not be so happy if they stopped to realize that thousands of other municipalities throughout our great land also have pipelines laid to Washington and are sucking out their quota of dollars.

When we accept money from Washington to pay for our sewers, we assume the obligation of helping to pay for the sewers of thousands of other municipalities all over the country. To collect money from everywhere and then channel some of it back to each community is an expensive process. A substantial portion is lost along the way. We are not as careful with Uncle Sam's money as we are with our own. Other municipalities are also careful because they delude themselves by thinking they do not have to be so careful with Federal money.

This extravagant and wasteful system has been urged

What's this! Attention Mr. Hoover.

fronter, Norman Redlich, was appointed as assistant counsel for the Commission. As late as last July the name of Mr. Redlich appeared on the letterhead of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. Among the purposes of this Committee are the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities and the discrediting of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Not only the House Committee on Un-American Activities but also the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee has named the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee as a Communist front. Two of its executives, Frank Wilkinson and Carl Braaten, both identified as Communists, were imprisoned for contempt of Congress in 1961. Redlich was among those who signed an appeal to the President for clemency for Wilkinson and Braaten. He was also a scheduled speaker at an anti-House Committee on Un-American Activities meeting held in New York early in 1961 as was Frank J. Donner, also identified as a Communist.

The selection of such men to serve on the Warren committee does not give the American people confidence in the findings of that body and coming now with the statement that some of these findings are to be withheld from us is cause for great dissatisfaction with the way this matter is being handled. Are we nuts?

## Unfair Employment Rules

AN EXAMINER for the Fair Employment Practice Commission of Illinois has ruled that Motorola, Inc. must hire a job applicant who failed to pass the company's general ability test given to all persons seeking jobs. The examiner declared that the test, which has been in use with appropriate adaptations for nearly 15 years, was discriminatory and unfair because it did not make allowance for "culturally deprived and disadvantaged groups" and "inequalities and differences in environment."

Motorola was not only ordered to hire the applicant but to stop using the ability tests. The examiner maintained that Motorola's "norm" was derived from standardization on advantaged groups.

If this ruling is allowed to stand it means that the Company is not free to upgrade its employees and to work toward higher intelligent levels. It means that the employer must hire any applicant whether or not he

does this statement say Washington is going to take whatever we might have left, but apparently it is planning to tell us how much it is necessary for us to spend and then to take from us all the balance.

That is communism pure and simple with the government exercising the right of deciding how much we should spend ourselves and then seizing all the balance to use in accordance with the judgment of the bureaucrats who have enslaved us.

That a President of the United States could have uttered such words is unbelievable. If he did, it must have been in an unguarded moment when he did not realize the significance of what he was saying. If time should prove that he knew what he said and meant it, then we shall have to find ways of successfully resisting it or the day of our total enslavement is at hand.

## Constructive Charity

THE SAVE THE CHILDREN FEDERATION is a 32-year old private organization devoted to helping underprivileged children in the United States and many countries around the world. Its twin, with the same Board of Directors, is Community Development Foundation which promotes self-help in poverty-stricken villages in many lands.

With a little financial aid and a lot of know-how and encouragement, the inhabitants of scores of villages in many countries lacking roads, schools, water supply, sewers, and local shops for useful handicraft work are taught how to make these things. Most of the work is done by the natives themselves and hopeless apathy often gives place to a cheerful hopeful attitude of expectancy as better living conditions are achieved.

Here is an example of the finest and most constructive form of charity. Government-administered relief usually makes a bad situation worse; a private effort of this kind unleashes vast human energies that can lift human living to a higher plane.

## Teaching Atheism

CHURCH leaders who are fond of proclaiming that



of God and inevitably brings hardship upon mankind. Good moral law is also good economic law. The Ten Commandments are the basis of freedom, free government and a productive economy that leads to abundance.

## Following the Pied Piper

WAYNE TOWNSHIP, N.J., where your editor lives, is a prosperous community situated among well-wooded rolling hills and inhabited by industrious, intelligent people. Before us is a report prepared by our local government. Our affairs have been in good hands and we are planning wisely for the future.

We are looking at a picture in this report of three of our top officials. They are smiling happily as they look at a check for \$371,000 of Federal aid as the first payment toward the cost of our new sewers. If the Federal government can pay the cost of installing sewers in Wayne Township, there isn't any need of any municipality anywhere in the United States that cannot be met by Uncle Sam. We are on the verge of complete federalization.

These three gentlemen would not be smiling so broadly.

(Continued on Page 2)

## The Red Wheat Deal

IN A recent speech in Krasnodar, North Caucasus, Nikita Khrushchev admitted that Soviet agriculture was undergoing a serious crisis. "We were forced to buy foreign wheat. We bought 6,800,000 tons in Canada, 1,800,000 tons in Australia and smaller quantities in other countries."

The sole reason for this Communist dilemma, according to Khrushchev, was bad weather conditions. "In many areas," he stated, "winter seed either was lost completely or yielded very little. Unfavorable weather conditions covered huge areas not only in the European part of Russia but also in Kazakhstan, Siberia, and other areas. This created a critical situation in 1963."

No one can actually be surprised about this new failure of Soviet agriculture. Crop failure and hunger are as old as communism itself. They haunt man wherever communism makes its ugly appearance.

institution of sacrifice, by calling the line of Seth, Noah, Shem, and Abraham, instituting the law of Moses, and confirming the Covenant in Christ.

But another Society has been in history from the beginning also, the Society of Satan, whose foundation was stated by the tempter to Eve, manifested in the fall, proclaimed at Babel, continuing long as mankind's secret church and increasingly manifested openly.

Let us examine two important passages of Scripture with reference to this Society. An exposition of Genesis 3:7-17 follows and Genesis 11:1-9 will be examined in the next issue of *Christian Economics*.

Genesis 3:7-17, in its main outlines, is simplicity itself. Confronted by God, Adam and Eve seek refuge in a feeble covering for their guilt and shame. The Hebrew word for cover, *Kaphar*, is also the word for *atonement*. Atonement is thus a covering for sin, and it can be an evasive covering, or the covering provided by God: it can be self-righteousness, or the righteousness of God in Christ. Man constantly seeks a covering for his guilt and shame in institutional facades, and one of the most popular of hiding places from God is the institutional church. Cultural anthropologists have divided societies in terms of guilt and shame cultures, and with reason. We can add that man seeks in institutional structures an "apron" or covering for his sin, and the deeper the

an Thou gavest me." Had You not given her, I would not have sinned.

Eve is no less evasive of responsibility: Poor, innocent woman that I am, how could I withstand the serpent's guile? Not for all the world would she deliberately have done wrong: the guilt lies elsewhere.

Guilt thus is transferred. It is projected on the environment, made part of the ultimate frame of things, passed on to others, evaded by transference and projection. Guilt is denied to the individual in the name of social and natural forces.

Concretely, juvenile delinquency is blamed on the parents, the home, or the environment, and it is commonplace for judges with a smattering of psychiatry and welfare theory at their command to exonerate already burdened parents with a fearful burden of misplaced guilt. Again, crime is blamed on the environment, on heredity, on any number of natural and social forces, so that, as Henry Miller has put it, punishment is criminal. The guilt is society's, and especially, somehow, the non-criminal's, for having fostered this tragic chain of reactions we call crime. Let the "good men" pay the price, therefore, and let the have-nations pay off the have-nots for the affront of their success and affluence. Our foreign aid program is premised on an anti-Christian theology in which failure

(Continued on Page 3)

HANS F. SENNHOLZ, PH. D., Professor of Economic Policy, Stanford University

And yet, year after year, Mao Tse-tung of China, Castro of Cuba, and other spokesmen of agricultural socialism are quick to blame the heavens for the starvation which they themselves have inflicted on their people.

When Khrushchev seized power in Soviet Russia he did not hesitate to admit that Russia's agriculture had not yet reached prewar productivity. This frank exposure was followed by a series of comprehensive reforms that aimed at raising output. But his feverish attempts now prove a total failure. Russia must import foodstuffs although 40 per cent of her population continues to work in agriculture, which contrasts with only 10 to 12 per cent in the United States. The average yield of grain per acre is less than one-third of American yield and even less than that of Russian agriculture at the time of the Czar. In fact, under the Czar, Russia

was an important export country that helped to feed the industrial nations of Europe. The same was true of other Communist countries, such as Poland, Latvia, Estonia, Hungary, Romania, Yugoslavia, and others. Now they all depend on food imports from the capitalist countries of the West.

According to some estimates, this year's Soviet grain crop trails last year's 60 million tons by some 13.5 million tons. In addition the output of other Communist countries has declined materially. This explains the importation of 13 million tons by the Communist bloc. The American deal provides for an additional 3.5 million tons. Altogether the Communist purchases of wheat comprise more than 25 per cent of the stored surpluses of the principal export countries, such as the U.S.A., Canada, Argentina, and Australia, or almost 50 per cent of the annual

world trade in wheat. In fact, the Soviet purchases are the biggest wheat deals in the history of foreign trade.

It ill behooves us to be gleeful of the Soviet shortages and proud of our surpluses. Actually, both spring from the same cause: socialism or government price control. We cannot lecture Khrushchev on the virtues of capitalism and the market system when not a single major country in the capitalist West permits it to operate in agriculture. In the United States, federal government plans and controls have abolished many agricultural markets, and thousands of farmers have become wards of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

In a free economy there can be neither persistent surplus nor shortage. The market price always equates the demand for the product and its supply. A bad

(Continued on Page 2)



## Voice of the Editor

### Is the Light Dawning?

KHRUSHCHEV is again castigating "inept farm-heads" and depleting chaos as he pleads for experts to do their duty. Farm production is lagging, the people are hungry and the nation's scarce reserves must be used to import wheat. Khrushchev had much to say about incompetent leaders who ruined collective farms and the necessity for paying Soviet commissars in proportion to output. This is, of course, a principle of the free market. It is not Marxism. It is one more evidence of the failure of the latter and the vindication of the former.

Another strong evidence of the failure of Marxism is the decision recently made in Hungary to take the non-Marxist step of resorting to the use of interest charges on both the fixed and working capital of industrial enterprises.

Experience has shown that communists are not only careless but greedy about hoarding raw materials if there is no charge for so doing. The same is true regarding their demands for more expensive equipment and larger factories. Now that they must pay interest on the capital equipment under their charge and the stocks of raw materials they maintain on hand, it is expected that they will strive to be more economical of both and to step up production in keeping with the capital costs involved.

Beginning this year Hungarian factories will pay five per cent interest on the gross value of the means of production, that is, buildings, equipment, stocks of raw materials, tools, goods in process and finished goods. When these items are interest free, as they have been heretofore in Communist economies, they are hoarded and used wastefully. Since interest on the tools and raw materials one uses is a proper charge against the cost of production, if this factor be not included, the cost of production is not realistic. That is one of the important reasons why government-operated enterprises in all lands, including our own, almost invariably operate at a loss.

Apparently the light begins to dawn in Communist lands and some socialist principles at least are being abandoned in favor of the more orthodox methods that have proved so successful. This is good news. It just might catch on and sweep away the socialist nightmare that has so long prevented us from a condition of the world.

JULY 7, 1964 • TEN CENTS

# CHRISTIAN ECONOMICS

*We believe in the free market and the faithful application of Christian principles to all economic activities.*

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## The Society of Satan

THE REV. R. J. RUSHDOONY Palo Alto, California

**M**AN IS inescapably religious. He may deny God, but all the categories of his life remain religious, and all are categories borrowed from the Triune God. Since the only world man lives in is the world God created, his thinking even in apostasy is inevitably conditioned and governed by a God-given framework. Men cannot escape that framework. They may deny God's sovereignty, but they cannot stop believing in sovereignty; they merely transfer it to man or to the State. Total law and planning, i.e., predestination, is inescapable; denied to God, it is simply transferred to the scientific socialist State which predestines or totally governs and plans all things. If deity be denied to the God of Scripture, it merely reappears in man or the State. And if the church ceases proclaiming the Gospel, then religion does not perish; it reappears as politics or economics, and salvation continues to be offered to inescapably religious man.

Salvation is a necessity of man's being, and the goal of salvation is new life and freedom. If salvation be not accepted in God through Christ, then it is accepted in

guilt and shame the greater the structural development. Atonement as basic to institutional and especially civil structures is an important fact of man's history. Citizenship was once a religious act, and politics rested on atonement. The Greek *polis* was a religious entity, and modern politics has no less a religious frame of reference in that it is still concerned with neutralizing sin and evil by means of institutional structures. Sinful men, united by the State, somehow, it is expected, will create a good society, i.e., a good omicron out of bad eggs. The United Nations, that modern Tower of Babel, is the epitome of this faith.

Man's basic and original sin is "to be as God, knowing good and evil." "Knowing" here has the force of determining, establishing, so that man's essential sin is to attempt to play God and to legislate creatively and substantively on the nature of morality in terms of his own godhead.

Man, seeking to be God, became less the man. Adam's response to God's question is to evade responsibility: It is the woman's fault. He saves in effect: Poor, innocent man



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1-Mr. Neill  
1-Mr. Frazier  
1-Mr. Jevons

1-Office, 7133  
1-Mr. Conrad

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad  
FROM : R. H. Jevons

DATE: July 20, 1964

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY; 11/22/63; DALLAS, TEXAS

As a matter of record, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, employee of the President's Commission delivered to SA Robert E. Neill on 7/16/64, Commission exhibits numbered 156, 157, 162, 163 and Cadigan exhibit number one for the purpose of returning them to Bureau custody.

## ACTION:

For information

62-109060

1-Mr. Belmont  
1-Mr. Rosen  
1-Mr. Sullivan  
1-Mr. Malley

NOTE: The above items are described as follows:

Exhibit 156 consists of one pair of gray cotton slacks  
Commission exhibit 157 consists of one pair of gray cotton slacks (FARAH brand clothes)  
Exhibit 162 consists of one gray jacket  
Exhibit 163 consists of one blue jacket  
Cadigan exhibit number one consists of a microfilm reel showing transactions of Klein's Sporting Goods Company

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REC-13

62-109060-3500

JUL 21 1964

JUL 21 1964

JUL 24 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1-Mr. Conrad - Enclosure  
1-Mr. Jevons - Enclosure  
2-Mr. Griffith - Enclosure

DATE: 7/17/64

1-Mr. Neill - Enclosure  
1-Mr. Frazier - Enclosure  
1-Office, 7133 - Enclosure

Tolson	✓
Belmont	✓
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
DeLoach	
Evans	
Malley	
Rosen	✓
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

TO : Mr. Conrad  
FROM : R. H. Jevons  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS  
11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 7/16/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, telephoned Section Chief Roy H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section of the Laboratory and requested that a Bureau representative take custody of those exhibits listed on the attached enclosure. It was further requested that three copies of each exhibit be made and that these be furnished to the Commission.

As a matter of record, custody was taken of instant exhibits by SA Robert E. Neill on 7/16/64.

This work will be handled by an Agent examiner of the Laboratory's Document Section.

## ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced as requested and three copies of each will be furnished to the Commission. In accordance with existing instructions, all exhibits (designated by \*) not originating from the Bureau will be returned to the Commission along with the copies.

62-109060

1-Mr. Belmont - Enclosure  
1-Mr. Rosen - Enclosure  
1-Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure  
1-Mr. Malley - Enclosure  
1-Mr. Callahan (Attention: C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure

REC-13

62-109060-3501

REN:fch  
(13)

JUL 21 1964

74 JUL 24 1964 CLOSURE  
27

JUL 21 1964

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

7/17/64

COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

Lillian Murret 1*	Photograph of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Ekdaal on their wedding day, 5/5/45
Seth Kantor 2*	Floor plan of basement parking area in Dallas PD headquarters building
McMillon 5016*	Floor plan of basement parking area in Dallas PD headquarters building
McMillon 5020*	Report of Detective T. D. McMillon to Chief of Police, Dallas PD re Oswald homicide
Crafard 5200A*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Crafard 5200B*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Crafard 5200C*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Crafard 5200D*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Crafard 5200E*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Crafard 5201*	Photograph of unidentified people sitting in a cocktail lounge
Crafard 5207*	Photograph of Ruby and two stripteasers, "Little Lynn" and "Joy Sale"
Crafard 5203*	Photograph of Ruby in a nightclub
Crafard 5209*	Photograph of female nightclub entertainer, not otherwise identified
Crafard 5210*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5211*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5213*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5214*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5214A*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5215*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5216*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5217*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5218*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence

62-107060-351

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Crafard 5219*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5220*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Crafard 5222*	Photograph of Eddie Rocco
Crafard 5228A*	Photograph of discharge document (Army) of Curtis Laverne Crafard
Crafard 5223B*	Photograph showing several pieces of paper bearing notations of names, dates, etc.
Crafard 5229A*	Photograph of the cover of a subpoena re Jack Ruby trial
Crafard 5229B*	Photograph of a subpoena to Curtis L. Crafard re Jack Ruby trial
Crafard 5230*	Consists of eleven 8" by 10" photographs of a diary book and various pages therein belonging to C. L. Crafard
Dean 5138*	Small reel of recording tape bearing an interview, not otherwise identified
Dean 5007*	Diagram of parking area in basement of Dallas PD headquarters building
Tormey 1*	2 Placards re Defense Committee (Gus Hall - Benjamin J. Davis) - "End McCarranism," photographic negative of placard and note from Oswald soliciting photo work
A. Johnson 5A*	Photograph bearing caption "Read the Worker" - "If You want to know about Peace, Democracy, etc."
Semingsen 3001*	Reproductions of nine Western Union telegrams received by and sent to Ruby
Holmes 1*	Reproduction of P.O. box application by Ruby
Holmes 2*	Reproduction of advertisement of Klein's Sporting Goods
Holmes 3*	Reproduction of Ruby's application for a P.O. box
Holmes 6*	Reproduction of an application signed by Jack Ruby for a P.O. box
Crowe 2*	Signed statement by William D. Crowe, Jr.
Crowe 3*	8" by 10" photograph showing striptease sequence of "Little Lynn" (Karen Bennett)
Crowe 4*	Photograph of nightclub interior, not otherwise identified
Crowe 5*	Photograph of nightclub interior, not otherwise identified
Crowe 6*	Photograph of nightclub scene and female entertainer, not otherwise identified

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Stuckey 1*	Pamphlet entitled "The Cuban Episode and the American Press - April 9 - 23, 1961"
Stuckey 4*	Reel of audio tape of interview with Oswald
Armstrong 5300A*	Photograph of Ruby and two women
Armstrong 5300B*	Photograph of Ruby and two women
Armstrong 5300C*	Photograph of Ruby and two women
Armstrong 5300D*	Photograph of Ruby and two women
Armstrong 5300E*	Photograph of Ruby and two women
Armstrong 5300F*	Photograph of Ruby and two women
Armstrong 5301A*	Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women,
Armstrong 5301B*	Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women
Armstrong 5301C*	Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women
Armstrong 5301D*	Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women
Armstrong 5301E*	Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women
Armstrong 5302*	Photograph of Eddie Rocco
Armstrong 5303A*	Photograph showing smaller photographs of various nightclub scenes
Armstrong 5303B*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303C*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303D*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303E*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303F*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303G*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303H*	8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence
Armstrong 5303I*	Photograph of nightclub scene and female entertainer
Armstrong 5303J*	Photograph of nightclub scene showing various patrons, not identified
Armstrong 5303K*	Photograph of nightclub scene showing various patrons, not identified
Armstrong 5303L*	Photograph of Ruby on a nightclub stage
Armstrong 5303M*	Photograph of Ruby on a nightclub stage
Armstrong 5304A*	Photograph of nightclub interior showing various patrons, not identified

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Armstrong 5304B*	Photograph of nightclub entertainer, not identified
Armstrong 5305A - 5305S*	Photograph of Spiral notebook and various pages
Armstrong 5306A - B*	Photograph of "While Your Were Out" telephone messages
Armstrong 5307A*	Photograph of piece of paper showing address of T. E. Smith
Armstrong 5308*	Eighteen 8" by 10" photographs of various pages of a Spiral notebook
Gerald L. Hill A*	Photograph showing view of Oswald homicide scene
Gerald L. Hill B*	Photograph showing Oswald and police officers as Oswald was being taken from the Texas theater
Gerald L. Hill C*	Photograph of scene in front of Texas theater



FBI

Date: 7/17/64

REC-13

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, MOBILE (89-25)(RUC)  
 RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
 DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
 (OO: DALLAS)

Reference is made to Bureau airtel to Mobile 7/7/64, transmitting a copy of an undated letter from E. WILLIAMS to the Attorney General of the United States, and referring to Washington Field Office airtel to the Bureau dated 7/1/64 captioned "MRS. JAMES R. (EUGENIA) BLACK, Nee WILLIAMS; INFORMATION CONCERNING".

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 2 copies, and for Dallas 25 copies, of an insert, as instructed in referenced Bureau airtel.

3 - Bureau (Encs. 2) ENCLOSURE  
 2 - Dallas (89-43)(Encs. 25)  
 2 - Mobile (1 - 89-25)(1 - 62-1216)  
 JTB:jes  
 (7)

REC-13

62-109060-3502

3 JUL 20 1964

D. WICK

74 JUL 24 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

RE: INFORMATION FROM [MRS. JAMES R. (EUGENIA) BLACK, NEE WILLIAMS, 807 WASHINGTON AVENUE, TUSKEGEE, ALABAMA]

This investigation is predicated upon telephone call on June 30, 1964 from Mrs. JAMES R. (EUGENIA) BLACK, Nee WILLIAMS, of Tuskegee, Alabama, to the office of the Federal Bureau Of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

In her call to the Federal Bureau Of Investigation, Washington, D. C., on June 30, 1964, Mrs. BLACK advised that she resides at 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. She said that the wife of [JAMES T. DRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama] had admitted to her in November, 1963 that she, [Mrs. DRAYE] had planned the assassination of President KENNEDY, and that she had done so to make it appear that her brother-in-law, [Dr. EDWARD T. DRAYE], also of Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, had been the assassin. She said that [JAMES T. DRAYE] also admitted this to her, but advised that in order not to lose his wife he had covered up all of the evidence of the plot.

She advised that [Mrs. DRAYE] was a nurse and worked either at [JOHN ANDREW Hospital or the Veterans Administration Hospital, both at Tuskegee, Alabama]. She requested that the Federal Bureau Of Investigation question all persons concerned and use truth serum on them.

Also, on June 30, 1964, Special Agent DAN O. STEPHENS at Montgomery, Alabama received a telephone call from Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama. She wanted an investigation of [Mrs. JAMES T. DRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee, Alabama] and she related the same information as had been related in the above-mentioned telephone call to Washington, D. C.

62-107160  
ENCLOSURE

On the morning of July 1, 1964, at 6:55 A.M., Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, made a telephone call to the office of the Federal Bureau Of Investigation at Mobile, Alabama, saying that Mrs. JAMES T. BRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, had admitted planning the assassination of President KENNEDY, and requested an investigation of Mrs. BRAYE.

Set forth below is an undated letter from E. WILLIAMS to Attorney General Kennedy, Justice Department, Washington, D. C.:

"Dear Attorney General:

"I am to blame for your thinking I was involved in the assasination of President Kennedy. The assasination was a shock to me -- I am not involved in the assasination.

"Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye of 1710 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, were happy for you to think it was I who planned the assasination, because it was the (present) Mrs. James T. Braye who planned it (the assasination). I found that out when you burnt up some papers in my house, which made Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye rejoice. Then Mrs. Braye said "There was only one copy". Then I overheard her say she planned the assasination to make it look like her brother-in-law, Dr. Edward T. Braye (Franklin Road, Tuskegee Inst., Ala.) planned it. She was seeking "revenge" on Dr. Braye for something.

"Another night, you came into the house with Mr. and Mrs. James Braye. I said to myself "He knows it was Mrs. Braye who planned the assasination." (I was in a confused state that night. I had been thinking someone might think I was involved in the assasination because the President had come to my house once.) You even thought I had been romantically involved with the President, when Mr. and Mrs. Braye

"and I were referring to a romantic involvement I had with a Mr. Cantor. It was Mr. Cantor we were talking about, not the President. I have never been romantically involved with President Kennedy. Mr. Bray in trying to hide his wife's involvement in the assasination, tried to make you think I had been romantically involved with President Kennedy. It hurts me to think anyone would think that when it is not true.

"I just let you think what you wanted to think that night. That was my mistake. I should have talked to you and told you the truth.

"When I said "I didn't plan the assasination", you thought I said "I did" plan it. I let you think what you thought, because I knew that I was innocent. And that I can trace every move I have made all my life.

"To say that I was to blame in the assasination is a rumor. I could carry this case to court to get my name cleared.

"I believe if you questioned Mrs. James T. Bray again she might tell you the truth.

"Yours truly,

/s/ "E. Williams"

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent RONALD L. McLANAHAN at Tuskegee, Alabama:

On July 1, 1964, a check of public sources and law enforcement, and credit bureau checks, failed to locate anyone by the name of Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK.

On July 1, 1964, Mr. ROBERT HAITH, JR., Assistant Director, Veterans Administration Hospital (VAH), Tuskegee, advised that JAMES T. BRAY (not BRAYE) is employed at the VAH as Assistant Personnel Manager, and he has been employed at

*Bray*  
the hospital for about eleven years. He said that JAMES T. BRAY is one of the finest employees of the hospital. BRAY's wife, BELMA is a registered nurse, and she is employed at JOHN ANDREWS Hospital in Tuskegee, Alabama. He has known her for six years, and she is a fine individual, who has always displayed common sense. Dr. EDWARD T. BRAY brother of JAMES T. BRAY is a veterinarian at Tuskegee Institute, and he is likewise of excellent character and reputation.

Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, on July 1, 1964, advised that she has lived at this address for thirty years, and she does not know anyone by the name of Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK.

A letter was received from EUGENIA J. WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, addressed to the Federal Bureau Of Investigation, Montgomery, Alabama, and postmarked July 3, 1964. She referred to the fact that she had made telephone calls concerning the wife of JAMES T. BRAYE, Tuskegee, Alabama, and she advised that if it was desired to question her in person, she should be asked for by her maiden name, EUGENIA J. WILLIAMS.

The files of the Federal Bureau Of Investigation Office at Mobile, Alabama reflect that on April 28, 1964 EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, telephoned Special Agent SPENCER H. ROBB at Montgomery, Alabama. She informed that she was approaching a "permanent helpless state" and needed brain surgery. She wanted the Federal Bureau Of Investigation to recommend a neurologist, or a brain surgeon. When informed by Special Agent ROBB that he could make no such recommendation, she requested permission from the Federal Bureau Of Investigation to contact a brain surgeon. She was told that this permission was not necessary, but she repeated for approximately fifteen minutes that she was approaching a "permanent helpless state" and felt that the Federal Bureau Of Investigation should help her contact a brain surgeon.

On July 7, 1964, Miss EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, was interviewed at Tuskegee, Alabama by Special Agent RONALD L. McLANAHAN in the presence of her mother, Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, and sister,

Miss LOIS WILLIAMS. She stated that she was first married to JAMES R. BLACK, and was later married to JAMES T. BRAY, of Tuskegee, Alabama. She said that she had made numerous telephone calls to the Federal Bureau Of Investigation under the name of Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK.

She told of being contacted by Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY and Senator TED KENNEDY at her home shortly after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. She claimed that they told her they knew she had participated in a plot to assassinate President KENNEDY, and that her husband, JAMES T. BRAY, was aware of same. She said that she had heard her name mentioned over the radio and television, being accused of being responsible for President KENNEDY's death. She said that, obviously, it was the present Mrs. JAMES T. BRAY they were referring to, and not to her. She made the numerous telephone calls, as she wanted people to know that she did not have anything to do with the death of President KENNEDY.

On July 7, 1964, Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, advised that she had not known that her daughter, EUGENIA, had been making these telephone calls. She said that EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS has been mentally ill for the past fourteen years, and she had been a patient at South Oakes Mental Hospital, Amityville, New York, in 1961, and she is presently under psychiatric treatment. She said that EUGENIA appeared normal at times. She has been under the care of Dr. CHARLES R. F. BEALL, Psychiatrist, Atlanta, Georgia, for the past few years. She said that EUGENIA has never been married, and she does not know why EUGENIA chose to make accusations against Mr. and Mrs. JAMES T. BRAY, other than the fact that Mr. BRAY works at the VAH in Tuskegee, Alabama, where EUGENIA worked as a typist for a few months in around 1956.

She stated that her daughter is not dangerous, and she will try to prevent her from making any further telephone calls concerning this matter.

She advised that EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS is a Negro female, and that EUGENIA was born on February 4, 1930 at Birmingham, Alabama.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *AB*

DATE: July 16, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen *11/1/64*

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

## PURPOSE

To have the Philadelphia Office acknowledge the letter of Harry H. Knable which he wrote to the Director dated 7-9-64, and return Knable's letter which he wrote dated 5-9-64, captioned "An Open Letter."

## BACKGROUND

Harry H. Knable wrote a letter to the Director dated 7-9-64, in which he said "I am asking you return the information I sent you at once, please. I respect you as a gentleman and always will. Wishing you the best of health. Sincerely yours Harry H. Knable." Bureau files disclose Knable has contacted the Bureau on numerous occasions furnishing nonspecific information. In 1947, he claimed he alone broke up a Nazi ring during the war and that he was the only man that ever beat up Al Capone. Knable contacted the Bureau on 5-9-64, at which time he stated he knew who killed President Kennedy. He refused to give any further information and he rambled considerably during the conversation describing himself as a "one man army." He has made such allegations that he was going to have two judges impeached, but he did not identify these judges.

He also stated he was going to furnish an "Open Letter to America," the substance of which would be that the late President was assassinated by Jack Ruby, a communist and twin brother of Bobby Baker.

The information concerning Knable was furnished to U. S. Secret Service and they advised us Knable is well known to them over a long period of years. They

KMR:las  
(6)

REC-13

62-109060-3503

JUL 21 1964

27 ENCLOSURE SENT 7-16-64  
54 JUL 27 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

considered him a confidence man who appears to be a mental case and has tried without success to see all Presidents since Truman.

Knable has been contacted by our Philadelphia Office. He furnished his open letter. The letter along with other data obtained from police agencies was incorporated into the report of SA Robert P. Gemberling dated 6-19-64, Dallas, Texas, under the assassination caption, which has been previously furnished to the President's Commission.

Knable appears to be a real mental case and his letter should not be acknowledged by the Bureau. It is presumed he is referring to his open letter; however, it is noted he was nonspecific in his request as to the information he sent us. Appropriate copies of Knable's letter have been produced and included into Bureau file 62-109060-3113.

ACTION

If approved, the attached airtel to Philadelphia be sent instructing them to acknowledge Knable's recent letter dated 7-9-64, and return to him his letter dated 5-9-64, captioned "An Open Letter."

7-16-64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Raupach

To: SAC, Philadelphia (157-916)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3504

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

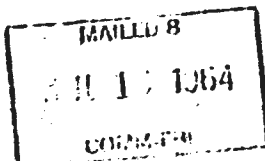
Reurairtel 5-15-64, concerning Harry H. Knable,

Enclosed is a copy of a self-explanatory letter from Harry H. Knable, dated 7-9-64. It is noted he requested return of information he previously sent. However, he is nonspecific as to this information and it is believed it may pertain to the letter he wrote on 5-9-64, captioned "An Open Letter." This letter is also enclosed.

Appropriate copies of Knable's open letter are retained in Bureau files. Contact Knable, acknowledge his letter of 7-9-64, and return to him his open letter insuring that an appropriate receipt is obtained. Your contact with Knable should be as brief as possible due to his background, which you are aware of.

Enclosures (2)

KMR:las  
(4)



NOTE: See A. Rosen to Mr. Belmont memo 7/16/64

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 16 4 58 PM '64  
FBI  
READING ROOM

JUL 24 1964

JUL 16 3 12 PM '64



SIXTEENTH AT H STREET, N.W.  
WASHINGTON 6, D.C.

Phila 7-9-64

Hon J. Edgar Hoover

Sir:

I am asking you to  
return the information I sent you at  
Once, Please.

I respect you as a  
Gentlemen and always will.  
Wishing you the best  
of health.

Sincerely Yours  
Harry H. Knable  
902 Pine St  
Phila 7 Pa  
H. S. A.

REC-13

6-Kne  
62-109060-3504

es JUL 10 1964

CORRESPONDENCE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 7/20/64

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia (157-916)(RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Philadelphia 7/16/64.

Reairtel enclosed copy of self-explanatory letter from HARRY H. KNABLE, dated 7/9/64, in which he requested return of info he previously sent.

Per Bureau instructions, KNABLE was contacted by SAS ROBERT W. HOLMES and PAUL B. GIBSON on 7/20/64. His letter of 7/9/64 was acknowledged, his open letter of 5/9/64 was returned to him, and an appropriate receipt for same was obtained. For info Bureau, on 7/13/64 KNABLE briefly contacted above Agents, at which time he admitted sometime in past having been referred by Philadelphia Police Department to Philadelphia General Hospital for observation, after which he was committed to Byberry (Philadelphia State Hospital) for unspecified period.

- 2 - Bureau (62-109060)  
1 - Philadelphia (157-916)

REC-13

PBG:pgo  
(3)

62-109060-3505

21 JUL 21 1964

SIX



36 JUL 27 1964

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI

Date: 7/17/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, KANSAS CITY (62-8156)  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel 7/16/64.

Kansas City replied to Buairtel to Kansas City, dated 6/24/64, by KCAirtel, dated 6/29/64, with amended letterhead memorandum relating to investigation of BILLY GEORGE ANDREWS.

3-Bureau  
1-Kansas City  
MCS:B  
(4)

REC-28

62-109060-3506

JUL 22 1964

C. C. Wick

58 JUL 24 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 16 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

1009 PM CST URGENT 7-15-64 ASP

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM DALLAS (89-43) 6P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS; MISC.-INFO CONCERNING.

RE TELEPHONE CALL FROM INSPECTOR MALLEY, JULY FIFTEEN NINETEEN SIXTY FOUR, WHICH REFERRED TO COMMISSION'S LETTER JULY FOURTEEN LAST CONCERNING FD THREE ZERO TWO OF SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, WHICH APPEARS ON PAGES TWENTYNINE AND THIRTY OF SA CLEMENTS' REPORT DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, IN RUBY CASE, AND TO TESTIMONY OF SA CLEMENTS BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON APRIL EIGHT, NINETEEN SIXTYFOUR.

SA CLEMENTS STATES THE FACTS SET FORTH IN HIS FD THREE ZERO TWO CONCERNING HIS ACTIVITIES AT THE DALLAS PD NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO/TWENTY-THREE, NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE, ARE FACTUAL, THAT HE RELAYED, UPON INSTRUCTIONS OF SAC SHANKLIN, MESSAGE TO CHIEF OF POLICE CURRY PERSONALLY IN CURRY'S OFFICE, NO OTHER PERSON RECALLED TO HAVE BEEN PRESENT. THE MESSAGE CONVEYED WAS SUBSTANTIALLY IN THE LANGUAGE SHOWN IN FD THREE ZERO TWO. CHIEF CURRY WAS NOT IN HIS OFFICE WHEN AGENT ARRIVED AT ONE P

END PAGE ONE

REC 37 62-109060-3507

JUL 23 1964

JUL 21 1964

70 JUL 27 1964

cc - Mr. Hoover

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

PAGE TWO

IT IS AGENT'S BEST ESTIMATE AT THIS TIME CURRY ARRIVED IN HIS OFFICE APPROXIMATELY THREE THIRTY OR FOUR PM. IN ANY EVENT, CURRY'S ARRIVAL WAS AFTER OSWALD WAS ON THE PREMISES OF DALLAS PD AT THE TIME CURRY ARRIVED. SA CLEMENTS OBSERVED CURRY ARRIVE IN HIS OFFICE AND CONVEYED THE MESSAGE TO HIM SHORTLY THEREAFTER.

IT IS SA CLEMENTS' RECOLLECTION THAT ON APRIL EIGHT LAST, SAMUEL A. STERN, REPRESENTING PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION, ASKED HIM SUBSTANTIALLY IN THE FOLLOWING LANGUAGE, "DID YOU SERVE AS A CONDUIT FOR ANY INFORMATION FROM FBI FILES TO THE POLICE DEPARTMENT RELATIVE TO OSWALD." SA CLEMENTS' ANSWER WAS "NO," WITHOUT FURTHER COMMENT AND THE ANSWER IS FACTUAL. SA CLEMENTS STATES THAT WHILE HE HAD BEEN INFORMED DURING HIS STAY AT DALLAS PD NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO/TWENTYTHREE, NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE, OF THE EXISTANCE OF DALLAS FILE RE OSWALD AND GENERALLY RE INFORMATION THEREIN, HE AT NO TIME WAS INSTRUCTED TO AND DID NOT FURNISH INFORMATION TO ANYONE IN THIS REGARD. ACCORDINGLY, SA CLEMENTS SEES NO DISCREPANCY BETWEEN HIS FD THREE ZERO TWO AND HIS TESTIMONY BEFORE THE COMISSION REPRESENTATIVE.

WITH RESPECT TO THE REQUEST FROM THE COMISSION REFERRING TO THE DIRECTOR'S TESTIMONY REGARDING A MESSAGE SENT TO CHIEF OF POLICE JESSE  
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

E. CURRY REQUESTING THAT THE DALLAS POLICE REFRAIN FROM ANNOUNCING TO THE PRESS DETAILS REGARDING THE PROGRESS OF THE INVESTIGATION INTO THE ASSASSINATION AND THE FACT THAT CHIEF CURRY STATED HE DID NOT RECALL RECEIVING THE MESSAGE, THE FOLLOWING IS SET OUT:

BY MEMO TO THE FILE IN THE JACK LEON RUBY CASE (DALLAS FILE FORTYFOUR DASH ONE SIX THREE NINE, SERIAL THIRTYFOUR), DATED NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST, SAC SHANKLIN REPORTED PER INSTRUCTIONS OF ASSISTANT TO THE DIRECTOR A. H. BELMONT THAT AT THREE FIFTEEN PM, ON THAT DATE, HE PERSONALLY TELEPHONED CHIEF OF POLICE JESSE E. CURRY AND TALKED TO HIM CONCERNING THE AMOUNT OF PUBLICITY THAT WAS BEING AFFORDED THIS CASE AND POINTED OUT TO HIM THAT THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES WAS CONCERNED OVER THE AMOUNT OF PUBLICITY THAT WAS BEING GIVEN OUT BY CHIEF OF POLICE CURRY AND CAPTAIN WILL FRITZ. ALSO REPORTED THAT CHIEF OF POLICE CURRY STATED HE WAS IN FULL AGREEMENT THAT TOO MUCH PUBLICITY WAS BEING GIVEN OUT AND THAT HE PERSONALLY WOULD CEASE ANSWERING FURTHER QUESTIONS CONCERNING THIS MATTER AND WOULD ASSURE THAT CAPTAIN WILL FRITZ<sup>72</sup> WHO HAD BEEN GIVING INDIVIDUAL STATEMENTS, WOULD DO LIKEWISE.

BY ADDENDUM TO THIS SAME MEMO, INSPECTOR J. R. MALLEY RECORDED THAT SHORTLY AFTER ARRIVING IN DALLAS IT WAS LEARNED THAT DIST. ATTY. HENRY WADE WAS GOING TO TALK TO TV AND PRESS REPRESENTATIVES AND EVERY  
END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

EFFORT WAS MADE TO REACH WADE PROIR TO HIS DISCUSSION WITH THE NEWS REPRESENTATIVES. AFTER HIS PRESS RELEASE, WADE CALLED THIS OFFICE AND TALKED TO SAC SHANKLIN AND TO INSPECTOR MALLEY. INSPECTOR MALLEY EXPLAINED TO HIM THAT PRESIDENT JOHNSON HAD TALKED TO THE DIRECTOR AND EXPRESSED HIS GRAVE CONCERN OVER THE AMOUNT OF INFORMATION THAT WAS BEING GIVEN OUT CONCERNING THE EVENTS THAT HAD BEEN TAKING PLACE IN DALLAS, PARTICULARLY THE AMOUNT OF INFO CONCERNING INFO BEING DEVELOPED RELATIVE TO THE OSWALD CASE. THIS CONVERSATION BELIEVED TO HAVE TAKEN PLACE AT APPROXIMATELY NINE THIRTY PM, NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST. AT TEN FIFTYFIVE PM, INSPECTOR J. R. MALLEY TALKED TO CAPTAIN WILL FRITZ OF THE DALLAS PD AND ADVISED HIM THAT PRESIDENT JOHNSON HAD EXPRESSED CONSIDERABLE CONCERN OVER THE AMOUNT OF INFO BEING PUT OUT CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN DALLAS.

BUREAU'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO DALLAS TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU TITLED "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, AFO", SENT AT TWO FORTY AM, NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST, WHICH GIVES DETAILS CONCERNING THESE THREE CONTACTS.

A MEMO FOR THE FILE IN THE ASSASSINATION CASE (DALLAS EIGHTY NINE DASH FORTYTHREE, SERIAL SIX FIVE EIGHT), FROM INSPECTOR J. R. MALLEY,  
END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

DATED NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST, REFLECTS THAT CHIEF CURRY WAS IN TELE-  
PHONIC CONTACT WITH HIM AND REFERRED TO THE FACT THAT THE CITY MANAGER  
OF DALLAS HAD BEEN IN TOUCH WITH CURRY AND WAS INSISTING THAT HE MAKE A  
RELEASE TO THE PRESS CONCERNING THE OSWALD SITUATION <sup>with</sup> IN REGARD TO THE  
CASE THAT THE PD HAD AGAINST OSWALD. BRIEFLY THE RELEASE WAS TO BE TO  
THE EFFECT THAT AT THE PROPER TIME WHEN THE INVESTIGATION HAD REACHED  
A STATUS WHERE IT WOULD BE PROPER TO DO SO, EVIDENCE AGAINST OSWALD  
WOULD BE DOCUMENTED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC. CURRY STATED  
HE WAS GETTING CONSIDERABLE PRESSURE FROM THE CITY MANAGER AND DESIRED  
TO CLEAR THAT MATTER WITH INSPECTOR <sup>Mr</sup> MALLEY. AT THIS TIME INSPECTOR  
<sup>Mr</sup> MALLEY POINTED OUT TO <sup>Chief Curry</sup> ~~HIM~~ HE HAD BEEN IN TOUCH WITH CAPTAIN FRITZ ON  
THE EVENING OF NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST IN HIS <sup>03</sup> ~~CURRY'S~~ <sup>Chief</sup> ABSENCE AND  
HAD PASSED <sup>on</sup> OVER THE PRESIDENT'S GRAVE CONCERN OVER THE AMOUNT OF PUBLICITY <sup>77</sup>  
THAT WAS EMANATING FROM DALLAS.

BY MEMO FOR THE FILE, DATED NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN LAST, FROM  
INSPECTOR J. R. MALLEY IN THE ASSASSINATION CASE (DALLAS EIGHTYNINE  
DASH FORTYTHREE, SERIAL ONE ONE THREE SIX), IT IS NOTED THAT INSPECTOR  
MALLEY AGAIN CONTACTED CHIEF CURRY AND BROUGHT TO HIS ATTENTION THE  
PRESIDENT'S CONCERN OVER THE PUBLICITY THAT WAS STILL BEING RELEASED.  
CEND PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

CURRY WAS CONTACTED AT TWELVE FIFTY PM, THAT DATE, AND HE ADVISED HE WAS NOT MAKING ANY PRESS RELEASES OF ANY KIND, THAT HE HAD SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED INDIVIDUALS IN THE DEPARTMENT TO REFRAIN FROM MAKING COMMENTS TO THE PRESS, BUT WAS HAVING DIFFICULTY IN CONTROLLING THIS PHASE OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT'S ACTIVITIES. HE ASSURED THAT HE WOULD MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO SEE THAT NO COMMENTS WERE MADE AND THAT HE HAD PERSONALLY NOT MADE ANY COMMENTS SINCE THIS MATTER HAD BEEN DISCUSSED WITH HIM ON SUNDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST.

AT ONE FIFTEEN PM, THE SAME DATE, DIST. ATTY. HENRY WADE WAS TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED IN REGARD TO THIS MATTER AND HE INDICATED HE MADE NO STATEMENTS SINCE BEING CONTACTED ON THE NIGHT OF NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST. HE BLAMED ANY COMMENTS ON HIS ASSISTANT, WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

IT WOULD APPEAR, THEREFORE, THAT THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT CHIEF OF POLICE CURRY WAS CONTACTED BY ME ON NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST, AND THAT DIST. ATTY. HENRY WADE AND CAPTAIN WILL FRITZ WERE CONTACTED ON THE SAME DATE BY INSPECTOR J. R. MALLEY.

END

JMS

FBI WASH DC



July 16, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 14, 1964.

Special Agent Manning C. Clements advises that when he arrived at the office of Chief Curry at approximately 1:00 p.m. on November 22, 1963, Chief Curry was not in his office and the Agent's best present estimate as to the time Chief Curry arrived is approximately 3:30 or 4:00 p.m. He recalled specifically that Curry's arrival was after Oswald was on the premises of the Dallas Police Department. When he observed Chief Curry in his office, he conveyed the message to Chief Curry personally in substantially the language set forth in his report dated November 30, 1963. Agent Clements had been instructed to deliver this message by Mr. J. Gordon Shanklin, Special Agent in Charge of the Dallas Office of the FBI. No other person is recalled by Agent Clements as having been present when he spoke to Chief Curry.

With respect to Mr. Clements' testimony before the President's Commission, Mr. Clements has advised that it is his recollection that he did not make a direct statement that he was not a "conduit for any information that the FBI had concerning Oswald to the Dallas Police Department," but rather when the question, "Did you serve as a conduit for

JWH/ras

B(7) FBI DIRECTOR

SEE NOTE ON PAGE THREE

REC 37

62-109060-3508

JUL 22 1964

56 JUL 27 1964

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62-33725-

COMM-FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

any information from FBI files to the Police Department relative to Oswald?" was put to him by Mr. Samuel A. Stern of the President's Commission, he replied "No" without further comment.

Mr. Clements states that his answer is factual in that he was at no time instructed to furnish and he did not furnish to the Police Department or anyone else information from prior investigation concerning Oswald.

With regard to my testimony before the President's Commission wherein I referred to a message I sent to Chief Curry requesting that the Dallas Police refrain from announcing to the press details regarding the progress of the investigation into the assassination, Mr. Shanklin states that at 3:15 p.m. on November 24, 1963, he personally telephoned Chief Curry and talked to him concerning the amount of publicity that was being afforded the case. He pointed out to Chief Curry that the President of the United States was concerned over the amount of publicity that was being given out by Chief of Police Curry and Captain Fritz. Chief Curry stated that he was in full agreement that too much publicity was being given out and that he personally would cease answering further questions concerning the matter and would assure that Captain Fritz who had been giving additional statements would do likewise.

Mr. James R. Malley, who was in Dallas at the time, states that on November 25, 1963, Chief Curry was in telephonic contact with him and referred to the fact that the City Manager of Dallas had been in touch with Chief Curry and was insisting that he make a release to the press concerning the case that the Police Department had against Oswald. The release was to be to the effect that at a proper time when the investigation had reached a status where it would be proper to do so evidence against Oswald would be documented and made available to the public. Curry stated he was getting considerable pressure from the City Manager and desired to clear the matter with Mr. Malley. At that time Mr. Malley pointed out to Chief Curry that he had been in touch with Captain Fritz on the evening of November 24, 1963, in Chief Curry's absence and had passed on the President's grave concern over the amount of publicity that was emanating from Dallas.

Honorable J. Lee Rankin


Mr. Malley again contacted Chief Curry at 12:50 p.m. on November 27, 1963, and brought to his attention the President's concern over the publicity that was still being released. Chief Curry advised that he was not making any press releases of any kind, that he had specifically requested individuals in his Department to refrain from making comments to the press, but was having difficulty in controlling this phase of the Police Department's activities. Chief Curry assured Mr. Malley that he would make every effort to see that no comments were made and said that he personally had not made any comments since this matter had been discussed with him on Sunday, November 24, 1963.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE:

The Commission by letter July 14, 1964, requested that we check further into the matter of messages which were reportedly sent by the FBI to Chief Curry stating that Chief Curry did not recall receiving these messages. The above information setting forth the contacts with Chief Curry was taken from memoranda in the Dallas files which were recorded at the time setting forth these contacts by SAC Shanklin and Mr. Malley and they clearly and unequivocally verify the testimony of the Director before the Commission.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: July 8, 1964

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Tolson ☒  
 Belmont ☒  
 Mohr ☒  
 Casper ☒  
 Callahan ☒  
 Conrad ☒  
 DeLoach ☒  
 Evans ☒  
 Gale ☒  
 Rosen ☒  
 Sullivan ☒  
 Tavel ☒  
 Trotter ☒  
 Tele. Room ☒  
 Holmes ☒  
 Gandy ☒

By letter dated June 29, 1964, we advised the Commission of the receipt of some 35 mm color slides sent in by Dallas airtel 6/19/64, that are being marketed by Phil Willis Enterprises of Dallas, Texas. One of these slides purports to contain a photograph of the President at the exact instant the first bullet struck. By letter dated July 3, 1964, the Commission advised that they would like the opportunity to review the slides.

On the afternoon of 7/7/64, SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt reviewed the slides with Mr. Norman Redlich at the Commission at which time Mr. Redlich requested that a color print be made of the color slide purporting to depict the first shot. Mr. Redlich also felt that this slide was good evidence to show that the first shot is the shot that hit the President in the neck, since Willis states that the first shot occurred at the instant his picture was taken and two more shots followed that first shot. In view of this, he stated that he thought Willis should be interviewed and since Mr. Arlen Specter of the Commission was going to be in Dallas, he would probably have him talk to Willis and possibly obtain a deposition in an effort to obtain evidence that the first shot was the one that struck the President in the neck. (Dallas has interviewed Willis - Pages 46 - 51, Dallas report 7/2/64)

After reviewing the slides with Mr. Redlich, he advised SA Shaneyfelt that he would like to have a comparison made of the photograph of the alley behind General Walker's house (which photograph was obtained from Oswald's possessions), with the reflex camera that was also obtained from Oswald so that it could be determined whether or not this photograph was taken with Oswald's camera. SA Shaneyfelt advised Mr. Redlich that this examination would be made and he would be advised of the results.

SA Shaneyfelt has completed the examination of this photograph with photographs taken in the reflex camera obtained from Oswald and has determined that the photograph of the alley behind General Walker's house was taken with the Oswald camera. This information will be furnished to the Commission separately. REC 362-109060-3509

RECOMMENDATION: For your information.

JUL 22 1964

62-109060-70 JUL 27 1964

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)

1 - Mr. Rogge

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Griffith

1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

LKS:kw (8)

ORIGINAL COPY FILED

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN HERMAN COOPER  
HALE RIGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

July 16, 1964

J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The Commission has received the enclosed tape which purports to be a recording of a conversation between Mark Lane and Mrs. Helen Markham on March 2, 1964. We request that your Bureau transcribe this tape and also advise us, if possible, whether it is a continuous tape or has been spliced in any way.

We request further that you prepare two additional tapes from the enclosed tape. Inasmuch as the Commission plans to take the deposition of Mrs. Markham as soon as possible, we request that you expedite the transcription and duplication.

Your continued cooperation in the work of this Commission is appreciated.

Sincerely,

162-109060-  
NOT RECORDED  
170 JUL 21 1964

*J. Lee Rankin*  
J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Enclosure

*Let's Rankin*  
7-17-64  
*Rankin*

*Call to Mr. Rankin*  
7/16/64  
*Rankin*

20 JUL 21 1964  
SOVIET SECTION

July 17, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan) Enc.  
1 - I. W. Conrad Enc.  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

56  
108  
Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 16, 1964, concerning a purported tape recorded conversation between Mr. Mark Lane and Mrs. Helen Markham on March 2, 1964.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 16, 1964, Washington, D. C., captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald, aka., Internal Security - Russia - Cuba," which contains a transcript of the tape recording furnished by you with the referenced letter. Also enclosed ~~are~~ are the original tape recording and two dubbed copies which were prepared by the FBI Laboratory.

The magnetic tape was examined and was found to be continuous with no splices. However, the art of tape recording is such that after skillful editing of a tape (adding or deleting words or making other changes) a copy can be made in which the changes cannot be detected. Therefore, the fact that this tape was continuous with no splice does not necessarily establish that the recording represents a verbatim account of the original conversation.

With the submission of the enclosures, your request of July 16, 1964, has been handled.

105-82555

62-109060 - (Assassination) of *John F. Kennedy*  
KMR:las (10)

Sincerely yours,

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

62-109060

Enclosures (5)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

74 JUL 28 1964



NOTE:

By letter dated 7-16-64, the President's Commission furnished a tape recording of purported conversation between Mark Lane and Mrs. Helen Markham. Mrs. Markham was the individual who observed Police Officer J. E. Tippit being shot by Oswald. The Commission requested an expeditious transcript of this tape recording. This matter was fully coordinated with the Laboratory who prepared the additional tape recordings and who also conducted the appropriate examination of the original tape which was furnished by the Commission.

FBI

Date: 7/21/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DL

Re SAC Letter 64-23(B), dated 4/28/64, concerning  
Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, aka Shirley Martin.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letter-  
head memorandum reflecting the contents of a communication from  
Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN received at the Dallas Office of the FBI  
on 7/18/64.

One copy of this LHM is being furnished the Oklahoma  
City Office, in view of the fact Mrs. MARTIN resides in the terr-  
itory covered by that office.

The Bureau may desire to disseminate the enclosed  
LHM to the President's Commission.

3 - BUREAU (ENCS.-10)  
1 - OKLAHOMA CITY (105-783) (ENC.-1)  
2 - DALLAS  
RPG:eah  
(6)

REC-44

62-109060-3510

ST-117

*1 cc ea [unclear]  
this was not sent to [unclear] 17 JUL 22 1964  
Pres Commission as [unclear]  
a true copy received at  
Bureau was sent prior to [unclear]  
receipt of this [unclear]  
6- [unclear] see letter to [unclear]*

ENCLOSURE

C. WICK

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per 7/22/64

Special Agent in Charge

70 JUL 24 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas

July 21, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On July 18, 1964, the following quoted communication was received from Mrs. Mark E. Martin at the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in an envelope postmarked at Hominy, Oklahoma, July 14, 1964, and bearing the return address, "Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma:"

"World Press

"We were so sorry to see recently in NEWSWEEK the silly remark that official United States Agencies keep no watch of any kind on returned defectors. It is said the Warren Commission in its report will comment on this in order to attempt an explanation for the non-surveillance of Lee Harvey Oswald.

"Yet, we ourselves have a list of names and dates pertaining to contacts between official United States agencies and Lee Oswald over the past five years.

"In light of this, it is of concern to us as to why the men of the Warren Commission are trying so hard to make blithering historial idiots of themselves?

"Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
7/14/64"

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 9 1973

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Shroder

DATE: 7/21/64

1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

FROM : J. R. Malley

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

*Rankin*

Reference is made to letter from Mr. Rankin of the President's Commission dated July 16, 1964, requesting that the original tapes and certain radio broadcasts be obtained from the Dallas Police Department. It is noted a copy of this letter was sent to Chief of Police Jesse E. Curry in Dallas and to Attorney General Waggoner Carr of the State of Texas.

SAC Shanklin advised in late afternoon of 7/20/64 that while making arrangements with Chief of Police Curry to obtain the desired tapes in order to comply with the Commission's request, Chief Curry stated he had been requested by Attorney General Waggoner Carr to obtain a copy from the FBI of whatever information the Bureau was compiling to be given to the President's Commission.

SAC Shanklin stated that inasmuch as the President's Commission letter of 7/16/64 had been sent to Waggoner Carr, he thought there would probably be no objection to this but before doing so desired to clear the matter with the Bureau in order that it could be discussed with the President's Commission. Mr. Shanklin submitted a teletype dated 7/20/64 setting out full details concerning this matter.

Mr. Rankin was telephonically contacted on the morning of 7/21/64 concerning this matter. He questioned Malley as to whether the Bureau saw any objections to Carr receiving this material. Malley advised Rankin that this was strictly a decision for the President's Commission and that we would comply with the wishes of the Commission. Mr. Rankin was advised the only possibility of any difficulty arising might be that in the event, while reviewing the tape of radio transmissions, we discovered variances from that which had been previously recorded by the Dallas Police Department. Mr. Rankin stated that if there were no variances in the transcript when it was prepared by the Bureau there would be no objection to a copy being made available to State Attorney General Carr. He stated that if a serious variance should be noted, then he would appreciate being advised of full information concerning the variance and he would decide what action should be taken.

The results of the conversation with Mr. Rankin have been made known to SAC Shanklin and he will handle this situation in accordance with Rankin's desires. For information.

JRM:mpd (5) 4 191  
JUL 23 1964

ST-117

REC-39 62-109060-3511  
JUL 22 1964

J. RECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

3. Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Bishop ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Felt ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: July 20, 1964

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT *John F. Kennedy*

Ann Shafer, Television Division of the United States Information Agency, Code 13, extension 22014, called and talked to Kemper in my office. She said the U. S. Information Agency is preparing a television show of 30 minutes duration which will be released after the Warren Commission report is made. This television show will be for foreign consumption and will set forth the results of the report and will be an attempt to clarify the situation as far as the foreign outlets are concerned.

She said they would like to show the role of the FBI in our investigation, particularly in regard to Laboratory matters. She said they would like to make a shot in the ballistics section and some other shot in the Laboratory which would illustrate some phase of the report. She also said they would like to have several shots of Agents interviewing persons, both inside and out.

She pointed out that they are trying to get this material together because they want to get it to their foreign outlets as fast as possible after the Warren report is made.

## RECOMMENDATION:

That we get the script from Miss Shafer and cooperate with the U. S. Information Agency office in this matter.

- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Jones

*script is OK*  
*62-109060*  
*8 SEP 14 1964*

NOT RECORDED UNREC  
PRINT IN 1964

ECK:amr  
5) 7

*I think we should stay out of this until Warren report is issued*

67 SEP 17 1964

*concur.*

SEA

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-55

FBI

Date: 7/16/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, PHOENIX (89-42) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
11/22/63  
Dallas, Texas

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau tel to Phoenix, 7/15/64.

Forwarded as enclosures to the Bureau are the original and six copies of LHM and to Dallas two copies of same LHM reflecting reinterview of JESS WILLARD LYNCH at Page, Arizona.

The Bureau's attention is directed to the information in the interview of LYNCH wherein he denies ever having been arrested, and the Bureau accordingly might desire to include a statement at the end of this LHM that the FBI Identification Record under FBI No. [REDACTED] for one JESS WILLARD LYNCH also includes military service fingerprints of an individual named JESS WILLARD LYNCH with Army Serial No. RA 35212316, if that is the case.

No inserts being submitted.

③ Bureau (Enc. 7)  
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2)  
2 - Phoenix

DCP/ljc  
(7)

ENCLOSURE  
C C. Wick.

REC-39

ST-117

62-109060-3512

17 JUL 18 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Phoenix, Arizona  
July 16, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

RE: JESS WILLARD LYNCH

On July 15, 1964, JESS WILLARD LYNCH was reinterviewed at Page, Arizona in accordance with the request of the President's Commission in the Commission's letter to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation dated July 10, 1964.

The following is the result of this interview.

RECEIVED

44 JAN 9 1973

Date July 16, 1964

JESS WILLARD LYNCH, Westside Trailer Park, Page, Arizona, employed as a painter foreman for MERRITT, CHAPMAN, AND SCOTT INCORPORATED on the construction of the GLEN CANYON DAM, advised that he knew of no connection between the information provided by him on December 3, 1963 and the assassination of PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY or the assassination of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

LYNCH advised that outside of the fact that Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS and BERTHA CHEEK are sisters, he knew of no relationship or connection between the two women and JACK RUBY or any connection between the two women and the assassination of PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY or the assassination of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He did not know whether either of the women knew JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and stated that he, himself, did not know RUBY or OSWALD and had never heard of either one until the shooting in Dallas, Texas.

LYNCH advised that he had no further information to furnish and stated he had no hard feelings towards Mrs. ROBERTS or Mrs. CHEEK and definitely was not trying to get either of them into trouble.

LYNCH advised that on November 23, 1963, he saw the face of Mrs. ROBERTS on television while he was at his trailer home in Phoenix, Arizona, and he immediately recalls that in 1958-1959, he had been the cook and manager of a boarding house at 5212 Gaston Avenue in Dallas, Texas which boarding house was owned by BERTHA CHEEK. He recalled that Mrs. ROBERTS, who is the sister of BERTHA CHEEK, lived in this same boarding house and he recalled that in 1959 two unknown Cuban males stayed at this boarding house and that Mrs. ROBERTS had been friendly with them. He stated that as a result of this recollection, he thought it was his civic and patriotic duty to report this information to the FBI for whatever use they wanted to make of it with the understanding that he did not want, and was not seeking, any publicity.

LYNCH advised he was actually born under the name of WILLARD LYNCH on March 11, 1918 at Vincent, Kentucky, and he exhibited a photostatic copy of his birth certificate

- 2 -

On 7/15/64 at Page, Arizona File # PX 89-42  
DL 89-43  
by SA DANIEL C. PELTON :ljc Date dictated 7/16/64

- 2 -  
PX 89-42  
DL 89-43  
DCP/ljc

obtained by him in 1960 from the Bureau of Vital Statistics at Frankfort, Kentucky which verified his date of birth as March 11, 1918. LYNCH stated that in 1933 he attempted to join the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) and at this time he lied about his age, changing his date of birth to March 11, 1915 in an effort to join the CCC. He stated he did not get into the CCC but continued to live at home and attend school in Wayland, Kentucky.

LYNCH advised that in September of 1941, when he joined the United States Army, he continued to use the date of birth of March 11, 1915 and used this same birth date in 1946 when he again joined the Army.

He stated that in 1960 he discovered that by his using the date of birth of March 11, 1915 on so many records, he had "messed up" his Social Security records and his retirement records, and accordingly, through an attorney, he secured his birth certificate and has now spent about four years in trying to straighten out his records.

LYNCH again denied ever having been arrested, and stated that in 1934 he was at home and in school at Wayland, Kentucky and in 1939, he was operating a Star Route between Amba and Craynor, Kentucky for a MELVIN FRASER who had the mail contract. He advised the only times he had to be fingerprinted were on joining the armed forces on two separate occasions.

LYNCH advised that his present job would terminate on August 15, 1964 on which date he would return to his trailer on West Van Buren Street in Phoenix, Arizona and he stated that he would leave a forwarding address with the manager of this trailer court in the event he left Phoenix to gain employment.

JESS WILLARD LYNCH

Under FBI Number [REDACTED] the Identification Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation has the following Identification Record for one JESS WILLARD LYNCH, date of birth--March 11, 1918 at Vincent, Kentucky:

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NAMBER	ARRESTED. OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
-----------------------------------	-----------------	-----------------------------	--------	-------------

[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

July 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

REC-39  
ST-117  
62-109060-3512  
Honorable J. Leo Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 10, 1964, in which you requested a re-interview with Mr. Jess Willard Lynch.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 16, 1964, Phoenix, Arizona, captioned "Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, Dallas, Texas, November 22, 1963," which reveals the results of the re-interview with Mr. Lynch. Also enclosed are two copies of an FBI Identification Record, Number 1 762 852, which appears to relate to Mr. Lynch.

Your attention is directed to the report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated December 23, 1963, Dallas, Texas, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald." Page 453 reveals an interview with Mr. Lynch which was conducted on December 3, 1963, at Page, Arizona. At that time Mr. Lynch denied that he has ever been arrested and stated he served honorably in the United States Army under Army Serial Number RA 35212316. In Mr. Lynch's current interview he again denied that he had any previous arrests. However, your attention is also directed to the last entry on the FBI Identification Record which reveals the Contributor of Fingerprints as

62-109060  
1 - 105-82555  
KMR:las  
(9)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

JUL 24 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

JUL 21 12 56 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

"Army," Name "Jess Willard Lynch," Number "35 212 316" and Arrested or Received "February 5, 1946, Cleveland, Ohio."

With the submission of the enclosures our inquiry into this matter is concluded.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)

NOTE:

Lynch previously interviewed by Phoenix 12-3-63, results of which were incorporated in the report of SA Gemberling dated 12-23-63. Lynch was formerly a cook at the boarding house in Dallas for Bertha Cheek. Previous investigation established Bertha Cheek had some previous contact with Jack Ruby and this matter was thoroughly investigated. The Commission desired Lynch to be reinterviewed to determine what relevance if any, Lynch believed the information he provided in Page, Arizona, on December 3, 1963, had to the assassination of President Kennedy or Oswald. The Commission also desired to be informed how Mr. Lynch originally came to be interviewed. Although Lynch denies any previous arrests, our Identification Records reveal previous arrests and it appears to be identical as his military service number, which he originally furnished on 12-3-63, tallies with that submitted by the Army 2-5-46, at Cleveland, Ohio. The arrest record was furnished to the Commission for their information and our inquiries are concluded.



Revised  
to  
1-11-78

JFK *Heller*

62-109060

SECTION 81

COPY 2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 20 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

502 PM CST URGENT 7-20-64 ASP

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM DALLAS (100-10461) 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS; MISCELLANEOUS-INFO CONCERNING.

REBUAIRTEL TO DALLAS, JULY EIGHTEEN LAST ENCLOSING COPY OF PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION LETTER DATED JULY SIXTEEN, NINETEEN SIXTYFOUR, RELATING TO RADIO TRANSMISSIONS OF DALLAS PD ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

CHIEF OF POLICE JESSE E. CURRY, DALLAS PD TODAY STATES HE WILL GLADLY MAKE ORIGINAL TAPES AVAILABLE AND FURNISH ANY ASSISTANCE NECESSARY IN PREPARING REQUESTED DATA.

CHIEF CURRY ADVISES THAT HE HAS RECEIVED PHONE CALL FROM TEXAS STATE ATTY. GENERAL WAGGONER CARR, WHO RECEIVED COPY OF PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION LETTER. ACCORDING TO CHIEF CURRY, CARR HAS REQUESTED A COPY OF ANYTHING OBTAINED BY BUREAU FROM ORIGINAL TAPES, AND HAS INDICATED THAT IF ANY PROBLEM ARISES WITH RESPECT TO HIS RECEIVING SUCH COPY, HE WILL TAKE CARE UP WITH COMMISSION.

END PAGE ONE

REC-39

62-109060-3513

JUL 22 1964

08 JUL 21 1964 R-22

PAGE TWO

PREPARATION OF DESIRED DATA WILL COMMENCE JULY TWENTYONE NEXT  
AND BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO CONSULT COMMISSION CONCERNING REQUEST BY  
TEXAS ATTY. GENERAL WAGGONER CARR.

END NHH

FBI WASH DC -

P

FBI

Date: 7/10/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, <sup>PHOENIX</sup> ~~DALLAS~~ (89-42) *consulted per  
PX 8/5 7/10/64*

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: Dallas

RE: ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS

Re NY tel to Bureau and other offices, 7/3/64;  
Px airtel to DL, 6/30/64 and PX airtel to Bureau, 7/2/64.

There are enclosed an original and six copies  
of a letterhead memorandum to the Bureau and two copies for  
Dallas setting forth the results of a recheck of the records  
of the Arizona State Medical Association, Scottsdale, Arizona  
in an effort to locate a "Dr. THORNE".

Also enclosed to the Dallas Division are 25 copies  
of an insert reflecting the results of this investigation.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc 7)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc 27)
- 1 - Phoenix

CWE/rfb  
(6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-51 62-109060-3514

ST-117 JUL 18 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

67 JUL 30 1964

*See Dallas file for  
recheck of articles RMR*





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Phoenix, Arizona  
July 10, 1964

RE: ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS,  
aka Stephen Remete *RM*

On July 10, 1964 LINDA MC COY, Secretary, Arizona State Medical Association, 4533 N. Scottsdale Road, Scottsdale, Arizona, advised that she had rechecked her records and could find no record of any person by the name of THORN or THORNE, or anything similar in name, as having been admitted to the practice of medicine in Arizona, or having made application to practice, other than Dr. IRVING JAMES THORNE, 150 E. 56th Street, New York, New York, who never completed his application. Miss MC COY advised that she had checked the current records as well as all other records, including those who have died, been expelled, and otherwise let their licenses expire.

COPIES DESTROYED  
4 4 JAN 9 1973

July 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated June 24, 1964, concerning a telegram sent to the President's Commission by Robert S. Reynolds and my letter dated July 14, 1964.

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a memorandum dated July 10, 1964, Phoenix, Arizona, captioned "Robert Stephen Reynolds, aka Stephen Benetz."

In the memorandum dated June 30, 1964, Los Angeles, California, captioned "Interview of Robert Stephen Reynolds" on page four Reynolds commented he had discussed his perceptions with a number of people including university students Fred Popper and Stanley Adams. The interview with Mr. Adams and the memorandum dated June 30, 1964, were previously furnished to you with my letter of July 14, 1964. However, by communication dated July 18, 1964, our Omaha, Nebraska, Office advised that Mr. Frederick Robert Popper was located at the Veterans Administration Hospital, Iowa City, Iowa, where he is a current patient undergoing mental treatment.

On July 15, 1964, [Mr. Roland Stevens, Jr.] (Registrar) Veterans Administration Hospital, Iowa City, Iowa, advised the records of that

62-109060  
KMR:las  
(7)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

4 JUL 22 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

JUL 21 11 36 AM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

REC-51 62-109060 3515

JUL 23 1964



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Institution revealed Mr. Pepper has been confined since March, 1963. His condition was diagnosed as schizophrenic and he is currently in a security ward. Dr. Josephine Chapin, who is Mr. Pepper's physician, advised that an interview with Mr. Pepper now or in the foreseeable future would likely upset him and retard his treatment and she was opposed to such an interview. Dr. Chapin also stated due to Mr. Pepper's condition, any information furnished by him would be very unreliable.

In view of this information, Mr. Pepper was not interviewed and our inquiry into this matter is now concluded.

Sincerely yours,

L. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: By letter dated 6-24-64, the President's Commission forwarded a copy of a telegram the Commission had received from Robert S. Reynolds of Santa Monica, California. He made several allegations among which the assassination of President Kennedy was established in the early months of 1957 and that the name of the assassin, Lee Harvey Oswald, was established in March of 1957, based on alleged perceptions by Reynolds. He requested an opportunity to appear or submit a detailed report to the Commission.

This matter has been completely resolved and there is no basis to Reynolds so called perceptions. Extensive investigation was conducted to verify his alleged story and our investigation is now complete.

62-109060-3516 IN THIS FILE SKIPPED DURING  
SERIALIZATION.

H.

1.8 1.5 1.7

17

Routing Slip  
FD-4 (Rev. 12-8-58)

Date 7/14/64

To  
☒ Director

PX 89-42

FILE # DL 89-43  
BUFILE 62-109060

Att.  
☐ SAC  
☐ ASAC  
☐ Sgw.  
☐ Agent  
☐ SE  
☐ CC  
☐ Steno  
☐ Clerk

Title ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ACTION DESIRED NOT RECORDED

☐ Acknowledge  
☐ Assign, Reassign  
☐ Bring file  
☐ Call me  
☐ Correct  
☐ Deadline  
☐ Deadline passed  
☐ Delinquent  
☐ Discontinue  
☐ Expedite  
☐ File  
☐ For information  
☐ Initial & return  
☐ Leads need attention  
☐ Return with explanation or notation as to action taken.

☐ Open Case JUL 23 1964  
☐ Prepare lead cards  
☐ Prepare tickler  
☐ Recharge serials  
☐ Return assignment card  
☐ Return file  
☐ Return serials  
☐ Search and return  
☐ See me  
☐ Send Serials  
to  
☐ Submit new charge-out  
☐ Submit report by  
☐ Type

Re Airtel to Bureau dated 7/10/64 which was typed as "FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)", please note following correction:

"FROM: SAC, PHOENIX (89-42)"

(RE: ROBERT STEPHEN REYNOLDS)

SAC WILLIAM B. SOYARS, JR.

AIRMAIL

See reverse side

Office PHOENIX

ENCLOSURE

5 AUG 4 1964

July 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated June 30, 1964, in which you requested Miss Joan Campbell, who is the U. S. Political Correspondent for the "London Evening Standard," be interviewed.

Enclosed for your information are two copies each of two memoranda dated July 7, 1964, New York, New York, and July 9, 1964, New York, New York, both captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald."

Investigation is still pending in connection with your additional request contained in your letter of June 30, 1964, concerning a check of public records in the Dallas area pertaining to female babies born on October 20, 1963. When the results of this investigation are received, you will be promptly advised.

Sincerely yours,

105-82555

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)

KMP:las

(9)

Enclosures (4)

62-109060  
NOT RECORDED  
170 JUL 22 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

DUPLICATE YELLOW

56 JUL 27 1964



NOTE:

This matter relates to the repair tag located at the Irving Sport Shop in Irving, Texas, bearing the name "Oswald." Dial D. Ryder, an employee of the sport shop, has been interviewed on several occasions by the Bureau and the President's Commission. He has previously admitted preparing this repair tag. However, investigation to date indicates Ryder may have fabricated the repair tag. The only fact which lends credence to his story are the comments made by Mrs. Edith Whitworth, who formerly operated a used furniture store near the gun shop, alleging Lee Oswald appeared in her store and was directed to the gun repair store. Marina Oswald has previously denied she was ever in this furniture store. However, in an attempt to resolve this situation, it appears the Commission is attempting to locate other individuals who were in the furniture store and who were possibly mistaken to be the Oswalds. The check for female babies pertains to comments made by Mrs. Whitworth which refers to the age of her grandsons and the age of Marina Oswald's child who was born on October 20, 1963.

July 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - I. W. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 8, 1964, concerning a communication written by Mrs. Rita McCarty and my letter dated July 14, 1964.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 14, 1964, Dallas, Texas, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald." The memorandum contains results of investigation conducted by our Dallas Office to locate photographs of a bone specimen.

The photographs in question were obtained from Jack C. Harper, M.D. They are two thirty-five millimeter Kodachrome transparencies bearing numbers thirteen and twenty, which are enclosed. Also enclosed is one small metal canister which contains a black and white thirty-five millimeter film strip negative revealing various exposures of the same bone specimen. This film strip was furnished by Mr. M. Wayne Bolleter, Chief Medical Photographer, Methodist Hospital of Dallas.

The FBI Laboratory has reproduced for your assistance, two enlarged copies each of the thirty-five millimeter color transparencies. They have also reproduced two enlarged copies each of the black and white negatives. In this respect, the black and white negatives which were reproduced are outlined in red on the film strip.

105-82555

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)

EMR:las

(9)

NOT RECORDED

SEE NOTEBOOK 123 1964

70 JUL 27 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

ORIGINAL FILED IN



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Dr. Harper and Mr. Bolleter have requested the thirty-five millimeter color transparencies and the thirty-five millimeter black and white film strip be returned to them.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (13)

NOTE:

By letter dated July 3, 1964, the President's Commission advised a letter was received from the Attorney General written by Mrs. Rita McCarty in which she suggested she may have information regarding a person who has in her possession photographs of some remnants of skull bone found at the scene of the assassination on 11-22-63.

Our investigation in Dallas located two 35 mm. color transparencies and a 35 mm. black and white film strip negative. These transparencies were obtained from Dr. Jack C. Harper, M.D. whose nephew Billy P. Harper found the skull remnant near the scene of the assassination. This skull remnant when originally furnished to our Dallas Office was sent to the Laboratory and then transmitted to the President's physician on 11-27-63. Mr. Bolleter photographed the skull remnant, furnished color transparencies to Dr. Harper and in addition made a strip of 35 mm. black and white negatives which he has not previously printed. These gentlemen requested this material be returned and this concludes our inquiries in this phase of the investigation.

OCZHH

JUL 20 1964  
TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

335 PM URGENT 7-20-64 JAM

TO DIRECTOR /9/ 100-409763 - ENCODED

FROM NEW YORK 100-117844 2P

MARK LANE

SH-C

OO-NY

RENYTEL SEVEN THIRTEEN LAST AND NYAIRTEL SEVEN SIXTEEN LAST.

THE "NEW YORK TIMES" OF SEVEN TWENTY INSTANT, PAGE FIFTEEN, COLUMNS TWO AND THREE, CONTAINED AN ARTICLE ENTITLED "INTERVIEW BY LANE ON OSWALD IS HEARD". THIS ARTICLE STATED THAT A TAPE RECORDING DEALING WITH THE KILLING OF J. D. TIPPITT, THE DALLAS

POLICE OFFICER SLAIN THE DAY PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS ASSASSINATED WAS BROADCAST ON SEVEN NINETEEN ON THE BARRY GRAY SHOW OVER NEW YORK RADIO STATION WMCA. DURING THIS SHOW LANE PRESENTED A TAPE WHICH ALLEGEDLY RECORDED REMARKS BY MRS. HELEN LOUISE MARKHAM OF DALLAS, TEXAS WHICH INDICATED THE KILLER OF TIPPITT MIGHT NOT HAVE BEEN LEE HARVEY OSWALD. THE ARTICLE STATED THAT PREVIOUSLY LANE HAD DECLINED TO RELEASE THIS TAPE TO THE WARREN COMMISSION BUT HAD SINCE MAILED IT TO THE COMMISSION.

PAGE ONE

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

100-107060  
NOT ENCODED  
170 JUL 23 1964

4 JUL 21 1964

EXBY. CO.

PAGE TWO

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT THE BUREAU DETERMINE FROM THE WARREN COMMISSION WHETHER OR NOT THEY HAVE RECEIVED LANES TAPE OF THE INTERVIEW WITH MRS. MARKHAM.

*Per Comm  
has copies  
of tape  
7/16/68*

IF DESIRED BY THE BUREAU, NEW YORK WILL ATTEMPT TO SECURE A COPY OF THE PERTINENT SECTION OF THE BARRY GRAY INTERVIEW OF LANE ON SEVEN NINETEEN LAST. IT IS NOTED THAT BARRY GRAY IS A SOMEWHAT CONTROVERSIAL RADIO FIGURE IN NEW YORK SPECIALIZING IN PERSON TO PERSON RADIO INTERVIEWS. IT IS ALSO BELIEVED A COPY OF THIS TAPE COULD BE SECURED FROM RADIO REPORTS, FIFTEEN WEST FORTY SEVENTH STREET, NYC, WHICH TAPES RADIO PROGRAMS FOR COMMERCIAL RESALE. THESE TAPES RUN APPROXIMATELY BETWEEN EIGHT AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

UACB, NEW YORK WILL TAKE NO STEPS UNTIL IT IS DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THE WARREN COMMISSION IS IN POSSESSION OF THE TAPE OF THE MRS. HELEN MARKHAM INTERVIEW.

END

OMS FBI WASH DC

5-11-68 5:11 PM

1 - Branigan  
1 - Lenihan  
1 - Sizoo

7-21-64

airtel

To: SAC, New York (100-117844)  
From: Director, FBI (100-100763)

MARK LANE  
SI - C

62-109060

Reurtel 7-20-64, same caption.

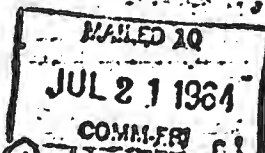
The President's Commission now possesses copies of the tape recording of an interview of Mrs. Helen Louisa Markham of Dallas, Texas, by Mark Lane concerning the identification of Lee Harvey Oswald as the slayer of Dallas Police Officer J. D. Tippit. The Commission also has copies of a transcript of the above interview with Mrs. Markham. Therefore, it will not be necessary for you to obtain a copy of the above tape recording.

1 - Dallas

WAS

NOTE: President's Commission/furnished copies of the tape recording and of the transcript thereof by letter dated 7-17-64 in answer to the Commission's incoming letter dated 7-16-64 which furnished a tape recording of conversation between Lane and Mrs. Markham. The Commission's letter requested copies of transcript of the recording as well as 2 additional copies of the tape recording for its files. Bureau maintains copies of transcript of above tape recording.

JLS:amhw  
(7)



ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-409763-104



1 - I. W. Conrad  
(W. D. Griffith)  
1 - C. L. Trotter  
(S. F. Latona)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Date: July 23, 1964  
To: Chief, U. S. Secret Service  
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director  
Subject: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

JUL 23 1 31 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Enclosed for your information is a copy of a letter addressed to "Mr. J. Edgar Hoover" and the envelope in which it was transmitted.

For your additional information, our FBI Laboratory conducted an appropriate examination of this anonymous communication, the results of which are as follows:

Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D.C." and postmarked "KEIOSMA, WIS. AM JUL 9 1964"

Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President Johnson know's the....." and ending ".....about the President Johnson, American's"

The handwriting on the envelope and letter, Q1 and Q2, was searched through the appropriate sections of the Anonymous Letter File but no identification was effected.

REC 23 JUL 23 10 10 AM '64 107060-3517

The envelope and letter were examined in the Identification Division and two latent fingerprints were developed on the front of the letter only.

KBR:las  
(12)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

56 JUL 27 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Chief, U. S. Secret Service

The envelope, Q1, was made of white bond paper, containing no watermark, to measure approximately 6.51 inches across the top, 6.48 inches across the bottom, 3.03 inches along the right edge and 3.66 inches along the left edge.

The letter, Q2, was prepared on a sheet of ruled white paper, containing no watermark, which measures approximately 5.00 inches across the top, 4.99 inches across the bottom, and 8.01 inches from top to bottom. The front of the letter bears nineteen blue lines and the back bears twenty-three blue lines.

No indented writing of any significance was noted on the envelope and letter. The postage stamp on the letter was torn from a booklet of five-cent postage stamps. Also, the letter was written with a ball-point pen, equipped with blue ink.

If additional information is developed concerning this anonymous communication, you will be appropriately advised.

Enclosures (2)



7-23-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: SAC, Houston (62-2115)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReHOairtel 6-22-64, and 6-30-64, and DLairtel 7-17-64.

Houston is instructed to expedite lead to establish activities of Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., as set out in referenced airtel 6-22-64.

Previous communications containing information regarding Berry have been disseminated to Secret Service and the Department.

When your letterhead memorandum is received regarding this matter, it will be furnished along with previous communications to the President's Commission. Therefore, insure accuracy to preclude revisions or corrections by the Bureau.

KMR:las

(4)

NOTE:

By airtel 6-22-64, Houston furnished a LHM regarding an interview with Mrs. Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., who related information concerning activities of her husband, whom she is divorcing. She made numerous allegations that Berry, Jr., is mentally disturbed, familiar with numerous people who allegedly are associated with a loosely knit group who are trying to organize to carry out various acts of violence. She claimed Berry was in contact with an individual known as the "Nazi," who was his associate at the University of Houston and this individual allegedly had information relating to the assassination. The Nazi has been identified and interviewed as Stanley Pendleton Toland of Dallas and has advised he knows of no loosely knit group being organized by Berry and had no information relating to the assassination. Houston was to make further checks regarding various activities.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

REC-23 62-109060-3518

JUL 23 1964

JUL 27 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

FBI

Date: 7/16/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109067)  
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning an interview with RUBY VICTORIA. Three copies of this letterhead memorandum are enclosed for Dallas. Two copies furnished Secret Service.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10) (AM)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 3) (AM)  
2 - Houston

OWK:yk  
(7)

REC-23

62-109060-3519

JUL 20 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Houston, Texas

July 16, 1964

Assassination of President  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas

On July 10, 1964, the following Western Union telegram was received by the Federal Bureau of Investigation Office at Houston, Texas:

"FBI, Houston

"I have information on the assassination of President Kennedy, a mail sack murder in La Grange, Texas, and two graves in Waco. Reason for assassination in Dallas.

"Baby June,  
2320 Truxillo  
Houston, Texas"

On July 15, 1964, Ruby Victoria, 2320 Truxillo, Houston, Texas, advised that she is the individual who sent the above telegram. She stated she used the name of Baby June in the telegram in order to conceal her identity from unauthorized viewers.

Ruby Victoria stated that when she was fourteen years of age she saw the body of a curly-haired woman stuffed in a mail sack in a car and this woman was apparently dead. She stated later she saw four men burning something in the ground and she surmised that they were disposing of this body. This occurred in La Grange, Texas, and is what she referred to as a mail sack murder in La Grange, Texas, in the above telegram. She stated when she was twenty-five years old she went to Waco, Texas, and there men watched her continually, and she told the police about it and pointed out she believed the people watching her. were Russian spies. She stated at approximately that time there

COPIE: 1

74 JUL 19 1964

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

was newspaper publicity calling for the people in this country to look for a spy whose picture was also published in the newspapers.

Ruby Victoria further stated that in regard to the two graves in Waco she had referred to the fact that students at Baylor University, Waco, were seen by her standing around two freshly dug graves and called her to watch what was going on. She stated that just prior to seeing these graves a Jewish man broke into her house claiming he was shot, and she determined that he had a rubber bag under his shirt with red water in it, which made it look like he was bleeding. She stated this man made her paint him with red paint and he ran out of her house claiming he was shot and bleeding and led her to the two graves. She stated in the larger grave there was a woman who talked to her, and she recalled the woman's name as being Ladybird. She stated there was a young child in the other grave of mixed breed. The Baylor students threw two bushel baskets full of books over these individuals and covered them up. She stated just two or three weeks before President John Fitzgerald Kennedy was assassinated she told the District Attorney in La Grange, Texas, that he would be killed, and she based this on the fact that these students were part of an organization involved in numerous murders throughout the State of Texas. She stated their leader was P. S. Lutrell, a Houston builder for whom she had worked for ten years. She stated Lutrell was a Russian spy and had brought about the murder of numerous individuals. She stated she also believes that Lutrell and this group brought about the death of Pope Pius since she had heard a friend of his had gone to Rome to see the Pope just prior to his death. She also stated that a J. H. Carruthers (phonetic), a Methodist preacher, had held her prisoner for a number of years by giving her an unknown medicine.

On one occasion while she was bathing in the bathtub he poured an acid into the water which destroyed her body by making her look like a ten-year-old child. She stated the medicine had also turned her head to stone.

Ruby Victoria stated she believes Lee Harvey Oswald was in this group run by Lutrell but has no specific knowledge that they ever knew each other.



RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Ruby Victoria furnished the following descriptive  
data concerning herself:

Name	Ruby Victoria
Born	August 28, 1912, La Grange, Texas
Height	5'7"
Weight	135 pounds
Race	Negro
Occupation	Domestic
Residence address	2320 Truxillo, Houston, Texas

REC-23

10706 3519

July 23, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 16, 1964, Houston, Texas, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas."

In view of the information contained in this communication, no further action is being taken by this Bureau.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060  
KMR:las  
(7)

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Houston by airtel 7-16-64, furnished a letterhead memorandum concerning an interview with Ruby Victoria who sent a telegram to the Houston Office relating to a mail sack murder in LaGrange, Texas. When interviewed, Ruby Victoria made various allegations regarding murders and other information relating to her which leads one to conclude she is mentally deranged. There is no indication she had any information relating to the assassination.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

56 JUL 27 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
JUL 23 1 32 PM '64

060611 29

NI 0611 11 24

12-11-21  
JUL 24 1964  
JUL 24 1964

JUL 23 11 51 AM '64



7/18/64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Raupach

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)  
From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3520

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS,  
TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS- INFORMATION CONCERNING

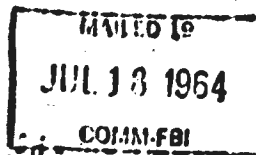
ReButel to Dallas March 5, 1964, and Dallas airtel  
to Bureau March 23, 1964.

Enclosed in one copy of a self-explanatory letter  
from the President's Commission dated July 16, 1964, relating  
to radio transmissions of the Dallas PD on November 22, 1963.

Your attention is specifically directed to paragraph  
two page 1, paragraph three page 1, and paragraph 1 page 2 of  
this letter regarding the time element and discrepancy of time.  
It appears the discrepancy which appears on page 19 of your  
letterhead memorandum dated March 23, 1964, could have appeared  
in the transcript you received from the Dallas PD.

Regarding paragraph 1 page 2 concerning a time element  
variation of two minutes from 1:16 p.m. to 1:18 p.m. when the  
report regarding the shooting of a police officer was put out  
on Dallas PD channels one and two, Consideration should be  
given by Dallas as to furnishing the physical setup of the  
Dallas PD relating to radio communications. That is, was there

Enclosure



718674

11 1 12 10 11  
11 1 12 10 11

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

KMR:vev  
(4)

56 JUL 27 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

*Roxford*

Airtel to SAC, Dallas

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

two dispatchers being used, noting the heavy traffic at this time, could have made the variation of two minutes when the shooting was reported and that the report, then, was put out for the information of all units, if this was the case. However, it seems important that this point should be clarified.

For your information the Commission's original letter dated March 3, 1964, requesting the radio transmissions, they specifically desired only a transcript of radio transmissions from 12:20 p.m., 11/22/63, to 6 p.m., 11/24/63. However, it appears your office was furnished the transcript starting at 10 a.m. which was reported and subsequently included the pertinent period of time involved that the Commission was concerned with.

This matter should be handled on an expedite basis, noting the Commission has taken the liberty of furnishing a copy of the enclosed letter to Chief Curry and to Attorney General Waggoner Carr.

When you obtain the original tapes of the radio broadcast as requested by the President's Commission, prepare and submit a letterhead memorandum and insure meticulous accuracy to clarify and resolve questions raised by the Commission.

Expedite.

NOTE:

A letter from the Commission dated July 16, 1964 requested we obtain the original tapes of radio transmissions from the Dallas PD and furnish a transcript of radio transmissions for the specific period of time from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. on Friday, November 22, 1963, and from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. on Sunday, November 24, 1963. We have previously furnished the Commission a LHM regarding this matter, however, in their original request desired transmissions from a period of 12:20 p.m. on November 22 to 6 p.m. November 24, 1963, relating to the Assassination of President Kennedy, the murder of police officer J. D. Tippit, and movements of Lee Harvey Oswald to the Dallas County Jail. Referenced DL airtel indicated the transcripts were furnished to us by the DL PD and there was no indication we reviewed the original tapes which could account for

- 2 -

discrepancies in time reporting as indicated. DL has been instructed to completely resolve these matters. This case is on the Director's Specials List.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN WILLIAM COOPER  
MALE BRUCE  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
Grand Council

JUL 16 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In a memorandum captioned "Dallas, Texas, March 23, 1964," your Bureau furnished to the Commission transcripts of all radio transmissions from Channel 1 and Channel 2 of the Dallas Police Department Radio Station, covering the period from 10:00 a.m., November 22, 1963, to 6:00 p.m., November 24, 1963, as they relate to the matters under investigation by this Commission. We note that the descriptive paragraph preceding this transcript indicates that the period covered starts at 12:20 p.m., November 22, 1963. Actually 10 a.m. appears to be the starting point.

These transcripts were apparently made available to the Bureau by the Dallas Police Department. In view of the importance of these transcripts in our investigation we request that your Bureau obtain the original tapes of the radio broadcasts and prepare a new transcript from these tapes, as they relate to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, the murder of Dallas Police Officer J. D. Tippit, investigation of said assassination and murder, and the security and movement of Lee Harvey Oswald to the Dallas County Jail. Your transcript need only include the time periods of 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on Friday, November 22, 1963, and from 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. on Sunday, November 24, 1963. In addition, we request that the name of the reporting police officer be listed alongside each message. We understand that this is possible in view of the fact that there is an identifying number next to each message.

We call your attention to the fact that in the Channel 1 transcript there appears to be an error on page 19 in that immediately above the words "What's that address on Jefferson?" there appears a time entry of 1:10 p.m. This would be inconsistent with the known time of the Tippit shooting and judging from the time entries on the preceding page this would appear to be a typographical error.

37  
JUL 17 1964

3520  
JUL 17 1964  
SEVEN

With regard to the time of the Tippit shooting, the Channel 1 entry on page 18 would appear to indicate a time of approximately 1:16. On the Channel 2 transcript, however, on page 78, the time appears to be 1:18. During the course of your preparation of a new transcript we ask that you attempt to clarify this apparent discrepancy.

In view of the fact that these tapes are in the possession of the Dallas Police Department, we are forwarding a copy of this letter to Chief Jesse E. Curry and to Attorney General Waggoner Carr.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*  
J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Rogge

1 - Mr. Lenthian  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

TO : Mr. Belmont

**DATE: July 2, 1964**

FROM : A. Rose

**SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont ☒ \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen ☒ \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

• Reference memorandum dated 7/1/64 from Griffith to Conrad recommended that copies of the re-enactment films taken in Dallas on May 24, 1964, be furnished to Inspector Kelley, U. S. Secret Service.

The furnishing of copies of the films was discussed with J. Lee Rankin of the President's Commission today and Mr. Rankin inquired as to the reason Secret Service wanted these films. I told Mr. Rankin that I had not been advised of the exact purpose but I presumed they desired the film for the completion of the files of Secret Service in that they were very interested in all aspects of the assassination of the President case.

Mr. Rankin stated that if this was the only reason that Secret Service desired the film, it would be permissible for Secret Service to have these films. I suggested to Mr. Rankin that perhaps I should have Inspector Kelley call him and discuss the matter with him and he could then advise me whether Secret Service should be furnished the films. Mr. Rankin stated it would not be necessary and that it would be permissible if the film was desired only for information of Secret Service.

In view of Mr. Rankin's comments, Malley called Inspector Tom Kelley of Secret Service and inquired as to the exact reason Secret Service desired the film. Mr. Kelley stated that he felt the film would be very valuable to Secret Service to be used as a training film by Secret Service and that this was the only purpose for which the film would be used by Secret Service.

Subsequent to this conversation with Inspector Kelley, Rankin was advised that Secret Service wanted the film for training purposes and he agreed that there was no reason why they should not have this film. 62-107660-35

## RECOMMENDATION:

That copies of the re-enactment films be made available to Inspector Kelley of U. S. Secret Service.

JRM:ge

REC-23

3 JUL 23 1964

64 JUL 29 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/1/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

On June 26, 1964, Inspector Thomas J. Kelley of the Secret Service asked SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt whether or not they could obtain copies of the films made during the re-enactment of the assassination in Dallas, Texas, on May 24, 1964. Inspector Kelley and his staff were an integral part of the re-enactment although the films were actually made by FBI personnel. The Laboratory knows of no reason why the re-enactment films should not be given to Secret Service.

REC-23 62-109060 3532

RECOMMENDATION: That copies of the re-enactment films be furnished to Inspector Kelley at Secret Service.

3 JUL 23 1964

LLS:emh (9)

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan
- 1 - Mr. Rogge
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

*Copies of films  
sent to Supp Kelley  
delivered to Kelley  
off by Gidson.  
Call Supp Kelley 7-23-64  
& verified that he need for*

64 JUL 29 1964

04 JUL 27 1964



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Griffith

1 - Mr. Davies

July 21, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to a telephone call on July 8, 1964, from Miss Mary A. Frowotsky, Commission employee, to a representative of this Bureau concerning a request for the reproduction of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were furnished to a Special Agent of this Bureau on the same date as the request.

In accordance with this request, there are enclosed herewith three photocopies each of Commission exhibits numbered 479, 535, 536 and 1031, Ruth Faino exhibits numbered 270, 271 and 274 through 276, Earl Ruby exhibits numbered 1 and 2, Woodrow Wiggins exhibit numbered 5076, John Pic exhibits numbered 1, 48 through 58 and 60, Michael Paine exhibit numbered 1, Harry D. Holmes exhibit numbered 5, Chamberlain-Hunt Academy exhibits numbered 2 and 4, Frank Pizzo exhibits numbered 453A, 453B and 453C, Carroll Beeley exhibits numbered 1 through 7, Virginia James exhibits numbered 1 through 3, 3A and 4 through 11 and David Johnston exhibits numbered 1 through 5. Also enclosed are the exhibits mentioned above, with the exception of Frank Pizzo exhibits numbered 453A, 453B and 453C, which were previously returned.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson  
DeLoach  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
Felt  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

Enclosures (22)

Dallas (100-10461) Enclosures (57) (See Note Page 2)

DED:emh (10)

JUL 23 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

JUL 21 1 40 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

NOTE FOR DALLAS:

Enclosed for Dallas are photocopies of each of the exhibits being sent to the Commission, together with listing of same.

NOTE: The telephonic request of 7/8/64 mentioned above was made to SA Roy H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section, FBI Laboratory. The exhibits mentioned above were obtained from the Commission on 7/8/64 by SA Cortlandt Cunningham.

The above-mentioned exhibits, designated by asterisks, did not originate from the Bureau and are therefore being returned to the Commission along with the photocopies, with the exception of Frank Pizzo exhibits numbered 453A, 453B and 453C, which were returned to the Commission on 7/20/64 by SA Robert E. Neill.

DED:emh

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

7/21/64

Commission ExhibitsDescription

479	*Color transparency of frame of Zapruder film
535	*Picture of Mark Lane
536	*Picture of Mark Lane
1031	*Page from The Dallas Morning News of 11/22/63
Ruth Paine Exhibit No. 270	*Piece of cord
" " " " 271	*Piece of string
" " " " 274	* Piece of string
" " " " 275	*Curtain rod
" " " " 276	*Curtain rod
Earl Ruby Exhibit No. 1	*Xerox copy of Earl Ruby deposition dated 6/3/64
" " " " 2	*Written deposition of Earl Ruby dated 6/3/64
Woodrow Wiggins Exhibit No. 5076	*Schematic drawing of portion of Dallas Police Department and parking areas
John Pic Exhibit No. 1	*Marriage license of Edward John Pic, Jr., and Marguerite Francis Claverie
" " " " 48	*Photograph of Oswald at 2 1/2 years
" " " " 49	*Photograph of Oswald and dog
" " " " 50	*Photograph of Oswald
" " " " 51	* " " "
" " " " 52	* " " "
" " " " 53	* " " "
" " " " 54	*Photograph of Oswald and dog
" " " " 55	*Photograph of dog
" " " " 56	*Photograph of Oswald
" " " " 57	* " " "
" " " " 58	* " " "
" " " " 60	*Memo book
Michael Paine Exhibit No. 1	*Piece of string
Harry D. Holmes Exhibit No. 5	*Copy of "Wanted For Treason" circular
Chamberlain-Hunt Academy Exhibit No. 2	*Copy of John Edward Pic's scholastic record at academy
Chamberlain-Hunt Academy Exhibit No. 4	*Copy of Robert Lee Oswald's scholastic record at academy
Frank Pizzo Exhibit No. 453A	*Photograph of Oswald passing out handbills
" " " " 453B	*Photograph of Oswald passing out handbills
" " " " 453C	*Photograph of Oswald

100-109060-3523

Carroll Esesley Exhibit No. 1

" " " " 2

" " " " 3

" " " " 4

" " " " 5

" " " " 6

" " " " 7

Virginia James Exhibit No. 1

" " " " 2

" " " " 3

" " " " 3A

" " " " 4

" " " " 5

" " " " 6

" " " " 7

" " " " 8

" " " " 9

\*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 3/23/61

\*Copy of memorandum from Robert D. Johnson to John T. White dated 3/31/61

\*Copy of State Department "Operations Memorandum" dated 8/18/61

\*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 12/29/61; and copy of letter to Passport Office from INS dated 12/21/61

\*Copy of State Department document regarding interview of Oswald at American Embassy, Moscow, on 7/11/61

\*Copy of State Department document from Robert D. Johnson to William O. Boswell dated 5/4/62

\*Copy of clipping from The Washington Post of 6/9/62, and copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 11/20/62

\*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 11/29/59, and copy of State Department "Wirom No. 1116" dated 11/2/59

\*Copy of State Department document from Robert I. Owen to John E. Crump dated 3/16/62

\*Copy of State Department telegram dated 3/15/62

\*Copy of State Department document from Robert F. Hale to Michel Cieplinski dated 3/20/62

\*Copy of INS letter dated 5/17/62 to State Department

\*Copy of State Department telegram dated 5/4/62

\*Copy of letter of State Department dated 2/27/62 to INS

\*Copy of State Department "Wirom 2531" dated 5/8/62

\*Copy of State Department "Wirom 2207" dated 3/27/62

\*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 3/16/62, and copy of State Department document from Robert I. Owen to John E. Crump dated 3/16/62



Virginia James Exhibit No. 10

" " " " 11

David Johnston Exhibit No. 1

" " " " 2

" " " " 3

" " " " 4

" " " " 5

\*Copy of State Department telegram dated 3/31/62

\*Copy of State Department letter dated 6/7/62, to Oswald's mother

\*Copy of David Johnston's deposition dated 6/23/64

\*Copy of Witness List for State of Texas vs Lee Harvey Oswald

\*Copy of affidavit charging Oswald with murder of J. D. Tippit

\*Copy of affidavit charging Oswald with murder of President Kennedy

\*Copy of affidavit charging Oswald with assault to murder Governor Connally

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Office, Room 713  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Neill

July 22, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In accordance with the telephonic request of  
Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky on July 20, 1964, Frank Pizzo  
exhibits numbered 453A, 453B and 453C were delivered to  
Miss Rowcotsky on that same date.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

REC-21

NO JUL 23 1964

62-109060

NOTE: This request was made to SA Cortlandt Cunningham.  
The delivery was made by SA Robert E. Neill. All  
exhibits consist of photographs of Oswald.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

REN: bsm (14)

JUL 22 1 14 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM



Mr. Belmont

July 22, 1964

A. Rosen

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.  
IS - R - CUBA

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach Enc.
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - I. W. Conrad (L. L. Shaneyfelt)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Re leak of Oswald diary in "The Dallas Morning News," June 27 and 28, 1964, and publication in July 10, 1964, issue of "Life" magazine.

PURPOSE

That the attached letter to the President's Commission, enclosing three memoranda and a Dallas report concerning the leak of Oswald's diary, be forwarded to the President's Commission. It is noted additional comments have been included in the letter made by John F. Dowd, General Counsel for "Life" magazine, concerning Representative Ford, which were not incorporated in the July 16, 1964, New York letterhead memorandum. These comments were included in view of the anticipated interview of Representative Ford of the President's Commission by Mr. DeLoach.

BACKGROUND

As a result of letters dated June 30 and July 10, 1964, from the President's Commission, we initiated investigation into the matter concerning the leak of Oswald's diary in "The Dallas Morning News" and "Life" magazine.

Extensive investigation has been conducted by our Dallas, New York and Houston Offices in this matter. Regarding the publication of Oswald's diary in "Life" magazine, we have now determined arrangements for the publication were handled through Paula Aynesworth, who is the wife of Hugh Aynesworth reporter for "The Dallas Morning News" and who published Oswald's diary on June 27 and 28, 1964. Paula Aynesworth received \$2500 for this information from "Life" magazine.

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination) of *Mr. Oswald* 62-109060  
KMR:lan  
(10)

NOT RECORDED

170 JUL 28 1964

58 JUL 29 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: LEE HARVY OSWALD, AKA.

To date those who have been interviewed have denied or failed to reveal the source from whom they received the information. However, there are strong indications the information came from the Dallas County Attorney's Office. William F. Alexander, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Texas, alleged Representative Ford of the President's Commission leaked the information. He has also made allegations that Representative Ford had contacts with "Life" magazine regarding this matter.

"Life" magazine has been cooperative in furnishing us copies of the diary they received. In addition, John F. Dowd, General Counsel for "Life" magazine furnished additional information regarding Representative Ford's contact with Mr. James Thompson, Editor of "Life" magazine. Although Representative Ford's contacts with "Life" were verified, they certainly do not substantiate allegations Representative Ford furnished "Life" magazine information regarding the Oswald diary. Therefore, it appears pertinent that these facts should be made available to the President's Commission and that Mr. DeLoach should be aware of this information when he conducts his interview with Representative Ford.

The Laboratory is conducting an appropriate examination of the documents received. Results of examination will be furnished to the Commission.

ACTION

If approved, the attached letter, enclosing three memoranda and the Dallas report, be furnished to the President's Commission and Mr. DeLoach for his assistance in the forthcoming interview with Representative Ford.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 943-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOOGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN  
General Counsel

JUL 16 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of a letter forwarded to the Commission from Martha Joc/Stroud, Assistant United States Attorney in Dallas, Texas. We are also enclosing the film referred to in this letter.

We request that your Bureau examine this film and advise us as to whether it contains any additional information of probative value in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Enclosures (2)

REC-21

14 JUL 17 1964

ENCLOSURE

3505

SEVEN

11/1

UNRECORDED COPY WITH

United States Department of Justice

MJE:ljs

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

DALLAS 1, TEXAS

REGISTERED MAIL

RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

75221

July 10, 1964

AIRMAIL

Mr. Howard Willens  
President's Commission on the  
Assassination of President Kennedy  
200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002

Dear Howard:

Mr. Rudy Brenk brought the enclosed film into this  
office today.

He states that there are no other persons that  
took film at the scene of the assassination so far as he  
knows.

I am attaching a list of photographers who furnished  
film for "President Kennedy's Final Hour".

Mr. Brenk wants the film back unless the Commission  
wants to buy it. It costs \$24.95.

Sincerely yours,

Barefoot Sanders  
United States Attorney

Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant  
United States Attorney

Enclosures - 2

JUL 12 1964  
ENCLOSURE 62-109060-5



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Griffin  
1 - Mr. Shaney

July 23, 1964

By Courier Service

REC-21

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Jul 23 1 17 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 16, 1964, enclosing a letter from Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant United States Attorney, in Dallas, Texas, and a film referred to in that letter.

This film has been reviewed in the FBI Laboratory and found to contain very little of the President's motorcade during the firing of the assassination shots. It is noted that the portion of the film depicting the motorcade on Elm Street at the assassination site is a copy of the same film that was furnished to the Commission by the Wolper Productions, Incorporated. The Wolper film was furnished to us with your letter dated June 3, 1964, was examined and returned to you with a letter dated July 10, 1964.

The film that you submitted with your letter dated July 10, 1964, is attached.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson  
DeLoach  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

Enclosure  
Dallas (100-10461)

62-109060

LRS:emh (10)

MAIL ROOM  
TELETYPE UNIT

1964

FBI

Date: 7/21/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-10906)  
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned "LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR., MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING." Three copies of this memorandum are furnished to Dallas for its information, and two copies are furnished to San Antonio since subject BERRY's father resides in that territory.

A copy of this memorandum has been made available to Secret Service, Houston.

It is the feeling of the Houston Office that BERRY should be interviewed at an early date to clarify his activities and further identify his associates. It is felt that an interview would expedite determining what his feelings and activities are, and, UACB, he will be interviewed at an early date.

- (3) - Bureau (Enc. 10) (AM)
- 2 - Dallas (89-113) (Enc. 3) (AM)
- 1 - San Antonio (Enc. 2) (AM)
- 2 - Houston

REC-21 (62-109060-3526)

GWK:yk  
(8)

JUL 23 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

AUG 17 1964





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Houston, Texas

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

July 21, 1964

LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.  
MISCELLANEOUS  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Reference is made to the memorandum captioned as above dated June 22, 1964, at Houston, Texas.

On June 25, 1964, William M. Rudersdorf, II, 215 Hawthorne, Houston, Texas, advised that he was the William M. Rudersdorf who discussed Lewis Edward Berry with Mrs. Berry. Rudersdorf stated that he was born on July 31, 1948, at Houston, Texas, and is a student at Lamar High School.

Rudersdorf stated that he was interested in books and found that the Berrys operated a book store in his neighborhood and he spent considerable time at the Berrys' reading some of their books. In this manner he became acquainted with Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.

During some of their conversations, Berry remarked on one occasion that if Robert Kennedy is elected in 1968 "they won't have to find another Oswald." Rudersdorf stated to the best of his recollection Berry did not say he would take the place of Oswald in such an instance and did not state he would assassinate Robert Kennedy. He stated, however, that Berry is very strong in his convictions and dislike of the Kennedys and had remarked that the assassination of President Kennedy was good for the country and for the liberals in the country, since they were getting "fed up with him," and the conservatives would have taken over in 1964. He stated Berry had commented he did not like the publicity afforded the assassination of President Kennedy and did not like the establishing of an eternal flame at Kennedy's grave.

COPIES DESTROYED

A A 1110 1973

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR..

Rudersdorf further advised that on one occasion Berry had commented to him that if he could print a pamphlet on explosives and subversion he could make a lot of money with it.

Rudersdorf stated he had no specific instances to base his opinion on, but he thought Berry may be mentally unstable.

On July 2, 1964, Charles Leftwich, 2128 West Alabama, Houston, Texas, advised he is Regional Director of the Young Americans for Freedom organization and is a member of the national board of this organization. He stated he is acquainted with Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., and considers Berry an extreme conservative in his political beliefs but would not class him as an extreme radical. He stated Berry was not then a member of the Young Americans for Freedom but had in the past been a member, and on two occasions had participated in picketing where the name Young Americans for Freedom was displayed but which pickets were not sponsored by that organization. He stated one of these instances was the picketing of Dean Rusk at the Sheraton Lincoln Hotel in Houston, Texas, and another was the picketing of a Russian ship in the Port of Houston for the purpose of picking up wheat. Leftwich stated it is his understanding that Berry and others picketed in these two instances but they did not have the right or authority to use the name of the Young Americans for Freedom.

Leftwich advised he is acquainted with James Parrott and considers Parrott to be mentally unbalanced. He stated Parrott is so radical in his views he, Leftwich, is afraid to have anything to do with him, and the national headquarters of the Young Americans for Freedom has instructed that Parrott should not be given a membership in that organization. He stated he has never heard Parrott make any statements indicating he would take violent action in any way, but he is extremely radical in his views.

Leftwich further advised he is acquainted with John Killgore and considers Killgore in the same category as Parrott but to a lesser degree.

Leftwich further advised that he is acquainted with Cheryle Beck. He stated as far as he knows Beck is mentally stable and is not radical in the same degree as

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Parrott, Killgore or Berry. He stated Beck has in the past done secretarial work for Berry in connection with the Young Republicans organization at the University of Houston.

Leftwich stated he is unaware of any organization being formed by Berry and doubts that Berry could obtain any great number of followers in any activity.

On July 16, 1964, John Rollins, Special Investigator, Houston, Texas, Police Department, advised that Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., was arrested on June 26, 1964, on a charge of aggravated assault. He stated the complaint had been filed by Berry's wife. This arrest record reflects Berry was born on December 17, 1938, at Houston, Texas. His father's name is Lewis Edward Berry, Sr., and his mother's name is Margaret H. Lamar. He is married to Betty K. Berry. Louis Berry has one sister, Zora Margaret Wilcoxon, and a brother, Robert Lawrence Lamar.

At the time of Berry's arrest he gave his address as 2607 Leek, Apartment 4; however, he was arrested at 3801 Cullen Boulevard, Houston, Texas.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 7/9/64

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)

ATTENTION: Assistant  
Director  
IVAN W. CONRAD

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

Reference is made to Bureau letter to Chicago dated  
6/25/64.

Referenced communication requested the Chicago Division  
secure two additional rifles having the same physical character-  
istics and markings as that utilized by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in  
the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Extensive examination has been made of similar rifles  
at Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison, and it has  
been found that numerous discrepancies exist on a given rifle.  
While a complete examination of all such rifles has not been  
made, it is requested that the Laboratory advise if certain  
discrepancies can be allowed or if such differences such as  
the variance in location of certain markings would be signifi-  
cant enough to preclude the purchase of these rifles.

The following are discrepancies noted thus far in  
examination of rifles and are set forth to exemplify the pro-  
blem in securing identical rifles to that used by OSWALD:

1. Certain bolts on the various rifles have  
been found not to have the word "Rocca"  
stamped on the bolt. In this regard would  
the interchange of bolts from one rifle to  
another be permitted. Further, it is noted  
that should such interchange be made a  
variance in the headspace on the bolt may  
be found. (See photograph number 1.)

2. Certain rifles have been found not to have  
the stamp "RC" on the bolt. (See photograph  
number 2.)

2- Bureau (Enc. 2)  
1- Chicago

RJD:pma  
(3)

REC-33

JUL 13 5 00 PM '64

62-109060-3527

JUL 15 1964

RECEIVED

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CG 62-6115

3. Certain rifles have been determined not to have all markings as shown on the rifle in question, and where all markings are contained thereon, in certain instances, it has been found that these markings are not contained in the specific location as on the rifle used by OSWALD. (See photographs 3, 4 and 5.)
4. It is requested the Laboratory advise if the stamp number 40 is required on the underside of the receiver. (See photograph number 6.) It is noted that in this regard the receiver group of each rifle would have to be dismantled to ascertain if the marking was properly made.
5. Certain rifles have been found to contain not only the markings as shown in available photographs of the rifle in question, but also to have additional markings contained thereon. To exemplify, one such rifle was located which contained the model year 1940, but following this date was found several additional figures, the significance of which is not known.
6. Most of the rifles examined to date have been determined to have different color stocks than those previously furnished the Bureau. In all cases thus far the stocks of these rifles have been found to be lighter in color.
7. Should the interchanging of parts of a rifle be permitted if the appropriate parts can be located, the operation of the weapon may be impaired such as in the case of the interchange of bolts.

CG 62-6115

8. Personnel at Klein's Sporting Goods have thus far been unable to locate number 3 Japanese side mounts for use in mounting the telescopic riflesight. The possibility has been suggested that such mounts may be secured elsewhere in the country should Klein's not locate them, and mounting done at a later date.

It is requested that the Laboratory advise if it is absolutely necessary that all points shown on the rifle in question be exactly duplicated in detail. If variances are allowed, it is requested that Chicago be so advised, and that such variances be specifically detailed for Chicago's use. It is noted that as the Bureau has been previously advised, Klein's Sporting Goods has removed from sale all similar rifles subsequent to the assassination of President KENNEDY. Since that time, these rifles have been packed individually and then collectively in cartons, all of which have been banded and are stored. It is therefore requested that before these cartons be removed from storage and unpacked, the Laboratory advise regarding above.

Returned herewith are nine photographs as furnished to Chicago by the Bureau with referenced communication. Chicago has duplicated these photographs and such are maintained in Chicago file.



1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Office, Room 7133  
 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Jevons  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Frazier  
 1 - Mr. Malley  
 1 - Mr. Conrad 7/23/64

EAC, Chicago (02-6115)

REC-33 Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3527

**ASSASSINATION OF  
 PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

Reference is made to your letter dated July 9, 1964, and to Bureau letter dated June 25, 1964.

Referenced Bureau letter requested the Chicago Division to secure two additional rifles having the same physical characteristics and markings as that utilized by Lee Harvey Oswald in the assassination of President Kennedy.

Referenced Chicago letter advised that slight variations in physical characteristics were found on rifles examined at Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison, and requested advice as to what variations might be permissible in the rifle secured for the Laboratory.

In securing the requested rifles, the "Rocca" and the "RC" on the bolt can be disregarded. Similarly, the number "40" on the underside of the receiver can be disregarded as well as the stock color.

The markings on the barrel and receiver, which are of prime importance, should consist of a serial number, the date "1940," the inscription "Made in Italy" and the word "TERNI." Additional markings would be permissible. In this connection, it is pointed out that some additional markings were present on Oswald's rifle but were obliterated.

Under no circumstances should the bolt from one rifle be interchanged with another since this could make the weapon unsafe.

If Japanese No. 3 telescopic sight mount cannot be obtained, it would be appreciated if the Chicago Office would ascertain the original source of these mounts either in this country or in Japan.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
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 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

RAF:bsm (11)

56 JUL 28 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES

MENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: 7-16-64

FROM : L. J. GAUTHIER

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
REQUEST FOR VISUAL AIDS

Re Commission's letter to Director dated 7-14-64 requesting that Commission document 1062d (blueprint of third floor Dallas Police and Courts Building) be made into a diagram which would eliminate certain details and of a size suitable for the body of the Commission report, thus making it easily comprehensible.

In accordance with the Commission's request, I personally contacted Dr. Goldberg and Mr. Pollak of the Commission on 7-15-64 and discussed with them the features of the plans to be emphasized. Both men appeared to be undecided as to what was needed. They were not satisfied with the plans obtained from the police department and desired to know whether the FBI had made plans of this area. I mentioned to Dr. Goldberg that on 12-5-63 the FBI in anticipating the need for floor plans of this area (Captain Fritz, Homicide Offices) prepared plan of the third floor which was furnished to the Commission on 1-20-64 together with other visual aids which were contained in a brochure titled "The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 11-2-63, and The Killing of Lee H. Oswald, 11-24-64."

Dr. Goldberg quickly located the above brochure in his own office files and stated that he was a bit "red faced" and inasmuch as the plans that the FBI had furnished months ago were excellent, they would best serve the Commission's need. He asked that a few details be added to our plan which are being handled at this time. He indicated that the plan would be entered in the Commission's record and that the FBI would be asked to give testimony concerning the preparation of this plan.

Enclosure

LJG:bdb

(7)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad ( Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent Direct)

REC 14-2 - 1091-00 3528  
EX 109

6 JUL 24 1964

17 JUL 31 1964

Memo Gauthier to Callahan  
Re: President's Commission  
Request for Visual Aids  
7-16-64

While in Dallas on 12-5-63, I personally supervised the gathering of the technical data required to prepare this plan and qualify to give whatever testimony may be necessary.

ACTION:

This matter is being given constant attention in order that the plan can be approved by the Commission and completed at the earliest possible moment.

*7/16*

*Wm*

*1/3*

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

300 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

J. LEE RANKIN  
General Counsel

EARL WARREN  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

JUL 14 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The Commission would be grateful if the Federal Bureau of Investigation could assist us in preparing an exhibit for use in the Commission's report.

The Commission has received as our Document No. 1062d, blue prints of the third floor of the Dallas Police and Courts Building. From these prints we would like to have a diagram prepared which would be drawn to scale but would eliminate much of the details included in the prints. We anticipate using the diagram in the body of the report and thus wish it to be easily comprehensible. It would probably be advisable for the person assigned to this task to contact either Dr. Goldberg, Mr. Griffin or Mr. Pollak here at the Commission and discuss with them the features of the floor plan which should be emphasized.

I am transmitting a copy of Commission Document No. 1062d with this letter.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Enclosure:

Comm'n Doc No. 1062d REC 1A

EXP. PROC. 37

JUL 14 1964

6 JUL 24 1964



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: 7-22-64

FROM : L. J. GAUTHIER *LJG*

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
REQUEST FOR VISUAL AIDS

Re Director's letter to Mr. Rankin dated 7-20-64, wherein the Commission was advised that the FBI was holding in abeyance the preparation of a map of Mexico depicting the whereabouts of Lee Harvey Oswald in Mexico, pending receipt of advice as to the photographs to be utilized in connection therewith.

On 7-22-64 Mr. Norman Redlich called stating that the Commission decided against using photographs on the maps but did, however, want Oswald's whereabouts graphically indicated on a map of Mexico, Federal District. He requested that I get in touch with him to discuss this matter further at a time when I would be at the Commission building with reference to exhibits which are presently being prepared for Dr. Goldberg relating to the third floor plan of the Dallas Police Department.

This matter will be discussed with Mr. Redlich on 7-24-64.

## RECOMMENDATION:

None; for information only.

LJG:bdb  
(7)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley - Mr. Stokes) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent Direct)

REC 14 62-109060-3530

X 109

JUL 24 1964

79 AUG 5 - 1964

31 1964

July 22, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lonihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Schutz

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies each of memoranda dealing with investigation relative to Dean Washington McAdams, 424 College Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas. These memoranda are dated and captioned as follows:

Boston, Massachusetts, July 9, 1964,  
"Dean Washington McAdams"

Dallas, Texas, July 9, 1964,  
"Lee Harvey Oswald"

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, July 10, 1964,  
"Lee Harvey Oswald"

Washington, D. C., July 15, 1964,  
"Lee Harvey Oswald"

62-109060-  
NOT RECORDED  
170 JUL 31 1964

This completes our investigation concerning  
Dean Washington McAdams.

Sincerely yours,

105-82555

62-109000 (Assassination)  
62-109090 (President's Commission)

HAE:cjr  
(10)

Enclosures (8)

NOTE: McAdams in letter to Director dated 7-2-64, indicated he had information concerning the assassination. He made nebulous and nonspecific allegations against FBI personnel. Thorough investigation conducted by Dallas, Oklahoma City and Boston indicates McAdams' allegations have no basis and fact and Bureau files reveal that he was the subject of an

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO...

AUG 5 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-115



NOTE, CONTINUED

extortion case in 1964 and furnished false information with respect to a kidnaping in 1957. Numerous individuals contacted have described McAdams as mentally deranged, it being noted that he is totally blind and has been described by police authorities in Dallas as a "blind beggar."

We interviewed McAdams on July 2, 1964, at which time he was abusive, uncooperative and furnished no information concerning the assassination. It was obvious this interview triggered his communication to the Bureau.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : Mr. Jevons

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/631-Mr. Neill  
1-Mr. Frazier  
1-Mr. Jevons

DATE: July 22, 1964

1-Office, 7133  
2-Mr. Griffith  
1-Mr. Conrad

Tolson	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
DeLoach	
Evans	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64 from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 7/21/64, Miss Mary A. Howcotsky, Commission employee, requested that the Bureau pick up the following listed exhibits:

Exhibit NumberDescription

Commission Exhibit 128

Road map and visitor's guide of Dallas-Fort Worth area

Twiford Exhibit 1

Envelope addressed to New York Labor News Company from Oswald and back portion of "Spiral" notebook bearing Oswald's address

Yarborough Exhibit A

Magazine article consisting of two pages re assassination and killing of Oswald

Miss Howcotsky further requested that the Twiford and Yarborough Exhibits be photographed (three copies each) and that the copies and the original exhibits be returned to the Commission.

Miss Howcotsky advised that Commission Exhibit 128 was being returned to the Bureau for the purpose of placing it in Bureau custody.

62-109060

1-Mr. Belmont  
1-Mr. Rosen  
1-Mr. Sullivan  
1-Mr. Callahan (Attention: C. Q. Smith)

REC 14

EX 109

3531

JUL 24 1964

REN: (12)

4 JUL 31 1964

STX  
fcd  
17/225

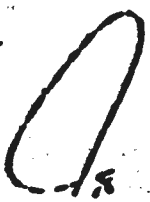
Memorandum to Mr. Conrad

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

As a matter of record, custody was taken of instant exhibits  
by SA Robert E. Neill on 7/21/64.

This work will be handled by an agent examiner of the  
FBI Laboratory's Document Section.

ACTION: Twiford Exhibit No. 1 and Yarborough Exhibit "A" will be  
photographed as requested. The originals of these  
exhibits plus three photographic copies of each will be  
returned to the Commission. Commission Exhibit No. 128  
will be retained in Bureau custody.



7-24-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: EAC, Houston (62-2115)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBusairtel 7-23-64, and HOairtel 7-21-64.

Your letterhead memorandum enclosed with referenced 7-21-64 airtel has been furnished to the Department and Secret Service.

To properly conclude this phase of the investigation, Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., should be interviewed thoroughly, to establish his activities and the identities of his associates.

This matter should be handled immediately so that the President's Commission may be advised in view of their anticipated conclusion regarding their investigation concerning the assassination of President Kennedy.

1 - Dallas (69-43)

KMR:las (5)

NOTE:

This matter concerns inquiries concerning Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., whose wife related information concerning his activities. Mrs. Berry made numerous allegations that Berry, Jr., was mentally disturbed and also allegedly associated with a loosely knit group who are trying to organize to commit various acts of violence. Previous investigation and other individuals interviewed indicate that Berry is very strong in his convictions and had dislikes for the "Kennedys" and Berry was reported to have remarked that the assassination of President Kennedy was good for the liberals in the country, since they were getting "fed up with him."

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

REC 163-109060-3532

FY 1969

JUL 27 1964

66 JUL 31 1964

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



DO-4

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

July 13, 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover 454235 ✓

President Johnson know's the  
Gangsters, and why John F. Kennedy  
was murdered, this is the only way  
that Johnson could ever become the  
President.

President Johnson and Earl Warren  
know's that there was a meeting  
with Jack Ruby, Dallas Police Officer  
T. D. Tippett and another man in Ruby's Dallas  
night club just before John F. Kennedy's murder.  
President Johnson and Earl Warren are using  
Lee Oswald as a scapegoat. President Johnson  
has and always will travel a crooked path, and in  
the White House he is a Wheeler Dealer, asked  
Johnson about the Bobby Baker case, The Jew's  
had a hand in the murder of John F. Kennedy. We  
insist that you do something about the President  
Johnson.

/s/ American's

COPY - crt

MR. TOLSON ✓  
MR. BELMONT ✓  
MR. MOHR ✓  
MR. CASPER ✓  
MR. CALLAHAN ✓  
MR. CONRAD ✓  
MR. DELOACH ✓  
MR. EVANS ✓  
MR. GALE ✓  
MR. ROSEN ✓  
MR. SULLIVAN ✓  
MR. TAVEL ✓  
MR. TROTTER ✓  
MR. JONES ✓  
TELE. ROOM ✓  
MISS HOLMES ✓  
MRS. METCALF ✓  
MISS GANDY ✓

L

*Shirley*  
*11/2/64*  
*11/2/64*  
*11/2/64*

REC-62

2. 107000

3533-

3 JUL 27 1964

11/17/64  
7/17/64  
11/17/64

11/17/64

Rob. Kennedy  
Washington D.C.



A B C D M  
FOR BET  
BUSINESS CE

J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington D.C.

Personal



Mr. T. Edgar Hoover

President Johnson knows the  
the going, and why John F. Kennedy  
was murdered, this is the only way  
that Johnson could ever become the  
President.

President Johnson and Earl Warren  
have a lot of time in a meeting  
with Jack Ruby, Dallas Police Officer  
J.D. Tippett, and a number of men in  
Dallas right club just before  
John F. Kennedy's murder.  
President Johnson and Earl Warren are  
meeting to discuss a scapegoat,  
President Johnson has and always  
used to take a crooked path, and  
in the White House he is a Whiter  
Snake. Johnson about the Bobby  
Robert case, The Times had a hand  
in the murder of John F. Kennedy.  
We will that you do something  
with the President Johnson, Americans

Recorded  
7/16/64 eob

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
LATENT  
Laboratory Work Sheet

NO LAB FILE

File # 62-109060-3534  
Lab. # D-454335 AV

Re: Unsub.  
Letter to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
signed "American's", postmarked  
Kenosha, Wis. on July 9, 1964

Examination requested by: Bureau

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Date received: 7/16/64

Result of Examination:

Examination by: Brittain

1. Q1 + Q2 no ALF mag, WAU or + VEP file
2. No indented writing of signif note Q1 + Q2
3. Postage stamps on Q1 from Booklet of 5¢ postage stamp

Specimens submitted for examination

Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D. C."  
and postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. AM JUL 9 1964"

Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President  
Johnson know's the...." and ending "...about the  
President Johnson, American's"

Results LFPs:

Envelope + letter examined Ident Dev + two  
latent fingerprints developed on front of letter only.

Memo to Comad from W.D. Huff

7/17/64

CWB:W

per call from  
Bureau LFPs on 7/17/67  
PHOTOGRAPHED 1/30/74

JUL 16 1964

Q1 plain white envelope - no watermark

top - 4.51"

right - 3.63"

no 33

bottom - 4.48"

left - 3.66"

no 34

Q2 sheet white <sup>fold</sup> paper (laid paper) 19 blue lines front side, 23 blue lines reverse side - no watermark

top - 8.01" right - 4.59" left - 8.01" sheet - no 35

Q3 Possibly tablet paper

Q1 & Q2 prep with ball point pen - blue ink



Recorded  
7/16/64 bob

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LATENT  
Laboratory Work Sheet

NO LAB FILE

Unsub.  
Letter to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
signed "American's", postmarked  
Kenosha, Wis. on July 9, 1964

File # 62-109060-35  
Lab. # D-454335 AV

Examination requested by: Bureau

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Result of Examination:

Date received: 7/16/64

Examination by: Brittain

2 FPS (P. Brittain Q1 & Q2) to Lab, Room 7612  
7/16/64

Evidence examined in  
returned to Brittain

2 FPS and  
7/17/64 130 PM JLB  
CMT

Specimens submitted for examination

- Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D. C."  
and postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. AM. JUL 9 1964"
- Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President  
Johnson know's the...." and ending "...about the  
President Johnson, American's"

PHOTOGRAPHED

JUL 16 1964

7-23-64

- 1 - I. W. Conrad (W. D. Griffith)
- 1 - L. C. Trotter (S. P. Latona)
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

**Airtel**

**To: SAC, Milwaukee**

**From: Director, FBI (62-109060)**

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

Enclosed is a copy of an anonymous letter bearing no date which was addressed to the Director and signed "Americans" and the envelope in which it was transmitted. Also enclosed is one copy of a letter furnished to Secret Service Headquarters concerning this matter.

Milwaukee is instructed to search indices and determine if any similar letters of this nature have been received and if the writer can be identified. Also conduct appropriate inquiries through local law enforcement agencies and other sources at Kenosha, in an attempt to identify the individual.

Results of your inquiries are to be incorporated into a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission and to Secret Service Headquarters. Insure accuracy in this letterhead memorandum to preclude revisions or corrections by the Bureau.

This matter should be handled expeditiously in view of the anticipated early conclusion of the President's Commission concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. No inserts will be necessary for Dallas.

Enclosure (3)  
1 - Dallas (info) (3)

KMR:las  
(7)

REC-62-109060-3534

JUL 27 1964

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Evans \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

56 AUG 3 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: July 17, 1964

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: Unknown Subject;  
Letter to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
signed "American's," postmarked  
Kenosha, Wis. on July 9, 1964

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

The evidence described below was received in the FBI Laboratory on July 16, 1964, for examination.

- Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington D. C." and postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. AM JUL 9 1964"
- Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President Johnson know's the....." and ending ".....about the President Johnson, American's"

The handwriting on the envelope and letter, Q1 and Q2, was searched through the appropriate sections of the Anonymous Letter File but no identification was effected.

The envelope and letter were examined in the Identification Division and two latent fingerprints were developed on the front of the letter only.

The envelope, Q1, was made of white bond paper, containing no watermark, to measure approximately 6.51 inches across the top, 6.48 inches across the bottom, 3.63 inches along the right edge and 3.66 inches along the left edge.

The letter, Q2, was prepared on a sheet of ruled white paper, containing no watermark, which measures approximately 5.00 inches across the top, 4.99 inches across the bottom, and 8.01 inches from top to bottom. The front of the letter bears nineteen blue lines and the back bears twenty-three blue lines.

No indented writing of any significance was noted on the envelope and letter. The postage stamp on the letter was torn from a booklet of five-cent postage stamps. Also, the letter was written with a ball-point pen, equipped with blue ink.

Enclosures (2)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Brittain

ENCLOSURE REC-63

B JUL 27 1964

CWB:kv (8)



Memorandum to Mr. Conrad  
Re: Letter to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

The envelope and letter, Q1 and Q2, are  
attached hereto.

**RECOMMENDATION:** That this memorandum and enclosures be  
forwarded to the General Investigative  
Division for consideration as to further  
action.

*JWC* *Bode*

Recorded  
7/16/64 eob

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded: 7-17-64 / 2:00pm Recd. 7-17-64 / ebg  
LABORATORY  
Laboratory Work Sheet

NO LAB FILE

Re: Unsub.  
Letter to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
signed "American's", postmarked  
Kenosha, Wis. on July 9, 1964

File # 62-109060-3535  
Lab. # D-454335 AV

LC 51530

Examination requested by: Bureau

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Date received: 7/16/64

Result of Examination:

Examination by: Brittain  
Burke

Specimens submitted for examination

- Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D. C."  
and postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. AM JUL 9 1964"
- Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President  
Johnson know's the...." and ending "...about the  
President Johnson, American's"

2 latent fpts developed on front  
of letter only with ninhydrin  
Mr other latents developed, iodine,  
silver, ninhydrin  
Lab including LFPs-report in their  
memo. 7/17  
Evidence returned to Brittain 13014 7/17  
Lab and  
7-17-64

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
President Johnson knows the  
Gangsters, and why John F. Kennedy  
was murdered, this is the only way  
that Johnson could ever become the  
President.

President Johnson and Earl Warren  
know that there was a meeting  
with Jack Ruby, Dallas Police Officer  
T.O. Tiffitt and a mother-in-law in  
Ruby's Dallas night club just before  
John F. Kennedy's murder.

President Johnson and Earl Warren are  
using Lee Oswald as a scapegoat.

President Johnson has and always  
will travel a crooked path, and  
in the White House he is a Wheeler  
Dealer, asked Johnson about the Bobby  
Baker case, The Jews had a hand  
in the murder of John F. Kennedy.

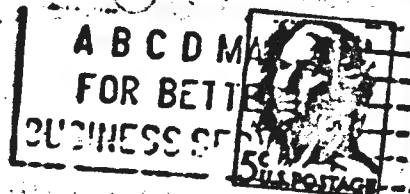
We insist that you do something  
about the President Johnson, American's

D-454335 AV P2



D-454335 AV P2

Bob Kennedy  
Washington D.C.



J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington D.C.

Personal

D-454335 AV Q1  
FBI

LD-454335 A101



President's Commission  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 943-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOOGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

JUL 17 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

A member of the Commission staff, Mr. Richard M. Mosk, spoke with Mr. Griffith of the Bureau about the possibility of the Bureau furnishing the Commission with a letter to the effect that documents have been examined for possible cryptographic use, such as microdots. The report of SA Gemberling dated January 7, 1964, page 48, and his report of February 11, pages 59 and 65, list the specific items that have undergone extensive examination in the laboratory. However, Mr. Griffith pointed out that every item is generally examined for cryptographic material in order to determine if further analysis is necessary. The Commission would appreciate a letter from the Bureau stating the extent to which it has examined documents in connection with the assassination for evidence of cryptographic implications.

Your continued cooperation in the work of the Commission is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

EXP-PROC  
JUL 17 1964  
36

REC 30

EX-104

JUL 20 1964

SEVEN

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Rogge

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Downing

EX-104

July 24, 1964

By Courier Service

REC 30

35364

24 10 38 AM '64  
FBI  
READING ROOM

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 17, 1964, requesting information as to the extent to which documentary material collected in connection with the assassination was examined for possible cryptographic significance, including processing for microdots.

As a matter of established procedure documentary and other evidence in this case collected through the investigative efforts of the FBI and submitted to the FBI Laboratory has been carefully scrutinized with a view toward affording such evidence every type of Laboratory examination deemed necessary and logical to develop all significant facts. Such consideration included indicated need for cryptographic and microdot examinations. As a result of this procedure and based on such factors as the circumstances of recovery, the general nature of the evidence and any suspicious individual factors certain thorough and exhaustive cryptographic examinations were conducted. The results of these examinations were set forth in the reports of Special Agent Robert P. Gamberling dated January 7, 1964, page 48, and February 11, 1964, pages 59 and 65.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

62-109060

4 Dallas (100-10461) (with copy of incoming)

WBG:mb (9)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

1060601

11 15 14 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS,  
TEXAS, 11/22/63

1 - Mr. Conrad - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Jevons - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Frazier - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Cunningham - Enclosure

DATE: 7/9/64

1 - Mr. Griffith - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Davies - Enclosure  
1 - Office, Room 7133 - Enclosure

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

Reference memorandum dated February 26, 1964, from W. D. Griffith concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau had undertaken to furnish the Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On July 8, 1964, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky telephonically advised SA Roy H. Jevons that she had a number of Commission exhibits which she wanted copied.

SA Cortlandt Cunningham took custody of the exhibits listed on the attached list. Three copies of each exhibit not previously reproduced will be furnished the Commission.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner of the Laboratory's Document Section.

## ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced and three copies will be supplied to the Commission as requested. Those items originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau will be kept in Bureau custody. Items not originating from the Bureau will be returned along with the photographs. (Designated by \*)

Enclosure

62-109060

1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Malley - Enclosure  
1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention - C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure

CC:bsm, (13)

REC 30

62-107060-3537

JUL 28 1964 XEROX

67 JUL 31 1964

EX-104

JUL 27 1964

9/64

Commission Exhibits

Description

479	*Color transparency of frame of Zapruder film
535	*Picture of Mark Lane
536	*Picture of Mark Lane
1031	*Page from The Dallas Morning News of 11/22/63
Ruth Paine Exhibit No. 270	*Piece of cord
" " " " 271	*Piece of string
" " " " 274	* Piece of string
" " " " 275	*Curtain rod
" " " " 276	*Curtain rod
Earl Ruby Exhibit No. 1	*Xerox copy of Earl Ruby deposition dated 6/3/64
" " " " 2	*Written deposition of Earl Ruby dated 6/3/64
Woodrow Wiggins Exhibit No. 5076	*Schematic drawing of portion of Dallas Police Department and parking areas
John Pic Exhibit No. 1	*Marriage license of Edward John Pic, Jr., and Marguerite Francis Claverie
" " " " 48	*Photograph of Oswald at 2 1/2 years
" " " " 49	*Photograph of Oswald and dog
" " " " 50	*Photograph of Oswald
" " " " 51	* " " " "
" " " " 52	* " " " "
" " " " 53	* " " " "
" " " " 54	*Photograph of Oswald and dog
" " " " 55	*Photograph of dog
" " " " 56	*Photograph of Oswald
" " " " 57	* " " " "
" " " " 58	* " " " "
" " " " 60	*Memo book
Michael Paine Exhibit No. 1	*Piece of string
Harry D. Holmes Exhibit No. 5	*Copy of "Wanted For Treason" circular
Chamberlain-Hunt Academy Exhibit No. 2	*Copy of John Edward Pic's scholastic record at academy
Chamberlain-Hunt Academy Exhibit No. 4	*Copy of Robert Lee Oswald's scholastic record at academy
Frank Pizzo Exhibit No. 453A	*Photograph of Oswald passing out handbills
" " " " 453B	*Photograph of Oswald passing out handbills
" " " " 453C	*Photograph of Oswald

109060 3537

**Carroll Seeley Exhibit No. 1**

" " " " 2  
" " " " 3  
" " " " 4  
" " " " 5  
" " " " 6  
" " " " 7

- \*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 3/28/61
- \*Copy of memorandum from Robert D. Johnson to John T. White dated 3/31/61
- \*Copy of State Department "Operations Memorandum" dated 8/18/61
- \*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 12/29/61, and copy of letter to Passport Office from INS dated 12/21/61
- \*Copy of State Department document regarding interview of Oswald at American Embassy, Moscow, on 7/11/61
- \*Copy of State Department document from Robert D. Johnson to William O. Boswell dated 5/4/62
- \*Copy of clipping from The Washington Post of 6/9/62, and copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 11/20/62

**Virginia James Exhibit No. 1**

" " " " 2  
" " " " 3  
" " " " 3A  
" " " " 4  
" " " " 5  
" " " " 6  
" " " " 7  
" " " " 8  
" " " " 9

- \*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 11/29/59, and copy of State Department "Wirom No. 1116" dated 11/2/59
- \*Copy of State Department document from Robert I. Owen to John E. Crump dated 3/16/62
- \*Copy of State Department telegram dated 3/15/62
- \*Copy of State Department document from Robert F. Hale to Michel Cieplinski dated 3/20/62
- \*Copy of INS letter dated 5/17/62 to State Department
- \*Copy of State Department telegram dated 5/4/62
- \*Copy of letter of State Department dated 3/27/62 to INS
- \*Copy of State Department "Wirom 2531" dated 5/8/62
- \*Copy of State Department "Wirom 2207" dated 3/27/62
- \*Copy of State Department "Reference Slip" dated 3/16/62, and copy of State Department document from Robert I. Owen to John E. Crump dated 3/16/62



Virginia James Exhibit No. 10

" " " " 11

David Johnston Exhibit No. 1

" " " " 2

" " " " 3

" " " " 4

" " " " 5

\*Copy of State Department telegram dated 3/31/62

\*Copy of State Department letter dated 6/7/62, to Oswald's mother

\*Copy of David Johnston's deposition dated 6/26/64

\*Copy of Witness List for State of Texas vs Lee Harvey Oswald

\*Copy of affidavit charging Oswald with murder of J. D. Tippit

\*Copy of affidavit charging Oswald with murder of President Kennedy

\*Copy of affidavit charging Oswald with assault to murder Governor Connally



July 24, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach Enc.
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - I. W. Conrad (L. L. Shaneyfelt)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letters dated June 30, 1964, and July 10, 1964, concerning excerpts from the diary of Lee Harvey Oswald, which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" June 27 and 28, 1964, and "Life" magazine July 10, 1964.

Enclosed for your information are two copies each of the following memoranda and report:

Memorandum dated July 13, 1964,  
New York, New York,  
captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald"

Memorandum dated July 13, 1964,  
Houston, Texas,  
captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald  
Internal Security - R - Cuba"

Memorandum dated July 16, 1964,  
New York, New York,  
captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald"

Report of Special Agent Robert P.  
Gemborling dated July 17, 1964,  
Dallas, Texas,  
captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald,  
Internal Security - Russia - Cuba."

105-82355

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)

KMR:las

58 JUL 29 1964

162-109060

NOT RECORDED

170 JUL 28 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

ORIGINAL FILED

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Your attention is directed to the memorandum dated July 10, 1964, New York, New York, which reveals an interview with Mr. John F. Dowd, General Counsel, "Life" magazine. Mr. Dowd advised that during the latter part of June, 1964, Mr. James Thompson, Editor, accompanied by another "Life" representative, visited Washington, D. C. During their visit contact was made with Representative Gerald R. Ford and they had dinner with him. Mr. Dowd explained that several weeks previous Mr. Ford made a social visit to "Life" in New York City and on that occasion, Mr. Thompson was unavailable and later Mr. Thompson returned the visit. Mr. Dowd related that while Mr. Thompson was in contact with Representative Ford, he, Representative Ford, commented to Mr. Thompson that he was preparing a book regarding Lee Harvey Oswald and the assassination, which he is not going to release until after the public release of the report by the President's Commission.

Mr. Dowd said Representative Ford made a very general statement to Mr. Thompson regarding the possible length and size of the Commission's report, but at no time did Representative Ford or any other member of the President's Commission furnish any information regarding the Oswald diary or any information of a confidential nature pertaining to the investigation being conducted.

Documents obtained from the office of Mr. Henry Wade, Dallas County District Attorney, and those obtained from "Life" magazine are in our Laboratory. Appropriate examinations are being made of these documents and you will be furnished with the results of the examinations. Additional inquiries are also being made regarding this matter, and you will be advised when results are received.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (8)

NOTE: See Rosen to Belmont memo 7-22-64, KMR:las.

Chicago Ill.

Hon. Mr Hoover  
Head of F.B.I.

I no all details  
of President Kenndy  
who did the job.  
it was wall street  
and the Ku Klux Klan  
Goldwater will not be  
President but he  
will be assassinated  
on the same day  
Kenndy was  
assassinated.

Yours Truly  
(illegible)

Possibly:

Frank Gapec or Gatec  
1110 N. Clark St.  
Chicago, Ill.

or

140 N. Clark St.

REC-9

3538

EX 119

16 JUL 28 1964

CORRESPONDENCE

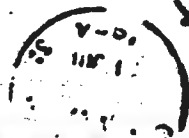
Chicago, Ill.  
Hon. Mr. / Surge  
Head of FBI

I read details  
of President Kennedy  
who did the job. I  
it was real street  
and the Hon. Klutznick  
Goldwater will not be  
President but he  
will be assassinated  
on the same day  
Kennedy was  
a damn good man

Young Family  
Frank J. Young  
(119-1) Chicago, Ill.  
Chicago, Ill.



Mr. Edgar Hoover  
Head of B I  
Washington D C.



July 27, 1964

1 - Mr. Conrad (Enc.)  
(W. D. Griffith)  
1 - Mr. Schutz

Airtel

To: SAC, Chicago (62-6115)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3538  
EX 110

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed are copies of a letter postmarked 7-21-64,  
Chicago, Illinois.

The Laboratory concluded the signature of the writer  
could be Frank Gapee or Gatee, 1110 N. Clark Street, Chicago,  
Illinois. Chicago directories list a 1110 N. Clark Street as  
the Crystal Hotel. The possibility existed the address may  
have been 140 N. Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois. However,  
directories do not list a 140 North Clark Street as an address.  
The communication was searched through the Anonymous Letter  
File with negative results.

Chicago attempt to identify and locate the writer  
and thereafter interview him with respect to this communication.

Results of your inquiry should be set forth in a  
letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the  
President's Commission and Secret Service. The memorandum  
should not bear Bureau property stamp. Insure accuracy to  
preclude revisions or corrections at the Bureau. Prepare  
a separate letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination  
to Senator Goldwater's office as indicated in all SAC airtel  
dated 7-22-64, captioned "Threats Against Senator Barry  
Goldwater, Information Concerning, Criminal Section."

Enclosures (3)

1 - Dallas (89-43) - Enc.

HAS:mlt  
(5)

(SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.)

MAILED 27  
JUL 27 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐



NOTE:

Letter was received at the Bureau addressed to the Director in which the writer claims he knows all the details concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. He claims individuals involved are "Wall Street" and the "Ku Klux Klan." The writer also claims Goldwater will not be President, that he will be assassinated on the same day Kennedy was. The signature is almost illegible. However, as close as can be determined, it appears the name is Frank Gapec or Gatec. When results of subject's interview are received pertaining to Senator Goldwater, his office will be furnished this information through appropriate liaison.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: 7-24-64

FROM : L. J. GAUTHIER *LJG*

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
REQUEST FOR VISUAL AIDS

Reference telephone call from Norman Redlich, President's Commission, to Inspector Malley, 7-22-64, regarding the preparation of visual aids depicting whereabouts of Lee Harvey Oswald after the assassination.

Mr. Redlich was contacted on 7-23-64 at which time he discussed information which the Commission desired to be put into a graphic chart depicting the known and assumed movements of Oswald between the time he left the Texas School Book Depository and his arrest in the Texas Theatre. The Commission desires that this chart differentiate between the known whereabouts of Oswald and the assumed routes used by him to get to these locations where certain witnesses saw him. This information is supported by evidence adduced from witnesses testifying before the Commission.

Mr. Redlich asked that this matter be prepared in such a manner that it will be legible after being reduced to 8" x 10" size suitable for insertion in the Commission's report. He realizes that technically this is a difficult request to make but hopes that the Bureau can come up with something suitable. He was advised that we would do everything possible to assist the Commission in this matter. This work is being given continuous attention in the Exhibits Section.

## RECOMMENDATION:

**ENCLOSURE**

None; for information only.

Enclosures

LJG:bdb

(7)

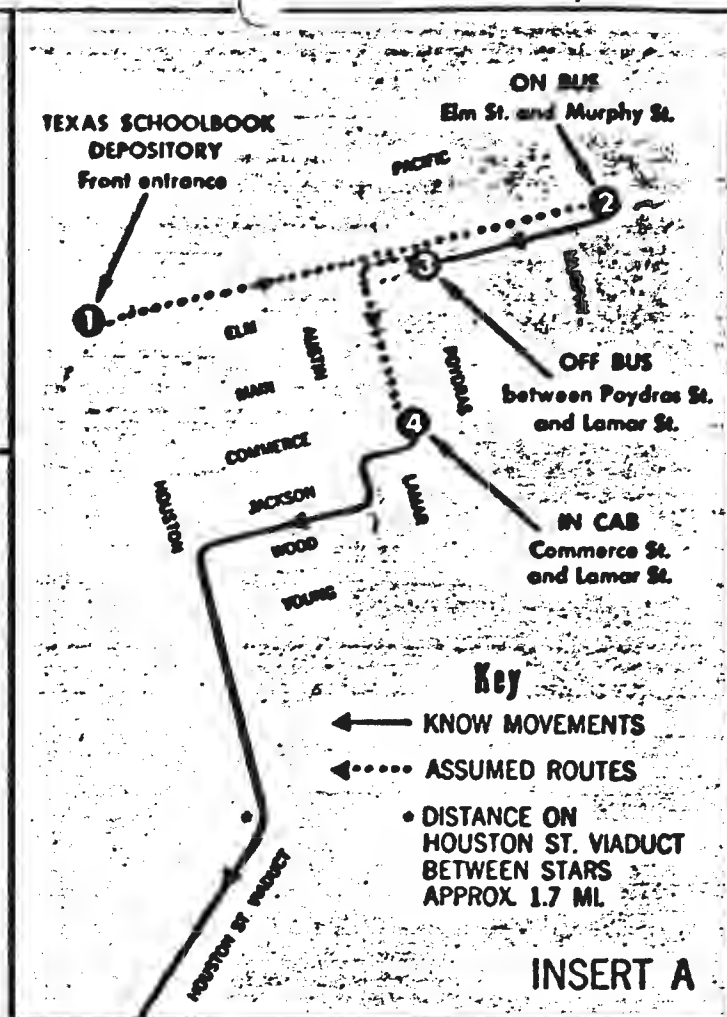
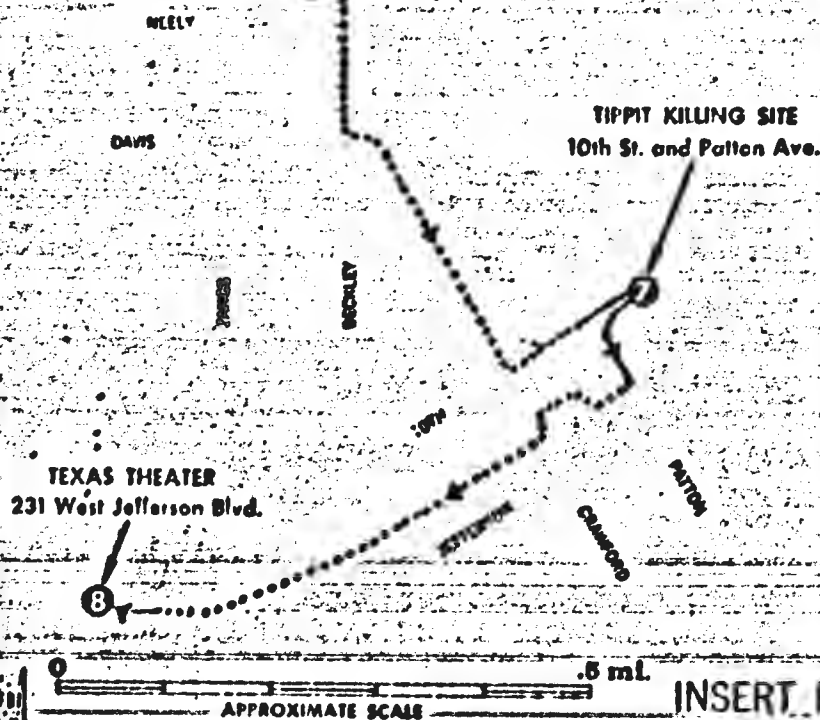
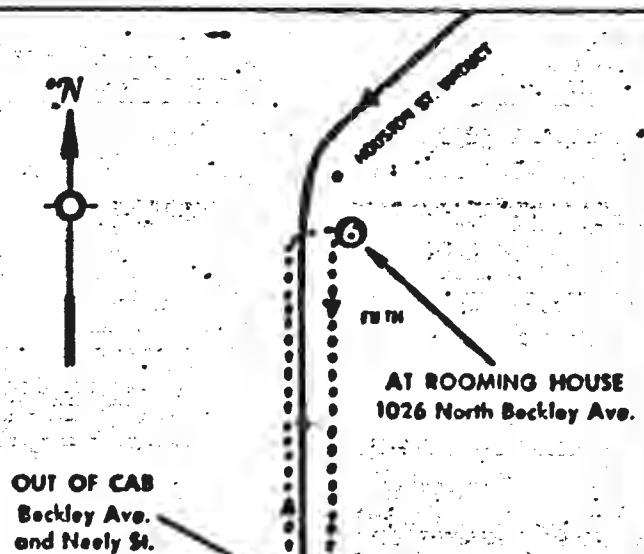
- 1 - Mr. Belmont (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent Direct)

16 JUL 28 1964

*79 AUG 5 1964*  
*Mr. Redlich 7-28-64 for further work*  
*chart submitted to*  
*Mr. Redlich*  
*in response to*  
*request for*  
*visual aids*  
*sent from*  
*Redlich*  
*to*  
*THREE*

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

# WHEREABOUTS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD between 12:30 P.M. and 2:00 P.M. November 22, 1963



*Preliminary Chart*

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

300 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343 1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHILMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN  
General Counsel

JUL 16 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Special Agent Lendal L. Shaneyfelt has testified concerning the retouching which was done by LIFE magazine on the photograph which appeared on the cover of the issue of February 21, 1964. The Commission has received from LIFE magazine the actual print showing the retouching which was done in preparing the cover. We would like Agent Shaneyfelt to examine this photograph in order to assist in determining whether there is need for additional testimony concerning the photograph. The print may be picked up at the offices of the Commission.

In connection with the continuing examination of the Zapruder film we request that Agent Shaneyfelt advise us as to the time which elapsed between frame 313 and the moment when Special Agent Hill of the Secret Service first reached the back of the Presidential limousine.

Your continued cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

REC-56

14 JUL 17 1964

SEVEN

EXP. PROC.

30 JUL 17 1964



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Fosen (Mr. Valley)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Fogge

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

July 22, 1964

By Courier Service

REC-96

100-10461-3540

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 16, 1964, requesting an examination of the photograph Life Magazine used in the preparation of the cover of their February 21, 1964, issue. This letter also requested examination of the Zapruder film to determine the elapsed time between frame 313 and the time Special Agent Hill of the Secret Service first reached the presidential limousine.

Examination of the photograph used by Life Magazine shows that there is retouching on the stock and telescopic sight of the rifle, as well as other areas of the photograph, and this retouching conforms to the retouching described by Special Agent Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt in his testimony before the Commission on April 23, 1964, regarding his examination of the cover of the Life Magazine for February 21, 1964.

Examination of the Zapruder film shows that Special Agent Hill of the Secret Service first places his hand on the presidential car at frame 343, which is approximately 1.6 seconds after frame 313. Special Agent Hill places one foot on the bumper of the car at frame 368, which is approximately 3 seconds after frame 313. Special Agent Hill has both feet on the car at frame 381, which is approximately 3.7 seconds after frame 313. It is noted that some of the films of the assassination show that Special Agent Hill's foot

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Ingram  
Gandy

100-109060

Dallas (100-10461) (with copy of incoming)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

WAF  
Brenner

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
JUL 24 PM '64

CANON

NOTED BY XERO COPY

JUL 23 1964

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

slipped off the bumper the first time he attempted to get on the presidential limousine. The above reference to the foot on the bumper relates to the final attempt, at which time Special Agent Hill succeeded in getting on the back of the presidential limousine. Since the portion of the action where Special Agent Hill's foot slips in his first attempt does not show in the Zapruder film, the frame number could not be designated for the point where Special Agent Hill's foot first touches the bumper.

This completes the examinations requested in your letter. The photograph furnished to the Commission by Life Magazine is being returned to you separately.

Sincerely yours,

T. Edgar Hoover

*Returned to  
Commission by  
Sgt. Cunningham  
on 7-24-64*



62-109060-3541  
CHANGED TO  
62-109401-5

AUG 5 1964

4-117

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Office, Room 7133  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Woodcock

July 28, 1964

By Courier Service

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

REC'D READING ROOM  
JUL 28 9 16 AM '64

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In accordance with the telephonic request of Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky on July 24, 1964, Harry D. Holmes exhibits numbered 1, 2, 3 and 6 were delivered to Miss Rowcotsky on that same date.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

1070603542

REC-6

19 JUL 29 1964

BY COURIER SVC

62-109060

NOTE: This request was made to SA C. B. Cunningham and the delivery was also made by him.

- Holmes 1 - Reproduction of FO Box application by Ruby
- Holmes 2 - Reproduction of advertisement of Klein's Sporting Goods
- Holmes 3 - Reproduction of Ruby's application for a PO Box
- Holmes 6 - Reproduction of an application signed by Jack Ruby for PO Box

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

FBI

Date: 7/24/64

REC-3

PAR

INCLOSURE

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
SAC, ATLANTA

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (62-2753) - RUC -

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63  
MISCELLANEOUS, INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for the Bureau and the Atlanta and Dallas Offices are appropriate copies of communications received at the Cincinnati Office 7/24/64, from the Post Office Department, Cincinnati, Ohio. L

The communications are self-explanatory. No further action is being taken at Cincinnati and no inserts will be submitted by this office.

LEAD:

ATLANTA DIVISION

AT DECATUR, GEORGIA

Identify the sender and conduct other logical investigation to resolve whether the author may be a mental patient and what purpose the author had in preparing the letter.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3)
- 2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2)
- 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Cincinnati

ENCLOSURE  
TPS:jas

(3)

REC-3

12 JUL 27 1964

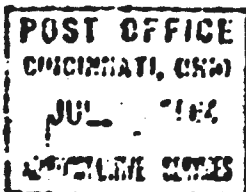
Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



P.O. 37665-  
Wentworth, Pa. 30031  
July 2, 1964

Postmaster  
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dear Postmaster:

Please forward this letter to  
J.B.F., Cincinnati Ohio,  
Thank you kindly.  
Sincerely yours for the Lord,  
Mrs. Clinton Hudson

1000 1000 Hudson

SEARCHED <i>2/2</i>	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 2 1964	
FBI - CINCINNATI	



P.O. Box 665-  
Decatur, Ga. 30031  
July 21, 1964

J. B. G.  
Cincinnati, Ohio

Dear J. B. G.:

The man who killed President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy will be in  
Cincinnati, Ohio July 24, 1964. I will  
be happy to identify him for you.

I live in Hall County,  
Guthrie, Ga. about five (5) miles  
out in the country.

Please send me my fare to  
Cincinnati, Ohio and please tell me  
how to reach you when I arrive  
in Cincinnati. Send my fare immediately.

I'm light brown skin,  
brown eyes, black hair, ht. 5' 3 in.  
wt. 110 lbs.

I sent Detective B. J. Carley  
Hall County Police Station Decatur, Ga.  
a special delivery and no answer at all.  
I warn you this man has a  
black man following him who could be

dangerous, also a white woman  
Reddy Priest, she wears a white tunic  
white slippers, sometimes beige slippers,  
her hair in a Chignon (a ball).  
She wears a white tunic when  
in the field. She has another white  
tunic with her. She (the woman  
who wears her hair in a Chignon)  
is extremely dangerous, she carries  
a pistol in her pocket book.  
She follows President Kennedy's  
assassin everywhere acts like  
a body guard.

She was with the assassin  
when he assassinated President Kennedy.  
I'll show all of them to you.

Please send me my fare  
by telegram. I'll leave for  
Cincinnati the same day I receive it.  
I'm unemployed. I have no income.

Please do not have this  
announced over radio or TV or printed  
in newspapers until he is captured.  
He tried to kill me before he killed  
President Kennedy. My leg still bruised.

Sincerely yours in the Lord,  
Mrs. Clinton Hudson



7-28-64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SACs, Atlanta  
Cincinnati (62-2758)  
JEX 110 REC-3  
From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3543

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Airtel 7-24-64, submitting communication  
authored by Mrs. Clinton Hudson of Decatur, Georgia.

CI is instructed to incorporate the letter and  
its method of receipt in appropriate inserts and furnish  
25 copies to Dallas.

Atlanta likewise furnish results of investigation  
in appropriate insert to Dallas for inclusion in report in  
captioned matter.

No information identifiable with Mrs. Hudson could  
be located in Bureau files.

Handle promptly as there is likelihood the  
President's Commission will wind up its inquiries at an  
early date.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (7)

NOTE: On 7-24-64, postmaster at Cincinnati furnished our  
Cincinnati Office a letter from Mrs. Hudson dated 7-21-64.  
This letter indicates Hudson knows who President Kennedy's  
assassin is and that she will identify this person if the  
FBI sends her fare so she can travel to Cincinnati. Letter  
appears to be from mentally disturbed person. Atlanta is  
currently checking Hudson out and results will be furnished  
to Dallas and subsequently furnished to the Commission.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

AUG 3 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 7/23/64

REC-2

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (P)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re SAC Letter 64-23(B), dated 4/28/64, concerning  
Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, aka. Shirley Martin. *For 566  
January 1964*

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies and for  
Oklahoma City one copy of a letterhead memorandum containing  
the contents of a letter received at the Dallas Office of  
the FBI on July 23, 1964, from Mrs. MARTIN. *L*

A copy of this letterhead memorandum and this  
communication are being furnished the Oklahoma City Office  
in view of the fact Mrs. MARTIN resides in the territory  
covered by that Division.

The Bureau may desire to disseminate the enclosed  
letterhead memorandum to the President's Commission.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)  
1 - Oklahoma City, (105-783) (Info.)  
2 - Dallas  
RPG/ds  
(6)

17 JUL 27 1964

C. C. Wick

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

70 AUG 2 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
July 23, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS,  
TEXAS**

On July 23, 1964, the following-quoted letter was received at the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, postmarked at Hominy, Oklahoma, and bearing the return address "Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma":

"World Press

"Yesterday Jack Ruby was given a polygraph test which had been promised him by Earl Warren. Immediately afterwards, Joe Tonahill, Ruby's Texas attorney, made the following statement to the press:

"'If there was any doubt in the mind of the Warren Commission that maybe Ruby knew Oswald, **THIS TEST HAS UTTERLY DISPELLED IT.**' (Italics added)

"Yet, only recently Jack Ruby insisted to visitors and jailers that his hands and feet were being 'cut off' and that American Jews were being shot down by the thousands in front of his jail. Ruby's court-appointed psychiatrists, Dr. West (Oklahoma City) and Dr. Stubblefield (Dallas), have stated emphatically that Ruby is clinically insane and has been for months.

"Is the Warren Commission now going to tell the 'American people and the world' that it has given a **DEFINITIVE** polygraph test to a mad man? Such

**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS,  
TEXAS**

"an assertion would make people laugh. And we do not want that, do we? We have had enough of that what with Henry Wade's incredible press conference, Jack Ruby's successful foray into the 'heavily guarded' Dallas jail, and Police Chief Jesse Curry's fatuity that although the Dallas FBI had absent-mindedly forgotten to tell him of Oswald's presence in the Texas Book Building, he (Curry) 'wasn't the least bit angry about it.'

"Yes. We have had enough to laugh at. Let us hope the Warren Commission is not going to make us laugh until America hurts.

"Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
7/22/64

"cc: 100"



JUL 23 1964

TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

235 PM URGENT 7-23-64 RGF

TO DIRECTOR 15 AND DALLAS

DALLAS VIA WASHINGTON - ENCODED

FROM NEW YORK 5P

MARK LANE SM-C

BUFILE 100-409763

DALLAS 100-10461

RENYTEL, XJEMEN JULY TWENTY TWO LAST.

ON SEVEN TWENTY TWO LAST PANEL SOURCE JAMES F. SLEVIN

ATTENDED THE MARK LANE AFFAIR SPONSORED BY THE CITIZENS COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY AT THEATRE FOUR, FOUR TWO FOUR WEST FIFTY FIFTH STREET, NYC, DURING WHICH HE WAS ABLE TO TAKE DETAILED NOTES OF LANES REMARKS.

IN ADDITION TO HIS STANDARD DEFENSE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, LANE SHOWED SLIDE OF PHOTOSTATIC COPIES OF DOCUMENTS AND AFFIDAVITS WHICH HE HAD SECURED FROM THE FILES OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS OFFICE IN DALLAS, TEXAS. LANE STATED HE HAD RECEIVED ALL THE FILES ON THE OSWALD CASE FROM THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS OFFICE, DALLAS, TEXAS, FROM A QUOTE FRIEND AND WHO WAS KIND ENOUGH TO GET THEM.

END PAGE ONE

NOT RECORDED

170 JUL 28 1964

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR JUL 27 1964

38 JUL 31 1964

ORIGINAL

PAGE TWO

NY 100-117844

IN SPEAKING OF THE TAPE RECORDING OF HIS CONVERSATION WITH HELEN LOUISE MARKHAM, THE EYEWITNESS TO THE DEATH OF DALLAS POLICE OFFICER J. D. TIPPITT, LANE STATED HE HAD CONTACTED MRS. MARKHAM BY TELEPHONE FROM NEW YORK AFTER OBSERVING AN OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER FOR HER ON ONE OF THE DOCUMENTS FROM THE DALLAS DISTRICT ATTORNEYS OFFICE. LANE STATED AT FIRST MRS. MARKHAM SAID SHE COULD NOT TALK TO HIM SINCE SHE WAS FORBIDDEN TO DO SO BY THE FBI, SECRET SERVICE AND THE DALLAS POLICE. LANE TOLD HER THAT AS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN SHE WAS FREE TO TALK AND ALSO THAT HE WAS TO TESTIFY BEFORE THE WARREN COMMISSION AND COULD USE HER HELP. LANE TOLD HER HE WAS NOT AN OFFICIAL OF THE WARREN COMMISSION BUT WOULD TESTIFY. HE THEN TAPED HIS CONVERSATION WITH HER CONCERNING THE DESCRIPTION OF THE KILLER OF TIPPITT.

LANE STATED WHEN HE WAS ASKED BY THE WARREN COMMISSION IF HE HAD A TAPE OF A TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH MRS. MARKHAM, HE REFUSED TO ANSWER STATING THAT THIS WAS PART OF HIS QUOTE CLIENT/S END QUOTE MATERIAL. HIS CLIENT WAS THEN MRS. MARGUERITE SCALDS, MOTHER OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

END PAGE TWO



PAGE THREE

NY 1001117644

LANE STATED THAT LATER ATTORNEY RANKIN OF THE WARREN COMMISSION ASKED HIM IF MRS. MARKHAM KNEW HER TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WAS BEING TAPED AT THE TIME. LANE STATED IT WAS AT THIS POINT HE DECIDED HE COULD NOT GIVE THE COMMISSION THE TAPE. LANE THEN CLAIMED THAT HE WROTE TO THE WARREN COMMISSION ASKING NOT TO BE PROSECUTED IF HE GAVE THEM THE TAPE. LANE STATED AN ASSISTANT ON THE COMMISSION ANSWERED SAYING THERE WAS A GOOD CHANCE THERE WOULD BE NO PROSECUTION IN THE MATTER. HE THEN SENT THE TAPE OF HIS CONVERSATION WITH HELEN MARKHAM TO CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN.

LANE FURTHER STATED THAT TWO INVESTIGATORS FROM HIS OFFICE, NOT IDENTIFIED, HAD CONTACTED MRS. MARKHAM AT HOME IN DALLAS, TEXAS. AT THIS TIME MRS. MARKHAM REFUSED TO COOPERATE BECAUSE SHE WAS UNDER CONSTANT HARASSMENT BY THE FBI AND DALLAS POLICE. HE STATED HOWEVER HER TWENTY ONE YEAR OLD SON JAMES MARKHAM WENT TO THE AUTOMOBILE BELONGING TO LANES INVESTIGATORS AND TALKED TO THEM THERE. LANE STATED THE INFORMATION FURNISHED BY JAMES MARKHAM COULD NOT BE DIVULGED AT THIS TIME. HE STATED THAT FOLLOWING THIS JAMES MARKHAM WAS ARRESTED BY THE DALLAS PD FOR BURGLARY. WHILE IN JAIL HE FELL AND

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

NY 100-117844

HAS BEEN IN CRITICAL CONDITION IN THE DALLAS CITY JAIL HOSPITAL. ALL OF LANES ATTEMPTS TO CONTACT JAMES MARKHAM OR HIS ATTORNEYS SINCE THEN FAILED.

DURING HIS LECTURE LANE ACCUSED THE FBI, SECRET SERVICE AND THE DALLAS POLICE FOR FAILURE TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

LANE ALSO STATED HE HAD BEEN RECENTLY STOPPED ON THE STREET BY FBI AGENTS AND ACCUSED OF TAKING FILES. HE STATED HE WAS ANNOYED AND THE WEATHER WAS BAD. HE ALSO STATED THAT TWO FBI AGENTS ARE PRESENT WHENEVER HE SPEAKS.

AT THE CONCLUSION OF HIS LECTURE LANE WAS ASKED THE QUESTION QUOTE DID HE FEEL THERE WAS A CONSPIRACY WITH GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL INVOLVED REGARDING THE ASSASSINATION END QUOTE. LANE ANSWERED THAT AS A POLITICIAN HE KNEW THIS QUESTION COULD NOT BE ANSWERED. LANE STATED HE WANTS TO WORK FOR TRUTH AND ONLY IN FACTS NOT THEORY.

SOURCE STATED THE MEETING WAS ATTENDED BY ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY FIVE DASH TWO HUNDRED PEOPLE.

THE ABOVE IS BEING FURNISHED TO THE DALLAS DIVISION

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE.

NY 100-117844

SINCE IT MAY BE OF VALUE IN THE INVESTIGATION OF THE OSWALD  
CASE THERE.

INVESTIGATION AT NEW YORK IS CONTINUING.

SND

OMS FBI WASH DC

CC-MIL. SULLIVAN

(R.S. Lenihan)  
(J.E. Herington)

1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Bines  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

July 28, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

*Re: Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated July 22, 1964 and prior communications relating to Mrs. Shirley Martin, also known as Mrs. Mark E. Martin, of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Dallas, Texas, Office dated July 23, 1964, concerning a communication received by our Dallas Office bearing the name of Mrs. Mark E. Martin.

In view of your prior interest in Mrs. Martin, the enclosed is being furnished.

Sincerely yours,

62-109060

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

Enclosures (2)

RDR/map  
(10)

NOTE:

This is the 20th letter to the Commission on Martin. SAC Letter 64-23B dated 4-28-64, alerted the field to her campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI.

(NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO)

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 28 12 46 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 29 1964

70 JUL 31 1964

RECORDED COPY FILED IN



NOTE CONTINUED:

In the most recent communication from Martin she makes a mockery of the recent polygraph examination afforded Jack L. Ruby by the FBI. She states in effect that Ruby is a known psychopath and that the Dallas District Attorney's Office and the Warren Commission are going to use this test to prove that Ruby did not know Oswald.

62-109060-3546

REC-23

July 22, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan) Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Belmont Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated July 13, 1964, and prior communications relating to Mrs. Shirley Martin, also known as Mrs. Mark E. Martin, of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed for your information are two true copies of a letter received from Mrs. Martin captioned "World Press" and dated July 14, 1964.

In view of your prior interest in Mrs. Martin, the enclosed are being furnished and no further action is being taken.

Sincerely yours,

62-109060  
1 - 62-09090 (President's Commission)

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: This is the nineteenth letter to the Commission on Martin. SAC Letter 64-23B dated 4-28-64, alerted the field to her campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

JUL 27 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM  
JUL 22 1 13 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

World Press

# Assassination of President John F. Kennedy

We were so sorry to see recently in NEWSWEEK the silly remark that official United States agencies keep no watch of any kind on returned defectors. It is said the Warren Commission in its report will comment on this in order to attempt an explanation for the non-surveillance of Lee Harvey Oswald.

*Brooklyn*

Yet, we ourselves have a list of names and dates pertaining to contacts between official United States agencies and Lee Oswald over the past five years.

In light of this, it is of concern to us as to why the men of the Warren Commission are trying so hard to make blithering historical idiots of themselves?

Sincerely,  
 Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
 Box 566  
 Hominy, Oklahoma  
 7/14/64

*shirley martin*

*see section #64-23  
 dated 4/28/64  
 no out almost  
 file 66-04-3263  
 JG*

cc: 100

*let to Pres. Comm.  
 KMR:las  
 7-22-64*

62-109060-3546  
 REC-23

*Levin*  
*File*

10 JUL 16 1964

CORRESPONDENCE

TRUE COPY

World Press

We were so sorry to see recently in NEWSWEEK the silly remark that official United States agencies keep no watch of any kind on returned defectors. It is said the Warren Commission in its report will comment on this in order to attempt an explanation for the non-surveillance of Lee Harvey Oswald.

Yet, we ourselves have a list of names and dates pertaining to contacts between official United States agencies and Lee Oswald over the past five years.

In light of this, it is of concern to us as to why the men of the Warren Commission are trying so hard to make blithering historical idiots of themselves?

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
7-14-64

cc: 100

8 6  
PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOOGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. McCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN  
General Counsel

JUL 17 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

The National Broadcasting Company in New York has informed the Commission that it has a continuous video tape of all programming on November 24, 1963 and, in particular, between 11:00 a.m. CST (12:00 p.m. EST) and the time Lee Oswald was shot. The Commission would appreciate your examining those tapes for the purpose of determining to the highest degree of accuracy, the exact time that Oswald was shot.

As you are aware, most broadcast stations operate on Western Union clocks which are synchronized each hour on the hour. Usually that synchronization introduces a characteristic "beep" into the broadcast circuit. It may be possible accurately to determine the exact moment of 11:00 a.m. CST on such video tapes and to make time computations from that point on the tapes to the moment Oswald was shot. The Commission is extremely hopeful that accuracy to within fifteen or twenty seconds can be obtained.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

( Reel #65 11:45 - 12:20 PM  
Reel #66 12:20 - 12:50 PM )

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

JUL 20 1964

Let 7-23-64

REC-44

62-107060-3547

EX 110

10 JUL 29 1964

EXP. PROC.

62-107060-3547  
RECORDED COPY FILED IN



1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
 1 - Mr. Rogge  
 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 1 - Mr. Griffith  
 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

July 23, 1964

By Courier Service

REC-44

101000 3547

110

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 17, 1964, by which you furnished two reels of sixteen millimeter film taken from the video tape of programming on the National Broadcasting Company between 11:45 a.m. and 12:50 p.m. on November 24, 1963. Your letter requested that an examination be made for the purpose of determining the exact time that Oswald was shot. It is pointed out that your letter referred to the material as video tape and this was found to be sixteen millimeter motion picture film.

A review of these films in the FBI Laboratory reveals nothing on which the Laboratory could establish an accurate time that could then be related to the exact time that Oswald was shot. It is noted that one reel of film is marked "Reel #65 11:45-12:20 p.m." and the other reel is marked "Reel #66 12:20-12:50 p.m." It is found that there is no direct continuity between Reel #65 and Reel #66. Reel #65 ends with a commentator talking and in the final scene he is in the middle of a sentence and has not completed his comments. Reel #66 begins with an announcer at some location near Hyannis Port and, therefore, the films do not show the completion of the commentator's comments and the continuity of the program into the scenes at the beginning of Reel #66.

1 - Dallas (100-10461)

62-109060

Tolson  
 Belmont  
 Mohr  
 Casper  
 Callahan  
 Conrad  
 DeLoach  
 Evans  
 Gale  
 Rosen  
 Sullivan  
 Tavel  
 Trotter  
 Tele. Room  
 Holloman  
 Gandy

LS:emh (10)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

JUL 23 1 31 PM '64  
 REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI

2 Reels of film returned to Comint. by SA Cunningham on 7/25/64

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

It was found that Oswald was shot after an elapse of two minutes and nine seconds from the beginning of Reel #66. Relating this time to the time notation on the reel that is marked "12:20-12:50 p.m." would establish the shooting time at 12:22 and nine seconds. There is nothing in the film that would lend any accuracy to this time designation.

The two reels of film are being returned to your office separately.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 7 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

236 PM CST URGENT 7-7-64 SP

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM DALLAS (100-10461) 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE; MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBUTEL TO DALLAS JULY SEVEN INSTANT REGARDING LETTER  
DATED JULY TWO LAST AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS, FROM DEAN W.  
MC ADAMS CLAIMING HE HAS INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSASSINATION  
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

MC ADAMS INTERVIEWED BY BUREAU AGENTS AT FORT WORTH ON  
JULY TWO LAST CONCERNING THIS MATTER. MC ADAMS FURNISHED  
SUBSTANTIALLY SAME INFORMATION HE HAD PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED THE  
DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT, WHICH INFORMATION IS SET OUT IN  
DALLAS AIRTEL TO THE DIRECTOR DATED JUNE TWENTY-NINE LAST  
UNDER CAPTION LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.; IS - R - CUBA. THIS  
AIRTEL ALSO SUMMARIZES THE INFORMATION IN DALLAS FILES CON-  
CERNING MC ADAMS AND HIS MENTAL STATE. DALLAS, BY AIRTEL TO

REC-44

62-109060-3548

See letter to Kansas  
7/2/64 W.P. Jr.

EX-110

110 JUL 28 1964

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR



DL 100-10461

P2

DIRECTOR DATED JULY SEVEN INSTANT UNDER OSWALD CAPTION, CONTAINS RESULTS OF THE JULY TWO LAST INTERVIEW OF MC ADAMS.

DURING THIS INTERVIEW, MC ADAMS ANTAGONISTIC, BELLIGERENT, AND DISJOINTED AND RAMBLING IN IDEAS AND SPEECH. ALLEGATIONS AGAINST BUREAU PERSONNEL COMPLETELY WITHOUT BASIS.

ON JULY TWO LAST GEORGE JOHNSON, TARRANT COUNTY DISTRICT CLERK, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, DESCRIBED MC ADAMS AS MENTALLY DEFICIENT, IRRATIONAL AND COMPLETELY UNRELIABLE. GRADY HAIRE, CHIEF INVESTIGATOR, TARRANT COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, FORT WORTH, TEXAS ON JULY TWO LAST DESCRIBED MC ADAMS AS A "PSYCHO" AND WOULD PLACE LITTLE, IF ANY, CREDENCE IN ANYTHING MC ADAMS SAID.

SINCE MC ADAMS WAS INTERVIEWED ON JULY TWO LAST REGARDING THE INFORMATION HE CLAIMS TO HAVE ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, AND, IN VIEW OF HIS MENTAL STATE, HE WILL NOT BE RE-INTERVIEWED. DALLAS IS PREPARING LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM UNDER OSWALD CAPTION SUITABLE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION CONTAINING FULL BACKGROUND RE MC ADAMS AND HIS MENTAL STATE.

END

HTC

FBI WASH DC

P

CC MR. ROSEN

7/7/64 H.A. [signature]

FBI

Date: 7/27/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI ATTENTION: MOVEMENT UNIT

FROM: SAC, DALLAS

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: PERSONNEL ON SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT  
 DALLAS, TEXAS

Re Bureau routing slip, 7/24/64, advising that  
 Bureau records reflect following Special Agent and three  
 stenographers still in Dallas on special assignment:

SA A. RAYMOND SWITZER  
 VIRGINIA G. MC GUIRE  
 DOROTHY J. STAGER  
 EVELYN A. HERZOG

Oklahoma City  
 Oklahoma City  
 Little Rock  
 New Orleans

The Bureau requested Dallas advise if this  
 information is correct.

The above-captioned employees are still on special  
 assignment at Dallas, Texas. Stenographer EVELYN A. HERZOG  
 of the New Orleans Office will be released from special  
 assignment close of business Friday, July 31, 1964. The  
 remaining employees will be released as soon as possible.

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - New Orleans
- 2 - Dallas

RPG/ds

(6)

REC-49

EX-11

16 JUL 30 1964

100-60-3549

58 JUL 31 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

July 29, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

The enclosed billing in the amount of \$830.00 in account with Robt. H. West was received on July 28, 1964.

In accordance with instructions received from your secretary, Mrs. Elde, this matter is being referred to the Commission for handling.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

19 JUL 30 1964

Enclosures (2)

Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. Malley)

LJG:mah;jlk

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Malone  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

JFK

*Moseley*

62-109060

SECTION 82

COPY 2



REC-49 EX-110  
62-111061-355

1 - C. D. DeLoach (J. E. Herington)  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (J. J. Foarde)  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated July 28, 1964, relating to Mrs. Mark E. Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma. Reference is also made to my letter dated June 10, 1964, relating to an article in the June 8, 1964, issue of the "U. S. News and World Report" written by Mr. Glenn Clark Troelstrup concerning Mr. Atsuyuki Sassa.

Enclosed for your information are two true copies of a self-explanatory letter dated July 17, 1964, bearing the name of Mrs. Mark E. Martin, which was received at this Bureau's Headquarters on July 20, 1964. This is being furnished in view of your prior interest in Mrs. Martin.

Sincerely yours,

**J. Edgar Hoover**

**SEE NOTE PAGE TWO**

**J. Edgar Hoover**

**62-109060**

**1 - 62-109090**

1 - Foreign Liaison

RDR:las

(14)

**Enclosures (2)**

1 - SAC, Oklahoma City (89-41) Encl. 1

1 - SAC, Dallas (89-43) Enc. 4

1 - Legat, Tokyo (30-6) Enc.

# ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN TITZGERALD KENNEDY

11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR SACs  
OKLAHOMA CITY AND DALLAS AND  
LEGAL ATTACHE, TOKYO \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

**NOTE FOR SACS OKLAHOMA CITY  
DALLAS  
AND LEGAL ATTACHE, TOKYO**

Enclosed for Oklahoma City, Dallas and Legal Attache Tokyo is a copy of the afore-mentioned communication bearing Martin's name dated 7-17-64.

Atsuyuki Sassa is a Japanese Police Superintendent who visited FBI Headquarters on 3-5-64, and was afforded a special tour of the Bureau. The article written by Troelstrup in the "U. S. News and World Report" contained numerous inaccuracies and incorrectly implied that Sassa participated in our investigation of the assassination. The article, while quite favorable to the Bureau, was prepared after Troelstrup participated in an informal group discussion in Japanese attended by Sassa and other Japanese police officers. The Bureau has received signed statements in which Troelstrup admits there were errors in his article and that he was wrong in saying that Sassa was assigned to our investigation. The President's Commission has been furnished details of this matter.

**NOTE:** This is the 21st letter to the Commission on Martin. SAC Letter 64-23B dated 4-23-64, alerted the field to her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI.

In Martin's most recent letter, which was directed to Mr. Sassa and a copy furnished to the Bureau, Martin comments on the article appearing in the magazine and starts out with "I am sorry you don't understand the questions raised concerning the investigation of the assassination..." Martin endeavors to show where her "superior" understanding negates Sassa's opinions on the time it took to fire the assassination weapon and other matters. She concludes by stating that Sassa should not put too much faith in the FBI.



To Atsuyuki Sasa, Japanese police security agent, who worked with the FBI during the investigation of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

July 17, 1964

Dear Mr. Sasa:

I am sorry you don't understand the questions raised concerning the investigation of the assassination of our President.

In regard to the three bursts of gunfire, it is not the 5.5 or the 6.6 seconds which are significant, but rather the time-sequence BETWEEN the second and third bursts which is of vital importance. If you recall from testimony, it is this time-sequence which precludes the possibility that the second and third bursts of gunfire originated from the 6.5 mm bolt-action, single-shot Italian carbine. The Warren Commission, itself, is in a quandary in this regard (Allen & Scott) as well they should be.

There are other points, other issues, in this case too detailed for examination here. Once the Warren report is in, they will be attended. In the meantime, we suggest you not put too much faith in the American FBI. The FBI has manipulated evidence and intimidated witnesses before (unfortunately, we have proof in this regard), and, unless stopped, it will do it again.

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark Z. Martin  
Box 566  
Boning, Colorado

cc: 100

REC-AS

EX-110

16 JUL 20 1964

30

File P  
for 7-21-64

6/11/14  
35511  
The right to  
know is  
CORRESPONDENCE

Correspondent is currently engaged in campaign of disseminating to FBI offices, Federal agencies, members of Congress, etc., communications relating to the assassination and which are critical of the FBI. She has previously been interviewed and exhibited an insulting, argumentative and antagonistic attitude toward the FBI and its personnel. Letters from Mrs. Martin are not being acknowledged by the Bureau and all field offices have been advised to be extremely circumspect in any dealings with her.



TRUE COPY

to Atsuyuki Sassa, Japanese police security agent, who worked with the FBI during the investigation of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

July 17, 1964

Dear Mr. Sassa:

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In regard to the three bursts of gunfire, it is not the 5.5 or the 6.6 seconds which are significant, but rather the time-sequence BETWEEN the second and third bursts which is of vital importance. If you recall from testimony, it is this time-sequence which precludes the possibility that the second and third bursts of gunfire originated from the 6.5 mm bolt-action, single-shot Italian carbine. The Warren Commission, itself, is in a quandry in this regard (Allen & Scott) as well they should be.

There are other points, other issues, in this case too detailed for examination here. Once the Warren report is in, they will be attended. In the meantime, we suggest you not put too much faith in the American FBI. The FBI has manipulated evidence and intimidated witnesses before (unfortunately, we have proof in this regard), and, unless stopped, it will do it again.

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin  
Box 568  
Hominy, Oklahoma

cc: 100

7/28/64

1 - Mr. J. W. Hines  
1 - Mr. R. E. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. R. D. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Cleveland

From: Director, FBI (62-109000) — 3552

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for Cleveland and Dallas are copies of a letter received from Edw. D. Tweddell dated 7/15/64, which is self-explanatory.

You are instructed to promptly contact Tweddell, acknowledge receipt of his letter to the Director and specifically interview him concerning his statement that he knows there is more than one person involved in the assassination.

You should not endeavor to answer the other provocative questions raised by Tweddell, however, you should insure that he is advised this matter has received intensive investigation by the FBI and that the results are furnished to the President's Commission inquiring into the facts of the assassination.

No information identifiable with Tweddell could be located in Bureau files.

The results of interview and any other necessary investigation should be incorporated in appropriate inserts for transmittal to Dallas the office of origin. Furnish one copy of results to the Bureau and 25 copies of inserts to Dallas.

Handle promptly as President's Commission may terminate inquiry at early date.

Enclosure

1 - Dallas (80-43) (enclosure)

RDR:ee  
(7)

SEE NOTE PAGE 2.

31 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

NOTE:

Tweddell's letter is provocative in nature implying obvious questions raised since the assassination have not been answered, which is not the case. It appears Tweddell wrote this letter impulsively after reading an article on the assassination in a local Akron, Ohio, newspaper. It is very doubtful he has any information of value, however, in view of his statement it is felt we have the responsibility to interview him in line with interviews conducted in similar matters. The results of this investigation will be appropriately reported by Dallas and furnished to the President's Commission.



Akron, Ohio  
July 15th 1964

To Hon. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Your Honor - Mr. Hoover -

I read an article in our Beacon Journal (newspaper) of Akron, to-day that caused me to write this letter to you.

The paper stated that there was a small group in Houston, Texas, who got to-gether to map out what to do, about our Government, you don't think that could have been the breeding spot for the assassanation of our Great President - John F. Kennedy.

I know and you know, there are more people involved than just the poor dum cluck that was accused.

Why is it your bureau did not bring out anything about the pictures with JFK's picture on it and the wording "Wanted for Treason" in Dallas, Then the widow of the slain policeman receiving all the money she received was that part of the "pay off." Then how many thousand did the "killer's" wife receive.

Mr. Hoover how come nothing was ever said about the guy in New Orleans who stood in front of the Catholic church, and called "Kenedy" and his stinken catholics and "negros" "neggars" cant speak good English.

EX 117 REC-49 107060 3552  
This man "Oswald" was supposed to have come from "New Orleans" How come nothing ever mentioned about any one from New Orleans, only Oswald came from there. Now I saw this with my own eyes on T. V. the day Oswald was shot--did the law there try to protect this man, also it was stated in the papers that "Ruby" knew most of the police by their 1st names.

Mr. Lincoln was killed after he freed the slaves and Mr. Kennedy was killed after he demanded the Civil rights law, which started under that great golfer, but he was a Republican, which may have had something to do with him not being killed. Ever since Mr. Roosevelt, came near being killed can you name a Democrat who has not at least been threatened or shot at. Ask some of the republicans what ever became of Smedley D. Butler, and what do you know pertaining to this man.

Respectfully yours  
Edw. H. Tweddell  
495 Larkin Ave., Akron 5, Ohio

(P. S.) you won't answer this letter!

COPY:ert

Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓



Akron Ohio  
July 15th 1964

To Hon. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation -

Dear Honorable Mr. Hoover -  
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of Akron to-day that caused me to write this  
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don't think that could have been the breeding  
spot for the assassination of our  
President - John F. Kennedy.

I know and you know there are more people  
involved than just the poor dumb chuck that  
was accused.

Why is it your bureau did not bring out anything  
about the pictures with JFK's picture on it and  
the wording "Wanted for Treason" in Dallas.

Then the records of the plain policeman  
receiving all the money who received one that  
is part of the "pay off". Then how many thousands  
did the "Killer" receive.

EX-103

30 JUL 17 1964

CORRESPONDENCE

21  
the guy in New Orleans who stood in front of  
the Catholic church, and called "Kewdy" and his  
stunken Catholics and "Negroes" "Niggers" can't speak  
good English,

This man "Oswald" was supposed to have come  
from "New Orleans"

How come nothing was mentioned about any  
one from New Orleans, only Oswald came from there  
Now I saw this with my own eyes on T.V. The  
day Oswald was shot - did the Law there try to  
protect this man, also it was stated in the papers  
that "Ruby" knew most of the police by their 1st  
names.

Mr. Kennedy was killed after he freed the slaves  
and Mr. Kennedy was killed after he demanded the  
Civil Rights Law which started under that great  
guy, but he was a Republican, which they don't  
had something to do with him not being killed.  
Ever since Mr. Roosevelt, since now being killed  
can you name a Democrat who has not at least  
been threatened or shot at.  
Ask some of the Republicans what ever became  
of Amelia D. Butler, and what do you know  
pertaining to this man.

Edw. H. Tweddell

495 Larkin Ave. Akron 6, Ohio

P.S) how won't

Respectfully yours

TRUE COPY

Akron, Ohio  
July 15th 1964

To Hon. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Your Honor - Mr. Hoover -

I read an article in our Beacon Journal (newspaper) of Akron, to-day that caused me to write this letter to you.

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This man "Oswald" was supposed to have come from "New Orleans"

Hows come nothing ever mentioned about any one from New Orleans only Oswald came from there. Now I saw this with my own eyes on T.V. the day Oswald was shot--did the law there try to protect this man, also it was stated in the papers that "Ruby" knew most of the police by their 1st name.

Mr. Lincoln was killed after he freed the slaves and Mr. Kennedy was killed after he demanded the Civil rights law, which started under that great golfer, but he was a Republican, which may have had something to do with him not being killed. Ever since Mr. Roosevelt, came near being killed can you name a Democrat who has not at least been threatened or shot at. Ask some to the republicans what ever became of Smedley D. Butler, and what do you know pertaining to this man

COPIES DESTROYED

Respectfully yours  
Edw. H. Tweddell  
495 Larkin Ave. Akron 5, Ohio

(P.S.) you won't answer this letter!



7-30-64

1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Baltimore (89-30)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3553

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBaltimore airtel and enclosed letterhead memorandum dated  
7-17-64, relating to [REDACTED]

Review of Baltimore's letterhead memorandum reveals  
numerous inaccuracies relating primarily to punctuation and  
possible typographical errors.

It was noted that communications allegedly written  
by [REDACTED] and incorporated in the letterhead memorandum  
were not appropriately quoted as required. Further, quotations  
within the quoted communication were improperly set out. In  
addition to this general observation, the following possible  
errors were noted:

PAGE

ERROR

Page 2, penultimate paragraph,  
last line, last word

"corps"

Page 3, Paragraph 2, Line 11,  
Word 9

"your"

Next to last sentence of  
paragraph does not make sense.

Page 6, Paragraph 2, Line 6,  
last two words

"Nikiti Kruschev"

Page 8, Paragraph 3, Line 4,  
last word

"that"

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las

(5)

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

53 AUG 3 1964

Airtel to SAC, Baltimore  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>ERROR</u>
Page 9, last line, Word 3	"ourt"
Page 10, Line 4, Word 3	"yound"
Item 7, Word 2, does not appear correct	"spacious"
Page 11, Paragraph 3, Line 9 Word 5	"Trans"
Page 12, Paragraph 1, Line 8, Ford 7	"conquor"
Line 20, Word 5	"twarted"
Paragraph 3, Line 18, Word 2	"camafledged"
Page 13, Paragraph 3, Line 3	"Kennilworth"

Baltimore is instructed to thoroughly review the letterhead memorandum and inserts furnished to Dallas to resolve the questions raised above. You are reminded in quoting communications from outside sources, it is permissible to use quotation marks prior to each paragraph and incorporate any and all errors made by the outside source without correction. However, since none of the communications set out in your letterhead memorandum were appropriately quoted, the Bureau has no way of knowing whether the errors were made by [redacted] or by your office.

This matter must be immediately handled and any necessary corrections should be immediately furnished to Dallas and the Bureau. It will not be necessary for Baltimore to submit an additional letterhead memorandum, as this matter will be appropriately reported by the Dallas Office inasmuch as inserts have been furnished to Dallas.

Baltimore is reminded that when submitting inserts to Dallas in this particular investigation, it is not necessary to also submit a letterhead memorandum unless the nature of the particular situation warrants or might

Airtel to SAC, Baltimore  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

require immediate dissemination by the Bureau to the President's Commission or other Federal agencies. In this particular case it was not necessary to submit a letterhead memorandum to the Bureau. A copy of the inserts furnished to Dallas would have sufficed.

Baltimore must insure that when submitting communications to the Bureau, that extreme care is taken in their preparation. Baltimore will be held strictly accountable for the accuracy of the inserts subsequently reported by Dallas in this matter.

For your assistance, no information identifiable with [REDACTED] could be located in Bureau files.

NOTE:

ReBAairtel furnished the Bureau with a 15 page letterhead memorandum relating to communications sent by [REDACTED] to the Governor of Texas. The letters make some mention of the hate [REDACTED] has for President Kennedy and the assassination, but it is obviously the work of an emotionally unstable individual. Baltimore's investigation has established that [REDACTED] currently works for the National Institutes of Health at Bethesda, Maryland, but is being discharged from her employment in view of a medical disability which has existed for approximately two years and probably related to her emotional instability. Since Dallas has been furnished inserts, there is no need for the letterhead memorandum and when the corrections are made, Dallas will be advised and it will be subsequently reported and furnished to the President's Commission and any other interested Federal agencies in line with similar situations.



FBI

Date: July 17, 1964

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGULAR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, BALTIMORE (89-30)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: [REDACTED]  
ALLEGATION

*Rec'd 1-16-1711*  
*11900 Ashby Ln. Rm 200*  
*Hills, Kensington, Md*  
*DC*

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies and for Dallas 1 copy of a LHM containing allegations from [REDACTED] who is in the process of being medically retired from her position as payroll clerk, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland.

Also enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies of an investigative insert containing the same information as that of the LHM. [REDACTED]

No further inquiries will be made concerning this allegation UACB.

- 1 - Bureau (Encs. 1)
- 2 - Dallas (89-437) (Encs. 26) (AIR MAIL)
- 1 - Baltimore

MMW:kss  
(6)

*ENCLOSURE*

*aut. to SAC, BA*  
*FOR JAW REC 1462*  
*7-30-64*

*62-109060-3553*

*JUL 21 1964*

*1 cc LHM destroyed*  
*per JPR 7-30-64*

*No 33 - 4 51 64*

*AK*

Approved: *[Signature]*  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

408 Post Office Building  
Baltimore, Maryland 21202

July 17, 1964

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Re: [REDACTED]

ALLEGATION

On July 8, 1964, [REDACTED] Administrative  
Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas,  
made available to the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of  
Investigation eight pages of typed material which was reportedly  
prepared by [REDACTED] Randolph  
Hills, Rockville, Maryland.

[REDACTED] made available copies of this material to  
Mr. KENNETH J. WILSON, United States Secret Service Agent at  
Austin, Texas.

On the following pages appear the exact contents of  
this material.



████████████████████  
Randolph Hills  
Rockville, Maryland

June 24, 1964

The Honorable Governor John Connolly  
Executive Mansion  
Austin, Texas

Dear Governor Connolly:

I sincerely am not just an emotional grandmother of fifty-three years, I have been listening to a radio program from New York this evening. It comes over WNBC, 630 on dial begins at 7:45 P. M. Monday thru Friday and runs thru 12:00 midnight. It is the Brad Crandall program people call in to him and they talk about any and everything, but it is usually centered on the states of the South.

My fear for the people of the South and all America is not unfounded. One man called in on this program tonight and even suggested getting a crowd together and going down to Mississippi and this would be the spark that would set off the revolution that JOHN KENNEDY, JOHNSON, the Roman Catholics (hierarchy), the pope, and the Communists have planned since 1960.

Kennedy and Johnson have been disarming our country, bankrupting, giving our tax money to Roman Catholic-Communists countries to build up their war arms, using our tax money by the millions to set up so-called Peace Corps that are nothing more than gangsters and murders trained on honest American money and sent out all over the world to murder and start the wars and now they have come up with the obnoxious Poverty Bill to set-up Hitler Youth Camps and train our innocent youth as hardened killers and prostitutes.

They carried out a well planned scheme and slandered Dallas, Texas to begin with about six months ago. JOHN KENNEDY is no more dead than I am. I haven't read that any one admitted seeing the corps.

America is furious that Congress turns over our money to set up art centers and memorials to that obnoxious devil traitor. Now JOHNSON has come up with a bill for more millions of our money to remake Pennsylvania Avenue, and it will be a second Rome, Italy. This same thing was tried when ABRAHAM LINCOLN was President and he refused

to let the Roman Catholic devil in Rome plan and set up his obnoxious FALSE IDOLS.

JOHNSON is either deliberately or being forced, at least he is rushing us into an American Police state and overthrow of our government. It has to be accomplished this Summer for they know this is their only opportunity and I sincerely believe that they are inciting a revolution in Mississippi to take our minds off New York and Canada, and then move in from the North.

Just a few days ago they had stirred up murders, bombings, thefts, rapes, etc. in Quebec and went so far to say they might dissolve relations with Canada and merge with the United States. It isn't a coincidence that Quebec is approximately 100% Roman Catholic their plan to merge would easily fit in and fortify our Northern Shores as an aid and encirclement to benefit the Roman Catholic plans from New York, Europe, South America, Mexico, Panama, etc. and the rope could be squeezed around our necks before we know what has happened. They are centering the trouble on the South for a reason. If your will refer to the second election of Mr. LINCOLN of 1864 you will find that this today is a duplication and the third try to overthrow our government. I don't think for a moment either that suddenly we have been having almost daily all Roman Catholic Heads of Foreign Governments making a path to our White House within the last month. We are dealing with professional gangsters and they could be checking on their joint plans for the invasion of America.

Our only hope is for the Southern and Border Congressmen to take immediate action and place that whole nest of Nazis around the President under armed guard and if the President Johnson is willingly joined with them, include him and then appoint a President until November.

If they don't the American Legion that have risked their lives should walk in and over throw the whole outfit or we are being forced into a revolution by the Roman Catholics and we are standing by and permitting it to happen.

We know the Roman Catholic hierarchy are murders, they have murdered three of our Presidents and tried to murder two others, what are our officials waiting for?—I am hoping



you Southern Governors and our Southern Congressmen will ignore any further foolishness and take action, you folks are our only hope. Your forefathers and mine gave their blood and lives for America, not Roman Catholics.

All America is ready to explode, one lady said over the New York program tonight that 1,000,000 people were to march on Washington the 4th of July against the Civil Rights Bill, another called in that every Senator and Congressmen voting for the Bill would be defeated in November.

The Northern Left Wing Congressmen have gone too far in aiding Johnson and the Catholics in destroying our Constitution and destroying our Freedoms, the people have had it. I wanted you Southern Governors and Southern Congressmen to know what I had heard for I believe the only thing that will stop the revolution will be an American Legion and armed guard around the White House and Nazis running our government.

Very Sincerely,

/s/ [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

Randolph Hills  
Rockville, Maryland

June 23, 1964

The Honorable Ralph W. Yarborough  
110 Maryland Avenue  
Washington 2, D.C.

Dear Senator Yarborough:

I am not from the state of Texas, but from the state of West Virginia and our state agrees wholeheartedly with the Honorable Governor, John Connolly and the people of the state of Texas that are fighting to retain FREEDOM IN TEXAS AND ALL OTHER FORTY-NINE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

I am also a Protestant as you are, and a descendant of Thomas Rogers, one of the one hundred and two PILGRIMS THAT LANDED ON PLYMOUTH ROCK, DECEMBER 30, 1620. Also a granddaughter of Percy "DOC" Rogers that along with his fellow Soldiers were forced to eat Opossum that had been dead so long it had begun to turn green, that ended with the giving their blood and laying down their lives on the Battlefield during the Civil War, 1861-1865 that you and I might live, and live in FREEDOM IN OUR BELOVED AMERICA.

I am also a registered Democrat as you are, but our first LOYALTY AND ALLEGIANCE MUST FIRST BE PLEDGED TO OUR CREATOR, ALMIGHTY GOD AND SECOND TO AMERICA BEFORE EITHER POLITICAL PARTY, FOR IF WE DIDN'T HAVE ALMIGHTY GOD AND AMERICA WE WOULDN'T HAVE EITHER A DEMOCRATIC OR REPUBLICAN POLITICAN IN A CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Senator YARBOROUGH since the very day that Roman Catholic, JOHN KENNEDY entered our BLOOD PURCHASED, WHITE HOUSE, THE PROTESTANTS OF AMERICA HAVE BEEN HARASSED AND PERSECUTED SEVERELY AND SERIOUSLY, AND THIS PERSECUTION AND HARASSMENT HAS CONTINUED, AS SEVERELY SINCE LYNDON B. JOHNSON BECAME PRESIDENT.

Our Protestant forefathers purchased America with their blood and lives, and our Protestant husbands, fathers, brothers and sons have been SLAUGHTERED BY THE MILLIONS, AND STILL ARE, ON THE BATTLEFIELDS OF AMERICA AND HEATHEN FOREIGN JUNGLES that you and I and all other Americans might breathe the air of FREEDOM, DID THESE AMERICAN SOLDIERS LAY DOWN THEIR LIVES IN VAIN?



" The latest persecution has been inflicted upon 20th Century Reformation Hour, by Reverend Carl McIntire of Collingswood, New Jersey. Rev. McIntire is a reputable and God-fearing Minister of Protestant Faith, heard over 607 radio stations daily paid for exclusively by DONATIONS and FREE WILL GIFTS OF MILLIONS OF FREEDOM LOVING AMERICANS ALL OVER OUR NATION. Reverend McIntire is Editor and Publisher of the CHRISTIAN BEACON, A PROTESTANT WEEKLY PUBLICATION. The Christian Beacon has been mailed out to its subscribers weekly as SECOND CLASS MAIL for the past twenty-five years without one single difficulty. Rev. McIntire was suddenly notified last week without any warning from Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. that effective immediately, his weekly Christian Beacon would no longer be mailed as SECOND CLASS BUT REDUCED TO THIRD CLASS MAIL.

The "Big Brother" in the Post Office Department didn't revoke the Second Class Right, but without warning or excuse reduced this Religious mail to Third Class as would never be thought would happen in America, but only under the BUTCHER OF BUDAPEST, NIKITI KRUSCHEV IN COMMUNIST RUSSIA OR THE BEAST DICTATOR, THE POPE IN ROME, ITALY.

The second recent persecution The Independent Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions of Greenville, South Carolina of which Rev. McIntire is vice-President has been refused Income Tax Deductions from Internal Revenue in Washington, D.C.

I must add it has been learned that the Roman Catholics mail out their weekly magazine from the same Post Office in New Jersey as the Christian Beacon as Second Class Mail and they weren't touched by the Postal Department, and allowed to continue with the Second Class.

Rev. McIntire and his wife are also former residents of the State of Texas and he has the largest listening audience of Voters all over America and we are "FED UP" and have no intentions of taking this lying down.

Senator YARBOROUGH, we know you have the influence to REVERSE AND PUT A STOP TO THIS PERSECUTION OF OUR PROTESTANT RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN OUR VERY OWN COUNTRY. WE ARE CALLING UPON YOU TO PLEASE EXERT YOUR INFLUENCE AND TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION IN OUR FAVOR.

President JOHNSON is well aware that allowing persecutions of Protestants such as I have explained to you is seriously risking his chances of being elected in November, but worse than that, he is (if the action isn't reversed immediately and absolutely) pulling you down to his level and placing your chances of re-election at the mercy of the people in Texas. Please take a firm stand and refuse to be intimidated by the gangsters, your constituents will reward you and you will also receive praise from all Americans.

Please do not use your valuable time in replying, for I do not expect it. The gentlemen receiving copies of this letter will be on the alert if and when the action is reversed, and if it isn't action will have to come from them. I have belief in you that will get results or I wouldn't have taken the time to seek your help. Thank you

Very sincerely,



COPIES TO:

The Honorable DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER  
The Honorable BARRY M. GOLDWATER  
The Honorable BRUCE ALGER  
The Honorable Governor JOHN CONNOLLY  
The Honorable Governor GEORGE C. WALLACE  
The Honorable FRANK M. CLARK

"Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 11, 1937

"We ... of the Holy Roman Catholic Church, expect all loyal children of the church to assist the President with all our strength to see that individuals comprising the U. S. Supreme Court shall obey the President's injunctions. And, if necessary, we shall change, mend, or blot out the present Constitution so that the President may enforce his, or rather our humanitarian program and all phases of human rights as laid down by our saintly popes and the Holy Mother Church.

"We elected our worthy President by the greatest majority ever recorded in history. We are going to have our laws made and enforced according to the Holy See, and the Popes and the canon law of the Papal Throne. Our entire social structure must be built on that basis. Our educational laws must be so construed that atheism, the red peril of all blathering isms - PROTESTANTISM, COMMUNISM, SOCIALISM and all other of their ilk and stamp, be driven from this fair land.

"The cross was planted on our shores by staunch Roman Catholics. This land belongs to us by every right. Long enough have we compromised on every important question. Now we demand that is really ours, and we are going to have it. We will support our President in every way to obtain it peacefully, honestly, if we may. If necessary, we are ready to fight and die for it.

"We want as Cabinet Members children of the Holy Mother Church holding important positions in the entire structure of our government.

"We control America, and we do not propose to stop until America, or Americans, are genuinely Roman Catholic and remain so. God help us."

SIGNED - Father Patrick Henry O'Brien

"The above letter was written to Rev. A. DiDomenica, former Catholic of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, originally printed in L'Aurora, published by the Italian Baptist Association of America."



• COPIED FROM: My Deliverance from the Heresies of  
Rome, by HARRY HAMPEL

NOTE: I am a registered Democrat, but I am happy that my  
GOD AND JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA TAKE PRECEDENCE FAR  
BEYOND, OUT IN THE FRONT OF POLITICAL AFFILIATIONS.  
THE EXPOSURES ABOVE SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES, "OUR PRESIDENT"  
SPOKEN OF IS NONE OTHER THAN FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT  
AND HE IS THE ONE AND FIRST OF THIRTY-TWO PRESIDENTS TO  
COMMIT TREASON AGAINST GOD, JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA. TREASON  
WAS CONTINUED IN 1964, THIRTY-FIFTH PRESIDENT, JOHN F.  
KENNEDY AND OUR THIRTY-SIXTH PRESIDENT, LYNDON BAYNES JOHNSON. •

**"COMMUNIST RULES FOR REVOLUTION"**  
(Captured in Dusseldorf May 1919  
by the Allied Forces)

A. Corrupt the young, get them away from religion. Get them interested in sex. Make them superficial, destroy their ruggedness.

B. Get control of all means of publicity and thereby:

1. Get people's minds off their government by focusing their attention on athletics, sexy books and plays and other trivialities.
2. Divide the people into hostile groups by constantly harping on controversial matters of no importance.
3. Destroy the people's faith in their natural leaders by holding the latter up to contempt, ridicule and obloquy.
4. Always preach true democracy, but seize power as fast and as ruthlessly as possible.
5. By encouraging government extravagance, destroy its credit, produce fear of inflation with rising prices and general discontent.
6. Foment unnecessary strikes in vital industries, encourage civil disorders and foster a lenient and soft attitude on the part of government toward such disorders.
7. By spacious argument cause the breakdown of the old moral virtues, honesty, sobriety, continence, faith in the pledged word, ruggedness,

C. Cause the registration of all firearms on some pretext, with a view to confiscating them and leaving the population helpless.

"NOTE: The above "Rules for Revolution" were secured by the State Attorney's Office from a known member of the Communist Party, who acknowledged it to be still a party of the Communist program for overthrowing our Government."

GEORGE A. BRAUTIGAM

State Attorney  
State of Florida

"The following has been copied from 'MY DELIVERANCE FROM THE HERESIES OF ROME' by Harry Hampel, former Roman Catholic, Chapter XV, page 97.

'It was the Pope Pius XII and the strong Italian vote that put Mussolini in final control of Italy, and from the very beginning the pope demanded and received many favors from him. One of Mussolini's first acts was to rescue the financial standing of the Vatican by saving from bankruptcy the Banco di Roma in which most of the Vatican's funds were invested. When the Lateran Pact was signed, Mussolini paid the Pope 750,000,000 llier in cash and one billion llier in Fascist State bonds.

✓ 'Since the war very little has been said of the Catholic Church's attitude toward the Nazi regime of Germany. It is interesting to note that when Hitler seized power in January, 1938, the Vatican was the first sovereign power to enter into formal negotiations with it. Six months later, on July 20, 1938, Cardinal Pacelli (Now Pope Pius XII) put his signature along side that of Frans/von Papen to the Vatican's Concordat with Hitler's Third Reich.

'It is interesting to note that the German Bishop's meeting at Fulda in August of 1938, a pastoral letter was issued which read,

'There is no need to speak at length of the task which our people and our country are called upon to undertake. May our Fuehrer with help of God, succeed in this extraordinarily difficult work.'

'NO further elaboration is necessary to see that it was not until Hitler's Third Reich and Mussolini's Fascist party had both secured the blessings of the pope that they began their long bloody march against Europe and Africa.'



• The following has been copied from OUTLINE OF HISTORY by  
H. G. Wells, Vol. II, page 927, par. 3.

"The battle which was to come ranks with Marathon and Salamis among those which changed history and saved civilization. Had Britain not resisted, or had it been conquered, it is not difficult to estimate what would have followed. The Nazi plan is now fairly clear and it is clear too how nearly it succeeded. The defeat of Britain was to be followed by the conquer of Russia; as it was, the Soviet forces came to the very edge of disaster in 1941 and 1942 and it is hardly likely they would have survived the attack of a Germany which had defeated Britain, had no need to defend its rear and all the seas wide open to supply its armies. The defeat of Russia was to be followed by a triple attack on the credulous and half-armed UNITED STATES from Japan on the West, from all Nazi EUROPE on the East, and from Latin America Allies already being prepared in the South. This vast, but impracticable programme was thwarted by British resistance."

**NOTE:**

The Kennedy-Johnson Foreign Aid Program is nothing more than to make sure that Hitler's plans for OVERTHROW OF THE UNITED STATES OF 1941 ARE COMPLETED IN 1964 PUT INTO ACTION, BY: no-win policy, (send our American Soldiers into foreign Jungles with obsolete Airplanes and Arms as 'Sitting ducks' to be SLAUGHTERED IN COLD BLOOD BY ROMAN CATHOLIC COMMUNISTS) disarm America by deceit and fraud by stealing from us and giving to the Communists, bankrupt America by giving our tax hard earned money to all Foreign Countries to build arms to kill us with, increase the number of enemy countries by BOLDLY and AGGRESSIVELY FORCING OUR SOLDIERS TO OVERTHROW ASIA AND AFRICA AND SLAUGHTER IN COLD BLOOD THEIR LOYAL CITIZENS THAT RESIST AND STAND UP and FIGHT FOR THEIR COUNTRIES., PLACE OUR YOUTH INTO CAMAFLAGED (PEACE) HITLER GANGSTER YOUTH CAMPS TO CAUSE REVOLUTION, MURDERS, BOMBINGS, RAPES, THEFTS, AGAINST LOYAL AMERICAN CITIZENS, AND OVERTHROW OUR GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA."

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On July 15, 1964, Lieutenant L. M. WHALEN, Montgomery County, Maryland Police Department, Wheaton Station, advised that Wheaton Station covers the Rockville, Maryland area. He said that Mrs. [REDACTED] is unknown to his department. He further advised that records of his department contain no information identifiable with [REDACTED]

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Clerk, D. C. Credit Bureau, Washington, D. C. advised records of that Bureau reflected [REDACTED] of [REDACTED], Rockville, Maryland, has been known to the D. C. Credit Bureau since July, 1961. Mrs. [REDACTED] is married to [REDACTED] and they have been at the Ashley Drive address since 1956. They are buying their home there. The [REDACTED] formerly lived at [REDACTED] Washington, D. C. Mrs. [REDACTED] is a white female, approximately 50 years of age.

[REDACTED] said these records indicate that [REDACTED] is employed as a [REDACTED] by the [REDACTED] Kennilworth, Maryland, and that Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed as a payroll clerk by the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland.

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Rockville, Maryland, advised that she has been a neighbor of Mrs. [REDACTED] since April, 1957, when the [REDACTED] moved into the house at [REDACTED]. She said Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed in the Payroll Department at the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, and is married to [REDACTED] who is employed as a [REDACTED] in Kennilworth, Maryland. She stated the [REDACTED] have one child, a daughter, married to [REDACTED]. The [REDACTED] have three children and live in Cumberland, Maryland, where Mr. [REDACTED] is connected with the [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] said that Mrs. [REDACTED] has been ill for the past several months; however, the exact nature of her illness is unknown to Mrs. [REDACTED]. She said that Mrs. [REDACTED] has told

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

her that she is attempting to obtain medical retirement because of this illness. Mrs. [REDACTED] said that she has heard Mrs. [REDACTED] name the physician who is attending her; however, Mrs. [REDACTED] could not recall this name.

On July 16, 1964, [REDACTED], Staff Accountant, Accounting and Auditing Section, National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, Maryland, advised that he is the immediate supervisor of Mrs. [REDACTED] of [REDACTED], Rockville, Maryland. Mr. [REDACTED] said that according to his records, Mrs. [REDACTED] has been employed at NIH as a payroll clerk since January, 1957. He said that he is aware she had prior government service; however, the time served and exact nature of her former employment is not reflected in records immediately available to him.

Mr. [REDACTED] stated that during the past two years, Mrs. [REDACTED] has been on extended sick leave and leave without pay, after she used all of her accrued sick leave. He said that she has been on leave without pay since April, 1964, and will shortly be retired because of medical disability. He stated he has not had an opportunity to review medical records pertaining to the exact nature of Mrs. [REDACTED] medical disability and that he probably will not be permitted to review these records. However, he is aware that her disability appears to be a definite emotional problem. He commented that about two years ago he began to notice that she appeared to be displeased with many things that occurred in her particular area of work and constantly complained to him and other of her superiors, indicating that she believed she was being discriminated against because of her religious convictions. He said he is also aware that Mrs. [REDACTED] has written many letters to various political figures throughout the United States charging that a religious order is attempting to undermine the Government of the United States in an effort to eventually take over the control of the United States Government.

Mr. [REDACTED] said that he has seen Mrs. [REDACTED] read a number of books, which, from casual perusal by him, indicate the authors of these books are castigating a particular religious sect.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Mr. [REDACTED] said that he does not know the identity of the physician who has been caring for Mrs. [REDACTED]. He said she did not utilize the services of a government physician but insisted on seeing her private physician. Mr. [REDACTED] said he could add nothing to the above except the personal observation that Mrs. [REDACTED] who was at one time a valued and reliable employee in his section, now appears to be an extremely emotionally upset woman.

Mr. [REDACTED] furnished the following brief physical description of Mrs. [REDACTED]

Name:	[REDACTED]
Date of Birth:	[REDACTED]
Race:	White
Sex:	Female
Height:	5' 1"
Weight:	135 pounds
Hair:	Red
Eyes:	Blue
Marital Status:	Married
Husband:	[REDACTED]
Children:	One married daughter

Each of the following individuals advised there is no record of treatment of [REDACTED] for mental condition at her respective institutions:

[REDACTED] Librarian  
Spring Grove State Hospital,  
Catonsville, Maryland

[REDACTED]  
Statistical Division  
Springfield State Hospital  
Sykesville, Maryland

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Gale

DATE: July 22, 1964

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

FROM : H. L. Edwards

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S ASSASSINATION  
INQUIRIES AND VISITS AT DALLAS, TEXAS,  
BY WALTER E. CRAIG, PRESIDENT  
AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

Last week the Director approved alerting the SAC at Dallas to a visit by American Bar Association (ABA) President Walter E. Craig, and an associate, Charles Murray, who desired to look over the assassination scene and conduct certain other inquiries in connection with Craig's responsibility for collaborating with the Warren Commission in its inquiry into the assassination of President Kennedy. Craig had requested permission to be in contact with our Dallas Office to facilitate the completion of his business in Dallas.

SAC Shanklin reported that Craig and Murray were met on their arrival at Dallas the evening of 7-15-64. They were extended courtesies and on the following two days assistance was provided them in locating and visiting the various points and individuals in connection with their inquiry. SAC Shanklin stated that no problem whatever arose; there was no involvement of the Bureau in Craig's inquiries. To the contrary, Craig was extremely profuse in his gratitude to the Director for the assistance extended during the Dallas visit, and he was quite complimentary concerning the FBI. Craig stated that he expected to be in Mexico City in connection with the International Bar Conference scheduled there 7/25 - 31/64, and, incidental to that, he hopes to check an item or two in connection with the Mexico angle of the Oswald case. Mexico City Legat Clark Anderson has been alerted.

Craig called me from his home in Phoenix this week and personally reiterated his gratitude for the help given him in Dallas and asked that I extend his appreciation to the Director. He said that the assistance of the Dallas Office enabled him to cover everything with efficiency and dispatch and he is not at all concerned with any apprehension as to what the Warren Report might say because he is convinced the Bureau has done its usual outstanding job. He did indicate that if the Warren Report makes any recommendations it will possibly be to make more suggestions as to improving the protection of the President and might want the FBI to assume more responsibilities in this regard. He said he has no specific knowledge that such will be their recommendation and he is only basing this on speculation as a result of some general comments he has heard at the Commission. He indicated that in his best judgment, the Report of the Commission might be anticipated around 8-7-64, but this date is only tentative.

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Rosen

HLE:mbk (4)

REC-44 62-10766-1 3554

ST-108

14 JUL 30 1964

79 AUG 4 - 1964

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Memorandum to Mr. Gale

Re: President's Assassination Inquiries and Visits at Dallas, Texas,  
by Walter E. Craig, President, American Bar Association.

Craig stated that he would be in New York for the Annual Meeting of the ABA, 8-7-64, and will remain in New York until that meeting concludes on 8-13-64. I will be in touch with him during that meeting and will, of course, report any additional information he may have.

ACTION:

Information.

*WEC*

*WEC*

*WEC*

*WEC*

*✓*



REC-44  
ST-108

62 107060 3555  
Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

July 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
(O. H. Bartlett)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach (J. E. Herington)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated July 29, 1964, relating to Mrs. Mark E. Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Dallas, Texas, Office dated July 27, 1964, concerning a communication received by our Dallas Office bearing the name of Mrs. Mark E. Martin.

In view of your prior interest in Mrs. Martin, the enclosed are being furnished.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)  
RDR:las  
(10)

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: This is the 22nd letter to the Commission on Martin. SAC Letter 64-23B dated 4-23-64, alerted the field to her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI. Martin in this letter is now taking the U. S. Department of State to task for concealing the facts and she accuses former Ambassador to Russia Llewellyn Thompson and Abba Schwartz, Administrator, Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, of the State Department for not furnishing full facts before the Commission. She claims that the

NOTE: CONTINUED PAGE TWO

9 AUG 4 - 1964

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REC'D-READING ROOM  
81

NOT RECD BY CHIEF OF BUREAU

Government including the Warren Commission has not been "honestly" investigating this matter. It is pointed out from our experience in this investigation that the U. S. Department of State as well as all other Federal agencies involved have cooperated to the fullest extent with the Commission and Martin is merely up to her old ramblings again.

FBI

Date: 7/27/64

REC-44

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

to AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)  
FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)  
SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Re SAC letter 64-23(B) dated 4/28/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies and for Oklahoma City one copy of a letterhead memorandum setting forth the contents of a letter received from Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, aka Shirley Martin, of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Copy of this letterhead memorandum is being furnished the Oklahoma City Division in view of the fact Mrs. MARTIN resides in the territory covered by that Division.

The Bureau may desire to disseminate enclosed letterhead memorandum to the President's Commission.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 10)
- 1 - Oklahoma City (105-783) (Info) (Enc. 1)
- 2 - Dallas

RPG:vm  
(6)

C. C. Wick

1cc LHM. airtel for info. RDR  
JCC for P. C. Commission

REC-44

ST-108

17 JUL 29 1964

62-107060-3555

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

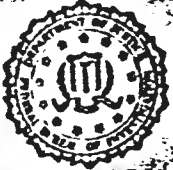
Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
July 27, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On July 25, 1964, the following quoted letter was received at the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation postmarked at Hominy, Oklahoma, July 24, 1964, and bearing the return address "Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma;"

"World Press

"Llewellyn Thompson, Ambassador to Russia during the years Lee Oswald lived there as an avowed defector, has DECLINED to testify before the Warren Commission.

"Mr. Thompson declines to explain to the Commission exactly WHY State Department authorities have ruled that Oswald did NOT renounce his citizenship when it is a matter of historical record that he DID.

"Nor will Abba Schwartz explain to the Commission the rapid clearance (24 hours) given by his department of a passport to a former defector.

"Yet, the reason for the dilemma in which these two career men find themselves is obvious. Mr. Warren is aware of it because he has been privately informed. Other members of the Commission surmise it; while a few others are completely in the dark.

"Honesty from the beginning would have been the best national policy. Now the sadness is becoming unbearable.

"Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
7/24/64

cc: 100"

COPY DESTROYED

42 JAN 9 1965

EX 109  
REC-65

62-107060 3556

July 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 23, 1964, requesting deletions to be made to two photographs contained in a booklet previously furnished by the FBI entitled "The Assassination of President Kennedy--Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas."

Enclosed, per your request, are four glossy prints each of the following exhibits:

1. Southeast corner of sixth floor showing arrangement of cartons shortly after shots were fired (exhibit #30).
2. Approximate location of wrapping-paper bag and location of palm print on carton near window in southeast corner (exhibit #33).

The enclosed material complies with the request in your letter dated July 23, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Enclosures (8)

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen (Malley)

1 - Mr. Conrad (Shaneyfelt) (Enclosures)

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. DeLoach

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
JUL 30 2 04 PM '64

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-107060-79

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

AL WARREN  
CHARD B. RUSSELL  
RON SHERMAN COOPER  
ALE BOGGS  
ERALD A. FORD  
HEN J. MCCLORY  
LEN W. DULLES

Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

JUL 23

*Handwritten:* Copy to President John F. Kennedy  
7. 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Your Bureau has furnished the Commission with a booklet entitled "The Assassination of President Kennedy - Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas." This booklet contains many photographs which have been most useful in the Commission's investigation.

The Commission would like four glossy prints of photograph No. 30 of this booklet. We would like you to delete from this photograph the words "(See Ex. 33)" appearing near the top of this photograph as well as the number "30" appearing in the lower left hand corner. The Commission would also like four glossy prints of photograph No. 33, with the deletion of number "33" appearing in the lower left hand corner.

Mr. Norman Redlich of the Commission staff has communicated this request verbally to Inspector Leo Gauthier of your Bureau.

Sincerely,

*Handwritten signature:* J. Lee Rankin  
J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

REC-65

EX-100

3556

JUL 24 1964

31



July 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of June 18, 1964, requesting that Chief Jesse Curry of the Dallas Police Department be interviewed concerning the telephone call allegedly made to his residence by Captain W. E. Frazier on the early morning of November 24, 1963. You were advised of the results of our interview with Chief Curry concerning this matter by letter dated July 1, 1964.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated July 17, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the results of a subsequent interview with Chief Curry wherein he corrects his previous statement.

REC-65 62-107060 Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

32 JUL 30

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

JWH:vow  
(7)

NOTE:

When Chief Curry was previously interviewed concerning the telephone call above, he stated that he did not receive the call and had no knowledge that his telephone was out of order. Frazier had previously testified for the Commission that he made such a call, got a busy signal, and the operator said the line was out of order. Chief Curry states, however, that after discussing the matter with his wife he learned that she had taken the telephone off the hook during the period in question.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

FBI

Date: 7/17/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

Via \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) (44-24016) ATTN.: INSPECTOR  
H.L. EDWARDS

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (44-1639) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

JACK L. RUBY, aka.;  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM  
CR

Re: WALTER E. CRAIG

Re telephone call from Inspector EDWARDS to SAC  
J. GORDON SHANKLIN, 7/15/64.

Pursuant to referenced telephone request, WALTER  
E. CRAIG, President of the American Bar Association, and  
CHARLES MURRAY, Director of the Legal Aid Agency, of the  
District of Columbia, were met at Love Field, Dallas, Texas,  
on their arrival, 8:14 P.M., July 15, 1964, by SAC SHANKLIN.  
They were quartered in the Sheraton-Dallas Hotel through  
arrangements made by SAC SHANKLIN.

On July 16, 1964, per Mr. CRAIG's request, he  
and Mr. MURRAY were taken over the Presidential Motorcade  
route from Love Field, Dallas, up to Parkland Hospital;  
over the route used by LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the Texas

(4 - Bureau  
4 - Dallas (2 - 89-43) (2 - 44-1639) (1 - 3)  
BDO/ds  
(8)

17 JUL 20 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED COPY FILED

DL 89-43

School Book Depository building to the Texas Theatre following the shooting of President KENNEDY; over the route used by LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the morning of November 22, 1963, from the residence of RUTH PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, to the Texas School Book Depository building; and, over the route believed to have been used by LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository building to the front exit of the building via the second floor lunch room.

They also inspected the Texas School Book Depository building sixth floor in the area of the window from which the shots were fired, and where the empty rifle cases were found, the site where the rifle was recovered on the sixth floor, the stairs along the west side of the building down to the second floor, the lunch room, the office area toward the south side of the second floor, and the front steps from the second floor to the first floor.

They also inspected the immediate area along Elm Street in front of and west of the Texas School Book Depository building where the shots hit which killed President JOHN F. KENNEDY, and inspected the approximate locations where these shots were believed to have hit.

They also inspected the emergency entrance and room at Parkland Hospital where the President was taken following the firing of the shots, and examined the corridor near the emergency elevator where the slug was found on a hospital carrier.

They also inspected the interior of the PAINE home at 2515 West 5th, Irving, Texas, including the attached garage, the bedroom where MARINA OSWALD resided, the living room, and the kitchen-den.

They also inspected the area where BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER had parked his car at 2439 West 5th, Irving, Texas, on the morning of November 22, 1963, and the area where he parked it on arriving at work on that same morning.



DL 89-43

They also inspected the interior of the Texas Theatre, and the seat in which LEE HARVEY OSWALD was sitting just prior to his apprehension on November 22, 1963, was observed by them.

They also examined the foyer of the Hardy Shoe Store; 213 West Jefferson, where OSWALD was observed just prior to entering the Texas Theatre.

They also looked at Parking Space 17 in the lot behind the Ballew's Texaco Service Station, 401 East Jefferson, where a jacket was found under a car on November 22, 1963.

They also proceeded from the point of the killing of Officer J. D. TIPPIT to the residence address of JACK RUBY, 223 South Ewing, noting the relation between these two locations.

Mr. CRAIG and Mr. MURRAY also observed the location of "The Dallas Morning News" building, where JACK RUBY was reported to be at the time of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY; the location of the Vegas Club, 3508 Oak Lawn; and, the former location of the Carousel Club, 1312½ Commerce.

On July 16, 1964, during the inspection of the areas indicated, Mr. CRAIG and Mr. MURRAY interviewed Mrs. RUTH PAINE, BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, ROY S. TRULY, O. V. CAMPBELL and Mrs. ROBERT A. REID, Texas School Book Depository, and O. P. WRIGHT, Parkland Hospital.

On July 17, 1964, Mr. CRAIG and Mr. MURRAY observed the parking lot directly across the street from Western Union where JACK RUBY left his car on the morning of November 24, 1963; the location of Western Union, 2034 Main Street; and, examined the City Hall, third floor area, fourth floor and fifth floor jail areas, basement area, ramp area, and rode the elevator on which LEE HARVEY OSWALD was taken from the third floor to the basement on November 24, 1963, just prior to the time he was shot.

DL 89-43

They also examined the living quarters of OSWALD at 621 North Marsalis (October 7 to 14, 1963).

On this same date, Mr. CRAIG and Mr. MURRAY also interviewed MARY BLEDSOE, 621 North Marsalis, who was on the bus which OSWALD boarded in downtown Dallas after the shooting of President JOHN F. KENNEDY; Chief of Police JESSE CURRY, and MARINA OSWALD.

Both Mr. CRAIG and Mr. MURRAY were quite complimentary concerning the Federal Bureau of Investigation and expressed their gratitude to the Director for the assistance given to them by the FBI and Dallas during their visit.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Griffith - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enclosure
- DATE: July 24, 1964
- 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Neill - Enclosure

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : Mr. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
11/23/63

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Reference memorandum dated February 26, 1964, from W. D. Griffith concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 7/24/64, SA Cortlandt Cunningham, while at the Commission on another matter, was requested by Miss Mary L. Nowcotsky to take custody of the two exhibits listed on the attached list. She further requested that the Commission be furnished with three copies of each exhibit not previously reproduced.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner of the Laboratory's Document Section.

ACTION: Exhibits will be photographed and three copies will be furnished to the Commission as requested. Inasmuch as both exhibits were originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau, they will be kept in Bureau custody.

62-109000

REC-65

62-107060-3559

Enclosure

EX 103

16 JUL 30 1964

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Tavel - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention - C. J. Smith) - Enclosure

CC: (1)

ENCLOSURE

1 JUL 21 1964  
AUG 5 1964

SEARCHED  
SERIALIZED  
INDEXED  
FILED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED



6/24/64

FBI  
ITEM NO.

EXHIBIT  
EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

D209

1

Color print from Mrs. Nyco  
(Minsk)

D211

2

Color print from Mrs. Kramer

ENCLOSURE

62-107060-5

FBI

Date: 7/29/64

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 8 copies of a LHM setting forth investigation regarding allegations concerning MELVIN GOODMAN, Chicago, Illinois. 1 copy of this LHM is enclosed for the Dallas Division.

Also enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies of an insert containing the above information.

Dissemination of this LHM has been made locally to the Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois.

In view of the type of allegation, and the fact that Chicago has no pertinent information concerning MELVIN GOODMAN mentioned in the LHM, no further investigation is being conducted in connection with this matter.

ENCLOSURE  
3 Bureau (Encl. 8)

1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 26)

1 - Chicago

CLB/rms

(5)

16 JUL 31 1964

Approved: [Signature]

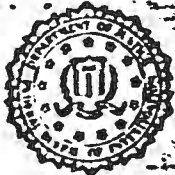
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

9 AUG 4 - 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
July 29, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

On July 27, 1964, an individual telephonically contacted the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and identified herself as a supervisor of the Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Chicago, Illinois. This individual stated that a Mrs. Wernick stated she had some information concerning the assassination of the President; that her 13-year-old child is in danger; and that she is not mentally disturbed. This Telephone Company supervisor stated she had determined Mrs. Wernick's telephone number was CO 7-7344, located at 5005 North Lawndale, Chicago. The telephone is listed to Rabbi Moshe Wernick.

Mrs. Moshe (Goldie I.) Wernick, 5005 North Lawndale, Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed on July 27, 1964. Mrs. Wernick, at the time of this interview, was very upset and appeared to be in a rather confused state inasmuch as she talked very incoherent. Mrs. Wernick stated she was very worried and in fear for her 13-year-old son. She stated that her mother had recently passed away, and she is presently in a state of mourning in connection with this death. Mrs. Wernick stated her husband is Rabbi Moshe Wernick, and that he is aware of what is "happening" to

COPY DESTROYED

44 JAN 9 1973



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

her son, but he feels that she, Mrs. Wernick, is "insane." Mrs. Wernick stated that she has been in mental institutions in the past and has suffered from mental disorders. She stated, however, she did not consider herself mentally insane, and believes that many people are plotting against her and her son.

Mrs. Wernick stated that Mr. Melvin Goodman, Administrator at the Jewish University of America, Skokie, Illinois, is trying to poison her son by causing employees at the cafeteria where her son attends school to place poison in her son's food. According to Mrs. Wernick, the Jewish University of America is located at 7135 Carpenter, Skokie, Illinois, and Mr. Goodman's home address is 5444 Brummel, Chicago, Illinois.

Mrs. Wernick stated that Mr. Goodman came to the Chicago area from Texas, place unknown, but she felt it must have been Dallas since she believes most of the Jewish people in Texas reside in Dallas. She stated that since Mr. Goodman was from Texas, and since he is involved in efforts to poison her son, she feels that he is possibly connected in some way with the assassination of the President. Mrs. Wernick, when asked her reasons in connection with this allegation, stated that she could comment no further concerning this.

At this point in the interview, Mrs. Wernick became very emotional in her conversation and kept commenting that many people were trying to do away with her and her son. These comments were incoherent.

FBI

Date: 7/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM : SAC, Boston (89-43)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, 7/15/64.

On 7/27/64, Commissioner EDMUND McNAMARA,  
Boston Police Department advised SA LEONARD M.  
PRISOLI that the Secret Service had informed him of  
Sergeant W. KEMPE'S letter to Mrs. JACQUELINE  
KENNEDY and that this matter had been handled by  
his department.

3 - Bureau (62-109060)  
1 - Boston (89-43)

DBC/svc  
(4)

EX 117

REC 59

62 109060 3561  
JUL 31 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per *[Signature]*

79 AUG 4 - 1964

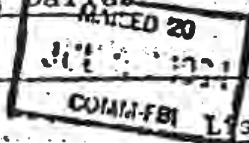


Invoice of Contents from  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Date 7/24/64

Case Reference ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY  
Bufile 62-109060

Consigned to: SAC, Dallas



715503

List of Contents

7/27/64

1 roll 35 mm positive film  
1 roll 35 mm negative film  
15 Xerox prints

Crypt.-Trans.

Document

Electronics

Physics-Chemistry

LFPS

REGISTERED CLAIMS: Mail Room, place date of shipment and registry number;  
Shipping Room, show date of shipment, bill of lading number and initial this  
invoice; then return it to section checked in column at right. After this  
checked section has been initialed, invoice should be placed in administrative

74 JUL 31 1964



7/30/64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan
- (J.M. Suzoo, R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - I. W. Conrad
- (B.P. Fisher)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

AIRTEL

To: SACs, Dallas (100-10461) (Enc 2)  
New York (Enc 2)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA  
IS - R - CUBA  
ATTENTION CRIMINAL SECTION

Enclosed for Dallas and New York is one copy of a self-explanatory undated letter from the President's Commission which was received at the Bureau on 7/29/64. This letter concerns the appearance of Attorney Mark Lane on the Barry Gray Radio Program over Station WJCA in New York City. Also enclosed is a verbatim transcription of that part of the radio program pertinent to the Commission's request.

A copy of the taperecordings furnished by the Commission have been made for retention in Bureau files and a verbatim transcription of the entire program will be prepared at the Bureau and furnished for the information of New York and review and analysis by Dallas in the immediate future.

The alleged witness to the Tippit shooting specified in the Commission's letter could not be identified at the Bureau based on the information supplied by Lane in the taperecording. Dallas is instructed to immediately comply with the Commission's request and review all investigation relating to the Tippit slaying and endeavor to identify the witness referred to. The results of this review should be incorporated in an appropriate letterhead memorandum for dissemination to the Commission insuring that the specific questions raised by the Commission are suitably answered. Any other information which would have a bearing on this matter or tend to clarify, refute or substantiate Lane's allegation should of course be included in the letterhead memorandum. Since your letterhead memorandum will be furnished to the Commission, no subsequent reporting of this matter is desired.

- 1 - 62-109060 (Assassination of President Kennedy)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:imt  
(13)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

62-109060  
NOT RECORDED  
170 AUG 3 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

AUG 7 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Airtel to SACs Dallas and New York  
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

You will note that the enclosed excerpts from the tape recording tend to indicate that Lane will play a recording of this "new" witness on the radio program, however the tape actually played is of a conversation of Lane with Helen Markham which the Commission is aware of.

Any developments indicating possible embarrassment to the Bureau as a result of this request should be furnished to the Bureau expeditiously.

New York through its sources should endeavor to determine the date and time the recording in question was made. Also endeavor to determine if Lane is scheduled to appear on any of Gray's future programs. If Lane is to appear, appropriate arrangements should be made to tape the program and prepare a verbatim transcription for the information of Dallas and the Bureau. The source of the taperecordings or the date of the Gray program is unknown to the Bureau. The taperecording runs for approximately 52 minutes and 20 seconds and relates entirely to the assassination.

NOTE: The let and tapes obtained from Attorney N. Redlich, 4:30 pm, 7/29/64 and hand delivered by SA Cortlandt Cunningham. Lane is the oft-married, former NY Assemblyman, [redacted] he is reported closely associated with CP dominated organizations and has traveled about the country making speeches on the assassination.

Tapes dubbed by SA B. P. Fisher and monitored by SA R. D. Rogge on 7/29/64. Tapes contain the same biased, maliciously calculated half-truths and theories proffered by Lane since the assassination to prove Oswald was "framed" and that the Government, particularly the FBI, concealed, tampered with and altered evidence. The Commission request is based on Lane's allegation he furnished us the identity of "another" witness who saw two men participate in Tippit's murder. We allegedly interviewed this witness several times but she has not been called before the Commission. Based on info available to the Bureau, no such story has been received and the identity of the witness is unknown. The original Commission tapes will be returned per its request at the time it is furnished the results of our investigation.

- 2 -

The dubbed tapes prepared by the Bureau, currently being transcribed, will be made a part of this serial when completed.

July 31, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malby  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

This is in reference to your request of June 30, 1964, relative to the allegation that Lee Harvey Oswald and his wife, Marina, were seen in a furniture store in Irving, Texas, during November, 1963, and thereafter directed to the Irving Sport Shop where it was alleged that he had a scope mounted on a rifle.

Enclosed are two copies each of two memoranda dated July 13, 1964, New Orleans, Louisiana, and July 20, 1964, Dallas, Texas, both captioned, "Lee Harvey Oswald."

No further investigation is being conducted by this Bureau relative to this allegation.

Sincerely yours,

105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)  
① - 62-109060 (Assassination)  
HAS:cjr  
(9)

Enclosures (4)

NOTE: This matter relates to the repair tag located at the Irving Sport Shop, Irving, Texas, bearing the name "Oswald." Dial D. Ryder, employee of the sport shop, admitted preparing this tag and has been interviewed on several occasions by the Bureau and also the President's Commission. However, our investigation indicates Ryder

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

162-109060-  
NOT RECORDED  
170 AUG 4 1964

79 AUG 5 - 1964

ORIGINAL FILED



NOTE, CONTINUED

may have fabricated the repair tag. The only fact that lends credence to his story are the comments made by Mrs. Edith Whitworth, who formerly operated a used furniture store near the gun shop, who alleged Lee Harvey Oswald appeared in her shop during November, 1963, and was directed to the sport shop. Marina Oswald has previously denied being in the furniture store and the Commission is attempting to resolve this situation. Check for female babies born on October 20, 1963, which is the day Marina Oswald's child was born, relates to comments by Mrs. Whitworth, whose grandson was of a similar age. Our investigation did not establish any of the parents whose children were born on October 20, 1963, were in Whitworth's store and were possibly mistaken by Mrs. Whitworth for the Oswalds.

**MR. TROTTER**

**7-31-64**

**S. F. Latona**

**LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA**

**REQUEST FOR AFFIDAVIT**

I testified at The President's Commission hearing concerning fingerprint examinations made by me. Fingerprint Examiner Ronald G. Wittmus also examined the evidence in this case. On July 29, 1964, Norman Redlich, of the General Counsel's Staff of The President's Commission, requested an affidavit from Wittmus that he reviewed my testimony, that he examined the items submitted for latent print examination, and that he independently reached the same conclusions as given in my sworn testimony before The President's Commission.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

That attached letter and affidavit be sent to General Counsel of The President's Commission.

**105-82553**

**Enc.**

**1 - Mr. Belmont**

**1 - Mr. Conrad**

**1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)**

**1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan)**

**① - 62-109080 (Assassination)**

**1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)**

**RGW:sem**

**(7)**

**162-157060-  
N. D. R. 170 AUG 4 1964**

**79 AUG 5 - 1964**



July 31, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C. 20002

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed is an affidavit executed by Mr. Ronald G. Wittmus concerning testimony given before The President's Commission. This affidavit was requested by Mr. Norman Redlich of your staff.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (copy of affidavit attached)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (copy of affidavit attached)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge (copy of affidavit attached)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (copy of affidavit attached)

RGW:sem  
(8)

105-82555

62-109060 (Assassination)

62-109090 (President's Commission)

107060  
NOT RECORDED  
170 AUG 4 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

79 AUG 5 - 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Washington  
District of Columbia  
July 31, 1964

I, Ronald G. Wittmus, have reviewed the testimony of Sebastian Francis Lalona before The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy and I agree with the conclusions stated therein.

I have conducted independent examinations of the items which were the subject of Mr. Lalona's testimony and on the basis of these independent examinations I reached the same conclusions reached by Sebastian Francis Lalona.

Ronald G. Wittmus

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public, in and for the District of Columbia, on this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1964, by \_\_\_\_\_ personally known to me.

My commission expires \_\_\_\_\_

RECORDED 62-127000



FBI

Date: 7/31/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, PITTSBURGH (62-2931) RUC  
 RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
 MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau R/S 7/23/64, forwarding data from Legat London relative to allegations by British Seaman J. A. RAWLES regarding THOMAS HARVEY, eccentric millionaire from Pennsylvania.

There is no information identifiable with THOMAS HARVEY in Pittsburgh indices. In view of negative information, no insert being submitted.

3-Bureau  
 1-Dallas (89-43)  
 1-Pittsburgh  
 GTH/jw  
 (5)

REC-11

62-107060-3562

AIR TEL

AUG 3 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 5 - 1964

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
July 29, 1964

By Courier Service

1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Woodcock

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Pursuant to a telephonic request by Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, of your staff, on July 16, 1964, the Commission exhibits listed below were obtained and photographed:

Lillian Murrel Exhibit number 1  
Seth Kantor Exhibit number 2  
McMillon Exhibits numbered 5018 and 5020  
Crafard Exhibits numbered 5200A through 5200E,  
5201, 5207 through 5211, 5213, 5214, 5214A, 5215  
through 5220, 5222, 5228A, 5228B, 5229A, 5229B,  
5230  
Dean Exhibits numbered 5007 and 5138  
Tormey Exhibit number 1  
A. Johnson Exhibit number 5A  
Semingsen Exhibit number 3001  
Holmes Exhibits numbered 1, 2, 3 and 6  
Crowe Exhibits numbered 2 through 6  
Sluckey Exhibits numbered 1 and 4

1 - Dallas (100-10461) Enclosures (2)

62-109060

NOTE FOR DALLAS: Enclosed for Dallas is one set of photographs of the above-mentioned Commission exhibits, together with a listing of same.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM  
JUL 29 10 13 AM '64

BY COURIER SVC.  
30 JUL 29  
COMM-FBI

AUG 3 1964

19 AUG 5 - 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Armstrong Exhibits numbered 5300A through 5300F,  
5301A through 5301E, 5302, 5303A through 5303M,  
5304A, 5304B, 5305A through 5305S, 5306A, 5306B,  
5307A, 5308

Gerald L. Hill Exhibits designated A, B, C

Enclosed herewith are three sets of photographs of the  
above-mentioned exhibits, together with the exhibits themselves, with  
the exception of Holmes Exhibits numbered 1, 2, 3 and 6 which were  
returned to you previously.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (98)

NOTE: The telephonic request from the Commission was received  
by SA Roy H. Jevons and the exhibits were obtained by  
SA Robert E. Neill on the same date. The Commission  
made no request that the Bureau retain exhibits which  
were not originally in its custody.

It is noted that a number of exhibits photographed are  
multiple pages or multiple portion exhibits and in order  
to avoid confusion the three sets of photographs are being  
counted as three enclosures. The Holmes exhibits were  
returned to the Commission on FCW:emh  
7/24/64 at the request of Miss  
Rowcotsky and this was confirmed  
by letter 7/27/64.



7/29/64

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Lillian Merret 1*	Photograph of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Ekdaal on their wedding day, 5/5/45
Seah Kantor 2*	Floor plan of basement parking area in Dallas PD headquarters building
McMillon 5016*	Floor plan of basement parking area in Dallas PD headquarters building
McMillon 5020*	Report of Detective T. D. McMillon to Chief of Police, Dallas PD re Oswald homicide
Craford 5200A*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Craford 5200B*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Craford 5200C*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Craford 5200D*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Craford 5200E*	Photograph of Ruby and two unidentified women standing in front of nightclub
Craford 5201*	Photograph of unidentified people sitting in a cocktail lounge
Craford 5207*	Photograph of Ruby and two striptersers, "Little Lynn" and "Joy Sale"
Craford 5203*	Photograph of Ruby in a nightclub
Craford 5209*	Photograph of female nightclub entertainer, not otherwise identified
Craford 5210*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5211*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5213*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5214*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5214A*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5215*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5216*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5217*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence
Craford 5218*	3" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence

AUG

62-1-1-60

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Craford 5219\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence

Craford 5220\*

9" by 10" photograph showing series of small photographs of a striptease sequence

Craford 5222\*

Photograph of Eddie Rocco

Craford 5222A\*

Photograph of discharge document (Army) of Curtis Laverne Craford

Craford 5222B\*

Photograph showing several pieces of paper bearing notations of names, dates, etc.

Craford 5223A\*

Photograph of the cover of a subpoena re Jack Ruby trial

Craford 5223B\*

Photograph of a subpoena to Curtis L. Craford re Jack Ruby trial

Craford 5230\*

Consists of eleven 8" by 10" photographs of a diary book and various pages therein belonging to C. L. Craford

Dean 5120\*

Small reel of recording tape bearing an interview, not otherwise identified

Dean 5037\*

Diagram of parking area in basement of Dallas PD headquarters building

Formey 1\*

2 Placards re Defense Committee (Gus Hall - Benjamin J. Davis) - "End McCarthyism," photographic negative of placard and note from Oswald soliciting photo work

L. Johnson 5A\*

Photograph bearing caption "Read the Worker" - "You want to know about Peace, Democracy, etc."

Sammingsen 9001\*

Reproductions of nine Western Union telegrams received by and sent to Ruby

Holmes 1\*

Reproduction of P. O. box application by Ruby

Holmes 2\*

Reproduction of advertisement of Klein's Sporting Goods

Holmes 3\*

Reproduction of Ruby's application for a P. O. box

Holmes 6\*

Reproduction of an application signed by Jack Ruby for a P. O. box

Crowe 2\*

Signed statement by William D. Crowe, Jr.

Crowe 3\*

8" by 10" photograph showing striptease sequence of "Little Lynn" (Karen Bennett)

Crowe 4\*

Photograph of nightclub interior, not otherwise identified

Crowe 5\*

Photograph of nightclub interior, not otherwise identified

Crowe 6\*

Photograph of nightclub scene and female entertainer, not otherwise identified

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Stuckey 1\*

Pamphlet entitled "The Cuban Episode and the American Press - April 9 - 23, 1961"

Stuckey 2\*

Reel of audio tape of interview with Oswald

Armstrong 5800A\*

Photograph of Ruby and two women

Armstrong 5800B\*

Photograph of Ruby and two women

Armstrong 5800C\*

Photograph of Ruby and two women

Armstrong 5800D\*

Photograph of Ruby and two women

Armstrong 5800E\*

Photograph of Ruby and two women

Armstrong 5800F\*

Photograph of Ruby and two women

Armstrong 5801A\*

Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women

Armstrong 5801B\*

Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women

Armstrong 5801C\*

Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women

Armstrong 5801D\*

Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women

Armstrong 5801E\*

Photograph of Ruby seated at desk and two women

Armstrong 5802\*

Photograph of Eddie Rocco

Armstrong 5802A\*

Photograph showing smaller photographs of various nightclub scenes

Armstrong 5802B\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5802C\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5802D\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5802E\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5802F\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5802G\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5802H\*

8" by 10" photograph showing series of smaller photographs of striptease sequence

Armstrong 5803\*

Photograph of nightclub scene and female entertainer

Armstrong 5804\*

Photograph of nightclub scene showing various patrons, not identified

Armstrong 5805\*

Photograph of nightclub scene showing various patrons, not identified

Armstrong 5806\*

Photograph of Ruby on a nightclub stage

Armstrong 5807\*

Photograph of Ruby on a nightclub stage

Armstrong 5808\*

Photograph of nightclub interior showing various patrons, not identified



**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Armstrong 53043*	Photograph of night club entertainer, not identified
Armstrong 53051*	Photograph of spiral notebook and various pages
53055*	
Armstrong 53062 - 3*	Photograph of "While You Were Out" telephone messages
Armstrong 53071*	Photograph of piece of paper showing address of T. E. Smith
Armstrong 53083*	Eighteen 6" by 10" photographs of various pages of a spiral notebook
Gerald L. Hill A*	Photograph showing view of Oswald homicide scene
Gerald L. Hill B*	Photograph showing Oswald and police officers as Oswald was being taken from the Texas theater
Gerald L. Hill C*	Photograph of scene in front of Texas theater

FBI

Date: 7/28/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: SAC, BALTIMORE (62-new)  
SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

Randolph Hills,  
Rockville, Maryland  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

ReBAairtel to Bureau and Dallas, 7/17/64, captioned  
"ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION  
CONCERNING".

Enclosed for Bureau are 10 copies of letterhead memorandum  
and for Dallas one copy captioned as above. Although Mrs.  
[REDACTED] in her first communication to the Governor of Texas  
mentioned the assassination of President KENNEDY, in her  
subsequent communication, copy of which is attached to each  
copy of letterhead memorandum, she did not make any reference  
to the assassination of President KENNEDY. This material  
has therefore been submitted under a caption other than that  
of the assassination of President KENNEDY, in line with  
previous instructions received from Bureau in a similar  
prior incident.

No further investigation will be conducted UACB.

- 4 - Bureau (1 - 62-109060) (Enc. 20)  
(REGIS. MAIL)  
2 - Dallas (1 - 89-43) (Info.) (Enc. 2)  
(REGIS. AIRMAIL)  
2 - San Antonio (1 - 89-67) (REGIS. AIRMAIL)  
2 - Baltimore (1 - 89-30)

JSR:df1

(19) ENCLOSURE

REC 39

JUL 29 1964

C. C. Wick

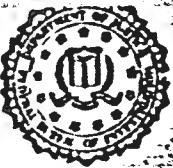
Approved: 79 AUG 5 1964  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Baltimore, Maryland

July 28, 1964

RE: [REDACTED]

Randolph Hills,  
Rockville, Maryland

Attached is a copy of a letter sent by Mrs. [REDACTED] Randolph Hills, Rockville, Maryland, to the Honorable Governor JOHN CONNOLLY, Executive Mansion, Austin, Texas. This letter was furnished to the San Antonio Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on July 16, 1964, by [REDACTED] Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas. Mr. TEMPLE advised that he had furnished copies of the attached letter to the United States Secret Service in Austin, Texas.

At the time a previous similar communication had been received by the Governor of Texas from Mrs. SHAFFER, the following information was developed concerning her:

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Clerk, D.C. Credit Bureau, Washington, D.C., advised records of that Bureau reflected [REDACTED] of [REDACTED] Rockville, Maryland, has been [REDACTED] to the D. C. Credit Bureau since July, 1961. [REDACTED] is married to [REDACTED] and they have been at the [REDACTED] address since [REDACTED]. They are buying their home there. The [REDACTED] formerly lived at [REDACTED], Washington, D.C. Mrs. [REDACTED] is a white female, approximately 50 years of age. Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed as a payroll clerk by the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland.

On July 16, 1964, [REDACTED] Staff Accountant, Accounting and Auditing Section, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, advised that he is the immediate supervisor of Mrs. [REDACTED]. Mrs. [REDACTED] has been employed as a payroll clerk since January, 1957. [REDACTED] stated that during the past two years Mrs. [REDACTED] has been on extended sick leave and leave without pay and will shortly be retired because of medical disability. He added that at one time she was a valued and reliable employee but now appears to be an extremely emotionally upset woman.

COPIES DESTROYED 7/1

1 21 JAN 26 1973

Routed To:

Temple

JOHNSON - PUPPET OF THE POPE

A VOTE FOR JOHNSON

IS THE

KISS OF DEATH

FOR

A-M-E-R-I-C-A

\*\*\*\*\*

JOHNSON HAS JOINED HITLER, MUSSOLINI, TOJO, STALIN, KHRUSHCHEV, MAO TSE TUNG, AS

PUPPETS OF THE POPE

\*\*\*\*\*

THE POPE, HIS ABOVE PUPPETS AND ROMAN CATHOLIC HIERARCHY ARE CRADLE KILLERS IN  
HEATHEN CANNIBALISM OF PROTESTANT CHRISTIAN HUMAN BEINGS. THEY BEGAN BY MUTILATING  
AND SLAUGHTERING OUR LORD AND SAVIOR, JESUS CHRIST AND NAILING HIS HELPLESS BODY TO  
AN OLD CRUDE RUINED CROSS. FOR MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND YEARS LATER THE ROMAN CATHOLIC  
POPES AND THEIR PUPPETS FED LIVE PROTESTANT CHRISTIANS, MEN, WOMEN AND LITTLE CHILD-  
REN TO WILD ANIMALS IN THE ROMAN COLISEUM BY THE THOUSANDS. ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND  
WERE SLAUGHTERED IN IRELAND, IN FRANCE, IN ITALY, AND IN SPAIN, NOT TO MENTION THE  
THOUSANDS OF HUGENOTS SLAUGHTERED IN THE STREETS OF FRANCE DURING THE BLOODY BAN-  
TIEN MASSACRE. THESE SLAUGHTERS AND PERSECUTIONS OF PROTESTANT CHRISTIANS CON-  
TINUED EVEN AFTER ALMIGHTY GOD HAD GUIDED US TO OUR VERY OWN LAND, AMERICA IN 1620.  
THE ROMAN CATHOLIC DEVILS EVEN FOLLOWED US TO AMERICA AND POSED ON OUR GULLIBLE  
NATURE UNTIL WE PERMITTED THEM TO ENTER OUR COUNTRY AND THEY HAVE CAUSED ALL OF OUR  
TROUBLE AND WARS EVER SINCE.

THEY INSTIGATED THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR, GEORGE WASHINGTON, THOMAS JEFFERSON, PATRICK  
HENRY AND OTHERS WARNED US THEN NOT TO TRUST THEM AND STAY AWAY FROM THEM.

ENCLOSURE

HOW CAN OUR CONGRESSMEN THAT HAVE BEEN SENT TO WASHINGTON BREAK THE TRUST OF THEIR CONSTITUENTS THAT WAS BESTOWED UPON THEM BY THE VOTERS ? HOW CAN THE CONGRESSMEN, REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS CARE SO LITTLE FOR INNOCENT HUMAN LIFE THAT THEY UNBESIT-  
 ANTLY AND WILLINGLY TURN THESE BLOODTHIRSTY CANNIBALISTIC ROMAN CATHOLICS LOOSE  
 TO MASSACRE PROTESTANT AMERICANS JUST TO KILL AND SATISFY THEIR BLOODTHIRSTY SOULS ?  
 SINCE 1861 THE ROMAN CATHOLICS HAVE MURDERED IN COLD BLOOD THREE PRESIDENTS OF THE  
 UNITED STATES AND ATTEMPTED TO MURDER TWO OTHER PRESIDENTS AS FOLLOWS:

<u>NAME OF PRESIDENT</u>	<u>DATE OF ASSASSINATION</u>	<u>DATE OF ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION</u>	<u>RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION</u>	<u>CITY WHERE MURDER WAS COMMITTED</u>
ABRAHAM LINCOLN	APRIL 14, 1865		ROMAN CATHOLIC	WASHINGTON, D. C.
JAMES A. GARFIELD	JULY 2, 1881		ROMAN CATHOLIC	WASHINGTON, D. C.
HARRY S. TRUMAN		NOV. 1, 1950	ROMAN CATHOLIC	WASHINGTON, D. C.
WILLIAM MCKINLEY	SEPT. 6, 1901		ROMAN CATHOLIC	BUFFALO, NEW YORK
FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT		FEB. 15, 1933	ROMAN CATHOLIC	MIAMI, FLORIDA

IF NOT FOR THEIR CONSTITUENTS, MAY OUR LIBERAL MORTAL CONGRESSMEN, ESPECIALLY THE  
 REPUBLICANS, OUT OF THEIR RESPECT FOR THEIR LEADER AND PRESIDENT OF THESE UNITED  
 STATES, ABRAHAM LINCOLN THAT WAS SHOT DOWN IN COLD BLOOD BY THE ROMAN CATHOLICS,  
 BUT NOT BEFORE HE SAVED THE UNION OF OUR STATES AND OUR FREEDOM FROM THE CLUTCHES  
 OF THESE HEATHEN KILLERS.

THE NORTHERN REPUBLICANS OWE A VERY SINCE DEBT IN THE NAME OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN TO  
 THE SOUTHERN CONGRESSMEN AND SOUTHERN PEOPLE, ONE HUNDRED YEARS OVERDUE. WHEN MR.  
 LINCOLN REVEALED TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE THAT IT WAS THE ROMAN CATHOLICS THAT HAD  
 STARTED THE CIVIL WAR AND KEPT IT GOING, THE SOUTHERNERS OF ALL WALKS OF LIFE INSTAN-  
 TLY JOINED FORCES WITH MR. LINCOLN, COLORED AND WHITE AND THEY WERE PLACED IN  
 SECRET SERVICE TO EXPOSE THE CONSPIRATORS. AMERICA WAS SAVED BY THE HELP OF THE  
 SOUTH AND IT IS NOW UP TO THE REPUBLICANS TO RETURN THIS FAVOR AND COME ON THE



HAVE NOTHING IN COMMON WITH ABRAHAM LINCOLN, AND IT IS A DISGRACE FOR THEM TO EVEN MENTION HIS NAME, THEY ARE NOT ONLY TRAITORS TO AMERICA BUT ENEMIES TO THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AND IN A CONSPIRACY TO DESTROY IT COMPLETELY, AND WILL ACCOMPLISH THIS IF THEY HAVE THEIR WAY.

THE ABOVE GENTLEMEN THAT PURTEND TO FOLLOW THE STEPS OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN IN RELATION TO LAWS OF OUR CONSTITUTION SHOULD READ THE HISTORY OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN AND HOW HE DEALT WITH THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND REFUSED TO INTRUDE OR ENTER ANY ONE OF THE STATES WITH FEDERAL TROOPS OR ACTION OF ANY KIND.

ROMAN CATHOLIC JUDGE TANEY OF MARYLAND IS THE ONE THAT PASSED THE FUGITIVE SLAVE ACT AND THE COLORED SHOULD READ HOW ROMAN CATHOLIC TANEY CALLED THEM TO HUMANE BEINGS. HE CALLED THEM ANIMALS AND THAT THEY DIDN'T DESERVE ANY RIGHTS OF A HUMAN BEING. IT IS IN BLACK AND WHITE AND THEY CAN READ IT FOR THEMSELVES. BY JOINING THE CATHOLICS TODAY THEY ARE HELPING TO MASSACRE THEIR OWN PEOPLE AND BRING ON THEIR OWN DESTRUCTION. THEY TALK ABOUT THE REPUTABLE MEN AND PROGRAMS ON THE RADIO THAT ARE TRYING TO TELL THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WHAT IS HAPPENING TO AMERICA, WHY DON'T THEY EXPOSE THE RIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN CIRCLE AND ROMAN CATHOLIC HOLLYWOODERS. THE RIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN CIRCLE HAD 30 CHAPTERS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK ALONE AND THOUSANDS ALL OVER THE UNITED STATES AND THE HOLLYWOODERS OPERATED IN THE COAL FIELDS OF PENNSYLVANIA AND THEY KILLED IN COLD BLOOD THOUSANDS OF PROTESTANTS. THEY KILLED POLICEMEN, BOMBS OF THE FIRE, AND REFUSED TO HIRE ANYONE THAT WASN'T A CATHOLIC OR PROHIBITANT BEAST.

THE GOLDEN CIRCLE ARE THE ONES THAT CARRIED OUT THEIR THREE DAY MASSACRE DURING 1862 ON THE COLORED PEOPLE OF NEW YORK WHILE MR. LINCOLN WAS IN GETTYSBURG. WHEN HE RETURNED HE KNEW IMMEDIATELY WHO WAS THE INSTIGATOR AND BACK OF THE MURDERS, MORE THAN ROMAN CATHOLIC, ARCH-DISGRACEFUL. MR. LINCOLN CALLED HIM IN AND TOLD HIM IF HE DIDN'T STOP IMMEDIATELY HE WOULD BE BRINGING IN FOR THE HANGING.

WHY HAVE MANY OF OUR CONGRESSMEN IN 1964, BECOME SO LAZINESS IN VIOLATING OUR CONSTITUTION AND JOINED THE CATHOLICS, JOHNSON AND COMMUNIST SUPREME COURT AND PASSED THE SO-CALLED CIVIL RIGHTS LAW THAT IS ABSOLUTELY UNCONSTITUTIONAL. DENYING THE CITIES AND STATES OF THEIR LEGAL RIGHTS AND UNDER GUARANTEES AND PROTECTIONS. PASSING IT INTO INDEPENDENT STATES AND INCITE REVOLUTIONS? IT WAS AGAINST THE LAW AND CONSTITUTIONAL FOR PRESIDENT ABRAHAM LINCOLN TO INVADGE STATES IN 1864, and IT IS AGAINST THE LAW AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL FOR PRESIDENT JOHNSON, THE CATHOLICS, AND SUPREME COURT IN 1964, THE ONLY DIFFERENCE WE HAD PATRIOTIC AMERICANS WITH GUNS IN 1864 and THE LAZINESS IN CONGRESS BECAME TRAITORS TO THEIR FELLOW-AMERICAN AND COUNTRY IN 1964.

I WOULD ALL STATE LEADERS FROM EVERY STATE TAKE UP ARMS AND JOIN MISSISSIPPI AND FORCE ALL INTRUDERS OUT OF THAT STATE AND THEN COME TO WASHINGTON AND CLEAN OUT THE WHITE HOUSE AND CABINET FOR. IF YOU DON'T THIS IS THE END OF OUR FREEDOM AND ABRAHAM LINCOLN AND OUR MILLIONS OF FATHERS, BROTHERS, HUSBANDS AND SONS LAID DOWN THEIR LIVES ON THE BATTLEFIELDS OF AMERICA AND FOREIGN JUNGLES IN VAIN. OUR TIME IS SHORT, THEIR BETTER WILL BE TO COMPLICATE OUR WEAPONS OF DEFENSE AND THE CONGRESS WE HAVE NOW WILL VOTE IT INTO LAW.

TO THE OFFICIALS IN MISSISSIPPI THE THREE GANGSTERS THAT YOU ARE SEARCHING FOR OF COURSE IS A HOAX, MAY I SUGGEST YOU PULL A FAST ONE AND SEARCH ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, CONVENTS AND CATHOLIC HOMES. MY OPINION IS YOU WILL FIND THE MISSING GANGSTERS PLUS AN ARSENAL OF GUNS, ETC. THAT YOU AND I PAID FOR. IT WAS PUBLISHED IN A BOOKLET PETER'S TOMB RECENTLY DISCOVERED IN JERUSALEM BY PETERSON, PETERSON, ETC. THAT ARSENALS ARE HIDDEN IN ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, CONVENTS, MONASTRIES, ETC. IT IS WORTH A TRY, YOU HAVE NOTHING TO LOSE, BUT EVERYTHING TO GAIN. THE REVOLUTION ON THE SOUTH WAS PLANNED FOR A REASON, PLEASE KEEP AN EYE ON OUR PROTESTS - BIRMINGHAM, QUEBEC, CANADA. WHAT HAS HAPPENED TO OUR SOLDIERS, HAVE THEY GONE TO JAIL...



Handolph Hills  
Koeftville, Md.



VIA AIR MAIL

The Honorable Governor, John Connelley  
Executive Mansion  
Austin, Texas



8-3-64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Files and Communications  
Division (Consolidation Unit)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Rerep of SA Robert P. Gemborling at Dallas dated 7-16-64.

The following observations, instructions and corrections were noted after a review of rerep. Those corrections indicated should be appropriately handled by receiving offices. All such corrections noted are being handled by the Bureau except where specifically set out to the contrary.

PAGE

CORRECTION

1

Paragraph 6, Line 1, Word 2,  
add "s"

4

Erase all underlining

5

Paragraph 5, Line 3, next to last  
word should be "in"

6

Paragraph 2, Lines 2, 3 and 4,  
put subject's mental condition in  
lower case letters

9, 11, 12

Use small "s" where ever  
"spiritualism" is used

1 - New Orleans (89-69)

1 - San Antonio (89-67)

RDR:las

(8) yf

EX 109

REC-9

10 AUG 3 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR

SEE NOTE FOR FILES & COMMUNICATIONS  
DIVISION, PAGE FOUR

AUG -3 1964

COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

PAGE

CORRECTION

13

Paragraph 3, Line 2, place comma after Word 1 and 4. Paragraph 5, Lines 5 and 6 put "charge" in lower case letters

29

Paragraph 5, Line 5, delete "s" from Word 8. Line 6 "watermarks" is one word

29

30

Paragraph 5, Line 2  
Paragraph 2, Line 2, Paragraph 3, Line 2, Paragraph 4, Line 2, Paragraph 5, Line 2

31

Line 1, "above-mentioned" should be hyphenated in all cases.

32

This page must be deleted as reference is made to the "National Security File of the FBI Laboratory." No such reference is permitted in an investigative report. Dallas should prepare an appropriate substitution page or other appropriate substitution for this page

41

Paragraph 5, Line 9, underline first letter, Word 1, and fifth space. Paragraph 6, underline space after "you"

68

69

Paragraph 3, Lines 8 and 9  
Line 6, put quotation marks around "National Guardian"

115

Erase all underlining with the exception of "Dallas Bar," Line 2, "Kennedy," Line 3, "Electric Shock," Line 23 and "mother," last line of letter



Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

PAGE

CORRECTION

116

Line 1, erase underlining.  
Paragraph 3, Line 8, first word,  
will be changed to "thought"  
unless advised to the contrary

119

An amended page should be submitted  
indicating whether this matter has  
been referred to the U. S. Secret  
Service if such is the case. It is  
felt this is necessary in view of  
the seriousness of the threat and  
to preclude any questions from the  
President's Commission.

121

Paragraph 3, Line 6, put quotation  
marks before Word 4

216, 221,  
222, 223

Erase all underlining appearing  
on these pages

241

Paragraph 4, Line 2, Word 1,  
should be "blamed"

252

Penultimate paragraph, Line 5,  
Word 3, should be "inventor"

253

Paragraph 2, Line 2, Word 2,  
appears incorrect and will be  
changed to "Mississippi" unless  
advised to the contrary

Your reasons for including information in rerep, which  
was previously furnished to the Commission have been noted.  
However, Bureau observations as set out in Bureau airtel  
dated 6-23-64, in connection with SA Gemborling's report dated  
6-19-64, is stressed again and you are requested to refrain  
from including information previously furnished to the  
Commission, as this results in additional unnecessary work  
for the Bureau. Your future cooperation is desired.

Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Your attention is also directed to Paragraph 1, on Page 4 of Bureau airtel 6-23-64, with regard to under-scoring. You are further reminded concerning the Bureau's request, that future reports in this matter be held to approximately 200 pages. It is desired that every effort be made to comply with this request in the future.

The amended pages requested and information required as well as any additional corrections detected by your office, should be immediately furnished to the Bureau as it is anticipated this report will be disseminated on or before Friday, 8-7-64. It is, therefore, absolutely essential the necessary revisions and corrections be at the Bureau on or before Thursday, 9 a.m., 8-8-64.

Note for Files and Communications Division, (Consolidation Unit)

Four copies of rerep held in room 5730 have been appropriately corrected in line with the above. These copies are to be disseminated outside of the Bureau. The remaining 6 copies including the original should be corrected as indicated in this communication. Please handle.

NOTE:

The referenced 289 page report is the fifth such report received at the Bureau containing the results of investigation relative to allegations against persons other than Lee Harvey Oswald since the assassination. The information relates to remarks allegedly made by various individuals relative to their feelings about President Kennedy, other officials and the policies of the administration. Two copies of this report will be disseminated to the President's Commission and one copy will be furnished to the Department and Secret Service, as it contains information of possible interest to these agencies.



1 - Mr. Belmont - Enc. (3) 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enc. (3)  
 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enc. (3) 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enc. (3)  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enc. (3) 1 - Office, 7133 - Enc. (3)  
 1 - Mr. Malley - Enc. (3) 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enc. (3)  
 1 - Mr. Lenihan - Enc. (3) August 3, 1964  
 1 - Mr. Rogge - Enc. (3)

By Courier Service

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

On July 29, 1964, Mr. Norman Redlich of your staff orally requested affidavits from Special Agents Cortlandt Cunningham, Robert A. Frazier and Charles L. Killion regarding testimonies given before the Commission by Special Agents Frazier and Cunningham. These affidavits are attached.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (3)

REC-44

ST-104

AUG 4 1964  
 CC:BLM (12)

3 AUG 4 1964

RECEIVED  
 ENCLOSURE

EST

VE 1 0 3

BY COURIER SVC.  
 37 AUG - 3  
 COMM - FBI

REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI  
 AUG 3 2 17 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

79 AUG 5 - 1964  
 TELETYPE UNIT

**AFFIDAVIT**

I, Robert A. Frazier, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, do hereby state that I have reviewed the testimonies of Cortlandt Cunningham on March 11 and April 1, 1964, before the President's Commission on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy and I agree with the conclusions stated therein.

I do hereby state that I conducted independent examinations of the items which were the subject of Mr. Cunningham's testimonies and that on the basis of these independent examinations, I reached the same conclusions reached by Mr. Cunningham.

Washington  
District of Columbia

Before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1964

\_\_\_\_\_ has appeared and signed this  
affidavit first having sworn that the statements made therein are true.

My commission expires: \_\_\_\_\_

Notary Public in and for the  
District of Columbia

AUG 4 1964

RECORDED

62-109060

3566

00 08

**AFFIDAVIT**

I, Cortland Cunningham, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, do hereby state that I have reviewed the testimony of Robert L. Truister on March 31 and May 18, 1964, before the President's Commission on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy and I agree with the conclusions stated therein.

I do hereby state that I conducted independent examinations of the films which were the subject of Mr. Truister's testimonies and that on the basis of these independent examinations, I reached the same conclusions reached by Mr. Truister.

Washington  
District of Columbia

Before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1964

\_\_\_\_\_, has appeared and signed this affidavit

first having sworn that the statements made therein are true.

My commission expires: \_\_\_\_\_

Notary Public in and for the  
District of Columbia

1 J.E.OL

62-109060 3564



**AFFIDAVIT**

I, Charles L. Millican, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, do hereby state that I have reviewed the testimonies of Robert A. Frazier on March 31 and May 13, 1964, and testimonies of Cortlandt Cunningham on March 11 and April 1, 1964, before the President's Commission on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy and I agree with the conclusions stated therein.

I do hereby state that I conducted independent examinations of the items which were the subject of Mr. Cunningham's and Mr. Frazier's testimonies and that on the basis of these independent examinations, I reached the same conclusions reached by Mr. Frazier and Mr. Cunningham.

Washington  
District of Columbia

Before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1964  
\_\_\_\_\_ has appeared and signed this affidavit  
first having sworn that the statements made therein are true.

My commission expires. \_\_\_\_\_

Notary Public in and for the  
District of Columbia

AUG 4 1964

62-109060 3564

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Posen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Trotter  
1 - Mr. Paupach  
2 - Mr. Latona

July 27, 1964

By Courier Service

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letters dated June 30, 1964, and July 10, 1964, requesting that an investigation be conducted to determine the circumstances surrounding the obtaining and publishing of excerpts from Lee Harvey Oswald's "Historic Diary" in "The Dallas Morning News" and "Life" magazine.

The Dallas Office of this Bureau furnished the FBI Laboratory the following items obtained from Henry Wade, District Attorney, Dallas, Texas, which he advised are material his office had concerning the diary and other evidence in this case:

1 roll of 35 millimeter positive film  
1 roll of 35 millimeter negative film  
15 Xerox prints of some of the pages of Oswald's diary.

The New York Office of this Bureau has obtained and furnished to the Laboratory copies of Oswald's diary that were purchased and published by "Life" magazine.

Examination of these items in the FBI Laboratory has established that the 35 millimeter positive film obtained from the Dallas District Attorney's Office contains imperfections in their original state that are reproduced in the 35 millimeter negative film obtained from the District Attorney's Office. In addition, these imperfections from the positive film, plus some original imperfections in the negative film, are all

62-109060

Dallas (100-10461) (See NOTE page 3)  
New York (105-38431) - Enclosures (12) (See NOTE page 3)

AUG 5 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

JUL 27 4 30 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

REC-44

62-109060-3567

SHANEYFELT 7336

RECORDED COPY



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

reproduced in the Xerox prints of this film obtained from the District Attorney's Office and are also reproduced in the Xerox prints from "Life" magazine. This shows that the "Life" magazine copies originated from the 35 millimeter films from the Dallas District Attorney's Office.

Investigation regarding the film in the possession of the District Attorney's Office has established that shortly after the assassination the material, including the diary, which the Dallas Police Department obtained from the various residences of Oswald was furnished to the FBI in Dallas where it was photographed on 35 millimeter film for record purposes. A copy of this film was furnished to the Dallas Police Department. A representative of the Dallas District Attorney's Office subsequently requested copies of the material from the Police Department and, as a result of this request, the Police Department furnished the roll of film to the District Attorney's Office representative. The Police Department film was taken to the Recordak Company in Dallas where a 35 millimeter positive, a 35 millimeter negative and three sets of Xerox copies were made for the District Attorney's Office. The "Life" magazine prints are a part of these Xerox copies or are Xerox copies made at some other time from the District Attorney's 35 millimeter negative.

The Xerox copies of the diary obtained from the District Attorney's Office and the Xerox copies obtained from "Life" magazine were all examined for latent fingerprints. Seventeen latent fingerprints and three latent palm prints were developed on the copies from "Life" magazine. Five latent fingerprints and four latent palm prints were developed on the copies from the District Attorney's Office. One of the latent fingerprints on the copies from the District Attorney's Office is identical with the left thumb print of a William Franklin Alexander, who may be identical with William F. Alexander, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas, Texas. The other fingerprints and palm prints have not been identified.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

**NOTE FOR DALLAS:**

The Dallas Office should obtain, if possible, the fingerprints and palm prints of William F. Alexander and H. H. Davis, Jr., of the District Attorney's Office. They should also obtain, if possible, fingerprints and palm prints of Hugh Aynesworth and Paula Aynesworth for comparison with the unidentified latent fingerprints and palm prints. A fingerprint card has been located for one Houston Harrison Davis, Jr., Navy Serial Number 528469, who may be identical with Assistant District Attorney H. H. Davis, Jr.

The films and Xerox prints submitted with Dallas letter 7/11/64 are being returned to Dallas under separate cover. No latent examination was made of the 35 mm films because such examination would tend to remove characteristics used in relating these films to the "Life" magazine copies.

**NOTE FOR NEW YORK:**

The Xerox copies obtained from "Life" magazine that were furnished with New York airtel 7/16/64 are attached to the New York copy of this letter. Photographs have been retained of these Xerox copies.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 3 1964

WESTERN UNION

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

*M. Murphy*  
*Rm 4718*

*Continuation of message of 8/3/64*

BIA010 751P EDT AUG 3 64 SA223

NSA347 NS: BRA409 PD BATON ROUGE LA 3 445P CST

J EDGAR HOOVER

WASHDC

KENNEDY MURDER SOLVED MY WIFE RUBY RTMAN ROOM BATON ROUGE AGREES  
EITHER EXECUTIVE RUZY OR PARDON HIM

HILLER ATTY AT LAW MARYLAND CLASS 1936

(15).

REC-48

ST-104

AUG 4 1964

79 AUG 6 - 1964

*Mental*  
*No ack*  
*Full name not given*



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Mr. Belmont

DATE: July 27, 1964

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Callahan

1 - Mr. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Trotter

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Malley

A. Rosen

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

*John F. Kennedy*

With regard to the testimony of Bureau personnel before the President's Commission, arrangements were made for this testimony to be obtained and for same to be reviewed by the individual who had testified. Following this review it was taken up with the staff attorney who had handled the individual questioning of the Bureau representative before the hearings of the President's Commission. It is noted that Mr. Melvin Eisenberg, one of the staff attorneys, was in New York for a period of time and that testimony of a number of Bureau Laboratory personnel was turned over to Mr. Howard P. Willens along with comments concerning the suggested changes in the testimony.

Mr. Willens called Malley on July 23, 1964, and advised that in those instances where the changes involved were material and actually affected outcome of testimony, such changes were made. He stated that in other instances where the changes were minor in nature and did not affect the materiality of the testimony, because of the pressure of getting the report out such changes were not made in every instance.

This is submitted for information.

REC-48

1 - 105-82555

1 - 44-24016

JRM:mpd (9)

ST-104

3569

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

70 AUG 7 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1-Mr. Conrad  
1-Mr. Jevons

1-Mr. Herndon  
1-Mr. Jevons

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: 7/27/64

Mr. Conrad

R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT:

JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY  
OSWALD, VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS

In my memorandum of 7/20/64, I advised that in accordance with arrangements made with the President's Commission, Jack L. Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination by SA Bell P. Herndon, Polygraph Examiner, FBI Laboratory, at the Dallas County Jail on Saturday, 7/18/64. Ruby provided additional details and facts during the interview, however, gave no new significant information. He continued to deny previously knowing Oswald or being in any conspiracy to kill the President or Oswald. In later sworn testimony by Ruby's psychiatrist, Dr. William R. Beavers, he indicated that Ruby was aware of the questions and was rational in his response but generally described Ruby as "psychotic depressive." Referenced memorandum also advised that a review of the charts obtained as a result of the polygraph examination indicates that Ruby was not deceptive in his denial of knowing Oswald or his being involved in any conspiracy and shows no conflict with prior investigation. However, if Ruby is in fact a "psychotic" personality, the test results should be considered as inconclusive because of his mental condition.

Mr. Arlen Specter of the President's Commission, requested that SA Herndon confer with him prior to the submission of any written formal report.

My memorandum of 7/22/64, advised that during the conference with Mr. Specter, SA Herndon informed him in general that in view of the psychiatrist's diagnosis of Ruby's mental condition as "psychotic depressive," no significance can be placed on the polygraph examination. Mr. Specter advised that he desired a complete review of the psychiatrist's testimony be made prior to the submission of a formal polygraph report and that the report was not expected before the latter part of the week.

Enclosure

62-109060

1-Mr. Belmont - Enc.  
1-Mr. Rosen - Enc.  
1-Mr. Malley - Enc.  
1-Mr. Sullivan - Enc.

1-Mr. McGowan, Rm. 2712  
1-Mr. Hines, Rm. 2264

NOT RECORDED  
170 JUL 30 1964

JUL 29 1964

(OVER)

RHJ:feh

(10)

RECEIVED IN



Memorandum to Mr. Conrad  
Re: JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY  
OSWALD, VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS  
62-109060

On 7/24/64, Mr. Specter requested a brief report in the form of a letter be furnished to the Commission even though the psychiatrist's complete testimony has not been reviewed. He also requested SA Herndon to appear for conference at 12:00 noon on Tuesday, 7/28/64, and to give a deposition at 2:00 p. m. regarding the polygraph examination. It is anticipated that during the deposition, hypothetical situations will be presented based on the data in the polygraph charts; if so, any reply will be carefully qualified solely to the situation presented. The question of Ruby's mental condition precludes any interpretation of his polygrams. Specifically, it is anticipated that Mr. Specter may ask for an interpretation of the charts based on the assumption that Ruby is sane and mentally competent. In such an event, it is contemplated that the answer will be given that on the basis of the hypothesis advanced by the Commission's attorney, the charts would normally be interpreted as showing no indication of deception; however, that the examiner has no information which would resolve the hypothesis and therefore must consider the results in this instance inconclusive.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

If you approve, it is recommended that the attached letter be sent to the President's Commission setting forth the Bureau's policy concerning the limitations of the polygraph technique and advising that in view of the psychiatrist's testimony that Jack Ruby is generally described as a "psychotic depressive," no significance should be placed on the polygraph examination and it should be considered nonconclusive as the charts cannot be relied upon.

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Conrad  
Office, Room 713  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. I rndon

July 28, 1954

By Courier Service

62-107060

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In accordance with arrangements made by Mr. Arlen Specter of your staff, Jack L. Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination at the Dallas County Jail, Dallas, Texas, Saturday, July 18, 1954. The polygraph examination was conducted by Special Agent Earl P. Herndon, FBI Laboratory, Washington, D. C.

It should be pointed out that the polygraph, often referred to as "lie detector" is not in fact such a device. The instrument is designed to record under proper stimuli emotional responses in the form of physiological variations which may indicate and accompany deception. The FBI feels that the polygraph technique is not sufficiently precise to permit absolute judgements of deception or truth without qualifications. The polygraph technique has a number of limitations, one of which relates to the mental fitness and condition of the examinee to be tested.

During the proceedings at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1954, Dr. William R. Eavers, a psychiatrist, testified that he would generally describe Jack Ruby as a "psychotic depressive." In view of the serious question raised as to Ruby's mental condition, no significance should be placed on the polygraph examination and it should be considered nonconclusive as the charts cannot be relied upon.

Sincerely yours,

Edgar Hoover

62-109060

Note on attached page.

BPH:lo (10)

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

70 AUG 1954

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Note: Memoranda Jevons to Mr. Conrad dated 7-20-64, 7-22-64, and 7-24-64, set forth the results of the polygraph examination of Jack Ruby at Dallas and advised that Mr. Specter on 7-21-64, requested that a report of the examination be delayed until a complete review of the psychiatrist's testimony be made. On 7-24-64, he requested a brief report in the form of a letter be furnished to the Commission even though the psychiatrist's complete testimony has not been reviewed. He also requested SA Herndon to appear for conference at 12:00 noon on Tuesday, 7-28-64, and to give a deposition at 2:00 p.m. regarding the polygraph examination. It is anticipated that during the deposition, hypothetical situations will be presented based on the data in the polygraph charts; if so any reply will be carefully qualified solely to the situation presented. The question of Ruby's mental condition precludes any interpretation of his polygrams. Specifically, it is anticipated that Mr. Specter may ask for an interpretation of the charts based on the assumption that Ruby is sane and mentally competent. In such an event it is contemplated that the answer will be given that on the basis of the hypothesis advanced by the Commission's attorney the charts would normally be interpreted as showing no indication of deception; however, that the examiner has no information which would resolve the hypothesis and therefore must consider the results in this instance inconclusive.

Based on Memoranda from R. H. Jevons to Mr. Conrad dated 7/27/64, re: Jack L. Ruby; Lee Harvey Oswald, Victim; Civil Rights.



7-31-64

Airtel

To: SAC, New Orleans (100-16601)

From: Director, FBI (105-82535)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA  
IS - R - CUBA

Reurairtel 7-28-64.

One latent fingerprint developed on your Item #1, a yellow-colored leaflet entitled "Hands Off Cuba." One latent fingerprint developed on your Item #2, a white-colored leaflet entitled "The Truth About Cuba is in Cuba."

The two latent fingerprints are not identical with the fingerprints of Lee Harvey Oswald, deceased, FBI #327925D.

The two items are being retained.

2 - Dallas (100-10461)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley) (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenthan) (sent direct)
- ① - 62-109060 (Assassination)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

SFL:nma  
(14)

OUTSIDE FILE

79 AUG 13 1964

8-4-64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Rogge

ST-104

To: SAC, Milwaukee (62-1178)

REC-48

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

3570

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtel 7-23-64, which furnished Milwaukee a copy of an anonymous letter addressed to the Director as well as a copy of a letter to Secret Service Headquarters. Reference is also made to Mairtel and enclosed letterhead memorandum dated 7-31-64.

Dissemination of Milwaukee letterhead memorandum cannot be made in its present form. Milwaukee is instructed to incorporate a true copy of the anonymous letter, the results of our Laboratory examination of the anonymous letter as well as the information contained in re letterhead memorandum in a revised letterhead memorandum without the property stamp. A copy of your revised letterhead memorandum should be furnished to Dallas who is office of origin in this investigation.

This matter should be immediately handled so dissemination can be effected upon receipt without correction and/or revision.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las  
(5)

NOTE: The anonymous undated letter alleges President Johnson knows gangsters and why John F. Kennedy was murdered. The letter also alleges President Johnson and Chief Justice Warren knew there was a meeting with Ruby, Tippit and another man in Ruby's night club prior to the assassination. U. S. Secret Service was furnished a copy of the anonymous letter as well as the negative results of our Laboratory examination. Milwaukee was instructed to make appropriate indices, criminal and other checks concerning letters of similar nature and furnish the results in a LHM for dissemination to President's Commission. The LHM furnished cannot be disseminated in its present form for the reasons indicated above. When this matter is completed, appropriate dissemination will be made.

SEP 3 1964

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



FBI

Date: 7/31/64

AIRTEL

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM:

SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178) (P)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel 7-23-64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting results of investigation in the matter referred to in referenced airtel.

Sources of the Milwaukee office contacted on 7-24-64 were [redacted] and [redacted]

Investigation at Milwaukee, Wisconsin was conducted by SA ROBERT E. SCHOENECKER and investigation at Kenosha, Wisconsin by SA WILLIAM J. HIGGINS, JR.

Information concerning this matter is being furnished to Secret Service locally.

REC-48

62-109060-35701

- 3 - Bureau (62-109060) (Encl. 8) (AM)  
2 - Milwaukee (62-1178)

RES:cef

(5)

15 AUG 3 1964

ST-104

Approved:

R. J. Baker  
Special Agent in Charge

M

Per

C. C. Wick

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

MI 62-1178

No further investigation is being conducted with regard to his matter.

-2-

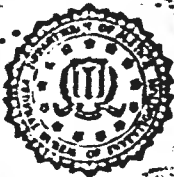
Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 62-1178

July 31, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas**

A search of the indices of the Milwaukee Office of the FBI on July 24, 1964 failed to reveal any information concerning an organization known as "Americans" or any letters similar in nature to the one addressed to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover and stating that President Johnson knows the gangsters and why John F. Kennedy was murdered, which letter was signed "Americans" and postmarked July 19, 1964 at Kenosha, Wisconsin.

On July 24, 1964 sources of information of the Milwaukee Office, who are acquainted with Subversive Activities in the Wisconsin area and have furnished reliable information in the past, advised that they had no information concerning the origin of the above mentioned letter.

On July 27, 1964 [Lorraine Ferraro] Identification Clerk, Bureau of Identification, Milwaukee Police Department, advised that the records of that department contained no information regarding an organization known as "Americans."

On July 27, 1964 Lt. Orville Livingston, handwriting expert, Milwaukee Police Department, examined the letter in question and advised that he could not identify it with any other known handwriting contained in the records of the Milwaukee Police Department nor was it similar in nature to any other letter contained in the records of the department.

On July 29, 1964 Captain Arthur J. Riley, Detective Bureau,

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

4 JAN 9 1973

ENCLOSURE



MI 62-1178

Kenosha Police Department advised that the records of the Kenosha Police Department did not reflect any information concerning an organization known as "Americans" and he could not furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

On July 29, 1964 Investigator Arthur Blaese, Kenosha County Sheriff's Office, advised that the records of that department did not contain any information concerning the organization "Americans" or any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1-Mr. Conrad 1-Mr. Herndon  
1-Mr. Jevons 1-Office, 7133

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/29/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY  
OSWALD, VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

My memorandum of 7/27/64, advised that SA Bell P. Herndon, Polygraph Examiner, was scheduled to give a deposition on 7/28/64, to the President's Commission regarding the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby.

SA Herndon appeared as scheduled and gave a deposition regarding the polygraph examination along the lines that we anticipated in my memorandum of 7/27/64. SA Herndon testified that in view of the serious question of Ruby's mental condition and the fact that Ruby had been diagnosed as "psychotic depressive," the polygraph examination should be considered inconclusive. During the deposition, the Bureau's basic policies with regard to the limitations of the polygraph technique were set forth at the request of the Commission.

Mr. Arlen Specter of the Commission's staff, during the deposition, asked for an interpretation of the polygrams produced by Ruby based on the hypothesis that Ruby is sane and mentally competent. In this regard, the answer was furnished that on the basis of the hypothesis advanced by Mr. Specter, the charts would be interpreted as showing no indication of deception. The examiner stated during testimony, however, that he had no information which would resolve the hypothesis and still considers the results in this instance inconclusive. A requested detailed analysis of the charts under the hypothesis was given.

During the latter part of the testimony, SA Herndon testified that other factors such as the large number of relevant questions, the presence of other people in the room during the interview, the extensive interrogation that Ruby has already undergone, and the lapse of time since the shooting of Oswald, would tend to negate any specific conclusion with regard to the examination even under the hypothesis presented. Many of these factors were results of the Commission's desires in this matter.

62-109060

11 1964

REC-48

AUG 4

EX-104

AUG 4 1964

1-Mr. Belmont

1-Mr. Rosen

1-Mr. Malley, Rm. 5710

1-Mr. McGowan, Rm. 2712

1-Mr. Hines, Rm. 2264

3571

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



Memorandum to Mr. Conrad  
Re: JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY  
OSWALD, VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS  
62-109060

The original polygraph charts of Jack Ruby and the questions asked during the polygraph interrogation were made into exhibits by Mr. Specter and are now in the Commission's custody. The Bureau has copies in the case file. Mr. Specter advised SA Herndon that as soon as the deposition is typed, a copy will be forwarded to the Bureau for review and any necessary changes.

**ACTION:**

For information.

*[Handwritten signature]*

*[Handwritten initials]*

*[Handwritten initials]*

FBI

Date 7/31/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

REGULAR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, BALTIMORE (89-30)  
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Baltimore airtel to Bureau, 7/17/64; Bureau  
 airtel to Baltimore and Dallas, 7/30/64.

Re: EDNA K. SHAFFER  
 ALLEGATION

Enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies of corrected  
 insert in which numerous typographical errors made by EDNA  
 K. SHAFFER in her original communication have been  
 appropriately indicated by underlining.

- 3 - Bureau  
 2 - Dallas (Enc. 25) (AIR MAIL) (89-43)  
 1 - Baltimore

JSR:mg1  
 (6)

NOT RECORDED

6 AUG 4 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

64 AUG 7 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Mr. Conrad

Mr. Jevons

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enc.
- 1 - Office, 7133 - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enc.
- DATE: July 30, 1964
- 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Neill - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Griffith - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Jenson - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Cunningham - Enc.

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated February 26, 1964, from W. D. Griffith concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau had undertaken to furnish the Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On July 29, 1964, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky called SA Marion E. Williams of the Laboratory's Physics and Chemistry Section and requested that a Bureau representative take custody of the exhibits listed on the attached list. She further requested that the Commission be furnished with three copies of each exhibit not previously reproduced.

As a matter of record, custody was taken of instant exhibits by SA Cortlandt Cunningham on the date of the request.

This work will be handled by an Agent in the Laboratory's Document Section.

ACTION: Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced and three copies will be supplied to the Commission as requested. Those items originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau will be kept in Bureau custody. Items not originating from the Bureau will be returned along with the photographs. (Designated by \*)

Enclosure

62-109030

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Tavel - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention - C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure

CC: DMI  
(14)

REC-48

AUG 4 1964

3572

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

ENCLOSURE

AUG 11 1964

ST-104

68 AUG 18 1964



1/30/64

DESCRIPTION

Leonard Exhibits No. 1 through 12

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 1

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 2

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 3

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 4

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 5

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 6

Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 7

Commission Exhibit No. 1054

Decker Exhibit No. 4023

Twelve polygraph charts

\*Diagram on sheet of paper

\*Photograph of Judge and Mrs.

Benjamin J. Kantor

\*Photograph of Mr. and Mrs. Harold

A. Lugerman

\*Photograph of Eddie Rocco

\*Photograph of Jack Ruby

\*Photograph of Jack Ruby

\*Photograph of Jack Ruby

\*Five photographs

\*File of Dallas County Texas

Sheriff's Department regarding

assassination of President and

assault to murder of Governor

Connally

\*Photograph of Oswald

Garner Exhibit No. 1

AUG 4 1964

ENCLOSURE

62-10100-35

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Trazier  
1 - Mr. Jepsen

August 3, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to the requests of Miss Mary Rowcotsky, Commission employee, on July 21, 1964, and July 24, 1964, to representatives of this Bureau concerning reproductions of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were furnished to Special Agents of this Bureau on the same dates as the requests.

In accordance with these requests, there are enclosed herewith three photocopies each of Commission exhibits, consisting of Twiford Exhibit 1, Yarborough Exhibit A and Kramer Exhibits numbered 1 and 2. The Yarborough Exhibit A is returned herewith. Kramer Exhibits numbered 1 and 2 and Twiford Exhibit 1 are retained in this Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

REC-48 62-109060-3573  
J. Edgar Hoover

ST-104

19 AUG 4 1964

BY COURIER SVC.  
37 AUG-64  
COMM-FBI

ENCLOSURE  
EXHIBITS ATTACHED

Enclosures (13)

62-109060

1 - Dallas (100-10461) - Enclosures (5)

NOTE FOR DALLAS:  
AEROX

Enclosed for Dallas are photocopies of each of the exhibits being sent to the Commission, together with a listing of same.

(See NOTE page 2)

Callahan  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Malone  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

PJ:em (10)

79 AUG 6 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECORDED COPY FILED IN



NOTE:

The request on 7/21/64 was made by Miss Rowcotsky of SA Robert E. Neill and the request on 7/24/64 was made of SA Cortlandt Cunningham. SA Neill and SA Cunningham obtained the exhibits from the Commission on the dates the requests were made.

The Yarborough Exhibit A, designated by an asterisk on the attached listing, did not originate from the Bureau and is therefore being returned to the Commission.

August 3, 1964

COMMISSION EXHIBIT

DESCRIPTION

Twiford Exhibit 1

Envelope addressed to New York Labor News Company from Oswald and back portion of "Spiral" notebook bearing Oswald's address

\* Yarborough Exhibit A

Magazine article consisting of two pages re assassination and subsequent killing of Oswald

Kramer Exhibit 1

Photograph obtained from Mrs. Hyde (Minsk)

Kramer Exhibit 2

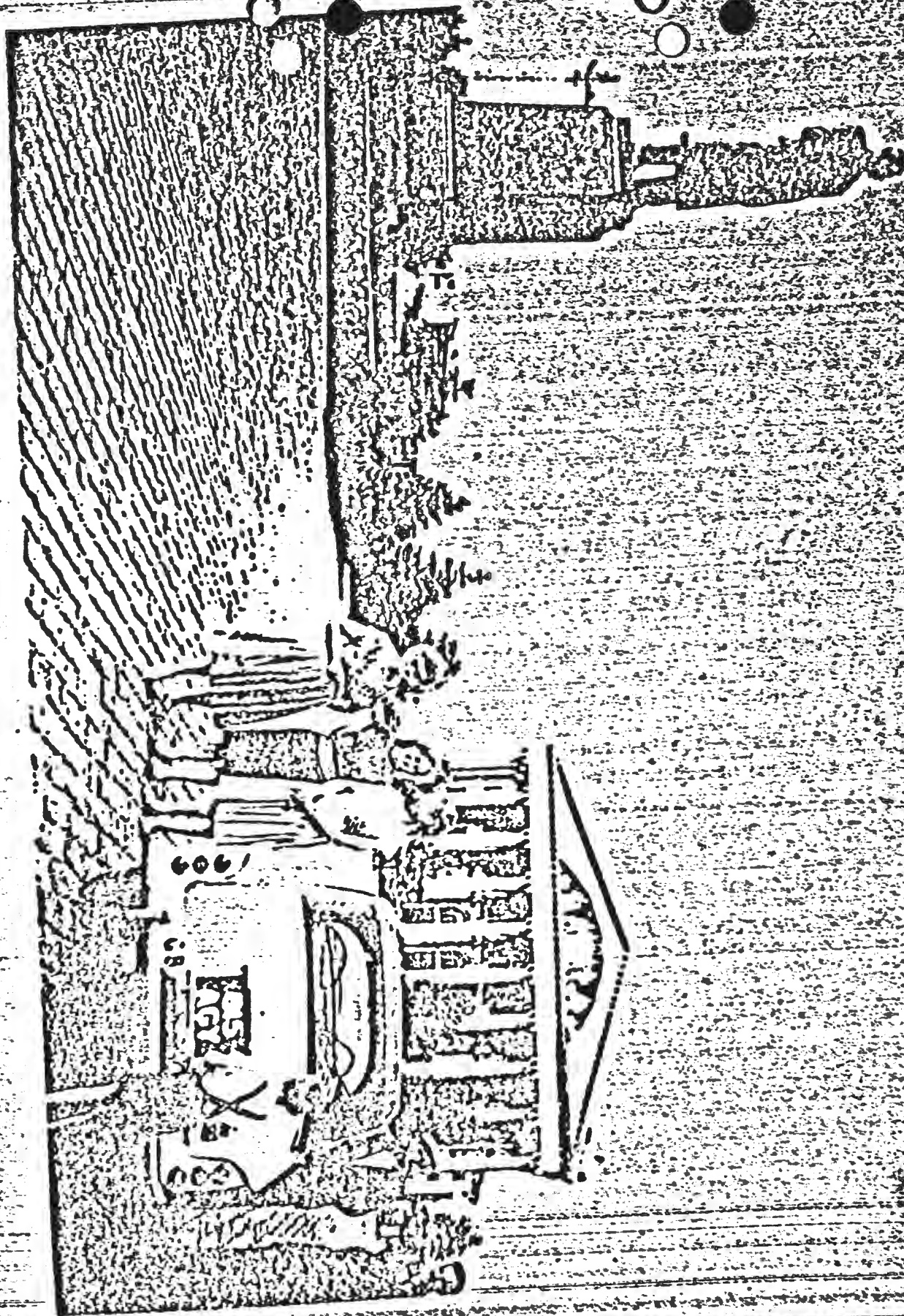
Photograph obtained from Mrs. Kramer (Minsk)

1 XEROX  
AUG 4 1964

ENCLOSURE

62-107069





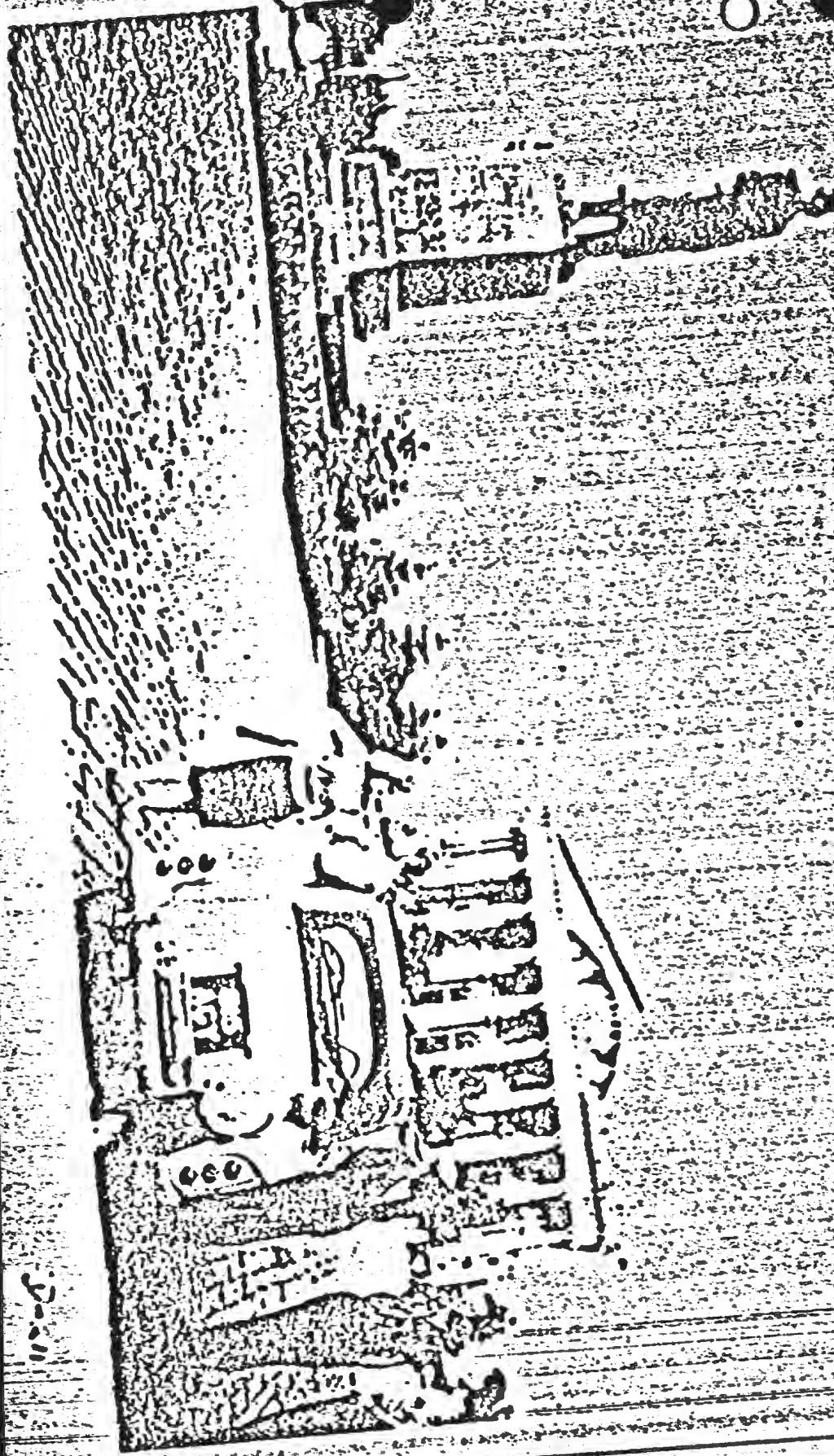
11

KRAMER

Exhibit A

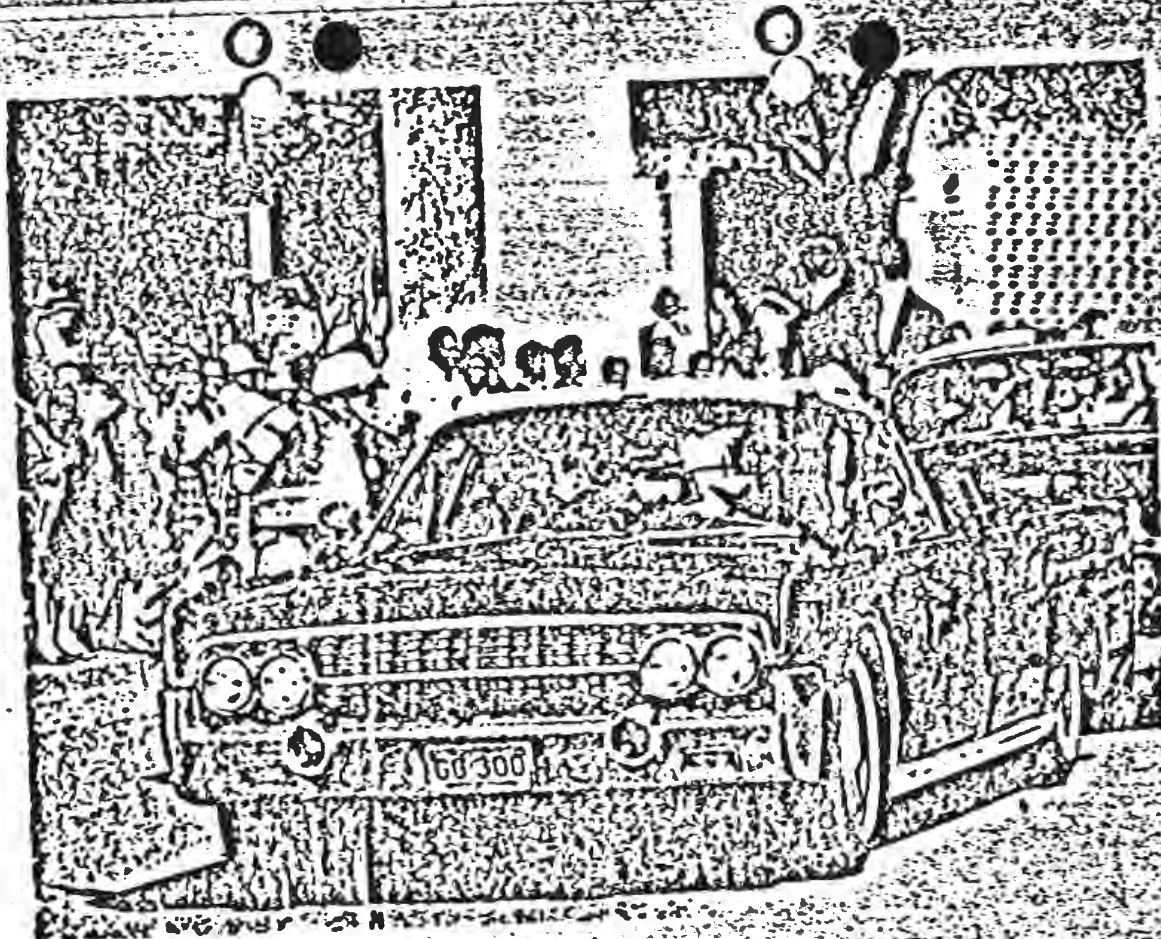
Commission No.

5218

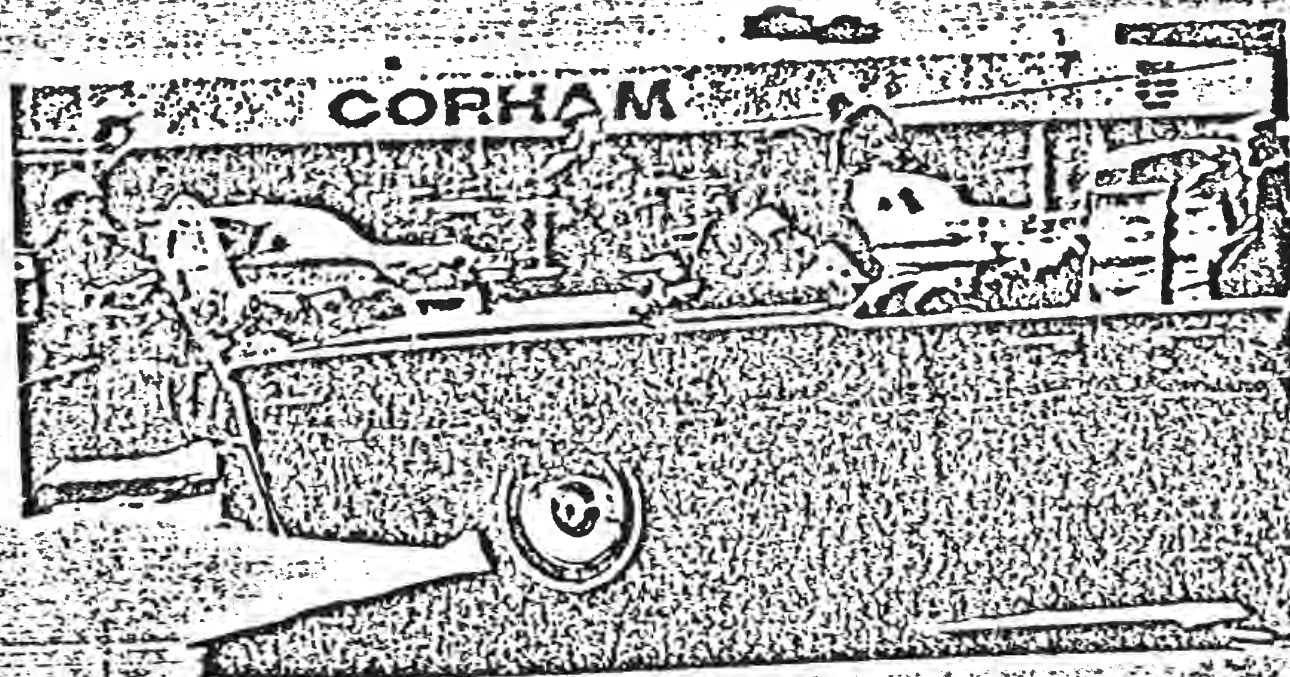


2-11





One hundred yards more and they would have reached the







28



[illegible][illegible]

That afternoon, as I walked to become a friend of an evening drive the wrong way of I 10 to 32nd Ave. on foot, a red, four-wheeled, unpowered three-wheeler, with a number of the body as a wheel that worked like the eye of the basket, was seen had passed the leading. It looked so like a car, and the car would have been for sale, or an engine, but I knew a few words, but the red eye because it could have been one of the drivers. Upon that day, I saw it.

considered serious - during that time  
in 1979 in Florida he was known about  
for his two separate child sex acts which  
resulted in another child's death and  
a young boy's permanent physical damage.  
The last incident in Florida occurred  
the last incident in D. Brownish and the  
last incident in Florida.

When the first were taken they were still many years younger and unknown to me. When they grew old and had to go to Italy, and the old "Mad" who she thought to be her son, the "cousin" would no longer understand that I was his daughter, of the family of the father. The former "Mad" and the I II around the nation of the son are no brother and I each were by each other. 1111 11

\_\_\_\_\_

• unsubstantiated Reds also in the business of the same territory as the police.



Two weeks after the shooting when a policeman returned the building under lock and key and then left it open for a longer time, the manager and "Joe" went back to work there. "Joe" should depend out of the building, he should avoid such other jobs and a well call of all building companies. The police then furnished an alias "William" which said, to show the public, he had found the right to be carrying a brick to work.

Could he be the same person known "Joe" who is in a hurry," the manager later told. I asked Roberts and he didn't get a good answer and came back again. About a week ago from the morning home, a policeman in a cab called - Paul Jones 131 Tappan was he working in the railroad, might be the description found in the story and called to him. When the policeman got out of the police car, "131" got pulled a gun and then died. Then he turned away and ran into a store. However, he was the policeman who died. I did other jobs. The next day, when I was the driver after he was trying to get out of his car by the

From

*L.H. O'Sullivan*

*Box 2915*

*Dallas*

*Tex*



NATIONAL  
CENTER  
NOV 11 1962



NOV 11 1962

Sent 25¢ for pamphlets

*Labor Day issue air 9-11-63*

NEW YORK LABOR NEWS COMPANY

61 CLIFF STREET

P.O. Box 76

NEW YORK 38, N.Y.

*28*  
*9680*



Lee Oswald  
Dallas (P.O. Box 2915)  
Fair Play for Cuba

7/2/64  
E.T.

Twiford Exhibit No. 1



1 - Mr. Belmont Enc. 1 - Mr. Jevons Enc  
1 - Mr. Rosen Enc. 1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Malley Enc. 1 - Office, 7133  
1 - Mr. Conrad Enc.

August 4, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In accordance with the oral request of Mr. Howard Willens of your staff, there is attached a list of minor editorial changes to be incorporated in the draft testimony transcript of Special Agent Paul M. Stombaugh, dated April 3, 1964, as shown to a Bureau representative on July 29, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

10 AUG 5 1964

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Incorporation of these changes in the transcript was discussed with Mr. Willens on 7-31-64, at which time he advised he would take the matter up with Mr. Rankin. Subsequently, he advised Mr. Rankin approved and requested a letter from the Bureau. The purpose of these changes is to correct certain inaccuracies in reporting as well as to clarify certain statements occasioned by the witness referring to exhibits before the Commission and to supply details for those reading the transcript and not having the benefit of the atmosphere and conditions of the actual testimony.

Enclosure

BY COURIER SVC.

39 AUG-4

COMM - FBI

ENCLOSURE

RHJ:ich:nlb (9)

70 AUG 7 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT RECEIVED DIRECTOR

REC'D-READING ROOM  
AUG 4 4 07 PM '64

REC-1162-107060 3574

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August 4, 1964

Page 4888

Change next to last line to read: "...sufficient individual characteristics to be of value for comparison and identification purposes."

Add the following sentence: "It is for this reason that we use gloves of this material."

Page 4889

Third statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. This paragraph should be broken into two sentences, first sentence ending with "...small number of fibers."

Second sentence beginning "Upon examining these fibers...."

Page 4896

Second statement of Mr. Stombaugh's should read: "I would pay no significance at all as far as the sole identifying characteristic...."

The last sentence of this statement should read: "The twist we use is for identification purposes only, supplementing other identifying characteristics."

Page 4898

Fourth statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. Following the first sentence, insert as sentence number two: "Under the circumstances, I considered the exact number of no particular significance."

Page 4900

Second statement of Mr. Stombaugh's should read as follows: "When you get into mathematical probabilities it is something I stay away from, since in general there are too many unknown factors."

ENCLOSURE

62-10706-3514

1  
XEROX  
AUG 5 1964  
7

Page 4902

Last statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. First part of sentence should read as follows: "I was; however, it is not uncommon for fingerprint processing to be given priority consideration...."

Fifth word in next to last line should be "stored."

Page 4904

Fourth statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. The word "followed" should be "folded."

Page 4909

Fifth line from top, last sentence should read: "They could conceivably have been put on 10 years ago and then the gun put aside...."

Third paragraph should read: "Mr. Stombaugh. No, I am not trying to do that. I am trying to avoid a specific time element, since there are other factors which may enter. I couldn't...."

Page 4912

First line should read as follows: "I happened to think of the shirt and I made a known sample of the shirt fibers."

Page 4914

Fifth statement of Mr. Stombaugh's should read as follows: "These are the gray-black cotton fibers and the color didn't come out well on these in this instance because of time and color process limitations."

Page 4915

First statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. The following phrase should be

added to the second sentence: "...come up with under the time and color process limitations."

Page 4917

First full statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. Add as last sentence: "However, I do know that there are time and technical limitations on the accuracy of color reproductions."

Page 4922

First line should read: "...everyone who has said that and has been brought to our attention we have been able to prove them wrong, insofar as application to our fiber problems is concerned."

First full statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. First sentence should read: "Yes, their mathematics is wrong because of unknown factors which exist in our problems."



1-Mr. Conrad  
1-Mr. Sullivan  
1-Mr. Belmont  
1-Mr. Rosen  
1-Mr. Malley

August 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*  
Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

AUG 4 2 07 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Dear Mr. Rankin:

With reference to your note of July 24, 1964, attaching copies of Commission Exhibits 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 194, 204 and 234, I am advised that after thorough study of these copies our Laboratory is unable to suggest any manner of treatment which would make this material more nearly legible. The material not consumed during the testing is returned herewith.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

39 AUG-4  
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (7)

JRM:mpd/dmg

REC-11  
62-107060-3575

19 AUG 5 1964

NOTE: Mr. Rankin called and subsequently made available a number of Xerox copies of material which he desired the Bureau try and reproduce so that it would be more legible. These Xerox copies had been prepared by members of the Commission Staff and were not satisfactory. The material was made available to the Laboratory and the Laboratory was unable to reproduce this material in a more legible manner. Mr. Rankin advised that all of the material sent over was duplicate material and could be destroyed, if necessary.

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

RECEIVED

70 AUG 7 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



GENERAL SECRETARY'S ADMINISTRATION ROUTING SLIP																																															
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REMARKS  Per our conversation this afternoon. Attached copies of are/Commission Exhibits 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 194, 204 and 234 which were furnished by Mrs. Marguerite Oswald. We would appreciate your opinion as to whether or not these documents can be treated in any manner as to make them legible.																																															
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 5%;">FROM</th> <th style="width: 5%;">CO</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R1</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R2</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R3</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R4</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R5</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R6</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R7</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R8</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R9</th> <th style="width: 5%;">R10</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="6">NAME AND/OR SYMBOL J. Lee Rankin General Counsel</td> <td colspan="6">BUILDING, ROOM, ETC. The President's Comm. on the Assassination.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="6">TELEPHONE</td> <td colspan="6">DATE 7/24/64</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												FROM	CO	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	NAME AND/OR SYMBOL J. Lee Rankin General Counsel						BUILDING, ROOM, ETC. The President's Comm. on the Assassination.						TELEPHONE						DATE 7/24/64					
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TELEPHONE						DATE 7/24/64																																									

GPO : 1962 O-655346

GSA FORM 14  
FEB 62

8-3-64

CODE

If regular radio contact missed, send by urgent plain text teletype at once.

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (O. H. Bartlett)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)

FROM DIRECTOR (62-109060)

REC 30  
EX-108

3576

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RESDAIRTEL AUGUST ONE, LAST, CONCERNING INFORMATION FROM PCI THAT UNIDENTIFIED MALE BRAGGED HE WAS IN POSSESSION OF STOLEN DEATH CERTIFICATE OF LATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND THAT HE INTENDS TO REALIZE PROFIT BY MAKING COPIES AND SELLING THEM.

SAN DIEGO IMMEDIATELY DEVELOPE FULL DETAILS FROM PCI, ENDEAVOR TO IDENTIFY UNIDENTIFIED MALE AND IF FEASIBLE WITHOUT COMPROMISING PCI, INTERVIEW HIM CONCERNING ALLEGATION AND FURNISH RESULTS TO BUREAU AND DALLAS IN LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM WITHOUT PROPERTY STAMP FOR POSSIBLE DISSEMINATION. INSURE PCI APPROPRIATELY CHARACTERIZED AS TO RELIABILITY. MAIL COPY TO DALLAS.

VIA RADIOGRAM

AUG 3 1964

6:36 PM OS

1 - Dallas (89-43)  
RDR:las (8)

NOTE: From information available to the Bureau, President's death certificate was prepared at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas. A copy or the original could come in the possession of anyone is not known. The U. S. Secret Service reportedly obtained all pertinent personal data relating to the President which included the death certificate. When the results are obtained, consideration will be given to disseminating this information to the President's Commission and U. S. Secret Service.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Evans \_\_\_\_\_
- Malone \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

70 AUG 10 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 8/1/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)(RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

[REDACTED] San Diego, California, on 7/31/64, advised of an unidentified male, whom [REDACTED] believes [REDACTED] can subsequently identify, of bragging that he was in possession of the stolen death certificate of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY and that he intends to realize profit by making copies of such death certificate and selling same. Informant so convinced that such statement unfounded that [REDACTED] did not identify this person, but later believed [REDACTED] should call it to the attention of this office. No further investigation being conducted by this office unless specifically requested by Bureau.

3 - Bureau  
2 - San Diego (1 - 62-1529)

HES:agv  
(5)

REC 30

EX-108

3 AUG 3 1964

Approved: ECW  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

8/1/64

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO : SAC, DALLAS (89-43)  
FROM : SAC, BUTTE (62-1965) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Salt Lake City airtel, 7/17/64.

Inquiry made of Sheriff GEORGE STEPHENS, Fergus County SO, Lewistown, Montana, re location of MARTHA MADDOX, Grass Range, Montana. Sheriff STEPHENS stated there is a MADDOX family ranching some distance out in the country south of Grass Range, but he did not know of a MARTHA MADDOX. He stated he would attempt to locate information concerning her.

Sheriff STEPHENS advised that the MADDOX family have been away on a short vacation, place unknown, but are expected to be back shortly after the first of August, and he will advise of their return.

LEADS

BUTTE DIVISION

AT GRASS RANGE, MONTANA

Will interview MARTHA MADDOX upon her return, as requested in airtel.

2 - Dallas (AIR)  
1 - Bureau (62-103450) (AM)  
2 - Butte  
DEF/rmg  
(5)

NOT RECORDED

6 AUG 3 1964

66 AUG 6 1964



FBI

Date: 8/5/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGULAR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, BALTIMORE (89-30)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: ALLEGATION

Re Baltimore airtel to Bureau and Dallas, dated  
July 31, 1964. NR

Enclosed for the Bureau is one copy of corrected  
insert which was inadvertently not enclosed for Bureau  
when 25 copies of it were forwarded to Dallas by referenced  
airtel.

REC-21

62-109060 3577

EX-100

NOT RECORDED

21 AUG 6 1964

- 3 - Bureau (Enclosure 1)
- 1 - Dallas (Info) (AIR MAIL) (89-43)
- 1 - Baltimore
- JSR:bag
- (5)

ENCLOSURE

79 AUG 18 1964  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

C.C. Wick

*cc of airtel received at Baltimore  
attached is corrected insert for the  
LHM in airtel 3553. 7/11/64 MRJ*

*MRJ*

*SLX*  
*CR...*



BA 89-30

JFR:mgl

1

Re: [REDACTED]

ALLEGATION

On July 8, 1964, [REDACTED], Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, made available to the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation eight pages of typed material which was reportedly prepared by Mrs. [REDACTED], Randolph Hills, Rockville, Maryland.

[REDACTED] made available copies of this material to Mr. KENNETH J. WIESMAN, United States Secret Service Agent at Austin, Texas.

On the following pages appear the exact contents of this material.

100-111411-3511  
ENCLOSURE

B-2-30  
J.A. 1  
2

[REDACTED]  
Randolph Hills  
Rockville, Maryland

"June 24, 1964

"The Honorable Governor John Connolly  
Executive Mansion  
Austin, Texas

"Dear Governor Connolly:

"I sincerely am not just an emotional grandmother of fifty-three years, I have been listening to a radio program from New York this evening. It comes over WNBC, 630 on dial begins at 7:45 P.M. Monday thru Friday and runs thru 12:00 midnight. It is the Brad Crandall program people call in to him and they talk about any and everything, but it is usually centered on the states of the South.

"My fear for the people of the South and all America is not unfounded. One man called in on this program tonight and even suggested getting a crowd together and going down to Mississippi and this would be the spark that would set off the revolution that John Kennedy, Johnson, the Roman Catholics (hierarchy), the pope, and the Communists have planned since 1960.

"Kennedy and Johnson have been disarming our country, bankrupting, giving our tax money to Roman Catholic-Communists countries to build up their war arms, using our tax money by the millions to set-up so-called Peace Corps that are nothing more than gangsters and murders trained on honest American money and sent out all over the world to murder and start the wars and now they have come up with the obnoxious Poverty Bill to set-up Hitler Youth Camps and train our innocent youth as hardened killers and prostitutes.

"They carried out a well planned scheme and slandered Dallas, Texas to begin with about six months ago. John Kennedy is no more dead than I am. I haven't read that any one admitted seeing the corps.

"America is furious that Congress turns over our money to set up art centers and memorials to that obnoxious devil traitor. Now Johnson has come up with a bill for more millions of our money

F. 89-30

JER:mgl

3

to remake Pennsylvania Avenue, and it will be a second Rome, Italy. This same thing was tried when Abraham Lincoln was President and he refused to let the Roman Catholic devil in Rome plan and set up his obnoxious FALSE IDOLS.

"Johnson is either deliberately or being forced, at least he is rushing us into an American Police state and overthrow of our government. It has to be accomplished this Summer for they know this is their only opportunity and I sincerely believe that they are inciting a revolution in Mississippi to take our minds off of New York and Canada, and then move in from the North.

"Just a few days ago they had stirred up murders, bombings, thefts, rapes, etc. in Quebec and went so far as to say they might disolve relations with Canada and merge with the United States. It isn't a coincidence that Quebec is approximately 100% Roman Catholic their plan to merge would easily fit in and fortify our Nothern Shores as an aid and encirclement to benefit the Roman Catholic plans from New York, Europe, South America, Mexico, Panama, etc. and the rope could be squeezed around our necks before we know what has happened. They are centering the trouble on the South for a reason.

"If you will refer to the second election of Mr. Lincoln of 1864 you will find that this today is a duplication and the third try to overthrow our government. I don't think for a moment either that suddenly we have been having almost daily all Roman Catholic Heads of Foreign Governments making a path to our White House within the last month. We are dealing with professional gangsters and they could be checking on their joint plans for the invasion of America.

"Our only hope is for the Southern and Border Congressmen to take immediate action and place that whole nest of Nazis around the President under armed guard and if the President Johnson is willingly joined with them, include him and then appoint a President until November.

"If they don't the American Legion that have risked their lives should walk in and over throw the whole outfit or we are being forced into a revolution by the Roman Catholics and we are standing by and permitting it to happen.

FBI

BA 89-30

3A:mgl

4

"We know the Roman Catholic hierarchy are murders, they have murdered three of our Presidents and tried to murder two others, what are our officials waiting for? I am hoping you Southern Governors and our Southern Congressmen will ignore any further foolishness and take action, you folks are our only hope. Your forefathers and mine gave their blood and lives for America, not Roman Catholics.

"All America is ready to explode, one lady said over the New York program tonight that 1,000,000 people were to march on Washington the 4th of July against the Civil Rights Bill, another called in that every Senator and Congressmen voting for the Bill would be defeated in November.

"The Northern Left Wing Congressmen have gone too far in aiding Johnson and the Catholics in destroying our Constitution and destroying our Freedoms, the people have had it. I wanted you Southern Governors and Southern Congressmen to know what I had heard for I believe the only thing that will stop the revolution will be an American Legion armed guard around the White House and Nazis running our government.

"Very Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

"(Mrs.) [REDACTED]

BA 89-30  
JRR:mgl  
5

[REDACTED]  
Randolph Hills  
Rockville, Maryland

"June 23, 1964

"The Honorable Ralph W. Yarborough  
110 Maryland Avenue  
Washington 2, D.C.

"Dear Senator Yarborough:

"I am not from the state of Texas, but from the state of West Virginia and our state agrees wholeheartedly with The Honorable Governor, John Connolly and the people of the state of Texas that are fighting to retain FREEDOM IN TEXAS AND ALL OTHER FORTY-NINE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

"I am also a Protestant as you are, and a descendant of Thomas Rogers, one of the one hundred and two PILGRIMS THAT LANDED ON PLYMOUTH ROCK, DECEMBER 30, 1620. Also a granddaughter of Percy "Doc" Rogers that along with his fellow Soldiers were forced to eat Opposum that had been dead so long it had begun to turn green, that ended with the giving their blood and laying down their lives on the Battlefield during the Civil War, 1861-1865 that you and I might live, and live in FREEDOM IN OUR BELOVED AMERICA.

"I am also a registered Democrat as you are, but our first LOYALTY AND ALLEGIANCE MUST FIRST BE PLEDGED TO OUR CREATOR, ALMIGHTY GOD AND SECOND TO AMERICA BEFORE EITHER POLITICAL PARTY, FOR IF WE DIDN'T HAVE ALMIGHTY GOD AND AMERICA WE WOULDN'T HAVE EITHER A DEMOCRATIC OR REPUBLICAN POLITICIAN IN A CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

"Senator Yarborough since the very day that Roman Catholic, John Kennedy entered our BLOOD PURCHASED, WHITE HOUSE, THE PROTESTANTS OF AMERICA HAVE BEEN HARASSED AND PERSECUTED SEVERELY AND SERIOUSLY, AND THIS PERSECUTION AND HARASSMENT HAS CONTINUED, AS SEVERELY SINCE LYNDON B. JOHNSON BECAME PRESIDENT.

"Our Protestant forefathers purchased America with their blood and lives, and our Protestant husbands, fathers, brothers and sons have been slaughtered BY THE MILLIONS, AND STILL ARE, ON THE BATTLEFIELDS OF AMERICA AND HEATHEN FOREIGN JUNGLES that you and I and all other Americans might breathe the air of FREEDOM, DID THESE AMERICAN SOLDIERS LAY DOWN THEIR LIVES IN VAIN?



PA 89-30

JSR:mgl

6

"The latest persecution has been inflicted upon 20th Century Reformation Hour, by Reverend Carl McIntire of Collingswood, New Jersey. Rev. McIntire is a reputable and God-fearing Minister of Protestant Faith, heard over 607 radio stations daily paid for exclusively by DONATIONS AND FREE WILL GIFTS OF MILLIONS OF FREEDOM LOVING AMERICANS ALL OVER OUR NATION. Reverend McIntire is Editor and Publisher of the CHRISTIAN BEACON, A PROTESTANT WEEKLY PUBLICATION. The Christian Beacon has been mailed out to its subscribers weekly as SECOND CLASS MAIL for the past twenty-five years without one single difficulty. Rev. McIntire was suddenly notified last week without any warning from Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. that effective immediately, his weekly Christian Beacon would no longer be mailed as SECOND CLASS BUT REDUCED TO THIRD CLASS MAIL.

"The 'Big Brother' in the Post Office Department didn't revoke the Second Class Right, but without warning or excuse reduced this Religious mail to Third Class as would never be thought would happen in America, but only under the BUTCHER OF BUDAPEST, NIKITI KRUSCHEV IN COMMUNIST RUSSIA OR THE BEAST DICTATOR, THE POPE IN ROME, ITALY.

"The second recent persecution The Independent Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions of Greenville, South Carolina of which Rev. McIntire is vice-President has been refused Income Tax Deductions from Internal Revenue in Washington, D.C.

"I must add it has been learned that the Roman Catholics mail out their weekly magazine from the same Post Office in New Jersey as the Christian Beacon as Second Class Mail and they weren't touched by the Postal Department, and allowed to continue with the Second Class.

"Rev. McIntire and his wife are also former residents of the state of Texas and he has the largest listening audience of Voters all over America and we are 'FED UP' and have no intentions of taking this lying down.

"Senator Yarborough, we know you have the influence to REVERSE AND PUT A STOP TO THIS PERSECUTION OF OUR PROTESTANT RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN OUR VERY OWN COUNTRY. WE ARE CALLING UPON YOU TO PLEASE EXERT YOUR INFLUENCE AND TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION IN OUR FAVOR.

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

7

"President Johnson is well aware that allowing persecutions of Protestants such as I have explained to you is seriously risking his chances of being elected in November, but worse than that, he is (if the action isn't reversed immediately and absolutely) pulling you down to his level and placing your chances of re-election at the mercy of the people in Texas. Please take a firm stand and refuse to be intimidated by the gangsters, your constituents will reward you and you will also receive praise from all Americans.

"Please do not use your valuable time in replying, for I do not expect it. The gentlemen receiving copies of this letter will be on the alert if and when the action is reversed, and if it isn't action will have to come from them. I have belief in you that we will get results or I wouldn't have taken the time to seek your help. Thank you

"Very sincerely,

/s/

"COPIES TO:

"(Mrs.)

"The Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower

"The Honorable Governor  
John Connolly

"The Honorable Barry M. Goldwater

"The Honorable Governor  
George C. Wallace

"The Honorable Bruce Alger

"The Honorable Frank M. Clark"

ATION

ADPC

"Rochester, N.Y., Feb. 11, 1937

"We... of the Holy Roman Catholic Church, expect all loyal children of the church to assist the President with all our strength to see that individuals comprising the U.S. Supreme Court shall obey the President's injunctions. And, if necessary, we shall change, mend, or blot out the present Constitution so that the President may enforce his, or rather our humanitarian program and all phases of human rights as laid down by our saintly popes and the Holy Mother Church.

"We elected our worthy President by the greatest majority ever recorded in history. We are going to have our laws made and enforced according to the Holy See, and the Popes and the canon law of the Papal Throne. Our entire social structure must be built on that basis. Our educational laws must be so construed that atheism, the red peril of all blathering isms-PROTESTANTISM, COMMUNISM, SOCIALISM and all other of their ilk and stamp, be driven from this fair land.

"The cross was planted on our shores by staunch Roman Catholics. This land belongs to us by every right. Long enough have we compromised on every important question. Now we demand what is really ours, and we are going to have it. We will support our President in every way to obtain it peacefully, honestly, if we may. If necessary, we are ready to fight and die for it.

"We want as Cabinet Members children of the Holy Mother Church holding important positions in the entire structure of our government.

"We control America, and we do not propose to stop until America, or Americans, are genuinely Roman Catholic and remain so. God help us."

---

"SIGNED--Father Patrick Henry O'Brien

"The above letter was written to Rev. A. Di Domenico, former Catholic of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, originally printed in L'Aurora, published by the Italian Baptist Association of America."

---

BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl

9

"COPIED FROM: My Deliverance from the Heresies of Rome,  
by HARRY HAMPEL

"NOTE: I am a registered Democrat, but I am happy that my GOD AND JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA TAKE PRECEDENCE FAR BEYOND, OUT IN THE FRONT OF POLITICAL AFFILIATIONS. THE EXPOSURES ABOVE SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES, 'OUR PRESIDENT' SPOKEN OF IS NONE OTHER THAN FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT AND HE IS THE ONE AND FIRST OF THIRTY-TWO AMERICAN PRESIDENTS TO COMMIT TREASON AGAINST GOD, JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA, TREASON WAS CONTINUED IN 1964, THIRTY-FIFTH PRESIDENT, JOHN F. KENNEDY AND OUR THIRTY-SIXTH PRESIDENT, LYNDON BAYNES JOHNSON."

"COMMUNIST RULES FOR REVOLUTION  
(Captured in Dusseldorf May 1919  
by the Allied Forces)

- "A. Corrupt the young, get them away from religion.  
Get them interested in sex. Make them superficial,  
, destroy their ruggedness.
- "B. Get control of all means of publicity and thereby:
  - "1. Get people's minds off their government by  
focusing their attention on athletics, sexy  
books and plays and other trivialities.
  - "2. Divide the people into hostile groups by constantly  
harping on controversial matters of no importance.
  - "3. Destroy the people's faith in their natural  
leaders by holding the latter up to contempt,  
ridicule and obloquy.
  - "4. Always preach true democracy, but seize power as  
fast and as ruthlessly as possible.
  - "5. By encouraging government extravagance, destroy  
its credit, produce fear of inflation with  
rising prices and general discontent.
  - "6. Foment unnecessary strikes in vital industries,  
encourage civil disorders and foster a lenient  
and soft attitude on the part of government toward  
such disorders.
  - "7. By spacious argument cause the breakdown of the  
old moral virtues, honesty, sobriety, continence,  
faith in the pledged word, ruggedness.
- "C. Cause the registration of all firearms on some  
pretext, with a view to confiscating them and leaving  
the population helpless.



BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl/df1  
11

"NOTE: The above 'Rules for Revolution' were secured by the State Attorney's Office from a known member of the Communist Party, who acknowledged it to be still a party of the Communist program for overthrowing the Government."

"George A. Brautigam

"State Attorney  
State of Florida"

"The following has been copied from 'MY DELIVERANCE FROM THE HERESIES OF ROME' by Harry Hampel, former Roman Catholic, Chapter XV, page 97.

"It was the Pope Pius XII and the strong Italian vote that put Mussolini in final control of Italy, and from the very beginning the pope demanded and received many favors from him. One of Mussolini's first acts was to rescue the financial standing of the Vatican by saving from bankruptcy the Banco di Roma in which most of the Vatican's funds were invested. When the Lateran Pact was signed, Mussolini paid the Pope 750,000,000 liras in cash and one billion liras in Fascist State bonds.

"Since the war very little has been said of the Catholic Church's attitude toward the Nazi regime of Germany. It is interesting to note that when Hitler seized power in January, 1938, the Vatican was the first sovereign power to enter into formal negotiations with it. Six months later, on July 20, 1938, Cardinal Pacelli (Now Pope Pius XII) put his signature along side that of Frans von Papen to the Vatican's Concordat with Hitler's Third Reich.

"It is interesting to note that the German Bishop's meeting at Fulda in August of 1938, a pastoral letter was issued which read,

"There is no need to speak at length of the task which our people and our country are called upon to undertake. May our Fuehrer with help of God, succeed in this extraordinarily difficult work."

"No further elaboration is necessary to see that it was not until Hitler's Third Reich and Mussolini's Fascist party had both secured the blessings of the pope that they began their long bloody march against Europe and Africa."

BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl  
13

"The following has been copied from OUTLINE OF HISTORY by H.G. Wells, Vol. II, page 927, par. 3.

"The battle which was to come ranks with Marathon and Salamis among those which changed history and saved civilization. Had Britain not resisted, or had it been conquered, it is not difficult to estimate what would have followed. The Nazi plan is now fairly clear and it is clear too how nearly it succeeded. The defeat of Britain was to be followed by the conquer of Russia; as it was, the Soviet forces came to the very edge of disaster in 1941 and 1942 and it is hardly likely they would have survived the attack of a Germany which had defeated Britain, had no need to defend its rear and all the seas wide open to supply its armies. The defeat of Russia was to be followed by a triple attack on the credulous and half-armed UNITED STATES from Japan on the West, from all NAZI EUROPE on the East, and from Latin America allies already being prepared in the South. This vast, but impracticable programme was twarted by British resistance."

---

"NOTE:

The Kennedy-Johnson Foreign Aid Program is nothing more than to make sure that Hitler's plans for OVERTHROW OF THE UNITED STATES OF 1941 ARE COMPLETED IN 1964 PUT INTO ACTION, BY: no-win policy, (send our American Soldiers into Foreign Jungles with obsolete Airplanes and Arms as

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

14

'Sitting Ducks' to be SLAUGHTERED IN COLD BLOOD BY ROMAN CATHOLIC COMMUNISTS) disarm America by deceit and fraud by stealing from us and giving to the Communists, bankrupt America by giving our tax hard earned money to all Foreign Countries to build arms to kill us with, increase the number of enemy countries by BOLDLY AND AGGRESSIVELY FORCING OUR SOLDIERS TO OVERTHROW ASIA AND AFRICA AND SLAUGHTER IN COLD BLOOD THEIR LOYAL CITIZENS THAT RESIST AND STAND-UP AND FIGHT FOR THEIR COUNTRIES., PLACE OUR YOUTH INTO CAMAFLAGED (PEACE) HITLER GANGSTER YOUTH CAMPS TO CAUSE REVOLUTION, MURDERS, BOMBINGS, RAPES, THEFTS, AGAINST LOYAL AMERICAN CITIZENS, AND OVERTHROW OUR GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA."

On July 15, 1964, Lieutenant L. M. WHALEN, Montgomery County, Maryland Police Department, Wheaton Station, advised that Wheaton Station covers the Rockville, Maryland area. He said that Mrs. [REDACTED] is unknown to his department. He further advised that records of his department contain no information identifiable with [REDACTED]

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Clerk, D.C. Credit Bureau, Washington, D.C., advised records that Bureau reflected [REDACTED] of [REDACTED] Rockville, Maryland, has been known to the D.C. Credit Bureau since July, 1961. Mrs. [REDACTED] is married to [REDACTED] and they have been at the [REDACTED] address since [REDACTED]. They are buying their home there. The [REDACTED] formerly lived at [REDACTED], Washington, D.C. Mrs. [REDACTED] is a white female, approximately 50 years of age.

[REDACTED] said these records indicate that [REDACTED] is employed as a [REDACTED] by the [REDACTED] Kenilworth, Maryland, and that Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed as a payroll clerk by the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland.

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Rockville, Maryland, advised that she has been a neighbor of Mrs. [REDACTED] since April, 1957, when the [REDACTED] moved into the house at [REDACTED]. She said Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed in the Payroll Department at the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, and is married to [REDACTED] who is employed as a [REDACTED] in Kenilworth, Maryland. She stated the [REDACTED] have one child, a daughter, married to [REDACTED]. The [REDACTED] have three children and live in Cumberland, Maryland, where Mr. [REDACTED] is connected with the [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] said that Mrs. [REDACTED] has been ill for the past several months; however, the exact nature of her illness is unknown to [REDACTED]. She said that Mrs. [REDACTED] has told her that she is attempting to obtain medical retirement because of this illness. [REDACTED] said that she has heard Mrs. [REDACTED] name the physician who is attending her; however, [REDACTED] could not recall this name.

On July 16, 1964, [REDACTED] Staff Accountant, Accounting and Auditing Section, National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, Maryland, advised that he is the immediate supervisor of Mrs. [REDACTED] of [REDACTED]



Rockville, Maryland. [REDACTED] said that according to his records, Mrs. [REDACTED] has been employed at NIH as a payroll clerk since January, 1957. He said that he is aware she had prior government service; however, the time served and exact nature of her former employment is not reflected in records immediately available to him.

[REDACTED] stated that during the past two years, Mrs. [REDACTED] has been on extended sick leave and leave without pay, after she used all of her accrued sick leave. He said that she has been on leave without pay since April, 1964, and will shortly be retired because of medical disability. He stated he has not had an opportunity to review medical records pertaining to the exact nature of Mrs. [REDACTED] medical disability and that he probably will not be permitted to review these records. However, he is aware that her disability appears to be a definite emotional problem. He commented that about two years ago he began to notice that she appeared to be displeased with many things that occurred in her particular area of work and constantly complained to him and other of her superiors, indicating that she believed she was being discriminated against because of her religious convictions. He said he is also aware that Mrs. [REDACTED] has written many letters to various political figures throughout the United States charging that a religious order is attempting to undermine the Government of the United States in an effort to eventually take over the control of the United States Government.

[REDACTED] said that he has seen Mrs. [REDACTED] read a number of books, which, from casual perusal by him, indicate the authors of these books are castigating a particular religious sect.

[REDACTED] said that he does not know the identity of the physician who has been caring for Mrs. [REDACTED]. He said she did not utilize the services of a government physician but insisted on seeing her private physician. [REDACTED] said he could add nothing to the above except the personal observation that Mrs. [REDACTED] who was at one time a valued and reliable employee in his section, now appears to be an extremely emotionally upset woman.

[REDACTED] furnished the following brief physical description of Mrs. [REDACTED]

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

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Name: [REDACTED]  
Date of Birth: [REDACTED]  
Race: White  
Sex: Female  
Height: 5'1"  
Weight: 135 pounds  
Hair: Red  
Eyes: Blue  
Marital Status: Married  
Husband: [REDACTED]  
Children: One married daughter

Each of the following individuals advised there is no record of treatment of [REDACTED] for mental condition at her respective institutions:

[REDACTED] Librarian  
Spring Grove State Hospital,  
Catonsville, Maryland

[REDACTED]  
Statistical Division  
Springfield State Hospital  
Sykesville, Maryland

August 6, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - C. A. Evans  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
(O. H. Bartlett)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies each of the following  
four communications concerning Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.,  
of Houston, Texas:

Houston, Texas, June 22, 1964,  
captioned "Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.  
Miscellaneous Information Concerning"

Dallas, Texas, July 17, 1964,  
captioned "Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11/22/63,  
Dallas, Texas"

Houston, Texas, July 21, 1964,  
captioned "Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.  
Miscellaneous Information Concerning"

Houston, Texas, July 30, 1964,  
captioned "Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas"

BY COURIER SVC.

42 AUG - 6

COMM-FBI

For your information, copies of the above  
communications have been furnished to the U. S. Department  
of Justice and U. S. Secret Service Headquarters in  
Washington, D. C., as they contain information of possible  
interest to them. No further action is being taken in  
this matter.

62-109060  
1 - 62-109090 (President's  
Commission)

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

RDR:las (11) B I

6 AUG 10 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

Aug 6 12 01 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

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NOTE:

On 6-20-64, Mrs. Berry, who admitted treatment at a mental hospital for a short period of time, furnished some rather wild allegations concerning her husband organizing a group for possible overthrow of the Government, association with ultraconservatives and rightists and other radical allegations. Mrs. Berry also indicated her husband knew of one individual who possibly had information concerning the assassination. She also indicated her husband was very anti-Robert Kennedy. Our investigation has established that Mr. Berry is ultraconservative and is going around with an odd bunch at the University of Houston. He denies any knowledge of any movements to overthrow constituted authority. His friend who allegedly had knowledge of the assassination, William M. Rudersdorf, has no such knowledge and is by his own admissions an agitator making statements calculated to stimulate controversy. In view of the allegations, U. S. Secret Service and the Department have been furnished copies of the above-referred-to communications. No further action appears necessary and this concludes our inquiries.

8-6-64

1 - Mr. Rogge

**Airtel**

**To: SAC, Louisville**

**From: Director, FBI (62-109060)**

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

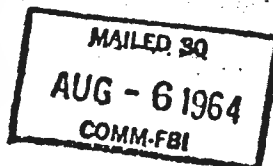
ReSAAirtel 5-26-64, concerning an anonymous letter received by Governor Connally which was postmarked 4-22-64, at Sheppardsville, Kentucky.

Louisville furnish date and identity of communication which furnished Dallas the results of investigation requested in reairtel.

1 - San Antonio (89-67)  
1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (6)  
NOTE: *las*

Louisville was requested by San Antonio to conduct appropriate investigation to identify the author of the anonymous communication. The above is being sent in line with our continuing practice of following leads in the assassination investigation.



REC-12

X-108

109060-3579

18 AUG 6 1964

UG 10 1964

TELETYPE UNIT



FBI

Date: 8/3/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM *[Signature]* SAC, CINCINNATI (62-2758) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, 7/28/64; and Cincinnati airtel,  
7/24/64.

Enclosed for the Dallas Office are 25 copies of  
an insert, and for the Atlanta Office one copy, showing  
receipt of letters at the Cincinnati Office from Mrs. CLINTON  
HUDSON of Decatur, Georgia.

Information contained in the insert was furnished  
to Bureau, Dallas, and Atlanta by Cincinnati airtel 7/24/64.  
Bureau instructed enclosed insert be prepared.

- 3 - Bureau  
1 - Atlanta (Enc. 1) (Info.)  
2 - Dallas (Enc. 25) (89-43)  
1 - Cincinnati  
TPS/mal  
(7)

REC-42 62 107660-3580

21 AUG 5 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

39 AUG 10 1964

8-4-64

Airtel

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - J. M. Sizoo  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)  
1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3581

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Enclosed for Dallas are three copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8-3-64.

The investigation requested should be expeditiously conducted and the results furnished in an appropriate letter-head memorandum for dissemination. Your attention is specifically directed to the last sentence of paragraph 2 on page 1, wherein the Commission requests it be furnished as soon as possible copies of the photographs used in connection with this request. This matter should be handled immediately.

Enclosures (3)

1 - Dallas (44-1639)  
1 - Dallas (100-10461)

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)  
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald) 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)  
RDR:las (14)

NOTE: Commission by letter makes reference to the testimony of Mark Lane before the President's Commission, in which he alleged there was a meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, in Dallas between Bernard Weissman, Officer J. D. Tippit and Jack Ruby. Lane is the New York attorney who has engaged in [redacted] and is closely associated with communist dominated organizations. He has been endeavoring to prove that Oswald is innocent. Weissman is the individual who placed the controversial full page advertisement in a Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, of course, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and proven that no such meeting took place. However, based on the specific request in the above Commission letter, it

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

MAILED 30  
AUG 4 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

4 AUG 12 1964

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appears the Commission is endeavoring to check out every possible facet of this matter to preclude possible criticism in the future.

The Commission request requires the obtaining of photographs of Weissman and Tippit and displaying same to various individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure that neither were seen in the club at any time. When the results of this inquiry are completed, the Commission will be advised.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE R.

AUG 3 1

Mr. Tolson ☒  
Mr. Belmont ☒  
Mr. Mohr ☒  
Mr. Casper ☒  
Mr. Callahan ☒  
Mr. Conrad ☒  
Mr. DeLoach ☒  
Mr. Evans ☒  
Mr. Gale ☒  
Mr. Rosen ☒  
Mr. Sullivan ☒  
Mr. Tavel ☒  
Mr. Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Miss Holmes ☒  
Miss Gandy ☒

J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover: *LC*

*RECEIVED  
HHS  
10/10/64*

Mari ~~Lane~~ has testified before the Commission about an allegation that on November 14, 1963, there was a two-hour meeting at the Carousel Club between Bernard Weissman, Officer J.D. Tippit, and Jack Ruby. In connection with this allegation the Commission would be grateful if you would perform the following additional investigation:

1. Obtain photographs of Bernard Weissman and J.D. Tippit and show them to George Senator, Andrew Armstrong, Larry Craford, Karen Bennet Carlin, Nancy Powell and William D. Crowe in order to determine whether any of these persons observed Weissman or Tippit at the Carousel Club at any time, and whether any of these persons observed a meeting such as that described by Lane. The photographs may be obtained in any way you find most feasible; however, please have Weissman identify and sign the photograph which you obtain of him and have Mrs. Tippit identify and sign the photograph you obtain of her late husband. We would also appreciate receiving copies of these photographs as soon as you obtain them, whether or not you have yet shown them to the group of witnesses listed above.

2. Reinterview Bernard Weissman to determine as precisely as possible his whereabouts on November 14, 1963, particularly in the evening hours. Determine who, if anyone is able to provide corroboration.

3. Reinterview Mrs. J.D. Tippit to determine whether or not she is aware of any contact between her late husband and Bernard Weissman.

EX-100

30 AUG 4 1964

*L*

62-107660

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antel to SAC, DC  
RDE:scw  
8-4-64

ST-104

REC-40

62-107660 3581

3 AUG 6 1964

DA

4. Ruby claims that he did not know the Officer J.D. Tippit, who was killed on November 22, but that he does know another member of the Dallas Police Department by the name Tippit. Interview Officer G.M. Tippit, member of the Special Services Bureau of the Dallas Police Department, to determine the extent of his relationship, if any, with Jack Ruby.

Sincerely,



J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
11/22/63

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enclosure
- 2 - Mr. Griffith - Enclosure

DATE: 8/5/64

- 1 - Mr. Neill - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enclosure
- 1 - Office, Room 7133 - Enc.

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 8/3/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, telephoned Section Chief Roy H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section of the Laboratory, and requested that a Bureau representative pick up those exhibits listed on the attached enclosure. It was further requested that three copies of each exhibit be made and that all copies and the original exhibits be returned to the Commission.

As a matter of record, custody was taken of instant exhibits by SA Robert E. Neill on 8/3/64.

This work will be handled by an Agent examiner of the FBI Laboratory's Document Section.

## ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced as requested. The originals of these exhibits plus the copies of each will be returned to the Commission.

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Malley - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention: C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure

REN:bsm (13)

REC-42

3 AUG 7 1964

ENCLOSURE

ST-104

70 AUG 13 1964

SD-1

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

3/5/64

COMMISSION EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

Pappas #1	Two 8" by 10" photographs of scenes showing the killing of Oswald by Ruby
Baker #1	One 8" by 10" photograph of a Dallas street scene
Hudson #1	One 8" by 10" color photograph of Presidential Motorcade in Dallas
Lewis #1	One 8" by 10" mug shot of Oswald
Holmes #1A	Blank application form for Post Office Box (POD Form 1093)
Holmes #2A	Copy of Post Office box application for Ruby
Holmes #3A	Notice to Change Forwarding Order for Oswald
General Walker #1, #2, #3, and #4	Four 8" by 10" photographs showing various scenes of General Walker's residence
Tague #1	One 8" by 10" photograph purporting to depict a point on South curve on Main Street from which bullet or fragment thereof ricocheted
Willis #1	Eight color slides of Presidential Motorcade and one page of explanatory text
Pena #1	Four reproductions showing various pages of the passport application of Orest Pena
Lawrence #1	Five small sheets of notes re placement of police officers by Dallas Police Department

AUG 7 1964

62-107000-551-  
ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Jevons

DATE: 8/6/64

1 - Mr. Neill

1 - Mr. Frazier

2 - Mr. Griffith

1 - Office, Room 7133

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
11/22/63

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 8/4/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, telephoned SA Robert E. Neill, Physics and Chemistry Section, FBI Laboratory, and requested that Ruth Paine exhibits numbered 272 and 273 be photographed and that three copies of each be furnished to the Commission.

These exhibits are already in the possession of the Bureau; therefore, no pick up was necessary.

This work will be handled by an Agent examiner of the FBI Laboratory's Document Section.

## ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed as requested and three copies of each will be furnished to the Commission.

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention: C. W. Smith)

ST-104

REC-12

3583

AUG 7 1964

REN:bsm (13)

Note: Ruth Paine exhibit number 272 is a piece of wrapping paper and Ruth Paine exhibit number 273 is a piece of paper tape. Both exhibits were obtained from Ruth Paine residence.

64 AUG 12 1964

AUG 8 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

August 7, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (P. F. Enlow)  
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadigan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letters dated May 26, 1964, and June 26, 1964, concerning the receipt of an anonymous letter on May 18, 1964, implying a threat against the Chief Justice of the United States.

Enclosed are two photographic copies of the anonymous letter and the envelope in which it was received designated as FBI Exhibit D215. Also enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Springfield Office dated July 16, 1964, concerning the interview of Mr. Major George Canfield.

The original anonymous letter and envelope are being retained for possible future use and the enclosed are being furnished for the completion of your files.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- 1 - 65-8742 (Arthur Imhoff)

RDR:las  
(12)

Enclosures (4)

EX 109

REC-39

62-109060-3584

19 AUG 7 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

AUG 7 1 04 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

EX COURIER SVC.  
44 AUG - 7  
COMM-FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

NOTE:

Details concerning this matter appear in Rosen to Belmont memo, 5-25-64, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas, Miscellaneous - Information Concerning," RDR:las. Briefly, an anonymous letter alleges the writer overheard a conversation in the Spanish language indicating knowledge of the assassination and implying a threat against the Chief Justice. The person making these statements drove a car bearing Arizona license EZY 958, which was determined to belong to one Arthur G. Imhoff. Imhoff was interviewed on 6-17-64, and denied having any knowledge of the assassination or acquaintance with any of the central figures. He indicated an interest in extrasensory perception "seers" and "mystics." He acknowledged that he might have talked about predictions of the President's death made by others, but denies making any statements which could be construed as a threat. The Chief Justice and the President's Commission were immediately advised of the receipt of the anonymous letter and were advised we were investigating. By letter 6-26-64, the Commission was furnished full details concerning the above. The information now being furnished was subsequently developed and may be of interest to the Commission and will also complete its files. No further action need be taken.



Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.  
Assistant Attorney General

August 7, 1964

Director, FBI

1 - C. A. Evans  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 7 9 37 AM '64

B I

Enclosed is one copy of the report of  
Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling at Dallas dated  
July 16, 1964, captioned as above. The report contains  
the results of investigation conducted by this Bureau  
relative to allegations against persons other than  
Lee Harvey Oswald, and is being furnished as it contains  
information of possible interest to you.

For your information, copies of this report  
have been furnished to the President's Commission  
investigating the assassination of the late President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy and one copy has been furnished  
to the U. S. Secret Service.

Enclosure

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (12) *las*

NOTE: We have received numerous complaints relating to  
individuals other than Lee Harvey Oswald. The complaints  
generally relate to remarks and threats allegedly made by  
individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy,  
other officials and the policies of the administration. The  
complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and  
patriotic citizens. This will be the fifth such report  
disseminated to the President's Commission. A copy will be  
disseminated to the U. S. Secret Service separately. The  
enclosed report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Malley  
and appropriate Bureau supervisor.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAILED 8  
AUG 7 - 1964  
REC-39  
COMM-FBI

100  
107-60 3585  
18 AUG 7 1964

58 AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

REC-39  
*[Handwritten signature]*

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 7/31/64

FROM : LEGAT, BONN (62-36) (P)

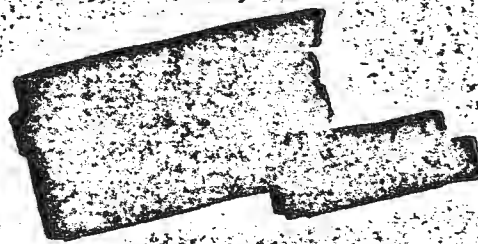
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBulet to Mr. HERBERT J. MILLER, Jr., Assistant  
Attorney General dated June 4, 1964, and Bonnairtel July 7, 1964.

Enclosed are 25 copies of an insert pertaining  
to the investigation concerning ALBERT HEINRICH HILLER.

*This information  
will subsequently be included  
in the report for dissemination and  
to President's Commission and  
Dept. PRR*

*ROTHENDER  
L*



- 5 - Bureau (Enc 25)
- 1-Liaison
- 2-Dallas 89-43
- 1 - Bonn
- GAV:eds
- (6)

ENCLOSURE

REC 39

62-109060 3586

NOT RECORDED

6 AUG 5 1964

*2 Xerox copies  
made for Bu  
and 1 of each  
8/4/64 RDL/LL*

DEPT OF JUSTICE

REC 2 4 53 511 P  
IDENTITY DIVISION  
RECEIVED

CONSTITUTION  
NO ACTION

*ice let a 2  
25 enc. sent me 1 day  
PR over 0-7 action  
8/6/64 RDL/LL*

56 AUG 13 1964

BONN 62-36  
DALLAS 89-43

[REDACTED]

The following is a translation from the German of a letter, which was in a double envelope and was postmarked at Tuebingen, Germany, 12:00 Noon May 25, 1964, and was sent to Mr. ROBERT KENNEDY, Attorney General of the United States of America:

"Alfred Hiller  
Schlotterbechstr.  
7032 Boeblingen  
West Germany

[REDACTED]

"Boeblingen  
May 23, 1964

"To Mr. Robert Kennedy  
Attorney General of the U.S.A.

"Dear Mr. Kennedy:

"According to the wish of your brother John Fitzgerald Kennedy, I wish to give you the true background details of the crime, now that a half year has gone by since the Dallas assassination. I had several telephonic conversations with your brother. The last one took place in August of last year. In the beginning, Mr. Johnson who is now President, used to join in the conversations also.

"At the time, your brother John F. requested me to contact you when this date would roll around. Nobody knows of the secret and confidential relation between your brother and myself.

"Therefore, I ask you to place yourself in contact with me right away, or at least on the occasion of your visit to Berlin next month.

"I believe that I owe it to you, to your sister-in-law Jacqueline Kennedy, to the other members of the Kennedy family, to the American people and to the whole world to clarify the confused issues of the horrible Dallas assassination. u

[REDACTED]

"It has cost me a great deal of effort not to write this letter to you before. As I mentioned previously, your brother, John F. Kennedy, had asked me to wait until now.

"I want to let you know confidentially that I had foreseen the assassination of your brother. I also know quite accurately the precise circumstances of the Dallas assassination.

"Therefore, I shall be looking forward to hearing from you in the near future.

"Of course, the precise details must be of very great interest to you.

"With kind regards, I remain

"Sincerely yours,

(signed) "Alfred Hiller"

The Bundeskriminalamt (BKA - West German Federal Criminal Police), Wiesbaden, Germany, arranged for an inquiry regarding ALFRED HILLER and an inquiry regarding the matter outlined in his letter. The BKA furnished the results of this inquiry in the form of a report dated June 25, 1964, at Stuttgart, Germany, prepared by the Criminal Police Office of the State Police Directorate for North Wuerttemberg, which was approved and forwarded by Chief Criminal Commissioner EGGETEMAIER. U

The report stated that inquiries had been made at the towns of Boeblingen, Altdorf, Rottenburg am Neckar and Tuebingen, German Federal Republic. It was found that there was no record with the police regarding HILLER in Altdorf or Tuebingen. He was known to the police in Boeblingen and Rottenburg. While employed in Boeblingen HILLER had written incoherent letters to various citizens in the Village of Altdorf. U



The records of the Division of State Police at Rottenburg revealed that on April 8, 1964, at about 11:50 AM, HILLER had partially undressed himself on the Neckar River bridge in Rottenburg; had thrown pieces of his clothing in the river and had also thrown a number of phonograph records in the river and distributed others to children. The records stated that HILLER had religious hallucinations and that he was receiving medical treatment in Tuebingen from Dr. OSTERMANN who immediately committed him to the Tuebingen University Hospital following the occurrence. u

The report states that HILLER was questioned on June 23, 1964, at his home in Altdorf, Germany, and the following information regarding his background and the circumstances of his writing the letter to Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY was obtained. u w. gel

HILLER's full name is ~~ALFRED HEINRICH~~ HILLER. He was born April 13, 1942, at Altdorf, County of Boeblingen in the State of Baden-Wuerttemberg, Germany. His current address is #14 Buehl Strasse in Altdorf. He is an electric installer by occupation and is single. His parents are CHRISTIAN and ANNA HILLER who are farmers having the same address as HILLER. In the portion of the report containing descriptive data which reads "if unemployed, since when" it is stated "ill since April 7, 1964." In the portion of the same form which deals with current status of health it is stated "since 1963 under doctor's care for nerve condition." u

In discussing his past with the interviewing officer, HILLER furnished the following information: u

HILLER has been under medical treatment since the age of 12 and suffers from an overly sensitive nervous system. He had suicidal thoughts as early as the age of 13 and claims that since the age of 4 has been dreaming in series of things which later occur and says he thus dreamed in advance about the death of President KENNEDY about a year and a half ago. He attended primary school in Altdorf from 1948-1954 and a higher secondary school in Boeblingen from 1954-1957. He said that he was the best student in his class but began to neglect his work and could no longer be promoted in 1957. He, therefore, left school and became an apprentice electrician. He says u



his record in the trade school in 1960 was good but he received only an average grade in his examination. He began to work as an apprentice with a firm in Boeblingen in 1957, and last was employed with the Hartmann Elektro-Installation.

HILLER stated that his nervous condition was originally discovered by a professor of the Tuebingen Children's Hospital who recommended that he be sent to a boarding school. He attributes his deteriorating performance in school to the strain of puberty. In spite of his difficulties his medical treatment ended in 1955 with a diagnosis of an overly sensitive nervous system. He speaks, however, of suffering feelings of depression, loss of interest and weakness of will in secondary school. These symptoms continued from 1957-1960. He said that he "was not there" during these periods which first occurred at two-week intervals and later at four-week intervals. During these times he was weary of life and felt all problems to be insurmountable and had suicidal thoughts. He says that suicide runs in his family as an aunt on his father's side committed suicide in 1956.

HILLER stated that he "approached God" because he needed help in handling his condition. About four years ago he said his relationship to God changed inasmuch as he would not merely pray alone but rather would also receive an answer from God in the form of dreams. Since about four years ago he occasionally dreamed in series of things which later occurred. Among other things he claims to have dreamed in advance of about one and one half years of the death of President KENNEDY seeing the murder and all the circumstances, places and persons. He also mentioned two other occasions of predictions of other events. He claims to have been visited by the Chief of the French Secret Police who asked for his help in solving the case of the kidnapping of ERIC PEUGEOT.

HILLER said that his actions on the bridge over the Neckar River came about after he "was told" to go to Rottenburg, the Seat of a Diocese, where his "super-human situation" would be brought to an end. He was picked-up after his performance on the bridge and taken to his doctor, Dr. OSTERMANN, who committed him to a sanitarium in Tuebingen. He said the doctor had wished to commit him previously but he would not consent. He had been in the care of Dr. OSTERMANN since February, 1963. He stayed in the sanitarium from April 8, 1964, until June 5, 1964, and feels that he would have been released earlier if he had not told his story regarding the murder of President KENNEDY. u

HILLER was taken to his father's home upon release from the sanitarium and said that he planned to resume work at the Elektro-Buehler on June 29, 1964. He added that he has had no dreams since his release from the sanitarium.

With particular reference to the letter written to the Attorney General and his prediction of the assassination of President KENNEDY, the report sets out the following account by HILLER:

"I was informed in all details about the threatening murder of Kennedy through a dream series which occurred about one and half years ago.

"Immediately after the dream I wrote to the American military mission or to the Headquarters of the American forces in Germany, and stated that I had a highly political matter to report. Later I wrote again, as I received no answer in the meantime to my first letter.

"After my second letter I was telephoned directly from the White House by President Kennedy. I was then, as agreed, in the Hotel 'zur Sonne' in Altdorf. At first, people from the staff of the President attempted to speak with me, but I did not leave them alone until I was able to speak to the President himself. He himself, and his staff also, spoke in German.

"The conversation was recorded on tape, and I must have insulted the President, since he left the room, while his wife remained until the end.

"I told him when and where he would be murdered.

"Some two months later he called me again in the 'Sonne' and wanted to know more details. He also told me that he felt that he was able to achieve more than his successor and to bring the Western World into a position of leadership. About April, 1963, the President called me again in the 'Sonne' and told me that he had arranged everything concerning his succession. Johnson was also present and was badly shaken. In his inner turmoil, he left the room before I was through with the conversation. u

"As Kennedy told me in the last conversation, he himself had determined the people who were to murder him. He also told me that the people were envious among themselves and that each fought to be able to commit the murder. u

"It was most likely for this reason that it later came to the murder of the murderer, whose action was begrudged him. u

"I had originally predicted, and had also made it a condition in conversations with the President, that I would not make known the truth about the murder to the public until half a year after the deed. I also suggested the founding of a memorial library. u

"However, Kennedy did not agree that the announcement of the truth about the murder should wait so long; rather, he demanded that his family be told about it in time. Therefore, some 14 days after the deed, I informed Robert Kennedy, who then informed the widow of the President. Jacqueline Kennedy then sent me a telegram which stated that she thanked me very much and was of the opinion that what I had reported was the best solution of the case. Unfortunately I no longer have the telegram." u

The document setting forth the information obtained from HILLER on June 23, 1964, was signed by him and witnessed by Criminal Police Commissioners SCHABER and VOEHRINGER. The report continues with a portion signed by Commissioner SCHABER stating that Dr. OSTERMANN could not be reached for questioning but that Dr. von KALCKREUTH, who had charge of HILLER in the sanitarium from April 8 to June 5, 1964, had stated that HILLER suffered from schizophrenia and that his visions and series dreams are symptoms of that illness. The statement by SCHABER concludes with the following comments: u

"As the inquiry shows, we are concerned in the case of Hiller with a mentally ill person. He suffers from Schizophrenia. u

"His accounts and written reports about his meeting with the Chief of the French Secret Police, and his knowledge about the grounds for the murder of President Kennedy, are symptoms of this illness."

"Hiller has released the doctors who treated him, in a written statement, from their duty to keep his communications secret."

"The examination of Hiller was conducted so thoroughly in order to demonstrate what his mental state actually is."



SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

8/5/64

SAC, BUTTE (62-1965) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
OO: DALLAS

Re Salt Lake City airtel to Butte, 7/17/64, and  
Buairtel to Salt Lake City, 7/14/64.

Enclosed herewith for the use of Dallas are 25  
copies of an insert indicating results of inquiry made by  
the Butte Division of MARTHA MADDOX, Grassrange, Montana,  
8/1/64.

Upon receipt of the original communication, Sheriff  
GEORGE STEPHENS, Fergus County SO, Lewistown, Montana, was  
contacted concerning the location and whereabouts of MARTHA  
MADDOX, and he advised it was his information that she was  
away for a short period of time but would return on or about  
8/1/64.

MARTHA MADDOX was interviewed 8/1/64, and provided  
the information set forth in the enclosed insert.

Following the interview with MARTHA MADDOX, discrete  
inquiry was made in Grassrange regarding her in view of her  
age. Persons talked to indicated that she appeared to be a  
normal person for her advanced age, although it was admitted  
that when she "got on something, she really rode it." It was  
explained by this that, when she had something on her mind, it  
was hard to dislodge it.

2 - Dallas (Encs. 25)  
1 - Bureau (62-109060)  
1 - Butte  
DBF/jrd  
(4)

REC-39

NOT RECORDED

8 AUG 7 1964

EX 109

58 AUG 13 1964

VAC 10722V



August 7, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - C. A. Evans
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated June 26, 1964, which enclosed two copies of the report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated June 19, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas." This report contained the results of investigation conducted by this Bureau relative to allegations against persons other than Lee Harvey Oswald since the assassination of President Kennedy.

Enclosed for your assistance are two copies of another report prepared by Special Agent Gemberling dated July 16, 1964, and captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas," which sets forth similar investigation conducted by this Bureau.

Dissemination of this report has also been made to the U. S. Department of Justice and the U. S. Secret Service since it contains information of possible interest to them.

As you were previously advised, reports will continue to be submitted by this Bureau relating to similar matters.

Sincerely yours, 19 AUG 7 1964

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission) Edgar Hoover

RDR:las (11)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (2)

BY COURIER SVC.  
44 AUG - 7  
COMM. FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

**NOTE:** We have received numerous complaints relating to individuals other than Lee Harvey Oswald. The complaints generally relate to remarks and threats allegedly made by individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy, other officials and the policies of the administration. The complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and patriotic citizens. This will be the fifth such report disseminated to the President's Commission. A copy will be disseminated to the Department and U. S. Secret Service separately. The enclosed report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Malley and appropriate Bureau supervisor.

FBI

Date: July 16, 1964

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SPRINGFIELD (89-23) RUC.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
11-22-63  
KILLING A FEDERAL OFFICER  
OO - Dallas

Miscellaneous - Information Concerning

Re Springfield airtel to Bureau 7-6-64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of letterhead memorandum captioned as above. One copy each is enclosed for information of Dallas, Albuquerque, Little Rock and Phoenix.

On July 14, 1964, Major GEORGE CANFIELD was interviewed by SA EUGENE W. IRVIN at Urbana, Illinois, resident agency. CANFIELD voluntarily appeared at the resident agency and advised that he had come to Villa Grove, Illinois, for a visit from Okalona, Arkansas, and was advised by his father that the FBI was trying to locate him.

CANFIELD said that he knew very little about IMHOFF's background personally other than information obtained from conversation with IMHOFF while prospecting in Colorado and Nevada. He said that an individual by the name of O.O. MITTENDORF from Tucson, Arizona, had been associated with IMHOFF prior to CANFIELD's meeting with IMHOFF and had reportedly promoted some kind of a deal looking for treasure in Mexico, but is now reportedly back in Tucson, Arizona.

- (3) - Bureau (6-2109060) (Enc. 5)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Albuquerque (89-27) (Enc. 1) (Info)  
1 - Phoenix (89-42) (Enc. 1) (Info)  
1 - Little Rock (Info) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Springfield (89-23)

EWI:spb

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

C. C. Wick

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per \_\_\_\_\_

14 JUL 20 1964

8-26-64  
OJH/jur

ENCLOSURE 39

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SIX

SI 89-23

CANFIELD described MITTENDORF as race white, sex male, age about 60, tall slender and gray haired.

CANFIELD said that on the initial trip to Illinois with IMHOFF about September, 1963, they visited for a short time in Dallas, Texas, with an individual by the name of EDMUND MUDGE, Jr., who is now associated with some oil company in Dallas. He said that he had met MUDGE about two or three years ago in Tellurid, Colorado, and knew that MUDGE was interested in prospecting and might be interested in IMHOFF's inventions. He said nothing came of this visit and they proceeded to Villa Grove, Illinois, to the home of his father.

CANFIELD said he believes that IMHOFF may have made some statement to his landlady, name not recalled, at 18 East 14th St., Tucson, Arizona, as to IMHOFF's premonitions concerning President KENNEDY not completing his term of office.

CANFIELD advised that he is returning to Okalona, Arkansas, about July 17, 1964.

Little Rock discontinue efforts to locate CANFIELD.

GIBBONS





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. SI 89-23

Springfield, Illinois  
July 16, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS,  
TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
ARTHUR G. IMHOFF

On July 14, 1964, <sup>upd</sup> Major GEORGE CANFIELD, Villa Grove, Illinois, advised as follows: 111

CANFIELD, a retired Sergeant from the United States Air Force, met ARTHUR IMHOFF in Tucson, Arizona, about August, 1962, at which time IMHOFF was residing at 18 East 14th Street in Tucson and was engaged in prospecting for mineral and oil deposits, particularly in exploring abandoned gold and silver mines in Colorado and Nevada. CANFIELD advised that he was fascinated by IMHOFF's stories of his experiences and with the "gadgets" which IMHOFF claimed to have invented.

CANFIELD advised that he spent several months during the latter part of the Summer, 1962, working with IMHOFF during which time they revisited numerous abandoned mine sites including one near Searchlight, Nevada.

CANFIELD advised that during his association with IMHOFF, he (IMHOFF) frequently made statements as to his feelings of premonition about unusual happenings, details of which he cannot recall; however, he does recall that on more than one occasion IMHOFF stated that he had the feeling that President KENNEDY would not complete his four year term of office. He said that IMHOFF would say that he could not give any reason for his feelings in this regard, and to his recollection never made any statement that President KENNEDY would be assassinated or otherwise elaborated on why he would not be able to complete his term of office. Canfield

<sup>that he had never been in Dallas</sup>  
CANFIELD stated that he had never been in Dallas except on one occasion of their return to the State of Illinois when he and IMHOFF travelled from Arizona to the home of CANFIELD's father at Villa Grove, and to his knowledge IMHOFF had no acquaintances or associates in Dallas, Texas.

*Original  
copy  
sent to  
J. Edgar  
H. C. [unclear]  
see serial 677-111*



**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

*Interview as per #*  
CANFIELD stated that during the latter part of the <sup>S</sup>ummer, 1963, he, CANFIELD, returned to Villa Grove, Illinois, where he purchased a Chevrolet truck, and went to Arizona and brought IMHOFF to Villa Grove about the middle of September, 1963, after which they spent considerable time together in Illinois, and made two visits to Arizona and Nevada and returned to Villa Grove. CANFIELD stated that he definitely recalls that he and IMHOFF were at the home of his father in Villa Grove, Illinois, when he heard news on the radio of the assassination of President KENNEDY and recalled that he reported this news to IMHOFF, who appeared to be stunned and deeply shocked by the news.

CANFIELD stated at no time had he ever heard IMHOFF make any statement either before or after the assassination of President KENNEDY to indicate that he had any intimate knowledge of the assassination plot against the President.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. SI 89-23

Springfield, Illinois  
July 16, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
ARTHUR G. IMHOFF

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CANFIELD stated he had been in Dallas on only one occasion that being at the time he and IMHOFF travelled from Arizona to the home of CANFIELD's father at Villa Grove, Illinois. He added to his knowledge IMHOFF had no acquaintances or associates in Dallas, Texas.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

CANFIELD stated that during the latter part of the Summer, 1963, he, CANFIELD, returned to Villa Grove, Illinois, where he purchased a Chevrolet truck. He went to Arizona and brought IMHOFF to Villa Grove about the middle of September, 1963, after which they spent considerable time together in Illinois, and made two visits to Arizona and Nevada and returned to Villa Grove. CANFIELD stated that he definitely recalls that he and IMHOFF were at the home of his father in Villa Grove, Illinois, when he heard news on the radio of the assassination of President KENNEDY and recalls that he reported this news to IMHOFF, who appeared to be stunned and deeply shocked by the news.

CANFIELD stated at no time had he ever heard IMHOFF make any statement either before or after the assassination of President KENNEDY to indicate that he had any intimate knowledge of the assassination plot against the President.

8-10-64

Airtel

1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - I. W. Conrad (G. F. Mesnig)  
1 - C. L. Trotter (R. G. Wittmus)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SAC, New York (89-75)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

16  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Enclosed for New York and Dallas are copies of the following documents relating to two anonymous communications:

1. Xerox of anonymous letter received by columnist Walter Winchell and furnished to the Bureau by Mr. Winchell.
2. True copy of above letter prepared by the Bureau.
3. Copy of anonymous Xerox letter furnished by the Department in a communication dated 7-15-64. The anonymous letter is addressed "To Robert F. Kennedy."
4. True copy of above letter prepared at the Bureau.

The above documents were examined by the FBI Laboratory and Identification Division with the following results:

Qc4 through Qc6 had originally been submitted by the Assistant Attorney General of the Criminal Division of the Department.

Q1 Envelope addressed in part "Mr. Walter Winchell c/o Journal American 220 South Street..."

Enclosures (8)  
1 - Dallas (89-43) Enclosures (8)

RDR:las (10)

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

66 AUG 14 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

MAILED 5  
AUG 10 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

EX 100  
REC 45 62-109060-3590

AUG 11 1964

Airtel to SAC, New York  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

- Q2 Two sheets of handwriting, first sheet of handwriting beginning "The following men have information about..."
- Q3 Second sheet of handwriting beginning "All these men are..."
- Qc4 Photocopy of three-page letter to "Robert F. Kennedy," first page beginning "To Robert F. Kennedy. Just a few lines to let you know that..."
- Qc5 Photocopy of second page containing list of names and addresses, first name and address in part "George Grogan 1414 Chalmers..."
- Qc6 Photocopy of third page beginning "They are former..."

It was concluded that the handwriting on Qc4 through Qc6 was written by the writer of Q1 through Q3, with the exception of the handwriting on the back of the envelope, Q1.

No indented writing of value was found on Q1 through Q3. Q3 bears the watermark "Fifth Avenue." Q2 contains a fragment of a watermark which may be a portion of the "Fifth Avenue" watermark. Paper bearing the "Fifth Avenue" watermark is handled exclusively by the F. W. Woolworth stores. Q1 does not contain any watermark or other identifying characteristic which would assist in determining the source of the envelope.

Q1 through Qc6 were searched through the appropriate sections of the Anonymous Letter File without effecting an identification.

Appropriate photographs have been made.

The envelope addressed to Walter Winchell, as well as the undated anonymous letters to Mr. Winchell and to the Attorney General, which allegedly furnish information re assassination of President Kennedy have been examined by the Latent Fingerprint Section for latent impressions, but none of value were developed. The envelope to Mr. Winchell does not disclose any information as to the origin of the communication. The referral from the Department did not include the envelope.



**Airtel to SAC, New York**  
**RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

No effort was made to check the names set out in the letters through Bureau indices, as it appears both letters were prepared by a mentally disturbed person possibly a patient at the King's Park State Hospital.

New York is instructed to conduct appropriate logical investigation at the King's Park State Hospital in an effort to identify the anonymous letter writer. If the writer is identified, he should be interviewed if possible regarding the allegations in the anonymous letters. The results of investigation, including true copies of the anonymous letters, results of the Laboratory and Identification Division examinations of these letters, should be incorporated in appropriate inserts and transmitted to the Bureau and Dallas, 25 copies to Dallas.

Should the writer be identified, be alert to any information indicating mental incompetency and include same in your inserts.

Should it develop that this matter cannot be logically resolved with a minimum of investigation, Bureau advice should be sought before conducting an all-out investigation regarding the names listed in the anonymous letters.

Every effort should be made to expedite this investigation and furnish the results to Dallas at the earliest possible time, as the Commission is endeavoring to wind up its inquiry at an early date.

**NOTE:** The anonymous letter furnished by Walter Winchell lists some 25 individuals who reside in various parts of the United States and may now be employed by or be patients at the King's Park State Hospital in Long Island, New York. It is alleged these people may have knowledge of the assassination. The letter furnished by the Department claims that Oswald is not the only one involved in the assassination, that others are involved. Six names mentioned in the above letter are repeated. The writer claims all of these individuals are ex members of the United States Coast Guard, who served in World War II. King's Park State Hospital is a mental institution and it is possible the writer is a former member of the

**NOTE CONTINUED PAGE FOUR**

United States Coast Guard and currently a patient at the hospital. Because of the nature of the letter it is not felt that any effort should be made to check out all of the names at this time.

Laboratory examination has established that both letters were written by the same person. Full details concerning these examinations can be found in W. D. Griffith to Conrad Memo captioned "Anonymous Letters to the Attorney General and Walter Winchell," dated 7-31-64, GFM:em and S. F. Latona to Mr. Trotter Memo captioned as this airtel, dated 8-3-64, RGW:sem/mna.

The results of this investigation will be furnished to Dallas in inserts for subsequent report and dissemination to the Commission.

FBI

Date: 8/7/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, LOUISVILLE (89-63)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, 8/6/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau and San Antonio each is one copy of two inserts covering investigation conducted at Shepherdsville, Kentucky with respect to anonymous letter received by Governor CONNALLY.

For the information of the Bureau, results of investigation in Shepherdsville, Kentucky, were furnished by letter to June 24, 1964, and enclosed insert furnished Dallas by letter of July 16, 1964.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
- 2 - Dallas
- 2 - San Antonio (Enc. 2) (ACTIVE)
- 1 - Louisville

WLW/mjr  
(8)

REC 45

107060 3591

16 AUG 10 1964

64 AUG 13 1964  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

LS 89-63  
DLS:phd

1

On June 12, 1964, [REDACTED] Shepherdsville, Kentucky, (Protect Identity) advised SA DONALD L. SMITH that he could furnish no information regarding the writer of the letter postmarked at Shepherdsville, Kentucky, which was sent to Austin, Texas, regarding the assassination of the President. It is possible someone was passing through Shepherdsville and dropped the letter in the post office, as it is noted it was dated April 22, 1964, Louisville. Shepherdsville is about 21 miles south of Louisville.

On June 12, 1964, [REDACTED] United States Post Office, Shepherdsville, Kentucky, (Protect Identity), advised SA SMITH that she recalls a letter going through this post office, which had an address regarding the KENNEDY assassination. She could not say for sure the one postmarked April 22, 1964 at Shepherdsville was the one, although it probably was. She could furnish no information regarding the writer of the letter and did not recognize the handwriting.



IS 69-63

DLB:pd

1

On June 12, 1964 Sheriff BILL FRENCH and Judge ARSON MOORE, Shepherdsville, Kentucky, were contacted by SA DONALD L. SMITH regarding the letter postmarked April 22, 1964 at Shepherdsville, Kentucky concerning the committee investigating the KENNEDY assassination, and each advised they did not recognize the handwriting of the letter, and could furnish no information regarding the unknown writer.



CODE *PT*

8-7-64  
If regular radio contact  
missed send by urgent  
plain text teletype at  
once.

*TT*  
RADIOGRAM

URGENT

1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, DETROIT  
FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) - *3592*

*15*  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING.

FOLLOWING TELEGRAM FROM DETROIT RECEIVED AUGUST SIX,  
LAST: QUOTE HAVE INFORMATION I WISH TO DISCLOSE REGARDING  
THE KENNEDY ASSASSINATION CONTACT ROOSEVELT HOTEL ROOM  
TWO TWO TWO REGISTERED NURSE TELEPHONE WOODWARD ONE DASH  
ONE SIX THREE ONE JULIE LARSON HOLMBECK END QUOTE. NO  
INFO IDENTIFIABLE WITH HOLMBECK IN BUREAU FILES.

DETROIT THOROUGHLY INTERVIEW HOLMBECK RE ALLEGATION  
AND INITIATE ANY OTHER NECESSARY INVESTIGATION. FURNISH  
RESULTS TO BUREAU AND DALLAS IN LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM INCLUDING  
BASIS FOR THIS INQUIRY WITHOUT PROPERTY STAMP. EXPEDITE.  
DALLAS ADVISED BY MAIL.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (4) *11211CE*

NOTE: *Go* When results obtained, Commission will be advised.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Evans \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*44 JAN 5 1973*  
**66 AUG 14 1964**

*11K*  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION  
*253*  
**AUG 7 1964**

TELETYPE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 6 1964

WESTERN UNION

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

BIA006 449P EDT AUG 6 64 DEA241

DE LLF201 PD DETROIT MICH 6 317P EST

EDGAR HOOVER

FED BLDG WASHDC

HAVE INFORMATION I WISH TO DISCLOSE REGARDING THE KENNEDY ASSASSINATION

CONTACT ROOSEVELT HOTEL RM 222 REGISTERED NURSE TELEPHONE

WOODWARD 1-1631

JULIE LARSON HOLMBECK

(37)

Ad. to DE cc DL  
8-7-64 RDR/lan

MR. MOHR FOR THE DIRECTOR

REC 4562

AUG 10 1964

3592

FBI

Date: 8/3/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (66-180)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT - DALLAS

ReBuraad, 8/3/64, instructing that in the absence of justification for retaining the services of stenographers VIRGINIA G. MC GUIRE and DOROTHY J. STAGER from the Oklahoma City and Little Rock Offices, respectively, such employees should be released, to report to their respective offices by no later than August 10 next.

The Dallas Office is endeavoring, during the week of August 3 to 7, to submit reports in the RUBY case, which will be approximately 100 pages, the OSWALD case, approximately 200 pages, and the Assassination case, approximately 100 pages.

In addition, at the request of the President's Commission, a transcript of the radio transmissions of the Dallas Police Department during the period 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M. on November 22, 1963, and the period 10:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M. on November 24, 1963, is being typed, which it is anticipated, will run approximately 200 pages.

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Oklahoma City
- 1 - Little Rock
- 2 - Dallas

RPG/ds

(7)

REC 45

EX 109

117 AUG 5 1964

C. C. Wick

XEROX

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

AUG 11 1964

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

60 AUG 24 1964

DL 66-180

In line with Bureau instructions, every effort will be made to release stenographer DOROTHY J. STAGER on August 10 next, and both stenographers STAGER and VIRGINIA G. MC GUIRE will be released no later than August 14, 1964.



FBI

Date: 8/5/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Dallas, 8/3/64, outlining certain  
corrections to the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated  
7/16/64, at Dallas.

The corrections outlined by the Bureau have been  
made in Dallas copies.

Page 32 of the report dated 7/16/64, should be  
deleted and page numbered 31 should be numbered "31-32."

On page 288 of the report opposite the name  
"WALLACE, Gov. GEORGE C.," page number "32" should be  
deleted.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten copies  
of amended page 119. One copy of amended page 119 is being  
furnished to each of the New Orleans and San Antonio Offices  
herewith.

Dallas copies have been corrected appropriately.  
A copy of this report is being furnished U. S. Secret  
Service, Dallas.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)

1 - New Orleans (89-69) (Enc. 1)

1 - San Antonio (89-67) (Enc. 1)

2 - Dallas

NOT RECORDED

17 AUG 6 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

(Special Agent in Charge)

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

ENCLOSURE

601 RPP/ds 1304

(7)

delact in 6/23/64



DL 89-43

For the Bureau's information, considerable difficulty has been experienced by Dallas with respect to the underlining of errors appearing in quoted material included in the report. Such underlining has been done by other offices furnishing inserts to Dallas, and this is believed to be due to the fact that common practice has been to underline errors, but a special exception has been made in instant case.

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)(P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Remyairtel dated 8/1/64 and Bureau radiogram 8/3/64.

PCI, advises of recent meeting in beer parlor at San Diego, California with one FRANK (LNU), only known to as a close friend of JIM BANISTER, who has in the past obtained for PCI. FRANK known as owner of large apartment house in San Diego, and BANISTER is wealthy investment broker who constantly surrounds himself with prostitutes and provides same for customers looking for such diversions. Due to present informant not engaged in at present time. feels can contact BANISTER and learn full identity of FRANK.

In review PCI states in conversation with FRANK, he advised he had been approached by one A. SCHNEIDER (phonetic) who told him he had a stolen death certificate for the late President KENNEDY; that he intended to reproduce copies of same, and sell them for profit. SCHNEIDER had inquired of FRANK if he was interested in joining him in such venture. FRANK told PCI he had refused stating he had his own troubles without having the FBI come down on him. PCI states FRANK was not drunk at time of conversation.

Informant, upon learning identity of FRANK, will see if can recontact him and "pump" him as to this matter in the

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Dallas (info)
- 3 - San Diego (2 - 62-1529)
- (1 - 137-1237)

HES:Mm

(7)

REC 45

23 AUG 8 11

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

C. G. Wick

SD 62-1529

hope he will further identify A. SCHNEIDER (phonetic). [REDACTED] feels an immediate contact with FRANK would reveal [REDACTED] identity, but if [REDACTED] is able to identify SCHNEIDER (phonetic), that contact could be made with him as [REDACTED] does not believe he is acquainted with [REDACTED]

Informant, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] She was developed as PCI on 5/1/54 and has furnished reliable information in two [REDACTED] matters to date. As previously noted, [REDACTED] has stated FRANK could very well have been "pulling [REDACTED] leg" in this matter, but that in spite of [REDACTED] feeling in that respect, [REDACTED] felt it should be brought to the attention of this office for evaluation.

San Diego will maintain contact with informant in an attempt to develop the original source of this information, and if PCI will not be compromised, this source will be interviewed regarding the allegation.

Upon completion of such inquiry, letterhead memo will be prepared per Bureau instructions.

8-10-64

1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Rerep of SA Robert P. Gemberling at Dallas dated  
7-16-64, and Bureau airtel 8-3-64.

Provided all corrections referred to in reBuairtel  
have been made, authority granted to disseminate one copy of  
rerep to U. S. Secret Service locally.

For your information two copies of rerep were  
furnished to the President's Commission and one copy each  
was furnished to the Department of Justice and U. S. Secret  
Service Headquarters in Washington, D. C.

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las

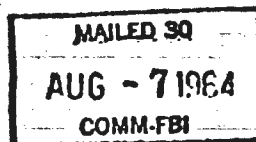
(5)

NOTE:

Dallas in the cover pages accompanying rerep requested  
Bureau authority to disseminate a copy of this report locally.  
In view of this request above communication being sent.

This is the fifth miscellaneous type report reflecting  
the results of our investigation of complaints and threats  
allegedly made by individuals concerning their feelings about  
President Kennedy, other officials and the policies of the  
administration. Most of the investigation is predicated on  
complaints received from cranks, mental incompetents and sincere  
individuals reporting on suspicious activities, statements, etc.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_



REC 27

10 AUG 10 1964

AUG 12 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECORDED COPY FILED IN



FBI

Date: 8/4/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via **AIRTEL**

**AIRMAIL**

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)  
FROM SAC DALLAS (89-43)  
SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: Arizona License No.  
EZY 958 and ARTHUR G. IMHOFF

ReBuairtel to San Diego 6/17/64 with copies to Phoenix,  
Dallas, Las Vegas, Albuquerque, and Washington Field.

ReBuairtel instructed Dallas that since subcaptioned  
matter was being disseminated to the President's Commission by  
Bureau transmittal letter, there was no need for this matter to be  
subsequently reported in the assassination case.

A review of Dallas file reflects that Dallas submitted a  
letterhead memorandum concerning subcaptioned matter dated 5/28/64;  
Phoenix submitted letterhead memoranda 6/1/64 and 6/10/64; Las Vegas  
submitted letterhead memorandum 6/19/64; San Diego submitted letter-  
head memorandum 6/22/64 and Springfield submitted letterhead memo-  
randum 7/16/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three photographs of  
exhibit D-215 (Q580) which it should be noted is the anonymous letter  
on which the investigation set forth in the above-referred-to  
letterhead memoranda was conducted.

③ - Bureau (Enc. 3)  
2 - Dallas  
RPG:vm  
(5)

REC 27

107060-3596  
17 AUG 5 1964

EX-102

ENCLOSURE

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 12 1964  
Special Agent in Charge



DL 89-43

Inasmuch as Bureau has specifically instructed in connection with subcaptioned matter not to include in a report, it is suggested that the Bureau may desire to transmit two of the three enclosed photographs of the anonymous letter to the President's Commission and retain one at the Bureau.



Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

D-215





Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

A while back I overheard the most unusual conversation in a restaurant near the Mexican Border. It has bothered me ever since, so am going to give it to you as best as can be remembered.

These two men were sitting in a booth next to myself, and they were talking Spanish. As so many bi-lingual people seem to take for granted that as you are a blue-eyed gringo you can't understand the language, and they talk as if you did not exist. Now I do not believe that the one man who was doing the talking of which I speak, was a Mexican--he may have been part Mexican tho, as he did speak with an accent to the cashier in English. Would say he is about 5' 6" tall, rather small, tho with a little paunch, and would weigh about 145 to 150 lb. Brown eyes, grey curly hair, or wavy, a dark complexion, small hands for a man. He was the driver of a 1954 or 1955 packard, 4 door sedan, Arizona license number EZY 958. Oh yes, a rather long, grey mustache. ~~Am~~ About 50 to 55 yrs. old.

From the conversation would gather that he resides in either Tucson, or some place not very far from the Mexican border below Tijuana or Mexicali, and also must have many friends in San Diego.

Now for the conversation. They were talking politics and the Kennedy assination came up. This man stated that he and a companion were on the outskirts of Dallas when they heard the news on the car radio. The companion wanted to go on into Dallas and see what was going on, but this man said he told him no that he didn't dare, as he knew that "they had finally done it" and he didn't want to take a chance of seeing anyone who might connect him with the affair. He said that he knew months before that Kennedy "had to die" that there was no other way for "it" to be handled, and he knew that "they" (whoever the heck they may be) was on the verge of taking action in Dallas, as it would be an ideal place.

If he knows who "they" may be, then I think you should know also. He was so damnebly smug about the whole thing when he was talking. He also stated that during WWII he had top security clearance, so now he goes most places and when he shows his identification, then he isn't questioned. He stated that he keeps Mexican citizenship so that he can go back and forth without question. (This sounds slightly crazy to me, as I don't know anything about such, but didn't know that you could maintain Mexican citizenship and American at the same time.) Perhaps he was born American, and took out Mexican citizenship.

To top this off, he asks the other man who he thinks will be the next on the list. He stated that there were many of course, whom "they" would like to eliminate, but Earl Warren was given

top priority. Ye Gads! what a character! Even if he is just a "nut" of some sort, such talk isn't exactly calming dinner conversation.

I haven't the faintest idea if Earl Warren has plans of visiting San Diego, or if he had residence there at one time, but would gather that he may have from the conversation. Whoever "they" are, must have ideas that somewhere in California would be a likely place to set up something for Mr. Warren which would be as unhealthy as what Mr. Kennedy experienced.

Now you must have hundreds of clues to run down on the Kennedy assassination, and I wouldn't want to be a pest, or a nut, but that conversation has bothered me, and you can take it as you see fit. If the man is just a blabber-mouth, then he may know nothing. If he is just egotistical enough to "have to talk to someone about how much he knows" in order to impress someone, then ~~xxx~~ he just may know something. You are the judge of that.

Anyhow it's off my mind now, and I would like to forget it, although as you know better than anyone, these things must keep cropping up. The intricate network of politics, different groups, communistic and otherwise, must keep you people taring your hair to protect people in public office.

Sincerely,

A Citizen

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan (with enclosures)  
 1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Downing  
 1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Mr. Rolander

August 7, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

EX-108 REC-43

62-107060-3597

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter dated July 30, 1964, requesting translation of the enclosed letter in the Spanish language, there is being forwarded herewith the translation of referenced letter.

The foreign language material is also being returned herewith.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

BY COURIER SVC.  
 44 AUG - 7  
 COMM - FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

BWR:blh

(7)

AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOOGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

JUL 30

*Recommendation of J. Lee Rankin*

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
U.S. Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a letter to Silvia Odo  
from her father written in Spanish which has  
been marked Odio Exhibit 1. Could your  
Bureau furnish us with an English translation  
as soon as possible.

Thank you for your continued cooperation.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

enclosure

REC-43

EX-108

62-101000-3597

10  
8 AUG 8 1964

ENCLOSURE

AUG 11 1964

SEVEN

TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

**TRANSLATOR'S NOTE:** It is noted that the original letter is written in a conversational and personal vein without regard for proper punctuation.

Nueva Gerona, Dec. 25, '63

**My Children:**

From the visit of my brothers, I learned about you. It is a consolation to hear that our children are taking very good advantage of the time. It is one more compensation of Divine Providence for our sufferings. It is difficult to write these days in which memories are so vivid and it is almost impossible to coordinate ideas because emotion chokes us. It is at Christmas time when sentiments, through the sorrow of absence, draw us closer to our loved ones. The more presents we have the more we are aware of the separation. But the sorrow is not important, my children, and if having you always in my heart and thinking intensely of you, it increases, then blessed be the sorrow! Fortunately, we are strong; a great faith sustains us with the firmest hopes of our soon being reunited with the family. Any of the steps that are being taken must prosper. Our desires for peace, to live in the company of our children, stir us to hope a little for comprehension and assistance. At this time of the year, 30 years ago, Mama and I were an engaged couple in love, full of illusions and faith in the future. We were enjoying the preparations for the marriage which happily would eternally unite our destinies. We were making at that time many plans, converted since into a full and beautiful reality. We were ecstatically dreaming about the great adventure of love, and you, my children, were the summation of our dreams. We were in ecstasy over the prospect of many children, the combination of our flesh, of our blood, of our souls in the purest ideals of parents in bloom. Our desires were culminated with the arrival of such a beautiful group of children exceeding our expectations - our aspirations - children extremely gifted with the most brilliant qualities and virtues; - honest - intelligent - children who have the love and respect of one another - who adore and devotedly admire their parents - children who work hard, study earnestly - who make sacrifices whenever necessary. In sum, good children, a benefit

TRANSLATED BY:

F. J. DOBBRATZ:blh

August 5, 1964

ENCLOSURE

62 109060-3597

to the family and to society - loving children who gladly cooperate with one another without complaint - who go through life joined fraternally in perfect communion with God and family. Such are our children for whom today and every day in our prayers we humbly thank God. The All Powerful gives you, my children, a glory of a repeated verse of a most beautiful descendancy! What else in the world can surpass it? Nothing that I may know and it is for this reason that I want to sum in that idea my great desire of happiness for each one of my children at this Christmas time. On the anniversary, shower Mama with pretty cards, letters, photos, and as much as can make her happy. It occurs to me, Cesar, that you with Mauricio, could give her a good gift. I am not referring now to the marvelous gift of free giving; it is a little grand gift. Since he has so many resources and friends, he could arrange that on the basis of her 30 years, her photo be published in a newspaper section. It would be something to fill us with pride, to do justice to this great wife and mother so that her friends may not forget her. That would do us all good and the reason is plausible. Not always are so many years of marriage completed encompassed with so many children and grandchildren, nor under the circumstances which surround it. If you do not have a good photo, ask Felo immediately for it. (I imagine some persons pale with envy, among them some neurotic!) I am not able to give any gift, but I pray for (her/your) health and ask for (her/it) so intensely that God is listening to me. Freddie is getting along very well in his studies. It has taken him time and work, but in the end he will graduate from this course. I always believed that he would, but I fear for him for the very hard examinations that await him. Sally also - I do not know what career - and I am grateful to Jim because he wishes, as we, that she continue studying until receiving her doctorate. He would only desire to offer his assistance and inspiration. I received a telegram from Felo explaining the call that he made to Cesar after the visit. I am happy that he calmed you, and I am presently all right, and give you my messages. I know that every one has moved tirelessly and that on our negotiations being renewed, we will be in first place. To all, I am thankful for Mama who needs to rest with peace and security. My daughters, in spite of the problems that you have, you have found time to move Heaven and earth and our great son with his business relations has succeeded in locating us in a preferable place. I received a letter from Sari on Oct. 27, from Silvia, with her photo in the office - the 3rd that I received; of the rest I do not know what they look like now - on Nov. 8, from Cesar, Julie and Lolie on Nov. 11. Thus we are able to endure solitude. Thus they help us to wait. Mama telegraphed me, content because she already received many.

Remember that you must take a moment and write to one another. It is sad to read that there are times when you do not know about one another "because the telephone is expensive now." Annie needs to adopt a firm resolution for the New Year of involving herself in the responsibilities of the family. We are proud of your conduct in college, in a strange home. We are completely satisfied in having such a good and studious daughter who has perfectly fulfilled her obligations. But you have not kept contact with your sisters - too often unmindful of their problems when you should share them. Therefore, my pretty brunette, you yourself think of the best way to cooperate with them. It would be nice for you to share the time with your brothers and sisters. Would it be possible, love, for you to spend week-ends and vacations at Silvia's house? In this way you could be of great benefit, just as Lolie has been for some time with Julie. You are a complete woman. You understand that you have obligations, in addition to your studies which you are to pursue with eagerness above everything. If what I suggest upsets in any way your school tasks, then you should continue as you are and in no way should you neglect them. Understood? I leave it to your own judgment, but anyway maintain frequent contact with all the family, and watch out for parties and drinking! Silvia, it is difficult to become oriented with you - who are in contact with the atmosphere and who have taken up to now so many intelligent and proper steps. You will continue with that vast experience, determining what ought to be done on each occasion. It is one more reason for pride for us. Before I forget, let me congratulate you on your fine position. You are worthy of these distinctions. Tell me who this is who says he is my friend - be careful, I do not have any friend who might be here, through Dallas, so reject his friendship until you give me his name. You are alone, without men to protect you and you can be deceived. Grant me, blonde, the additional sacrifice of not going out Wednesdays with your girl friends. Stay for a good time at home. You still are not free - you should avoid everything that might affect your good name. Never accept going out with anyone or to the house of anyone if you are not accompanied by your brothers. That of Guille is still not definite - he can return - I am sure that he loves you and adores his children in his way. He was criminally indisposed against you by his neurotic mother. When you have to be understanding, make yourself interested, but be careful not to exceed. Do not abandon literature. Persevere, write a good book even though it takes you years. Sarita, love, your letters are always interesting to me in that you tell me everything is marvelous. It is the best sedative for calming my anxieties for information concerning the family. Your letters, as those of all your brothers and sisters, fill my life with joy and hopes. They come to be the only light which enters the darkness in which I am living. I regret not having received yet a photo of your Jim. Mama was enchanted by him. I hope that Cesar furnishes you with spending money in sufficient amount. Do not scrape - please - go to your brother. It would please me for the elders



to arrange for an allowance. I leave it to your judgment. Tell me as much as you can of your activities. Lolie, beautiful blonde, you do not tell about yourself even though, in spite of being an adolescent, you are already a woman because of the harsh experience through which you have lived. Your labors and sufferings have made you grow intellectually and spiritually. I am happy that you have in C. and J. the tenderness of brothers and parents. Soon you will again be my little spoiled girl, my heart's desire. Take care of rebellions. Study and work gladly. Cesar, Julie, beloved children, there is hardly space left. I am happy with your progress in the program. To Ama, Javier, Jorge, Freddie, Marianne, I express how anxious I am to hold you against my heart! To Gretel and Raul my thanks. Fond regards to Carola, Carmen Rosa, Rene. Loving greetings and my thanks to all but especially to Mauricio and Joe - kisses - Papa

Amador Odio  
No. 31260 - Ctr. 1



70W  
REC-43

EX-108

August 6, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mail Room
- 1 - Mr. Swanson

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter of July 30, 1964, wherein you were furnished information concerning William McEwan Duff.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 31, 1964, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, which supplements the information previously furnished. Also enclosed are two rifle cartridges (30-06 caliber) received from Mr. Clyde J. Watts, 219 Couch Drive, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, who advised that Mr. Wesley J. Liebler of your staff requested that he turn these cartridges over to the FBI in Oklahoma City for forwarding to The President's Commission in Washington, D. C.

IN CONNECTION WITH SHOOTING OF  
General Edwin G. Walker, III 1963  
Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)

HCS/bec

(8)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

REC'D-READING ROOM  
F.B.I.

AUG 6 4 49 PM '64

REC'D-READING ROOM  
F.B.I.

AUG 6 6 00 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-100000-1

NOTE:

Duff had been formerly employed by General Edwin A. Walker as a chauffeur and was initially considered a suspect by Dallas PD in the shooting into the residence of Walker. Watts had completely forgotten about the cartridges until a recent visit to Dallas when he appeared before The Warren Commission, at which time he had recalled them and was requested by Mr. Liebier of The President's Commission to give the cartridges to the FBI so that they might be forwarded to The Commission.

FBI

Date: 7/31/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41) -P-

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO:DL)

Re Oklahoma City airtel to Bureau dated 7/8/64 in the matter concerning WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF, formerly employed as batman by General EDWIN A. WALKER, and of whom allegations of association with LEE HARVEY OSWALD have been received, as well as an allegation by DUFF concerning possible association between General WALKER and JACK L. RUBY. In latter connection, reference is made to Bufile 44-24016 and Oklahoma City airtel of 6/29/64 under caption, WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF, with letterhead memorandum dated 6/26/64.

Enclosed for Bureau ten (10) copies of letterhead memorandum of subject caption dated 7/31/64 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma concerning WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF.

AUG 11 1964 Via Railway Express to Bureau two (2) cartridges, approximately 30 caliber, rifle ammunition.

Enclosed for Dallas two (2) copies of letterhead memorandum dated 7/31/64 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, concerning WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF and twenty-five (25) copies each of the following FD-302s:

REC-43  
62-109060-3598  
C.C. Wick  
CLYDE J. WATTS - 7/29/64  
WILLIAM ROSS, KNESTER - 7/31/64  
CLIFF ROBERTS - 7/31/64 X-108

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)  
1 - Package (Enc. 2)  
2 - Dallas (Enc. 77) (89-43)  
2 - Oklahoma City  
1 - 44-439

ENCLOSURE  
DHB:mwr (8)

Approved: LOT  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

NOT RECORDED IN

OC 89-41

The letterhead memorandum is self-explanatory. No examination of the cartridges by the FBI Laboratory is requested in absence of any indicated recovery of spent cartridges in the attempt to assassinate General WALKER.

It is noted in the interview of CLYDE J. WATTS, Attorney and counsel for General WALKER, that Mr. LIEBLER (Phonetic), an attorney for the Warren Commission, had asked that Mr. WATTS turn these shells over to the FBI for delivery to the Warren Commission.

In connection with the delivery of these shells to the Warren Commission, as has been requested, the letterhead memorandum reporting their source is supplied for clarification.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

July 31, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

The following supplements information furnished concerning WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF, formerly employed as a batman by General EDWIN A. WALKER, and of whom allegations of association with LEE HARVEY OSWALD have been received, and an allegation by DUFF of possible association between General WALKER and JACK L. RUZY. The previous information furnished has been by memoranda dated June 26, 1964, July 16, 1964, and in report dated January 23, 1964, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

The matter at hand concerns two of three rifle shells which CLYDE J. WATTS, Attorney and counsel for General EDWIN A. WALKER, produced on July 27, 1964, ascribing their source to WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF, as obtained without his knowledge by WILLIAM KEESTER and CLIFF ROBERTS, private investigators retained by Mr. WATTS. The shells were reported to have been obtained in the spring of 1963, when KEESTER and ROBERTS had investigated DUFF as a suspect in the attempt to assassinate General WALKER. Mr. WATTS had been given the shells on conclusion of the investigation in the spring of 1963 and had retained them to this time, continuing to retain one of the three shells found.

The results of interviews concerning these shells with CLYDE J. WATTS, WILLIAM ROSS KEESTER, and CLIFF ROBERTS follow:

On July 27, 1964, Mr. CLYDE J. WATTS, Attorney, was contacted at his request at his office, 219 Couch Drive, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. He furnished the following items:

Two (2) cartridges, approximately 30 caliber, three and one-fourth (3 1/4) inches in length, steel jacketed. Stamped on base of each cartridge is "L" "C" "53."

COPIES DESTROYED

Mr. WATTS advised as follows: 62-1-7-6

ENCLOSURE

44 JAN 1 1973



## Assassination of President Kennedy

He obtained the above described cartridges (plus a third identical cartridge, which he, himself, is maintaining in his possession), from WILLIAM KEESTER. In the spring of 1963, he had hired WILLIAM KEESTER and CLIFF ROBERTS, Private Investigators of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, to go to Dallas, Texas, to investigate the matter of somebody shooting at EDWIN A. WALKER, a former General of the United States Army. An individual named WILLIAM DUFF, a former employee of WALKER, was developed as a suspect in the shooting by KEESTER and ROBERTS. The three cartridges were obtained by KEESTER and ROBERTS from DUFF's residence without DUFF's knowledge. KEESTER delivered the three cartridges to him at his office in Oklahoma City, 219 Couch Drive, sometime during the summer of 1963. He placed the three cartridges in an envelope and put them in his desk at his office and they have been there ever since that time.

WATTS had completely forgotten about the three cartridges until a recent visit to Dallas, Texas, when he appeared before the Warren Commission. During this recent trip to Dallas, he talked with one Mr. LIEBLER (Phonetic), an attorney for the Warren Commission, at which time he recalled and mentioned to Mr. LIEBLER the incident concerning his obtaining the three cartridges.

Mr. LIEBLER told him to give the three cartridges to the FBI in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, so that they could be forwarded to the Warren Commission in Washington, D. C.

WATTS desires to maintain possession of one of the cartridges. He believes KEESTER should be able to furnish specific details as to how he and ROBERTS came into possession of the three cartridges.

Mr. WATTS did not place any marks on the cartridges by which to identify them. He does not know if KEESTER or ROBERTS placed any identification marks on the cartridges. The two cartridges need not be returned to him.

Regarding WILLIAM DUFF, DUFF came to Oklahoma City about two months ago and told him he was being discharged from military service due to a fraudulent enlistment. He wanted to keep tabs on DUFF, so he prevailed upon a friend of his, H. W. THOMPSON, of the Oklahoma Paving Company, Oklahoma City, to give DUFF a job. As far as WATTS knows, DUFF is presently working for the Oklahoma Paving Company in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

## Assassination of President Kennedy

On July 28, 1964, WILLIAM ROSS KEESTER, 2224 Southwest 61st Terrace, telephone MUTual 5-2745, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, operator of the K & R Investigation Service, 417 Leonhardt Building, telephone CENTral 2-0233, Oklahoma City, advised of the following relative to three rifle shells supplied on July 27, 1964, by Mr. CLYDE J. WATTS, Attorney, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, who stated that he had obtained them from Mr. KEESTER in mid-1963 and that the shells related to the investigation of suspect WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF in the attempted assassination of General EDWIN A. WALKER:

Mr. KEESTER advised that it is his recollection that the shells in question were obtained by CLIFF ROBERTS, with whom he had been associated in the investigation of DUFF at Dallas, Texas; that ROBERTS had delivered the shells to Mr. WATTS. Mr. KEESTER said he had no other recollection concerning the shells, suggesting contact with Mr. ROBERTS, now employed by the Oklahoma Bureau of Investigation, Oklahoma City, as an investigator.

On July 28, 1964, Mr. CLIFF ROBERTS, Investigator, Oklahoma State Crime Bureau, Oklahoma City, advised that in the spring of 1963 he had been associated with WILLIAM ROSS KEESTER in the operation of the K & R Investigation Service, 417 Leonhardt Building, Oklahoma City; that the partnership had been retained by Attorney CLYDE J. WATTS, counsel for General EDWIN A. WALKER, for purposes of conducting investigation relating to WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF as a suspect in the attempted assassination of General WALKER.

In connection with the investigation concerning DUFF, as previously reported, ROBERTS said he and KEESTER had moved into the same apartment building with DUFF and, on an undercover basis, had established an acquaintanceship and then his confidence in a proposal that DUFF kill General WALKER for them. This was done in an effort to establish what knowledge DUFF might have had concerning the earlier attempt to assassinate General WALKER.

In the development of this proposal to DUFF, ROBERTS said he had obtained some rifle shells from DUFF's apartment without DUFF's knowledge. He did not recall how many he had obtained or how many he had found. As he recalled, he had found these shells in a shoe box in a closet located in DUFF's apartment. There were two other men, names not recalled, who were living at that time in the same apartment with DUFF. ROBERTS stated he cannot now recall how

## **Assassination of President Kennedy**

he had identified the shells with DUFF, as opposed to the two others. There were two closets in the apartment and the effects of these individuals were commingled. It was ROBERTS' recollection that he had found something else in the shoe box which had identified the shoe box, containing the shells, with DUFF.

ROBERTS stated that he had not marked the shells with anything which he could identify when the shells were found, nor does he believe he now could identify the shells, except through a chain of evidence by testimony that he had given the shells to Mr. CLYDE J. WATTS, counsel for WALKER.

ROBERTS stated that he had found no evidence in his contacts with DUFF, nor when he had located the shells, that DUFF had a rifle, a firearm of any other type, or had any particular knowledge of the use of firearms.

Never, ROBERTS said, had he or KEESTER confronted DUFF with their knowledge of his possession of rifle ammunition, nor had they intimated this to DUFF. Not having discussed the ammunition with DUFF, ROBERTS said neither he nor KEESTER has any information as to its origin, or why DUFF might have retained it, unless as a souvenir of his military experience.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION  
NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS SERVICE

LOAN RECEIPT

DATE

September 27, 1965

DATE LOANED

DIVISION OR BRANCH

Office of Civil Archives NCAS 6W-3

DATE RETURNED

Warren Commission Document No. 1355 "FBI J. F. Kennedy 7/31/64 Oklahoma City"

Two (2) cartridges, approximately .30 caliber, three and one-fourth (3 1/4) inches in length, steel jacketed. Stamped on base on each cartridge is "L" "C" "53", received this date from the National Archives and Records Service.

Commission,  
Exhibit # 1977

TWO CARTRIDGES  
TURNED OVER  
TO C. CUNNINGHAM  
DIV 3 9/27/65  
6-THUR

FILE IN 62-109060  
ALONG WITH SERIAL 5598  
TO WHICH IT PERTAINS.  
6-THUR

The receipt on loan from the National Archives of the records listed above is hereby acknowledged. It is expressly agreed that they will be carefully protected against any injury or loss, kept in their present order or sequence, and returned promptly on or before the above-stated "Date due" unless special permission for an extension of the loan for a specified period of time has been obtained from the Chief of the above-named Division or Branch of the National Archives.

RECEIVED

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

Kenneth M. Rausch, Special Agent FBI  
RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGED BY  
9/27/65

NA-325

September 1958

(Formerly GSA Form 154)



8/7/64

☐ Check .

ing semiannual inventory, if no pr

ondence with Bureau.

Bufile

105-82555- 62-109060

Field Division

Dallas

Title and Character of Case

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63  
DALLAS, TEXAS

Date Property Acquired

2/21/64

Source From Which Property Acquired

Bureau (returned from Bureau by R/S stating there is  
no foreseeable need for same at Bureau)

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit

Bulky Exhibit File

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same

Being retained for future investigative  
assistance

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

8"x10" photographs of the following:

Schematic drawing of shooting scene  
More detailed lay-out of shooting area  
Panorama from 6th floor of TSBD Building  
Picture taken seconds after shooting, showing 5th and 6th floors  
with two Negroes in 5th floor window  
Close-up photos of 6th floor window TSBD Building  
Photographs of TSBD Building showing 3rd to 7th floors  
Photographs of rifle

Numerous miscellaneous photographs size 4"x5"

(The above described photographs should be maintained as long as  
this investigation is active.)

NOT RECORDED

93 AUG 11 1964

Field File # 89-43

5 AUG 12 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Neill  
1 - Mr. Herndon  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Office, Room 133

DATE:

8-7-64

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malley ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO: Mr. Conrad  
FROM: R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS; 11-22-63

The Commission has referred to us for review a Report of the Proceedings Held at Dallas, Texas, Saturday, July 18, 1964, (polygraph examination of Ruby) and a transcript of SA E. P. Herndon's deposition. Both transcripts were reviewed and minor typographical errors were corrected.

On 8-5-64, SA Robert E. Neill delivered to Mr. Howard P. Willens of the President's Commission the corrected transcripts.

Corrected copies of the Report of the Proceedings and SA Herndon's deposition are attached.

ACTION: None. For information only.

Enclosures (2)

62-109060

REN:nlb (11)

EX-108 RECORDED FILED

ENCLOSURE

EX-108 RECORDED FILED

AUG 11 1964

REC-43

EX-108

10 AUG 10 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: August 3, 1964

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: PROPOSED FOREIGN TELEVISION PROGRAM  
ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY (USIA)

You will recall that in your (Mr. DeLoach's) memorandum to Mr. Mohr on 7/20/64 you advised that Ann Shafer of the Television Division of the USIA called and spoke to Inspector Kemper to inform him that her organization was preparing a television show of 10 minutes duration to be released after the Warren Commission report is made. The television show would be designed for foreign consumption and would set forth the results of the report and attempt to clarify the situation as far as foreign outlets were concerned.

At that time, Miss Shafer stated they would like to show the role of the FBI in the Commission's investigation, particularly in regard to laboratory matters. This would entail a shot in the ballistics section, as well as some other shots in the FBI Laboratory, to illustrate this phase of the report. She also desired several shots of Agents interviewing persons, both inside and outside. Regarding this request for assistance, Mr. Tolson noted, "I think we should stay out of this until Warren report is issued." The Director concurred. He so firmly advised Miss Shafer. She, nevertheless, stated that a script had already been mailed to us and that she would appreciate our taking a look at it.

CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS:

We now have received the television script (attached) proposed for use in this television program on the assassination. USIA has advised that the Commission has pledged its support in this matter, and they hope to proceed with the filming in the near future.

The script has been reviewed and it is far from complete as to the actual dialogue to be recorded. On pages 19, 21 and 26 various scenes are noted wherein USIA would like to show films as follows:

PAGE 19: Sequence of shots of FBI and State Police officials entering Commission offices.

Enclosure

Mr. DeLoach - Enclosure  
Mr. Rosen - Enclosure  
Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

3:03 PM 8/11/64

SENT DIRECTOR  
8-4-64

(Continued on next page.)

NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 15 1964

M. A. Jones to DeLoach Memo  
RE: Proposed Foreign Television Program on the  
Assassination of President Kennedy

PAGE 21: Close-up shots showing ballistic, handwriting and fingerprint examinations.

PAGE 26: Film showing a fingerprint expert displaying fingerprint records. It is noted that this will entail a narration by the fingerprint expert according to the script.

The script does not contain a great deal directly relating to the FBI. However, on page 40 the narrator will ask the question, "Another question on security... Is it true the FBI had Oswald on its suspicious list - actually questioned his wife a few days before the assassination? If so, why wasn't he watched during the President's stay in Dallas?" No narration is listed thereafter, but it will be recorded during the filming. This, of course, is a question which is quite ticklish, and we should make every effort to assure that the FBI is represented in a favorable light in this regard.

OBSERVATIONS:

Inasmuch as the Warren Commission has pledged its support to USIA in the production of this television show, it is felt the Bureau should cooperate in this matter in order to protect our own interests. Every effort should be made to assure that the Bureau is presented in a favorable light in this most complex matter, and our cooperation in the production should enable us to exert some control. If our cooperation is withheld, we will have no opportunity whatsoever to have any voice in how we are portrayed.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) That Inspector James Malley take this matter up with Mr. Rankin before any decision is made to cooperate in this program.

(2) That Miss Shafer be informed of our decision following determination in (1) above.

JFK

62-109060

SECTION 83

COPY 2



FBI

REC-51

Date: 8/5/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)

FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Dallas 8/4/64 enclosing copy of President's Commission letter 8/3/64 requesting photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and J. D. TIPPIT be obtained and exhibited to various individuals

Enclosed to New York is one copy each of referenced airtel and its enclosure.

Files Dallas Office reflect BERNARD WILLIAM WEISSMAN resides 439 Columbus Avenue, Mt. Vernon, New York, where he has telephone No. MO 4-6994. His mother, LILLIAN WEISSMAN, resides at 1063 Grant Avenue, Bronx, New York.

LEADSNEW YORK DIVISIONAT MT. VERNON, NEW YORK

1. Contact WEISSMAN in response to President's Commission letter and immediately forward his photograph to Bureau with request for Bureau to immediately furnish three copies of WEISSMAN photograph to Dallas so it may be exhibited as requested.

2. Will interview WEISSMAN as requested by Commission.

③ - Bureau  
2 - New York (Enc. 2)  
2 - Dallas

C. C. Wick

PEW:vm

(7)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 13 1964  
Special Agent in Charge

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Evans  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

*File*  
*11 files*

REC-51

62-109060-3600

AUG 11 1964

*6-12*



FBI

Date: 7/31/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)  
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
 DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel dated 7/27/64.

Enclosed herewith are 8 copies of a LHM containing the interview of FRANK J. GEYER, 1110 North Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois, for the President's Commission. Enclosed for Dallas is one copy of this LHM. Inserts regarding this interview will be forwarded to Dallas by separate communication.

5 copies of a separate LHM for dissemination to Senator BARRY GOLDWATER's office is also being submitted with this airtel. This information is not being furnished to Secret Service locally in view of the non-specific nature of same.

C. C. WICK

- 3 - Bureau (Encl. 13)  
 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 1)  
 1 - Chicago

CLB/rms  
 (5)

ENCLOSURE

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
July 31, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

A letter was directed to the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Washington, D.C. This letter was postmarked July 21, 1964. This letter contained the following information:

"Chicago Ill,

"Hon. Mr Hoover  
Head of F.B.I.

"I no all details of President Kenndy who did the job. it was wall street and the Ku Klux Klan Goldwater will not be President but he will be assassinated on the same day Kenndy was assassinated.

"Yours Truly"  
(illegible)

The signature on the letter is illegible; however, it appears to possibly be Frank Gapec or Gatec, 1110 N. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. or 140 N. Clark St.

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 9 1973

62-109060 - 3001

ENCLOSURE

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On July 30, 1964, Mr. Frank J. Geyer was interviewed at his residence, Room 27, Crystal Hotel, 1110 North Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois. Mr. Geyer stated he wrote a letter to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D.C. on about July 21, 1964, containing the above information. Mr. Geyer viewed a copy of this letter and acknowledged that it was written by him. Mr. Geyer stated he is retired and spends a considerable amount of his time thinking about politics and the world situation. He stated he not only thinks about these matters, but he "dreams" about them. He stated he has the ability, after thinking about a problem, to dream about it and come up with a solution to the problem.

Mr. Geyer stated he had a dream concerning the assassination of President Kennedy in which he heard a young girl calling him, looked up to a window and saw a picture of Lee Harvey Oswald. Mr. Geyer stated this, in his opinion, confirmed the fact that Lee Harvey Oswald was the individual responsible for the assassination of President Kennedy. Mr. Geyer stated that he felt that Wall Street and the Ku Klux Klan, persons opposed to the civil rights bill, possibly influenced Oswald to commit this crime.

Mr. Geyer stated that Senator Barry Goldwater will be assassinated on the same day as President Kennedy, year not known. He stated that this was strictly his opinion and was based on the fact that Goldwater was opposed to many of the things held in esteem by President Kennedy, such as civil rights.

Mr. Geyer stated he had no specific knowledge concerning the assassination of President Kennedy or his belief that Senator Barry Goldwater would be assassinated. He explained that he was a dreamer and philosopher and had the ability to analyze situations, and the above was his opinion concerning them.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
July 31, 1964

THREATS AGAINST SENATOR  
BARRY GOLDWATER  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

*Orig. D.C.*

A letter was directed to the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Washington, D.C. This letter was postmarked July 21, 1964. This letter contained the following information:

"Chicago Ill.

"Hon. Mr Hover  
Head of F.B.I.

"I no all details of President Kenndy who did the job. it was wall street and the Ku Klux Klan Goldwater will not be President but he will be assassinated on the same day Kenndy was assassinated.

"Yours Truly"  
(illegible)

The signature on the letter is illegible; however, it appears to possibly be Frank Gapec or Gatec, 1110 N. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. or 140 N. Clark St.

COPIES *EDL*

44 JAN 9 1973

ENCLOSURE

62-104700-361

**Re: THREATS AGAINST SENATOR  
BARRY GOLDWATER**

On July 30, 1964, Mr. Frank J. Geyer was interviewed at his residence, Room 27, Crystal Hotel, 1110 North Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois. Mr. Geyer stated he wrote a letter to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D.C. on about July 21, 1964, containing the above information. Mr. Geyer viewed a copy of this letter and acknowledged that it was written by him. Mr. Geyer stated he is retired and spends a considerable amount of his time thinking about politics and the world situation. He stated he not only thinks about these matters, but he "dreams" about them. He stated he has the ability, after thinking about a problem, to dream about it and come up with a solution to the problem.

Mr. Geyer stated he had a dream concerning the assassination of President Kennedy in which he heard a young girl calling him, looked up to a window and saw a picture of Lee Harvey Oswald. Mr. Geyer stated this, in his opinion, confirmed the fact that Lee Harvey Oswald was the individual responsible for the assassination of President Kennedy. Mr. Geyer stated that he felt that Wall Street and the Ku Klux Klan, persons opposed to the civil rights bill, possibly influenced Oswald to commit this crime.

Mr. Geyer stated that Senator Barry Goldwater will be assassinated on the same day as President Kennedy, year not known. He stated that this was strictly his opinion and was based on the fact that Goldwater was opposed to many of the things held in esteem by President Kennedy, such as civil rights.

Mr. Geyer stated he had no specific knowledge concerning the assassination of President Kennedy or his belief that Senator Barry Goldwater would be assassinated.



**Re: THREATS AGAINST SENATOR  
BARRY GOLDWATER**

He explained that he was a dreamer and philosopher and had the ability to analyze situations, and the above was his opinion concerning them.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

REC- 51

August 5, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan (O. H. Bartle  
(R. E. Leniha

1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. A. Conley)  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Chicago Office dated July 31, 1964.

For your information, the office of Senator Barry M. Goldwater and U. S. Secret Service Headquarters in Washington, D. C., have been advised of this matter.

Sincerely yours,

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las

(10) *las*

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE:

Bureau received a letter from Frank J. Geyer of Chicago, Illinois, alleging he knew information about the assassination and claimed that Senator Goldwater would be assassinated on the same day President Kennedy was. Geyer during interview on 7-30-64, admitted writing this letter, states he is retired and spends most of his time thinking about politics and the world situation. He said he is able to "dream" about a problem and come up with the solution. He had no information of value concerning the assassination and claimed the information in his letter was strictly his opinion. In view of Geyer's reference to President Johnson, the late President Kennedy and Senator Goldwater, appropriate dissemination has been made to the Secret Service and Senator Goldwater's Office.

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

REC'D DEPT. OF JUSTICE

AUG 5 11 49 AM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

BY COURIER SVC.

40 AUG- 5

COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_

14 AUG 14 1964

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060) *J.R.M. [Signature]*  
FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)  
SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

*7C [Signature]*  
ReBuairtel to Dallas, 8/4/64, enclosing copy of President's Commission letter dated 8/3/64 requesting that photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and deceased officer J. D. TIPPIT be obtained and exhibited to various individuals.

ReDLairtel to Bureau, copy to New York, dated 8/5/64, with enclosure to New York, setting forth lead to New York to obtain photograph of BERNARD WEISSMAN.

Enclosed to Detroit and Portland is one copy of referenced Buairtel of 8/4/64 and one copy of the President's Commission letter of 8/3/64.

Persons to be interviewed and exhibited photographs mentioned in referenced Commission letter are believed to be currently residing outside the Dallas Metropolitan area, as follows:

- ③ - Bureau
- 3 - Detroit (Enc. 2) (100-31965)
- 2 - Portland (Enc. 2) (89-21)
- 3 - New York (105-38431)
- 3 - Dallas

RJB:vm  
(14)

C. C. Wick

REC-51

AUG 12 1964

79 AUG 13 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_

*Texas*  
1. GEORGE SENATOR, as of 6/30/64 residing Chesterfield Hotel, 130 W. 49th Street, New York City, who can be located through sister, Mrs. A. J. WEISBERG, 2255 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York.

2. ANDREW ARMSTRONG, as of 6/18/64 residing 3821 Dixon, Dallas, Texas.

3. LARRY CRAFT (true name CURTIS LAVERNE CRAFT, aka *mich Texas OREGON* "Larry"), a drifter whose present whereabouts is unknown. His current address can possibly be obtained through following sources:

A. Parents - HUGH and ALICE CRAFT, 1219 Birch, Dallas, Oregon

B. Sister - Mrs. CHAUNCEY INGERSOLL, aka Corabelle, Bel Aire, Michigan, or 307 E. 7th, Clare, Michigan

C. Cousin - GALE ANN CASCADDEN, nee Eaton, 202 W. Birch Street, Harrison, Michigan

D. Cousin - CLIFFORD ROBERTS, 307 E. 7th, Clare, Michigan.

4. KAREN BENNETT CARLIN, aka Mrs. Bruce Carlin, 3809 Meadowbrook, Fort Worth, Texas; an exotic dancer.

5. NANCY POWELL, aka "Tammi True," 1217 Clarence Street, Fort Worth, Texas; an exotic dancer.

6. WILLIAM CROWE, aka Bill DeMar, as of 7/20/64 employed as emcee at Regal Hotel, Fallsburgh, New York. *Texas*

As noted from above, to cover the instant investigation requested by the President's Commission, it will be necessary to determine the exact whereabouts of the aforementioned individuals in order that photographs of WEISSMAN and Officer TIPPIT may be exhibited to them. The New York and Dallas Offices are in the process of obtaining the required photographs and same will be sent to pertinent offices upon receipt.

In the interim, the following leads are being set out at this time to determine the location of the persons to be interviewed while photographs of WEISSMAN and TIPPIT are being obtained. Interview of the persons requested by the Commission should be handled upon the receipt of necessary photographs.

Leads to locate any of the aforementioned individuals should be set out to pertinent offices expeditiously.

It is noted that MARK LANE, referred to in enclosed Commission's letter, is the attorney for Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

LEADS -

DETROIT DIVISION

AT CLARE, MICHIGAN

Interview Mrs. CHAUNCEY INGERSOLL, 307 E. 7th, re location of her brother, LARRY CRAFT.

Interview CLIFFORD ROBERTS, 307 E. 7th Street, re present whereabouts LARRY CRAFT.

AT HARRISON, MICHIGAN

Interview GALE ANN CASCADDEN, nee Eaton, 202 W. Birch Street, re present whereabouts LARRY CRAFT.

PORTLAND DIVISION

AT DALLAS, OREGON

Interview HUGH and ALICE CRAFT, 1219 Birch, re present whereabouts their son, LARRY CRAFT.



NEW YORK DIVISION

AT MANHATTAN, NEW YORK

Will determine present whereabouts of GEORGE SENATOR who was last known to be residing at 130 W. 49th Street, New York City, and who can possibly be located through his sister, Mrs. A. J. WEISBERG, 2255 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York.

AT FALLSBURGH, NEW YORK

Will ascertain if WILLIAM D. CROWE, aka Bill DeMar, is still employed at the Regal Hotel.

DALLAS DIVISION

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Will verify current address of KAREN BENNETT CARLIN last known to be residing at 3809 Meadowbrook.

Will determine present address of NANCY POWELL, aka "Tammi True" last known to be residing at 1217 Clarence Street.

FBI

Date: 8/7/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AMSD REGISTERED

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DETROIT (62-3550) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN FITZGERALD  
KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Detroit, 8/7/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies and for  
Dallas, two copies of a LHM concerning captioned matter.  
In accordance with the Bureau instructions, no property  
statement has been placed on this LHM.

3 - Bureau (Enc. - 8)  
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. - 2)  
1 - Detroit  
MIS/slk  
(6)

ENCLOSURE

2 cc LHM for Pres. Comm.  
1 to Pres. Comm.  
P.D.R. done 8-11-64

REC-51

62-109060-3603

25 AUG 8 1964

Approved: CC Wick

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

C. C. Wick



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Detroit, Michigan  
August 7, 1964

Re: Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas

On August 6, 1964, the following telegram was  
received by the Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
Washington, D. C., from Detroit:

"Have information I wish to disclose  
regarding the Kennedy assassination contact  
[Roosevelt Hotel Room 222 Registered Nurse]  
[telephone 1-1631 [Julie Larson/Holmbeck]."

✓ [Mrs. Julie Larson Holmbeck] was interviewed at  
her residence, [Room 222, Roosevelt Hotel, Detroit, Michigan]  
on August 7, 1964, by Special Agents Edward G. Astfalk and  
✓ Melville H. Shannon. Mrs. [Holmbeck] detailed a rambling,  
disjointed and incoherent story which, in essence, stated  
that for the past two years she has been hearing loud  
voices which have caused her to continually move about  
throughout the United States. These voices are always  
telling her to "get out of here". She stated that several  
weeks before President Kennedy's assassination, these  
voices spoke to her in Italian and told her that her son was  
going to be killed under a viaduct. She has been concerned  
about this prediction by the voices and decided that this  
was information which should be brought to the attention of  
the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Mrs. [Holmbeck] stated that she did not have any  
other information to furnish concerning the assassination  
of President Kennedy.

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 9 1973

12-1111-1-1  
ENCLOSURE

August 11, 1964

REC-51

62 109090 -3603

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Detroit Office dated August 7, 1964, relating to information furnished by [Mrs. Julie Larson Holmbeck].

The United States Secret Service in Washington, D. C., has been furnished a copy of this communication in the event [Mrs. Holmbeck] should come to its attention in the future.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

Sincerely yours,

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission) J. Edgar Hoover

RDR:las (10)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS (89-43)  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReDEairtel and enclosed LHM dated 8-7-64.

This is being furnished for your information. Since this matter has been furnished to the President's Commission, no subsequent reporting of this matter is necessary or desirable.

79 AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Aug 11 12 20 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

NOTE:

A telegram was received at the Bureau on 8-6-64, from [Holmbeck] indicating she wished to furnish information on the assassination. [Holmbeck] was interviewed on 8-7-64, by Detroit Agents and gave a rambling, incoherent story about hearing loud voices which have made it necessary for her to move about the United States. These voices allegedly tell her to "get out of here." Mrs. [Holmbeck] could furnish no information concerning the assassination.



DATE: JULY 15 1964

**SUBJECT:**

RE: ANON LETTERS  
TO THE ATTORNEY  
GENERAL

Enclosed for your information is a copy of an

455163

anonymous letter sent to the Attorney General

**Enclosure**

REC-64.  
EX 109

6 JUL-15-1964

2 ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

61 AUG 17 1964

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TRUE COPY

To Robert F. Kennedy.

Just a few lines to let you know that Lee Harvey Oswald was not the only one involved in the assassination of the President (Kennedy) There were others involved besides him. Oswald was nominated to do the job. Others were the master minds, to tell him how to do the job & when to do it & where to do it. I am giving you some names who are responsible or can shed some light on the assassination

(over)

I

George Grogan  
1414 Chalmers  
Detroit, Michigan

S. H. Mostovoy  
P. O. Box 458  
Eureka, Calif.

J. H. Neice  
118 Ormsby Ave.  
Pynn, Pa.

E. Sawicki  
37 Rawson St.  
So. Boston, Mass

J. A. Mattas  
2134 Klinger  
Detroit, Michigan  
(Hamtramck)

ENCLOSURE

II

They are former you U.S.C.G.  
Vets of W.W.II.

Frank Kowalski  
62-09-39th Ave. (Navy Vet.)  
Woodside, L. I. 11 /

They have information about the  
assassination. If they can't be located at the  
addresses given. They may be located at the  
following address.

King's Park State Hosp.  
Kings Park, L. I., N. Y.  
Bldgs C & D in the Attick

LATENT

recorded  
7/29/64  
kml

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

NO LAB FILE

Re: ANONYMOUS LETTERS TO THE  
ATTORNEY GENERAL

File # 62-109060  
Lab. # D-455163 DJ

LATENT

LATENT

Examination requested by:

AAG

L. 7/15/64

Examination requested:

Document - Fingerprint

Date received:

7/28/64

Result of Examination:

Examination by:

Kosnig

*Handwritten:*  
LTS Winchell  
Qc6 to  
S. A. Rogge

*Handwritten:*  
Q1 thru Qc6 to LTPS - 7/31/64 - 9:42 am LWB pf

Specimens submitted for examination

- Q1 Envelope addressed in part "Mr. Walter Winchell  
c/o Journal American 220 South & Street..."
- Q2 Two sheets of handwriting, first  
sheet of handwriting beginning "The following  
men have information about..."
- Q3 Second sheet of handwriting beginning "All these  
men are..."
- Q4 Photocopy of  
Three-page letter to "Robert F. Kennedy" First  
page beginning "To Robert F. Kennedy. Just a  
few lines to let you know that..."
- Qc5 Photocopy of  
Second page contains list of addresses, first  
address in part "George Grogan 1414 Chalmers..."
- Qc6 Photocopy of  
Third page beginning "They are former ...."

*Handwritten:*  
Q1 - Qc6 to SA Rogge with copy of memo by LTPS  
2741  
JB

Q1 D-455163 DJ

Mr. Walter Hinchell  
96 Journal American  
1220 South Street  
New York City



To J E Hove  
EJBI

Q1 D-455163 DJ  
FBI  
LABORATORY

Hood Cliffs, N.J.

B. Robinson  
430 E. 11th Ave  
Denver, Colo.

R. E. Badje  
1571-16th Ave N.  
Columbus, Neb.

D. B. Attick  
358. Paffang Ave  
Harrisburgh, Pa.

J. H. Lachusee  
1732-15th St.  
Port Arthur, Texas

J. J. Salutto  
1542 Bond St.  
Brooklyn, Pa.

Frank Kowalski  
6209-39th Ave  
Woodside, L.I. (Hd.)  
navy

moorehouse Kochis  
Baker Donovan  
Chotes Fromotola  
Negrin Dargocy etc

6923 Thion St  
Phila., Pa.

W. H. Brown  
2506 N. Chadwick  
Phila., Pa.

A. L. Guiser  
4125 Franklin St.  
Phila., Pa.

J. F. Maroney  
15211 Mastell St.  
W. Phila., Pa.

x E. Lauricki  
37 Rawson St.  
So. Boston, Mass.

J. A. Mattas  
12134 Klenger  
Detroit, Michigan  
(Hamtramck)

R. E. Badje  
or  
D. B. Attick  
for more  
information

Q2 D-455163 DJ

FBI  
LABORATORY

on your men have information  
about the assassination of the  
President. (Kennedy)

J. J. Mullins  
241 Northern Blvd.  
Albany, N.Y.

E. F. Miller  
49 Norwood Ave.  
Deal, N.J.

J. R. Mc Dermott  
39 Park Ave. x  
Amsterdam, Ast N.Y.

E. R. Keiber  
5320 - Ave L. x  
Brooklyn, N.Y.

Anthony Thomas  
1120-7 Ave  
Waterliet, N.Y.

George Hogan  
1414 Chalmeida x  
Detroit, Michigan

J. R. Mafwell  
x 1106 Stone Harbor Blvd  
Camp May Coast Guard  
Camp May, N.J.

J. H. Niess  
x 118 Ormsby Ave  
Plynn, Pa.

S. H. Mostoring  
x P.O. Box 4580  
Eureka, Calif.

S. J. Oleska  
561 - Pine St.  
Central Falls,  
R.I.

H. W. Bolista  
1713 Madison St.  
Brooklyn, N.Y.

J. E. Flannagan  
2500 Lincoln Ave  
Camden, N.J.

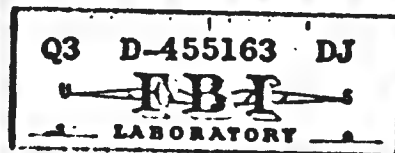
Q2 D-455163 DJ  
FBI  
LABORATORY

All these (near are 6 p. u. p. v.  
They have W. W. II Service Records.  
Some are supposed to be deserters.  
They usually hang out in  
Kings Park State Hosp.  
Kings Park, L. I.  
Bldgs. C. & D.  
mostly R. in (Attick)

They fool around with narcotics  
& Stealing Government checks.  
Compensation checks etc.

The names with the X's are  
the instigators.

Supposed to be  
communists









1414: ~~Quincy~~  
Detroit, Michigan

J. H. Moscovy  
P.O. Box 758  
Luna, Calif.

J. H. Rice  
118 Assembly Ave.  
Hyatt, Pa.

E. Sawicki  
37 Rawson St.  
St. Boston, Mass

J. L. Hatcher  
12134 Ringwood  
Detroit, Mich.  
(P. O. Box 12134)

Very truly yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

Franklin D. Roosevelt

2007-38th Ave. (Navy Vt.)  
Hicksville, L.I.

They have information about  
the assassination. If they  
can't be located at the address  
given, they may be located  
at the following address:

Kings Park State Hosp.

1000 Kings Park Rd.

Brooklyn, N.Y.

envelope stamped

Levittown, N.Y.

July 10, 1964.

ENCLOSURE

8-7-64

Airtel

To: SAC, Tampa (157-45)  
From: Director, FBI (105-66233)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
RACIAL MATTERS

Re report of SA G. Randall McGough dated 7-30-64 at Tampa.

Page five of referenced report sets forth information indicating that Dewey M. Taft was in the process of preparing an issue of "American Digest," which would "headline the fact that Bobby Kennedy had his brother, John F. Kennedy, shot, that Ruby and Oswald were in on the deal, that they tried to kill Retired General Walker before assassinating the President." This information along with a characterization of Taft and the National States Rights Party (NSRP) should be set forth in a letterhead memorandum captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas, Miscellaneous - Information Concerning."

In addition to furnishing copies of the letterhead memorandum to the Bureau for dissemination to the President's Commission, appropriate copies should be furnished to Dallas, which office is origin in the assassination case.

1 - Dallas (89-43) (For information)

① - 62-109060

CAP:fas  
(7)

NOTE: The NSRP is a hate group which is anti-Semitic and anti-integration. Dewey M. Taft is the Florida State Chairman of NSRP. The information concerning Kennedy is being requested in a LHM in order that it may be disseminated to the President's Commission which is investigating the assassination of former President Kennedy.

OUTLINE YELLOW 62-109060-  
NOT RECORDED  
AUG 14 1964

61 AUG 17 1964

Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.  
Assistant Attorney General

August 12, 1964

Director, FBI

1 - C. A. Evans  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed is one copy of the report of  
Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling at Dallas dated  
August 7, 1964, captioned as above. The report contains  
the results of investigation conducted by this Bureau  
relative to allegations against persons other than  
Lee Harvey Oswald, and is being furnished as it contains  
information of possible interest to you.

For your information, copies of this report  
have been furnished to the President's Commission  
investigating the assassination of the late President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy and one copy has been furnished  
to the U. S. Secret Service.

Enclosure

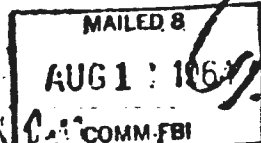
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (12)

NOTE: JDD

We have received numerous complaints relating to  
individuals other than Lee Harvey Oswald. The complaints  
generally relate to remarks and threats allegedly made by  
individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy,  
other officials and the policies of the administration. The  
complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and  
patriotic citizens. This will be the sixth such report  
disseminated to the President's Commission. A copy will be  
disseminated to the U. S. Secret Service separately. The  
enclosed report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Malley  
and appropriate Bureau supervisor

VUC 15 15 SEP 1964



REC-64

EX 129

19 AUG 12 1964

61 AUG 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

AUG 17 11 54 AM '64  
FBI  
RECEIVING ROOM

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090

Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.  
Assistant Attorney General

August 12, 1964

Director, FBI

1 - C. A. Evans  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Enclosed is one copy of the report of  
Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling at Dallas dated  
August 7, 1964, captioned as above. The report contains  
the results of investigation conducted by this Bureau  
relative to allegations against persons other than  
Lee Harvey Oswald, and is being furnished as it contains  
information of possible interest to you.

For your information, copies of this report  
have been furnished to the President's Commission  
investigating the assassination of the late President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy and one copy has been furnished  
to the U. S. Secret Service.

Enclosure

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (12)

NOTE:

We have received numerous complaints relating to  
individuals other than Lee Harvey Oswald. The complaints  
generally relate to remarks and threats allegedly made by  
individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy,  
other officials and the policies of the administration. The  
complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and  
patriotic citizens. This will be the sixth such report  
disseminated to the President's Commission. A copy will be  
disseminated to the U. S. Secret Service separately. The  
enclosed report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Malley  
and appropriate Bureau supervisor.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109090-  
NOT RECORDED  
199 AUG 13 1964

61 AUG 17 1964



July 29, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 14, 1964,  
which concerned a request for assistance in preparing an  
exhibit for use in the Commission's report.

Enclosed are four glossy prints each of the following  
items:

1. Plan view of the third floor of the Dallas  
Police Department, Dallas, Texas.
2. Reproductions (8" x 10" glossy prints) of  
Commission's document #1062c.
3. Reproductions (8" x 10" glossy prints) of  
Commission's document #1062d.

The Commission's original documents #1062c and #1062d  
are being returned herewith.

The enclosed material complies with the request in your  
letter dated July 14, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

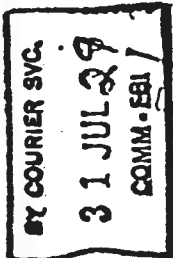
Enclosures (14)

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Malley)  
1 - Mr. Conrad (Shaneyfelt)  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. DeLoach  
(Enclosures)

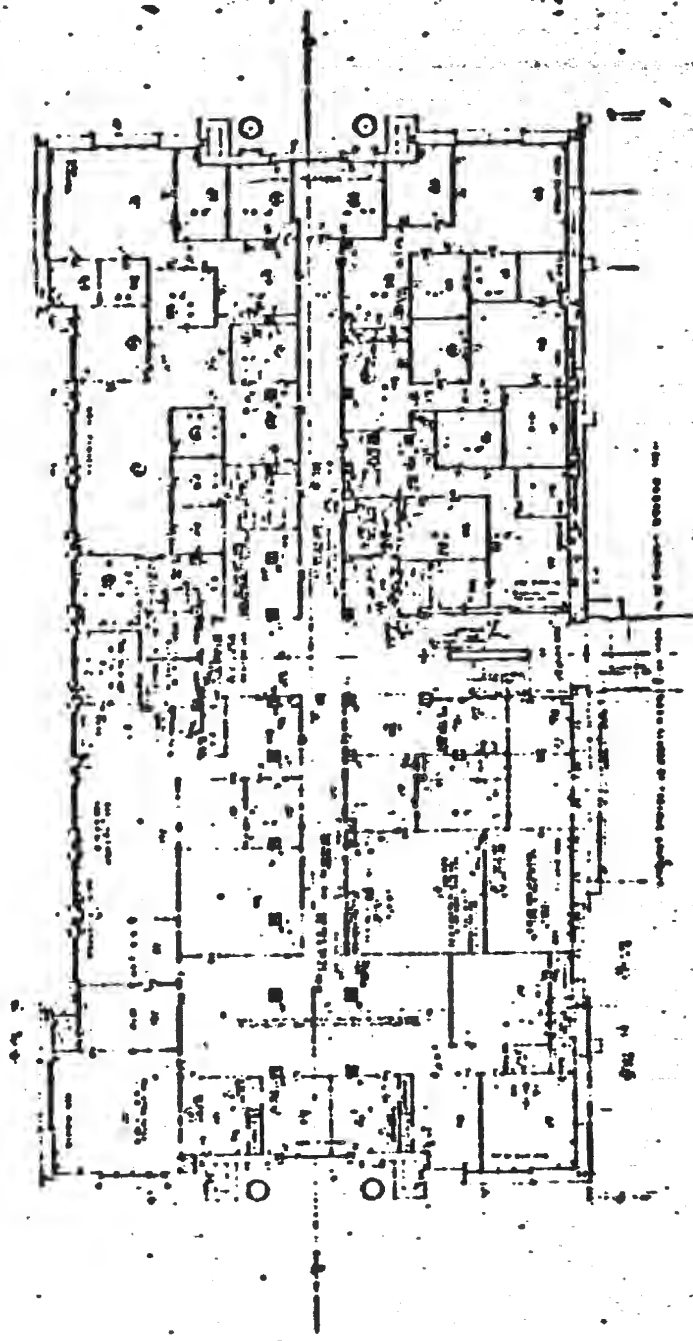
MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 29 3 53 PM '64



REC-64 100-1062-3606



Hand-drawn floor plan of a building, oriented vertically. The plan shows a central corridor system with several rooms branching off. The rooms vary in size and are filled with furniture and equipment. There are numerous small circles and lines indicating specific features or measurements. The drawing is done in a sketchy, technical style with some areas of shading.

Hand-drawn floor plan of a building, oriented vertically. The plan shows a central corridor system with several rooms branching off. The rooms vary in size and are filled with furniture and equipment. There are numerous small circles and lines indicating specific features or measurements. The drawing is done in a sketchy, technical style with some areas of shading.

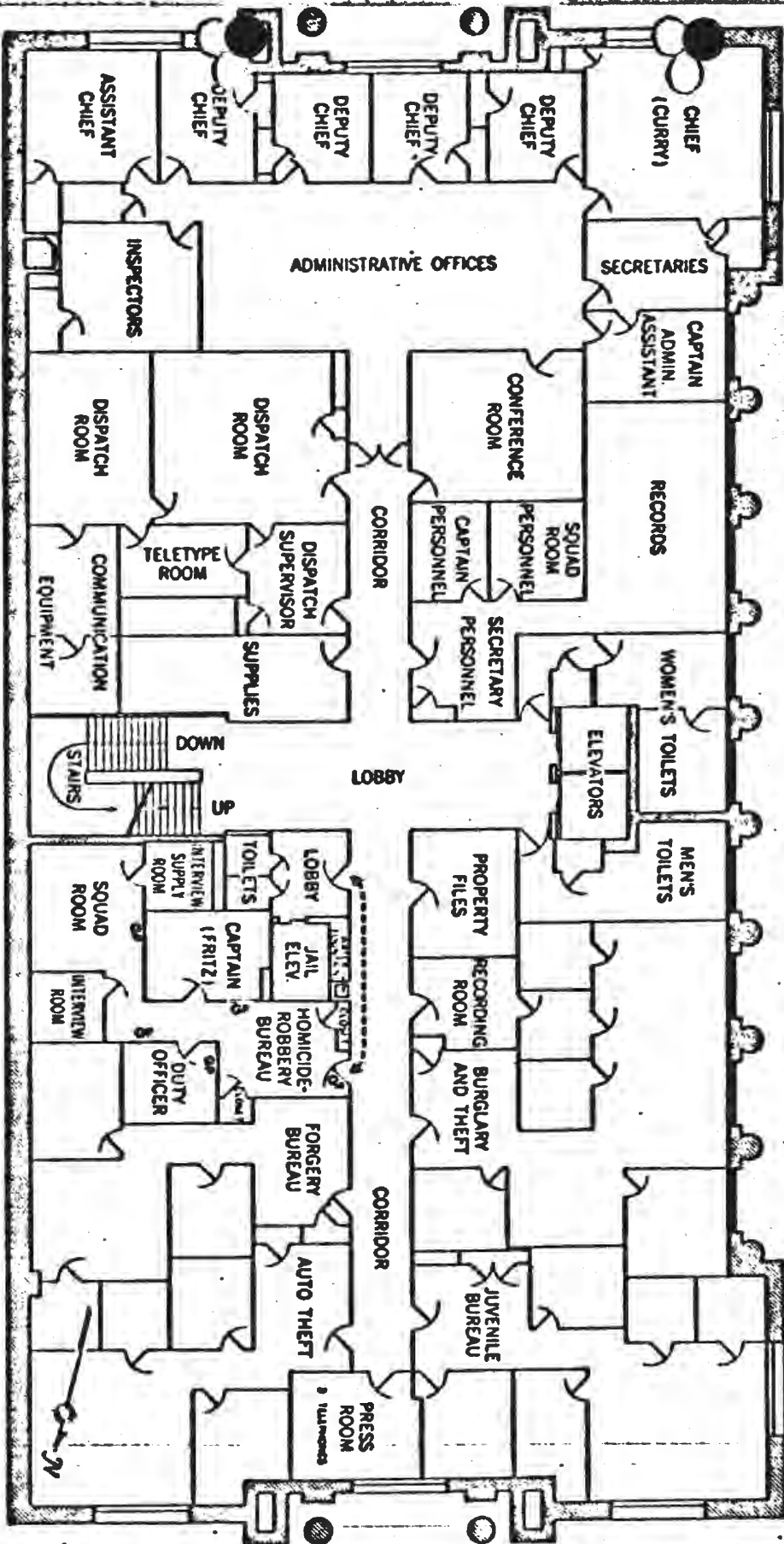
SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 13 1957	
FBI - NEW YORK	

5280-10

ROOM FINISH SCHEDULE • THIRD FLOOR

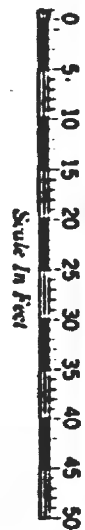
NO	NAME	FLOOR	CASE	WALL	CEILING	DOOR	TRIM	REMARKS
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# THIRD FLOOR PLAN DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT DALLAS, TEXAS



Approx. 33 ft. Oswald's route between Homicide-Robbery Bureau and jail elevator lobby

Glass panel in upper part of wall and door



August 12, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - C. A. Evans  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 7, 1964, which enclosed two copies of the report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated July 16, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas." This report contained the results of investigation conducted by this Bureau relative to allegations against persons other than Lee Harvey Oswald.

Enclosed for your assistance are two copies of another similar report prepared by Special Agent Gemberling dated August 7, 1964. Dissemination of this report has been made to the U. S. Department of Justice and the U. S. Secret Service since it contains information of possible interest to them.

As you were previously advised, reports will continue to be submitted by this Bureau relating to similar matters.

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's

RDR:las (11)

COMMISSION)  
BY COURIER SVC.

51 AUG 12

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

Sincerely yours,

10 AUG 13 1964

J. Edgar Hoover

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

61 AUG 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-440000

AUG 22 2 21 PM '64  
FBI - READING ROOM

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_



NOTE:

We have received numerous complaints relating to individuals other than Lee Harvey Oswald. The complaints generally relate to remarks and threats allegedly made by individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy, other officials and the policies of the administration. The complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and patriotic citizens. This will be the sixth such report disseminated to the President's Commission. A copy will be disseminated to the Department and U. S. Secret Service separately. The enclosed report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Malley and appropriate Bureau supervisor.

EX 109  
REC-64 62 109090-3608

August 11, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan (O. H. Bartlett)  
(R. E. Lenihan)

1 - C. D. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Shroder

1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a communication from our San Diego Office dated August 7, 1964, relating to an alleged scheme to sell reproductions of the late President John Fitzgerald Kennedy's death certificate.

A copy of this communication has been made available to the United States Secret Service in Washington, D. C., in view of that agency's possible interest in this matter.

Any additional information received in this matter will be furnished to you.

2 - San Diego (62-1529)

1 - Dallas (89-43)

Sincerely yours,

62-109060

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (13)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR SACs SAN DIEGO AND DALLAS:  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReSDairtel and enclosed LHM dated 8-7-64.  
This is being furnished for the information of Dallas.  
No subsequent reporting of this matter is necessary or desirable.  
San Diego is instructed to make every effort to resolve this matter at the earliest possible time. When additional pertinent information is developed, it should be incorporated in a supplemental letterhead memorandum for dissemination to the President's Commission and U. S. Secret Service.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

50 AUG 12  
COMM-FBI

AUG 12 9 47 AM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

NOTE:

San Diego PCI furnished information that one [Frank LNU] had learned that one [A. Schneider] (phonetic) had secured a stolen death certificate of President Kennedy's and was going to duplicate this certificate in an effort to sell them at a profit. San Diego's PCI has been instructed to endeavor to identify the parties involved. From information available to the Bureau, [the President's death certificate was prepared at Parkland Memorial Hospital in Dallas. How a copy or the original could come into the possession of anyone is not known.] The United States Secret Service reportedly obtained all pertinent personal material relating to the President which included the [death certificate.] When additional pertinent data is developed, the Commission and Secret Service will be accordingly advised.

FBI

Date: 8/7/64

REC-64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO: Dallas)

Re San Diego airtel to Bureau 8/6/64, and  
Bureau radiogram to San Diego 8/3/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are five  
copies, and for Dallas two copies of a letterhead memorandum  
suitable for dissemination. Investigation at San Diego  
was conducted by SA H. EDGAR STRAHL.

The source, who requested her identity not be  
divulged, and who furnished information concerning [FRANK  
(LNU) and A. SCHNEIDER (phonetic)] in this letterhead  
memorandum is PCI [REDACTED]

The FRANK (LNU) in question is a former  
customer of her's on one occasion. Her recent contact  
(July, 1964) with [FRANK] was a chance meeting of only a  
few minutes duration.

LEAD

SAN DIEGO

Will maintain contact with informant in an effort  
to develop pertinent information regarding this scheme.

3 - Bureau (Encs. 5)

2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encs. 2)

3 - San Diego (2 - 62-1529) (1 - 137-1237)

CHES:VOLUME

(8)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

C C Wick



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Diego, California  
August 7, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS

The following information pertains to an alleged scheme to sell reproductions of the late JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY's death certificate.

On July 31, 1964, an individual who requested her identity not be divulged, and who has furnished insufficient information in the past to determine her reliability, stated that during a recent conversation with one [FRANK] (last name and address unknown) she secured information that [FRANK] had been contacted regarding a scheme by one [A. SCHNEIDER] (phonetic) (address unknown). [SCHNEIDER] told [FRANK] that he has a [stolen death certificate made out for the late President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY] and [FRANK] was asked to assist in the location of a quality copying machine so that exact duplicates of the death certificate could be reproduced. SCHNEIDER advised of his intention to sell the reproductions and realize a substantial profit.]

Source stated [FRANK] told her that he declined to become involved in the venture and said [FRANK] gave no indication that he possessed any additional information in this matter.

Source, on August 7, 1964, stated she was continuing her efforts to locate [FRANK] and through him identify [SCHNEIDER] and secure any additional data regarding this scheme.



FBI

Date: 7/7/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) Att: TRANSLATION  
FROM: LEGAT, BONN (62-36) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBulet to Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant  
Attorney General dated 6/4/64.

The Bundeskriminalamt - (BKA - West German Federal  
Criminal Police) was asked to arrange to have ALFRED HILLER  
interviewed. The BKA has furnished the enclosed report of that  
interrogation prepared 6/25/64 by the Criminal Police office  
of the State Police Direction for North Wuerttemberg at  
Stuttgart, Germany.

It is requested that the enclosed be translated.  
It will not be necessary to translate page 2 of the enclosed  
as that page is a retranslation of the enclosure to relet.  
Also, it will not be necessary to translate the form which  
is page 4 of the enclosed.

The report shows that HILLER has a history of mental  
disturbance and that his claimed knowledge of the assassination  
is based on dreams. He was in the University Nerve Clinic  
in Tuebingen from 4/8/64 to 6/5/64. His doctor there says  
that HILLER suffers from schizophrenia and that his "visions  
and dream predictions" are symptoms of this condition.

Please return enclosure.

4 - Bureau (Enc.-1)  
1 - Liaison  
1 - Bonn

COPY AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB  
FOR LAB ACTION AND REPORT

GAV:eds  
(5)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge  
ENCLOSURE

SEC, Legal Attache, Bonn (62-36)

July 22, 1964

REC-64

Director, FBI

EX 109

(62-109060)

3609

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

REGISTERED MAIL

airtel

Attached is the translation which you requested by ~~XXXXX~~  
dated 7/7/64.

The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported  
under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative  
attention is necessary.

Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in  
this connection is set forth below:

Returned herewith.

1 - Mr. Rosen (Attn.: Mr. Shroder, Mr. Raupach, sent direct with  
enclosure)

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit, without enclosure (route through for  
review)

MAILED 19

JUL 23 1964

COMM-FBI

Enc

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

SUMMARY FROM GERMAN

State Police Direction  
for North Wuerttemberg  
--The Criminal Police Office--

Stuttgart, June 25, 1964  
Neckarstrasse 195  
Telephone 411 41  
Mailing address: 7000 Stuttgart  
P.O. Box 97 1

K 5/6 - 205/64

Concerning: Alfred H i l l e r  
(unemployed)\* electrician  
Born April 13, 1942 in  
Altdorf, ...  
Kreis Boeblingen (The district of Boeblingen)  
Address: Altdorf  
Buehlstrasse 14

Subject: Your request of June 16, 1964  
I/G c - 165/64

Enclosures: Written material (7 pages)  
2 copies

Presented to

The State Criminal Police Office of Baden-Wuerttemberg  
Stuttgart  
Hoelderlinplatz 1

after compliance with the request.

Stuttgart, June 25, 1964  
State Police Direction  
for North Wuerttemberg  
--The Criminal Police Office--

I.A.

(signed)

Egetomaier

Chief Criminal Commissioner

\* Translator's note: Could also possibly refer to marriage  
status; in that case, "single."

SUMMARIZED BY: j  
LEENA KITZBERG: jar  
July 14, 1964

ENCLOSURE

I

The State Criminal Police Office of Baden-Wuerttemberg requested an inquiry about Alfred Hiller (further identified above), with regard to his letter of May 5, 1964 (see page 2) to the Attorney General of the United States of America, Robert Kennedy.

Hiller stated therein, among other things, that he had detailed information about the real grounds for the murder of President John F. Kennedy, and that he could make a statement on this matter.

II

On June 23, 1964, the necessary proceedings were begun in Boeblingen, Altdorf, Rottenburg a. N. and Tuebingen.

Hiller had no police record to date in Altdorf and Tuebingen. In Boeblingen and Rottenburg he is known to the police.

Hiller worked in Boeblingen for the Firma Elektro-Buehler, Schlotterbeckstrasse 1, and during this time wrote incoherent letters to various citizens of Altdorf. It is also said that he once attempted to commit suicide in Rottenburg.

The following appears in a report of the Rottenburg Division of the State Police;

On April 8, 1964, about 10 minutes after 12 noon, Hiller partially unclothed himself on the Neckar bridge in Rottenburg, and threw the pieces of clothing into the Neckar. In addition, he threw a number of gramophone records into the Neckar, and gave other records to children. Hiller had religious hallucinations. He has been receiving medical treatment in Tuebingen from Dr. med. Ostermann, who immediately committed him to the Tuebingen University Hospital.

On June 23, 1964, Hiller was found in his home in Altdorf, and was examined. He stated, among other things, that he has been under medical treatment since the age of 12. He said that he suffers from an overly sensitive nervous system. Already at the age of 13, he said, he had suicidal thoughts. He claimed that since the age of 4 he has been dreaming in series of things which later occur. He claims to have thus dreamed in advance about the death of President Kennedy about a year and a half ago (see pages 4 to 11).

**(Translator's note: The material below is summarized. The following is a summary of a statement by Alfred Hiller.)**

**Pages 5 through 10 of the document contain information given by Hiller about his life and medical history.**

**Hiller states that he has three brothers and sisters. A brother, Erich, lives with his parents; another brother, Karl, lives in Holzgerlingen, near Altdorf; a sister, married to Friederich Mammel, lives in Altdorf.**

**He states that he began his schooling in the public schools of Altdorf, which he attended from 1948 to 1954. From 1954 to 1957, he attended a higher secondary school, the Goldberg Secondary School in Boeblingen. He claims that he was the best student in his class in public school, but began to neglect his work and could no longer be promoted in 1957. He therefore left school in 1957, and became an apprentice to learn the trade of an electrician. He says that his record in the trade school, which he attended in 1960, was good, but that his journeyman's examination in the autumn of 1960 received only the grade of 3\* from the examination board of the Chamber of Commerce of Stuttgart.**

**Hiller began his work, as an apprentice, with the firm Elektro-Buehler in Boeblingen in 1957. In 1961, he received a position with the firm of Hosang, Elektro-Installation, in Sindelfingen, and worked there until March 31, 1964. His next, and apparently last, position was with the firm of Hartmann, Elektro-Installation.**

**Hiller discusses his history of mental disturbance at some length. He says that at the age of 12 he already suffered from an "overly sensitive nervous system." He claims that a Professor Nietzsche of the Tuebingen Children's Hospital discovered this disturbance, and recommended that he be sent to a boarding school, since his relationship to his father was poor. He attributes his deteriorating performance at school to the strain of puberty. In spite of such difficulties, his medical treatment, he states, ended in 1955 with the above-mentioned diagnosis of an overly sensitive nervous system. However, he speaks of having suffered in secondary school under feelings of "depression,**

**\*Translator's Note: Presumably equivalent to a C.**



loss of interest, and weakness of will". He says that these periodical depressions continued during the time of his apprenticeship, that is, from 1957 to 1960. He also states that he received no medical treatment during this time. He says that he "was not there" during these depressions, and that the periods occurred first at 2-week intervals, then at 4-week intervals, and finally disappeared altogether. During the time he "was not there" he was weary of life, felt that all problems were insurmountable and that he could achieve nothing. From the age of 13, he had suicidal thoughts. He states that tendencies to depression and suicide seem to run in his family, as an aunt on his father's side committed suicide in 1956.

Hiller says that he "approached God" because he needed help in handling his condition, which seemed to be inherited and insurmountable by ordinary means. He says that in prayer he found a "purely personal relationship to God, which is bound to no institution". This is supposed to have occurred 10 years ago. He then describes the development of this relationship:

About 4 years ago, my relationship to God changed inasmuch as I do not merely pray alone, but rather also receive an answer from God in the form of dreams. Since about four years ago I occasionally dreamed in series of things which later occurred. Among other things, I dreamed in advance about one and half years ago about the death of Kennedy. In a series, I saw the murder in Dallas. I have seen all the circumstances, places and persons, and knew exactly what was going on.

Hiller also mentions two other occasions on which he was able to predict the future. He says that he saw in advance all the results of the soccer competition of South Germany. He also claims that the chief of the French Secret Police visited him in Altdorf and asked his help in the case of the kidnapping of Eric Peugeot. He says he told the French what they had to do next, and that everything occurred as he had predicted it.

He then goes on to describe the events which led to his recent contact with the police. He says that he went to Rottenburg because it is the seat of a diocese. He did this because he sensed, or "was told", that his "super-human situation" would end here, and he wished to become a normal human being again.

After quarreling with the Protestant minister in Rottenburg, who "preached directly to him," he explains, he threw his shirt and jacket into the Neckar River from the Neckar Bridge in Rottenburg. He says that he gave away his gramophone records, which "no longer were in accord with his inner development," and gave a talk to the Minister. He notes that this talk "attracted great attention among the people of Rottenburg, as all gathered because they noticed that something unusual was going on."

Hiller says that the police picked him up after this performance and brought him to his doctor, Dr. Ostermann Tuebingen, Uhlandstrasse 5. He states that his doctor had predicted such a development and had just organized a commitment: to the sanitarium in Tuebingen. The doctor, says Hiller, had wanted to commit him earlier, but he was unwilling to be committed. Hiller says that he had been in the care of the Dr. Ostermann since February, 1963. He states that previously he had undergone two operations which had exhausted him physically and psychologically; in addition, "a woman who had left him in a fix played a role." Hiller says that his brother therefore arranged an appointment with Dr. Ostermann. He says that he, however, "stood above the situation and also above Dr. Ostermann," that Dr. Ostermann "was not up to him" as a doctor and could find no means of treating him; therefore, he wanted to commit him to the clinic. After the incident in April, 1964, Dr. Ostermann did commit him to the sanitarium in Tuebingen, where he stayed from April 8 until June 5, 1964. He says that he would have been released a week earlier if he had not told the story of the Kennedy murder; thereupon the treatment with insulin injections began again practically from the beginning. A week later, however, he says, his father took him home on his own risk. Hiller ends his personal statement by saying that he is now at home and plans to start work once more with his first employer, the firm Elektro-Buehler, on June 29, 1964. He says that he has had no dreams since his return from the clinic, and that he is not in custody and sees no reason why he should be in custody.

---

(Translator's Note: The following is a translation of a statement made by Hiller about his involvement with the death of President Kennedy.)

---

I was informed in all details about the threatening murder of Kennedy through a dream series which occurred about one and half years ago.

Immediately after the dream I wrote to the American military mission or to the Headquarters of the American forces in Germany, and stated that I had a highly political matter to report. Later I wrote again, as I received no answer in the meantime to my first letter.

After my second letter I was telephoned directly from the White House by President Kennedy. I was then, as agreed, in the Hotel "zur Sonne" in Altdorf. At first, people from the staff of the President attempted to speak with me, but I did not leave them alone until I was able to speak to the President himself. He himself, and his staff also, spoke in German.

The conversation was recorded on tape, and I must have insulted the President, since he left the room, while his wife remained until the end.

I told him when and where he would be murdered.

Some two months later he called me again in the "Sonne" and wanted to know more details. He also told me that he felt that he was able to achieve more than his successor and to bring the Western World into a position of leadership. About April, 1963, the President called me again in the "Sonne" and told me that he had arranged everything concerning his succession. Johnson was also present and was badly shaken. In his inner turmoil, he left the room before I was through with the conversation.

As Kennedy told me in the last conversation, he himself had determined the people who were to murder him. He also told me that the people were envious among themselves and that each fought to be able to commit the murder.

It was most likely for this reason that it later came to the murder of the murderer, whose action was begrudged him.

I had originally predicted, and had also made it a condition in conversations with the President, that I would not make known the truth about the murder to the public until half a year after the deed. I also suggested the founding of a memorial library.

However, Kennedy did not agree that the announcement of the truth about the murder should wait so long; rather, he demanded that his family be told about it in time. Therefore, some 14 days after the deed, I informed Robert Kennedy, who then informed the widow of the President. Jacqueline Kennedy then sent me a telegram which stated that she thanked me very much and was of the opinion that what I had reported was the best solution of the case. Unfortunately I no longer have the telegram.

---

The above document is signed by Hiller and by the Criminal Commissioners Schaber and Voehringer. Page 12 is a statement signed by the Criminal Commissioner Schaber. It is here stated that Dr. Ostermann could not be reached on June 23, 1964, in Tuebingen. From April 8 until June 5, 1964, Hiller was under treatment in the University Sanitarium in Tuebingen. The doctor in charge was Dr. von Kalckrouth. He stated that Hiller suffered from Schizophrenia and that his visions and series dreams are symptoms of this illness. He said that the statements of Hiller are to be considered of no importance.

The report states further:

As the inquiry shows, we are concerned in the case of Hiller with a mentally ill person. He suffers from Schizophrenia.

His accounts and written reports about his meeting with the Chief of the French Secret Police, and his knowledge about the grounds for the murder of President Kennedy, are symptoms of this illness.

Hiller has released the doctors who treated him in a written statement, from their duty to keep his communications secret.

The examination of Hiller was conducted so thoroughly in order to demonstrate what his mental state actually is.



1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Lenihan 1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Rogge 1 - Mr. Jepsen  
1 - Mr. Conrad

August 11, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination*

REC'D-READING ROOM  
AUG 11 12 38 PM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to the request of Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, on July 29, 1964, to a representative of this Bureau concerning reproductions of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were furnished to a Special Agent of this Bureau on the same date as the request.

In accordance with this request, there are enclosed herewith three photocopies each of Commission exhibits consisting of Herndon exhibits numbered 1 through 12, Fehrenbach exhibits numbered 1 through 7, Commission exhibit number 1054, Decker exhibit number 5323 and Garner exhibit number 1. The above exhibits, with the exception of the Herndon exhibits numbered 1 through 12, are returned herewith.

BY COURIER SVC.  
49 AUG 11  
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

10 AUG 12 1964

Enclosures (76)

62-109060

- Dallas (100-10461) Enclosures (23)

NOTE FOR DALLAS:

Enclosed for Dallas are photocopies of each of the exhibits being sent to the Commission, together with a listing of same.

(See Note Page 2)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

10 AUG 14 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

COPY FILED

**NOTE:** The request on 7/29/64 was made by Miss Rowcotsky of SA Cortlandt Cunningham. SA Cunningham obtained the exhibits from the Commission on the date of the request. The Herndon exhibits numbered 1 through 12, not designated by an asterisk on the attached listing, originated from the Bureau and are therefore being retained.

RJ:emh

8/11/64

DESCRIPTION

Herndon Exhibits No. 1 through 12

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 1

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 2

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 3

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 4

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 5

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 6

\*Fehrenbach Exhibit No. 7

\*Commission Exhibit No. 1054

\*Decker Exhibit No. 5323

\*Garner Exhibit No. 1

Twelve polygraph charts

Diagram on sheet of paper

Photograph of Judge and

Mrs. Benjamin J. Kanter

Photograph of Mr. and Mrs. Harold R.  
Sugerman

Photograph of Eddie Rocco

Photograph of Jack Ruby

Photograph of Jack Ruby

Photograph of Jack Ruby

Five photographs

File of Dallas County, Texas,

Sheriff's Department regarding

assassination of President and

assault to murder Governor Connally

Photograph of Oswald

AUG 12 1964  
LENOX

62-10706-1 361  
ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 8/7/64

Transmit the following in AIRTEL  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November  
22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
MISC - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, 8/4/64

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of letterhead memorandum, dated 8/7/64, at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in the above-entitled case. One copy of this LHM is enclosed for Dallas.

The sources of the Milwaukee Office contacted on 7/24/64 were [redacted] and [redacted]

Investigation at Milwaukee, Wisconsin was conducted by SA ROBERT E. SCHOENECKER and investigation at Kenosha was conducted by SA WILLIAM J. HIGGINS, Jr.

Information concerning this matter is being furnished to Secret Service locally.

- ③ - Bureau (62-109060) (RM) (Enc. 8)  
1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1) (RM)  
2 - Milwaukee (62-1178)

RES:ah  
(6)

DO NOT DISSEMINATE  
ENCLOSED

6 copies of original  
LHM REG-56 62-109060-3611

cc. to [redacted]  
RWR 8-11-64

AUG 12

ST-104

Approved: [Signature] Sent [redacted] M Per [redacted]

C. G. Wick, Special Agent in Charge

President Johnson knows the  
hangouts, and why John F. Kennedy  
was murdered, this is the only way  
that Johnson could ever become the  
President,

President Johnson and Earl Warren  
knows that there was a meeting  
with Jack Ruby, Dallas Police Officer  
T.D. Tippet and a number men in  
Ruby's Dallas night club just before  
John F. Kennedy's murder,

President Johnson and Earl Warren are  
using Lee Oswald as a scapegoat,

President Johnson has and always  
will travel a crooked path, and  
in the White House he is a Wheeler  
Dealer, asked Johnson about the Bobby  
Baker case, The Jews had a hand  
in the murder of John F. Kennedy,

We insist that you do something  
about the President Johnson, American's



Robt Kennedy  
Washington D.C.

CHENOSH  
AN  
JUL 9  
1964  
WIS.

A B C D M  
FOR BETT  
BUSINESS SERV

J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington D.C.

Personal

8



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

11-1, 11-15, 11-16  
8-26-64  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas

Attached hereto is a true copy of a letter and envelope, addressed to J. Edgar Hoover, FBI, Washington, D.C., and postmarked at Kenosha, Wisconsin, July 19, 1964. The letter is signed "Americans" and states in part that "President Johnson knows the Gangsters, and why John F. Kenedy was murdered, . . ."

The FBI Laboratory conducted an examination of this anonymous communication, the results of which are as follows:

Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D.C." and postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. AM JUL 9 1964"

Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President Johnson know's the....." and ending ".....about the President Johnson, American's".

The handwriting on the envelope and letter, Q1 and Q2, was searched through the appropriate sections of the Anonymous Letter File but no identification was effected.

The envelope and letter were examined in the Identification Division and two latent fingerprints were developed on the front of the letter only.

The envelope, Q1, was made of white bond paper, containing no watermark, to measure approximately 6.51 inches across the top, 6.48 inches across the bottom, 3.63 inches along the right edge and 3.66 inches along the left edge.

The letter, Q2, was prepared on a sheet of ruled white paper, containing no watermark, which measures approximately 5.00 inches across the top, 4.99 inches across the bottom, and 8.01 inches from top to bottom. The front of the letter bears nineteen blue lines and the back bears twenty-three blue lines.

No indented writing of any significance was noted on the envelope and letter. The postage stamp on the letter was torn from a booklet of five-cent postage stamps. Also, the letter was written with a ball-point pen, equipped with blue ink.

1-2-11  
3-11  
ENCLOSURE

**Assassination of President  
John F. Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas**

A search of the indices of the Milwaukee Office of the FBI on July 24, 1964, failed to reveal any information concerning an organization known as "Americans" or any letters similar in nature to the attached letter.

On July 24, 1964, sources of information of the Milwaukee Office, who are acquainted with subversive activities in the Wisconsin area and have furnished reliable information in the past, advised that they had no information concerning the origin of the attached letter.

On July 27, 1964, [Lorraine Ferraro, Identification Clerk, Bureau of Identification] Milwaukee Police Department, advised that the records of that department contained no information regarding an organization known as "Americans."

On July 27, 1964, Lt. Orville Livingston, Handwriting Expert, Milwaukee Police Department, examined the letter in question and advised that he could not identify it with any other known handwriting contained in the records of the Milwaukee Police Department nor was it similar in nature to any other letter contained in the records of the department.

On July 29, 1964, [Captain Arthur J. Riley, Detective Bureau] Kenosha Police Department, advised that the records of the Kenosha Police Department did not reflect any information concerning an organization known as "Americans" and he could not furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

On July 29, 1964, [Investigator Arthur Blake] Kenosha County Sheriff's Office, advised that the records of that department did not contain any information concerning the organization "Americans" or any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

8-11-64

1 - Administrative Division  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

ST-104

To: SAC, Milwaukee (62-1178)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3611 *file*

REC-56

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtels 7-23-64, and 8-4-64, and MIAirtels 7-31-64,  
and 8-7-64, relating to an anonymous letter addressed to the  
Director.

The letterhead memorandum submitted with MIAirtel  
8-7-64, is incomplete and unsuitable for dissemination. The  
following errors are pointed out:

1. The letterhead memorandum does not indicate  
Milwaukee is the office who prepared it.
2. The letterhead memorandum is not dated.
3. The letterhead memorandum does not incorporate  
a true copy of the anonymous letter as instructed.
4. The letterhead memorandum does not accurately  
quote pertinent portions of the anonymous letter (Page 1,  
Paragraph 1, Lines 5 and 6)
5. The letterhead memorandum contains contradictory  
information regarding the postmark date. In this connection  
the information prepared by the Laboratory is accurate.

In addition to the above, the following should be  
corrected:

1 - Dallas (89-43)  
RDR:las (6)

1787 XEROX  
AUG 18 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

PERS. REC. UNIT

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

**Airtel to SAC, Milwaukee**  
**RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

1. Page 2, Paragraph 1, should be appropriately reworded, to omit reference to "attached letter."

2. Page 2, Paragraph 3, Line 3, Word 6, should be "contain."

3. Page 2, Paragraph 5, beginning of Line 3, should read "Police Department do not contain..."

4. Page 2, Paragraph 6, Line 3, Word 1, should be "do."

[It has been necessary for the Bureau to communicate on two occasions with your office in an effort to obtain a suitable communication for dissemination. You are instructed to immediately prepare an acceptable product for dissemination by the Bureau. No further delinquencies will be tolerated.]

[Milwaukee is instructed to submit separately appropriate explanations from the Agent handling this matter and the supervisor approving same, along with your recommendations for your failure to handle this matter in a suitable fashion.]

Milwaukee is reminded this investigation is extremely important and that matters submitted will in turn be disseminated to the President's Commission, who will in turn make all communications submitted by this Bureau available to the general public after its inquiries are completed. It is, therefore, absolutely essential that extreme care be taken in the preparation of such communications in the future.

**NOTE:** An anonymous letter was received at the Bureau alleging that President Johnson knew why President Kennedy was murdered. The letter alleges other knowledge on the part of President Johnson. The United States Secret Service was furnished a copy of this letter as well as the negative results of our Laboratory examination. MI has been furnished adequate information on two occasions as to how to handle the results of this matter. [However, they have failed to comply. In view of the fact it has been necessary for the Bureau to engage in unnecessary communications with the Milwaukee Office to obtain suitable communications for dissemination, it is felt that explanations should be obtained.]



THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 3612

PAGE NO. Entire Document

NO. OF PAGES 7

SECTION NO.

83

Dept. of State

REFERRAL

FBI

Date: 8/11/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, 7/18/64, enclosing President's Commission letter dated 7/16/64, which requested that the FBI obtain the original tapes of the radio broadcasts by the Dallas Police Department for the period 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M., November 22, 1963, and 10:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M., November 24, 1963, and prepare a new transcript of such tapes, reporting the identity of the police officer alongside each message contained in such transcript.

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum containing the requested information.

As set forth in Dallas teletype to Bureau, 7/20/64, the Bureau was requested to advise if a copy of the transcript of the radio transmissions could be made available to Texas State Attorney General WAGGONER CARR, via Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department. By telephone call July 21, 1964, Inspector JAMES R. MALLEY advised that J. LEE RANKIN of the President's Commission had authorized that a copy of the transcript be made available to the Chief of Police at Dallas, Texas, for transmittal to Texas State Attorney General WAGGONER CARR, provided the FBI's review of the tapes revealed no significant variances with the transcription previously made available by the Dallas Police Department.

Enc. (10)

REC-56

RPG/83

ST-104

79 SEP 1 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

17 AUG 12 1964

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 27 1964

79B 12/1476 - see L/R p. 1

*WAGGONER*

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bottom*

36 13

DL 100-10461

For the Bureau's information, no significant variances were noted, and a copy of the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished to Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES T. BATCHELOR, Dallas Police Department, in the absence of Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, by SA RICHARD J. BURNETT on August 11, 1964, with a request that it be made available by him to Texas State Attorney General WAGGONER CARR.

The original tapes from which the transcript was prepared are being retained by the Dallas Police Department.

The contents of the enclosed letterhead memorandum will not be included in any report submitted by the Dallas Office, UACB.

*By: JBR*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
August 11, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

By letter dated July 16, 1964, the President's Commission referred to a memorandum captioned "Dallas, Texas, March 23, 1964." This memorandum contained the transcripts of all radio transmissions from Channel 1 and Channel 2 of the Dallas Police Department radio station covering the period from 10:00 A.M., November 22, 1963, to 6:00 P.M., November 24, 1963, as they relate to the assassination of President KENNEDY, the murder of Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT, investigations of said assassination and murder, and the security and movement of LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the Dallas County Jail.

The President's Commission letter advised that in view of the importance of these transcripts, it was desired that the Federal Bureau of Investigation obtain the original tapes of the radio broadcasts and a new transcript be prepared from these tapes for the period 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M. on Friday, November 22, 1963, and from 10:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M. on Sunday, November 24, 1963. The President's Commission letter requested that the name of the reporting police officer be listed alongside each message.

On July 21, 1964, Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, made available to a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation the original recordings reflecting the radio transmissions of Channel 1 and Channel 2 of Dallas Police Department Radio Station KKB 364 for the above-described period, and these recordings were reviewed by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on July 21, 22, 23 and 24, 1964, at the Dallas Police Department.

COPIES DESTROYED

30 JAN 25 1963

ENCLOSURE

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

The radio transmissions for the period 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M. on November 22, 1963, and 10:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M. on November 24, 1963, on Channel 1 of Dallas Police Radio Station KKB 364 were recorded on dictabelts using "Dictaphones" purchased by the Dallas Police Department in 1957. These dictabelts are badly worn from being played and, in many places, the dictabelt skips and some of the messages are garbled.

The radio transmissions for the period 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M. on November 22, 1963, on Channel 2 of Dallas Police Radio Station KKB 364 were recorded on a "Gray Audograph" recorder using 8½" flexible Celluloid discs. This equipment was purchased by the Dallas Police Department in the early 1950's. It was noted that these discs are badly worn from being played. In many places, the discs skip and portions of the messages are garbled.

On July 21, 1964, Lieutenant D.H. GASSETT, Platoon Commander, Dallas Police Department, advised that on November 22, 1963, between the hours of 10:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M., three radio dispatchers were on duty at the Dallas Police Department at the same time. He stated that two dispatchers handled Channel 1, each working an opposite side of the radio console which separated one dispatcher from the sight of the other. On this radio console, above each dispatcher, are a series of knobs with a unit number assigned to each knob. The purpose of the knobs is to indicate which units are "in service" and which units are "out of service." Upon being contacted by any of the units the dispatcher, in addition to replying to the unit calling, adjusts the knob relating to the unit calling, to either the "in service" or "out of service" position.

The third radio dispatcher's position is located at one end of the radio console. This position is for the Channel 2 dispatcher. Channel 2 is usually used only when a special situation is anticipated, as was the case on November 22, 1963, during the Presidential motorcade. This relieves the volume of



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

radio traffic on Channel 1 and permits those dispatchers to handle other traffic with greater ease.

Lieutenant GASSETT advised that each dispatcher has a time stamp clock before him and pointed out these clocks are not synchronized. He demonstrated by simultaneously time stamping a blank piece of paper, using two of the clocks. It was noted that one clock stamped the time as 11:16 A.M. and that the other clock stamped the time as 11:17 A.M. He stated this would explain a time element variation between Channel 1 and Channel 2. He further pointed out that the position of the hands on the clock appear different, depending on the angle of sight from which one is looking at the clock. He stated a short person would have a different angle of sight than a tall person. Lieutenant GASSETT stated this quite probably could explain the time element variation of the shooting of Officer J. D. TIPPIT with the Channel 1 entry indicating the approximate time as 1:16 P.M. and the Channel 2 entry indicating the approximate time as 1:18 P.M.

Lieutenant GASSETT also pointed out that the information relating to the shooting of Officer TIPPIT was broadcast to the Dallas Police Department on Channel 1 by a citizen using Officer TIPPIT's police car radio, which is a different radio frequency than Channel 2. He stated that this same information was then rebroadcast on Channel 2, which could also explain the time element variation between 1:16 P.M. and 1:18 P.M.

The following is a transcript of the radio transmissions from Channel 1 and Channel 2 of the Dallas Police Radio Station KKB 364 for the periods 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M. on November 22, 1963, and 10:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M. on November 24, 1963, it being noted that Channel 2 was not operating during the period 10:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M. on November 24, 1963, as they relate to the assassination of President KENNEDY, murder of Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT, investigations of said assassination and murder, and the security and movement of LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the Dallas County Jail:

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Channel 1, 10:00 A.M. - 3:00 P.M., November 22, 1963

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (J. A. MC DANIEL and B. D. HUFFSTUTLER)	10:00 A.M., KKB-364
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)
39 (Patrolmen BUTCHER and COMER)	39 (Patrolmen BUTCHER and COMER)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Channel 2 (10:06)
285 (Patrolman J. Y. ALVIS)	285 (Patrolman J. Y. ALVIS)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	285 (Patrolman ALVIS)
285 (Patrolman ALVIS)	Out Love Field assignment.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 10:08.
260 (Sergeant D. V. HARKNESS)	260 (Sergeant HARKNESS)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	260 (Sergeant HARKNESS)
260 (HARKNESS)	Let me talk to 290 (Sergeant E. B. HOWARD), please.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	290 (HOWARD).
290 (HOWARD)	290 (HOWARD).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
260 (HARKNESS)	290 (HOWARD), this is 260 (HARKNESS). They have removed those signs down on Houston between Main and Elm. Do you know anything about it?
290 (HOWARD)	On the east or west side?
260 (HARKNESS)	East.
290 (HOWARD)	290 (HOWARD) to 260 (HARKNESS).
260 (HARKNESS)	260 (HARKNESS).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Advised on east side.
290 (HOWARD)	There's not supposed to be "no park" on east side.
260 (HARKNESS)	10-4. (10:10)
(End of Belt One)	
272 (Patrolman R. F. CALE)	272 (CALE).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	272 (CALE).
272 (CALE)	Would you check with 260 (HARKNESS) for me, please, sir, and see if they're going to allow these people to park out here on Cedar Springs. We've had a number of people to ask

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

us -- I mean on Turtle Creek  
out here -- We've had a number  
of people to ask us if they  
could park along the curb out  
here.

125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)  
(10:21)

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS),  
call Operator 2. (One of  
telephone positions in radio  
room.)

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)

10-4. (10:21)

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

260 (HARKNESS) or 270 (HOWARD)

260 (HARKNESS)

260 (HARKNESS).

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

How about that parking on Turtle  
Creek? Are they going to be  
allowed to park on the side of  
the street out there?

260 (HARKNESS)

Contact 125 (LAWRENCE) on  
Channel 2.

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

10-4. (10:23)

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

272 (CALE).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
272 (CALE)	272 (CALE).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Yes, let them park.
272 (CALE)	10-4, thank you.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)...(10:24)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	20 (Sergeant S. W. BURKHART) (10:39)
1 (Chief JESSE E. CURRY)	1 (CURRY)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	1 (CURRY)
1 (CURRY)	Tell them they need a man to work traffic at Mockingbird and Cedar Springs at the entrance to Love Field. It's very heavy.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. (10:43)
260 (HARKNESS)	260 (HARKNESS).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER).	260 (HARKNESS).
260 (HARKNESS)	Will be out at the Sheriff's Office a few minutes.



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. (10:44)
581 (Unknown)	581 (Unknown) out at the Trade Mart.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 581 (Unknown). (10:49)
(End of Belt Two)	
21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY).
32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)	32 (SMITH and HACKNEY).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Report to 20 (BURKHART) at the old Love Field for your assignments, 10:54, on a mark out.
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	10-4.
32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)	10-4.
4 (Chief N. T. FISHER)	4 (FISHER).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	4 (FISHER)..
4 (FISHER)	Let me talk to 39 (BUTCHER and COMER).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	39 (BUTCHER and COMER)..

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
4 (FISHER)	4 (FISHER) to 39 (BUTCHER and COMER), the landing will be southeast, won't it?
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	He's on Channel 2, 4 (FISHER).
4 (FISHER)	10-4. (10:55)
260 (HARKNESS)	260 (HARKNESS).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	260 (HARKNESS).
260 (HARKNESS)	Clear from Sheriff's Office, switching to Channel 2.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 10:58.
2 (Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR)	2 (BATCHELOR)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	2 (BATCHELOR)
2 (BATCHELOR)	Tell 1 (CURRY) I'm sending the pins he wanted by motorcycle officer. Should be there in a few minutes.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. (11:07)
271 (Patrolman J. MURPHY)	271 (MURPHY).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	271 (MURPHY).

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Caller

Conversation

271 (MURPHY)

Could you send a City wrecker to the Triple Underpass; just west of the underpass on Elm to clear a stalled truck from the route of the escort?

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)

10-4. (11:07)

118 (Patrolman R. B. COUNTS)

118 (COUNTS).

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)

118 (COUNTS).

118 (COUNTS)

Could you disregard me on that call? I've got an Air Force truck here that has the President's Seal and Flags in it and he's got to get to the Dallas Trade Mart before the President does -- in about ten or fifteen minutes. I'll escort him out there about Code 2. (Urgent -- siren and red lights as needed at intersection).

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)

Disregard the call. (11:08)

118 (COUNTS)

118 (COUNTS).

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)

118 (COUNTS).

118 (COUNTS)

What hundred block of Stemmons does that Trade Mart run off of?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Right at Industrial. (11:09)
118 (COUNTS)	10-4.
271 (Patrolman J. MURPHY)	271 (MURPHY).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	271 (MURPHY).
271 (MURPHY)	Disregard the wrecker at the Triple Underpass. We got a truck to push him out of there.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. (11:16)
	Considerable interference. No pertinent transmissions discernible.
(End of Belt Three)	
118 (COUNTS)	118 (COUNTS) clear and en route back to the district.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	118 (COUNTS) clear, 11:38..
2 (BATCHELOR)	9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	9 (SAWYER)
2 (BATCHELOR)	This is 2 (BATCHELOR) calling 9 (SAWYER).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Stand by, 2 (BATCHELOR).
9 (SAWYER)	9 (SAWYER) to 2 (BATCHELOR).
2 (BATCHELOR)	Go ahead, 9 (SAWYER).
9 (SAWYER)	Crowds along Harwood are quite light. I was just wondering if we could pick up two or three of these officers along here. I think we could do without them and take them down on Main Street.
2 (BATCHELOR)	Are they on intersections?
9 (SAWYER)	No, they are in the middle.
2 (BATCHELOR)	Yeah. If that's the situation, go ahead and pick them up and move them in there.
9 (SAWYER)	10-4. (11:43)
280 (Sergeant W. C. CAMPBELL)	280 (CAMPBELL)..
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	280 (CAMPBELL).
280 (CAMPBELL)	See if you can contact 9 (SAWYER). Will you try him on Channel 1 and 2 both? We need him bad at Main and Ervay. (Garbled.)



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	9 (SAWYER).
280 (CAMPBELL)	280 (CAMPBELL) to 9 (SAWYER)... (11:45)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	9 (SAWYER)... (11:46)
280 (CAMPBELL)	280 (CAMPBELL).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	280 (CAMPBELL).
280 (CAMPBELL)	Were you able to contact him?
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	No, he hasn't answered yet, 280 (CAMPBELL).
280 (CAMPBELL)	Try him on Channel 2.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	We're trying both places.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Channel 2, 280 (CAMPBELL). (11:48)
104 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	104 (VALENTINE).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	104 (VALENTINE).
104 (VALENTINE)	Is the President going to come down Ervay?
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Down Main, across Ervay. (11:51)
(End of Belt Four)	

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	104 (VALENTINE), you will have to come in on Main, make a left turn into basement.
104 (VALENTINE)	10-4.
24 (Patrolman D. L. PATE)	24 (PATE).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	24 (PATE).
24 (PATE)	You might notify anything running on emergency out here in North Dallas that Mockingbird, Lemmon, Cedar Springs and Denton Drive is all jammed.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4.
260 (HARKNESS)	260 (HARKNESS).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	260 (HARKNESS).
260 (HARKNESS)	Is 6 (Deputy Chief RAY LUNDAY) on Channel 2?
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	He is at Main and Harwood on the street.
157 (Patrolman J. W. WILLIAMS)	157 (WILLIAMS) to 159... (Unknown)
289 (Not assigned, believe it was 260 - HARKNESS)	289 (Not assigned).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	289 (Not assigned).
289 (Not assigned)	Give us an ambulance, 100 N. Houston Street - epileptic seizure.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4.
289 (Not assigned)	Make it Code 3. (Emergency -- red lights and sirens.)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	Be a white? (12:19)
289 (Not assigned)	289 (Not assigned).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	289 (Not assigned).
289 (Not assigned)	Make that ambulance Code 3. (Emergency -- red lights and sirens.) Can you give me the direction he will be coming in?
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	606 (Ambulance)
606 (Ambulance)	606 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	What's your location?
606 (Ambulance)	About Harwood and Cedar Springs now.

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

10-4. Code 3 (Emergency -- red  
lights and sirens) on a signal  
28 (emergency sick call), 100  
N. Houston, 12:20.

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

Harwood and Cedar Springs, 289  
(Not assigned).

289 (Not assigned)

10-4.

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

289 (Not assigned).

289 (Not assigned)

289 (Not assigned).

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

Go ahead and start your set up.

289 (Not assigned)

10-4.

111 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)

111 (POLLARD).

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

111 (POLLARD).

111 (POLLARD)

We are going to have to take  
this prisoner to Parkland. Is  
Harwood Street blocked all the  
way?

Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

Yes, all the way, 111 (POLLARD).

111 (POLLARD)

10-4.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
606 (Ambulance)	606 (Ambulance) out.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 606 (Ambulance), 12:24.
606 (Ambulance)	606 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	606 (Ambulance)
606 (Ambulance)	We are en route Parkland (garbled). This is a signal 16. (Investi- gation injured person.)
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	En route where, 606 (Ambulance)?
606 (Ambulance)	En route Parkland.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. You need a squad to meet you there?
606 (Ambulance)	10-4.
252 (Patrolman F. T. CHANCE)	252 (CHANCE).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	252 (CHANCE).
252 (CHANCE)	Out here at the intersection of Fairmount and Cedar Springs there is a "V" shape piece of land out here with no improve- ments on it. Someone during the parade backed over a water faucet out here and it is



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**Caller**

**Conversation**

	shooting water into the air. Wonder if you can contact the Water Department and have them come out here and turn it off.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 12:25.
252 (CHANCE)	252 (CHANCE), I'm clear.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 12:25.
258 (Patrolman R. A. DAVENPORT)	258 (DAVENPORT) Clear.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL and HUFFSTUTLER)	258 (DAVENPORT) clear, 12:26.
38 (Patrolman F. G. WOODROW)	38 (WOODROW).
Dispatcher (C. E. HULSE and M. J. JACKSON)	38 (WOODROW).
38 (WOODROW)	Might tell some of those people involved handling this deal at the Market Hall these people are walking across Southbound Stemmons in front of the Marriott Hotel and all the way down south.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 38 (WOODROW). (Transmitter stuck on one of the mobile units; nothing readable for some time after 38's (WOODROW) last transmission. Sirens audible. Garbled transmissions.)(12:34)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	24 (Patrolman D. L. PATE.)
24 (PATE)	24 (PATE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Report to Inwood and Stemmons, cut all traffic for the ambulance going to Parkland Code 3. (Emergency -- red lights and sirens)
24 (PATE)	Inwood and Stemmons?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Inwood and Stemmons where they come off of Stemmons going to Parkland.
24 (PATE)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Make your assignment Code 3 (Emergency -- red lights and sirens), 24 (PATE).
24 (PATE)	10-4. (12:35)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM)
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3 (Emergency -- red lights and sirens) Stemmons and Inwood, cut traffic.
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), did you call? (Garbled trans- mission)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	4 (FISHER), we have a mike button stuck open. We can't hear anything. (Garbled transmission)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Attention all emergency equipment - attention all emergency equipment; do not use Industrial Boulevard; do not use Industrial Boulevard, 12:36.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	35 (Patrolman J. M. LEWIS), did you receive?
35 (LEWIS)	I've got it. (12:37)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	(Garbled.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Inwood and Stemmons and assist 24 (PATE); 21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM), go on up there to Hines and cut that service road off there where the ambulance can go on to Parkland.
(Garbled) (24, PATE?)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), did you call?
4 (FISHER)	Yes. I don't know what happened to the officer assigned to Cedar Springs and Mockingbird, but they're not there and the traffic is really snafued.
32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY)	32 (SMITH and HACKNEY) clear.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	32 (SMITH and HACKNEY) on mark out report to Cedar Springs and Mockingbird.
32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)	10-4.
24 (PATE)	24 (PATE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	24 (PATE).
24 (PATE)	These ambulance must have already passed Stemmons and Inwood.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
24 (PATE)	Was APB (Accident Prevention Bureau) car supposed to be following the ambulance?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Unknown, 24 (PATE).
21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	What do you want us to do here at the service road on Hines?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Has the ambulance gone through already?
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	We just arrived.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Stand by there until we notify you.

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Caller

Conversation

21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)

10-4.

20 (Sergeant SAMUEL BURKHART)

20 (BURKHART).

Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)

20 (BURKHART).

20 (BURKHART)

I'm on Hines in front of Parkland.  
What is this emergency on this  
ambulance?

Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)

20 (BURKHART), there's been a  
shooting in downtown area in-  
volving the President.

20 (BURKHART)

10-4.

269 (Patrolman L. E. BEILHARZ)

269 (BEILHARZ).

Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)

269 (BEILHARZ).

269 (BEILHARZ)

Will you check with my supervisor  
and see where he wants me to go.  
I am through with my second  
assignment.

(12:40)

(End Belt Five)

Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)

260 (Sergeant D. V. HARKNESS)

Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)

260...260 (HARKNESS)

4 (FISHER)

4 (FISHER)

Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)

4 (FISHER)



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
4 (FISHER)	Is 32 (SMITH and HACKNEY) one-man or two-man?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	He's 2-man.
4 (FISHER)	10-4. It's going to take at least two men.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	32 (SMITH and HACKNEY), have you arrived?
32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)	No, we are in North Dallas on this call. We are at Webb Chapel and Royal Lane right now.
20 (BURKHART)	20 (BURKHART)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	20 (BURKHART)
20 (BURKHART)	That ambulance hasn't arrived at Parkland. Do you have any other information on it?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	601 (Ambulance)
(Garbled)	(Garbled)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (Patrolman B. L. BASS).
101 (BASS)	101 (BASS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Elm and Houston.
601 (Ambulance)	601 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	What's your location, 601 (Ambulance)?

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**Caller**

**Conversation**

**601 (Ambulance)**

**Here at the market.**

**Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)**

**Repeat.**

**601 (Ambulance)**

**I'm here at the market.**

**Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)**

**Disregard.**

**Unknown**

**We are at Parkland.**

**2 (BATCHELOR)**

**2 (BATCHELOR).**

**Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)**

**Attention all squads, report to  
downtown area, Code 3 (Emergency -  
red lights and sirens) to Elm and  
Houston, with caution.**

**233 (Patrolman J. T. FORSTON)**

**233 (FORSTON).**

**Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)**

**233 (FORSTON).**

**233 (FORSTON)**

**I'm at Elm and Houston.**

**Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)**

**10-4.  
(Numerous squads checking out -  
many garbled messages.)**

**Dispatcher (Sergeant G. D.  
HENSLEE)**

**Attention all squads - Attention  
all squads. At Elm and Houston  
reported to be an unknown white  
male, approximately 30, slender  
build, height 5 feet 10 inches,  
weight 165 pounds, reported to  
be armed with what is believed  
to be a .30 caliber rifle.  
Attention, all squads, the**

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Caller

Conversation

	suspect is believed to be a white male, 30, 5 feet 10 inches, slender build, 165 pounds, armed with what is thought to be a 30-30 rifle. No further description or information at this time.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	12:45 KKB-364, Dallas.
Unknown	What is he wanted for?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Signal 19 (shooting), involving the President.
233 (Patrolman J. T. FORSTON)	233 (FORSTON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	233 (FORSTON).
233 (FORSTON)	He is thought to be in this Texas School Book Depository here on Northwest corner Elm and Houston.
102 (Patrolmen B. L. JONES and M. D. HALL)	Out this location.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 102 (JONES and HALL) and 233 (FORSTON).
81 (Patrolman J. L. ANGELL)	81 (ANGELL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	81 (ANGELL).
81 (ANGELL)	I'll be going north on Industrial from Corinth.

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Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 81 (ANGELL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON) - 78 (Patrolman J. D. TIPPIT), move into Central Oak Cliff area.
78 (Patrolman J. D. TIPPIT)	I'm at Kiest and Bonnieview.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	I's going north of Marsalis on R. L. Thornton.
605 (Ambulance)	605 (Ambulance), Code 5 (en route) VA (Veterans Administration Hospital).
93 (Patrolman H. M. ASHCRAFT)	93 (ASHCRAFT) to 531 (telephone extension of Dispatcher HENSLEE). I'm clear, where do you want me to go?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Report to old School Book De- pository, Elm and Houston area.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Unit clearing?
95 (Patrolmen M. N. MC DONALD and T. R. GREGORY)	95 (MC DONALD and GREGORY), clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	95 (MC DONALD and GREGORY), clear, 12:46. (Garbled transmission.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Elm and Houston 77 (Patrolman W. E. SMITH) at School Book Depository.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
77 (Patrolman W. E. SMITH)	10-4. (Numerous squads checked out at School Book Depository, all call numbers not discernible.)
116 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS)	116 (ROSS), clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	116 (ROSS), clear, report to Triple Underpass.
116 (ROSS)	10-4.
24 (Patrolman D. L. PATE)	24 (PATE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	24 (PATE).
24 (PATE)	I'll be out at Triple Underpass.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (Sergeant OWENS), report to Elm and Houston.
19 (Sergeant OWENS)	10-4. Code 3? (Emergency, red lights and sirens.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes.
95 (MC DONALD and GREGORY)	95 (MC DONALD and GREGORY).
Dispatcher (HULSE and M. J. MC DONALD)	95 (M. N. MC DONALD and GREGORY).
95 (M. N. MC DONALD and GREGORY)	What's going on?



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Signal 19 (shooting) involving the President - suspect white male, 30, slender build, 5 feet 10 inches, 165 pounds, believed to have used a .30 caliber rifle, believed to be in School Book Depository Building, Elm and Houston at this time. 12:48.
550/2 (Sergeant G. L. HILL)	550/2 (HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Go ahead, 550/2 (HILL).
550/2 (Sergeant G. L. HILL) VALENTINE	550/2 (HILL) and 104 (Patrolman J.M. en route Elm and Houston, Code 3. (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	174 (BROOKS) is en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN)	212 (SPRADLIN) is en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	212's (SPRADLIN) out.
40 (Sergeant D. F. FLUSCHE)	40 (FLUSCHE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	40 (FLUSCHE).
40 (FLUSCHE)	Clear. I'll head down that way from out here on Skillman.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 40 (FLUSCHE).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	22 (HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	23 (Dispatcher answered 23 in error.)
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	22 (HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	22 (HILL).
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	I'm at Industrial and Continental. Where do you want me?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Report to the vicinity of the Triple Underpass, Elm and Houston.
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	10-4.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
101 (Patrolman B. L. BASS)	101's (BASS) on south end of the Houston Street viaduct.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
116 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS)	116 (ROSS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	116 (ROSS).
116 (ROSS)	Any code on it?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	3. (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
116 (ROSS)	10-4.
81 (Patrolman J. L. ANGELL)	81 (ANGELL).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	81 (ANGELL).
81 (ANGELL)	Out.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
4 (Chief FISHER)	4 (FISHER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	(Unknown unit) call Station 7. (Civil Section, Dallas County Sheriff's Office.) (Followed by unreadable conversation.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Repeat, 4 (FISHER).
4 (Chief FISHER)	Who's in charge down there at that area?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	(Unknown) is en route. He'll be in charge.
4 (Chief FISHER)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	100 or 60 (Sergeant J. A. PUTNAM).
60 (Sergeant J. A. PUTNAM)	60 (PUTNAM).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Have you arrived?
60 (PUTNAM)	Yes, I've just arrived Elm and Houston now.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN) report to the downtown area, 12:49.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
115 (Patrolman G. D. BENNINGFIELD)	115 (BENNINGFIELD) is out downtown, also.
223 (Patrolman C. E. LEWIS)	223 (LEWIS) is out downtown.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15's (TALBERT) at the scene. The building is the old Purse Company on the east side of Houston. Have that cut off on the backside, will you? Make sure nobody leaves there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 15 (TALBERT).
15 (TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT) is in charge down here - correction, 5's (Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN) in charge down here.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. Did you receive, 4 (Chief N. T. FISHER)?
4 (FISHER)	Yes, I did. Thank you.
Unknown	Any clothing description?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	No clothing description. A white male approximately 30, slender build, 5'10", weight 165.
605 (Ambulance)	605 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	605 (Ambulance).
605 (Ambulance)	This call on Crockett is going to be a drunk. You don't have a downtown squad clear, do you?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	No, disregard and return to service.
Unknown	We're clear.
212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN)	212 (SPRADLIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	605 (Ambulance), let that drunk go.
605 (Ambulance)	10-4.
212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN)	212 (SPRADLIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	212 (SPRADLIN).
212 (SPRADLIN)	I'll report to the rear of that building.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
252(Patrolman F. T. CHANCE)	252's (CHANCE) out Elm and Houston.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN)	45's (STANGLIN) clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	45 (STANGLIN) clear 12:51.
C.I.D. (Criminal Investigation Division) (unknown) 396	396 (C.I.D., Criminal Investigation Division)
Dispatcher :	396 (C.I.D., Criminal Investigation Division)
396 (C.I.D., Criminal Investigation Division)	Which hospital is he?



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Parkland.
396 (C.I.D., Criminal Investigation Division)	10-4.
601 (Ambulance)	601 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	601 (Ambulance).
601 (Ambulance)	We'll stand by at Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. (12:51)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Are you en route to Parkland, 601 (Ambulance)?
601 (Ambulance)	I'm standing by here at Parkland.
24 (Patrolman D. L. PATE)	24 (PATE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	24 (PATE).
24 (PATE)	We're clear. What do you want us to do?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Do you have a description on the suspect, 24 (PATE)?
24 (PATE)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Remain in that vicinity.
24 (PATE)	10-4.
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	79 (ANGLIN).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	79 (ANGLIN).
79 (ANGLIN)	Going to be out at the Triple Underpass.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Received. (12:52)
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (NELSON).
87 (NELSON)	Out down here.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH)	49 (GILBREATH).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	49 (GILBREATH).
49 (GILBREATH)	I'm going to be in the downtown area.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
35 (Patrolman J. M. LEWIS)	35 (LEWIS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	35 (LEWIS).
35 (LEWIS)	I'm going down that way, down Stemmons.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 35 (LEWIS).
252 (Patrolman F. T. CHANCE)	252 (CHANCE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	252 (CHANCE).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
252 (Patrolman F. T. CHANCE)	Is this the place where it has Texas School Book Depository on it?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes. (12:53)
49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH)	49 (GILBREATH).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	49 (GILBREATH).
49 (GILBREATH)	Code 6 (out at destination), Triple Underpass.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Repeat.
49 (GILBREATH)	Code 6 (out at destination), Triple Underpass.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	174 (BROOKS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	174 (BROOKS).
174 (BROOKS)	Be out along the tracks just west of the building.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
263 (Patrolman W. C. BRASHER)	263 (BRASHER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	263 (BRASHER).
263 (BRASHER)	I have two radio patrolmen myself. Do they want us to go down there or stay out here with our after talk assignments?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Who's with you?
263 (BRASHER)	Moore and Murdock, Radio Patrolmen.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	263 (BRASHER), disregard any other assignment you might have had and remain at that location.
232/2 (Patrolman A. E. GARRISON)	232/2 (GARRISON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	232/2 (GARRISON).
232/2 (GARRISON)	I'm boxed in at Parkland. It's going to be a while before I can get back in service.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
263 (Patrolman W. C. BRASHER)	263 (BRASHER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	263 (BRASHER).
263 (BRASHER)	We're out on Harry Hines Boulevard. Do they want us to go down there around where the shooting occurred?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
263 (BRASHER)	10-4. (12:54)
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	78 (Patrolman J. D. TIPPIT).
78 (TIPPIT)	78 (TIPPIT).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	You are in the Oak Cliff area, are you not?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
78 (TIPPIT)	Lancaster and 8th.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	You will be at large for any emergency that comes in.
78 (TIPPIT)	10-4.
21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM)	24...correction, 21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	We're still out here on Hines. Do you want us to go in the downtown area?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes, 21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	10-4. (12:55)
49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH)	49 (GILBREATH).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	49 (GILBREATH).
49 (GILBREATH)	Do you have any clothing description?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	No. A white male, approximately 30, slender build, height 5'10", weight 165 is all the information.
49 (GILBREATH)	10-4.
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
21 (TUCKER and GRAHAM)	Is this routine or Code 3? (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
Unknown Traffic Officer	Traffic Officer to Dispatcher...
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Go ahead.
Unknown Traffic Officer	I have an eye witness over here who saw the President get hit. The witness is over here at the T&P Railway Overpass at the Stemmons Service Road.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	What radio are you using, Traffic Officer?
Unknown Traffic Officer	I'm using a three wheeler radio.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 5 (Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)...
107 (Patrolman C. F. GOODSON)	He's in the building down here, I think.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 60 (Sergeant J. A. PUTNAM) or 100 (Sergeant W.G. JENNINGS)
107 (GOODSON)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT) started around the building when he heard this over the speaker.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. Did he receive the information?
107 (GOODSON)	Apparently so. He turned and started the other way. He can hear the radios down here.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Garbled transmission.	Garbled transmission.
12 (Captain G. D. KING)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	312 (Homicide) (Detectives L.D. MONTGOMERY, L.C. GRAVES and MARVIN JOHNSON)
312 (Homicide) (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)	312 (Homicide). (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Did you receive that information, 312 (Homicide)? (Detectives (MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)
312 (Homicide) (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)	Repeat.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	The three wheel unit that has the eye witness of the shooting on the T&P Railroad Overpass at Stemmons, just beyond the Triple Underpass.
Unknown	Stemmons Freeway....the Service Road.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Hold on to him.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS), I'm at this location; at the Triple Underpass. Where do you want me?

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Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	A three wheel unit has an eye witness that saw the shooting, 19 (OWENS). He's on the overpass of the T&P Railroad at Stemmons.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	I see him over there. I'll go over there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (TALBERT).
15 (TALBERT)	100 (Sgt. JENNINGS) has got about six men checking out that railroad yard, back toward that direction. If you get any information on the shooting...(garbled transmission).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
312 (Homicide) (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)	312 (Homicide). (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	312 (Homicide). (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)
312 (Homicide) (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)	Where's the Command Post?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	At Elm and Houston.
312 (Homicide) (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON)	10-4.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (TALBERT).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Call those Canine Units back in; Norman's dog and the Sergeant's dog. Call them back in, if you will.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
260 (Sergeant D. V. HARKNESS)	260 (HARKNESS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	260 (HARKNESS).
260 (HARKNESS)	Give us 508 (Crime Laboratory station wagon, W. E. BARNES) down to the Texas School Book Depository.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
15 (TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Where do you want them to report to - Elm and Houston?
15 (TALBERT)	10-4. It's the School Book Depository Building. It will be a hard one to search out thoroughly without those dogs.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	508 (Crime Laboratory station wagon, W. E. BARNES) is en route.
40/2 (Unknown)	40/2...40/2 (Unknown)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	40/2 (Unknown).
40/2 (Unknown)	We'll need two more cars to report to the President's plane out here for escort service, please, sir.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (OWENS).
19 (OWENS)	I have the one that saw the President get hit in my car. I'm on the Elm Street side of the Triple Underpass just before you go up on Stemmons.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Received.
492 (Criminal Investigation Division)	492 (Criminal Investigation Division).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	492 (Criminal Investigation Division).
492 (Criminal Investigation Division)	We've been instructed to go to the scene. What code?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3. (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	5 (Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN).
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (TALBERT).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	I think 5 (Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN) and 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER) both are in the building.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. Did you receive 19's (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) transmission?
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	No, I didn't.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	He has the person that saw the shooting in his car. He's returning to the location.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	10-4.
15 (TALBERT)	Have you got condition yet?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	No.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (OWENS).
19 (OWENS)	He didn't see the shooting. He saw the President get hit.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Any unit...
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	45. (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	78 (TIPPIT) location...

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN) or 47 (Patrolman W. F. MORRIS)
45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN)	45 (STANGLIN).
Dispatcher	What's your location?
45 (STANGLIN)	Gaston and Abrams. (This was followed by intermodulation similar, according to Dallas Police Department, to that most often originating from the Dallas Power and Light Company radio.)
48 (Patrolman A. D. DUNCAN)	48 (DUNCAN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	48 (DUNCAN) (Followed by more interference)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Repeat, 48 (DUNCAN).
48 (DUNCAN)	Was that Park Lane and Greenville?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Stand by.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Any unit near the 2000 block Commerce...
508 (Crime Laboratory station wagon, W. E. BARNES)	508's (W. E. BARNES) 2000 Commerce.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Disregard, 508 (W. E. BARNES), return to the scene.
241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGS- WORTH)	241 (HOLLINGSWORTH).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	241 (HOLLINGSWORTH), your location?
241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)	Live Oak and Central.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3, (Emergency - red lights and sirens) the Blood Bank, 2000 Commerce, take to Parkland.
241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)	En route.
607 (Ambulance)	607 (Ambulance, Code 5 (en route).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 607 (Ambulance). Will be 2109, 241 (HOLLINGSWORTH).
16 (Sergeant R. D. SHIPLEY)	16 (SHIPLEY)
241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)	10-4, front or rear?
16 (SHIPLEY)	I'm at Akard and Main if you want me to make that.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)
241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)	Go ahead.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 4 (disregard), 16's (SHIPLEY) going to make it.
241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Will be the front door, 16 (SHIPLEY).
16 (SHIPLEY)	10-4.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
309 (Patrolman W. W. TIPPETT)	309 (TIPPETT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	309 (TIPPETT).
309 (TIPPETT)	Have you heard from 300 (Captain J. W. FRITZ)?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Negative (1:04 p.m.)
309 (Patrolman W. W. TIPPETT)	309 (TIPPETT), what squad has that subject that's supposed to have seen the shooting?
Dispatcher (HULSE)	He didn't see the shooting, 309 Patrolman W. W. TIPPETT). He saw the President get hit. That is 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS). He has the person in his car.
309 (Patrolman W. W. TIPPETT)	10-4. Do you have the information that this came from the Book Depository down there?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes.
309 (Patrolman W. W. TIPPETT)	10-4. It's well covered off here.
241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGSWORTH)	241 (HOLLINGSWORTH).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	241 (HOLLINGSWORTH).
241 (HOLLINGSWORTH)	I'm Code 5 (en route) at the Blood Bank.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 16 (Sergeant R. D. SHIPLEY).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
16 (Sergeant R. D. SHIPLEY)	16 (SHIPLEY).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 4, (disregard), 241's (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGSWORTH) there. He's going to take it.
16 (SHIPLEY)	10-4.
241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGS- WORTH)	241's (HOLLINGSWORTH) got it and gone.
4 (Chief N. T. FISHER)	4 (FISHER) to 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
4 (FISHER)	4 (FISHER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	4 (FISHER).
4 (FISHER)	See if you can raise 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (TALBERT)
15 (TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT), did you call?
4 (Chief N. T. FISHER)	If you can contact 15 (TALBERT), see if he thinks it advisable to send some of the people from out here, down there to relieve some of the squads that are on duty.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Did you receive, 15 (TALBERT)?
15 (TALBERT)	10-4, 4 (FISHER) (1:07)
15 (TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT) to 4 (FISHER).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
4 (Chief N. T. FISHER)	Go ahead.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Is 4 (FISHER) at the Market Hall?
4 (FISHER)	No, I'm at Love Field.
15 (TALBERT)	Do you have radio contact with anyone at Market Hall?
4 (FISHER)	15/2's (Captain J. M. SOUTER) on the air.
58	(Garbled).
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15/2 (SOUTER).
488	488 (Garbled) (1:08)
261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART)	261 (BARNHART).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	261 (BARNHART).
261 (BARNHART)	Do you have any clothing description yet?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	All we have is a white male 30, slender build, 5'10", 165 pounds, armed with a .30 caliber rifle.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART)	I have a subject that fits that description in size. He's drunk, down at the north end of Laws Street. Do you want to have

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
	someone to check him?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
15 (TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Can you get to him?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART), are you near that person?
261 (BARNHART)	I've got him on my motor.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Be at the north end of Laws at the dead-end?
261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART)	10-4.
388 (Criminal Investigation Division, Dallas Police De- partment, occupant of unit unknown)	388 (Criminal Investigation Division)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	388 (Criminal Investigation Division)
388 (Criminal Investigation Division)	---members of the CID (Criminal Investigation Division) en route to Elm and Houston as ordered.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Have 312 (Detectives MONTGOMERY, GRAVES and JOHNSON), 305 (De- tectives J.R. LEAVELLE, E.R. BECK, G. R. BOYCE), 386 (Patrolman P.R. PEACE), 380...correction, 492 (Special Service Bureau) and 309 (Detectives H.H. BLESSING and C.N. DHORITY and Patrolman C.W. BROWN).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
388 (Criminal Identification Division)	We're en route that location to await orders there. I don't know.....do.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)
260 (Sergeant D. V. HARKNESS)	260 (HARKNESS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	260 (HARKNESS).
260 (HARKNESS)	Inform the squads that anyone that gets any information regarding this incident down here, to bring it to 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER) at Elm and Houston; bring the person to 9 (SAWYER) at Elm and Houston.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Did you receive, 261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART)?
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (TALBERT).
15 (TALBERT)	If you can get 15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), would you get him to put some personnel on those railroad tracks near Market Hall and proceed back toward this location to check out the tracks in this immediate vicinity.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT). He's on Channel 2. He has the information.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
15 (TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Do you have anyone you can send to the dead-end of Laws Street? 261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART) has a suspect on the back of his motor.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	10-4. (1:11)
(End of Belt Six)	
212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN)	212 (SPRADLIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	212 (SPRADLIN).
212 (SPRADLIN)	Have you got another squad that can meet that unit at the dead-end of Laws? I'm blocked in over here and can't get out.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes, disregard. I have someone there now.
212 (SPRADLIN)	10-4.
261 (Patrolman C. M. BARNHART)	261 (BARNHART).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	261 (BARNHART).
261 (BARNHART)	I'm going to stay on these railroad tracks at the dead-end of Laws.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. (1:15 p.m.)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	120 (RICHCREEK).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	120 (RICHCREEK).
120 (RICHCREEK)	29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS) and 99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN) are en route to their respective homes to pick up a car and a dog and then will clear on Channel 1. You advise them where to go.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT), did you receive?
15 (TALBERT)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Attention all squads - any telephone truck en route to Parkland, Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens), give him the way in, 1:16.
Unknown	(Sounded like 6.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Unit ending in 6....
Citizen	Hello, police operator....
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Go ahead....Go ahead, citizen using the police (citizen cut in).
Citizen	We've had a shooting out here.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Where's it at?



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	The citizen using police radio....(Citizen cut in)
Citizen	On 10th Street.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	What location on 10th Street?
Citizen	Between Marsalis and Beckley. It's a police officer. Somebody shot him....what's this?... 404 10th Street.
Dispatcher (JACKSON)	78 (Patrolman J. D. TIPPIT).
Citizen	....you got that? It's in a police car number 10.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	78 (Patrolman J. D. TIPPIT).
Citizen	Hello, police operator, did you get that? A police officer, 510 East Jefferson.
Dispatcher (JACKSON)	Signal 19 (shooting) involving a police officer, 510 East Jefferson.
Citizen	Thank you.
35 (Patrolman J. M. LEWIS)	35 (LEWIS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	The citizen using the police radio remain off the air now.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)...

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
69 (Patrolman A. R. BROCK)	69's (BROCK) going out there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 69 (BROCK), Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
602 (Ambulance)	602 (Ambulance) Code 5 (en route).
211 (Patrolmdh RAY HAWKINS and E. R. BAGGETT)	211 (HAWKINS and BAGGETT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	211 (HAWKINS and BAGGETT).
211 (HAWKINS and BAGGETT)	We're clear at Industrial and Stemmons. Will go on out there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 211 (HAWKINS and BAGGETT).
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
603 (Ambulance)	603 (Ambulance, Code 5 (en route) Baylor.
602 (Ambulance)	Code 6 (out at destination).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 603 (Ambulance) and 602 (Ambulance), 1:19.
602 (Ambulance)	What's that address on Jefferson?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	501 East 10th.
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (WALKER) out.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (OWENS).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	Give me the correct address on the shooting.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	501 East 10th.
105 (Patrolmen J. M. POE and L. E. JEZ)	105 (POE and JEZ)
602 (Ambulance)	602 (Ambulance) Code 6 (out at destination).
105 (Patrolmen J. M. POE and L. E. JEZ)	Was 519 East Jefferson correct?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	We have two locations, 501 East Jefferson and 501 East 10th. 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS), are you en route?
105 (POE and JEZ)	This is an officer.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	10-4.
19 (OWENS)	19 (OWENS) is en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 19 (OWENS).
605 (Ambulance)	605 (Ambulance), Code 5 (en route).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 605 (Ambulance), 1:19.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	85, (Patrolman R. W. WALKER).
602 (Ambulance)	602 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (WALKER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	The subject's running west on Jefferson from the location.
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	No physical description.
Citizen	Hello, hello, hello....
602 (Ambulance)	602 (Ambulance)
Citizen	---from out here on 10th Street, 500 block. This police officer's just shot, I think he's dead.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, we have the information. The citizen using the radio, remain off the radio now.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Channel 2.
15 (TALBERT)	I'm using a three wheeler motor. I'll have to go to another radio.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	15 (TALBERT), did you receive the information on the police officer shot?
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	10-4, but didn't that citizen say first he was on Jefferson, then on 10th and then Chesapeake?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Do they relate?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes, at Denver.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) will be en route shortly.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	91 (MENTZEL) will be clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	91 (MENTZEL), have a signal 19 (shooting) involving police officer 400 East 10th. Suspect last seen running west on Jefferson. No description at this time.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Suspect just passed 401 East Jefferson.
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	10-4.
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (WALKER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	85 (WALKER).
85 (WALKER)	(Garbled transmission.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Give us the correct location on it, 85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER). We have three different locations.
85 (WALKER)	I haven't seen anything on Jefferson yet.



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE)	10-4. Check 501 East 10th at Denver.
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL).
91 (MENTZEL)	91 (MENTZEL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Subject just passed 401 East Jefferson.
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	10-4.
Unknown	Where did he just pass?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	401 East Jefferson.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (NELSON).
87 (NELSON)	I'm in my car here at Elm and Houston. Do you want me to go over there?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON), report to 4340 West Davis at the service station for information regarding suspect on this signal 19 (shooting) of the President.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	4340.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) (1:22)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Converagation</u>
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (WALKER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	85 (WALKER).
85 (WALKER)	We have a description on this suspect over here on Jefferson. Last seen about the 300 East Jefferson. He's a white male, about 30, 5'8", black hair, slender, wearing a white jacket, white shirt and dark slacks.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Armed with what?
85 (WALKER)	Unknown.
105 (Patrolman J. M. POE and L. E. JEZ)	105 (POE and JEZ)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	105 (POE and JEZ)
105 (POE and JEZ)	We're at the location now.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19's (OWENS) Code 6 (out at destination).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER).
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (WALKER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Repeat his clothing description.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	Wearing a white jacket, believed to be a white shirt and dark slacks.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
603 (Ambulance)	603 (Ambulance) out Baylor.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 603 (Ambulance), 1:23.
Unknown	What was his direction of travel on Jefferson?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Traveling west on Jefferson, 400 block. Last seen 401 West Jefferson, correction, it will be east.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Wanted for investigation of assault to murder of a police officer, a white male, approximately 30, 5'8", slender build, has black hair, a white jacket, a white shirt and dark trousers. The suspect last seen running west on Jefferson from 400 East Jefferson, 1:24.
Dispatcher (JACKSON)	Does anybody know the condition of the officer?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	602 (Ambulance)
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (NELSON).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	Is that 4340 West Davis?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes.
87 (NELSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Said he pulled in there and bought some gas. Driving a white Pontiac, '61 or '62 station wagon with a prefix "Pecos" "Ellis". He had a rifle laying in the seat.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	We have a citizen following this car at this time - unknown direction. (1:25)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Any unit near Gaston...3600 Gaston, at the Blood Bank...
257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	257's (WHITMAN) downtown.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Can you escort some blood?
257 (WHITMAN)	Which way's he going?
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	75's (SEBASTIAN) at Forest and Central.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
257 (WHITMAN)	I'm Central and Pacific right now; 257 (WHITMAN)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
279 (Unknown)	279...279 (Unknown).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	279 (Unknown).
279 (Unknown)	We believe we've got that suspect on shooting this officer out here. Got his white jacket. Believe he dumped it on this parking lot behind this service station at 400 block East Jefferson, across from Dudley-Hughes, and he had a white jacket on. We believe this is it.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, you do not have the suspect, is that correct?
279 (Unknown)	No, just the jacket laying on the ground.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	What unit is going to take that blood to Parkland, Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens)?
257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	Where is it?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	3600 Gaston, Wadley Blood Center.
257 (WHITMAN)	I got it.
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	91 (MENTZEL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	91 (MENTZEL).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	What was the description beside the white jacket?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	White male, 30, 5'8", black hair, slender build, white shirt, white jacket, black trousers, going west on Jefferson from the 300 block.
550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL)	550/2 (HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Go ahead.
550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL)	I'm at 12th and Beckley now - have a man in the car with me that can identify the suspect if anybody gets him, the one.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Return to service, 599. (Cockrell Hill Squad)
599 (Cockrell Hill Squad)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL).
550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL)	550/2 (HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Have you been to the scene?
550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL)	10-4. The officers were already gone when I got there. He was driving car # 10.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Do you know what ambulance took him? We had three going.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL)	No, DUDLEY HUGHES passed in front of me going to Beckley - looked like he might have had him.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	602 (Ambulance)
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	Did someone find a jacket?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Unknown, 85 (WALKER).
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (OWENS).
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	One of the men here at the service station that saw him seems to think he is in this block of 400 East Jefferson, behind this service station. Will you get me some more squads over here?
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	En route.
412 (Criminal Investigation Division)	En route. (Garbled transmission; sounded like other squads also en route.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 412 (Criminal Investigation Division). 75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN).
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	Go ahead.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	400 East Jefferson.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	We're almost there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS), where did the officer go?
550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L. HILL)	550/2 (HILL).
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	I saw some squads towards Methodist real fast -- I'll bet that's where he is.
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	75 (SEBASTIAN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	400 East Jefferson, report in that vicinity.
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	Code 2 (urgent, red lights and sirens as needed.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes.
76 (Patrolman H. H. HORN)	76 (HORN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	76 (HORN)
76 (Patrolman H. H. HORN)	I'm en route over there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
16 (Sergeant R. D. SHIPLEY)	I'll be out on East Jefferson.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 16 (SHIPLEY).
77 (Patrolman W. E. SMITH)	77 (SMITH).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	77 (SMITH).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
77 (Patrolman W. E. SMITH)	Going back over on about 400 East Jefferson.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes.
93 (Patrolman H. M. ASHCRAFT)	En route 400 East Jefferson.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS)	Out 400 West Jefferson.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN).
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	You calling 79 (ANGLIN)?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Are you en route 300 East Jefferson?
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	10-4.
95 (Patrolmen M. M. MC DONALD and T. R. GREGORY)	95 (MC DONALD and GREGORY) is en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 95 (MC DONALD and GREGORY).
93 (Patrolman H. M. ASHCRAFT)	Is en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 93 (ASHCRAFT).
221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)	Is down here.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 221 (SUMMERS).
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER) is there.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19. (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Do you have the information?
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	No, what?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	On 2. (Instructed to go to Channel 2.)
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	75 (SEBASTIAN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	75 (SEBASTIAN)
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	National Broadcasting Company is reporting DOA (Dead on Arrival).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	That's correct.
Unknown	Is that the officer?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Yes. (Garbled transmission.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	No, that's not correct 75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN), 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
Unknown	What officer was it?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	J. D. TIPPIT.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON).
87 (NELSON)	A white station wagon believed to be PE3435, unknown make and model, late model, occupied by two white males left this fellow's station going east on Davis and believed to have a shotgun or rifle laying in back seat.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Received, 87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON).
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON) will be en route down there on Jefferson.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	87 (NELSON), when you get down there see if you can find that car at the scene.
87 (NELSON)	10-4. Code 2 (urgent - red lights and siren as needed).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens).
87 (NELSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)
111 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)	111 (POLLARD)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	111 (POLLARD)
111 (POLLARD)	They say he is running west in the alley between Jefferson and Tenth.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	West in the alley between Jefferson and Tenth.
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	10-4.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON), 10-4.
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	75 (SEBASTIAN) received.
599 (Cockrell Hill Squad)	599 (Cockrell Hill Squad) is in service.
Dispatcher (HULSE and J. A. MC DANIEL)	599 (Cockrell Hill Squad) clear 1:32.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	Escorts going north on Hines. Cut your sirens. Escorts going north on Hines. Cut your sirens.
Dispatcher (HULSE)	10-4, 605 (Ambulance), 1:33
Unknown	Clothing the description on that suspect.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	White male, 30, 5'8", very slender build, black hair, a white jacket, white shirt and dark slacks, 1:33.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS).

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Caller

Conversation

19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)

Do you know what kind of a call  
he was on?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) What kind of what?

19 (OWENS)

Was he on a call or anything?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) No.

19 (OWENS)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Do you have any information for  
us, 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)?

19 (OWENS)

No, we are shaking down these  
old houses in the 400 block East  
Jefferson right now.

95 (Patrolman M. N. MC DONALD)

95 (MC DONALD)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Go ahead.

95 (MC DONALD)

Send me a squad over here at  
Tenth and Crawford to check out  
this church basement.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Any squad Tenth and Crawford?

66 (Patrolman F. S. WILLIAMS)

66 (WILLIAMS)  
is en route.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

Unknown

Was that Crawford and Jefferson?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Tenth and Jefferson.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Unknown	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON).
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	PE3435 (garbled address) story, 1961 Falcon, 4-door.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	He wasn't sure of license number.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
16 (Sergeant R. D. SHIPLEY)	16 (SHIPLEY)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	16 (SHIPLEY)
16 (SHIPLEY)	Prefix and color on that car again.
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	223 (WALKER)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Go ahead, 223 (WALKER).
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	He is in the library, Jefferson, East 500 block, Marsalis and Jefferson. (Several squads talking at one time, unable to read).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	What location, 223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)?
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	Library Jefferson and Marsalis. I'm going around back.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	Get them here fast.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Any unit near Marsalis and Jefferson. (Several squads talking again -- unable to read.)
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	En route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER).
Unknown	Called.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Go ahead.
Unknown	En route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS).
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	Clear, I'll be in the downtown area any place you can use me.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Jefferson and Marsalis, 29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS).
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	En route.
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	They got him hemmed up - looks like in this building over here at the corner.
Unknown	Where you be?
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	Is at library.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
211 (Patrolmen R. HAWKINS and E. R. BAGGETT)	Is out at location.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS)
19 (OWENS)	We are all at the library.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. 223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER) is supposed to be there.
19 (OWENS)	We are at the side of the building now.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
Unknwn	Where is it?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Marsalis and Jefferson.
Unknown	What and Jefferson?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Marsalis.



1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that this is essential for ensuring the integrity of the financial system and for providing a clear audit trail.

2. The second part of the document outlines the specific procedures for recording transactions. It details the steps involved in entering data into the system, from initial entry to final verification.

3. The third part of the document addresses the issue of data security. It discusses the various measures that should be taken to protect the information stored in the system, including the use of encryption and access controls.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the importance of regular backups. It explains how backups can help to prevent data loss in the event of a system failure or disaster.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the importance of training. It explains that all users of the system should be properly trained in its use to ensure that it is used correctly and that data is entered accurately.

6. The sixth part of the document discusses the importance of documentation. It explains that all procedures and policies should be clearly documented to ensure that they are followed consistently.

7. The seventh part of the document discusses the importance of communication. It explains that all users should be kept informed of any changes to the system or procedures, and that there should be a clear channel for reporting problems.

8. The eighth part of the document discusses the importance of monitoring. It explains that the system should be monitored regularly to ensure that it is running smoothly and that any problems are identified and resolved quickly.

9. The ninth part of the document discusses the importance of evaluation. It explains that the system should be evaluated regularly to ensure that it is meeting its objectives and that any necessary improvements are made.

10. The tenth part of the document discusses the importance of compliance. It explains that the system must be used in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations, and that any breaches should be reported immediately.

11. The eleventh part of the document discusses the importance of security. It explains that the system must be protected from unauthorized access and that all data must be kept secure.

12. The twelfth part of the document discusses the importance of backup. It explains that all data must be backed up regularly to prevent loss in the event of a disaster.

13. The thirteenth part of the document discusses the importance of training. It explains that all users must be trained in the use of the system to ensure that it is used correctly.

14. The fourteenth part of the document discusses the importance of documentation. It explains that all procedures and policies must be documented to ensure that they are followed consistently.

15. The fifteenth part of the document discusses the importance of communication. It explains that all users must be kept informed of any changes to the system or procedures, and that there must be a clear channel for reporting problems.

16. The sixteenth part of the document discusses the importance of monitoring. It explains that the system must be monitored regularly to ensure that it is running smoothly and that any problems are identified and resolved quickly.

17. The seventeenth part of the document discusses the importance of evaluation. It explains that the system must be evaluated regularly to ensure that it is meeting its objectives and that any necessary improvements are made.

18. The eighteenth part of the document discusses the importance of compliance. It explains that the system must be used in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations, and that any breaches must be reported immediately.

19. The nineteenth part of the document discusses the importance of security. It explains that the system must be protected from unauthorized access and that all data must be kept secure.

20. The twentieth part of the document discusses the importance of backup. It explains that all data must be backed up regularly to prevent loss in the event of a disaster.

21. The twenty-first part of the document discusses the importance of training. It explains that all users must be trained in the use of the system to ensure that it is used correctly.

22. The twenty-second part of the document discusses the importance of documentation. It explains that all procedures and policies must be documented to ensure that they are followed consistently.

23. The twenty-third part of the document discusses the importance of communication. It explains that all users must be kept informed of any changes to the system or procedures, and that there must be a clear channel for reporting problems.

24. The twenty-fourth part of the document discusses the importance of monitoring. It explains that the system must be monitored regularly to ensure that it is running smoothly and that any problems are identified and resolved quickly.

25. The twenty-fifth part of the document discusses the importance of evaluation. It explains that the system must be evaluated regularly to ensure that it is meeting its objectives and that any necessary improvements are made.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE)	Well, hold on to him.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS).
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	It was the wrong man.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. Disregard all the information on the suspect arrested. It was the wrong man.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS).
221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)	Yes.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Stand by....19..
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS) has an eye witness to the shooting. You want him to hold onto him?
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	What did you say?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	You want him to keep the eye witness at the scene?
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	Yes.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)	I'm in front of 404 West - East 10th right now. I got two witnesses - the one that talked to the officer and one that observed the man.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	242 (Patrolman B. T. THORNHILL), location?
242 (Patrolman B. T. THORNHILL)	242 (THORNHILL), R. L. Thornton and Marsalis.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	243 (Patrolman B. L. APPLE)
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	550 (WESTBROOK)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	550 (WESTBROOK).
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	What officer have you got commanding this area over here where the officer was shot?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	Repeat.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	19 (OWENS), what is your location?
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	I'm at Marsalis and Jefferson right now.
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	There's nothing to this Marsalis here. Let's get back up to Jefferson (followed by some interference, sounded like work... to North Jefferson) (transmission

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
	interrupted by 223. (Patrolman C. T. WALKER.)
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER).
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	We got a witness that saw him go up North Jefferson and he shed his jacket -- let's check that vicinity, towards Tyler.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER).
223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER)	That was just a boy running to tell them what happened. He works there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	243, location?
241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGSWORTH)	241 (HOLLINGSWORTH), is 1000 North Central.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. Report to third floor of the Sheraton - contact the officer there for an escort to Parkland, 1:40.
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH)	49 (GILBREATH):
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	49 (GILBREATH).
49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH)	I'm back in the car, where do you want me?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Remain in downtown area.



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Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) You receive, 241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGSWORTH)?

241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGSWORTH) 10-4. Whereabouts on third floor?

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL) 550/2 (HILL).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Go ahead, 550/2 (HILL).

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL) The shell at the scene indicates that the suspect is armed with an automatic .38 rather than a pistol.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

492 (Special Service Bureau, Dallas Police Department, occupant unknown) 492 (Special Service Bureau, Dallas Police Department)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)

19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 19 (OWENS), are you en route to 404 East 10th where 221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS) has the eye witness.

19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) Yes.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

492 (Special Service Bureau) 492 (Special Service Bureau).

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Conversation

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 492 (Special Service Bureau)

492 (Special Service Bureau) We have been instructed to  
report to the Oak Cliff scene.  
What location and what code?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 300 East Jefferson.

492 (Special Service Bureau) Code?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Code 2. (Urgent - red lights and  
siren as needed.)

19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) 19 (OWENS).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).

19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) Is 80 Sergeant H. F. DANS  
in service?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 80, (Sergeant H. F. DANS).

19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) I think he was sent down to Elm  
and Central. We need somebody  
to notify that Officer's wife.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 80. (Sergeant H. F. DANS).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGSWORTH).

210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG) 210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG).

210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG) I'm at Hines and Wolfe. Does  
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) want  
me out in Oak Cliff?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS).
210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG)	I'll head that way.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS), can you use 210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG) over there?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGS- WORTH).
410 (Criminal Investigation Division)	410 (Criminal Investigation Division)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	410 (Criminal Investigation Division)
410 (Criminal Investigation Division)	410 (Criminal Investigation Division) en route from Trade Mart with three detectives to City Hall unless otherwise directed.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 410 (Criminal Investi- gation Division), 1:43.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGS- WORTH).
87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)	87 (NELSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	87 (NELSON).

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Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON), was that a Pontiac or a Falcon?

87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON) He didn't say what kind of a car it would be. He said it was a white car with a luggage rack on top. He wasn't sure of the model, talked like it was a big car, though.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

392 (Criminal Investigation Division)

392 (Criminal Investigation Division).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 392 (Criminal Investigation Division).

392 (Criminal Investigation Division)

392 (Criminal Investigation Division) and 362 (Criminal Investigation Division) in service from Fed Mart; from the -

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

392 (Criminal Investigation Division)

Ready for assignment.

(End of Belt Seven)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4 (1:44)

87 (Patrolman R. C. NELSON)

What was the last location anybody had on the suspect over here in Oak Cliff?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Running north on Patton.
222 (Patrolman V. R. NOLAN)	222 (NOLAN), clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	222 (NOLAN), clear, 1:45.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	252
252	Would you check through Austin and get registration, please, on (belt skipping) H Henry, S Sam, 1877, down here at this shooting which took place in regards to the President.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)
252	252
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	252
252	Did you receive the license number?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	No, give it to us again.
252	H Henry, S Sam, 1877, Texas 1963.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	79 (ANGLIN)



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN).
79 (ANGLIN)	(Garbled transmission.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Have information a suspect just went in the Texas Theatre on West Jefferson.
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. Supposed to be hiding in the balcony.
85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)	85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER), en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	65 (Patrolman W. A. EVERETT) clear, 1:46.
111 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)	111 (POLLARD), en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 111 (POLLARD).
76 (Patrolman H. H. HORN)	76 (HORN), Code 5 (en route).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	9 (SAWYER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	9 (SAWYER).
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	We have a man that we would like to have you pass this on to CID (Criminal Investigation Division) to see if we can pick this man up. CHARLES DOUGLAS GIVENS,

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Caller

Conversation

G-I-V-E-N-S. He is a colored male, 37, 6'3", 165 pounds, I.D.# Sheriff Department 37954. He is a porter that worked on this floor up here. He has a police record and he left.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

Do you have any additional information on this Oak Cliff suspect?

492 (Special Service Bureau)

492 (Special Service Bureau) out at Texas Theatre.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) They think he is at the Texas Theatre, 550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL).

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) In the balcony.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 241 (Patrolman J. G. HOLLINGSWORTH)

241 (Patrolman J. G. HOLLINGS- WORTH) Go ahead.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) You make pickup at the Sheraton?

241 (Patrolman J. G. HOLLINGS- WORTH)

No, I couldn't find him. He is not in the front, he's not on the side and he is not on the third floor.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
108	108
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Wait right there, 108
108	I run 'em on out here myself. I'm at Parkland now going back to communications center.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 241 (Patrolman J. G. HOLLINGSWORTH), you are clear, 1:47.
508 (W. E. BARNES)	508 (BARNES)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	508 (BARNES).
508 (BARNES)	Notify our office to send us four slides and need additional metallic kit. Extra metallic kit. Bring to the sixth floor down here at Houston and Elm.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	That extra metallic, what was that?
508 (BARNES)	A metallic kit.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Have some squad cover off the rear of theater fire escape.
211 (Patrolman R. HAWKINS)	211 (HAWKINS).

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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	211 (Patrolman R. HAWKINS)
211 (HAWKINS)	There's about five squads back here with me now.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. (1:48)
99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)	99 (NORMAN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	99 (NORMAN).
99 (NORMAN)	I am in my car. Where do you want me to go?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Stand by, 99 (NORMAN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Where do you want 99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)?
15 (TALBERT)	Send him to the Texas Theatre as they don't need him down at the book bindery.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. Texas Theatre on West Jefferson, 99 (NORMAN).
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	29 (WILLIAMS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	29 (WILLIAMS).
29 (WILLIAMS)	About two blocks away.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. Handle assignment. 99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN) report to the Book Depository Elm and Houston.
99 (NORMAN)	10-4.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS).
19 (OWENS)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT) and some squads are going to the Texas Theatre. I remain here at the scene.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 1:49.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS).
19 (OWENS)	Did you get anybody to go by the officer's house?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (OWENS), we are going to have 210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG) contact you there. Would you give him the information? He said he would handle it.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	10-4.
26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)	26 (HAMMER).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	26 (HAMMER).



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)	We remain out to Homicide Bureau with a witness on this officer's shooting.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4. (1:51)	
550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)	550/2 (HILL)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 550/2 (HILL).	
550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)	Suspect on shooting of police officer is apprehended and en route to the station.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4. At the Texas Theatre?	
550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)	Caught him in the lower floor of the Texas Theatre after a fight.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.	
3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON)	3 (STEVENSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 3 (STEVENSON).	
3 (STEVENSON)	2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR) and 3 (STEVENSON) are on the air. We are en route to Parkland Hospital now. Will be en route back to the station in a few moments. What do you have working at the Texas Theatre?

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	We have a shooting of a police officer which was DOA (Dead On Arrival) at Methodist. The suspect has been apprehended at the Texas Theatre - en route to the station.
3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON)	10-4. Thank you.
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	91 (MENTZEL) clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	91 (MENTZEL) clear, 1:53.
242 (Patrolman B. T. THORNHILL)	242 (THORNHILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	242 (THORNHILL).
242 (THORNHILL)	The suspect was arrested?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Yes.
305 (Homicide)	305 (Homicide).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	305 (Homicide).
305 (Homicide)	Tell that squad to stand by there for me with that man.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL).
550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)	223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER) is in the car with us. Have someone pick his car up at the rear of the Texas Theatre and take it to the station. It's got the keys in it.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL).
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	91 (MENTZEL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Report back to the Texas Theatre - Get 223's (Patrolman C. T. WALKER) car or his keys and lock it up.
91 (MENTZEL)	10-4.
221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)	221 (SUMMERS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	221 (SUMMERS).
221 (SUMMERS)	509 (Crime Laboratory, Dallas Police Department) said he would be out 400 block East 10th a few minutes.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 221 (SUMMERS) 22 (Patrol- man L. L. HILL)
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	210's (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG) here. Did you say you had him? Or somebody had him?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	The suspect has been arrested at the Texas Theatre.
Unknown	Where is he? Who's got him?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL) and 223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Go ahead.

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

Special Service Unit is with us,  
also; we are in his car; 492  
(Special Service Bureau).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

15 (TALBERT) to 550/2 (Sergeant  
G. HILL).

305 (Homicide)

305 (Homicide) to 550/2  
(Sergeant G. HILL).

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

What's your location?

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

Go ahead to 550/2 (Sergeant  
G. HILL).

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

15 (TALBERT) to 550/2 (Sergeant  
G. HILL). Your location?

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

Zangs and Colorado.

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

You do have the suspect arrested  
in the Texas Theatre?

550/2 (Sergeant G. HILL)

Yes, sir, him and the gun.

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

10-4, (1:55).

91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)

91 (MENTZEL).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 91 (MENTZEL).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	What do you want me to do with the keys after I lock that car up?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Just keep them until you contact 223 (Patrolman C. T. WALKER).
91 (MENTZEL)	10-4.
211 (Patrolman R. HAWKINS)	211 (HAWKINS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	211 (HAWKINS).
211 (HAWKINS)	Captain Westbrook wants a photographer up here at the Texas Theatre.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	509 (Crime Laboratory) is supposed to be en route.
211 (HAWKINS)	Message received.
221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)	509 (Crime Laboratory) is 400 block East 10th. He's out down there, he said.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. Send him on up to the Texas Theatre, 221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS).
221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)	He's got his speaker on. I've already left there. I guess he'll come on up.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Go back by and contact him. 49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH).



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Caller

Conversation

49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH) 49 (GILBREATH).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Report to the City Hall Identification Bureau, pick up some equipment, take down to the scene of the earlier shooting on Houston.

49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH) 10-4. (1:56)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY)

32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY) 32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) On Shorecrest at the end of the North-South runway, report to that location, 1:57 p.m.

32 (SMITH and HACKNEY) 10-4.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)

32 (SMITH and HACKNEY) 32 (SMITH and HACKNEY)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Keep everyone moved out of that area, when you arrive.

32 (SMITH and HACKNEY) 10-4.

61 (Patrolmen G. W. TEMPLE and R. E. VAUGHN) 61 (TEMPLE and VAUGHN)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 61 (TEMPLE and VAUGHN)

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Caller

Conversation

61 (Patrolmen G. W. TEMPLE and  
R. E. VAUGHN)

We have information from the  
agent out here at T&P. Said  
that the train is stopped on  
the overpass, the triple over-  
pass; that there was a person  
jumping at the ninth boxcar  
from the front engine. Said  
he is hiding in a car.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Is the train stopped there now?

61 (TEMPLE and VAUGHN)

I'm in behind the Texas School  
Depository. He has the train  
stopped. He said it is the  
ninth car from the engine.  
Gondola-type car; said he is  
hunkered down inside.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Any squad Elm and Houston...

392 (Criminal Investigation  
Division)

392 (Criminal Investigation  
Division)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 392 (Criminal Investigation  
Division), did you receive that  
information?

392 (Criminal Investigation  
Division)

10-4. En route.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4.

241 (Patrolman J. P. HOLLINGS-  
WORTH)

241 (HOLLINGSWORTH) en route.

361 (Criminal Investigation  
Division)

361 (Criminal Investigation  
Division) en route.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
498 (Patrolman D. A. GREEN)	498 (Patrolman D.A. GREEN) is going back.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 498 (Patrolman D. A. GREEN) out, 1:59.
224 (Patrolman R. D. WILSON)	224's (WILSON) en route.
375 (Criminal Investigation Division)	375's (Criminal Investigation Division) en route.
505 (Crime Laboratory)	505 (Crime Laboratory)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	505 (Crime Laboratory.
505 (Crime Laboratory)	Do you need a photographer at the theatre?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Repeat.
505 (Crime Laboratory)	Do you need a photographer at the theatre?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Yes, at the theatre.
505 (Crime Laboratory)	We're at 10th and Patton now - be through here just a few minutes; will be en route.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 505 (Crime Laboratory), 1:59 p.m. 433 (Lieutenant C. C. WALLACE)
311 (Homicide)	311 (Homicide) received, we're standing by.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)

26 (HAMMER).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 26 (HAMMER).

26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)

See if you can raise somebody  
over there at TIPPIT's car.

221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)

221 (SUMMERS) just left there,  
what do you want to know?

26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)

Go back and get this witness's  
shoes she left on the hood of  
the car and we'll be in Homicide  
Bureau.

221 (Patrolman H. W. SUMMERS)

Captain DOUGHTY has got them.

26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)

10-4.

16 (Patrolman R. D. SHIPLEY)

16 (SHIPLEY).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 16 (SHIPLEY).

16 (Patrolman R. D. SHIPLEY)

Clear on East Jefferson; will  
be headed to East Dallas unless  
you need me somewhere.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 10-4, 2:00 p.m. KKB 364  
(Microphone stuck open now -  
very noisy signals)

91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)

91 (MENTZEL).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 91 (MENTZEL).

91 (MENTZEL)

Which one of these Accident Pre-  
vention Bureau cars is 223  
(Patrolman C. T. WALKER)?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	The one around at the back door.
91 (Patrolman W. D. MENTZEL)	There's two around back here. One of them running and one with the keys in it.
Unknown	Number 81.
66 (Patrolman F. S. WILLIAMS)	66 (WILLIAMS)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	66 (WILLIAMS)
66 (WILLIAMS)	See if you can contact 79 Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN) and have him return up here to 400 East Jefferson.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN).
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	In case (unable to read) re- garding Officer TIPPIT's pistol, I gave it to Sergeant OWENS.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
581 (Unknown)	581 (Unknown) out at Parkland.
95 (Patrolman M. N. MC DONALD)	95 (MC DONALD)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	95 (MC DONALD)
95 (MC DONALD)	I'm en route downtown to make a statement.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 2:01.
305 (Homicide)	305 (Homicide).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	305 (Homicide).
305 (Homicide)	See if you can ascertain what squad has the lady witness to this shooting in Oak Cliff.
26 (Patrolman G. W. HAMMER)	26 (HAMMER) does.
305 (Homicide)	Where are you?
26 (HAMMER)	I'm at the City Hall fixing to go in the basement.
305 (Homicide)	10-4. I'll meet you there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	300
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	29 (WILLIAMS)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	29 (WILLIAMS).
29 (WILLIAMS)	Clear from the Texas Theatre. Do you want me to report downtown now?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Yes, 29 (WILLIAMS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	19 (OWENS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Are you en route Methodist now?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	Yes.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. 2:02.
91 (Patrolmen W. D. MENTZEL and J. W. COURSON)	91 (MENTZEL and COURSON), I locked up one car but the other one's still running back there.
211 (Patrolman R. HAWKINS)	211 (HAWKINS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	211 (HAWKINS).
211 (Patrolman R. HAWKINS)	That's mine. We're getting in it now. We're going to head for City Hall; they've got my handcuffs.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
Unknown	Are they checking that train?
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	Yes, (garbled) other units got it.
474A (Special Service Bureau)	474A (Special Service Bureau)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	474A (Special Service Bureau)
474A (Special Service Bureau)	We need one wrecker on the parking lot just west of Cobb Stadium for suspect's car.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 474A (Special Service Bureau), 2:04.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS).
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	Go ahead.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Report to Parkland, entrance to Parkland, Code 2 (Urgent - red lights and siren as needed.)
29 (Patrolman J. WILLIAMS)	To Parkland, Code 2 (Urgent - red lights and siren as needed.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN).
99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)	99 (NORMAN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Report to Parkland entrance, Code 2 (Urgent - red lights and siren as needed.)
99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)	10-4.
509 (Crime Laboratory)	509 (Crime Laboratory).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	509 (Crime Laboratory).
509 (Crime Laboratory)	I'm clear here from Patton and 10th, I'm Code 5 (en route) at the Texas Theatre.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	505 (Crime Laboratory) went to the Texas Theatre, 509 (Crime Laboratory), just go ahead and clear. 2:04.
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	75 (SEBASTIAN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	75 (SEBASTIAN).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	I'm still in front of the theatre if anybody wants anybody over here.
Dispatcher (HULSE)	10-4.
49 (Patrolman C. R. GILBREATH)	49 (GILBREATH).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	49 (GILBREATH).
49 (GILBREATH)	I'm Code 5 (en route) to Elm and Houston from the City Hall.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
447 (Special Service Bureau)	447 (Special Service Bureau).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	447 (Special Service Bureau).
447 (Special Service Bureau)	See if 3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON) is back on the air.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	3 (STEVENSON)... (2:08 p.m.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	3 (STEVENSON)
606 (Ambulance)	606 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	606 (Ambulance).
606 (Ambulance)	We're instructed here at Parkland to clear through you to get us cleared through Love Field Area. We have a coach for the casket.
2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR)	2 (BATCHELOR).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR).
2 (BATCHELOR)	Notify the escort that's clear of the convoy on Hines Boulevard to drop back and pick up the bus.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Which....
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	153 (COURSON), I'm the last motorcycle. What did you want?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Wants you to drop back and pick up the bus.
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	10-4.
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	Has that bus left yet or is it still at Parkland?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR).
2 (BATCHELOR)	It's still at Parkland. Go back and get it.
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	10-4. (2:10 p.m.)
305 (Homicide)	305 (Homicide).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	305 (Homicide).
305 (Homicide)	Check with my office and see if they need me now or want me to go back to Elm and Houston.



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE)	10-4, 305 (Homicide).
447 (Special Service Bureau)	447 (Special Service Bureau).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	447 (Special Service Bureau).
447 (Special Service Bureau)	See if any squad on the air knows whereabouts of Lieutenant WALLACE, if they took him to the Trade Mart building.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	443 (Lieutenant WALLACE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	447 (Special Service Bureau).
447 (Special Service Bureau)	All right.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	447 (Special Service Bureau), repeat your transmission.
447 (Special Service Bureau)	I would like to contact any squad that took Lieutenant WALLACE from the Trade Mart building.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	305 (Homicide). (Detectives J.R. LEAVELLE, E.R. BECK and J.R. BOYCE)
305 (Homicide) (Detectives LEAVELLE, BECK and BOYCE)	305 (Homicide). (Detectives LEAVELLE, BECK and BOYCE)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	305 (Homicide), return to your office. Any squad knowing 443's (Lieutenant WALLACE) whereabouts, acknowledge.
Unknown	Who is 443 (Lieutenant WALLACE)?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Lieutenant WALLACE.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Unknown	He's out at the theatre.
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	153 (COURSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	153 (COURSON).
153 (COURSON)	Is 2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR) on the air?
2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR)	2 (BATCHELOR).
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	This bus is empty here behind Parkland at the emergency entrance. He said he didn't have anyone to go out there.
384 (Unknown)	384 (Unknown)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	384 (Unknown).
384 (Unknown)	Lieutenant WALLACE is at the Sheriff's Office.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 447 (Special Service Bureau), 443's (Lieutenant WALLACE) is at the Sheriff's Office.
447 (Special Service Bureau)	All right; that's 433- <del>(Lieutenant WALLACE)</del> .
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR).
2 (Assistant Chief CHARLES BATCHELOR)	The motorcycle officer at Parkland - tell him to stay with that bus until he's ready to go.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	10-4. (2:13 p.m.)
606 (Ambulance)	606 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	606 (Ambulance).
606 (Ambulance)	Do you have any idea where this casket coach is that we're supposed to get.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	606 (Ambulance).
606 (Ambulance)	606 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	Was it supposed to be at Love Field?
606 (Ambulance)	10-4. We're approaching Air Cargo now. An officer out at Parkland told us to contact you and have 39 (BUTCHER and COMER) meet us.
Dispatcher (MC DANIEL)	10-4, stand by.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	509 (Crime Laboratory) or 507 (Crime Laboratory)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	505 (Captain G. M. DOUGHTY)
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	15 (TALBERT) is out at Methodist.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Received 15 (TALBERT), 2:16.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	509 (Crime Laboratory) or 507 (Crime Laboratory)

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	469 (Special Service Bureau), call your office.
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	153 (COURSON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	153 (COURSON).
(End of Belt Eight)	
153 (Patrolman J. W. COURSON)	On this bus I am staying with there is a lot of equipment; typewriter, suitcases and such on this bus - in case they want to get it to the airplane.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	41 (Patrolman T. R. BURTON) and 45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN), report to 5818 Belmont - have information that person just out of a car with a rifle at this location, 2:19.
41 (Patrolman T. R. BURTON)	10-4.
45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN)	10-4.
47 (Patrolman W. F. MORRIS)	What is the address, I'll go over there, too?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	5818 Belmont.
47 (Patrolman W. F. MORRIS)	10-4.
41 (Patrolman T. R. BURTON)	41 (BURTON).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	41 (BURTON).

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Caller

Conversation

41 (Patrolman T. R. BURTON)

I am down town - do you want  
47 (Patrolman W. F. MORRIS)  
to handle my end?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Yes, continue in that direction.

320 (Auto Theft)

320 (Auto Theft).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 320 (Auto Theft).

320 (Auto Theft)

The subject in this car on Field,  
what is he supposed to have?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Unknown, 320 (Auto Theft), just  
a white male, 20, signal 32  
(suspicious person).

320 (Auto Theft)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN)  
and 47 (Patrolman W. F. MORRIS),  
for your information; reported  
to have gotten out of a light  
green, two-tone car and went  
into 5818 Belmont, this apart-  
ment house.

45 (Patrolman N. L. STANGLIN)

Received.

47 (Patrolman W. F. MORRIS)

Received.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 474A (Special Service Bureau).

474A (Special Service Bureau)

474A (Special Service Bureau).



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	474A (Special Service Bureau), there is a subject on this overpass carrying a rifle; railroad tracks, Cobb Stadium. Can you see him?
474A (Special Service Bureau)	No, we can't see from here, but we'll go over and get him.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
113 (Patrolman C. R. OSBURN)	113 (OSBURN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	113 (OSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. OSBURN)	I have Third Platoon Officer, JOE B. JONES, with me. We are to remain out on special assignment from Elm and Houston to "The Dallas Morning News" with Mr. SORRELS of the Secret Service.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 113 (Patrolman C. R. OSBURN). 2:21.
320 (Auto Theft)	320 (Auto Theft).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	320 (Auto Theft).
320 (Auto Theft)	All clear 100 North Field.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4. 105 (Patrolmen J. M. POE and L. E. JEZ), disregard.
48 (Patrolman A. D. DUNCAN)	48 (DUNCAN) clear.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	48 (Patrolman A. D. DUNCAN) clear, 2:23.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	22 (HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	22 (HILL), go out toward Cobb Stadium on the railroad track overpass. There is a white male carrying a rifle. Meet 474A (Special Service Bureau) at that location.
22 (HILL)	10-4.
105 (Patrolmen J. M. POE and L. E. JEZ)	Clear 2:24 p.m.
16 (Sergeant R. D. SHIPLEY)	16 (SHIPLEY).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	16 (SHIPLEY).
16 (SHIPLEY)	Will be out 5818 Belmont. For your information, the light green car, License Number RB8950, and a light colored Falcon NX3171 is sitting at the location.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Any unit at the Texas Theatre.
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	75 (SEBASTIAN) just left.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN) and 69 (Patrolman A. R. BROCK), return back to the location. They want the theatre shaken down good for two hulls. Believe the subject reloaded his pistol in the theatre. We need the two hulls, 2:26.
75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN)	10-4.
105 (Patrolmen J. M. POE and L. E. JEZ)	105 (POE and JEZ).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	105 (POE and JEZ).
105 (POE and JEZ)	105 (POE and JEZ), I have recovered two hulls at the scene and they were turned over to the Crime Lab to PETE BARNES.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Received.
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	79 (ANGLIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	79 (ANGLIN).
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	Do you still need the theatre shook down?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Disregard at this time. 2:26.
41 (Patrolman T. R. BURTON)	41 (BURTON) out at 5818 Belmont.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	2:26.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
562 (Wrecker)	562 (Wrecker).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	562 (Wrecker).
562 (Wrecker)	I'll be down here at Cobb Stadium Parking Lot for that suspect's car.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Stand by there, 562 (Wrecker). 474A (Special Service Bureau) will be back in a minute.
562 (Wrecker)	10-4, thank you.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN) and 69 (A. R. BROCK) disregard, return to service. 2:27.
75 (SEBASTIAN)	Clear.
69 (BROCK)	Clear.
52 (Unknown)	52 (Unknown).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	52 (Unknown).
52 (Unknown)	In regard to suspect, the T. C. Cobb Stadium; was it the Hines Overpass, the railroad overpass or the freeway overpass?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	He is walking on the (someone cut in, unable to read).
52 (Unknown)	10-4. Was that north or south- bound, or do you know?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Unknown.
52 (Unknown)	10-4.
607 (Ambulance)	607 (Ambulance) Code 5 (en route) Baylor.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4, 2:28.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	474A (Special Service Bureau).
474A (Special Service Bureau)	474A (Special Service Bureau).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	That wrecker's down there on the Cobb Stadium parking lot.
474A (Special Service Bureau)	We will meet him there.
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL).
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	I am here with him looking at the car.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	474A (Special Service Bureau), 22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL) is with the wrecker at this time.
474A (Special Service Bureau)	The car that we want picked up is on the parking lot in front of the Merchandise Mart just north of Cobb Stadium. Will meet him there and take him to it.
22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)	Is it a 1964 Falcon?



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
474A (Special Service Bureau)	No, it is a red panel truck with writing on the side.
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	79 (ANGLIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	79 (ANGLIN), Code 4 (disregard) - your call; Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) - to the officer's house that was shot, 2:29.
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	474A (Special Service Bureau)
474A (Special Service Bureau)	474A (Special Service Bureau)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	The license number on the car you are picking up?
474A (Special Service Bureau)	Stand by.
474A (Special Service Bureau)	474A (Special Service Bureau)
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Go ahead.
474A (Special Service Bureau)	The license is 3E9087.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Attention all squads in the Oak Cliff area - pick up for investigation of a CCW (carrying a concealed weapon), the occupants of a 1957 Chevrolet sedan bearing License

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Caller

Conversation

Number NA4445 last seen in  
vicinity Tenth and Jefferson,  
2:33. (Repeats message.)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Any unit near the Texas Theatre?

75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN) 75's (SEBASTIAN) at Young and  
Houston.

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 75 (SEBASTIAN), report back to  
the Texas Theatre and call  
Operator 10 on a mark out, 2:33.

75 (Patrolman E. G. SEBASTIAN) 10-4.

599 (Cockrell Hill Squad) 599 (Cockrell Hill Squad).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 599 (Cockrell Hill Squad).

599 (Cockrell Hill Squad) 599 (Cockrell Hill Squad), was  
that a 1957 Chevrolet converti-  
ble?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Unknown.

599 (Cockrell Hill Squad) 10-4.

79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN) 79 (ANGLIN).

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) 79 (ANGLIN).

79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN) Any further instructions at the  
location of the officer's house?

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) No, 79 (ANGLIN), just go on out,  
and we have another officer's  
wife en route.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
79 (Patrolman B. W. ANGLIN)	10-4.
111/2 (Unknown)	111/2 (Unknown).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	111/2 (Unknown).
111/2 (Unknown)	This is the officer assigned from 511 working communications center from the White House at the Sheraton. I have an escort going to Love Field and need 39 (BUTCHER and COMER) to pick me up at the entrance and escort me to the Presidential plane.
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Any unit at Love Field...
111/2 (Unknown)	111/2 (Unknown).
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	111/2 (Unknown).
111/2 (Unknown)	Did you get me some help out there?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	Stand by 111/2.
111/2 (Unknown)	I'll be using this car for emergency runs possibly through- out the rest of the evening. Shall I use that call number?
Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL)	111/2 they are standing by for your arrival.

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Caller

Conversation

(Garbled transmission.)  
(2:48)

(End of Belt Nine)

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

9 (SAWYER)

Dispatcher (HULSE and MC DANIEL) Go ahead, 9 (SAWYER).

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

We've got about forty men down here and most of them got off between 1:00, 2:00 and 3:00. I am wondering if we are going to be able to get relief for some of these men or whether we're going to have to work them on through overtime. Can you check for me?

(No other pertinent transmissions through 3:00 P.M.)

Channel 1, 10:00 A.M. - 2:00 P.M., Sunday, November 24, 1963

Caller

Conversation

128 (Lieutenant W. F. SOUTHARD)

128 (SOUTHARD).

Dispatcher (B. R. GRAMMER)

128 (SOUTHARD).

128 (SOUTHARD)

Contact Sergeant YOUNG on 515 (telephone extension in Police Department); advise him to contact all the three wheelers and all the point control men that are due on at 2:00 p.m. and

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
	have them to report to Elm and Houston at noon.
Dispatcher (GRAMMER)	10-4. (10:00 a.m.)
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	125 (LAWRENCE).
Dispatcher (GRAMMER)	125 (LAWRENCE).
125 (LAWRENCE)	Contact the assembly room and ask them to send out about five more reserves to the Command Post at Elm and Houston.
Dispatcher (GRAMMER)	Message received, 10:02 A.M.
Dispatcher (GRAMMER)	103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	Go ahead.
Dispatcher (GRAMMER)	Report to the basement to transport reserves to Elm and Houston Command Post.
103 (VALENTINE)	10-4. (10:03 a.m.)
103 (VALENTINE)	103 (VALENTINE) clear.
Dispatcher (GRAMMER)	103 (VALENTINE) clear, 10:13.
111 (Patrolman G. K. SPRINGER)	111 (SPRINGER).
111 (SPRINGER)	Did you know there is additional messages going to the TIPPITS or did he want me to go back there after I deliver these?



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (M. J. JACKSON and C. E. HULSE)	Go back to the office now.
111 (Patrolman G. K. SPRINGER)	Now?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Yes.
111 (SPRINGER)	10-4. (10:29 a.m.)
39 (Patrolmen C. W. COMER and J. F. BUTCHER)	39 (COMER and BUTCHER) out at the terminal.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	39 (COMER and BUTCHER) out at 10:30 a.m. KKB 364.  (Various units check in and out - routine messages.)
(End of Belt One) (10:36 a.m.)	
602 (Ambulance)	602 (Ambulance) clear, 11:19.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	(Garbled transmission) report to the Basement Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens). 108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS) is en route.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4, 108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS). 118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL).
118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL)	118 (O'DELL).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) report to basement.
118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL)	10-4.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	95 (Patrolman C. W. HARRISON), Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) to basement.
95 (Patrolman C. W. HARRISON)	En route.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	605 (Ambulance).
605 (Ambulance)	605 (Ambulance).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) report to basement, City Hall.
605 (Ambulance)	10-4.
126 (Captain THOMPSON)	Anybody else?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	No, that's all.
61 (Patrolman G. W. TEMPLE)	61 (TEMPLE) clear.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	61 (TEMPLE) clear, 11:21.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	(Unknown) - clear, remain on air, do not check out on traffic or any other violations unless it's an emergency, 11:22 a.m.
Unknown	Need anybody else down in the basement?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	No.
Unknown	All right.
115 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)	115 (POLLARD).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	115 (POLLARD).
115 (POLLARD)	I'm clear. What was that message?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Do not check out on traffic; just stay in service.
115 (POLLARD)	10-4.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Unless it is an emergency.
Unknown	What is the nature.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	It's a shooting.
Unknown	Is anybody on 2?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Go ahead.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	607 (Ambulance) (11:24)
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	607 (Ambulance)
605 (Ambulance)	605 (Ambulance)
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Location?
605 (Ambulance)	(Sounded like) Ross and Field now. (Siren very loud.)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
607 (Ambulance)	607 (Ambulance), Code 5 (en route).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4, 607 (Ambulance), what is your destination?
607 (Ambulance)	(Sounded like City Jail.)
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Code 4 (disregard), 605 (Ambulance) is at location.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS) 118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL) or 95 (Patrolman C. W. HARRISON)
Unknown	Go ahead.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS) 118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL) or 95 (Patrolman C. W. HARRISON); the first squad to arrive - stand by your radio so we will have radio contact with the basement.
Unknown	10-4, out City Hall. (Sounds like 95, Patrolman C. W. HARRISON).
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	63 (BENTLEY).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	63 (BENTLEY).
63 (BENTLEY)	I'm Code 6. (Out at destination.) What do you need?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Remain by your radio, 63 (BENTLEY), so we will have radio contact.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	10-4.
83 (Patrolman R. L. CROSS)	83 (CROSS).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	83 (CROSS).
83 (CROSS)	Do you have suspect or do you have description?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	unknown, 83 (CROSS).
118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL)	118 (O'DELL).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	118 (O'DELL).
118 (O'DELL)	I'm right behind the ambulance. do you want me to follow him out?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Is there anybody in the ambulance with him?
118 (O'DELL)	What's that?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Is there anyone in the ambulance with him?
118 (O'DELL)	I'm sure they are. There is a crowd in front of me.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	No. Disregard. Remain around the City Hall.
118 (O'DELL)	10-4. (11:26 a.m.)
118 (O'DELL)	118 (O'DELL).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL).
118 (O'DELL)	They pushed me out of the basement behind the ambulance.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	118 (O'DELL), 10-4.
118 (O'DELL)	I'll be with it.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.
43 (Patrolman W. E. HIBBS)	43 (HIBBS).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	43 (HIBBS).
43 (HIBBS)	What are these patrolmen supposed to be working, this traffic on Main or on Elm rather?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	No instructions at this time, 43 (HIBBS).
43 (HIBBS)	10-4. (11:26 a.m.)
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	63 (BENTLEY).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	68 (meant 63, Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY).
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	63 (BENTLEY).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	63 (BENTLEY).
63 (BENTLEY)	Is that one man squad with that ambulance?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Yes.
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	10-4. I'm gonna be code 5 (en route); I'm out.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.
20 (Patrolman S. W. BURKHART)	Where they going?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Parkland.
20 (BURKHART)	I'll be out there.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4, 20 (BURKHART), 11:27.
231 (Patrolman R. D. WILSON)	231 (WILSON).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	231 (WILSON).
231 (Patrolman R. D. WILSON)	We are in bad need of a traffic officer Commerce and Harwood. I'll be out.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.
18 (Lieutenant R. S. PIERCE)	18 (PIERCE).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	18 (PIERCE).
18 (PIERCE)	We will be Code 5 (en route) Parkland.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4, 18 (PIERCE).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	Clear.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN) clear, 11:27.
23 (Patrolman K. K. ANDERSON)	23 (ANDERSON).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	23 (ANDERSON).
23 (ANDERSON)	See if you can find out if we are supposed to be on our stations on Elm Street.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Yes, until further notified.
108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS)	108 (ROSS).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	108 (ROSS).
108 (ROSS)	I'm down here in the basement. I can't get through into the garage down here for all these newsmen and everything so I'm just going to block the drive- way.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.
211 (Patrolman R. C. SEIDMEYER)	Clear.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	211 (SEIDMEYER) clear, 11:28.
Unknown	Did they get the suspect?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Unknown.
232 (Patrolman J. W. LOVING)	232 (LOVING) clear.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	232 (Patrolman J. W. LOVING).
232 (LOVING)	Disregard my Signal 5 (Mark out, coffee or to eat).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4, 11:28 a.m.
19 (Patrolman D. F. STEELE)	19 (STEELE).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	19 (STEELE).
19 (STEELE)	Does 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT) want me to report to Parkland?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Stand by, we will notify you. 20 (Sergeant G. H. REED) is going to be at location. We will notify you.
(End of Belt Two) (11:30 a.m.)	
41 (Patrolman B. J. MC DONALD)	41 (MC DONALD).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	41 (MC DONALD).
41 (MC DONALD)	I have stopped a man out here on a traffic violation. He is the head X-ray technician. They give him an emergency call to report to Parkland. I'm going to escort him there, Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
605 (Ambulance)	Out Parkland. (11:31 a.m.)
48 (Patrolmen T. R. BURTON and D. K. ERWIN)	48 (BURTON and ERWIN).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	48 (BURTON and ERWIN).
48 (BURTON and ERWIN)	I 'm on a traffic assignment down here at Elm and Houston.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Remain on your assignment until further notified, 48 (BURTON and ERWIN).
48 (BURTON and ERWIN)	10-4.
18 (Lieutenant R. S. PIERCE)	18 (PIERCE) to 19 (Patrolman D. F. STEELE)
19 (Patrolman D. F. STEELE)	Go ahead.
18 (PIERCE)	Send me two squads to Parkland; a total of four men.
19 (STEELE)	10-4.
19 (STEELE)	19 (STEELE) to 93 (Patrolman H. M. ASHCRAFT)
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	He is on 511 (telephone extension in Police Department).
115 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)	115 (POLLARD) is close to Parkland.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.



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Caller

Conversation

19 (Patrolman D. F. STEELE)

Two-man, 115 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)?

115 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD)

I'm close to Parkland. I'll be out here.

Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)

24 (Patrolman T. E. LUNA).

24 (Patrolman T. E. LUNA)

10-4.

Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)

24 (LUNA).

24 (LUNA)

Did you say go to Parkland?

Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)

Yes, 24 (LUNA).

24 (LUNA)

I can't hear you. You are talking too low.

Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)

53 (Patrolmen G. L. TOLBERT and M. E. FERRIS).

53 (Patrolmen G. L. TOLBERT and M. E. FERRIS)

53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS).

Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)

You two-man, 53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS)?

53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS)

Yes, my partner Lamar and Elm.

Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)

Pick him up and report to Parkland.

53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS)

10-4.

53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS)

53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (FARR and B. D. HUFFSTUTLER)	53 (Patrolmen G. L. TOLBERT and M. E. FERRIS).
53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS)	What code?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens.)
53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS)	10-4.
17 (Lieutenant H. T. WOODALL)	17 (WOODALL).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	17 (WOODALL).
17 (WOODALL)	Out at Parkland.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Attention all officers working the Elm Street assignment, all officers working the Elm Street assignment, leave your corners and report Code 2 (Urgent - red lights and siren as needed.) to Parkland Emergency and check out with the dispatcher, 11:36.
21 (Patrolman J. RAZ)	21 (RAZ) is en route.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4, 21 (RAZ).
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	Clear. Where do you want me to go?
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	Remain in service, 103 (VALENTINE).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
97 (Patrolman L. L. FOX)	97 (FOX).
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	97 (FOX).
97 (FOX)	Will be en route Parkland Emergency.
Dispatcher (JACKSON and HULSE)	10-4.
17 (Lieutenant H. T. WOODALL)	17 (WOODALL).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	17 (WOODALL).
17 (WOODALL)	Have a squad stop at the entrance to Parkland; there where you turn in; and cut traffic.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Attention all squads reporting to Parkland, remain at the entrance to Parkland and cut the traffic. No traffic will be allowed in the emergency room unless it is an emergency, 11:37.
53 (Patrolmen G. L. TOLBERT and M. E. FERRIS)	53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS) en route.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Attention all officers working the Elm Street assignment, all officers working the Elm Street assignment,

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Caller

Conversation

53 (Patrolman G. L. TOBERT  
and M. E. FERRIS)

report to Parkland Emergency and  
cut the traffic at the emergency  
entrance, Code 2 (Urgent - red  
lights and siren as needed) 11:39.

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

53 (TOLBERT and FERRIS) is out  
and got it out.

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

10-4.

Try to take charge there and  
get on Channel 2.

136 (Patrolman B. W. HARGIS)

136 (HARGIS).

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

136 (HARGIS).

136 (HARGIS)

I'm here at Elm and Market.  
What did you say about people  
assigned to Elm?

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

Are you,...Stand by, 136 (HARGIS).  
Are you on that assignment on  
Elm Street?

136 (HARGIS)

Elm and Market.

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

You on your motor?

381 (Criminal Investigation  
Division)

381 (Criminal Investigation  
Division), Code 2 (Urgent - red  
lights and siren as needed) to  
Parkland.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 381 (Criminal Investigation Division)
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	136 (Patrolman B. W. HARGIS), report to Parkland.
136 (Patrolman B. W. HARGIS)	10-4. Emergency?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Yes, to Parkland Emergency, at the entrance. (Garbled.)
23 (Patrolman K. K. ANDERSON)	23 (ANDERSON).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	23 (ANDERSON)
23 (ANDERSON)	Hines and Lofland cutting traffic.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 11:40.
48 (Patrolmen T. R. BURTON and D. K. ERWIN)	48 (BURTON and ERWIN)
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Unit calling?
48 (Patrolmen T. R. BURTON and D. K. ERWIN)	48 (BURTON and ERWIN) is out at Parkland.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	113 (ORSBURN).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) to Wadley, pick up blood, take to Parkland.
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	On Gaston?
Dispatcher (HUFFSTUTLER and FARR)	Yes.
113 (ORSBURN)	10-4.
40 (Patrolman D. F. FLUSCHE)	40 (FLUSCHE).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	40 (FLUSCHE).
40 (FLUSCHE)	Do we have any more people en route out here? We need some more help with the pedestrian traffic. It's drifting out around the grounds.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	31 (Patrolman E. N. STANSELL).
31 (Patrolman E. N. STANSELL)	31 (STANSELL).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Report to Parkland.
111 (Patrolman SPRINGER)	Show 111 (SPRINGER) in service.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	32 (Patrolman J. T. SMITH), report to Parkland.
32 (Patrolman J. T. SMITH)	32 (J. T. SMITH), 10-4.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Will two additional squads be enough, 40 (Patrolman D. F. FLUSCHE)?
32 (Patrolman J. T. SMITH)	Any code on this?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Code 2 (Urgent - red lights and siren as needed).
111 (Patrolman SPRINGER)	Is in front of Wadley if you want me to go.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, pick it up, 111 (SPRINGER).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	113 (ORSBURN).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Code 4 (disregard), 111 (SPRINGER) is out there.
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	10-4. (11:50)
113 (ORSBURN)	Put me out with 111 (SPRINGER).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4.
605 (Ambulance)	605 (Ambulance) clear from Parkland.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 605 (Ambulance), 11:51.

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Caller

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

18 (Lieutenant R. S. PIERCE)

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

18 (Lieutenant R. S. PIERCE)

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS)

Dispatcher (FARR and  
HUFFSTUTLER)

Conversation

Any CID (Criminal Investigation  
Division) Officer at Parkland  
Emergency....any CID (Criminal  
Investigation Division) Officer  
at Parkland...

18 (PIERCE)

18 (PIERCE)

If you can get 17 (Lieutenant  
H. T. WOODALL) at the Command  
Post, he probably can get you a  
CID (Criminal Investigation  
Division) Officer. I saw a  
number of them out there a  
minute ago.

Any officer near....disregard,  
11:53 a.m.

113 (ORSBURN).

113 (ORSBURN).

111 (Patrolman SPRINGER) has got  
it and en route and I am clear.

11:54.

108 (ROSS).

108 (ROSS).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS)	Any further assignment for me? I'm still in the basement.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. (11:54).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	108 (ROSS) are you needed in the basement?
108 (ROSS)	I don't believe so. They have about cleared out.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Return to service.
108 (Patrolman R. J. ROSS)	10-4. (11:55 a.m.)
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN).
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	101 (DORAN).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	On a mark out report to Main and Harwood, transfer all reserve officers to Parkland Hospital, 11:59.
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	10-4.
701 (Mr. C. D. WEST, Civil Defense Coordinator)	701 (Mr. C. D. WEST, Civil Defense Coordinator)
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	701 (Mr. C. D. WEST)

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
701 (Mr. C. D. WEST)	If you need a command post inside Parkland or another building, I have that A. C. Equipment transmitting and receiving on Channel 1 only.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 701 (Mr. C. D. WEST). We will notify you. (12:01)
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	101 (DORAN) en route to Parkland from the basement.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Received 101 (DORAN), 12:05 p.m.
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	101 (DORAN).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	101 (DORAN).
101 (DORAN)	Any code on this transfer?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Code 2 (Urgent - red lights and siren as needed), 101 (DORAN).
101 (DORAN)	10-4.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Use caution, 101 (DORAN); there is other emergency equipment running in that area.
(End of Belt Three)	
101 (DORAN)	10-4. (12:15 p.m.)
101 (DORAN)	101 (DORAN).



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	Leaving Parkland now, en route to basement now to get another load. Would you call down there and have one of the reserve supervisors round up about six; have them ready in the basement?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	12:16 p.m.
99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)	99 (NORMAN), Code 5 (en route) to Parkland.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 99 (NORMAN), 12:17.
29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS)	29 (WILLIAMS).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	29 (WILLIAMS).
29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS)	Code 5 (en route), PMH (Parkland Memorial Hospital).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4. 12:17.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	101 (DORAN)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Report to Conference Room, Room 324, to pick up the police reserves.
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	Report where?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	The Conference Room - Room 324.
101 (DORAN)	10-4. (12:18 p.m.)
262 (Patrolman T. W. YETTS)	262 (YETTS).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	262 (YETTS).
262 (Patrolman T. W. YETTS)	Myself and five other three wheelers en route to Parkland.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	12:18.
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	120 (RICHCREEK).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	120 (RICHCREEK).
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	I'll be en route to rear of Parkland Hospital. Did you contact 29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS) and 99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	They are en route at this time.

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Caller

Conversation

120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	10-4. I don't know what the crowd situation is out there but the Fire Department left the rope at the Trade Mart at Stemmons and Industrial. Have a squad go by there and pick up all that rope and report to Parkland with it.
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	Stemmons and Industrial. Any code?
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	What is the crowd situation at Parkland?
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	Channel 2, 120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK). Code 1 (Routine), 113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	10-4.
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	120 (RICHCREEK).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	120 (RICHCREEK).
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	I'm going to switch to Channel 2 just a moment. (12:25 p.m.)
29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS)	Code 6. (Out at destination).
Dispatcher (FARR and HUFFSTUTLER)	10-4, 29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS, 12:26 p.m. 103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE), code 4 (disregard).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	61 (Patrolman G. W. TEMPLE), your location?
61 (Patrolman G. W. TEMPLE)	Fair Park.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens), report to Wadley Blood Bank, transfer blood to Parkland.
61 (Patrolman G. W. TEMPLE)	10-4.
99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN)	Code 6 (out at destination) Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN), 12:33 p.m.
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	Clear.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (DORAN) clear, 12:34 p.m.
48 (Patrolman T. R. BURTON and D. K. ERWIN)	48 (BURTON and ERWIN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	48 (BURTON and ERWIN)
48 (BURTON and ERWIN)	We are clear at Parkland assignment, en route to radio station; mike trouble..
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 12:37 p.m.
43 (Patrolman W. E. HIBBS)	43 (HIBBS).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	43 (HIBBS).

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Caller

Conversation

43 (Patrolman W. E. HIBBS)	Clear at Parkland en route to our...back to our district.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Clear, 12:37 p.m.
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	120 (RICHCREEK)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	120 (RICHCREEK)
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	What have you heard from 113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN) on the rope?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	113 (ORSBURN) or 103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE).
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	I'm not out there yet. I'm at Industrial and Oak Lawn at this time.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Let us know something as soon as you get there.
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	All right.
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	I'm going to switch to Channel 2 just a minute.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	113 (ORSBURN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	113 (ORSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	I've got the rope en route to Parkland.



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4. 120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK).
120 (Sergeant G. B. RICHCREEK)	10-4. Tell him to report to the rear of Parkland with it, no code.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 1 (routine) to the rear, 113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN).
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	10-4. (12:39 p.m.)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Any unit at Parkland...any unit at Parkland?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	40 (Patrolman D. F. FLUSCHE), you at Parkland?
40 (Patrolman D. F. FLUSCHE)	Yes, I am at the front entrance.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Disregard. We have unit on Channel 2 now.
40 (Patrolman D. F. FLUSCHE)	10-4.
61 (Patrolman G. W. TEMPLE)	61 (TEMPLE) en route to Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 61 (TEMPLE), 12:47.
113 (Patrolman C. R. ORSBURN)	Clear at Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	113 (ORSBURN) clear, 12:48 p.m.
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	101 (DORAN)

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	Elm Street is impassable from St. Paul on down.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 12:57 p.m.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Attention any unit on emergency call, do not use Elm Street. Any unit on emergency call, do not use Elm Street.
118 (Patrolman V. O'DELL)	118 (O'DELL).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	118 (O'DELL).
118 (O'DELL)	I'm clear at Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Clear, 12:58.
61 (Patrolman G. W. TEMPLE)	Clear at Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	61 (TEMPLE) clear, 12:59 p.m.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN), your location?
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	Young and Field.
(End of Belt Four)	
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	103 (VALENTINE)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	103 (VALENTINE)

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	103 (VALENTINE) En route to Parkland.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN), your location?
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	Harwood and Ross.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Code 3 (Emergency - red lights and sirens) Wadley Blood Bank; transfer blood to Parkland.
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	10-4.
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	103 (VALENTINE).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	103 (VALENTINE).
103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE)	I'm going out there anyway if you want me to go by there.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, you might as well. 101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN), Code 4 (disregard), 103 (Patrolman J. M. VALENTINE) will get it.
97 (Patrolman L. L. FOX)	Clear Parkland Hospital.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 1:12 p.m.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN).
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	101 (DORAN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	101 (DORAN), report to basement. Transfer reserve to Elm and Houston, 1:25 p.m.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
101 (Patrolman N. P. DORAN)	10-4.
Unknown	Can we get into basement yet?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	As far as we know, it's all clear, 1:32 p.m.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	430 (Captain F. M. MARTIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	430 (Captain F. M. MARTIN).
430 (Captain F. M. MARTIN)	430 (Captain F. M. MARTIN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	430 (MARTIN), disregard you present assignment. Call 3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON) on 622 (telephone extension at Police Department) as soon as possible, 1:34 p.m.
430 (Captain F. M. MARTIN)	10-4.
232 (Patrolman J. W. LOVING)	232 (LOVING).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	232 (LOVING).
232 (Patrolman J. W. LOVING)	Can you get into City Hall now?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Unknown, 232 (LOVING).
232 (Patrolman J. W. LOVING)	I got a DWI (driving while intoxicated). I was wondering if was still crowded and if you could get in or not.
Unknown	Yeah, you can get in down there.

(End of Belt Five)

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	105 (Patrolman R. E. VAUGHN)
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	105 (Patrolman R. E. VAUGHN)
105 (Patrolman R. E. VAUGHN)	105 (VAUGHN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	105 (VAUGHN)
105 (Patrolman R. E. VAUGHN)	105 (VAUGHN), you call?
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Stand by 105 (VAUGHN).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	105 (VAUGHN), call 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT) on 401 (telephone extension at Parkland) at Parkland, 1:49.
105 (Patrolman R. E. VAUGHN)	All right.
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	63 (BENTLEY).
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	63 (BENTLEY).
63 (Patrolman C. F. BENTLEY)	I'm going to be clear at Parkland, en route to garage, get another battery on this car.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	Any homicide unit have Judge MC BRIDE in their unit with them?
136 (Patrolman B. W. HARGIS)	136 (HARGIS), I believe Judge MC BRIDE is at Parkland Hospital.
Dispatcher (HULSE and JACKSON)	10-4, 2:18 p.m.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Channel 2, 10:00 AM - 3:00 PM, November 22, 1963

Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher  
(Sergeant H. D. HENSLEE)

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER), would you stay on Channel 2. We have another alert 2 (standby for a potential airplane crash problem at Love Field), did you know it?

39  
(Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER  
and C. W. COMER)

No.

5 (Deputy Chief of Police  
GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)

What was it?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

An alert 2 (standby for a potential airplane crash problem at Love Field).

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN), it has been tapped out - the plane is down.  
10:15 a.m. KKB-364

24 (Patrolman D. L. PATE)

Is there an ambulance en route out here, 39? (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER  
and C. W. COMER)

Yeah.

24 (Patrolman D. L. PATE)

Well, tell him to come on around here to the Fire Station, that's where he's supposed to be.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

39 (Patrolman J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) All right.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS) Go ahead.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Any information as to the estimation of the crowd out there now?

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS) About 500.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10:30 a.m. KKB-364.

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)

When the planes make their landing approach, I'm going to use 21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) and 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY), (they're both 2-man) to cut traffic. How about holding them off anything they might get tied up on for the next few minutes - then we'll have them meet us at the old Love Field Terminal.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

About what time?

30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)

Well, you'd better have them meet us no later than 11:00 a.m.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)

I want to advise we need someone to work traffic Mockingbird and Cedar Springs.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	We have four men here.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	DECKER and I went through Mockingbird and Cedar Springs and didn't see anyone working. Have them form two lanes and help them make left turns that are backing up about two blocks.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10:45 a.m. KKB-364.
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	I am approaching Mockingbird and Cedar Springs. I'll get the men working.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. I'll advise 4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER) to disregard contact at the Trade Mart.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Some of the detectives out here don't have the proper identification. Ask him if he has anymore down there.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), can you notify 3 (Deputy Chief of Police M. W. STEVENSON) that some of his detectives are at Love Field and do not have the proper identification. 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) is standing by for the information.
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER), landing will be at Southeast, won't it?
39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)	Yes, sir.
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	We want to be sure that you get your squads alerted so that they cut the traffic on Northwest Highway just prior to the President's plans coming over Love Field.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER), we sent 21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) and 32 (Patrolman J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY) to the old Love Field Terminal to meet 20 (Sergeant S. W. BURKHART).
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS), when you start receiving information from the tower on that plane, advise 531 (Radio Dispatcher's telephone extension).
30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)	10-4. Will be on Channel 2.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER), will you advise as to the crowd estimate and weather condition at this time? 11:00 a.m. KKB-364.
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	10-4. It's not raining now and we have an estimate of a crowd of 1100 people.
2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)	What is 1's (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) location at Love Field? (11:02)
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Right at the Love Field where the planes will unload.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR), he is at Love Field where the planes are to unload.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY),  
2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES  
BATCHELOR) advises he is sending the  
identification to your location by  
motorcycle officer.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

10-4.  
(11:15 a.m.)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W.  
COMER), do you have any information yet?

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER  
and C. W. COMER)

No.

4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W.  
COMER), they changed landing directions,  
on us, did you know that?

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER  
and C. W. COMER)

Yes, sir.

4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)

10-4. We will have to set up at  
Mockingbird there.

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES  
BATCHELOR), are we going to have any  
more men on Main Street than what we  
have now assigned? The crowds are  
getting large and we have very few  
officers.

2 (Assistant Chief of Police  
CHARLES BATCHELOR)

The only ones we have are assigned on  
the corners. There should be reserves  
assigned along the route.



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Caller

Conversation

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	The route on Harwood is not so bad. If we had some of those men we could certainly use them.
30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)	21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) and 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY), cut traffic.
21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) & 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY)	10-4.
2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)	9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), have you received information that his arrival is about 20 minutes late?
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	I have not received the information.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR), Air Force 1 is on final approach now.
30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)	One plane is down, second plane is coming in and Air Force 1 will be right behind it.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. 11:34 a.m.
2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)	9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), we have some 15 solo motorcycle officers that are assigned with the convoy. These can probably help in controlling crowd - as to approach, there are five in front of the convoy plus those on the side. I think they will be able to move back the crowd.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	10-4. Message received.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER), is Air Force 1 down?
39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)	No, he is just coming in.
Unknown	He's down.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) & 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY), all clear, 11:35 a.m.
30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)	Air Force 1 is not on the ground yet.
531 (Sergeant G. D. HENSLEE)	21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) & 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY), remain on your assignment.
21 (Patrolmen D. P. TUCKER and C. R. GRAHAM) & 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY)	10-4.
30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)	He is on the ground. (11:37 a.m.)
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS), weather and crowd estimate.
30 (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS)	Weather is good.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
540 (Patrolmen A. B. HAMMETT)	Will remain clear the rest of the day. Temperature probably stay about the same.
20 (Sergeant S. W. BURKHART)	There is quite a crowd all along Mockingbird Lane and around the Coca-Cola Bottling Plant. There is quite a crowd.
250 (Sergeant W. H. SIMPSON)	Ask 125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE) if he wants a man assigned to Herschel and Lemmon and at the signal light.
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	Yes, have one of the men from Loma Alto and Lemmon go there.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN) to 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) out at communications - I'm at the front gate out here.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Loud and clear.
280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL)	9 (Inspector J. SAWYER), Ervay Street is completely blocked with pedestrians and is completely out of control. I have 2 3-wheels with me and we still can't get the pedestrians off of Ervay so Ervay is completely closed.
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	10-4. I am on my way there.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	Progress report, please.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	Moving out very slow.
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	10-4.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN), that traffic up and around Mockingbird - try to get them over to one side. (11:50 a.m.)
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to Motorcycle Escort - send 2 men to Mockingbird and Cedar Springs to help clear the traffic.
Unknown	What is the location now?
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Just made the turn out of Love Field onto Cedar Springs now.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), they are just leaving the field now on Cedar Springs at 15 mph.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN) to 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), might need a motorcycle at Lemmon and Manor Way. Quite a few people on Lemmon on the median strip and on the curbs. Location now?
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	At Airdrome and Mockingbird Lane.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), Airdrome and Mockingbird Lane - proceeding approximately 15 mph.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	12:00 Noon KKB-364.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	At Lemmon, approaching Inwood at approximately 12 to 15 mph. (12:01 p.m.)
3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON)	The ambulance is standing by?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Standing by at Love Field and when they complete that assignment, they will report to your location.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to motorcycle leading - drop back closer - hold up about 50 feet ahead of us.
Unknown	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), this greeting committee has turned South on Hines from Mockingbird. (12:03 p.m.)
(End of Record #1)	
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), what is your location now?
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	We are approaching underpass - Cotton Belt - near Loma Alto.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), now on Lemmon near Loma Alto (12:05 p.m.)
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to Motorcycle Escort - 3 or 4 miles faster.



**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to escort - pull those cars off the street
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Cut traffic at Oak Lawn.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	We have got a pretty good crowd of people down here at Turtle Creek.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN), get the traffic off of it.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Are you approaching Oak Lawn?
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	About a block away at Knight Street.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), on Lemmon now.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Crossing Oak Lawn.
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	Advise 3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON) that the ambulances have arrived and are standing by.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON), the ambulances have arrived and are stand- ing by, 12:11 p.m.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Just turning off Turtle Creek.

**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

**Caller**

**Conversation**

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Just turning off onto Turtle Creek off Lemmon.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	12 mph.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	At the MK&T Underpass at Turtle Creek.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4, 12:14 p.m.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to Motorcycle Escort - 3 or 4 miles faster, let's try it.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	12:15 p.m. KKB - 364 Dallas.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), now turning onto Cedar Springs Road off Turtle Creek; Cedar Springs and Fairmount. (12:16 p.m.)
139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL)	For your information, have cars lined up on both shoulders of Lemmon north from (garbled) to Oak Lawn.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), going to be a pretty good crowd from Ross on, on Harwood Street.
3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), everything in good shape at Market Hall - traffic's moving well, not any crowd on side of street - good crowd along the barricades.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY),  
for your information, Stemmons is  
pretty well crowded from Continental  
on to the Trade Mart.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L.  
LUMPKIN), have an officer keep the  
crowd over to Harwood and Ross. They  
are out of the street here.

5 (Deputy Chief of Police  
GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)

We got them.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, are  
you approaching Ross?

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

10-4. Just approaching at this time.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. 12:20 p.m.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), are you  
reading all right now?

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)

10-4.

212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN)

Telephone crew wants to know what time  
the president will be back through here  
so they can clear out.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

What location?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

212 (Patrolman L. W. SPRADLIN)	On Mockingbird near Denton.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	It will probably be after 2:30 p.m.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), crowd on Main Street in real good shape. They have them back off of the curb.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Good shape, we are just about to cross Live Oak.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	12:22 p.m.
1 (Chief of Police)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to escort - drop back. We will have to go at a real slow speed here on now.
1 (Chief of Police)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) to motorcycle - hold up escort. O.K. move along.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Check and see if we have everything in sight. Check with the rear car.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), who is in the rear car?
158 (Patrolman L. S. DAVENPORT)	Everything is O.K.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), 158 (Patrolman L. S. DAVENPORT) advise O.K., 12:26 p.m.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Crossing Lamar Street.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. Pretty good crowd there, 12:28 p.m.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Big crowd, yes.
5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)	Notify Captain Souter of the location of the convoy now.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), now on Main, probably just past Lamar.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Just crossing Market Street (12:28 p.m.)
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE), what traffic personnel do you have on Mockingbird?
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	"On Mockingbird at Cedar Springs," is the question?
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	10-4. It's moving out of this lot very slow.
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	I am at the Trade Mart now headed out that way.
4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)	That is all right - I'll check it.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Approaching Triple Underpass.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

12:30 p.m. KKB 364.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Go to the hospital - Parkland  
Hospital. Have them stand by.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Get a man on top of that triple  
underpass and see what happened up  
there.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Have Parkland stand by.

Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E.  
"BILL" DECKER)

I am sure it's going to take some  
time to get your man in there. Pull  
every one of my men in there.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E. "BILL" DECKER),  
repeat, I didn't get all of it. I  
didn't quite understand all of it.

Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E.  
"BILL" DECKER)

Have my office move all available men  
out of my office into the railroad yard  
to try to determine what happened in  
there and hold everything secure until  
Homicide and other investigators should  
get there.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E. "BILL"  
DECKER) - Station 5 (Dallas County  
Sheriff Dispatcher) will be notified.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), any  
information whatsoever?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Looks like the President has been hit.  
Have Parkland stand by.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. They (Parkland) have been  
notified.

4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)

We have those canine units in that  
vicinity, don't we?

1 (Chief of Police JESSE  
E. CURRY)

Headed to Parkland. Something's  
wrong with Channel 1.

5 (Deputy Chief of Police  
GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY),  
what do you want with these men out  
here with me?

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Just go on to Parkland Hospital with me.

83 (Patrolman R. L. GROSS)

Dispatcher on Channel 1 seems to have  
his mike stuck.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Get these trucks out of the way.  
Hold everything. Get out of the way.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Unknown motorcycle - up on Stemmons  
with his mike stuck open on Channel 1.  
Could you send someone up there to  
tell him to shut it off? (12:34 p.m.)

190 (Sergeant S. Q.  
BELLAH)

Do you still want me to hold this  
traffic on Stemmons until we find out  
something?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Keep everything out of this emergency entrance.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Did you get all that information, 136 (Patrolman B. W. HARGIS)
136 (Patrolman B. W. HARGIS)	10-4.
142 (Patrolman C. A. HAYGOOD)	I just talked to a guy up here who was standing close to it and the best he could tell it came from the Texas School Book Depository Building here with that Hertz Renting sign on top.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. Get his name, address, telephone number there - all the information that you can from him. 12:35 p.m.
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	Captain advises have all emergency equipment - have 283 (Patrolman C. R. HAMILTON) cut the traffic at Hines and Industrial. Have all emergency units on South Industrial.
531 (Sergeant G. D. HENSLEE)	283 (Patrolman C. R. HAMILTON), cut traffic Hines and Industrial.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Attention, do not use Industrial Blvd. 12:36 p.m.
260 (Sergeant D. V. HARKNESS)	I have a witness that says that it came from the 5th floor of the Texas Book Depository Store.

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

220 (Sergeant W. R. RUSSELL), keep all emergency equipment off the entrance to Parkland and all of the emergency equipment there off of Industrial Boulevard.

Unknown

We have the emergency entrance secured.  
(12:37 p.m.)

125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)

We have the emergency entrance to Parkland secured.

22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)

Get some men up here to cover this school depository building. It's believed the shot came from, as you see it on Elm Street, looking toward the building, it would be upper right hand corner, second window from the end.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. How many do you have there?

22 (Patrolman L. L. HILL)

I have one guy that was possibly hit by a ricochet from the bullet off the concrete and another one saw the President slump.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4.

137 (Patrolman E. D. BREWER)

We have a man here who says he saw him pull the weapon back through the window from the southeast corner of that depository building.

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) All right, do you have the building covered off?

137 (Patrolman E.D. BREWER) No, about 3/4 of a block away from there.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) All right, pull on down there.

137 (Patrolman E.D. BREWER) 10-4. I'll leave these witnesses here.

257 (Patrolman C.E. WHITMAN) Do you want us to go back to Mockingbird and Cedar Springs?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) 10-4.

290 (Sergeant E.B. HOWARD) See if you can contact 125 (Captain P.W. LAWRENCE).

125 (Captain P.W. LAWRENCE) 290 (Sergeant E.B. HOWARD), I am at Parkland.

290 (Sergeant E.B. HOWARD) 125 (Captain P.W. LAWRENCE), do you want us to stay on Industrial or where do you want us to go?

125 (Captain P.W. LAWRENCE) At your location right now.

2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR) Can you give us any information as to what happened for these people out here, evidently they had - seriousness of it - the President involved - I (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) is at Parkland, along with Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E. "BILL" DECKER). We have word it is unknown - Texas Depository Store, corner of Elm and Field - officers are now surrounding and searching the building. (Garbled)



**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

**Caller**

**Conversation**

<b>2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)</b>	<b>Where did this happen - at Field and Main?</b>
<b>Dispatcher (HENSLEE)</b>	<b>At Stemmons and the Triple Underpass - 12:40 p.m.</b>
<b>Dispatcher (HENSLEE)</b>	<b>2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR), there's a possibility that 6 or 7 more people may have been shot.</b>
<b>295 (Patrolman WILLIAM PRICE)</b>	<b>I believe the President's head was practically blown off.</b>
<b>303 (Detectives R. M. SIMS &amp; E. L. BOYD)</b>	<b>What hospital did the President go to?</b>
<b>Dispatcher (HENSLEE)</b>	<b>Parkland Hospital.</b>
<b>Dispatcher (HENSLEE)</b>	<b>303 (Detectives R. M. SIMS &amp; E. L. BOYD), where are you?</b>
<b>303 (Detectives R. M. SIMS &amp; E. L. BOYD)</b>	<b>Parkland Hospital.</b>
<b>300 (Captain JOHN WILL FRITZ)</b>	<b>300 (Captain JOHN WILL FRITZ) en route.</b>
<b>Dispatcher (HENSLEE)</b>	<b>300 (Captain JOHN WILL FRITZ), are you en route to Elm and Houston to that store?</b>
<b>300 (Captain JOHN WILL FRITZ)</b>	<b>En route to the hospital.</b>

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Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

295 (Patrolman WILLIAM PRICE), do you know the extent of the injury?

295 (Patrolman WILLIAM PRICE) It's not for me to say, I can't say.  
(12:41 p.m.)

5 (Deputy Chief of Police  
GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)

Give me a squad to Elm and Houston.

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)

Did they advise they have the suspect?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

No, they do not have the suspect.

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

We need some more men down at the Texas School Book Depository. We should have some on Main if we could get someone to pick up and bring them down here.

250 (Sergeant W. A. SIMPSON)

I will start down Elm Street and pick up as many as I can on the way (12:43 p.m.)

190 (Sergeant S. Q. BELLAH)

We can release this traffic here? We can go down there or stay here and hold it.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Release the traffic and report Code 3 (Emergency-red lights and sirens) to Elm and Houston; 12:43 p.m.

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

Are you having them contain that block or 2 block area?

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Yes, we are trying to seal off that building until it can be searched.

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

More than that building. Extend out from that building so it can be searched

267 (Patrolman J. H. CALDWELL)

Do you want me to head south?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Yes, 12:44 p.m.

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

The type of weapon looked like a 30-30 rifle or some type of Winchester.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), it was a rifle?

9 (Inspector J. H. Sawyer)

A rifle, yes

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), any clothing description?

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

About 30, 5'10", 165 pounds

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Attention all squads, the suspect in the shooting at Elm and Houston is supposed to be an unknown white male, approximately 30, 165 pounds, slender build, armed with what is thought to be a 30-30 rifle. - repeat, unknown white male, approximately 30, 165 pounds, slender build. No further description at this time or information, 12:45 p.m.

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Caller

Conversation

15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)

Could 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER) determine whether man was supposed to have been still in the building or was he supposed to have left?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I didn't know for sure and the witnesses didn't have the description, but we have got that building saturated by now and we should know something before long.

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

On this building, it's unknown whether he is still in the building or not known if he was there in the first place.

531 (Sergeant G. D. HENSLEE)

Well, all the information we have received, 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), indicates that it did come from about the 5th or 4th floor of that building.

5 (Deputy Chief of Police  
GEORGE L. LUMPKIN)

What building?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

The Texas School Book and Depository Building, 5 (Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN), at Elm and Houston.

(End of Record #2)

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
260(Sergeant D. V. HARKNESS)	We have an epileptic before this. The person went to Parkland Hospital. Send a squad there to get all the in- formation you can. (12:48 p.m.)
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE); do you have any information that the governor also was hit?
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	Not yet, I'll check in just a minute.
157 (Patrolman J. W. WILLIAMS)	Have you notified a DPS (Texas Depart- ment of Public Safety) on this suspect yet?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Haven't had time yet but we will.
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR), advises to contact 401 (phone extension at Parkland Hospital) at Parkland and see if I can (garbled)
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Stand by.
2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)	Contact the Parkland Hospital and see whether the President will be able to appear out here or not. We have all these people and we want to know what to announce out here.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, as soon as we can obtain that in- formation.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

211 (Patrolmen R. HAWKINS  
and E. R. BAGGETT)

Numerous people asking us what  
happened. Can you give us any  
information about it at this time?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Wounded the President or the extent  
of it at this time. 12:51 p.m.

211 (Patrolmen R. HAWKINS  
and E. R. BAGGETT)

Was he shot or do you know?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I understand he was involved in it,  
yes.

211 (Patrolmen R. HAWKINS  
and E. R. BAGGETT)

10-4. Thank you.

125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)

The goveror was also shot.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE), can you  
obtain from 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY) if the President is going to  
appear at the Trade Mart?

1 (Chief of Police JESSE  
E. CURRY)

It's very doubtful.

2 (Assistant Chief of Police  
CHARLES BATCHELOR)

(garbled) whether or not what his  
condition is so we can know what to  
tell people (garbled).



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Caller

Conversation

2 (Assistant Chief of Police  
CHARLES BATCHELOR)

Are there any definite arrangements  
being made as to whether he will or  
will not appear?

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Not at this time that I know of. I  
don't know but I feel reasonably sure  
that he will not.

190 (Sergeant S. Q. BELLAH)

We need some ropes here at Main and  
Houston. We are getting a terrific  
crowd.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

What else do you need?

190 (Sergeant S. Q. BELLAH)

Just a lot of rope.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

We are going to send a Fire Department  
Rescue Unit with a lot of rope to that  
location, 12:54 p.m.

31 (Patrolman J. E. CHISM)

Have a squad go to Community Blood  
Bank and pick up some blood and bring  
to Parkland, Code 3 (Urgent. Red  
lights and siren as needed.)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Have they been notified?

31 (Patrolman J. E. CHISM)

10-4. Parkland has notified them.

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)

2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES  
BATCHELOR) requests information the  
condition of the President and also if  
the governor was hit.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Have information that the governor was hit, 1:03 p.m.

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)

4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER), there was some statement made concerning the outer perimeter - he stated (This conversation was covered by other squads and unable to read it from the recorder).

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)

Clear me on Code 2 (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections) assignment and 30's (Sergeant R. C. CHILDERS) station wagon, the Secret Service agents downtown. (1:09 p.m.)

139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL) Have 39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) meet me at the entrance to Love Field. I have the 2 Presidential cars en route out there.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL), you will have to take them on yourself because he is coming downtown.

139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL) See if you can find out where they are supposed to go out here.

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)

I am in sergeant's car and other half of 39 is still at the field in the Love Field car.

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Caller

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Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), do you have 29 (Patrolman J. M. WILLIAMS) and 99 (Patrolman S. E. NORMAN) there?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

That is the 2 dog men that are supposed to be working it without the dogs. We can use them if you can release them.

2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)

Find out any further information at Parkland about the condition of the President, whether he can be there or not. Mr. Crull is standing by here and needs to know immediately if you can find out so we can do something to these people out here.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. 1:11 p.m.

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

On the 3rd floor of this book company down here, we found empty rifle hulls and it looked like the man had been here for some time. We are checking it out now.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. 1:12 p.m.

158 (Patrolman L. S. DEBENPORT) Notify 170 (Sergeant R. SMART) I am taking prisoner to the downtown jail and that I'll report back to him down to Parkland as soon as I can.

243 (Patrolman B. L. APPLE)

I am down here with this 3-wheeler at the dead end. He has a loud colored jacket on. He is pretty drunk. Do you want me to take him up there or what do you want me to do with him?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Take him back up there to 505 Main  
and contact 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)  
at Elm and Houston.

243 (Patrolman B. L. APPLE) 10-4.

39 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL) I have 2 Presidential vehicles and I  
am trying to get across the field.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. If I can contact 39 (Patrolman  
J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER), I'll  
try to.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER)  
call 504 (Patrolman E. E. TAYLOR) im-  
mediately. Do you have 39 (Patrolmen  
J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) there  
with you? 139 (Patrolman L. H.  
MARSHALL) . . .  
needs clearance across the  
field with those cars.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER),  
do we hold all that is on duty now?

4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)

10-4. That is right.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

General Broadcast - All squads, we  
have a report that an officer has been  
involved in a shooting in the 400 E.  
10th. 1:18 p.m.

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Caller

Conversation

280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL) Do we have a Command post set up anywhere for extra squads. We need additional men to work traffic around Parkland Hospital.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Well, about everything I have got tied up now is down at Elm and Houston.  
1:19 p.m.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Notify 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) that we have an officer involved in a shooting at 10th and Patton. We don't know the extent of it yet.

2 (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR)

We got some officers that we could release. Do you need them anywhere?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Yes, we could use some at Parkland Emergency and the traffic on Hines is terrific.

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)

I am at the Sheraton with the Secret Service men. Do you have anyone to carry back?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

No, not right now.

251 (Patrolman J. E. JENNINGS) I was en route back to 2's (Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR) location but if he doesn't need me there, I am right here at Parkland Hospital.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. Check out there and help with the traffic.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Go ahead, 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS). Are you en route? Yes. It's in the 400 or 500 block of E. 10th, I believe.
19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS)	10-4. We are almost Code 6 (Out at Destination).
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. 1:21 p.m.
170 (Sergeant R. SMART)	Any manpower that you can spare have them to meet 170 (Sergeant R. SMART) or 280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL) at the entrance out here (Parkland Hospital) on Hines.
251 (Patrolman J. E. JENNINGS)	I am right here at the entrance now if you want me to check out.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, go ahead.
10 (Inspector H. J. PUTNAM, JR.)	By orders of #1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), get us 20 more uniformed officers out here to the entrance of Parkland Emergency entrance immediately.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	251 (Patrolman J. E. JENNINGS), are you there at Parkland Emergency entrance?
251 (Patrolman J. E. JENNINGS)	Yes.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4.  (Garbled)
10 (Inspector J. B. JONES)	At this time it was a precautionary move.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Wants 20 men Parkland at this time. 1:25 p.m..
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	I'm en route.
254 (Patrolman J. B. JONES)	Can I help you?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, report to Hines in the 5200 block.
254 (Patrolman J. B. JONES)	What code?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Code 1 (Routine).
10 (Inspector J. B. JONES)	Bring him around to the emergency entrance.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Do you want him, Code 2? (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections)
10 (Inspector J. B. JONES)	Yes.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	All squads en route to Parkland Code 2 (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections).
254 (Patrolman J. B. JONES)	I am en route.

**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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**Caller**

**Conversation**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**10 (Inspector J. B. JONES), would it be possible to establish a Command Post there with a radio to man a car with a Channel 2 and get somebody to man it?**

**10 (Inspector J. B. JONES)**

**Yes, it will be done immediately.  
(1:26 p.m.)**

**4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)**

**Do you have any condition of the officer on 10th?**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**Stand by. Notify 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) that officer involved in this shooting, Officer J. D. TIPPIT, we believe, was pronounced DOA (Dead On Arrival) at Methodist 1:28 p.m.**

**4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)**

**Is there any indication that it has any connection with this other shooting?**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**Well, the descriptions on the suspect are similar and it is possible.**

**4 (Deputy Chief of Police  
N. T. FISHER)**

**Thank you.**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**10-4. 1:29 p.m.**

**15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)**

**If you get ahold of 15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER) to send some of his people to relieve people at the scene on this book building, we will meet back in service.**

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT), you received the information on TIPPIT, didn't you?
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	10-4. En route to Oak Cliff now.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT), do you want 4 (Deputy Chief of Police N. T. FISHER) to relieve some of those people on the building?
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	He has some people at Love Field I think I can send down here.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	I think he is going to have to leave them, Captain, because they are going to have to move back out. They are not going to allow anybody on that field.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Check with 15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER) and see if he has any he can spare.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Well, I have got 20 from him and I had to send them out to Parkland and block it off.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	We will leave it like it is.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Clear. 1:30 p.m.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
211 (Patrolmen R. HAWKINS and E. R. BAGGETT)	Can you give Captain WESTBROOK any information as to where he was shot?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Repeat.
211 (Patrolmen R. HAWKINS and E. R. BAGGETT)	Can you give Captain WESTBROOK any information as to where this happened?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	It was in the 400 block of East 10th near Patton.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Did you say he was DOA (Dead On Arrival) at Methodist?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Have they released any condition on the President?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	We understand he is DOA (Dead On Arrival), too.
Unknown	Was the governor hit?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Unknown.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Was 19 (Sergeant C. B. OWENS) asking for a squad to cover that area?
531 (Sergeant G. D. HENSLEE)	Yes, we have 10 squads over there now.
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	Do you think you have a suspect?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	800 E. Jefferson, 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT).
15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT)	10-4. Have you run a make on that license number yet?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, we are running a (garbled) on it now.
254 (Patrolman J. B. JONES)	Do you want us at the emergency entrance or at the front?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	They are going to set up a Command Post at the entrance at Hines on Lofland Drive and don't let any traffic in there whatsoever unless its an emergency.
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	Have the escorts cut their sirens.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Cut the sirens, escorts. Cut the sirens.
10 (Inspector J. B. JONES)	Notify the escorts on North Hines to cut their sirens.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Attention escorts going north on Hines - cut your sirens.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Notify 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER) that we have information that the ladder that runs up to the roof on this building there is concealed space under a sheet metal plate, sheet metal has to be raised and there is some concealed space under that sheet metal. 1:33 p.m.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Lead escort motorcycles escort - cut your sirens. 1:33 p.m. Continue broadcasting for the escorts to cut their sirens. Attention escort, 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) now going north on Hines cut your siren. 1:34 p.m.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)

With as little attention as possible, get up and break traffic ahead of the cars.

10 (Inspector J. B. JONES)

He said notify those jockeys to attract as little attention as possible, barely crack the intersection, get up and break traffic ahead of the cars.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Attention: motorcycle escort with 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) - attract as little attention as possible, continue advising the escort to cut the siren. 1:35 p.m.

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

I have been out of the car. Have you been trying to contact me?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Did you get that information. Did the motor jockey give you the information about the building?

9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)

It's being secured now.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) or  
Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E. "BILL" DECKER) -  
when we get to the Main entrance  
(garbled) Are you en route to Love  
Field?

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Yes, but don't put it on the air.  
(1:37 p.m.)

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER  
and C. W. COMER)

I got a State Unit going Southwest  
Airmotive to pick up (garbled)

2 (Assistant Chief of Police  
CHARLES BATCHELOR)

We have information that someone to  
pick the governor's wife up.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E.  
CURRY)

Don't let any cars follow us into  
the field.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4.

2 (Assistant Chief of Police  
CHARLES BATCHELOR)

Mrs. CONNALLY (Governor's mother) is  
being flown in here from Austin.  
She will arrive at Love Field. A  
State car will be standing by but it  
will probably be an hour before she  
gets here. Notify the Command Post  
at Parkland to get her through when  
she arrives. (Garbled)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) to Parkland  
Command Post - Mrs. CONNALLY will  
arrive in about an hour. Be sure  
to let her through.

Parkland Command Post

10-4.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY),  
Dallas 1 (Sheriff J. E. "BILL" DECKER)  
is standing by at Sta. 5, his office.

1 (Chief of Police JESSE  
E. CURRY)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1:40 p.m.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Surgeon being flown in from Galveston  
to Dallas Love Field. Looking for  
someone stand by and escort him to  
Parkland. He should be by in about  
30 minutes.

550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L.  
HILL)

A witness reports that he last was  
seen in the Abundant Life Temple  
about the 400 block. We are fixing  
to go in and shake it down.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Is that the one that was involved in  
the shooting of the officer?

550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L.  
HILL)

Yes.

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Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

They already have him.

550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L.  
HILL)

No, that wasn't the right one. (1:44  
p.m.)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Anybody at Elm and Houston?

297 (Three-wheel motorcycle,  
operator unknown)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

297 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN), con-  
tact 9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER) and  
notify him they are holding up a  
north-bound freight train there in  
the yard and they want to shake it  
down before they let it go. Do you  
want to send some officers over there  
to shake it down?

297 (Three-wheel motorcycle,  
operator unknown)

10-4.

551 (Sergeant H. H. STRINGER)

The jacket the suspect was wearing  
over here on Jefferson bears a laundry  
tag with the letter B 9738. See if  
there is any way you can check this  
laundry tag.

138 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON)

We need a Justice of the Peace at  
Parkland Hospital, Code 3 (Emergency.  
Red lights and sirens).

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4.

(Garbled)

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Caller

Conversation

550/2 (Sergeant GERALD L.  
HILL)

Advise someone to get in the alley  
and behind that building at the fire  
escape.

(End of Record #3)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

5 (Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN),  
an aide to the Vice President by the  
name of Manesport will arrive at  
Southwest Airmotive at 2:05 and will  
you also advise Secret Service.

5 (Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN) All right.

39 (In Sergeant's car)

39 A half. (One occupant in this unit  
at this time).

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Go ahead.

39 (A half. One occupant  
in this unit at this time)

39 is in front of me stationed right  
across the airstrip from me right in  
front of Southwest Airmotive. What  
have you got? (garbled)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

We need an escort there at Southwest  
Airmotive at 2:05 p.m. 1:50 p.m.

210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG)

Has anybody made arrangements or picked  
TIPPIT's wife up?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I am not sure, 210 (Sergeant J. M.  
YOUNG).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG)	If you give me the address, I will go up there and pick her up.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, you go pick her up. I do not have anybody to send right now.
210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG)	I'll call 505 (telephone extension at Dallas Police Department which has the home addresses for Dallas police officers) for the address.
39 (Other half. One occupant in this unit at this time)	I am going back to the Southwest Air-motive. 39 has the State unit.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4, 39. : 1:51 p.m.
410 (Captain O. A. JONES)	Ask 15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER) if he has any extra officers there to help hold back the crowd on the south side of Parkland Hospital.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	What are the circumstances of J. D. TIPPI?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	We do not have it all clear yet, 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY). He was involved in a shooting and was DOA (Dead On Arrival) at Methodist and I am sorry that is all I have right now.
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Did they get the suspects?

**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
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**Caller**

**Conversation**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**We believe we have him in the Texas Theater now.**

**1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)**

**10-4.**

**39 (A half. One occupant in this unit at this time)**

**Is he to arrive at 2:05?**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**Yes.**

**39 (A half. One occupant in this unit at this time)**

**I'll stand by.**

**4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)**

**The latest information is they are supposed to stop them over in the vicinity where we are now. (Garbled) Would you check with the tower and see if this is correct?**

**39 (A half. One occupant in this unit at this time)**

**I'm in the sergeant's car and 39 has the tower radio.**

**4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)**

**Well, where is he?**

**39 (In Sergeant's car)**

**He has gone with the State unit to pick up the governor's wife.**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**We have apprehended a suspect in the shooting at the Texas Theater.**

**1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)**

**10-4.**



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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Repeat, 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY).
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	I'm at Love Field (1:54 p.m.)
11 (Inspector CHRISTOPHER KOCKAS)	You say the officer is DOA (Dead On Arrival)?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, 11 (Inspector CHRISTOPHER KOCKAS).
11 (Inspector CHRISTOPHER KOCKAS)	10-4.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	We need a squad standing by on Mockingbird at the end of runway 13. Also need one at the north end of that same runway at Shorecrest there.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. I'll see if I can find you one.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Is there any officer near Love Field?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE), we need you on Mockingbird at the end of Runway 13, Love Field, between Air-drome and Cedar Springs.
161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE)	On or off the field? (Garbled)
Unknown	Off the field, 161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
210 (Sergeant J. M. YOUNG)	I'm downtown, J. D. TIPPIT lives 7500 So. Beckley. I'm running Code 2 (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections) to his wife's house.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, go ahead, 1:56 p.m.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), I've got 32 (Patrolmen J. T. SMITH and W. L. HACKNEY) going down on Shorecrest. What do you want him to do?
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	I want them to stand by at the end of that runway and be sure that everyone moved out.
550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)	You probably know that they are en route from the Texas Theater with that suspect. They are bringing him straight to City Hall.
39 (In Sergeant's car)	See if you can get the Regular 39 car and have them ask the tower the place the side is coming in.
257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	You need me out at Love Field?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	No, where are you now?
257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	I'm on Hall Street at Oak Lawn.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	I need you back out there to Parkland about Code 2 (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections).

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	10-4. I'm en route. Any particular place?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	No, just grab you a handful of corner. There's a Command Post set up there at Parkland, 257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN).
39 (In Sergeant's car)	I've been advised by Southwest Airmotive the aides are arriving at Southwest Airmotive and will park here in 5 minutes.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. I can't raise your partner.
39 (In Sergeant's car)	10-4. He's taking care of Gov. CONNALLY's wife, I believe.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2:00 p.m. KKB 364 Dallas.
253 (Patrolman W. M. HUGGINS)	I've got back to my car at Cedar Springs and Mockingbird - which way you want me to go?
Dispatcher. (HENSLEE)	Parkland Hospital, Code 2 (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections).
253 (Patrolman W. M. HUGGINS)	En route.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2:01 p.m.

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**Caller**

**Conversation**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**Go down to Elm and Houston. Contact  
Capt. FRITZ. Tell him to contact his  
office.**

**Unknown**

**Captain FRITZ just left about a minute  
ago. He's in his car.**

**(Garbled)**

**85 (Patrolman R. W. WALKER)**

**Any report on condition on the  
President or Governor?**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**I understand the President is DOA  
(Dead On Arrival). I don't know about  
him (the governor).**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), do you  
know where Air Force 1 is?**

**4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)**

**Yes, it's out here at the air cargo  
entrance on the field.**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**10-4.**

**4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)**

**If you can contact 39 out at South-  
west Airmotive, that the airplane  
is going to be taxied to this area,  
not there.**

**Dispatcher (HENSLEE)**

**39, did you receive?**

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Caller

Conversation

39

Yes, I haven't seen the governor's aide. I'll take the Presidential aide. We're heading for Gate 26 where the plane is supposed to come in.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

39, did you receive information on Air Force 1?

39

Repeat.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

1, it's parked over there by air cargo freight entrance.

550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK)

Notify my office, I'm en route, will you?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. 2:03 p.m.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Command Post at Parkland?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

170 (Sergeant R. SMART), how many officers do you have now, do you know?

170 (Sergeant R. SMART)

I'm at the entrance here on Hines. I'm not at the Command Post in the rear.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. What's your traffic situation there?

170 (Sergeant R. SMART)

Heavy.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

170 (Sergeant R. SMART), I can't raise anyone back there. I'm sending 2 dog officers, Code 2 (Urgent. Red lights and sirens as needed at intersections), just in case they're needed.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
170 (Sergeant R. SMART)	10-4. It's possible we'll need them.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2:04 p.m.
(Garbled)	
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, to your location.
139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL)	Know the location of that plane?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes. If you'll get hold of 4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER) there at the air cargo freight entrance, he'll direct you to it.
139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL)	10-4.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL), come in Cedar Springs past the Ramada Inn and I'll be waiting for you at the first cut-off off Cedar Springs to your right.
138 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON)	10-4.
139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	170 (Sergeant R. SMART), do you know if 3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON) has come through there?



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Caller

Conversation

(Garbled)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Someone relay for 3 (Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON). I'm not receiving.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), to the unit on the Parkland escort to Love Field.

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)

This is 39 (Patrolman J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) with the Presidential aide and governor's aide.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), to the unit escorting people from Parkland to Love Field.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)

138 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON), did you get my message awhile ago? I'll be waiting for you here at the cut-off.

138 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON)

10-4.

39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)

Would you notify some unit at Parkland to kind of help us get through when we get there?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Yes. It is policed.

170 (Sergeant R. SMART)

The crowd is dispersing out here now.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. 2:10 p.m.

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Caller

Conversation

138 (Patrolman D. L.  
JACKSON)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), approach-  
ing Mockingbird on Cedar Springs.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER)

All right. Come right on in.

83 (Patrolman P. L.  
GROSS)

I'm going to be out at the City Hall  
with 550 (Captain W. R. WESTBROOK).

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4.

251 (Patrolman J. E.  
JENNINGS)

Could you contact someone out there at  
the airport and have them advise Mr.  
KILDOFF, he's in the White House Staff,  
and tell him the poolmen he's concerned  
about are en route; that I'm bringing  
them to the plane?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), did you  
receive?

4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER)

The poolmen he's concerned with are what?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Are en route to that location.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

2:15 p.m. KKB 364.

251 (Patrolman J. E.  
JENNINGS)

This gentleman in this White House Staff  
wanted to know if you got that message  
to Mr. KILDOFF out there at the airport.

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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Yes, that's 10-4. It has been delivered.  
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER) is standing  
by and has notified them.

251 (Patrolman J. E.  
JENNINGS)

10-4, and these gentlemen also wish to  
know if it would be possible for your  
office to make a collect call to Washing-  
ton to deliver a message for them.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I'm sorry my phones are all tied up.

170 (Sergeant R. SMART)

Have any word whether the 7-3 traffic  
will hold over?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

The word I have right now is everyone  
that is on duty now will remain on duty  
until further notice (Garbled).

170 (Sergeant R. SMART)

10-4.

251 (Patrolman J. E.  
JENNINGS)

Do you know where 39 (Patrolmen J. F.  
BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) is now standing  
by. I'm on Denton just north of Mock-  
ingbird.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

(Garbled) Well, I got one going to  
Parkland and the other one is on the  
field somewhere.

251 (Patrolman J. E.  
JENNINGS)

10-4. Do you know where I can take  
these men to get them to the plane?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER) is sitting  
up there in his car.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
251 (Patrolman J. E. JENNINGS)	That's up Cedar Springs?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	That's right. Past the Ramada & Hertz Rent-A-Car and turn right.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Who's that calling for me?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	That's 139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL). He has those aides en route out there.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	10-4.
Unknown	No, that's 39.
257 (Patrolman C. E. WHITMAN)	I'm clear from Parkland. They said they don't need me. I'm going to start toward Love Field if you need me out there somewhere.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yes, you might go. You probably are.
138 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON)	(Garbled) 138 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON) to 130 (Sergeant R. L. STRIEGEL), 125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE) is getting in his car now.
130 (Sergeant R. L. STRIEGEL)	125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE), we have several men out here at Parkland which we don't need. You want to release some of these men?

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	(Garbled) I don't want to release any of them yet. Hold them right now.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2:24 p.m.
Disptacher (HENSLEE)	Any officer near the City Hall that's in a car....
15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)	Would you have someone call 511 (Telephone extension of the Dallas Police Department Crime) and advise the Third Platoon supervisor that will be coming on that the senior sergeant is tied up at Parkland Hospital and will be unable to get there. I'm tied up at the Trade Mart and will be unable to get there for the senior officer present to put the detail to work from Central Station and also is 4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER) on the air?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER) is on the air.
18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER)	(Garbled) I can leave Parkland right now. I'm afraid I'd better make it about 3:00 p.m.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), 15 (Captain C. E. TALBERT) wants to talk to you, but I have some information I need to give to you right now. A Mr. BILL MOYERS is on his way in to swear in Mr. JOHNSON as President and he will need an escort, but we don't know when he is going to get there.

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4 (Deputy Chief N.T. FISHER) All right. We'll be standing by here.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) 15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER), can you  
read 4 (Deputy Chief N.T. FISHER)?

4 (Deputy Chief N.T. FISHER) Stand by. There is a train going by.

107 (Patrolman C.F. GOODSON) Any better location on that deal down  
here at Cobb Stadium?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) No, that's all we had on it.

107 (Patrolman C.F. GOODSON) (Garbled) 10-4. There're about 15 or  
20 officers out here covering this.  
Nobody can find anything.

18 (Sergeant R.E. DUGGER) 15/2 (Captain J.M. SOUTER), we have  
approximately 6 to 8 jockeys out here  
and 15 officers standing by out here.  
We have no actual need for except about  
2. Can you advise?

15/2 (Captain J.M. SOUTER) Release all you don't need out there.

170 (Sergeant R. SMART) 18 (Sergeant R.E. DUGGER), have the  
motorcycle officers report to 170  
(Sergeant R. SMART) here at the entrance.  
(Garbled)

Dispatcher (HENSLEE) 4 (Deputy Chief N.T. FISHER), President  
JOHNSON's bags are the 2 blue hanging  
bags and 2 handbags are on that plane.  
They are initialed with his initials  
and they want them brought to him at  
Parkland.

4 (Deputy Chief N.T. FISHER) 2 blue handbags and 2 hanging bags?



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Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

No, 2 blue hanging bags and 2 handbags  
with his initials on them.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER)

10-4. We'll get them.

125 (Captain P. W.  
LAWRENCE)

I need 1 solo supervisor and half of  
those men at Parkland out here.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

170 (Sergeant R. SMART), 125 (Captain  
P. W. LAWRENCE) wants you and half.....

15/2 (Captain J. M. SOUTER)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), the  
building people at the Trade Mart request  
we leave some men inside the building.  
Will you tell 4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER) I'll have 6 or 7 6 to 2 officers  
here and 2 service division officers  
that I'll hold until they are no longer  
required?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

You 10-4 on that 4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER)?

4 (Deputy Chief N. T.  
FISHER)

Yes.

170 (Sergeant R. SMART)

Notify 125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)  
I'm en route with 5 (officers).  
(2:32 p.m.)

162 (Patrolman J. W.  
WILLIAMS)

Can you get ahold of 39 (Patrolman  
J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) - ask  
him to switch to Channel 2. I need him  
in a hurry.

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<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
162 (Patrolman J. W. WILLIAMS)	39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER), we are over here at Southwest Airmotive. We need to come across the field. Can you come over and help us?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	162 (Patrolman J. W. WILLIAMS), I still haven't been able to contact 39 that's on the field. All I can suggest is go ahead and take that perimeter road and go on across. We don't have any contact with the tower.
162 (Patrolman J. W. WILLIAMS)	10-4. We're going.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Where did you get that information about those 2 blue hanging bags and the 2 handbags?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	One of the telephone clerks brought it in here and said they talked to them at Parkland.
70 (Sergeant S. E. VARNER)	I called that information in from Parkland. We got it from the 2nd floor. It should be Governor CONNALLY's bags. They were on the Presidential plane. They didn't know if they had been taken off or left on the plane.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	<u>170</u> , are they CONNALLY's or JOHNSON's?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

70 (Sergeant S. E. VARNER)	It's my understanding they were Governor CONNALLY's.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. We got it as Johnson's. Did you receive 4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)?
39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)	You call us?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER), are you on the field?
39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)	Yes.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	We need tower clearance for that jockey, that's going across the field.
39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER)	Go ahead.
(Garbled)	
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), we have information now that Judge SARAH HUGHES is leaving Parkland en route to Love Field to swear President JOHNSON in. What are you going to need out there? Are you in pretty good shape?
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Yes.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. 2:35 p.m.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), I don't know how she's going. I guess someone may be escorting her.
(Garbled)	
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Is that Mrs. CONNALLY wanting those bags or Governor CONNALLY?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	70 (Sergeant S. E. VARNER) was the one that was supposed to have called it in and I guess it was the Governor.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Would you have them double check it?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. Also we have another escort coming in out there wanting the .... stand by a minute. Wanting 39 (Patrolmen J. F. BUTCHER and C. W. COMER) to meet them at the entrance to Love Field. It's some more of those VIP's.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	10-4. You know who they are, or where they're coming from?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	They're coming from the Sheraton, 4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)
(Garbled)	

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
170 (Sergeant R. SMART)	125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE), your location?
125 (Captain P. W. LAWRENCE)	Love Field.
18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER)	Transportation for 3 of us back from the Trade Mart please.
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	I've got some people going to Parkland. I'll pick them up and bring them back.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. '2:38 p.m.
(End of Record #4)	
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Did you receive <u>4</u> (should be 174 - Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)?
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	No, I didn't - which field is he talking about?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	He's talking about Love Field.
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	Yes, sir, we're going to Parkland.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4.
18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER)	I have Judge JOHNSTON here with me at Parkland. Was there just one fatality from the shooting with the President's party?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Converation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	That's the latest I had on it, 18. (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER).
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER), there were some more injured but I don't know who they were or how severe.
18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER)	I didn't read you. You know anything about an injured Secret Service Agent?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	No, I do not. There were some more injured but I don't know who they were.
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	One of the Secret Service men on the field -- Elm and Houston, said that it came over his teletype that one of the Secret Service men had been killed.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Well, 10-4. I don't have that informa- tion.
18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER)	I believe this is going to be incorrect. He's not at Parkland. Can you have someone canvass the major hospitals please?
	(Garbled)
139 (Patrolman L. H. MARSHALL)	I have a man out here that doesn't know anything about that.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4.



Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Att. all Criminal Intelligence Units -  
report to your office immediately.  
12:41 p.m..

16 (Sergeant R. D.  
SHIPLEY)

Was that rifle recovered that was used  
in the shooting?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Not that I know of. All we found were  
some empty hulls.

16 (Sergeant R. D.  
SHIPLEY)

Do you know what kind it was?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I'm not sure. 300 (Captain JOHN WILL  
FRITZ) was down there, that's Captain  
FRITZ there. Can you call him?

16 (Sergeant R. D.  
SHIPLEY)

10-4. I'll try to find a telephone  
and would you check and see if 40's  
(Sergeant D. F. FLUCHE) at the sub-  
station? He may have to hold detail  
for the 3rd Platoon.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I haven't got a phone I can call out  
there on.

16 (Sergeant R. D.  
SHIPLEY)

10-4.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), do you  
know anything about a Dr. SHOWERS that  
is supposed to be out there?

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	No, I sure don't.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Well, I've got a note here says have the escort for Dr. SHOWERS at Love Field contact the tower when he gets there.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Is it the one coming out of Galveston?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	Yeah, that's the one. I guess that's him.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	That was 1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY) that called me, didn't have any concrete information. We're ready for him when he comes in.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	O.K. 10-4.
113 (Patrolman C. R. OSBORN)	Mr. SORRELS asked that you contact Station 5 (Dallas County Sheriff's Dispatcher) and notify Mr. ALLEN SWEAT - be sure that he broadcasts the information on the witness that saw a truck, to his men.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER), I talked to 6 (Deputy Chief RAY LUNDAY) and he advised if you need them, keep them. If you don't, let them go.
9 (Inspector J. H. SAWYER)	10-4.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	2:45 p.m. KKB 364.
161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE)	4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), you did say awhile ago no press allowed on the field?
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Right. No press.
161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE)	10-4. There's a press car just came around me. He's coming around. They're entering off Lemmon Avenue on that side.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	Coming around where?
161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE)	Should be about the commercial entrance around behind Continental Hangar 1.
4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)	The plane taxiing out is the Air Force 1. If you think it's necessary you might head over that way and keep them back from that runway. (Garbled)
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	Where's the people that want a ride?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	I didn't hear you.
174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS)	I was supposed to pick up some people here at Parkland - take them back to the Trade Mart.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

<u>Caller</u>	<u>Conversation</u>
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	That was Sgt. DUGGER, I believe.
18 (Sergeant R. E. DUGGER)	Go ahead to 18.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	174 (Patrolman J. W. BROOKS) is waiting to take you back over there, Sergeant DUGGER.
(Garbled)	
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Air Force 1 is airborne. (2:47 p.m.)
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY), do you want us to hold everyone on duty until further notice?
1 (Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY)	Yes, Chief BATCHELOR and Chief STEVENSON will be back in the office in a minute. I'll be there shortly.
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	10-4. 2:47 p.m.
280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL)	He says release the men or hold them?
Dispatcher (HENSLEE)	All officers are to remain on duty until further notice, 280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL).

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL)

We got more than we need out here at Parkland. Where you want to put them?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), you need some men at Love Field?

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)

No, we're in good shape.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

I guess just stand by and hold them. Wait, just a minute. He's out of the car, 280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL) - just stand by and hold them. Wait, just a minute. He's out of the car, 280 - just stand by and we'll notify you.

280 (Sergeant GEORGE W. C. CAMPBELL)

10-4..

161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE)

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER), there's a man here in a car with the White House Press. You have any information?

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)

White House press?

(Garbled)

161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE)

Yes, he's wanting to get in the press plane.

4 (Deputy Chief N. T. FISHER)

All right, he can come on down to the air freight cargo building and walk from there.

8 8

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Caller

Conversation

161 (Patrolman B. J. DALE) 10-4.

130 (Patrolman D. L.  
JACKSON)

130 (Patrolman D. L. JACKSON) to 174  
(Patrolman J. W. BROOKS) - You are to  
remain on duty.

174 (Patrolman J. W.  
BROOKS)

Yes sir, I heard him. I'm at Parkland.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

2:52 p.m.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

225 (Accident Prevention Bureau)  
call your home immediately.

224 (Patrolman R. D.  
WILSON)

111 (Patrolman J. G. POLLARD) and I are  
together in the downtown area. My car  
is over on Swiss. We had a prisoner  
earlier in the day. What do you recom-  
mend we do?

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Go get your car and get in service.

4 (Deputy Chief M. T.  
FISHER)

Say, if you get any inquiry, I did get  
those bags of Governor CONNALLY's off  
the airplane. Also got BILL STINSON's  
bags on the governor's staff. I'll get  
someone to carry them to Parkland.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

10-4. 2:57 p.m.

175 (Patrolman W. E.  
BARKER)

What's the ambulance got over on West  
Jefferson at Dudley Hughes.

Dispatcher (HENSLEE)

Wait a minute. That's an injured person,  
175 (Patrolman W. E. BARKER). 3:00 p.m.  
KKB 364.



JFK

62-109060

SECTION 84

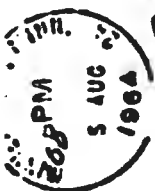
COPY 2

Had  
Mpls, Minn. 5/28

J. Edgar Hoover:  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:  
I think that  
somewhere, that  
I had something  
to do with the  
assassination  
of President  
Kennedy. I was  
here in Minneapolis  
at the time,  
but I still think  
that I had some-  
thing to do with  
it. I also wrote  
a letter to Judge  
Cassida in London,  
in the name of a man  
comprised in  
statements. I have  
believe me, I think  
I know that this  
is the truth.

James J. Smith  
COURT STREET



James J. Smith  
10313 5th Avenue N.W.  
Minneapolis, Minn. 55428

J. Edgar Hoover  
Washington, D.C.

6-118

TRUE COPY

Jerome J. Landvik  
3131 Findley Pl.  
Mpls, Minn. 55408

J. Edgar Hoover  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I think that somehow, that I had something to do with the assassination of President Kennedy. I was here in Minneapolis at the time, but I still think that I had something to do with it. I also wrote a letter to Judge Oscar a Knutson, it has a more comprehensive statement. Please believe me, I think know that this is the truth.

Jerome J. Landvik

Envelope (front)

Jerome J. Landvik  
3131 Findley Pl.  
Minneapolis, Minn. 55408

REC-48

J. Edgar Hoover  
Washington, D. C.

EX-108

3614

18 AUG 14 1964

Envelope (back)

Aug. 5, 1964

6. RAR

8-12-64

1 - C. D. DeLoach  
(Correspondence Unit)  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Minneapolis

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3614

REC-48  
EX-108  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Enclosed for Minneapolis and Dallas are copies of a self-explanatory, envelope, communication and true copy of same received at the Bureau on 8-7-64, from Jerome J. Landvik.

No information identifiable with Landvik could be located in Bureau files.

Landvik should be located and interviewed concerning his admission. The results of investigation should be incorporated in appropriate inserts and furnished to the Bureau and Dallas, 25 copies to Dallas for inclusion in a subsequent report by Dallas in the above-caption. Minneapolis should also include in the inserts a true copy of the communication and envelope from Landvik as well as information relating to its receipt at the Bureau. Any readily available information relating to the possible mental instability of Landvik should also be included in the inserts.

Expedite, and be sure Landvik's letter acknowledged.

Enclosures (2)

1 - Dallas (89-47) Enclosures (2)

RDR:las (6)

NOTE: Landvik's note is undated but was received in an envelope postmarked at Minneapolis, Minnesota, on 8-5-64. Landvik in effect states that although he was in Minneapolis at the time President Kennedy was assassinated, he nevertheless feels he had something to do with the assassination. While it is quite apparent Landvik may be a mental case, it is felt we have the responsibility to check this matter out in view of his "admission." The results of this inquiry will be subsequently reported by Dallas and disseminated to the President's Commission.

1964

1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *at*

FROM : A. Rosen *Rosen*

SUBJECT: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

DATE: August 11, 1964

1 - J. P. Mohr

1 - N. P. Callahan  
(W. C. Jackson)

1 - I. W. Conrad  
(W. D. Griffith)

1 - C. D. DeLoach

1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan,  
(R. E. Lenihan)

1 - L. J. Gauthier 1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Shroder

1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Rogge

## PURPOSE

To recommend the attached letter be sent to the President's Commission advising them of the extent of our investigative efforts since the assassination pursuant to its request.

## DETAILS

By letter dated 8-7-64, the Commission advised it intends to incorporate in its final report the extent of the "excellent" investigative effort undertaken by the Bureau since the assassination. In this letter it requested the following statistical data:

1. Approximate number of interviews conducted.
2. Pieces of correspondence and reports submitted to the Commission.
3. Total number of pages of such materials.
4. If available, the approximate number of Agent-days spent on this investigation.

The Commission specifically pointed out they did not desire us to distinguish between the various investigations conducted, such as the Jack L. Ruby case and Lee Harvey Oswald. They did state that they desired any thoughts on our part which would enable them to present these statistics in the most effective way.

Enclosure - *sent*

62-109090

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)

1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)

RDR:las (14)

NOT RECORDED  
199 AUG 28 1964

18 AUG 28 1964

CONTINUED - OVER

SENT DIRECTOR  
FOR APPROVAL  
8-12-64

STX

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

BACKGROUND

As of 7-31-64, more than 1756 investigative reports comprising more than 17,200 pages constituting the FBI's investigation have been furnished to the Commission. Further, over 3682 items of physical evidence were received in the FBI Laboratory for technical examination. In addition, our Exhibit Section constructed and delivered to the Commission detailed scale models of the assassination area, including appropriate buildings, landmarks, etc., with accompanying volume of visual aids.

We do not have a record of the number of interviews conducted since the assassination and the only way this could be accomplished would be a time consuming physical count. Likewise, we do not know the number of Agent-days spent on this investigation and tabulating same would be an enormous undertaking. It is pointed out that virtually every field office and legal attache have at one time or another conducted some investigation in this matter.

RECOMMENDATION

That the attached letter be sent furnishing the Commission with that statistical data available and summarizing the major accomplishments of this Bureau since the assassination.

*[Handwritten signatures and initials: LHM, CR, HNS, RJS, OK, D, V. Meyer, and others]*



FBI

Date: 8/11/64

PLAIN

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)  
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, 8/4/64, and  
 Dallas airtel to Director, 8/5/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are four photographs  
 of BERNARD WEISSMAN taken at the NYO on 8/10/64, and signed  
 by him. These photographs are to be turned over to the  
 President's Commission.

Enclosed for the Dallas Office are six copies of  
 same photograph.

Investigation at NYO continuing.

*Director of Weissman in Pres. C.  
 Let to Pres. Comm. ROR. lss  
 8-13-64*

- 3 - Bureau  
 2 - Dallas  
 2 - New York

ENCLOSURE (4)

(100-10461) (Encls. 6)

REC-48

EX-108

AUG 12 1964

EWO:vmc  
 (8)

Approved: *SEM*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

AUG 17 1964



FBI

Date: 8/8/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)  
 SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Buairtel to Dallas 8/4/64 enclosing copy of President's Commission letter 8/3/64 requesting photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and J. D. TIPPIT be obtained and exhibited to specifically named individuals. NY Texas

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are two different photographs of deceased Dallas Police Officer J.D. TIPPIT. These two photographs were obtained 8/6/64 from Captain GLEN KING, Administrative Assistant to the Chief of Police, Dallas, Texas.

Each photograph on 8/7/64 was identified on the reverse side as a true photograph of Officer J. D. TIPPIT by his widow, Mrs. MARIE TIPPIT, 238 Glencairn, Dallas, Texas.

The Bureau is requested to deliver these two enclosed photographs to the President's Commission per their request.

The Dallas Office is in the process of making copies of these two photographs for transmittal to pertinent offices to be displayed to designated individuals named in referenced Commission letter.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
  - 1 - New York (Info)
  - 2 - Dallas
- RJB:vm  
(6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

12 AUG 11 1964

EX-108

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



DL 100-10461

It is noted that Mrs. MARIE TIPPIT has advised that the uniformed photograph of her husband was taken in 1952 and the uniformed snapshot was taken in 1957. She stated that the uniformed photograph is the better likeness of her deceased husband.

Mrs. TIPPIT noted that she has no additional good photographs of her husband as he had always put off having a studio photograph made of himself.

Mrs. TIPPIT further advised that BERNARD WEISSMAN is unknown to her and she does not recall her husband ever mentioning his name or having known such an individual.

Mrs. TIPPIT's interview is being incorporated into an FD-302.

The New York Office by Dallas airtel to the Bureau dated 8/5/64 has been instructed to obtain a photograph of BERNARD WEISSMAN.

August 13, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

EX-108

REC-48

EX-108

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - J. M. Sizoo
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 3, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weissman to six individuals having a connection with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed pursuant to your request are two photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and two photographs of Mr. Weissman appropriately authenticated. Mrs. Marie Tippit, who furnished the photographs of her deceased husband, indicated that the photograph in uniform is the better likeness.

For your information, the other investigation requested by you in referenced letter is being pressed vigorously. Some delay may be encountered in locating three of the six individuals as they no longer reside in Texas. At the present time, four of our continental offices are endeavoring to locate these individuals.

When the results of our investigation are received, you will be promptly notified.

- 1 - Dallas (89-43)
- 1 - New York (89-75)
- 1 - Detroit (62-3550)
- 1 - Portland (89-21).

- 62-109060
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- Undistributed (4)
- 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)
- RDR:las (16)

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover  
SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR DALLAS,  
NEW YORK, DETROIT AND PORTLAND

Telecom  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

18 AUG 18 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-441117-1

NOTE FOR SACs, DALLAS, NEW YORK, DETROIT AND PORTLAND

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReDLairtels 8-6-64 and 8-8-64, and New York airtel  
8-11-64.

This matter must continue to receive close attention so that the Commission's request can be complied with at the earliest practicable time.

NOTE: Commission by letter 8-3-64, makes reference to the testimony of Mark Lane before the President's Commission, in which he alleged there was a meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, in Dallas between Bernard Weissman, Officer J. D. Tippit and Jack Ruby. Lane is the New York attorney [REDACTED]

He has been endeavoring to prove that Oswald is innocent. Weissman is the individual who placed the controversial full page ad in a Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, of course, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and proven that no such meeting took place. However, based on the specific request in the above Commission letter, it appears the Commission is endeavoring to check out every possible facet of this matter to preclude possible criticism in the future. The Commission request requires the obtaining of photographs of Weissman and Tippit and displaying same to various individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure that neither were seen in the club at any time.

The Commission also requested authenticated photographs of Officer Tippit and Weissman to be furnished them as soon as possible and prior to completion of our inquiries. This matter will be closely followed and when the results are received, the Commission will be notified.



Class of Service  
This is a fast service  
unless deferred character  
is properly indicated

# WESTERN UNION

## TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, President

SYMBOLS  
DL = Day Letter  
NL = Night Letter  
LY = International  
Letter Telegram

The time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

UDAO 15 SP CAO 15 WAO 10  
(UD) G: HFA 193) NL PD HOMINY OKLA 28  
JAMES LEE TANKIN, CARE WARRN COMMISSION  
VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS BLDG 200 MD AVE NORTHEAST WAS HDC  
ALLAN CROMLEY WASHINGTON BUREAU DAILY OKLAHOMA CAN TESTIFY  
TO RUBYS PRESENCE PARKLAND HOSPITAL  
SHIRLEY MARTIN HOMINY OKLA

JUL 29 AM 6 53

AUG 24 1950

109060-3617

ENCLOSURE

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1408

J. LEE RANKIN  
General Counsel

AUG 11 1964

EARL WARREN  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN WILLIAM COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DALL

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a copy of a telegram received from  
Shirley Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma.

We would appreciate your conducting appropriate  
investigation to determine whether or not Mr. Allan Cromley  
has any information of value to the Commission.

Your cooperation in the work of the Commission  
is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Encl.

REC-88

EX-108

21 AUG 12 1964

EXP. PROC.

8/13/64

AIRTEL

REC-48 62-109060-3617

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J.W. Hines) (Enc)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SAC, WFO (Enc 2)  
From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY  
11/22/63  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for receiving offices are copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8/11/64 and a telegram from Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma, dated 7/29/64.

For the information of WFO, the Congressional Directory on page 754 discloses that Mr. Allan E. Cronley is the Washington representative for the "Oklahoma City Times" and the "Daily Oklahoman." His home address is listed as 700 Kerle Place, Alexandria, Virginia. On page 798 it is indicated Mr. Cronley has an office in Room 905 of the National Press Building, Washington, D. C.

The attention of WFO and Richmond is directed to SAC Letter 64-23 (D) dated 4/23/64 concerning Mrs. Mark E. Martin, aka Shirley Martin, Box 563, Hominy, Oklahoma. Both offices are cautioned to be extremely discreet in any discussion with Mr. Cronley concerning Mrs. Martin.

WFO is instructed to promptly contact Mr. Cronley in line with the Commission's request and elicit from him any information he has relating to this matter. For your assistance information has been previously received that Jack L. Ruby was at the Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas, while the late President Kennedy was receiving emergency treatment on 11/22/63. No information has been developed to date to substantiate this allegation.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Evans \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_

- 1 - Richmond (Enc 2)
- 1 - Oklahoma City (63-41) (Enc 2)
- 1 - Dallas (63-43) (Enc 2)
- 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:mt  
(15)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

8 AUG 18 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

62-109401-1  
62-109060-1

MAILED 4  
AUG 13 1964  
COMM-FBI

2  
AUG 14 1964

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes

*Handwritten signatures and initials:*  
ROR  
Hos  
JFM  
P  
WFO  
125  
WFO



**Airtel to SAC, WFO**

**RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

For the information of WFO, Dallas and Oklahoma City are fully aware of the activities of Shirley Martin and the President's Commission has received numerous communications from the Bureau concerning her.

This matter should be expedited and the results of your interview with Mr. Cromley incorporated in an appropriate letterhead memorandum without the property stamp and submitted to the Bureau and Dallas for dissemination without need for correction or revision. WFO should insure that a true copy of Mrs. Martin's telegram to the Commission is included in the letterhead memorandum as well as an appropriate paragraph relating to the Commission's referring this matter to the Bureau for investigation.

Subsequent reporting of this matter by the Dallas Office is not desired.

**NOTE:**

We have already sent 22 letters to the Commission on Martin. The above SAC Letter alerted the field to her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI. In her telegram to the Commission she alleges that Mr. Cromley can substantiate that Jack Ruby was at Parkland Memorial Hospital. Considerable investigation on this particular allegation has been conducted by this Bureau and no evidence has been developed to substantiate this allegation. In fact our investigation discloses that Ruby was at another location during the period the President was receiving emergency treatment. In view of the Commission's request, it is felt we have no alternative but to comply. When the results are obtained the Commission will be so notified. Bureau files contain several "see" references to Mr. Cromley, however none of a derogatory nature.

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Ray

August 12, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to the request of Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, on August 4, 1964, to a representative of this Bureau concerning reproductions of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were in the possession of this Bureau at the time this request was made.

In accordance with this request, there are enclosed herewith three photocopies each of Commission exhibits, consisting of Ruth Paine Exhibits numbered 272 and 273. These exhibits are retained in this Bureau.

B: COUNCIL SVC.

1 AUG 15

COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

REC-48

19 AUG 13 1964

Enclosures (6)

EX-108

1 - Dallas (100-10461) - Enclosures (3)

NOTE for Dallas: Enclosed for Dallas are photocopies of each of the exhibits being sent to the Commission, together with a listing of same.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

DR:QPM (10)

109060

(See NOTE next page)

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

10 05 AM '64

10 17 AM '64

10 35 AM '64

1 AUG 15 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

**NOTE:**

The request on 8/4/64, was made by Miss Rowcotsky to SA Robert E. Neill. These exhibits were in the possession of the Bureau at the time this request was made, and they are retained.



August 12, 1964

COMMISSION EXHIBIT

DESCRIPTION

Ruth Paine Exhibit 272

Piece of brown wrapping  
paper

Ruth Paine Exhibit 273

Piece of gummed paper tape

AUG 12 1964

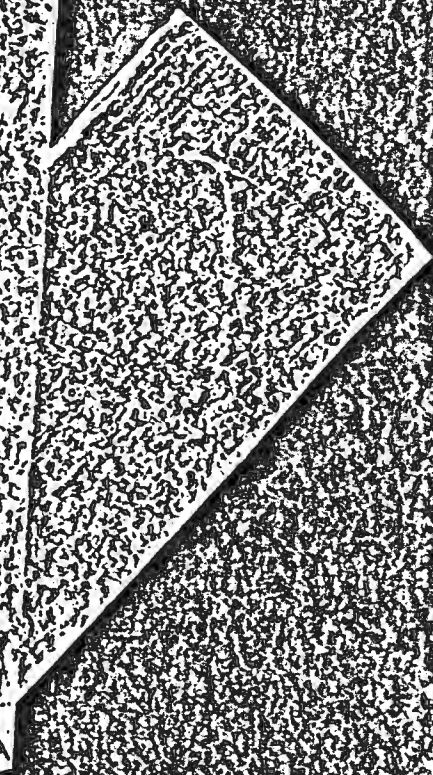
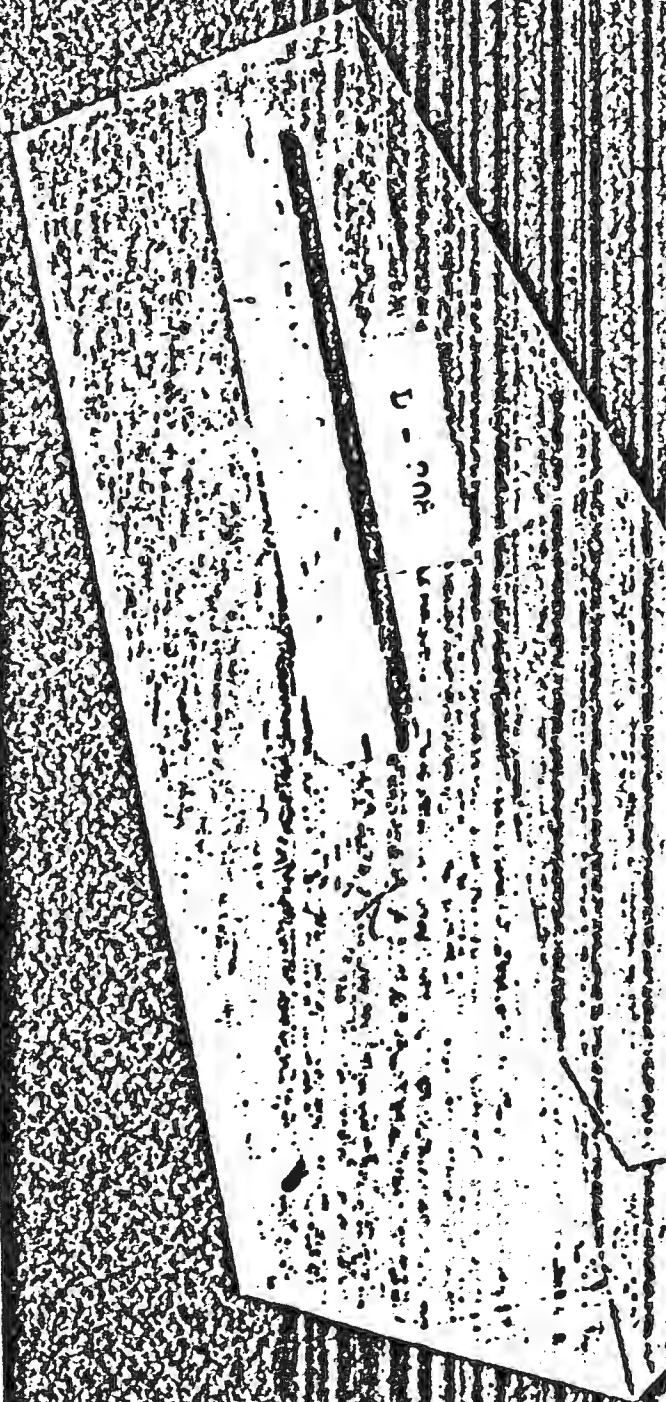
ENCLOSURE

3618

The image shows a single page of a document, likely a ledger or a form, characterized by a grid of horizontal and vertical lines. The page is oriented vertically but is tilted slightly to the right. The entire image is heavily degraded with high-contrast noise, appearing as a dense pattern of black and white speckles and streaks. This noise obscures any text or data that might have been on the page. The grid lines are faint and difficult to discern against the noisy background. The page is set against a dark, textured background.

1. The first group of people who are interested in the study of the history of the United States are the people who are interested in the history of the United States.





8-13-64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Files and Communications  
Division  
(Consolidation Unit)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC: - INFO CONCERNING

Rerep of SA Robert P. Gemberling at Dallas dated 8-7-64. The following observations, instructions and corrections were noted after a review of rerep. The corrections noted below have been handled by the Bureau and should be appropriately corrected by receiving offices.

PAGE

CORRECTION

25

Paragraph 2, next to last line, last word should be changed to "intoxicated"

26

Paragraph 2, Next to last line, Word 5, should be placed in quotation marks

52

Paragraph 3, Line 6, Word 6, should be changed to "of"

91

Paragraph 2, Line 2, delete "s" from Word 4

107

Paragraph 3, Line 1, next to last word should be "Frances"

111

Paragraph 1, Line 1, Word 2, should be "Alvin"

- 1 - New Orleans (89-60)
- 1 - San Antonio (89-67)
- 1 - 62-109060 (President's Commission)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

RDP:las (9)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR FILES  
COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION

REC-48

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR BUREAU

8 AUG 26 1964

EX-108

AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

*Handwritten:* 3619, [initials], [unclear]



Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Provided all corrections referred to above have been made authority is granted for Dallas to disseminate one copy of rerep to U. S. Secret Service locally.

For the information of Dallas, two copies of rerep were furnished to the President's Commission and one copy each was furnished to the Department of Justice and U. S. Secret Service Headquarters Washington, D. C.

NOTE FOR FILES & COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION, (CONSOLIDATION UNIT)

The four copies of rerep which have been disseminated as indicated above have been corrected. The remaining six copies including the original should be corrected as indicated in this communication. Please handle.

NOTE:

The referenced 136 page report is the sixth such report received at the Bureau containing the results of investigation relative to allegations against persons other than Lee Harvey Oswald since the assassination. The information relates to remarks and threats allegedly made by individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy, other officials and the policies of the administration. The complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and patriotic citizens. Copies of this report have been disseminated to the President's Commission, the Department and Secret Service.

Dallas in the cover pages accompanying rerep requested Bureau authority to disseminate copy of this report locally in view of this request, above communication is being sent.

FBI

Date: 8/11/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO

DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)

FROM

SAC DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Dallas 8/4/64 enclosing copy of President's Commission letter 8/3/64 requesting photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and J. D. TIPPIT be obtained and exhibited to various named individuals.

ReDLairtel to Bureau 8/6/64 setting forth various leads to determine present whereabouts of the individuals to whom photographs of WEISSMAN and TIPPIT were to be displayed.

ReDLairtel to Bureau 8/10/64 forwarding two separate photographs of deceased Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT, initialed and identified on the reverse side by his widow, Mrs. MARIE TIPPIT, as photographs of her deceased husband.

The uniformed photograph of Officer TIPPIT was taken in 1957 and is described as a good likeness of her husband.

- (3) - Bureau  
2 - Detroit (Enc. 2) (100-31965)  
2 - Portland (Enc. 2) (89-21)  
2 - New York (Enc. 4) (105-38431)  
3 - Dallas

RJB:vm  
(12)

C C. Wick

REC-6

17 AUG 13 1964

EX 11

60 AUG 20 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_



DL 100-10461

The bareheaded, street clothes photograph of Officer TIPPIT was taken in 1952 at the time of his application for employment with the Dallas Police Department.

Enclosed for Detroit and Portland is one copy each of the two photographs of TIPPIT. Enclosed for New York are two copies each of the two photographs of TIPPIT.

The enclosed photographs of Officer TIPPIT plus that of BERNARD WEISSMAN being obtained by the New York Office, should be displayed to those individuals named in referenced President's Commission letter of 8/3/64.

New York should furnish copies of its photograph of BERNARD WEISSMAN to offices receiving copies of this communication.

LEADS

DETROIT DIVISION

AT CLARE OR HARRISON, MICHIGAN

If LARRY CRAFT is located through investigation requested in referenced Dallas airtel of 8/6/64, will display photographs to him of BERNARD WEISSMAN and J. D. TIPPIT and interview him as requested by the President's Commission.

NEW YORK DIVISION

AT FALLSBURGH, NEW YORK

Will display photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and J.D. TIPPIT to WILLIAM D. CROWE, aka Bill DeMar, as requested in referenced President's Commission letter.

AT MANHATTAN, NEW YORK

Will interview and display photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and Officer J. D. TIPPIT to GEORGE SENATOR as requested in referenced President's Commission letter.

PORTLAND DIVISION

AT DALLAS, OREGON

If LARRY CRAFT located in Portland area, will display photographs of WEISSMAN and TIPPIT to him and interview him in accordance with request in referenced President's Commission letter.

DALLAS DIVISION

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Will interview and display photographs of WEISSMAN and TIPPIT to KAREN BENNETT CARLIN and NANCY POWELL as requested in referenced President's Commission letter.

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

Will interview and display photographs of WEISSMAN and TIPPIT to ANDREW ARMSTRONG, 3821 Dixon, as requested in referenced President's Commission letter.

FBI

Date: 8/12/64

SECRET

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: LEGAT, BONN (62-36) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBonnlet 6/9/64. V

EX 110

62-109060-3621

5A Bureau  
Approved: 1-Liaison  
AUG 19 1964  
Special Agent in Charge  
1-Bonn GAV:eds (6)

Classified by 2040

Exempt from GDS, Category 1

Date of Declassification Indefinite

SECRET



FBI

Date: 8/12/64

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

(Type in plain text or code)

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) *IP*  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 8/11/64, WFO received a letter from the League of Women Voters of the District of Columbia, Room 226, Dupont Circle Building, 1346 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. in which was enclosed the following letter:

COOS BAY, ORE.  
JUNE 30, 1964

SECRETARY OF NAVY  
PENTAGON  
WASHINGTON, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY:

NAVAL OFFICIALS, WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PLOT, ALLOWED THEIR CIC, JOHN F. KENNEDY, TO GO TO THE VERY SPOT WHERE THEY KNEW THAT THE ASSASSIN WAITED. OVER 3 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DALLAS TRAGEDY, NAVAL OFFICIALS HAD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

3- Bureau  
1- WFO, DALLAS, DETROIT, PORTLAND

JWG:pkg  
(4)

AIRTEL

REC-6

109060 36226 *RR*

AUG 14 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*  
0 AUG 26 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

"THE ORGANIZATION.... JFCOTT  
 "THE ASSASSIN..... A DISGRUNTLED EX-SERVICEMAN  
 "THE WEAPON..... A HIGH POWERED RIFLE  
 "THE METHOD..... A SNIPER'S BULLET AS YOU RIDE IN AN OPEN CAR  
 "THE LOCATION..... A PARADE IN DALLAS, TEXAS

"THE PLOT WAS OUTLINED IN A LETTER MAILED AUGUST 12, 1963, TO A MEMBER OF THE PRESIDENT'S CABINET. ALSO, DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST, ON 3 OCCASIONS, DETAILS OF THE PLOT WERE DISCUSSED WITH NAVAL OFFICIALS, AT GREAT LENGTH. AFTER THE DALLAS TRAGEDY, THESE DETAILS, ALONG WITH PHOTOSTATS & PHOTOS, WERE SENT TO THE WARREN COMMISSION.

"THE SYNDICATE HAD OBTAINED, BY FRAUD, HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF \$'s ON NAVY DEFENSE PROJECTS. NAVAL OFFICIALS CO-OPERATED WITH THE SYNDICATE. THE SENATE ARMED FORCES COMMITTEE HAD RULED, IT IS NOT UP TO THE SENATE TO INVESTIGATE THIS GIGANTIC FRAUD, BUT IT IS UP TO THE PRESIDENT.

"NAVAL INTELLIGENCE QUESTIONED MEMBERS OF THE ORGANIZATION WHO PLOTTED THE ASSASSINATION, THEN ALLOWED THEM TO GO FREE. LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS SET UP AS 'A PATSY'.

"\* JFCOTT-JUSTICE FOR CREW OF THE THRESHER.

"RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

"EDWARD P. BRAY/EE

"BENDIX CORP.  
 "FISHER BLDG.  
 "DETROIT, MICH."

Appropriate LHM being prepared and submitted to DETROIT, Dallas and Portland Offices.



OFFICE OF DIRECTOR  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

July 21, 1964

The attached letter which was apparently sent to Walter Winchell anonymously was referred to the Director by Mr. Winchell.

MR. TOLSON  
MR. BELMONT  
MR. MOHR  
MR. CASPER  
MR. CALLAHAN  
MR. CONRAD  
MR. DELOACH  
MR. EVANS  
MR. GALE  
MR. RULLIVANT  
MR. TAVE  
MR. TROTTER  
MR. JONES  
TELE. ROOM  
MISS HOLMES  
MR. MEYER  
MISS GANDY

*[Handwritten notes and signatures in the left margin and body of the letter, including "Winchell" and "All other..."]*

*[Handwritten notes and signatures in the right margin, including "Publ" and "6-11-64"]*

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-109060-3623

ENCLOSURE

AUG 21 1964

REC-102-109060-3623

AUG 14 1964

BT-108



TRUE COPY

The following men have information about the assassination  
of the President. (Kennedy)

T. F. Mullins  
241 Northern Blvd.  
Albany, N. Y.

E. F. Miller  
49 Norwood Ave.  
Deal, N. J.

J. R. McDermott  
39 Park Ave.  
Amsterdam, N. Y.

E. R. Keiber  
5320 Ave. L.  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Anthony Thomas  
1120-7 Ave.  
Watervliet, N. Y.

George Grogan  
1414 Chalmer's  
Detroit, Michigan

R. R. Naismith  
Wood Cliff Lake, N. J.

B. Robinson  
430 E. 11th Ave.  
Denver, Colo.

R. C. Badje  
1571 16th St.  
Columbus, Neb.

G. B. Attick  
35 S. Paxtang Ave.  
Harrisburgh, Pa.

X J. R. Maxwell  
106 Stone Harbor Blvd  
Camp May Court House  
Camp May, N. J.

X J. H. Neice  
118 Ormsby Ave.  
Pynn, Pa.

X S. H. Mostovoy  
P. O. Box 458  
Eureka, Calif.

S. J. Oleska  
561 Pine St.  
Central Falls, R. I.

F. W. Bolesta  
1713 Madison St.  
Brooklyn, NY

J. R. Flannagan  
2800 Lincoln Ave  
Camden, N. J.

J. M. Bucciarelli  
6923 Theodore St.  
Phila., Pa.

W. W. Brown  
2506 N. Chadwick St.  
Phila., Pa.

A. L. Geiser  
4125 Franklin St.  
Phila., Pa.

ENCLOSURE

109060-3623

X H. Lachuesse  
1732 15th St.  
Port Arthur, Texas

X J. Salvetto  
1542 Bond St.  
Brooklyn, Pa.

X Frank Kowalski  
6209 39th Ave  
Woodside, L.I. (Wdsd.)

Navy

X Moorehouse

X Baker

X Chotes

X Negrin

X Kochis

X Donovan

X Fromotola

X Dargocy

X J. Maroney  
5211 Master St.  
W. Phila., Pa.

X E. Sawicki  
37 Rawson St.  
So. Boston, Mass.

X J. A. Mattas  
12134 Klinger  
Detroit, Michigan  
(Hantranck)

See R. C. Badje or G. B. Attick  
for more information

All these men are Ex U.S.C.O. They all have W.W.II Service  
Records. Some are supposed to be deserters. They usually  
hang out in

King's Park State Hosp.  
Kings Park, L.I.  
Elbg's C. & D.  
mostly D. in [Attick]

They fool around with narcotics & Stealing Government Checks  
Compensation Checks etc. The names with the X's are the  
instigators.

Supposed to be communist



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : Mr. Griffith

SUBJECT: Anonymous Letters to the  
Attorney General and  
Walter Winchell

DATE: 7/31/64

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Meenig

On 7/28/64 the evidence described below was received in the Laboratory from Supervisor Rogge of the General Investigative Division. Qc4 through Qc6 had originally been submitted by the Assistant Attorney General of the Criminal Division of the Department.

- Q1 Envelope addressed in part "Mr. Walter Winchell, c/o Journal American 220 South Street."
- Q2 Two sheets of handwriting, first sheet of handwriting beginning "The following men have information about"
- Q3 Second sheet of handwriting beginning "All these men are..."
- Qc4 Photocopy of three-page letter to "Robert F. Kennedy," first page beginning "To Robert F. Kennedy, Just a few lines to let you know that..."
- Qc5 Photocopy of second page containing list of names and addresses, first name and address in part "George Grogan 1414 Chalmers..."
- Qc6 Photocopy of third page beginning "They are..."

It was concluded that the handwriting on Qc4 through Qc6 was written by the writer of Q1 through Q3, with the exception of the handwriting on the back of the envelope, Q1.

No indented writing of value was found on Q1 through Q3. Q3 bears the watermark "Fifth Avenue." Q2 contains a fragment of a watermark which may be a portion of the "Fifth Avenue" watermark. Paper bearing the "Fifth Avenue" watermark is handled exclusively by the F. W. Woolworth stores. Q1 does not contain any watermark or other identifying characteristic which would assist in determining the source of the envelope.

Mr. Belmont  
Mr. Rosen (Mr. Rogge)

79 AUG 18 1964

UNRECORDED COPY

Memorandum Griffith to Conrad  
Re: Anonymous Letters to the  
Attorney General and  
Walter Winchell

Q1 through Qc6 were searched through the appropriate sections of the Anonymous Letter File without effecting an identification.

- A separate memorandum will be submitted regarding the results of the latent fingerprint examination of Q1 through Q3. Q1 through Qc6 will be attached to the fingerprint report. Appropriate photographs have been made.

ACTION: This memorandum should be forwarded to attention of Supervisor Fogge in the General Investigative Division for appropriate handling.

LATENT

recorded  
7/29/64  
km1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

NO LAB FILE

ANONYMOUS LETTERS TO THE  
ATTORNEY GENERAL and  
Walter Winchell

File # 62-109060-362

Lab. # D-455163 DJ

LATENT

LATENT

Examination requested by: AAG J. B. ...

L. 7/15/64

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Date received: 7/28/64

Result of Examination:

Examination by: Mesnig

*Dr. H. A. C. 4 - C. 1 - 3 except page 1 - 200 End of letter. In blue.*

*J. B. ...*

*Page advised to be submitted for examination*

- Q1 Envelope addressed in part "Mr. Walter Winchell c/o Journal American 220 South 4 Street..."
- Q2 Two sheets of handwriting, first sheet of handwriting beginning "The following men have information about..."
- Q3 Second sheet of handwriting beginning "All these men are..."
- Q4 Photocopy of Three-page letter to "Robert F. Kennedy," first page beginning "To Robert F. Kennedy. Just a few lines to let you know that..."
- Qc5 Photocopy of Second page contains list of addresses, first address in part "George Grogan 1414 Chalmers..."
- Qc6 Photocopy of Third page beginning "They are former ...."

Q1-Qc6 SEARCHED ALF(H) HW - 3A-38-3C-3D-3E  
NY VT MASS CONN NJ PENN  
NO IDENT 7-30-64



Q1 ENVELOPE - WHITE - NO WM

L. 1 W. TH. 1  
CAP. 3.66 0043

Q2 LETTER - WHITE - NO WM - ONE EDGE TORN

L. 1 W. TH. 1  
T. 20 5.44 0040

Q3 LETTER - WHITE - WM

L. 1 W. TH. 1  
T. 20 5.27 0040

*Frederick A. J. Martin*  
*Morphine*  
*Fifth*

*Fifth*  
*Avenue*

*(F.W. WOOLWORTH)*

41-3  
*Mr. J. H. City The S. J.*  
*L. E. H. J. Park All the*  
*I*

41-6  
*John S. P. L. M. A.*

*Ask*

*3*

*3*



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : MR. TROTTER

DATE: 8-3-64

FROM : S. F. Latona

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

The attached envelope addressed to Walter Winchell, as well as the attached undated anonymous letters to Mr. Winchell and to the Attorney General, which allegedly furnish information re assassination of President Kennedy have been examined by the Latent Fingerprint Section for latent impressions, but none of value were developed.

Letters and envelope should be forwarded to General Investigative Division, attention SA Richard D. Rogge, Room 5730 JB, per request that Division.

## ACTION:

For information

Enc. (6)  
62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley) (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan) (sent direct)
- 1 - SA Richard D. Rogge, Room 5730 JB (sent direct)
- 1 - 105-82555 (Assassination)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RGW:sem/nma  
(12)

REC 4

16 AUG 14 1964

EX-108

RECEIVED

RECEIVED

79 AUG 18 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

DATE: August 11, 1964

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT JOHN F.  
WARREN COMMISSION  
FILM

On 8/11/64, Mr. John F. Novatney, Jr., law firm of Baker, Hostetler and Eatterson, Union Commerce Building, Cleveland, and Mr. Burt Reinhardt, Managing Editor, United Press International (UPI), Newsfilm, 442 West 56th Street, New York 19 New York, called at my office and talked to Kemper.

Mr. Novatney stated that his firm represents UPI and they had been referred to Inspector Malley of the FBI by the Warren Commission in connection with certain films which were owned by UPI. He stated that they desired to put on all copies of these films a film strip which would show that UPI had the copyright to these films. He also wanted the FBI's assurance that we would not distribute them to anyone outside of the FBI.

These few pieces of film are of the assassination and are known as the Muchmore film and the Nix film. (It will be recalled that UPI was extremely cooperative right after the assassination in making copies available to us.)

Kemper said that we would be only too glad to put the copyright films on the copies in our possession and Mr. Reinhardt is going to send them down to us so that this will be done.

Kemper assured Messrs. Novatney and Reinhardt that the Bureau would never give the film out to anyone, even in the Federal Government.

Mr. Novatney said he understood that U. S. Information Service is making a film on the assassination and they are going to contact them to be sure they don't have any of the film. He is also going to contact the Secret Service in order to make a similar request of them.

RECOMMENDATION: For information.

- 1 - Mr. Rosen, Attention: Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Conrad, Attention: Mr. Shaneyfelt
- 1 - Mr. Jones

ECK:amr

(5) AUG 20 1964

AUG 14 1964

CRIME RESEARCH

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

UNRECORDED COPY

## Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/11/64

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia (157-916)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Submitted as an enclosure is a sealed envelope addressed "Chief Justice Warren, Warren Commission, Washington, D. C."

On 8/4/64, a woman, white, appearing to be in her late 30's or early 40's, who identified herself as Mrs. HELEN I. REED, 224A South West End Avenue, Lancaster, Pa., visited the Lancaster, Pa., Resident Agency and was interviewed by SA PHILIP M. CULLEN.

Mrs. REED said she is self-employed as a private tutor. She said she has been employed in the past as an Assistant Professor of Education at Northwestern University; the University of Miami, Oxford, Ohio; the University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Branch; Oregon State University, Corvallis, Ore.; and Portland State University, Portland, Ore. She advised that she has a Master's Degree in Education.

Mrs. REED said that she does not trust the United States Mails and because of this reason came to the FBI as she had information pertaining to the assassination of President KENNEDY, which she requested SA PHILIP M. CULLEN to personally deliver into the hands of President JOHNSON.

Mrs. REED was advised that SA PHILIP M. CULLEN was not in any position to personally deliver any message to President JOHNSON and called to her attention that if the matter pertained in any way to the assassination of President KENNEDY, the proper authority to receive this information would be either the Warren Commission or the FBI.

- 2 - Bureau (62-109060) (Enc.-1)  
1 - Philadelphia (157-916)

PMC:pck  
(3)

EX-102  
16 AUG 18 1964

79 AUG 18 1964

Efforts to elicit the nature of the information in the possession of Mrs. REED was unsuccessful other than her repeated statements that it dealt with "psychological brain washing" and was of immediate importance.

At the conclusion of the interview, Mrs. REED requested SA PHILIP M. CULLEN to guarantee delivery of her information personally to the Warren Commission. She was advised that SA CULLEN would transmit any information she had pertinent to the assassination of President KENNEDY to FBI Headquarters, Washington, D. C., in the FBI official mail and that the information would be furnished to proper officials on the Warren Commission.

Mrs. REED then stated that she would furnish her information in writing in a sealed envelope for handling in the above manner.

On 8/7/64, Mrs. REED again contacted SA CULLEN at the Lancaster, Pa., Resident Agency and furnished a sealed envelope addressed to "Chief Justice Warren, Warren Commission, Washington, D. C.," which she requested the FBI deliver through its Washington, D. C., Headquarters to the Warren Commission.

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU:

The Bureau is requested to deliver the enclosed envelope to the proper authorities on the Warren Commission.

For the information of the Bureau, Mrs. REED presents an appearance of normality, was well dressed, neat appearing, and spoke with sincerity although one of her opening remarks on initial interview with SA CULLEN on 8/4/64 was "You'll probably think I'm crazy."

There is no record for Mrs. REED at the Lancaster Police Department.

There is no listing for Mrs. HELEN I. REED in the 1963 issue of Polk's Lancaster City Directory or in the current Lancaster City Telephone Directory.

The 1963 Lancaster City Directory indicates no residence at 224A South West End Avenue, Lancaster.



PH 157-916

The current Lancaster Telephone Directory carries a listing for EDNA M. REED, 324A South West End Avenue, Lancaster, Pa.

*The girl is ident with  
based on limited  
on envelope  
with that in abn  
J. R. Malley this  
showing by  
service to the  
Commissioner  
with the following*

This letter was delivered to an Agent of our Lancaster Resident Agency on 8-7-64, by a female identifying herself as Mrs. Helen I. Reed, 224 A South West End Avenue, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, for delivery to you. Mrs. Reed stated she did not trust the U. S. Mails.

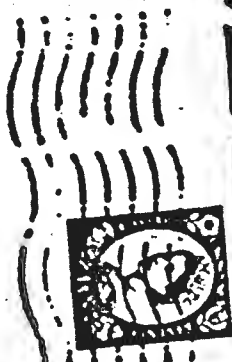
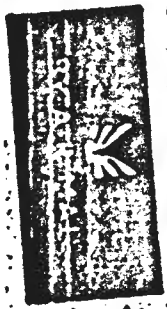


Chief Justice Warren  
Warren Commission  
Washington, D.C.

"President of President of Representative"  
F.B.I. - Lancaster, Pa.

3627

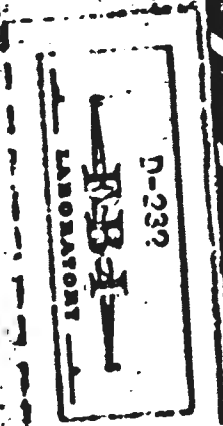
NOT SURE



MR. J. E. Hower.

c/o. new York F.B.I.

N.Y. city





CHURCH STREET  
STATION



D-232  
FBI  
LABORATORY

RECEIVED

19 July 1941  
Huddersfield  
York  
England

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

Dear Sir,

I am writing to you in regard to the matter of the  
some of the persons who were involved in the  
which was not because of a personal matter  
but for the matter of the person who was  
I had.

I think I have been very clear in my  
and as I have said before, I am not a  
person who is easily influenced.

I am writing you on this matter because I  
am sure that you will be interested in  
the matter of the person who was involved in the

and I am sure that you will be interested in  
the matter of the person who was involved in the

and I am sure that you will be interested in  
the matter of the person who was involved in the

and I am sure that you will be interested in  
the matter of the person who was involved in the

and I am sure that you will be interested in  
the matter of the person who was involved in the

and I am sure that you will be interested in  
the matter of the person who was involved in the

D-232  
KBA



P.S. THIS IS NOT

D-232

FBI



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Downing  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Cadigan

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 8/5/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 7/30/64, the evidence listed below was received in the Laboratory.

Q606 Airmail envelope postmarked "HUDDERSFIELD YORKSHIRE 11 30 AM 20 JULY 1964," bearing handwritten address (D-232) "MR. J. E. Hover. c/o. New York. F B. I. N. Y. City." and accompanying one-page hand printed and handwritten letter dated 19 July 64, beginning "Mr. J. Edgar Hover. Sir as a..." and ending on reverse side "...P.S. THIS. IS. NOT. A. JOKE"

The handwriting on Q606 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this handwriting will be added to this file for future reference.

The envelope contained in Q606 contains the brand name "FAM" AIRBORNE NEWTON MILL LTD ENGLAND." The letter in Q606 does not contain any watermark or other significant features to indicate the source of this paper.

The word "Blud" in paragraph 2 of the letter comes very close to the spelling of the German word "Blut (blood) which ends in the hard consonant "t." When pronouncing this word, many people pronounce it "Blud," particularly in Saxony and Southern parts of Germany.

The "T" (T) appears in Spanish, German and English writings. The writer used this "T" in "Think" in paragraph 3, in "Texas" in paragraph 4.

Enclosures

62-109369

1 - Mr. Belmont  
2 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Rojce, Room 5730)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan

REC 271

100-3628

IX 102

4 AUG 14 1964

(Continued - Over)

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad  
Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy  
62-179960

The "x" in "Texas" in paragraph 4 and "texas" in paragraph 5 resembles the handwritten Russian "x" and the handwritten German capital "X."

It is impossible from the material available to suggest the particular nationality of the writer.

Q006 is retained in the Laboratory. Five photographs of this exhibit are attached.

ACTION: That this memorandum and enclosures be forwarded to the General Investigative Division for the attention of Supervisor R. D. Hodge.

BJE

DO-4 OFFICE OF DIRECTOR  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

MR. TOLSON  
MR. BELMONT  
MR. MOHR  
MR. CASPER  
MR. CALLAHAN  
MR. CONRAD  
MR. DELOACH  
MR. EVANS  
MR. GALE  
MR. RYAN  
MR. TAVEL  
MR. TROTTER  
MR. JONES  
TELE. ROOM  
MISS HOLMES  
MISS METCALF  
MISS GANDY

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the routing slip and body of the document]*



8-10-64

Airtel

EX-102

- 1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadigan)
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

To: Legat, London Enclosures (4)  
 SAC, Dallas (89-43) Enclosures (4)

From: Director, FBI (157-109080) — 3628

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

Enclosed for Legal Attache London are four Xerox copies and for New York one Xerox copy of an anonymous communication received by our New York Office and forwarded to the Bureau. Enclosed for Dallas are four photographic copies of this same letter bearing FBI Exhibit number D232.

This communication which is self-explanatory was examined by our Laboratory as follows:

Q606 Airmail envelope postmarked "HUDDERSFIELD YORKSHIRE 11 30 AM 20 JULY 1964," bearing handwritten address (D-232) "MR. J. E. HOVER, c/o. New York, F. B. I. N. Y. City," and accompanying one-page hand printed and handwritten letter dated 19 July 64, beginning "Mr. J. Edgar Hover, Sir as a..." and ending on reverse side "...P.S. THIS IS NOT A JOKE"

The handwriting on Q606 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this handwriting will be added to this file for future reference.

The envelope contained in Q606 contains the brand name "FAIR AIRBORNE NEWTON MILL LTD ENGLAND." The letter in Q606 does not contain any watermark or other significant features to indicate the source of this paper.

The word "Blud" in paragraph 2 of the letter comes very close to the spelling of the German word "Blut" (blood)

1 - New York (89-75) Enc. (1)

2 - Foreign Liaison (originally approved by D. J. Brennan 8-10-64)

RDR:las (12)

AUG 11 1964

COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

9 AUG 18 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Airtel to Legat, London  
SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

which ends in the hard consonant "t." When pronouncing this word, many people pronounce it "Blud," particularly in Saxony and Southern parts of Germany.

The "T" (T) appears in Spanish, German and English writings. The writer used this "T" in "Think" in paragraph 3, in "Texas" in paragraph 4.

The "x" in "Texas" in paragraph 4 and "texas" in paragraph 5 resembles the handwritten Russian "x" and the handwritten German capital "X."

It is impossible from the material available to suggest the particular nationality of the writer.

Q306 is retained in the Laboratory.

Legal Attache London through sources at Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England, endeavor to identify anonymous writer or if this is not possible, endeavor to learn if similar type communications are known to your sources. If the writer is identified, have him interviewed concerning his allegations. The results of all investigation should be incorporated in appropriate inserts, 25 for Dallas, for inclusion in a subsequent report by Dallas. Legal Attache London should insure your inserts incorporate a true copy of the anonymous letter and the results of the FBI Laboratory examination of same, as well as appropriate comment regarding this matter being referred to the Bureau by our New York Office.

Dallas upon receipt of the inserts from the Bureau should incorporate same including appropriate photographic copies of the letter in a subsequent report in the above-captioned matter.

Legal Attache London should make every effort to expedite this investigation as the President's Commission is endeavoring to wind up its inquiry at an early date.

NOTE: Anonymous letter dated 7-19-64, was mailed to our New York Office from England. The writer alleges he was in Texas 1 week prior to the assassination and that the assassination was committed by a "well-known man" whose identity is known by "Texas police." The writer states

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE THREE



he is also advising President Johnson of this information. However, no such referral has been received to date from the White House. While the letter is very nonspecific and it is doubtful the writer has any information of value, it is felt this matter should be checked out principally because a copy may be forwarded to the White House. When the results of investigation are received, it will be incorporated in a report and disseminated to the President's Commission.

DATE: 8/11/64

FROM : A. Rose

**SUBJECT: PROPOSED FOREIGN TELEVISION PROGRAM  
ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY (USIA)**

Memorandum dated August 3, 1964 from Jones to DeLoach recommended that prior to the Bureau taking any action to cooperate with the U. S. Information Agency (USIA) that the matter be discussed with J. Lee Rankin of the President's Commission.

\* CONTINUING PROPOSED  
TELEVISION PROGRAM

On August 11, 1964, this matter was discussed with Mr. Rankin and he advised that while the President's Commission had committed themselves to be of assistance to USIA, they did not intend to give out information prior to the release of the Commission's report. He stated he felt the report of the President's Commission would speak for itself and that there would be no necessity of requiring individuals to furnish answers to various questions. He stated he was aware of the proposed script that USIA was working on but that the President's Commission had taken no action on this matter at the present time. Mr. Rankin said he understood he had been quoted rather freely but actually he had not furnished specific answers to USIA.

With respect to the Bureau cooperating with USIA, Mr. Rankin requested that they be advised that this matter had been discussed with the President's Commission and that in the event USIA desired any specifics at this time the matter should be discussed in detail with the President's Commission first and in the event the President's Commission decided they needed any specific material or interviews with individuals at the Bureau, arrangements would be made for same following the discussion with the President's Commission.

**ACTION:**

NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 15 1964

Miss Shafer should be advised that the President's Commission does not desire the Bureau to furnish specific information at this time and in the event USIA desires data at this time, they should contact the President's Commission and discuss the matter in detail with the Commission.

JR.:mpd (8)

SEP 14 1964

68-51149-1A

F.B.I.

Date: August 14, 1964

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109030)

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178) P

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Milwaukee 8/11/64 and Milwaukee  
airtel to Bureau 8/12/64.

Enclosed are original and one copy of explanations  
supplied by SA [REDACTED] who prepared the LHM sub-  
mitted to the Bureau dated August 7, 1964.

The LHM of August 7, 1964 was approved by relief  
supervisor [REDACTED] who is on extended annual leave  
through August 23, 1964. SA [REDACTED] is vacationing away from  
Milwaukee. L

UACB, an explanation will be obtained from SA [REDACTED]  
promptly upon his return from leave on 8/31/64, and this will  
be forwarded to Bureau along with recommendations for any  
administrative action indicated.

2 - Bureau (Spec. Inquiries)  
1 - Milwaukee

JEL: [REDACTED]  
(2)

REC-19

EX-110

3 AUG 17 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

PERS. REC. UNIT

67 SEP 16 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC (62-1178)

DATE: 8/14/64

FROM :

SA [REDACTED]

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
WISC - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtels 3/11/64 and 3/4/64.

With regard to items 1, 2, 4 and 5 set forth in Bureau airtel dated 3/11/64, I wish to state that at the time that I prepared the letterhead memorandum in question, I did not notice the typing errors contained therein as set forth by the Bureau in the above listed items.

With regard to item three in Bureau airtel dated 3/11/64, it is noted that Bureau airtel dated 3/4/64 instructed the Dallas Office to "incorporate a true copy of the anonymous letter". Since these instructions were not clear to me, I discussed the matter with relief supervisor [REDACTED] after which it was my understanding that the best way that a "true copy" could be furnished would be to make a Zerox copy and attach it to the LHM in question. It was my opinion that the Bureau's desire for a "true copy" was the important item in this matter and since the letter in question was in handwriting, I felt that the requirement could only be met by a Zerox copy.

Meticulous attention will be given to these matters in the future to a sure that they do not ever recur.

RES: " "

(3)



For Mail



Committee on Selective Training  
in Civilian  
Control  
Tolson

D-220

FBI

LABORATORY



Apr 1964  
FBI  
FBI

Commission of Investigation  
Belet, Kansas - To

all men  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy  
were victims of a conspiracy involving  
a large number including the vice  
president himself.

I am sure the hand was on at  
the tele-ray apt, radar and radio  
manufacture.

Not many knew of this electronic  
trick group who were employed  
in that tele-ray by radio tele-  
vid under Adm. Colborn. Dallas  
Colborn had been a help in Kennedy's  
campaign 1960. In this way he  
had some arrangement with Colborn  
who shared the tele-ray tele-  
to Mr Kennedy.

Now Mr Kennedy became a bit  
interested in such device that  
would by wireless allow one to hear  
and see a display at a distance.  
Mr Colborn had one operator.

D-220  
LABORATORY

at London Tex connected with Dallas  
H.A.S. by K.F.D. (Recommends Lee that  
the man regard to this) who was told  
to be one who could help him to catch on  
to the case.

The man is John Philip who I  
believe shot Mr Kennedy the  
day his wife at side of  
Mr Kennedy. I saw the report may  
on the "sister" of Mr Kennedy wife  
Philip headed the streamer of  
electron light to indicate to  
Philip the path spot to shoot  
down to kill his aim.

Philip held the gun and at his  
side stood John Knight employed  
to kill the whole of electronical.

Mr Philip and wife were jealous  
of Mr Kennedy's desire to help  
a lady in her endeavor of work.

Philip wanted Mr K to devote  
his attention to Philip's wife for  
much money could come to them.

This way it was not that Mr Kennedy  
wanted the Phil woman at all.

D-228

LABORATORY



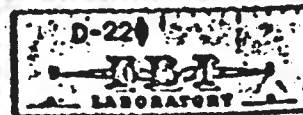
He loved his own lady,  
Mr Phil began to love Mary on  
Mr Kennedy and had the wife in  
It was following this moment felt  
and they both decided that  
the electronic volatile machine  
called gun could be aligned  
safe by Colburn's gift wheel  
electrified almost all this and  
it was better to do the deed there

Mr Kennedy there told Colburn he  
meant to be home and to Sallie

This infuriated the Phil woman  
named Mary Nelson on your way  
with the child Phil as well  
name

The couple left Houston 1961 and  
lived in White house on this  
electronic business

Agood did not shoot. He was  
told by Phil he could be killed  
if he did not stay to steady the shoulder  
of Phil from the shock of this powerful  
electricity. Phil went to Dallas just  
to ask Agood if he were going to



tell. DeFord said yes. I  
will have to tell as reflect was  
shot took him.

③ The other man took money to jail to  
get police quiet. Phil left  
and one of the men took DeFord.  
Some Dallas police man identify  
Phil as man who went in  
to see DeFord and here you  
have chief right.

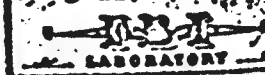
The man Phil created DeFord  
to find out by he pointed Phil  
on him and Colhoun had made  
the date to have officer let Phil  
see DeFord - this is on the dark  
but sure.

See if Helen woman was not  
near Mr Kennedy at time he  
was shot -

④ See where Phil went at the  
time of deed (night at DeFord's  
apartment in left side house)

he did not look out window  
but followed the electric beam held  
by Colhoun - See this electric beam etc

D-220





## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>DALLAS</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>DALLAS</b>	DATE <b>8/7/64</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>11/22/63-8/5/64</b>
TITLE OF CASE <b>ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS</b>		REPORT MADE BY <b>ROBERT P. GEMBERLING</b>	TYPED BY <b>ds</b>
		CHARACTER OF CASE <b>MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING</b>	

## REFERENCES:

Reports of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, 12/18/63; 3/30/64;  
5/15/64; 6/19/64; 7/16/64, at Dallas.

- P -

## ENCLOSURES: TO THE BUREAU:

Enclosed herewith and attached to appropriate copies of  
this report for the Bureau are three photographs of Exhibit D-221.

Two copies of this exhibit are listed as enclosures for  
the President's Commission in the body of this report with those  
copies being attached to the copies of the report that are desig-  
nated as President's Commission copies.

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: (10 - Bureau (62-109060) (Enc. 3) (RM) 1 - New Orleans (89-69) (Info.) 1 - San Antonio (89-67) (Info.) 4 - Dallas (89-43)		<div style="text-align: right;">3630</div> <div style="text-align: center;">17</div> <div style="text-align: center;">17 JUL 10 1964</div> <div style="text-align: right;">REC-13 ST-101</div>	
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		NOTATIONS	
ADDITIONAL COPIES	COPIES DESTROYED	<div style="text-align: right;">SIX</div> <div style="text-align: right;">12/16/74</div>	
DATE	BY		
HOW FWD.			

84 SEP 25 1964



DL 89-43

LEADS:

All leads in this case have been set forth by teletype or airtel and are not being restated herein.

NEW ORLEANS AND SAN ANTONIO: (INFORMATION)

One copy of this report is being furnished each of the New Orleans and San Antonio Offices for information in view of extensive investigation conducted in those Divisions.

IDENTITIES OF SOURCES:

The identities of sources who requested their identities not be divulged, mentioned on certain pages in this report, are identified as follows:

Page Number

Identity of Source

8 (First source)

Shepherdsville, Kentucky (request)

8 (Second source)

U. S. Post Office, Shepherdsville, Kentucky (request)

113-122

[Legat, Bern]

122

[Legat, Bonn]

ADMINISTRATIVE:

In connection with this report, it should be borne in mind that the Dallas Office has a separate case in connection with the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS," Dallas file 44-1637, Bureau file 44-24016.

- B -

COVER PAGE

DL 89-43

It is also pointed out that the Dallas Office has a separate case captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.; INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA," Dallas file 100-10461, Bureau file 105-82555.

Numerous communications have been received bearing the assassination caption (instant case) which contain information concerning OSWALD and/or his connection with the assassination, and such communications are being filed and reported in the case bearing the OSWALD caption. For the most part, miscellaneous allegations bearing on the assassination are reported in instant case and all others in the LEE HARVEY OSWALD case. All information pertaining to items of evidence in connection with the assassination related to OSWALD are being reported under the LEE HARVEY OSWALD caption.

The overlap in the period of this report with that of previous reports in this matter was occasioned by the fact that material with respect to certain allegations was withheld until such time as the complete resolving of the particular allegation could be included in one report. Also, much of the information contained in this report originated with other offices.

The contents of this report merely reflect those allegations which, in the opinion of the Dallas Office, have been resolved completely. Numerous other allegations are under investigation or the Dallas Office is awaiting receipt of appropriate FD-302's and inserts and, upon receipt of same, another report will be submitted in instant caption.

It is recognized that in some instances information contained in this report may have been submitted by various offices in the form of a letterhead memorandum for immediate dissemination. However, it is believed that for ready reference to expedite inquiries received, it is advantageous to have such information from all offices contained in one section of a report. Where the Bureau has specifically instructed that it is not necessary to report a particular

- C -

COVER PAGE

DL 89-43

allegation where letterhead memoranda are submitted, every effort is being made not to include such information in report form.

Every effort has been made by the Dallas Office to review the numerous allegations for purposes of determining if they have been sufficiently resolved, recognizing this report will be disseminated to the President's Commission. However, some of the complaints included are so nebulous it is difficult to determine what, if any, investigation can be conducted to resolve such allegations. In each instance every effort has been made to conduct whatever investigation was believed logical. It is felt that any additional investigation into the potential for harming the President with respect to any of the individuals mentioned should lie within the jurisdiction of the U. S. Secret Service; however, it is felt that no matter how nebulous the information available may be the Bureau should include such information herein.

No T symbols were used in instant report, but where it was necessary to conceal the identity of the source of the information in the details, such source is identified as reflected above.

Where investigation has previously been reported in connection with a particular allegation mentioned in this report, the identity of the report where such other investigation is reflected is set forth. In such instances where the title of such reports differs from instant report the title of such report is also set forth.

No local dissemination of this report is being made pending receipt of instructions from the Bureau to the effect that such report may be disseminated to the U. S. Secret Service at Dallas, Texas.

It is suggested that in view of the fact that considerable information is set forth regarding persons who may

- D -

COVER PAGE

DL 89-43

have made threatening remarks or statements, the Bureau may desire to disseminate a copy of this report on a national level to the U. S. Secret Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

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COVER PAGE



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DL 89-43

ENCLOSURES: TO PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION:

Enclosed for the President's Commission are two copies of the following-described exhibit, together with information as to where the results of investigation concerning such exhibit are reflected:

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Where Results of Investigation Reported</u>
D-221 (Q583)	Anonymous letter post-marked April 22, 1964, Shepherdsville, Kentucky, addressed "Committee Investigation of Kennedy Assanation Mr. Connolly Austin Texas"	Instant report, pages 3 to 9

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy

Report of: SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING  
Date: August 7, 1964

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: 89-43

Bureau File No.: 62-109060

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Character: MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Synopsis:

During course of captioned investigation numerous allegations have been received concerning persons other than the alleged assassin, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and logical investigation has been conducted in each instance in an effort to resolve such allegations.

- P -

DL 89-43

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of investigation concerning allegations made against numerous other persons other than the alleged assassin of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD.



DL 89-43

Anonymous Letter Postmarked  
April 22, 1964, Shepherdsville,  
Kentucky, Directed to Mr. Connolly  
(Governor Connally), Austin, Texas

The letter referred to above was mailed in an envelope addressed to "Committee Investigation of Kennedy Assanation Mr. Connolly Austin Texas."



Date May 26, 1964

The following letter was furnished by Mr. LARRY  
TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Executive Department,  
 State of Texas, Austin, Texas:

"April 22, 1964"

"Louisville"

"Commission of Investigation"

"Be it known to

all men,

"John Fitzgerald Kennedy were victim of a conspiracy involving a large number including the vice-president himself.

"I am sure the hand were one at the tele-ray spot, radar and radio manufacture.

"Not many knew of this electronic needle group who were employed in this tele-ray by radio televi led under Adams Colhoun, Dallas Colhoun had been a help in Mr. Kennedy's campaign 1960. In this way he became acquainted with Colhoun who shewed the tele-ray television to Mr. Kennedy.

"Now Mr. Kennedy became a bit interested in such device that would by wireless allow one to hear and see a display at a distance.

"Now Colhoun had one operator at houston Tex. connected with Dallas w f a a by KFDM Beaumont (see this sta in rezerd to this) who was told to be one who could help him 'to catch on' to its use.

"The man is John Philip who I believe shot Mr. Kennedy by tele ray his wife at side of Mr. Kennedy threw the spot ray on the side of Mr. Kennedy where Colhoun headed the stream of electron light to indicate to Philip the path

5/25/64

Austin, Texas

File # SA 89-67by Special Agent GEORGE W. H. CARLSON/mjb/vmDate dictated 5/25/64

"spot to shoot along to hit his arm.

"Philip held the gun, and at his side stood John Knight employed to hold the scale of electronics. Now Philip and wife were jealous of Mr. Kennedy's desire to help a lady in her endeavor of work. Philip wanted Mr. K to devote his attention to Philip's wife for much money could come to them this way. It was not that Mr. Kennedy's wanted the Phil woman at all. He loved his own lady, Mr. Philip hoped to love easy on Mr. Kennedy and keep the wife in. It was jealousy this woman felt and they both decided that the electronic volatile machine called gun could be aligned safe by Colhoun's great wherdle electron (be alme had this) and it were better to do the deed there Mr. Kennedy there told Colhoun he meant to be some aid to Sallie- This infuriated the Philip woman named Mary Wilson on your pay roll the Mildred Philip is real name.

"The couple left Houston 1961 and liven in White house on this electronic business.

"Osgood did not shoot. He was told by Phil he could be killed if he did not obey to steady the shoulder of Phil from the kick of this powerful electricity - Phil went to Dallas Jail to ask Osgood if he were going to tell. Osgood said 'Yes' I will have to tell so result was shot took him.

"The other men took money to jail to get police quiet - Phil left and one of the men took Osgood. Have Dallas police man identify Philip as man who went in to see Osgood and here you have clue right.

"The man Philip visited Osgood to fond out if he Osgood would tell on him and Colhoun had made the date to have officer let Phil see Osgood -

"this is in the dark but sure.

"See if Wilson was or was not near Mr. Kennedy at time he was shot. -

"See where Phillip went at the time of deed (right at Osgood's shelter in test book house he did not look out window but followed the electric beam held by Colhoun - See this electric beam etc."

LS 89-63

DLS:phd

1

On June 12, 1964 Sheriff BILL FRENCH and Judge ARSON MOORE, Shepherdsville, Kentucky, were contacted by SA DONALD L. SMITH regarding the letter postmarked April 22, 1964 at Shepherdsville, Kentucky concerning the committee investigating the KENNEDY assassination, and each advised they did not recognize the handwriting of the letter, and could furnish no information regarding the unknown writer.



LS 87-63  
DLS:phd:vm

1

On June 12, 1964, a source, who did not desire his identity disclosed, advised SA DONALD L. SMITH that he could furnish no information regarding the writer of the letter postmarked at Shepherdsville, Kentucky, which was sent to Austin, Texas, regarding the assassination of the President. It is possible someone was passing through Shepherdsville and dropped the letter in the post office, as it is noted it was dated April 22, 1964, Louisville. Shepherdsville is about 21 miles south of Louisville.

On June 12, 1964, a second source, who did not desire his identity disclosed, advised SA SMITH that he recalls a letter going through the post office at Shepherdsville, Kentucky, which had an address regarding the KENNEDY assassination. He could not say for sure the one postmarked April 22, 1964, at Shepherdsville was the one, although it probably was. He could furnish no information regarding the writer of the letter and did not recognize the handwriting.



1  
DL 89-43  
RPG:eah:vm

Under date of June 12, 1964, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning a document examination requested by the San Antonio Office on May 26, 1964:

"Specimens received 6/2/64

"Q583 -- Letter postmarked April 22, 1964, Shepherdsville, Ky., addressed 'Committee Investigation of Kennedy Assassination Mr. Connolly  
"Austin  
Texas'

also, accompanying four-page handwritten letter beginning 'Commission of Investigation...' and ending '...this electric beam etc'

"Result of examination:

"The handwriting on Q583 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. Appropriate photographs will be added to this file.

"The paper used to prepare Q583 does not contain any watermarks, indented writings, or other significant features which would indicate the source of the paper used."

Q583 has been designated as FBI Exhibit D-221.

MO 89-25

JTB:jss

RE: INFORMATION FROM MRS. JAMES R. (EUGENIA)  
BLACK, NEE WILLIAMS, 807 WASHINGTON  
AVENUE, TUSKEGEE, ALABAMA

This investigation is predicated upon telephone call on June 30, 1964 from Mrs. JAMES R. (EUGENIA) BLACK, nee WILLIAMS, of Tuskegee, Alabama, to the office of the Federal Bureau Of Investigation, Washington, D. C. NY

In her call to the Federal Bureau Of Investigation, Washington, D. C., on June 30, 1964, Mrs. BLACK advised that she resides at 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. She said that the wife of JAMES T. DRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, had admitted to her in November, 1963 that she, Mrs. DRAYE, had planned the assassination of President KENNEDY, and that she had done so to make it appear that her brother-in-law, Dr. EDWARD T. DRAYE, also of Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, had been the assassin. She said that JAMES T. DRAYE also admitted this to her, but advised that in order not to lose his wife he had covered up all of the evidence of the plot. cc 1715

She advised that Mrs. DRAYE was a nurse and worked either at JOHN ANDREWS Hospital or the Veterans Administration Hospital, both at Tuskegee, Alabama. She requested that the Federal Bureau Of Investigation question all persons concerned and use truth serum on them.

Also, on June 30, 1964, Special Agent DAN O. STEPHENS at Montgomery, Alabama received a telephone call from Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama. She wanted an investigation of Mrs. JAMES T. DRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee, Alabama, and she related the same information as had been related in the above-mentioned telephone call to Washington, D. C. 1715

MO 89-25

JTB:jes:vm

2

On the morning of July 1, 1964, at 6:55 a.m., Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, made a telephone call to the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Mobile, Alabama, saying that Mrs. JAMES T. BRAYE, 1701 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, had admitted planning the assassination of President KENNEDY, and requested an investigation of Mrs. BRAYE.

Set forth below is an undated letter from E. WILLIAMS to Attorney General KENNEDY, Justice Department, Washington, D. C.:

"Dear Attorney General:

"I am to blame for your thinking I was involved in the assassination of President Kennedy. The assassination was a shock to me -- I am not involved in the assassination.

"Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye of 1710 Patterson Street, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, were happy for you to think it was I who planned the assassination, because it was the (present) Mrs. James T. Braye who planned it (the assassination). I found that out when you burnt up some papers in my house, which made Mr. and Mrs. James T. Braye rejoice. Then Mrs. Braye said 'There was only one copy.' Then I overheard her say she planned the assassination to make it look like her brother-in-law, Dr. Edward T. Braye (Franklin Road, Tuskegee Inst., Ala.) planned it. She was seeking 'revenge' on Dr. Braye for something.

"Another night, you came into the house with Mr. and Mrs. James Braye. I said to myself 'He knows it was Mrs. Braye who planned the assassination.' (I was in a confused state that night. I had been thinking someone might think I was involved in the assassination because the President had come to my house once.) You even thought I had been romantically involved with the President, when Mr. and Mrs. Braye and I were referring to a romantic involvement I

MO 89-25

JTB:jes:vm

3

"had with a Mr. Cantor. It was Mr. Cantor we were talking about, not the President. I have never been romantically involved with President Kennedy. Mr. Bray, in trying to hide his wife's involvement in the assassination, tried to make you think I had been romantically involved with President Kennedy. It hurts me to think anyone would think that when it is not true.

"I just let you think what you wanted to think that night. That was my mistake. I should have talked to you and told you the truth.

"When I said 'I didn't plan the assassination,' you thought I said 'I did plan it. I let you think what you thought, because I knew that I was innocent. And that I can trace every move I have made all my life.

"To say that I was to blame in the assassination is a rumor. I could carry this case to court to get my name cleared.

"I believe if you questioned Mrs. James T. Bray again she might tell you the truth.

"Yours truly,

"/s/ E. WILLIAMS"

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent RONALD L. McLANAHAN at Tuskegee, Alabama:

On July 1, 1964, a check of public sources and law enforcement, and credit bureau checks, failed to locate anyone by the name of Mrs. JAMES R. BLAKE.

On July 1, 1964, Mr. ROBERT FAITH, Jr., Assistant Director, Veterans Administration Hospital (VAH), Tuskegee, advised that JAMES T. BRAY (not BRAYE) is employed at the VAH as Assistant Personnel Manager, and he has been employed at



the hospital for about eleven years. He said that JAMES T. BRAY is one of the finest employees of the hospital. BRAY's wife, FELMA, is a registered nurse, and she is employed at JOHN ANDREWS Hospital in Tuskegee, Alabama. He has known her for six years, and she is a fine individual, who has always displayed common sense. Dr. EDWARD T. BRAY, brother of JAMES T. BRAY, is a veterinarian at Tuskegee Institute, and he is likewise of excellent character and reputation.

Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, on July 1, 1964, advised that she has lived at this address for thirty years, and she does not know anyone by the name of Mrs. JAMES F. BLACK.

A letter was received from EUGENIA J. WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, addressed to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Montgomery, Alabama, and postmarked July 3, 1964. She referred to the fact that she had made telephone calls concerning the wife of JAMES T. BRAY, Tuskegee, Alabama, and she advised that if it was desired to question her in person, she should be asked for by her maiden name, EUGENIA J. WILLIAMS.

The files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation Office at Mobile, Alabama reflect that on April 28, 1964 EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, telephoned Special Agent SPENCER H. ROBB at Montgomery, Alabama. She informed that she was approaching a "permanent helpless state" and needed brain surgery. She wanted the Federal Bureau of Investigation to recommend a neurologist, or a brain surgeon. When informed by Special Agent ROBB that he could make no such recommendation, she requested permission from the Federal Bureau of Investigation to contact a brain surgeon. She was told that this permission was not necessary, but she repeated for approximately fifteen minutes that she was approaching a "permanent helpless state" and felt that the Federal Bureau of Investigation should help her contact a brain surgeon.

On July 7, 1964, Miss EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, was interviewed at Tuskegee, Alabama by Special Agent RONALD L. McLANAHAN in the presence of her mother, Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, and sister,



MO 89-25

JTB:jes

5

Miss LOIS WILLIAMS. She stated that she was first married to JAMES R. BRAY, and was later married to JAMES T. BRAY, of Tuskegee, Alabama. She said that she had made numerous telephone calls to the Federal Bureau Of Investigation under the name of Mrs. JAMES R. BLACK.

She told of being contacted by Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY and Senator TED KENNEDY at her home shortly after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. She claimed that they told her they knew she had participated in a plot to assassinate President KENNEDY, and that her husband, JAMES T. BRAY, was aware of same. She said that she had heard her name mentioned over the radio and television, being accused of being responsible for President KENNEDY's death. She said that, obviously, it was the present Mrs. JAMES T. BRAY ALA. they were referring to, and not to her. She made the numerous telephone calls, as she wanted people to know that she did not have anything to do with the death of President KENNEDY.

On July 7, 1964, Mrs. CORRIE WILLIAMS, 807 Washington Avenue, Tuskegee, Alabama, advised that she had not known that her daughter, EUGENIA, had been making these telephone calls. She said that EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS has been mentally ill for the past fourteen years, and she had been a patient at South Oakes Mental Hospital, Amityville, New York, in 1961, and she is presently under psychiatric treatment. She said that EUGENIA appeared normal at times. She has been under the care of Dr. CHARLES R. F. BEALL, Psychiatrist, Atlanta, Georgia, for the past few years. She said that EUGENIA has never been married, and she does not know why EUGENIA chose to make accusations against Mr. and Mrs. JAMES T. BRAY, other than the fact that Mr. BRAY works at the VAH in Tuskegee, Alabama, where EUGENIA worked as a typist for a few months in around 1956.

She stated that her daughter is not dangerous, and she will try to prevent her from making any further telephone calls concerning this matter.

She advised that EUGENIA JOYCE WILLIAMS is a Negro female, and that EUGENIA was born on February 4, 1930 at Birmingham, Alabama.

1  
CG 62-6115  
CLB/rms

Re: MELVIN GOODMAN.

On July 27, 1964, an individual telephonically contacted the Chicago FBI Office and identified herself as a supervisor of the Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Chicago, Illinois. This individual stated that a Mrs. WERNICK stated she had some information concerning the assassination of the President; that her 13-year-old child is in danger; and that she is not mentally disturbed. This telephone company supervisor stated she had determined Mrs. WERNICK's telephone number was CO 7-7344, located at 5005 North Lawndale, Chicago. The telephone is listed to Rabbi MOSHE WERNICK.

Mrs. MOSHE (GOLDIE I.) WERNICK, 5005 North Lawndale, Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed by SA CHARLES L. BROWN, JR., on July 27, 1964. Mrs. WERNICK, at the time of this interview, was very upset and appeared to be in a rather confused state inasmuch as she talked very incoherently. Mrs. WERNICK stated she was very worried and in fear for her 13-year-old son. She stated that her mother had recently passed away, and she is presently in a state of mourning in connection with this death. Mrs. WERNICK stated her husband is Rabbi MOSHE WERNICK, and that he is aware of what is "happening" to her son, but he feels that she, Mrs. WERNICK, is "insane." Mrs. WERNICK stated that she has been in mental institutions in the past and has suffered from mental disorders. She stated, however, she did not consider herself mentally insane, and believes that many people are plotting against her and her son.

Mrs. WERNICK stated that Mr. MELVIN GOODMAN, Administrator at the Jewish University of America, Skokie, Illinois, is trying to poison her son by causing employees at the cafeteria where her son attends school to place poison in her son's

1111 1111 1111 1111

CG 62-6115  
CIB/rms

food. According to Mrs. WERNICK, the Jewish University of America is located at 7135 Carpenter, Skokie, Illinois, and Mr. GOODMAN's home address is 5444 Brummel, Chicago, Illinois.

Mrs. WERNICK stated that Mr. GOODMAN came to the Chicago area from Texas, place unknown, but she felt it must have been Dallas since she believes most of the Jewish people in Texas reside in Dallas. She stated that since Mr. GOODMAN was from Texas, and since he is involved in efforts to poison her son, she feels that he is possibly connected in some way with the assassination of the President. Mrs. WERNICK, when asked her reasons in connection with this allegation, stated that she could comment no further concerning this.

At this point in the interview, Mrs. WERNICK became very emotional in her conversation and kept commenting that many people were trying to do away with her and her son. These comments were incoherent.



DL 89-43

Re: LEE GUNNELLS

DL 89-43

RPG/ds

On July 14, 1964, an individual identifying himself as HORACE BURNETT, 3636 Wendelkin, Dallas, Texas, residence telephone HA 8-1147, business telephone RI 7-7274, telephonically advised SA WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN that LEE GUNNELLS, an employee at Alford's Refrigerated Warehouses, Inc., 318 Cadiz, Dallas, Texas, owned a rifle like that of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and, that on the day President KENNEDY was assassinated, GUNNELLS left the warehouse an hour before the assassination. After the assassination, BURNETT stated he saw GUNNELLS put the rifle in the trunk of the car owned by GUNNELLS, which was parked next to the warehouse where he was employed.



Date 7/21/64

LEE GUNNELLS, employee of Alford's Refrigerated Warehouses, Incorporated, 318 Cadiz, Dallas, with residence address of 2622 Stevenson Street, Dallas, telephone HA 8-8676, advised he is semi-retired and has been employed by Mr. ALFORD for approximately 40 years. On November 22, 1963, according to GUNNELLS, he reported for work at 6:00 a.m. and around noon, at the request of Mr. ALFORD's secretary, Mrs. A. E. CRAFT, drove in his personally owned 1953 Pontiac automobile to Illinois and Hampton Streets where he picked up a corsage for Mrs. CRAFT's son. He drove back to the warehouse and as he entered Mrs. CRAFT's office, she was crying and commented President KENNEDY had just been shot. GUNNELLS advised he was gone approximately 35 minutes on this trip. He advised he did not own a rifle and had not been in the vicinity of the Texas School Book Depository on November 22, 1963. The following is a description of GUNNELLS:

Race	Negro
Sex	Male
Born	June 25, 1895
Height	6'4"
Weight	245 pounds
Hair	Black
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Dark
Build	Heavy
Occupation	Semi-retired; semi-invalid from heart trouble and arthritis.

on 7/21/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 89-43by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN:vmDate dictated 7/21/64

Date 7/21/641

Mrs. A. E. CRAFT advised she is employed as Personal Secretary to Mr. ALFORD, owner of Alford's Refrigerated Warehouses, Incorporated, 318 Cadiz. She stated that on November 22, 1963, just before noon, she sent a LEE GUNNELLS, who was errand boy for the warehouses and who is semi-retired, to a florist in Oak Cliff at the corner of Illinois and Hampton Streets to pick up a corsage for her son who was to attend a football game on the night of November 22, 1963, with a girl friend. Approximately five minutes after Mrs. CRAFT had received the news over the radio that President KENNEDY had been shot, LEE GUNNELLS walked into her office with the corsage.

on 7/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN:vm Date dictated 7/21/64

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RE: INFORMATION FROM RUSSELL HOWLAND

The following information is the basis for the investigation contained on pages 7-10 of the report of SA W. C. HENDRICKS, Jr., dated June 18, 1964, at New Haven, Connecticut, captioned LEE HARVEY OSWALD - INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA.

DL 89-43  
NY 89-75

On November 30, 1963, SA ERNEST F. KIEFFER, Federal Bureau of Investigation Headquarters, Washington, D.C. advised as follows:

One RUSSELL HOWLAND, 363 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, telephone number ST 9-6991, had telephoned the Federal Bureau of Investigation Headquarters at Washington, D.C. on this date and stated that three weeks before the President was assassinated he had learned that the President would be assassinated if he went to Texas. HOWLAND stated he was a taxi cab driver working nights and would be home until 4:00 P.M. on this date.

On November 30, 1963, RUSSELL HOWLAND, 363 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, was interviewed by Special Agents of the New York Office at his apartment. He stated that he was a cab driver employed by Marby Operating Company, 1882 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. He advised that approximately ten days prior to the assassination a fellow cab driver named MURDOCK had told him that a relative of his received a letter from a student in Texas to the effect that if the President comes to Texas he may be assassinated. He stated that the day after the assassination MURDOCK mentioned it again but did not elaborate.

On November 30, 1963, PERRY MURDOCK, Apartment 4, 203 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, was interviewed and advised that he was employed by the Marby Operating Company, 1882 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, as a cab driver. He stated he made no such statements prior to the President's assassination. He also advised that the day after the assassination his nephew, WAIVER MURDOCK, Apartment 6, 203 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, had mentioned to him that someone had received a letter from a student in Texas that stated it would be dangerous for the President to come



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to Dallas, Texas. PERRY MURDOCK stated that he repeated this story to various passengers in his cab during a general discussion about the assassination.

WALTER MURDOCK, Apartment 6, 203 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, was interviewed on November 30, 1963, in his uncle's apartment. He stated that on November 23, 1963, his son pointed out an article in the November 23, 1963 edition of the "New York Journal American" newspaper.

This article revealed that a woman in New Haven, Connecticut, had received a letter from her son who was a student at a college in Dallas, Texas. He stated that this student told his mother that it would be dangerous for the President to come to Dallas, Texas, in view of the treatment that ADLAI STEVENSON had received there recently. He stated that this student went on to say that the President might be assassinated.

Mr. WALTER MURDOCK advised that he had mentioned this article to his uncle, PERRY MURDOCK, who is a cab driver, on November 23, 1963.

The following article appeared in the November 23, 1963 edition of the "New York Journal American":

**"DALLAS MANIACS MAY KILL HIM..."**

'New Haven, Conn., Nov. 23 (AP)\_\_\_A student at Southern Methodist University in Dallas noted in a letter to his mother Wednesday that President Kennedy was coming to the city, and wrote prophetically: 'Ten to one he'll be assassinated by some of these Dallas maniacs!' The letter, received by Mrs. R. D. Rose of New Haven Thursday from her son, Robert, added: 'After the Stevenson incident I'm seriously worried about his safety!' Mrs. Rose was referring to a recent incident in Dallas when Adlai Stevenson, U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations, was spat on and hit by a placard carried by a picket.'



DL 89-43

Re: BOYCE LINDY JOHNSON

The following information supplements that appearing in the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, June 19, 1964, Dallas, on pages 66 - 80, under the subcaption, "Information from GEORGE COLTON Regarding Unknown Subject, Also Known As Argoski, Agroski, Yansen, Yannen, at Capitol House Motel, Baton Rouge, Louisiana."

4

NO 89-69/mh

MAE COOPER, Cashier, Hunt Room, ~~Jack Tarr Capitol~~ House Hotel, was previously interviewed on May 6, 1964 at Baton Rouge, Louisiana, by SAs EARL R. PETERSEN and ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN regarding an unidentified white male who allegedly made some comments regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY. At the time of this interview, Miss COOPER was requested to contact the Baton Rouge Resident Agency in the event this individual should return.

On June 25, 1964, Captain MILTON L. MARTIN, Baton Rouge Police Department, telephonically contacted the Baton Rouge Resident Agency and advised that he had been contacted on this date by MAE COOPER of the Jack Tarr Capitol House Hotel and informed that an unknown white male, who had made comments regarding the assassination of the President was at the hotel at that time. On June 25, 1964, SA MICHAEL BARON and SA ELMER B. LITCHFIELD went to the hotel and contacted BOYCE LINDY JOHNSON, however due to his intoxicated condition he was not interviewed.

His name and address were obtained and arrangements were made to interview JOHNSON at a later date.

1

Date 7/3/64

BOYCE LINDY JOHNSON, 2630 Tecumseh Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, was interviewed by MICHAEL BARON and ELMER B. LITCHFIELD, who identified themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He was told by SA BARON that he did not have to make a statement, that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law, and that he had a right to have an attorney before making any statement. No threats or promises were made to induce him to make this statement.

JOHNSON advised that he did not recall making any statements in the Hunt Room, Capitol House Hotel, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY; however, he stated that he may have very well done so while in a "drunk" condition. He advised that he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

JOHNSON advised that he could furnish no information regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY.

The following description was obtained through observation and interview:

Name	BOYCE LINDY JOHNSON
Address	2640 Tecumseh Street Baton Rouge, Louisiana
Race	White
Sex	Male
Birth	June 13, 1929 Sontag, Mississippi
Height	5'9"
Weight	180 pounds
Build	Medium
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Fair
Education	6th grade
Occupation	Seaman, Tugboat Skipper (Coastal Marine Transport, Port Allen, Louisiana)

On 6/27/64 at Baton Rouge, Louisiana File # DL 89-43  
NO 89-69  
 by SA MICHAEL BARON AND  
SA ELMER B. LITCHFIELD:jmh:man Date dictated 6/29/64

NO 89-69/mh

2

**Military Service**

U. S. Army, September,  
1950 to November, 1954

U. S. Air Force, September,  
1947 to September, 1950

**Marital status**

Separated, ELIZABETH

SPAULDING JOHNSON,

Townsend, Mississippi

**Scars and marks**

Air Force tattoos, upper  
right and left arms

**Social Security #**

427-38-6370

**Coast Guard #**

114942-D1

**Mother**

JULIA JOHNSON, 2640

Tecumseh Street,

Baton Rouge, L..



DL 89-43  
SA 89-87

RE: WILLIAM BELL KRAFT



DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

By letter dated June 2, 1964, Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, forwarded to the San Antonio FBI Office a letter from one WILLIAM BELL KRAFT, 3855 Rutherford Street, Oakleigh, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. It is to be noted that the letter is a registered letter addressed to "His Excellency, Mr. JOHN B. CONNALLY, Governor, State Capitol Building, Austin, Texas." The letter was received in the Governor's Office, Executive Department, on May 29, 1964. This letter reads as follows:

"TO HIS EXCELLENCY, MR. JOHN B. CONNALLY,  
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

"I AM HEREBY INFORMING YOUR EXCELLENCY THAT THE CONSPIRACY, PLOT OR WHATEVER YOU WISH TO CALL IT, TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY, YOURSELF, AND OTHERS HAD ITS ORIGIN RIGHT HERE IN HARRISBURG, PA. THAT THE SIGNALS FOR CARRYING OUT SAID ACTION WERE SENT FROM HARRISBURG, PA., THAT THE CONSPIRACY IS STILL NOTICEABLY ACTIVE, AND UNLESS FEDERAL ACTION IS EVENT IN THIS STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, SAY SUCH AS THOROUGH INVESTIGATION OF CERTAIN CORPORATE AND POLITICAL OFFICIALS, MORE OF SAME CAN ALMOST BE EXPECTED TO HAPPEN.

"FOR FIFTY YEARS I HAVE BEEN PUZZLED BY CERTAIN TURNS OF EVENTS, AND HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO RESOLVE SEEMINGLY MYSTERIOUS HAPPENINGS. THIS UNTIL MY SISTER WAS TERRORIZED INTO A FORCED MARRIAGE RAPE CONDITION, KIDNAPED, AND BY A REPUBLICAN SOFT SOAP PROCESS, ALMOST PAID WITH HER LIFE AS DID HER MOTHER.

"FOR YOUR STUDY I ENCLOSE A BIRTH CERTIFICATE AND A DEATH CERTIFICATE, ONE OF MY MOTHER AND ONE OF MY SISTER. INNOCENT

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

BOTH, BUT THE SOURCE OF CONFUSION THAT  
MAKES THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ABLE TO HIDE  
ITS ENORMITY OF CRIME AND OUTLAWRY  
ARE RIGHT HERE, AND I AM NOW AWARE  
THAT IT HAS BEEN GOING ON FOR OVER  
FIFTY YEARS.

"THREE OF US LEFT IN THIS  
FAMILY, AND I SPEAK FOR ALL THREE,  
MY SISTER, MY BROTHER, AND MYSELF.

"SINCERELY YOURS, /s/ WILLIAM BELL KRAFT  
"WILLIAM BELL KRAFT,  
"3855 RUTHERFORD ST.,  
"OAKLEIGH HARRISBURG, PA.

"OVER"

The reverse side of the letter bears the following  
information:

"FROM WILLIAM BELL KRAFT,

"3855 RUTHERFORD ST.,

"OAKLEIGH, HARRISBURG, PA.

"/s/ WILLIAM BELL KRAFT,

"3855 Rutherford St.,

"Oakleigh, Harrisburg, Pa."

Date 7/1/64

(1)

WILLIAM BELL KRAFT, 3855 Rutherford Street, Oakleigh, advised he wrote a letter to Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY, of the State of Texas, recently, in which he enclosed the Pennsylvania death certificate of his mother and the birth certificate of his sister.

KRAFT alleged that the Republican Party in Harrisburg, Pa., is responsible for crimes of great enormity. The Republican Party is a timing device which is able at will to sink ships, blow up airplanes, commit mass murders, and every other heinous crime imaginable.

The Republican Party was responsible for the marriage rape of KRAFT's sister and her butchered operation performed on her some years ago.

KRAFT was unable to state specific instances of Republican Party crimes and atrocities, and was vague and irrational in his rambling conversation.

KRAFT advised he is 57 years of age and retired from his former employment with Binghamton Warehouse and Terminal, Inc., Harrisburg, Pa. He served in the U. S. Navy from 1926 to 1930 under Serial Number 243 2108, and in the Army Air Corps from 1938 to 1940. He subsequently was a patient at Walter Reed Army Hospital, Washington, D. C., for several years and was a mental patient at the Harrisburg State Hospital, Harrisburg, Pa., for 6½ years.

KRAFT is of the opinion the Republican Party in Harrisburg, Pa., is responsible for most of the major crises and disasters which have occurred throughout the United States in the past 50 years.

KRAFT concluded that if the Republican Party in Harrisburg was capable of all the other horrible crimes of the past 50 years, then it was surely capable of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

On 6/23/64 at Harrisburg, Pa. File # Philadelphia 157-916

by SAS JOHN C. MURPHY & WILBUR S. METCALF Date dictated 6/26/64

pgo

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PH 157-916

(2)

KRAFT spoke calmly, matter-of-factly, and without visible evidence of personal animosity.

KRAFT is described as follows:

Race:	White
Sex: --	Male
Age:	57
Height:	6'1"
Weight:	195 pounds
Hair:	Brown-gray, receding across forehead
Eyes:	Blue; wears glasses
Fecculiarities:	No upper teeth

KRAFT requested the return of the death certificate of his mother and his sister's birth certificate. Both were returned.



DL 89-43

Re: STEPHEN HARRIS LANDESBERG, ALSO KNOWN AS "FRENCHIE,"  
S. H. LANDES, STEPHEN H. LANDES, STEPHEN L'EANDES,  
STEPHEN YVES L'EANDES, YVES L'EANDES, JAMES F.  
RIZZUTO



DL 89-43  
NY 46-6511

On November 22, 1963, Mr. BARRY GRAY, news commentator for radio station WMCA, New York, New York, advised that he was contacted by one JAMES F. RIZZUTO during the late evening hours, who had told him that he had information in reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, the President's assassin. He told GRAY that one STEPHEN L'EANDES was a known associate of OSWALD. GRAY advised that he knows L'EANDES in view of the fact that he had appeared on one of his programs approximately two years ago. Arrangements were made with BARRY GRAY for Bureau agents of the New York Office to interview RIZZUTO.

On November 22, 1963, RIZZUTO was interviewed by agents of this office, at which time he advised his name was JAMES F. RIZZUTO. He furnished information in reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, who assassinated the late President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, at Dallas, Texas.

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NY 46-6511

On November 22, 1963, Special Agents WAYNE MORSE and LEONARD E. MC COY interviewed JAMES P. RIZZUTO, no known address, who can probably be reached at the Figero Rest, Gramercy 7-9487. At the time of interview, RIZZUTO was very nervous and advised he did not want to be contacted again if possible and also reiterated that he had no known address. RIZZUTO advised as follows:

He met STEPHEN L'EANDES and LEE H. OSWALD in Camp Le Jeune in the Summer of 1956. After his Marine Corps Service he received cards from Stockholm, Leningrad and Moscow in 1950, which were from L'EANDES who stated he was with OSWALD and one EUGENE PERCY who now resides somewhere in El Paso, Texas. He stated he heard something vaguely to the effect that OSWALD was thinking about becoming a Russian but L'EANDES stated in his card that he just liked to travel and wanted to see Europe.

He advised he then saw L'EANDES in Miami, Florida, at the Hotel Tamiami in 1951. He said L'EANDES had been back home in Mississippi for a while and that L'EANDES is originally from Wiggins, Mississippi, and also has relatives in Copiah County, Mississippi. He stated that L'EANDES was looking for hotel work in South Florida at the time. L'EANDES told him that OSWALD was around and that he had gone back to Texas.

He and L'EANDES got together in New York around October, 1961. L'EANDES said he was going to be at the "Mark Lane Rally"; this was after he had appeared on the Barry Gray Radio Program. He stated that at the Mark Lane Rally a girl who was working with L'EANDES continually tried to disrupt the meeting and eventually the police were called. L'EANDES later told him that this heckling was done for an unknown organization something like the "State Rights Party".

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He advised that L'EANDES then attended a rally of the American Jewish Congress at their headquarters in the early part of 1962, and caused such a disturbance that someone struck him. He stated that OSWALD was also at the meeting taking pictures of the whole incident. He said that he also thought that EARL PERRY was there. He advised he was not at this meeting but had heard about it from other sources. He advised that about this time L'EANDES was staying at the Roosevelt Hotel in New York City with a REGAN who was introduced to him and L'EANDES. He described REGAN as 6 feet 4 inches tall, 250 pounds, big stomach, heavy build, very gruff voice, age 35-40 years, from Memphis, Tennessee. It was his impression that REGAN was working for some type of an ultra-right wing organization and that he in fact had paid L'EANDES to get up at meetings in which civil rights problems were being discussed and cause disturbances.

In the Spring of 1963, he heard that L'EANDES had said that one AMON C. HENRY was going to get shot in Mississippi and that HENRY was a National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) leader in Mississippi. When MEDGAR EVERS was shot, L'EANDES seemed upset because it seemed to make him look as if he did not know what he was talking about.

Within the last month, he heard L'EANDES say they were getting ready to lynch a white priest who was teaching Negroes trades in a school in Selma, Alabama. L'EANDES said something to the effect that this might "be a big Christmas party". He advised, however, he had never heard him mention President KENNEDY or any other political figure regarding an assassination attempt.



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NY 45-6511

He stated he last saw L'EANDES on Tuesday, November 19, 1963, at the 9th Circle Bar at 139 West 10th Street, at which time L'EANDES stated that OSWALD and PERRY were again together in Texas and that PERRY was working for some organization which had something to do with anti-Mexican propaganda. He advised that he thinks PERRY should be well known as a member of a number of radical groups.

He said he had seen L'EANDES again on Wednesday, November 20, 1963, at which time he met a girl, one LINDA HALPERN, who he thought was a student at City College of New York (CCNY) at the West End Cafe which is located near Columbia University on Broadway in New York City. He advised that LINDA told him that L'EANDES wanted to take her to a theatre matinee which she thought was unusual because L'EANDES did not ordinarily have that kind of money to spend. He advised that when he saw L'EANDES on Tuesday, November 19, 1963, L'EANDES told him that OSWALD and PAUL PERRY were together in Texas.

L'EANDES is described as follows:

Name	YVES L'EANDES also known as "Frenchie"
Sex	Male
Race	White
Age	23-25
Height	5'10"
Weight	165 pounds
Build	Muscular
Hair	Black
Eyes	Blue
Characteristics	Wears large handle-bar mustache, sometimes waxed, sometimes wears rimless eyeglasses
Home address	Wiggins, Mississippi

He said the following people might be able to furnish additional information regarding L'EANDES and his present whereabouts:

NY 100-12345  
NY 100-5511

1. WALTER ESPY  
240 Western Place, Apartment 22  
New York City N.Y.

ESPY allegedly is from the South and a very good friend of IRANOFF. RIZZUTO stated that ESPY is very active in the type of organizations which IRANOFF espouses.

2. JACOB PROSIA  
6 Horton Street  
Greenwich Village, New York City N.Y.
3. NANCY MIERACHI  
245 West 4th Street  
New York City N.Y.
4. WALTER TRENCH  
107 Wheeler Avenue  
Westwood, New Jersey
5. S. KRAUS  
239 East Second Avenue  
Apartment 6  
New York City N.Y.  
telephone number OR 3-4757
6. ROBERT WOLF  
369 Broome Street  
New York City N.Y.
7. RALPH JORDISON  
1163 33rd Street  
Astoria, Queens, New York N.Y.
8. LINDA HALPERN, possibly a  
student at CUNY.



EDL 29-43  
NY 46-6511

9. MAURICE DUNN  
165 East 79th Street  
New York City  
telephone number MU 8-5189

Hangouts

✓ 9th Circle Bar  
139 10th Street  
New York City

✓ West End Cafe  
2911 Broadway  
New York City

CL 89.43  
NY 46-6311

As a result of the information furnished by RIZZUTO, intensive investigation was conducted by the New York Office and other field offices of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) which failed to verify any of the information furnished by him, including individuals mentioned by him who were associated with L'EANDES in the New York City area.

DL 89-43  
NY 46-6511

Mr. MICHAEL DUNN, Apartment 5C, 165 East 49th Street, New York City, was shown a photograph on November 29, 1963. The photograph displayed to Mr. DUNN was one printed from a roll of negatives provided by Mr. DAVID HEATH, 483 Columbus Avenue. *N.Y.N.Y.*

Mr. DUNN advised that the individual appearing in this photograph is identical with the person who resided with him in Apartment 5C at 165 East 49th Street from November 29, 1961, to February 8, 1962. He stated that this individual was known to him as STEPHEN L'EANDES.

CL 82-43  
NY 45-6213

The same photograph which was supplied by Mr. DAVID HEATH, was exhibited to Special Agents JEDWARD H. MC JOY and WAYNE MCINER. It was determined to be the photograph of JAMES F. RIZZUTO, who had furnished the original information on November 22, 1963. Investigation at this time was then centered upon locating JAMES F. RIZZUTO.

On December 5, 1963, RIZZUTO was located at 66 West 86th Street, New York City, at which time he admitted his true name was STEPHEN H. LANDESPERG and that he had appeared at the New York Office on November 22, 1963, posing as JAMES F. RIZZUTO. At the time LANDESPERG was located, a name plate on his apartment door reflected the name of STEPHEN H. LANDESPERG.

Assistant United States Attorney ANTHONY T. MC FLY, Jr., Southern District of New York (SDNY), was immediately contacted, and he authorized the filing of a complaint charging LANDESPERG with furnishing false information to the FBI.



PL 85-43  
NY 105-6511

At the time of interview, ~~STEPHEN H. LANDESBERG~~ *105-6511* advised that he had appeared at the New York Office on November 22, 1963, using the name of JAMES F. RIZZUTO and had furnished information in reference to one STEPHEN L'EAUNDES, EARL PERRY, and IRS HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that his true name was STEPHEN HARRIS LANDESBERG and that his parents resided at 111-50 76th Road, Queens, New York, Apartment 33. He admitted that he had never met STEPHEN L'EAUNDES or EARL PERRY in the summer of 1956 at Camp Le Jeune and that at that time he was not in the Marine Corps. He also stated he had never received any cards from L'EAUNDES while he was in Europe and that he had never met him in Miami, Florida. He advised that activities he furnished regarding L'EAUNDES in New York City were in fact his own activities under the name of STEPHEN YVES L'EAUNDES. LANDESBERG then began to state that the information he had furnished to the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 22, 1963, was furnished to him by someone else, at which time he began to stutter and become incoherent.

During interview, LANDESBERG stated he had been in the Marine Corps from November 12, 1960, to June 27, 1961. LANDESBERG then produced a United States Marine Corps Identification Card with his photograph thereon under the name of S. H. LANDES, Marine Corps Serial Number 1893702.

The following description of LANDESBERG was obtained through observation and interrogation:

Name  
Alias

STEPHEN HARRIS LANDESBERG

Stephen H. Landes, *Yves L'Land*

S. H. Landes, *James Rizzuto*

James Rizzuto, *James Rizzuto*

Stephon Yves L'Landes *105-6511*

September 24, 1940

Date of Birth



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Residence	65 West Tenth Street, New York City (last 6 weeks); (number unknown) West 113th Street, New York City
Height	5' 10"
Weight	165 pounds
Hair	Dark brown
Eyes	Occasionally wears glasses
Scars	2" dark brown burn scar left hand
Selective Service	Registered as STEPHEN HARRIS LANDESBURG, Local Board Number 59
Social Security Number	125-30-3503
United States Marine Corps Serial Number	1893702
Employment	None
Occupation	Student, Columbia University - Philosophy
Relatives	Mother - EDNA GREENBERGER LANDESBURG Father - GEORGE LANDESBURG, 111-50 76th Road, Queens, New York, Apartment 3 B No brothers or sisters

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NY 45-6511

At the time LANDESBURG's Marine Corps service was verified, a psychiatric examination for him was located on December 5, 1963, at the Veterans Administration Building in New York City.

This file reflects that LANDESBURG received an honorable discharge from the Naval Hospital in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for a physical disability without severance pay. The file also reflects that he arrived at the Parris Island Marine Base and six days later, on January 31, 1961, was transferred to the Psychiatric Unit because of bizarre and unusual behavior in recruit training. He refused to abide by any rules or regulations and insisted he knew what was best for him. The diagnosis at that time was schizophrenic reaction.

LANDESBURG was examined on October 25, 1961, at the Veterans Administration in New York City, at which time he was diagnosed as a schizophrenic reaction, paranoid type, chronic.

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NY 45-6511

Mrs. EDNA LANDEBERG, 111-50 76th Road, Apartment 3E, Forest Hills, Queens, New York, advised that she is also known as Mrs. GEORGE LANDEBERG and that she resides with her husband, GEORGE, at the above residence. She stated that she has a son named STEPHEN LANDEBERG, who also has used the name STEPHEN LANDES.

Mrs. LANDEBERG said that her son was born on September 24, 1940, in New York City, and attended grade school and Forest Hills High School in Queens, New York. She stated that he graduated from Forest Hills in June, 1957, and in September of 1957, he entered Rutgers University in New Brunswick, New Jersey, which school he attended until February, 1960. She stated that he left school about this time and traveled throughout the United States and Canada until about July of 1960. She said that he obtained transportation during this time by hitchhiking. In July of 1960, he returned to Queens, New York, and resided with her until January of 1961, when he entered the United States Marine Corps. After approximately 5 days he was determined to have psychiatric difficulties and subsequently was committed to the United States Naval Hospital in Philadelphia. While there he was under the supervision of Doctor WILLIAM WICKS. In February, 1961, he received an honorable discharge from the Marine Corps and returned home where he resided until June of 1961. Shortly after that time he resided in his own apartment in the vicinity of East 84th Street, New York City. In September of 1962, he returned to Rutgers University as a student. In September of 1963, he returned to New York City and attended Columbia University where he was taking two philosophy courses. She stated that these courses would complete his undergraduate studies and entitle him to a college degree.



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Mrs. LANDESPERG stated that she never knew her son to be regularly employed and that she and her husband supplied him with money for his education and living expenses. She said that at times she made out checks directly to Rutgers University for his education, and on other occasions she gave the money to her son. She made available Rutgers University college directories for the years 1957, 1958, and 1960, in which directories the name STEPHEN LANDES was listed as a student at that university.

Regarding her son's medical history, she stated that sometime about February, 1960, he was first treated by Doctor EPHRAIM FREIDMAN located on Park Avenue in New York City, and that her son was under his treatment for only a short time. She further stated that in 1961 he was treated by Doctor KALINOFF, 829 Park Avenue, New York City, and that he remained under Doctor KALINOFF's treatment for some time. She stated that he was not presently receiving psychiatric treatment and appeared somewhat improved.

Mrs. LANDESPERG further advised that her son was regarded by his teachers as highly intelligent and he obtained good marks in his college work.

Mrs. LANDESPERG stated that she was aware that her son had emotional difficulties and appeared to have been very emotionally effected by the assassination of the President. She stated that he had never shown any animosity toward the President and felt that he was favorably disposed towards him.

Mrs. LANDESPERG stated that she knew he was living somewhere in the Greenwich Village area and that he contacted her regularly at home. She stated that he visited home often and was in her company shortly after the assassination of the President. She further stated that her son was a loner and had no regular male or female associates.

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NY 46-6511

On December 5, 1963, a complaint was filed by Special Agent EUGENE W. O'NEILL before United States District Court Judge JOHN M. CANNELLA, Southern District of New York, charging LANDESBURG with violation of Title 18, Section 1001, United States Code, in that he furnished false information to the FBI. At that time, Judge CANNELLA signed an Order of Commitment to the Bellevue Psychiatric Hospital, New York City, pursuant to Title 18, Section 4244, United States Code, for the purpose of observation and determination as to LANDESBURG's mental competency to understand the charges pending against him and to assist in his own defense.

LANDESBURG was held in lieu of \$10,000 bond, and an attorney from the Legal Aid Society was being assigned to represent him.



SA 89-67

RE: JAMES WATSON LASSITER, M. D.

1.Date December 4, 1964

Mr. ERNEST GOLDSTEIN, Professor of Law, University of Texas School of Law, Austin, Texas, home address 4605 Horseshoe Bend, Austin, Texas, telephonically advised that he had heard a rumor to the effect that Dr. JAMES W. LASSITER, M. D., 2901 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, home address 4708 Highland Terrace, had been making remarks concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY.

According to GOLDSTEIN, LASSITER was making the general statement substantially as follows: there was nothing wrong about the assassination of President KENNEDY due to the fact that capital punishment was legal in the State of Texas and that President KENNEDY had been guilty of treason and therefore he saw no reason why the assassination should be considered anything other than "legal execution".

Supposedly LASSITER had also referred to the assassination as "organized public execution".

GOLDSTEIN advised that he did not hear LASSITER make these remarks but to the best source he could ascertain he felt that a Dr. JEROME RAVEL had supposedly heard LASSITER make such remarks in the St. Davis Hospital sometime in the past two or three days.

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On 11/29/63 at Austin, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA H. T. BURK / cjn:jb Date dictated 11/29/63

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Date July 6, 1964

Dr. JEROME O. RAVEL, 706 West 19th Street, Austin, Texas, advised that he was not present and did not hear any remarks made by Dr. JAMES W. LASSITER with respect to his comments concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY. Dr. RAVEL advised that he had heard through another doctor, namely Dr. OTTO BRANDT, JR., that Dr. JAMES M. LASSITER did make some derogatory remarks concerning President KENNEDY and that some of the remarks were substantially to the effect that LASSITER was of the opinion that the country would be better off due to KENNEDY's assassination, to the effect that some of KENNEDY's acts while serving as President bordered on treason and therefore the assassination was justified.

Dr. RAVEL was unable to furnish the name of any doctor other than Dr. BRANDT who was known to have heard the remarks made by Dr. LASSITER.

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On 6/29/64 at Austin, TexasFile # SA 89-67by SA H. T. BURK / jhDate dictated 7/2/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date July 6, 1964

Dr. JAMES WATSON LASSITER, M.D., 4708 Highland Terrace, Austin, Texas, was interviewed at Brackenridge Hospital, Austin, Texas, at which time he was advised of his right to consult an attorney prior to making a statement, the fact that he did not have to make any statement, and that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law. No threats or promises were made to Dr. LASSITER during the course of this interview.

LASSITER advised at the outset that he is not acquainted with and has never been acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. He advised that these names were both unknown to him until the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

LASSITER likewise pointed out that he has no specific information whatsoever to indicate that either OSWALD or RUBY were a part of any organized conspiracy to assassinate the President. LASSITER pointed out that he himself has been very active in the John Birch Society in Austin, Texas, and that he has frequently been outspoken in his criticism of the KENNEDY administration during the tenure of his presidency of the United States. LASSITER further pointed out that it was his belief that KENNEDY has frequently associated with and encouraged individuals who are connected with the Communist Party and that for this reason he has been bitterly opposed to him insofar as his administration of the President's Office.

LASSITER denied that he at any time had made any statement that the assassination of President KENNEDY was a "legal execution." He advised that he is not in agreement with murder or assassination in any form, although he was frank to admit that he did not feel that the assassination of President KENNEDY was such a tremendous loss to the American people.

In conclusion, LASSITER admitted that he had no specific information indicating any conspiracy on the part of the communists or any other group to have President KENNEDY assassinated.

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on 6/29/64 at Austin, TexasFile # SA 89-67by Special Agent SA H. T. BURK/jbDate dictated 7/2/64



2.  
SA 89-67

The following description of Dr. JAMES WATSON LASSITER was obtained at the time of interview:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	October 24, 1917
Place of Birth	Buena Vista, Tennessee
Height	5'10"
Weight	175
Build	Medium
Hair	Blond, partly bald
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Medium
Marital Status	Married
Wife	RUTH LASSITER nee Tamm Whit Lasser
Children	Two sons.
Education	M. D. Degree from Vanderbilt University 1942; resident of Austin, Texas, since 1952.
Drivers License No.	3866584
Residence Address	4706 Highland Terrace, Austin, Tex.
Office Address	2901 Red River, Austin, Texas.



1.

Date July 6, 1964

Dr. OTTO BRANDT, JR., 1506 Guadalupe, Austin, Texas, advised that he was present in the "Doctor's Room" at Brackenridge Hospital, Austin, Texas, on November 22, 1963, at which time news came over the radio concerning the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

Dr. BRANDT advised that he cannot at this time recall the exact words used by Dr. JAMES W. LASSITER in discussing this assassination, but substantially Dr. LASSITER expressed the opinion that the assassination was not a big loss to the United States and that Dr. LASSITER was not concerned over the fact that the President had been assassinated. On the contrary he seemed to be somewhat pleased that President KENNEDY had been assassinated.

Dr. BRANDT advised that he cannot recall and does not believe at this time that there was ever any such phraseology used that the assassination was a "legal execution" or that LASSITER had ever made any remarks indicating that KENNEDY himself had been guilty of treason, although LASSITER did discuss the fact that KENNEDY appeared to have been sympathetic with the communist cause and also seemed to be of the opinion that in some ways KENNEDY was a part of an international communist conspiracy.

BRANDT does not recall LASSITER making any statements whatsoever indicating that he knew or had ever heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD who was later mentioned as the assassin of the President.

BRANDT likewise added that at the time of the assassination that there was no mention or discussion concerning JACK RUBY as such and that his name apparently was not known to Dr. LASSITER as of November 22, 1963, and he has not heard Dr. LASSITER at any time mention JACK RUBY since the assassination.

Dr. BRANDT pointed out that LASSITER is a very capable doctor and is highly regarded in the medical profession in Austin, Texas.

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On 7/2/64 at Austin, TexasFile # SA 89-67by SA H. T. BURK / jbDate dictated 7/2/64

DL 89-43

Re: FRED ALLEN NORRIS

-1-

Date

4/7/64

ARTHUR E. SWEENEY, a retired schoolteacher, Saxony Court, Cape Coral, Florida, while visiting in Washington, D.C. area, advised that in October, 1963, he was visiting relatives in Woodward, Oklahoma. During this visit, he made a comment concerning an article appearing in the August issue of the magazine "Faith", wherein one "Clairvoyant Jean" of Washington, D.C., predicted the President's assassination. He recalled that his brother-in-law, FRED NORRIS, a field engineer with the British-American Oil Company in Dallas, Texas, responded to this comment by stating "I hope it happens before January 1st".

SWEENEY related that he has no reason to believe NORRIS' response was made with any serious intent and the statement was merely made during a political discussion among the family group.

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On 12/7/63 at Alexandria, Virginia File # Richmond 89-34  
by SA ROLAND M. COCKER / wbd Dallas 89-43  
Date dictated 4/7/64

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Date 6/11/64

1  
FRED ALLEN NORRIS, General Superintendent, British American Oil Producing Company, Mercantile Dallas Building, telephone number Riverside 2-2421, advised he resides at 4624 Myerwood Lane, Dallas 34, Texas. NORRIS stated he was born December 2, 1910, at Tryon, Oklahoma. *11/11/64*

NORRIS related that in October, 1963, he was visiting relatives in Woodward, Oklahoma, as was his brother-in-law, ARTHUR E. SWEENEY, a retired schoolteacher, who resides in Cape Coral, Florida. NORRIS stated he and SWEENEY have always been on opposite sides of the political scenes and have often engaged in heated political arguments. He said during this visit in October, 1963, he and SWEENEY engaged in a political argument and SWEENEY was pro-President KENNEDY and he, NORRIS, was against some of the administration policies. During the course of this argument, NORRIS advised that, although he and SWEENEY definitely held different political views, he certainly did not advocate, nor does he condone, any type of violence in effecting a change of administration. NORRIS stated he believes that citizens should reflect their beliefs at the polls by the way they cast their vote and stated this is the only way an administration can be changed from one political party to another.

NORRIS said he does not recall discussing with SWEENEY the prediction by "Clairvoyant Jean," of Washington, D. C., that the President would be assassinated. He further stated he knows he did not make any statement to the effect, "I hope it happens before January."

NORRIS advised that, after the assassination of President KENNEDY, which he considered a tragedy, he was informed by SWEENEY that he, SWEENEY, was going to inform the Federal Bureau of Investigation of his, NORRIS', political views.

NORRIS advised he did not know and, to his knowledge, has never had any contact with either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

57

on 6/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER/ash Date dictated 6/11/64

1  
CG 62-6115  
CLE/rns

On June 16, 1964, SA HOMER R. HAUER made inquiry at the Library of Congress, Washington, D. C., and determined there are some 30,000 magazines and periodicals represented in the Library of Congress. The titles of these publications are filed alphabetically. A review of the titles of such publications beginning with the word "Faith" failed to locate any publication that appeared to have any connection with extrasensory perception or related matters.

Inquiry of employees and a review of material available at the Library of Congress disclosed a magazine bearing the title of "Fate" is published monthly by the Clark Publishing Company, 845 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Illinois. The publisher of this magazine is listed as CURTIS FULLER, and the editor is identified as MARY FULLER.

A review of the October, 1963, issue of "Fate" magazine failed to locate any records regarding President KENNEDY or his assassination. This review also failed to locate any information concerning a "Clairvoyant Jean" or one JEAN DIXON. However, located in the October, 1963, issue of "Fate" magazine is an article captioned, "Jeane Dixon, Crystal Gazer for U. S. Presidents." This article was written by one JESS STEARN and is located on page 26 of the October, 1963, issue.

A review of the article written by JESS STEARN discloses DIXON is reported to have predicted the date of FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT's death, and had apparently predicted the death or assassination of President KENNEDY. This article also credits DIXON with predicting the deaths of the late Supreme Court Justice MURPHY and the death of the late United Nations Secretary General HAMMARSKJOLD. DIXON



CG 62-6115  
CLB/rms

is reported to have made these predictions prior to the deaths of these individuals.

Efforts were made on June 16, 1964, to obtain Xerox copies of this article; however, Miss JOAN CONLIFFE, Counter Clerk, Photocopy Unit, Library of Congress, Washington, D.C., advised such copies could not be obtained without the permission of the Clark Publishing Company since the magazine "Fate" is copyrighted material.

Date June 19, 1964

CURTIS G. FULLER, Publisher, "Fate" magazine, and President of Clark Publishing Company, 845 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Illinois, furnished three copies of the October, 1963, issue of "Fate" magazine. This issue contains an article captioned "Crystal Gazer for U.S. Presidents," by JESS STEARN.

Mr. FULLER advised the foregoing article was a condensed reprint from STEARN's book, "The Door to the Future," published by Doubleday and Company, Incorporated, Garden City, New York, in 1963.

Mr. FULLER also furnished three copies of the March, 1964, issue of "Fate" magazine, which contains a column by Mr. FULLER captioned, "I See by the Papers ..." This article, commencing on page 6, refers to premonitions experienced by many persons concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

Mr. FULLER also provided three copies of the May, 1964, issue of "Fate" magazine. This issue contains an article by JOHN C. ROSS entitled, "Premonitions of Kennedy's Death." The name JOHN C. ROSS is Mr. FULLER's pen name. This article, according to Mr. FULLER, was assembled by him from a number of previously published sources, to which he refers directly in the article.

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On 6/19/64 at Evanston, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
by SA HARVEY N. JOHNSON, Jr./rms Date dictated 6/19/64

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Date July 13, 1964

1  
CURTIS G. FULLER, Publisher, "Fate" magazine, 845 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Illinois, advised that the Table of Contents of the October, 1963, issue of "Fate" magazine lists an article, "Crystal Gazer for U.S. Presidents," by JESS STEARN. The article itself, as printed in the October, 1963, issue of "Fate" magazine, is captioned, Jeane Dixon, Crystal Gazer for U.S. Presidents.

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On 7/10/64 at Evanston, Illinois File # CG 62-6115  
by SA HARVEY N. JOHNSON, Jr./rds Date dictated 7/10/64

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1  
DL 89-43  
RPG/ds/eah

Re: J. T. OSWALD

The following information will supplement that appearing on page 626, of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated December 10, 1963, at Dallas, captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.; INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA."

Under date of November 29, 1963, the Los Angeles Office advised that on that date JOE HARLEY, Chief Security Officer, American Airlines, Los Angeles International Airport, had advised SA JAMES D. FAZIOLA as follows:

Mr. MERV HOWETT, Manager of Reservations Department, American Airlines, downtown Los Angeles, received a phone call from his counterpart in Dallas, Texas, on the morning of November 29, 1963, requesting that he, HOWETT, examine manifests for all flights proceeding from Los Angeles, California, to Phoenix, Arizona, to Dallas, Texas, October 23, 1963, for names of OSWALD, RUBY and RUBENSTEIN. HARLEY states all passenger lists were closely examined and the names appearing on the manifests for the flights departing Los Angeles to Phoenix to Dallas on October 23, 1963, were negative as to any of the above-mentioned names.



Date April 9, 1964

FRED KENNEDY, Reservations Supervisor, American Airlines, Pioneer Bank Building, 135 North Second Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona, checked all reservations and lists of boarding passengers for all flights from Phoenix to Dallas, Texas including connecting flights and also those originating at places other than Los Angeles and San Francisco, California for the period of October 22 to October 24, 1963. The names of RUBY, RUBENSTEIN or OSWALD or any similar names were not located. KENNEDY stated that if a passenger boarded in a city other than Phoenix, there would be no record in Phoenix of his presence on an airplane.

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On 11/29/63 at Phoenix, Arizona File # PX 89-42by SA CALVIN W. EVANS :btg Date dictated 4/8/64

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DL 89-43  
NY 89-75

Re: POSSIBLE AIRLINES TRIP OF LEE HARVEY  
OSWALD, OCTOBER 23, 1963

On November 29, 1963, Mr. EDWARD TUCKER, American Airlines, 633 Third Avenue, New York City, advised there was no flight 20 from Los Angeles to Phoenix. He stated, however, that there was a flight 20 from San Francisco to Phoenix and Dallas, and that this flight could be met at Phoenix from Los Angeles.

Mr. TUCKER stated that the seating assignment chart for the flight from Los Angeles reflected that one J. T. OSWALD purchased ticket number 001, form 390, serial number 354442, dated October 19, 1963, from the Valley Travel Agency, Granada Hills, California.

Mr. TUCKER advised that his records also reflected that J. T. OSWALD traveled on October 23, 1963, from Los Angeles to Dallas via Braniff Airlines to Kansas City and then on to Lincoln, Nebraska. (S) (U) (P)

Mr. TUCKER also advised that he could not locate any record for anyone named RUBENSTINE.

BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl/ds

Re: Mrs. EDNA K. SHAPPER  
ALLEGATION

On July 8, 1964, Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, made available to the San Antonio Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation eight pages of typed material which was reportedly prepared by Mrs. EDNA K. SHAPPER, 11900 Ashley Drive, Randolph Hills, Rockville, Maryland.

Mr. TEMPLE made available copies of this material to Mr. KENNETH J. WIESMAN, United States Secret Service Agent at Austin, Texas.

On the following pages appear the exact contents of this material.

BA 89-30  
JSR:mg1/ds

"11900 Ashley Drive  
Randolph Hills  
Rockville, Maryland

"June 24, 1964

"The Honorable Governor John Connolly  
Executive Mansion  
Austin, Texas

"Dear Governor Connolly:

"I sincerely am not just an emotional grandmother of fifty-three years, I have been listening to a radio program from New York this evening. It comes over WNBC, 630 on dial begins at 7:45 P.M. Monday thru Friday and runs thru 12:00 midnight. It is the Brad Crandall program people call in to him and they talk about any and everything, but it is usually centered on the states of the South.

"My fear for the people of the South and all America is not unfounded. One man called in on this program tonight and even suggested getting a crowd together and going down to Mississippi and this would be the spark that would set off the revolution that John Kennedy, Johnson, the Roman Catholics (hierarchy), the pope, and the Communists have planned since 1960.

"Kennedy and Johnson have been disarming our country, bankrupting, giving our tax money to Roman Catholic-Communists countries to build up their war arms, using our tax money by the millions to set-up so-called Peace Corps that are nothing more than gangsters and murders trained on honest American money and sent out all over the world to murder and start the wars and now they have come up with the obnoxious Poverty Bill to set-up Hitler Youth Camps and train our innocent youth as hardened killers and prostitutes.

"They carried out a well planned scheme and slandered Dallas, Texas to begin with about six months ago. John Kennedy is no more dead than I am. I haven't read that any one admitted seeing the corps.



BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl;ds

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"America is furious that Congress turns over our money to set up art centers and memorials to that obnoxious devil traitor. Now Johnson has come up with a bill for more millions of our money to remake Pennsylvania Avenue, and it will be a second Rome, Italy. This same thing was tried when Abraham Lincoln was President and he refused to let the Roman Catholic devil in Rome plan and set up his obnoxious FALSE IDOLS.

"Johnson is either deliberately being forced, at least he is rushing us into an American Police state and overthrow of our government. It has to be accomplished this Summer for they know this is their only opportunity and I sincerely believe that they are inciting a revolution in Mississippi to take our minds off of New York and Canada, and then move in from the North.

"Just a few days ago they had stirred up murders, bombings, thefts, rapes, etc. in Quebec and went so far as to say they might dissolve relations with Canada and merge with the United States. It isn't a coincidence that Quebec is approximately 100% Roman Catholic their plan to merge would easily fit in and fortify our Northern Shores as an aid and encirclement to benefit the Roman Catholic plans from New York, Europe, South America, Mexico, Panama, etc. and the rope could be squeezed around our necks before we know what has happened. They are centering the trouble on the South for a reason.

"If you will refer to the second election of Mr. Lincoln of 1864 you will find that this today is a duplication and the third try to overthrow our government. I don't think for a moment either that suddenly we have been having almost daily all Roman Catholic Heads of Foreign Governments making a path to our White House within the last month. We are dealing with professional gangsters and they could be checking on their joint plans for the invasion of America.

"Our only hope is for the Southern and Border Congressmen to take immediate action and place that whole nest of Nazis around the President under armed guard and if the President Johnson is willingly joined with them, include him and then appoint a President until November.

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl/s

4  
4

"If they don't the American Legion that have risked their lives should walk in and over throw the whole outfit or we are being forced into a revolution by the Roman Catholics and we are standing by and permitting it to happen.

"We know the Roman Catholic hierarchy are murders, they have murdered three of our Presidents and tried to murder two others, what are our officials waiting for? I am hoping you Southern Governors and our Southern Congressmen will ignore any further foolishness and take action, you folks are our only hope. Your forefathers and mine gave their blood and lives for America, not Roman Catholics.

"All America is ready to explode, one lady said over the New York program tonight that 1,000,000 people were to march on Washington the 4th of July against the Civil Rights Bill, another called in that every Senator and Congressmen voting for the Bill would be defeated in November.

"The Northern Left Wing Congressmen have gone too far in aiding Johnson and the Catholics in destroying our Constitution and destroying our Freedoms, the people have had it. I wanted you Southern Governors and Southern Congressmen to know what I had heard for I believe the only thing that will stop the revolution will be an American Legion armed guard around the White House and Nazis running our government.

"Very Sincerely,

"EDNA K. SHAFER /s/

"(Mrs.) Edna K. Shaffer"



BA 89-30

JGR:mgl

"11900 Ashley Drive  
Randolph Hills  
Rockville, Maryland

"June 23, 1964

"The Honorable Ralph W. Yarborough  
110 Maryland Avenue  
Washington 25, D.C.

• "Dear Senator Yarborough:

"I am not from the state of Texas, but from the state of West Virginia and our state agrees wholeheartedly with The Honorable Governor, John Connolly and the people of the state of Texas that are fighting to retain FREEDOM IN TEXAS AND ALL OTHER FORTY-NINE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

"I am also a Protestant as you are, and a descendant of Thomas Rogers, one of the one hundred and two PILGRIMS THAT LANDED ON PLYMOUTH ROCK, DECEMBER 30, 1620. Also a granddaughter of Percy "Doc" Rogers that along with his fellow Soldiers were forced to eat Opposum that had been dead so long it had begun to turn green, that ended with the giving their blood and laying down their lives on the Battlefield during the Civil War, 1861-1865 that you and I might live, and live in FREEDOM IN OUR BELOVED AMERICA.

"I am also a registered Democrat as you are, but our first LOYALTY AND ALLEGIANCE MUST FIRST BE PLEDGED TO OUR CREATOR, ALMIGHTY GOD AND SECOND TO AMERICA BEFORE EITHER POLITICAL PARTY, FOR IF WE DIDN'T HAVE ALMIGHTY GOD AND AMERICA WE WOULDN'T HAVE EITHER A DEMOCRATIC OR REPUBLICAN POLITICIAN IN A CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

"Senator Yarborough since the very day that Roman Catholic, John Kennedy entered our BLOOD PURCHASED, WHITE HOUSE, THE PROTESTANTS OF AMERICA HAVE BEEN HARASSED AND PERSECUTED SEVERELY AND SERIOUSLY, AND THIS PERSECUTION AND HARASSMENT HAS CONTINUED, AS SEVEPELY SINCE LYNDON B. JOHNSON BECAME PRESIDENT.

"Our Protestant forefathers purchased America with their blood and lives, and our Protestant husbands, fathers, brothers and sons have been slaughtered BY THE MILLIONS, AND STILL ARE, ON THE BATTLEFIELDS OF AMERICA AND HEATHEN FOREIGN JUNGLES that you and I and all other Americans might breathe the air of FREEDOM, DID THESE AMERICAN SOLDIERS LAY DOWN THEIR LIVES IN VAIN?

BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl/ds  
6

"The latest persecution has been inflicted upon 20th Century Reformation Hour, by Reverend Carl McIntire of Collingswood, New Jersey. Rev. McIntire is a reputable and God-fearing Minister of Protestant Faith, heard over 607 radio stations daily paid for exclusively by DONATIONS AND FREE WILL GIFTS OF MILLIONS OF FREEDOM LOVING AMERICANS ALL OVER OUR NATION. Reverend McIntire is Editor and Publisher of the CHRISTIAN BEACON, A PROTESTANT WEEKLY PUBLICATION. The Christian Beacon has been mailed out to its subscribers weekly as SECOND CLASS MAIL for the past twenty-five years without one single difficulty. Rev. McIntire was suddenly notified last week without any warning from Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. that effective immediately, his weekly Christian Beacon would no longer be mailed as SECOND CLASS BUT REDUCED TO THIRD CLASS MAIL.

"The 'Big Brother' in the Post Office Department didn't revoke the Second Class Right, but without warning or excuse reduced this Religious mail to Third Class as would never be thought would happen in America, but only under the BUTCHER OF BUDAPEST, NIKITI KRUSCHEV IN COMMUNIST RUSSIA OR THE BEAST DICTATOR, THE POPE IN ROME, ITALY.

"The second recent persecution The Independent Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions of Greenville, South Carolina of which Rev. McIntire is Vice-President has been refused Income Tax Deductions from Internal Revenue in Washington, D.C.

"I must add it has been learned that the Roman Catholics mail out their weekly magazine from the same Post Office in New Jersey as the Christian Beacon as Second Class Mail and they weren't touched by the Postal Department, and allowed to continue with the Second Class.

"Rev. McIntire and his wife are also former residents of the state of Texas and he has the largest listening audience of Voters all over America and we are 'FED UP' and have no intentions of taking this lying down.

"Senator Yarborough, we know you have the influence to REVERSE AND PUT A STOP TO THIS PERSECUTION OF OUR PROTESTANT RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN OUR VERY OWN COUNTRY. WE ARE CALLING UPON YOU TO PLEASE EXERT YOUR INFLUENCE AND TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION IN OUR FAVOR.

BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl/ds

President Johnson is well aware that allowing persecutions of Protestants such as I have explained to you is seriously risking his chances of being elected in November, but worse than that, he is (if the action isn't reversed immediately and absolutely) pulling you down to his level and placing your chances of re-election at the mercy of the people in Texas. Please take a firm stand and refuse to be intimidated by the gangsters, your constituents will reward you and you will also receive praise from all Americans.

"Please do not use your valuable time in replying, for I do not expect it. The gentlemen receiving copies of this letter will be on the alert if and when the action is reversed, and if it isn't action will have to come from them. I have belief in you that we will get results or I wouldn't have taken the time to seek your help. Thank you

"Very sincerely,

"EDNA K. SHAPPER /s/

"(Mrs.) Edna K. Shaffer

"COPIES TO:

*N<sup>o</sup> 1cc*

"The Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower

"The Honorable Governor  
John Connolly

"The Honorable Barry M. Goldwater

"The Honorable Governor  
George C. Wallace

"The Honorable Bruce Alger

"The Honorable Frank M. Clark"



"Rochester, N.Y., Feb. 11, 1937

"We... of the Holy Roman Catholic Church, expect all loyal children of the church to assist the President with all our strength to see that individuals comprising the U.S. Supreme Court shall obey the President's injunctions. And, if necessary, we shall change, mend, or blot out the present Constitution so that the President may enforce his, or rather our humanitarian program and all phases of human rights as laid down by our saintly popes and the Holy Mother Church.

"We elected our worthy President by the greatest majority ever recorded in history. We are going to have our laws made and enforced according to the Holy See, and the Popes and the canon law of the Papal Throne. Our entire social structure must be built on that basis. Our educational laws must be so construed that atheism, the red peril of all blathering isms-PROTESTANTISM, COMMUNISM, SOCIALISM and all other of their ilk and stamp, be driven from this fair land.

"The cross was planted on our shores by staunch Roman Catholics. This land belongs to us by every right. Long enough have we compromised on every important question. Now we demand what is really ours, and we are going to have it. We will support our President in every way to obtain it peacefully, honestly, if we may. If necessary, we are ready to fight and die for it.

"We want as Cabinet Members children of the Holy Mother Church holding important positions in the entire structure of our government.

"We control America, and we do not propose to stop until America, or Americans, are genuinely Roman Catholic and remain so. God help us."

---

"SIGNED--Father Patrick Henry P'Brien

"The above letter was written to Rev. A. Di Domenico, former Catholic of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, originally printed in L'Aurora, published by the Italian Baptist Association of America."

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BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl

9

"COPIED FROM: ~~My~~ Deliverance from the Heresies of Rome,  
by HARRY HAMPEL

"NOTE: I am a registered Democrat, but I am happy that my GOD AND JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA TAKE PRECEDENCE FAR BEYOND, OUT IN THE FRONT OF POLITICAL AFFILIATIONS. THE EXPOSURES ABOVE SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES, 'OUR PRESIDENT' SPOKEN OF IS NONE OTHER THAN FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT AND HE IS THE ONE AND FIRST OF THIRTY-TWO AMERICAN PRESIDENTS TO COMMIT TREASON AGAINST GOD, JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA, TREASON WAS CONTINUED IN 1964, THIRTY-FIFTH PRESIDENT, JOHN F. KENNEDY AND OUR THIRTY-SIXTH PRESIDENT, LYNDON BAYNES JOHNSON."



BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl/ds  
10

**"COMMUNIST RULES FOR REVOLUTION  
(Captured in Dusseldorf May 1919  
by the Allied Forces)**

- "A. Corrupt the young, get them away from religion.  
Get them interested in sex. Make them superficial,  
destroy their ruggedness.
- "B. Get control of all means of publicity and thereby:
  - "1. Get people's minds off their government by  
focusing their attention on athletics, sexy  
books and plays and other trivialities.
  - "2. Divide the people into hostile groups by constantly  
harping on controversial matters of no importance.
  - "3. Destroy the people's faith in their natural  
leaders by holding the latter up to contempt,  
ridicule and obloquy.
  - "4. Always preach true democracy, but seize power as  
fast and as ruthlessly as possible.
  - "5. By encouraging government extravagance, destroy  
its credit, produce fear of inflation with  
rising prices and general discontent.
  - "6. Foment unnecessary strikes in vital industries,  
encourage civil disorders and foster a lenient  
and soft attitude on the part of government toward  
such disorders.
  - "7. By spacious argument cause the breakdown of the  
old moral virtues, honesty, sobriety, continence,  
faith in the pledged word, ruggedness.
- "C. Cause the registration of all firearms on some  
pretext, with a view to confiscating them and leaving  
the population helpless.

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl/df1/ds

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"NOTE: The above 'Rules for Revolution' were secured by the State Attorney's Office from a known member of the Communist Party, who acknowledged it to be still a party of the Communist program for overthrowing the Government."

"George A. X Brautigan

"State Attorney  
State of Florida"

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JSR:mgl/ds  
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"The following has been copied from 'MY DELIVERANCE FROM THE HERESIES OF ROME' by Harry Hampel, former Roman Catholic, Chapter XV, page 97.

"It was the Pope Pius XII and the strong Italian vote that put Mussolini in final control of Italy, and from the very beginning the pope demanded and received many favors from him. One of Mussolini's first acts was to rescue the financial standing of the Vatican by saving from bankruptcy the Banco di Roma in which most of the Vatican's funds were invested. When the Lateran Pact was signed, Mussolini paid the Pope 750,000,000 liras in cash and one billion liras in Fascist State bonds.

"Since the war very little has been said of the Catholic Church's attitude toward the Nazi regime of Germany. It is interesting to note that when Hitler seized power in January, 1938, the Vatican was the first sovereign power to enter into formal negotiations with it. Six months later, on July 20, 1938, Cardinal Pacelli (Now Pope Pius XII) put his signature along side that of Frans von Papen to the Vatican's Concordat with Hitler's Third Reich.

"It is interesting to note that the German Bishop's meeting at Fulda in August of 1938, a pastoral letter was issued which read,

"There is no need to speak at length of the task which our people and our country are called upon to undertake. May our Fuehrer with help of God, succeed in this extraordinarily difficult work."

"No further elaboration is necessary to see that it was not until Hitler's Third Reich and Mussolini's Fascist party had both secured the blessings of the pope that they began their long bloody march against Europe and Africa."



BA 89-30

JSR:mg1

13

"The following has been copied from OUTLINE OF HISTORY by  
H.G. Wells, Vol. II, page 927, par. 3.

"The battle which was to come ranks with Marathon and Salamis among those which changed history and saved civilization. Had Britain not resisted, or had it been conquered, it is not difficult to estimate what would have followed. The Nazi plan is now fairly clear and it is clear too how nearly it succeeded. The defeat of Britain was to be followed by the conquer of Russia; as it was, the Soviet forces came to the very edge of disaster in 1941 and 1942 and it is hardly likely they would have survived the attack of a Germany which had defeated Britain, had no need to defend its rear and all the seas wide open to supply its armies. The defeat of Russia was to be followed by a triple attack on the credulous and half-armed UNITED STATES from Japan on the West, from all NAZI EUROPE on the East, and from Latin America allies already being prepared in the South. This vast, but impracticable programme was thwarted by British resistance."

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"NOTE:

The Kennedy-Johnson Foreign Aid Program is nothing more than to make sure that Hitler's plans for OVERTHROW OF THE UNITED STATES OF 1941 ARE COMPLETED IN 1964 PUT INTO ACTION, BY: no-win policy, (send our American Soldiers into Foreign Jungles with obsolete Airplanes and Arms as

BA 89-30  
JSR:mgl/ds

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'Sitting Ducks' to be SLAUGHTERED IN COLD BLOOD BY ROMAN CATHOLIC COMMUNISTS) disarm America by deceit and fraud by stealing from us and giving to the Communists, bankrupt America by giving our tax hard earned money to all Foreign Countries to build arms to kill us with, increase the number of enemy countries by BOLDLY AND AGGRESSIVELY FORCING OUR SOLDIERS TO OVERTHROW ASIA AND AFRICA AND SLAUGHTER IN COLD BLOOD THEIR LOYAL CITIZENS THAT RESIST AND STAND-UP AND FIGHT FOR THEIR COUNTRIES., PLACE OUR YOUTH INTO CAMAFLAGED (FEACE) HITLER GANGSTER YOUTH CAMPS TO CAUSE REVOLUTION, MURDERS, BOMBINGS, RAPES, THEFTS, AGAINST LOYAL AMERICAN CITIZENS, AND OVERTHROW OUR GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA."

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent MARION M. WRIGHT:

On July 15, 1964, Lieutenant L. M. ~~WHALEN~~, Montgomery County, Maryland, Police Department, Wheaton Station, advised that Wheaton Station covers the Rockville, Maryland, area. He said that Mrs. EDNA K. SHAFER is unknown to his department. He further advised that records of his department contain no information identifiable with CLYDE C. SHAFER.

On July 15, 1964, Mrs. EMILY ~~SHOEMAKER~~, Clerk, D.C. Credit Bureau, Washington, D.C., advised records of that Bureau reflected EDNA K. SHAFER of 11900 Ashley Drive, Rockville, Maryland, has been known to the D.C. Credit Bureau since July, 1961. Mrs. SHAFER is married to CLYDE C. ~~SHAFER~~ and they have been at the Ashley Drive address since 1956. They are buying their home there. The SHAFERS formerly lived at 1429 Columbia Road, N.W., Washington, D.C. Mrs. SHAFER is a white female, approximately 50 years of age.



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Mrs. SHOEMAKER said these records indicate that CLYDE C. SHAPPER is employed as a cabinet maker by the Columbia Store Fixture Company, 1915 47th Avenue, Kenilworth, Maryland, and that Mrs. SHAPPER is employed as a payroll clerk by the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland.

On July 15, 1964, Mrs. SARAH SONDER, 11902 Ashley Drive, Rockville, Maryland, advised that she has been a neighbor of Mrs. EDNA K. SHAPPER since April, 1957, when the SHAPPERS moved into the house at 11900. She said Mrs. SHAPPER is employed in the Payroll Department at the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, and is married to CLYDE SHAPPER, who is employed as a cabinet maker in Kenilworth, Maryland. She stated the SHAPPERS have one child, a daughter, married to EDWARD SCHWARZ. The SCHWARZES have three children and live in Cumberland, Maryland, where Mr. SCHWARZ is connected with the Athletic Department of the Cumberland, Maryland, Public School System.

Mrs. SONDER said that Mrs. SHAPPER has been ill for the past several months; however, the exact nature of her illness is unknown to Mrs. SONDER. She said that Mrs. SHAPPER has told her that she is attempting to obtain medical retirement because of this illness. Mrs. SONDER said that she has heard Mrs. SHAPPER name the physician who is attending her; however, Mrs. SONDER could not recall this name.

On July 16, 1964, WESLEY L. WILLIAMS, Staff Accountant, Accounting and Auditing Section, National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, Maryland, advised that he is the immediate supervisor of Mrs. EDNA K. SHAPPER of 11900 Ashley Drive,

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JSR:mgl

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Rockville, Maryland. Mr. WILLIAMS said that according to his records, Mrs. SHAFFER has been employed at NIH as a payroll clerk since January, 1957. He said that he is aware she had prior government service; however, the time served and exact nature of her former employment is not reflected in records immediately available to him.

Mr. WILLIAMS stated that during the past two years, Mrs. SHAFFER has been on extended sick leave and leave without pay, after she used all of her accrued sick leave. He said that she has been on leave without pay since April, 1964, and will shortly be retired because of medical disability. He stated he has not had an opportunity to review medical records pertaining to the exact nature of Mrs. SHAFFER's medical disability and that he probably will not be permitted to review these records. However, he is aware that her disability appears to be a definite emotional problem. He commented that about two years ago he began to notice that she appeared to be displeased with many things that occurred in her particular area of work and constantly complained to him and other of her superiors, indicating that she believed she was being discriminated against because of her religious convictions. He said he is also aware that Mrs. SHAFFER has written many letters to various political figures throughout the United States charging that a religious order is attempting to undermine the Government of the United States in an effort to eventually take over the control of the United States Government.

Mr. WILLIAMS said that he has seen Mrs. SHAFFER read a number of books, which, from casual perusal by him, indicate the authors of these books are castigating a particular religious sect.

Mr. WILLIAMS said that he does not know the identity of the physician who has been caring for Mrs. SHAFFER. He said she did not utilize the services of a government physician but insisted on seeing her private physician. Mr. WILLIAMS said he could add nothing to the above except the personal observation that Mrs. SHAFFER, who was at one time a valued and reliable employee in his section, now appears to be an extremely emotionally upset woman.

Mr. WILLIAMS furnished the following brief physical description of Mrs. SHAFFER:

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

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Name:	EDNA K. SHAFFER
Date of Birth:	February 16, 1911
Race:	White
Sex:	Female
Height:	5'1"
Weight:	135 pounds
Hair:	Red
Eyes:	Blue
Marital Status:	Married
Husband:	CLYDE C. SHAFFER <i>CC</i>
Children:	One married daughter

Each of the following individuals advised there is no record of treatment of EDNA K. SHAFFER for mental condition at her respective institutions:

Miss A. LEE WRIGHT, Librarian  
Spring Grove State Hospital,  
Catonsville, Maryland

Miss LOUISE PRUETT  
Statistical Division  
Springfield State Hospital  
Sykesville, Maryland



DL 89-43

RPG/ds

Re: UNKNOWN YOUTH; LATE MODEL BLACK CONVERTIBLE,  
CENTRAL EXPRESSWAY, DALLAS, TEXAS, 1:25 P.M.,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

The following investigation supplements that contained  
on pages 286 through 291 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING  
dated June 19, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, in instant captioned case.

OC 89-41  
DL 89-43

Re: UNKNOWN YOUTH, Late Model  
Black Convertible, Central  
Expressway, Dallas, Texas  
1:25 PM, November 22, 1964

Investigation in this matter has been predicated on information supplied by JAMES R. ELLIS, 9622 Forestridge, Dallas 38, Texas, on March 9, 1964, concerning his sighting of subject vehicle occupied by a lone youth weaving in and out of the traffic at 70 miles an hour on the Central Expressway shortly following the assassination of President KENNEDY. Mr. ELLIS had recalled the license on this vehicle as Oklahoma 37-1963. Previous investigation reported has concerned current registrations; that which follows relates to a 1962 Oklahoma registration No. 37-1963, a 1953 Chevrolet, two-door, VIN B53K060123, to J. P. MORROW, Jr., Post Office Box 201, Disney, Oklahoma.



Date July 7, 1964

1  
Mrs. JESSE PLEDGER MORROW, Jr., Box 201, Disney, Oklahoma, advised her husband is employed by the O'Brien Chicken Plant, Jay, Oklahoma as a Routeman. She said her husband is the registered owner of a 1953 dark green over cream Chevrolet, two-door, VIN B53K060123, bearing 1964 Oklahoma license CG-1324. She exhibited original Oklahoma title No. E 220504 A which verified the ownership of this car since July 17, 1956. The 1962 license was recorded as 37-1963. The 1963 license was ME-0780.

Mrs. MORROW advised her son LARRY JOE MORROW, age 19, now drives the car and has since his graduation from high school in May, 1963. She stated her son has never been out of the State of Oklahoma with the car including Texas. She said neither she nor her husband have been in Texas with this car since they have owned it and none of their license plates have ever been stolen. She did not know what disposition was made of the 1962 license when the 1963 license was purchased.

On 7/6/64 at Disney, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41  
by SA CLAIR B. EMPEY/ik Date dictated 7/6/64

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Date July 7, 19641

LARRY JOE MORROW, Box 201, Disney, Oklahoma, I.O.E. 1715  
advised his father JESSE PLEDGER MORROW, Jr. is the registered owner of a 1953 dark green over cream Chevrolet two-door, VIN B53K060123, bearing 1964 Oklahoma license CG-1324. He said he has been driving this vehicle since he graduated from high school in May, 1963, but has never been out of the State of Oklahoma with the car. He advised he has not loaned the car to anyone who could have driven it to Texas. He said he did not know where the 1962 license was now located and stated it was never stolen.

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On 7/6/64 at Disney, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41by SA CLAIR B. EMPEY/jk Date dictated 7/6/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DL 89-43  
RPG/ds

Re: DAVID MOREY WASS, JR.

At approximately 11:00 P.M., June 2, 1964, an individual identifying himself as DAVID WASS, Apartment 208A, 4010 Swiss Street, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised Night Clerk L. JOSEPH HERSLEY that he had a matter which he did not desire to discuss over the telephone. This individual stated that, in brief, he had made contact with the "Syndicate", and that a member of the "Syndicate" had been talking to him regarding the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY. This individual stated that the member of the "Syndicate" had stated that the President's brother was the one who was supposed to have been killed.

The individual stated that he worked at the Dental Arts Laboratory, Suite 206, Dorchester House, Dallas, Texas, and that he desired an Agent contact him as soon as possible at that location as he did not desire to discuss the matter further on the telephone. This individual stated that he was to be recontacted, either on Wednesday or Thursday evening, June 3 or 4, 1964, by the "Syndicate" member and, therefore, would like to be interviewed by an FBI Agent prior to his contact with this member of the "Syndicate". The individual stated that the best way to contact him would be to call him at work at any time and set up an appointment.



Date 6/5/64

1

DAVID MOSEY WASS, JR., 4010 Swiss Avenue, Apartment 208A, advised he is employed as a Dental Technician at Dental Arts Laboratory, 206 Dorchester House, Dallas, Texas, and has been employed there for the past three weeks. WASS stated he was born January 26, 1920, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He said until two years ago he was married to ETHEL M. WASS and they resided together at Allentown, Pennsylvania, until their divorce.

Prior to coming to Dallas, Texas, WASS stated he had been living with his mother, Mrs. IDA V. WASS, Box 236, Leonard, Texas. He stated his half brother, JOHN C. SCHERER, a retired United States Air Force Major, also resides in Leonard, Texas. WASS said he had spent several weeks recuperating at his mother's residence following his release from Park Place Hospital in Port Arthur, Texas.

WASS informed that around February, 1964, he was employed as a Dental Technician by PALMY RESSLER, Owner of Towers Dental Laboratory, Medical Towers Building, Houston, Texas. During the course of this employment, WASS stated he made the acquaintance of one FRANCES GOLDEN at the Golden Cask, Port Arthur, Texas, a bar owned by PAUL COLLETTI (phonetic). WASS stated FRANCES GOLDEN resides in Groves, Texas. WASS advised that almost nightly he would meet FRANCES GOLDEN at the Golden Cask and they would spend the evening drinking together. On either March 16 or March 18, 1964, WASS stated he went to the Golden Cask and FRANCES GOLDEN was not there. He said he telephoned her at home, and she informed him their relationship was over. WASS stated he remained at the Golden Cask and, later that evening, FRANCES GOLDEN arrived. Shortly after GOLDEN arrived, WASS stated a man, whose identity is unknown to him, approached him at the bar and made some comment to the effect that he, WASS, had been bothering FRANCES GOLDEN. WASS said he denied this, whereupon this man jerked him off the bar stool and "worked him over." WASS stated he did not know the reason for this, but believes FRANCES GOLDEN "set it up." WASS advised that following this

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6/3/64

Dallas, Texas

File # DL 89-43by Special Agents A. RAYMOND SWITZER & EUGENE E. PETRAKIS/eah Date dictated 6/4/64

PETRAKIS/eah

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DL 89-43

beating, he went to the rest room and, upon returning, went to PAUL COLLETTI, the owner of the Golden Cask, and protested the beating he had received. At this point, WASS stated COLLETTI uttered some profanities, threw him out of the Golden Cask, and also proceeded to "work him over." Following this, WASS stated he returned to the Golden Cask and called the police for assistance. He stated, however, when the police arrived they arrested him on a charge of "Disorderly Conduct" and placed him in jail, where he remained overnight.

Upon his release from jail the next day, WASS stated he went to another bar and had a beer. He advised that his chest and head were hurting so much that he called Lieutenant DUB BEALL, Port Arthur, Texas, Police Department, who advised that maybe he should go to the Park Place Hospital. WASS stated he did this. He said he was examined at the hospital by a Doctor BINSKY (phonetic), who told him he had several broken ribs and the cartilage was torn loose from his sternum. WASS stated he was confined to this hospital for several weeks.

After his release from the Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas, WASS advised he stopped at a bar, name unrecalled, for a small "libation." Upon leaving this bar, WASS stated he was again picked up by the Port Arthur, Texas, police, who took him to jail for investigation. Shortly after his arrival there, WASS advised the police informed him that he should leave town and, since he had no money, they drove him to the outskirts of Port Arthur, where he hitchhiked a ride to the home of Mrs. WILLIAM E. HARRIS, 5071 Winding Way, Dickerson, Texas, who is his twin sister. He stated he remained there for a few days, at which time he went to the home of his mother in Leonard, Texas.

On May 31, 1964, WASS stated he was in the ~~El Dorado~~ Bar on Haskell Street, Dallas, Texas, which is one block east of his present residence. During the course of the evening, WASS stated he struck up an acquaintance with JIM LATTIMER, an electrician, who resides at 911 Haskell Street, Room 5, Dallas, Texas,



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DL 89-43

telephone number TA. 4-9543. WASS stated he related his above experiences to IATTIMER and IATTIMER asked him if he was interested in "getting rid of COLLETTI." WASS advised that, in trying to "draw out IATTIMER," he responded in the affirmative and was informed by IATTIMER that he would do the job for \$1,500. He said the arrangements would be \$500 down and a thousand dollars when the job was done. As an alternate plan, WASS stated IATTIMER informed him he could get someone else to "do the job" for \$2,000, \$500 being paid down and \$1,500 when COLLETTI had been removed. WASS informed he and IATTIMER decided to discuss this matter further at WASS' apartment, where they went for some beer.

WASS stated that, in his discussions with IATTIMER at his apartment, IATTIMER informed him he was a member of "The Syndicate." He said IATTIMER did not describe "The Syndicate" further. He stated IATTIMER also informed that JACK RUBY was a member of the same "Syndicate," but stated "The Syndicate" was not involved in the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or in the assassination of President KENNEDY. He said IATTIMER stated both of these jobs were bungled and "The Syndicate" would not bungle any job they did. WASS stated IATTIMER told him "The Syndicate" was not interested in President KENNEDY, but interested in BOBBY KENNEDY.

WASS advised he does not know why IATTIMER would inform him of the above, but stated IATTIMER told him if he betrayed the confidence he would be eliminated. Further, WASS stated IATTIMER informed him that someone higher up in "The Syndicate" wanted to talk to WASS and would be around to see him on either June 3 or 4, 1964.

Concerning his past medical history, WASS informed he received a Medical Discharge from the Air Force on September 15, 1943, because of bad eyes and "a nervous condition." He said his medical diagnosis was psychoneurosis, anxiety type. He informed he had a recurrence of his nervous condition in 1948 and

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DL 89-43

was confined to the Veterans Administration Hospital in Oakland, California, and in 1951 or 1952 was confined to the Allentown General Hospital, Allentown, Pennsylvania, which confinement was authorized by the Veterans Administration. In both of these instances, WASS stated he believes he was confined for two or three months. He said he presently draws a thirty percent service-connected disability from the Air Force.

WASS advised he is not acquainted with and, to his knowledge, has never had any contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. Further, WASS stated he had no information which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Date 6/26/641

DAVID M. WASS, Room 348, Towers Hotel, Houston, Texas, was interviewed at his request and furnished the following information:

WASS advised that he had two or three weeks ago furnished information to Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Dallas, Texas, regarding a "mugging" he experienced in Port Arthur, Texas; that is, he was beaten up in a bar. He stated he also furnished the name of JIM LATTIMER as being connected with a syndicate interested in killing BOBBY KENNEDY.

WASS advised that the name JIM LATTIMER was in error. The correct name for this individual is JIM LOUDERMILK. He resides in Room 5, 911 Haskell Street, Dallas, Texas. WASS Oct 7 1964 described LOUDERMILK as being about twenty-eight years of age, dark wavy hair, about 5'10" tall, slender build, and is an P.C.B. Per electrician. WASS stated that LOUDERMILK carries a gold Sheriff's Office badge from some city in Oklahoma or Arkansas. OKG

WASS also advised that LOUDERMILK's superior in the syndicate is BILL HAYDEN, JR., who has telephone number BR 6-6744, in Dallas, Texas. WASS stated that HAYDEN is the individual to whom LOUDERMILK reports.

WASS further advised that he was in Houston, Texas, to discuss employment with two dentists, a Doctor ROXBELL, JR., and a Doctor RISSEY.

On June 21, 1964, WASS telephonically advised that he had employed a private investigator by the name of W. JIM MARIBEL to look into the "Port Arthur mugging." He stated MARIBEL has business telephone number Capitol 7-5613 and residence telephone number Jackson 4-6737, both in Houston, Texas.

on 6/20/64 at Houston, Texas File # HO 62-2115  
6/21/64 DL 89-43  
by Special Agent GRAHAM W. KITCHEL: yk: eah Date dictated 6/25/64



HO 62-2115  
JGH:yk

The following investigation was conducted by SA  
JOHN G. HOUSTON at Port Arthur, Texas:

On June 25, 1964, Detective Lieutenant RICHARD SINGLETON, Identification Bureau, Port Arthur Police Department, advised a review of the Port Arthur Police Department file, Number A 29,396, revealed that DAVID MOREY WASS, JR., who gave his address as the Carousel Motel, 3330 Reveille Street, Houston, Texas, was arrested on March 20, 1964, by officers of the Port Arthur Police Department. WASS was charged with disturbing the peace at 5000 Gulfway Drive, Port Arthur, Texas. This charge was dismissed on March 21, 1964. A notation in the file reflects that WASS was drunk and causing a disturbance at the Golden Cask Club, cursing in front of women, and when asked to leave would not depart.

Detective SINGLETON advised that WASS was again arrested on March 24, 1964, on a charge of investigation, and the disposition shows he was released for the purpose of leaving town on March 24, 1964. Detective SINGLETON furnished the following description of DAVID MOREY WASS, JR., as obtained from the Port Arthur Police Department files:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5'7½"
Weight	129 pounds
Hair	Light brown
Eyes	Blue
Build	Medium-slender
Complexion	Fair
Born	January 26, 1920, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Occupation	Dental Lab Technician at Stern Dental Lab, 908 Austin Street, Houston, Texas
Mother	IDA V. WASS, Leonard, Texas
Father	Dr. DAVID M. WASS, SR., 3831 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

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HO 62-2115

Half brother  
Sister

~~JOHN C. ASCHERER~~, Leonard, Texas

~~JANE HARRIS~~,

5711 Windingway,

Dickinson, Texas

Scars

1" cut scar edge left eye;  
operation scar abdomen

Characteristics

Does not have complete use of  
both hands as a result of burns

Detective SINGLETON advised that their files contain an identification record from the Identification Division, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C., under FBI Number 816 130 E. This record reflects that on June 27, 1951, WASS was fingerprinted by the Police Department at Salinas, California, as a "sleeper" and was released and no charges filed.

Detective SINGLETON further advised that their offense report number M-1433 dated March 16, 1964, reflects that the Port Arthur Police Department was in receipt of a telephone call at 3:20 AM on March 16, 1964, from the Knowles Ambulance Service. This service reported that they were going to the Merchants Cafe, Port Arthur, Texas, on an attempted suicide call. The report further indicates that officers from the Port Arthur Police Department made a call at this cafe and found that a DAVID WASS, a white male, was lying on the floor of the cafe bleeding from his left hand. Officers questioned WASS regarding what had happened. He stated he had taken a dental tool and stuck it in his left hand and let it bleed over the commode in the cafe. The report indicates that WASS would not tell officers where he lived or anything about himself except that he was from Houston, Texas. WASS was taken to the Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas, and treated by Dr. BENSKI.

Detective SINGLETON advised that a supplementary offense report was filed in this matter by Detective Sergeant FLOY PHILLIPS. This report reflects that DAVID WASS came to Port Arthur, Texas, from Houston, Texas, to see a girl friend and when she refused to see him he commenced drinking and "got down in the dumps and then was feeling sorry for himself and cut his hand." The report reflects that in the opinion of Detective PHILLIPS, WASS is "a little off at times," and PHILLIPS has known him for approximately two years.



HO 62-2115

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA GRAHAM W. KITCHEL at Houston, Texas:

On June 29, 1964, RALPH KESSLER, Towers Dental Laboratory, Medical Towers Building, Houston, Texas, advised SA GRAHAM W. KITCHEL that DAVID WASS worked for him as a dental technician for thirteen days in about April, 1964. He advised that he considers WASS to be a drunkard and compulsive liar. In the thirteen days he worked at the Towers Dental Laboratory, he got \$400 advance payments, which he has never reimbursed.

1

Date 7/1/64

PAUL COLLETTI, 4308 Tulane Street, Port Arthur, Texas, who is owner of the Golden Cask Supper Club, 4940 Gulfway Drive, Port Arthur, Texas, furnished the following information:

COLLETTI first met DAVID WASS as a customer who frequented his club. He stated he also recalls WASS because WASS presented what later turned out to be a non-sufficient fund check. He called the check to the attention of the Port Arthur Police Department; however, WASS later made the check good and no complaint was filed.

COLLETTI recalls that on one night during March, 1964, WASS was seated by himself at the bar, and also at the bar was a girl named FRANCES GOLDEN who was accompanied by a male companion. A verbal argument commenced between WASS and the man accompanying Mrs. GOLDEN. COLLETTI stated he paid little attention to the argument; however, within a short time one of his waiters advised him that there was a scuffle taking place in the men's restroom. COLLETTI went to the restroom and asked that the door be opened, and when opened, he noticed WASS and the male companion of Mrs. GOLDEN standing just inside the door. COLLETTI stated he did not notice any marks or bruises on WASS but WASS presented the appearance of having been shaken a bit. COLLETTI stated he had both men go back to the bar and stop arguing. He, COLLETTI, returned to his office, and WASS followed him and proceeded to explain what had happened. COLLETTI told WASS he was not interested in what had happened and all he wanted was that WASS cease arguing. WASS at that time became very belligerent and returned to the bar and continued to harass Mrs. GOLDEN and her companion with verbal abuses.

Mr. COLLETTI stated he went to the bar and asked WASS to leave, and when WASS declined to do so he had him forcibly ejected from the club. WASS continued to return to the club, and it took approximately twelve forcible removals from the club before COLLETTI called the Port Arthur Police Department, who came and arrested WASS on a charge of disturbing the peace.

On 6/25/64 at Port Arthur, Texas File # HO 62-2115  
by SA JOHN G. HOUSTON:yk Date dictated 6/26/64

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HO 62-2115

COLLETTI advised that at no time did he hit or strike WASS and used only enough force to eject him from his club.

COLLETTI stated that during the removal of WASS from his club, WASS threatened to sue COLLETTI, and on several occasions since this incident WASS has telephonically contacted COLLETTI from Houston and stated "you are going to get your's." COLLETTI refused to talk on one long distance call from WASS, and WASS is reported to have told the operator that "he had better talk to me or he will be sorry." COLLETTI stated in his opinion WASS was not drunk but appeared to have had something else besides alcohol. He stated he had seen people act the same as WASS in the past who had been under the influence of narcotics. COLLETTI advised that WASS' actions were very strange and he considered WASS to have a very serious mental problem. He stated he feels WASS is the type of person who some day may approach him, COLLETTI, and attempt to take his life.



Date 7/1/64

Detective Lieutenant W. D. ~~X~~BEALL, Port Arthur Police Department, Port Arthur, Texas, advised he first met DAVID WASS while working the detail on the night shift which required him to make frequent checks at bars and lounges in Port Arthur. He stated he had occasion to meet DAVID WASS at one of these bars almost every evening and through these meetings became somewhat of a friend of WASS.

Detective BEALL advised that WASS was keeping company with FRANCES GOLDEN, a beauty parlor operator, and Mrs. GOLDEN later stopped going with him. Soon thereafter, WASS started drinking to excess and in several instances caused commotions at the various bars where he was drinking. Detective BEALL advised he recalls WASS on one occasion attempted suicide by stabbing himself in the wrist, and from this and other instances there is no doubt in his mind that WASS is suffering from some sort of mental problem.

Detective BEALL stated WASS has an acid burn on his hand and once told him that he, WASS, had to take narcotics for quite some time to kill the pain in this hand. Detective BEALL feels that WASS might be continuing the use of narcotics as on several instances WASS had stated he had been in the Veterans Administration Hospital in Houston, Texas.

Detective BEALL advised that when WASS was arrested in Port Arthur, Texas, on March 24, 1964, WASS was requested to leave town, and he, BEALL, transported WASS to the city limits and furnished him with some money.

Detective BEALL stated that while in Port Arthur, Texas, WASS passed several non-sufficient funds checks; however, no complaints were filed against WASS inasmuch as eventually all of these checks were made good.

On 6/25/64 at Port Arthur, Texas File # HO 62-2115  
by SA JOHN G. HOUSTON:yk Date dictated 6/26/64

1Date 7/1/64

Detective Sergeant FLOYD PHILLIPS, Port Arthur, Texas Police Department, furnished the following information:

Detective PHILLIPS advised that part of his duties as a member of the Vice Squad of the Port Arthur Police Department was making frequent checks of local bars, clubs and lounges within the city. Over a period of several months in conducting these routine checks, he became acquainted with an individual by the name of DAVID WASS who frequented some of the bars he contacted. As a result of these contacts with WASS, he became "more or less WASS' friend" and as a matter of fact WASS, who is a dental technician, made PHILLIPS a pair of gun grips.

PHILLIPS stated WASS appeared to be having trouble with a girl friend of his and started drinking to excess. In many instances he caused disturbances in the bars in which he was drinking. PHILLIPS advised that when WASS drank he seemed to drink to excess, but when he was not drinking he was an excellent dental technician. WASS' girl friend continued to give him problems and it was not long until WASS started writing non-sufficient fund checks drawn on a bank in Houston, Texas. PHILLIPS stated that when these matters were brought to WASS' attention he usually made restitution.

Detective PHILLIPS described WASS as a person who liked a lot of attention, wanted sympathy and enjoyed having people talk to him. On one night WASS seemed "to go crazy" at the Golden Cask Club, Port Arthur, Texas, and caused a disturbance which brought about his being ejected from the club and placed in jail.

Detective PHILLIPS advised that in his opinion he feels WASS is suffering from some sort of mental problem and should be in an institution.

On 6/25/64at Port Arthur, Texas

File #

HO 62-2115by SA JOHN G. HOUSTON:yk

Date dictated

6/26/64



1Date 7/1/64

JOHN H. ~~TEMPLAIN~~, Office Manager, Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas, advised a search of the hospital records under the name of DAVID MOREY WASS, JR., reflects the following information:

Mr. TEMPLAIN stated the first time WASS was admitted was on March 19, 1963, and was discharged on March 24, 1963, his case being listed as acute anxiety.

Mr. TEMPLAIN stated the next time WASS was admitted was on March 16, 1964, and was released on March 20, 1964, his case given as acute anxiety, attempted suicide.

Mr. TEMPLAIN stated WASS was re-admitted on March 21, 1964, and discharged on March 23, 1964, his case listed as acute anxiety reaction.

Mr. TEMPLAIN advised that upon WASS' discharge on March 23, 1964, he understood that WASS was leaving Port Arthur and attempting to enter the Veterans Administration Hospital at Houston, Texas.

On 6/25/64 at Port Arthur, Texas File # HO 62-2115  
by SA JOHN G. HOUSTON:yk Date dictated 6/25/64

1

Date 7/1/64

Dr. RAYMOND BENSKE, 109 - 12th Street, Nederland, Texas, furnished the following information:

Dr. BENSKE reviewed his medical records and advised that he first saw DAVID MOREY WASS, JR., on March 16, 1964, when WASS was admitted to the Park Place Hospital, Port Arthur, Texas. WASS was admitted after having become upset and had threatened suicide. Dr. BENSKE advised that his inquiry of WASS as to why he attempted suicide revealed that WASS had an automobile which developed mechanical trouble and he thought he would be unable to return to his job in Houston.

Dr. BENSKE stated he treated WASS for a small nick on his hand and prescribed a mild tranquilizer. WASS was released from the hospital on March 18, 1964.

Dr. BENSKE advised that his records reflect WASS was readmitted to the hospital on March 18, 1964, due to a case of overexposure. Dr. BENSKE advised that he interviewed WASS and determined that WASS had missed his bus to Houston, Texas, and tried to hitchhike. He was unable to secure a ride, and due to a severe rain storm he was returned to the hospital by the Port Arthur Police Department.

Dr. BENSKE advised WASS was again released from the Park Place Hospital on March 21, 1964, but came back later in the evening stating he had gone to a local club for a drink and was beaten and complained of weakness, shock and soreness over his body. Dr. BENSKE stated he afforded WASS a thorough physical examination of the chest, back and ribs and discovered no injury. He stated WASS was also furnished extensive X-ray examination of his entire body and no injuries were revealed. WASS was again discharged on March 23, 1964.

Dr. BENSKE further advised he telephonically contacted the Veterans Administration office in Houston, Texas, and he was advised that WASS should be sent to the outpatient care section. Dr. BENSKE later mailed the Veterans Administration Hospital in Houston, Texas, a summary of WASS' case

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On 6/26/64 at Nederland, Texas File # HO 62-2115  
by SA JOHN G. HOUSTON:yk Date dictated 6/26/64

HO 62-2115

history and a recommendation that WASS be afforded further psychiatric care.

Dr. BENSKI stated he at no time told WASS he had broken ribs or a cartilage being torn loose from his sternum. He stated on every contact with WASS he was given a thorough physical examination and other than suffering from over-exposure and a slight nick on the hand, he discovered no injuries.

1  
ARS:vm  
DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA A. RAYMOND SWITZER:

At Dallas, Texas

Mrs. ETHEL KILOPHENSTEIN, owner of the rooming house located 911 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised on June 29, 1964, that JAMES "HOAGIE" LOUDERMILK occupied room 5 at that address from May 12, 1964, until June 22, 1964, when he left, owing \$14.

Mrs. KILOPHENSTEIN advised that LOUDERMILK was employed at an awning company on Gaston Avenue around the corner from the rooming house. She stated LOUDERMILK was always "broke" and tried to borrow money from everyone at the rooming house.

A. H. HENNING, President, Dallas Tent and Awning Company, 3921 Gaston Avenue, advised on June 30, 1964, that JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK, who goes by the name of "HOAGIE," was employed by him as a laborer from April 24, 1964, to June 24, 1964. He had Social Security Number 432-66-4480. He resided at 911 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

HENNING stated LOUDERMILK informed him that his wife had been killed in an automobile accident and his parents were raising his child. He said his mother-in-law was trying to get custody of the child and he wanted two weeks off to return to Arkoma, Oklahoma, where his parents were living and to get the matter of custody of his child settled.

HENNING said that LOUDERMILK also told him that he had a nervous breakdown following the death of his wife, and, on the advice of his doctor, got a job doing outdoor work when he had been previously employed doing office work.



HENNING stated that LOUDERMILK would tell contradictory stories and overestimate his abilities. He also said he doubts that he will re-employ LOUDERMILK when he returns from Oklahoma.

HENNING described LOUDERMILK as being 24 years of age, 5'11" tall, weight about 150 pounds, slender build, with dark brown hair and brown eyes.

Mrs. A. H. HENNING, Dallas Tent and Awning Company, advised on June 30, 1964, that LOUDERMILK informed her that when he arrived in Dallas, Texas, he "blacked out" at the bus station and spent two weeks in Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas. She said he was treated by a Dr. DYLL, a neurosurgeon.

Mrs. HENNING advised that LOUDERMILK informed her he had been previously employed by a ladder company at Seagoville, Texas. Mrs. HENNING also stated that LOUDERMILK told contradictory stories and would exaggerate.

JOYCE CORNELIUS, Clerk, Records Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised on June 29, 1964, that records of the Dallas Police Department contain no record of JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK.



Date 7/3/64

X Mrs. MARILYN GREEN, Chief Medical Records Librarian, Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas, advised that JAMES W. LOUDERMILK, born July 29, 1939, was admitted to Baylor University Medical Center on April 18, 1964, and discharged on April 23, 1964. He listed his parents as Mr. and Mrs. J. (initial only) LOUDERMILK, Sr., Box 799, Arkoma, Oklahoma. He also listed as a friend Miss JUDY CALTON, 6155 Saratoga Circle, Dallas, Texas, telephone No. TA 6-3087.

A review of LOUDERMILK's medical record reflects that on admission he advised he had attacks of a type of dizziness with an associated visual disturbance. The attending physician was Dr. S. R. BUMPASS and the consulting neurologist was Dr. JAMES W. DYLL. This record reflects that tests conducted on LOUDERMILK disclosed he had many symptoms associated with dizziness. His neurological examination was negative and his laboratory tests were normal. LOUDERMILK was given the provisional diagnosis of vertigo and dizziness, probable cerebral lesion.

on 6/30/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 89-43by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:vmDate dictated 7/1/64

Date 7/15/64

(1)

James Wiley Loudermilk was advised he did not have to make a statement and that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law. He was further advised by SA Henry B. Lowrey of his right to consult an attorney before making a statement.

Loudermilk, after being so advised, furnished the following information:

In January, 1964, Loudermilk and one James Christian of Arkoma, Oklahoma, were in Long Beach, California, out of work.

T.

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On 7/6/64 at Arkoma, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41  
DL 89-43  
by SA HENRY B. LOWREY:bnm Date dictated 7/10/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

They were traveling in a 1958 Plymouth, the property of Loudermilk. When unable to obtain employment in Long Beach, they traveled in this same vehicle to the home of Louise Munn, an aunt of Loudermilk's, 211 North Kauffman, Seagoville, Texas. At Seagoville they lived at the home of Mrs. Munn and obtained employment with the Wolf-Denning Ladder Corporation at Seagoville where they both were employed until April 1, 1964, when Loudermilk resigned after some differences arose between Loudermilk and his foreman, Adrian Thornton. Loudermilk returned to Arkoma, Oklahoma. James Christian remained in the employment of the Wolf-Denning Ladder Company at Seagoville.

Approximately the middle of April, 1964, Loudermilk returned to Dallas, Texas, via bus. At the time he stepped off the bus in Dallas, he became very ill and passed out on the street. He was taken to the Baylor Hospital in Dallas by a passing taxi driver, remained in the hospital for a period of one week, and was released.

After Loudermilk's release from the hospital he went to the Dallas Tent and Awning Company where he obtained employment, his time of entry on duty being the following Monday. Loudermilk worked for the Dallas Tent and Awning Company until Wednesday, June 24, 1964, and while so employed resided at the Hill Hotel, Room 5, 911 Haskell Street in Dallas. When he resigned from the Tent and Awning Company on June 24, 1964, he returned to Arkoma, Oklahoma, where he has been residing since.

Loudermilk claimed he had been arrested only one time, in 1960 when he, along with one Frankie Ross of Fort Smith, Arkansas, was arrested and paid a \$25 fine for taking coins from a Coca-Cola machine in Fort Smith.

He said that approximately the latter part of May or the first of June, 1964, which was about three weeks before he left Dallas to return to Arkoma, Oklahoma, he met one David Wass in the El Dorado Lounge, located in the 1000 Block Haskell Street in Dallas. During this three week period they visited on several occasions at the El Dorado Bar and also swam together in the pool connected with the apartment where Wass was residing. He stated that one night when both were very drunk, he had stayed at the apartment with WASS.

Loudermilk stated that his conversations with Wass were general and concerned no particular topic. He did recall, however, that on an occasion or two they did discuss the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, but only in a general way and from what they had read in the papers, not from actual knowledge. He said he did remember that during one of their conversations someone in the crowd at the bar remarked, "I wonder who is going to shoot Jack Ruby." He could not remember the name of the individual who made this remark, but described him as a large, fat man whom they had met at the lounge, an individual who claimed he had been a member of a Syndicate in and around Dallas. He did not identify the Syndicate or any alleged members of a Syndicate. Loudermilk claimed he saw this man on only one or two occasions, each time at the lounge. He claimed that on another occasion he did hear this unidentified fat man talk about a magazine article he had read in the Saturday Evening Post, an article indicating that the associates of James Hoffa might try to kill Bobby Kennedy. To the best of his memory, this was the only mention of Bobby Kennedy, and at no time did he recall hearing anyone remark that there had been any intent by anyone to kill Bobby Kennedy.

Loudermilk advised that while he could not identify the fat man at the lounge, one Fred Brown, an employee at the El Dorado Lounge, would probably be able to furnish the name and employment of the fat man in question. T-x

He said he was not acquainted with a Frances Golden or any person named Colletti; however, on one occasion, Wass asked him if he would get rid of Colletti for Wass. He told Wass that he did not even know the man. Wass then tried to get him to go to Port Arthur, Texas, with him, but Loudermilk refused. During the remainder of the evening, Loudermilk said that Wass continued his efforts to get Loudermilk to get rid of Colletti, but at no time was an offer made by either party. He said the reason Wass wanted Colletti eliminated was never explained in detail, but it was in regard to a beating Colletti allegedly gave Wass in Port Arthur, Texas.

Loudermilk denied that he is or ever has been a member of any type of Syndicate in Dallas or anywhere else. To the best of his knowledge, he had never discussed a Syndicate with anyone.



Loudermilk added that he did remember that the fat man at the lounge on one occasion remarked that Jack Ruby was a member of a Syndicate; that the Syndicate probably would get rid of Ruby, as the act of Ruby would leave a black mark on the Syndicate. Loudermilk claimed that at no time did he know what the fat man was talking about.

In regard to Bill Hayden, Jr., Loudermilk stated that he met Hayden in Baylor Hospital, Hayden being a patient there during the same period that Loudermilk was confined, an acquaintanceship of only one week. His only contact with Hayden since had been by telephone when, at the request of Hayden, he, Loudermilk, assisted one Bill Waters, a friend of TX Hayden, in obtaining employment at the Dallas Tent and Awning Company. In turn, Loudermilk was going to request that Hayden assist David Wass in obtaining employment. He said this was his only association with and knowledge of Hayden; that he had no knowledge that Hayden might be a member of a Syndicate; that at no time had Hayden mentioned a Syndicate. He said he does not know the address or place of employment of Hayden but, while, they were together in the hospital, Hayden had told him he, Hayden, was a Certified Public Accountant operating his own firm in Dallas. He said Hayden is a man approximately 40 to 45 years of age.

Loudermilk denied that he had ever carried a badge of any type; denied any knowledge of a Syndicate operating in the vicinity of Dallas, Texas, and denied knowledge of the assassination of President Kennedy, other than what he had read in various newspapers, and heard on radio and television. He added that at no time had he ever claimed to be a member of a Syndicate, nor had he ever claimed to be acquainted with or associated with members of any Syndicate.

Loudermilk stated he has been married three times, his first wife being Paula Brown Loudermilk, by whom he has a son named Dave Collins. He said he had been divorced from Paula in 1961 at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

He then married one Trudy Young of Fort Smith, Arkansas, from whom he had been divorced at Fort Smith, Arkansas, in May, 1964. He then married one Maxine Holmes, also known as Cindy, a striptease dancer at the Top Hat Club near Fort Smith. Ark. At the present time they are separated but not divorced.

L. Loudermilk  
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The following is a description of Loudermilk, as obtained through interview and observation:

Name	James Wiley <del>Hoagie</del> Loudermilk, also known as <del>Hoagie</del>
Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	July 29, 1939
Place of Birth	Pocola, Oklahoma
Height	6'
Weight	155
Build	Slender
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Hazel
Complexion	Ruddy
Address	Arkoma, Oklahoma
Education	High School graduate

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RPG:vm

DL 89-43

On July 7, 1964, the files of the Dallas Office contained no information identifiable with DAVID MOREY WASS, Jr., JAMES WILEY LOUDERMILK, also known as "Hoagie," or BILL HAYDEN, Jr.

RE: ALVIN EDGAR PHILIP WOLFGANG,  
also known as D. ~~EVERSHIRE~~,  
THOMAS WILLIAM ~~EVERSHIRE~~,  
WOLFGANG AE090822;  
Mrs. J. D. TIPPIT - VICTIM

*Wolfgang*

This investigation was predicated upon a telephone call from the Dallas Police Department advising Mrs. J. D. TIPPIT, widow of deceased officer J. D. TIPPIT, had received an extortion letter.



Date 1/15/64

1

MARIE FRANCES GASSWAY TIPPIT, also known as Mrs. J. D. TIPPIT, advised that her true name is MARIE FRANCES GASSWAY TIPPIT and she resides at 238 Glencairn in Dallas, Texas; her telephone number is CA 4-2294. She said that her late husband, J. D. TIPPIT, was killed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD on November 22, 1963, shortly after President KENNEDY was assassinated at Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. TIPPIT advised that when the mail was delivered on January 13, 1964, she received a threatening letter which was post-marked Amsterdam, and the sender's address on the reverse side of the envelope was "D. EVERSHERE" and the extortion note was signed "THOMAS WILLIAM EVERSHERE." She said that the note requested that she send \$35,000 to a Swiss bank, and mentioned that her husband had an interest in a factory.

She said since this letter contained a threat, she immediately notified the Dallas Police Department through Sergeant C. B. ~~XOWENS~~, Radio Patrol Officer.

Mrs. TIPPIT advised that several of her friends and neighbors were present when she called the Dallas Police Department and these persons handled this letter.

She was advised if she received additional letters, they should not be handled.

She made the letter available and said it might be used for any examination, and she would appreciate it being returned to her after the necessary examinations were made.

Mrs. TIPPIT said that she would obtain the exact names and addresses of the persons who had handled the note, and she felt that they would all be perfectly willing to be fingerprinted in order to furnish elimination prints.

Mrs. TIPPIT made available the extortion letter which reads as follows:

on 1/13/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43  
by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER and  
WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/cah/vm Date dictated 1/15/64

"Germany, 1st Januari  
1964. EUROPE.

"Concerns: Factory of Your Husband's in Germany.

"Dear Madam,

"No doubt, it will surprise You very much hearing of a  
Factory of Your desessed husband, but it is real true.

"There is a lot of things You have not heard of, hence,  
we have taken the liberty to send You this letter. Please,  
realize the followng sentences are of paramount importance,  
not only to You, but also to impotant personallities, so take  
good notice of them.

"President Kennedy has been liquidated and Your husband has  
been rundered the same day, a few days later, Lee Oswald has  
been shot down by Rubby. Have You never thought there must be  
a secret connection between Oswald and Rubby? Well, dear  
Madam, there has been indeed, and more, Your husband was also a  
member of the gang. Amazed at it? Madam believe us, we have  
all evidence here with us. The death of President Kennedy must  
be attributed to a fanatic political opponent of the President,  
a certain Governor of one of the States of the USA.

"The Governor did not feel safe with regards to the Election  
of President next year, so that Kennedy should be disappeared.  
In order to achieve this result, this opponent seeked contact  
with Oswald, of whcm was Known to be a very strong antipode of  
the American Intern Policy, and also with us.

"After Oswald had succeeded in liquidating Pres. Kennedy, Your  
husband had the order to act as if he was going to arrest Oswald.  
Unfortunately, Oswald did not recognize Your husband for some  
reason, and so he shot him down.



"Further, each of us should receive an amount of hundred thousand dollars from the said Governor. As agreed upon, the Governor should pay 75% in advance and the remainder by us self,

"However, Your husband is no more to pay his part of the remainder ad. 35,000 dollars. Will You please complete the work of Your husbands? Evidently, his was doing this for You and his children, beside, let him not gave his life for nothing.

"Moreover, if the money should not be paid in time, the sellers of the Factory may get impatiently and spoil the whole thing.

"Of course, You do not have to remain share-holder if You do not want to, later You can sell Your share again. This is done only to prevent difficulties for the time being.

"So dear Madam, do not be too self-conceited or suspicious, later everthing will be clear to You. It is urgent, so hurry, Madam, send 35.000 dollars then You and we are safe, do not wait too lang.

"Go to Your Bank and send us a covered cheque of the said amount, or open a Bank Account with a Bank at Switzerland, without conditions. On name of WOLFGANG AE 090822, message of confirmation may be sent to Mr. Charles Rozenblad, Admiralengracht 142.L, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

"Please realize, Madam, if You refuse to cooperate, You will dig Your own grave, besides, You have nothing to loose.

"It is worth finishing the job, Your husband has started for You and children, so pick up the, were Your husband had had to drop it.

"In conclusion, we wish you success, wisdom and courage.

"For the Gang.

"Thomas, William, Evershire."

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DL 89-43

The letter was sent air mail, postmarked at Amsterdam, addressed to "To (Widow) MADAM TIPPIT, Dullas, Texas, U S A." The envelope bore a return address of "Sender: MR. D. Evershire, Admiralengracht 142, I, Amsterdam, The Netherlands."

Date January 15, 1964

1  
Mrs. J. D. TIPPIT (MARIE FRANCES GASSWAY TIPPIT) advised that the names of the persons handling the extortion note other than herself were:

GIADYS WILKERSON  
1402 Montague,  
Dallas, Texas  
PR. 1-7128

PANSY ANGLIN  
320 Glencairn  
Dallas, Texas

LELA BELL IVY  
404 Rose Drive,  
Colorado Springs, Colorado

Mrs. TIPPIT furnished the following description of herself and her children:

Name	MARIE FRANCES GASSWAY TIPPIT (Mrs. J. D. TIPPIT)
Date of Birth	October 25, 1928, Red River County (Clarksville), Texas
Height	5' 5 1/2"
Weight	121 lbs.
Hair	Dark Brown
Eyes	Grey
Build	Slender
Complexion	Medium

Son:

Name	CHARLES ALLEN TIPPIT
Date of Birth	January 1, 1950, Red River County (Clarksville), Texas
Height	5' 8 1/2"
Weight	147 lbs.
Hair	Dark Brown

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on 1-14-64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 9-1914

by Special Agent S ARTHUR E. CARTER AEC  
WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN HDB Date dictated 1-15-64  
MVS

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2  
DL 9-1914

Eyes	Grey
Complexion	Dark or olive
Occupation	Student, Brown School Junior High

Daughter:

Name	<u>BRENDA KAY TIPPIT</u>
Date of Birth	<u>June 5, 1953, Dallas, Texas</u>
Height	<u>4' 2"</u>
Weight	65 lbs.
Hair	Dark Brown
Eyes	Grey
Complexion	Dark or olive
Occupation	Student, Fifth Grade, T. G. Terrace School, <u>Dallas, Texas</u>

Son:

Name	<u>CURTIS GLENN TIPPIT</u>
Date of Birth	<u>December 10, 1958 at Dallas, Texas</u>
Height	<u>3' 2"</u>
Weight	48 lbs.
Hair	Blonde
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Fair
Build	Slender

Mrs. TIPPIT said she owns a 1961 Ford Falcon station wagon, white over blue, Texas 1963 License PH 1598.

She said she would appreciate any assistance that the FBI might be able to render in identifying the persons connected with the extortion case, and that she has received no additional information from the sender of the extortion letter, which she furnished the interviewing Agents on January 13, 1964.

1  
DL 89-43  
PEW:vm

On January 14, 1964, the letter and envelope addressed to Mrs. TIPPIT were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory.

By communication dated January 27, 1964, the FBI Laboratory advised the typewriting on the letter and envelope was not identified with any of the material in the Anonymous Letter File. The typewriting was prepared on a machine equipped with a foreign style of type known as Ransmeyer and is manufactured in West Germany and the manufacturer is alleged to be the world's largest exclusive manufacturer of typewriter type. The manufacturer also supplies several American typewriting companies in addition to major European companies for this particular style of type.

The physical characteristics of the paper were examined and no watermarks, indented writings, or other significant features were noted which would indicate the source of the paper used.

Two latent fingerprints of value were developed on the letter. No latent impressions of value were developed on the envelope.

By communication dated February 3, 1964, the Bureau advised the indices failed to identify the writer of the letter.

By communication dated February 4, 1964, a confidential source abroad advised as follows:

Dr. ALFRED CARREL, Swiss Central Police Bureau, has informed that it would be impracticable to attempt to locate a numbered bank account in Switzerland without knowing the name of the bank or the city where the account was located.

It is noted that in the original letter in this case it is not indicated that this account has already been opened but it is asked that an account be opened.



2  
DL 89-43

By communication dated February 11, 1964, a confidential source abroad advised as follows:

Mr. WIM M. REHORST, Directie Politie, The Hague, The Netherlands, advised orally on February 7, 1964, that EVERSHIRE is known to his agency and is reputed to be insane. He said EVERSHIRE had recently sent a similar extortion letter to the German Industrialist, KRUPP.

Mr. REHORST has asked competent police authorities in The Netherlands to render a report substantiating his own personal recollection of the matter.

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PEW:vm  
DL 89-43

By communication dated April 8, 1964, a confidential source abroad advised as follows:

Officers of the Amsterdam (Netherlands) Municipal Police made inquiries at the Amsterdam Register Office and discovered that the occupant at Admiralengracht 142, first floor, Amsterdam, is ALWIN EDGAR PHILIP WOLFGANG, born August 9, 1922, at Paramaribo. WOLFGANG is a streetcar conductor employed by the Amsterdam Municipal Transport Company. Police Inspector A. G. M. JOZEN was advised by the Personnel Department of the aforementioned company that WOLFGANG is employed as a streetcar conductor and is at present being trained for the third time as a driver. He is considered by company officials to be a rather strange individual who feels he is discriminated against because of the place of his birth and because he is a Negro.

WOLFGANG was summoned to Headquarters, Amsterdam Police Department, by Inspector JOZEN on February 13, 1964. In response to questions, he stated the following: His full name is ALWIN EDGAR PHILIP WOLFGANG, and he was born August 9, 1922, at Paramaribo, and presently resides at Admiralengracht 142, first floor, Amsterdam, The Netherlands. He is married to the former CELIA JACOBS, who was born October 23, 1933, at Utrecht, The Netherlands. *TX 4/1/64*

The following is a quoted statement from WOLFGANG, translated from Dutch:

"The letter to Mrs. Tippit has been quite invented by me and typed with my own typewriter. In that letter I used the plural form and spoke of a gang to give the impression that things were real. The subject-matter for that letter did I take from newspaper reports, for instance a report on the alleged secret association between Oswald and Ruby. My mentioning a Governor does not refer to a particular person. This has been quite invented. I fixed the sum of money at such a large amount so as to suggest that it was a real case, so not a begging-letter. The name Charles Rozenblad is the name of my half-brother. He has not any knowledge of this affair. The signature to

"the letter has been put by myself. I am no longer able to make a similar signature. I know no person by the name of THOMAS WILLIAM EVERSHERE. I think EVERSHERE is a place in England. When I had written that letter I waited before posting it until Thursday, because I thought that day would be a lucky day, this as to the possible consequences of that letter. I now fully realise that the contents of the letter are mean and on further consideration I would have done better by not writing it. There is no such organisation that occupy themselves with these practices.

"The reasons why I have written the letter are these:

- "(1) a desire for sensation;
- "(2) greed for money, an easy way to get money;
- "(3) the misjudgement of my being capable of writing letters in a foreign language.

"I think myself the best man in the world, a sort of super-man. I don't trust any organization or fellow-man. Generally I feel myself put behind because I am a Negro. It is my feeling that the colour of my skin prevents me from getting on in life. I myself have a feeling and an idea that I am capable of doing more or being more than I do or am at the present moment. I must say that I have not experienced that I have really been put behind in the Netherlands.

"I wish to state in addition that early in January, 1964, I wrote a similar letter to an old lady-singer in Italy who had appeared at a theatre in Austria. In this letter I asked for a remittance of a sum of money to me under the code-number WOLFGANG AE 090822. It may be that I used other words or names, but the purport of this letter was the same.

"In June, 1963, when the Profumo Affair was on, I wrote a letter to Mrs. Profumo, in which letter I told her that I was in possession of certain documents of Christine Keeler in which she reveals secrets to the Russian Attache, who was also involved in that affair. I also asked to remit a certain sum of money and if

"this would not be done I would send the documents to Scotland Yard. All the things in the letter had been made up. I kept one copy each of all the letters I had written, until I became aware that the police had found out that I was the writer of those letters. I then burnt them.

"I promise that I will never occupy myself with these practices again, because I now see that my writing such letters is mean and immoral."

Inspector JOZEN stated that he considered WOLFGANG not quite normal. When JOZEN interviewed him, WOLFGANG was very nervous and often stammered in answering questions. A difficult question put to him would cause him to squirm in his chair and stammer. Inspector JOZEN said it is his opinion that WOLFGANG has an inferiority complex and tries to compensate by writing letters of the type he wrote to Mrs. TIPPIT.

The Directie Politie, Ministry of Justice, The Hague, The Netherlands, reported that WOLFGANG should be considered as mentally subnormal, and that therefore his case is being handled as a pathological, rather than as a criminal action. His mental state is being reported to the company which employs him.

WOLFGANG has no criminal record in The Netherlands.

By communication dated April 8, 1964, a confidential source abroad advised the original of the letter which WOLFGANG sent to West German industrialist KRUPP was being forwarded to the FBI Laboratory.

By communication dated April 23, 1964, the FBI Laboratory advised it was concluded that the typewriting on the letter addressed to Mrs. TIPPIT was prepared on the typewriter used to prepare a letter written to industrialist KRUPP of Germany. Both were purportedly typed on a Remington typewriter with Rem-Riter type number Nr 320641 belonging to ALWIN EDGAR PHILIP WOLFGANG.



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By communication dated April 28, 1964, the FBI Laboratory advised the latent fingerprints developed on the letter to Mrs. TIPPIT were not identical with the fingerprints of ALWIN EDGAR WOLFGANG.

On May 18, 1964, the facts of this case were presented to Assistant United States Attorney B. H. TIMMONS, Jr., Dallas, Texas, at which time he declined prosecution due to the fact ALWIN EDGAR PHILIP WOLFGANG is considered mentally subnormal and that the case is being handled in The Netherlands as a pathological rather than a criminal case.



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PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 545-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD M. BUSSELL  
JOHN BIERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DUFFY

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

JUL 24 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoovers:

Your Bureau has in its possession certain items of physical evidence which the Commission would like to have photographed for use in its final report in the manner herein described.

Four cartons of books were found at the window from which the shots were fired. These are Commission Exhibit Nos. 641, 648, 653, and 654. We would like photographs made of these boxes in a manner which would visually demonstrate their dimensions--height, length, and width. They could be photographed alongside a yardstick or any other means of demonstrating dimensions which your Bureau may deem appropriate.

Similarly, we would like a visual demonstration of the dimensions of the rifle (Commission Exhibit No. 139), and the paper bag (Commission Exhibit No. 142). We would like the rifle to be shown both assembled and disassembled, with visual demonstration of the length of the stock and the telescopic sight.

Finally, we request a photograph be taken from inside the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building at the southeast corner window from which the shots were fired which would show, by visual demonstration, the distance between the floor and the window sill as well as the height of the opening in the window when the window is half open as it was on the day of the assassination. We would suggest the use of a yardstick or any other means which you may deem appropriate. In this respect, we request that you photograph

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THREE

2011-11-11 a person approximately 5'9" in height, in order to show the relative position of the ledge and the window to a person of the approximate height of Lee Harvey Oswald.

We would like four copies of each of the above photographs. If the personnel of your Bureau assigned to carrying out this request have any questions concerning its implementation please contact Mr. Norman Redlich of the Commission staff.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel



REC 30

EX-102

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Tamm
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Frazier
- 1 - Mr. Woodcock

August 6, 1964

By Courier Service

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 24, 1964, in which you requested four photographs each of certain Commission exhibits and certain scenes in the Texas School Book Depository Building, Dallas, Texas.

In response to your request there are attached four photographs each of Commission exhibits numbered 139, 142, 641, 648, 653 and 654. These exhibits have been photographed to visually demonstrate their dimensions.

There are also attached four photographs each of scenes in the Texas School Book Depository Building as follows:

- A. Window located in southeast corner of sixth floor from a spot north of window looking south
- B. Window described above from a spot west of window looking east
- C. Mr. V. Ray Daggott, Federal Bureau of Investigation employee, seated on a box near the above window from a spot north of window looking south
- D. Mr. Daggott standing next to above window from a spot north of window looking south

BY COURIER SVC.  
EX-102

1 - Dallas (100-10461) Enclosure

B2-109080

NOTE FOR DALLAS: Enclosed for Dallas is one set of the photographs

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AUG 18 1964

See Note Page 2

REC'D READING RM  
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Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Our Dallas Office has advised that the surveyor's measuring rod utilized in the scenes from the Texas School Book Depository Building is marked in feet and tenths of a foot. The Dallas Office has also advised that Mr. Baggett is five feet, eight and one-half inches in height and that a plywood floor five eighths of an inch thick has been added to the regular flooring of the sixth floor since the assassination on November 22, 1963.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (40)

NOTE: Commission exhibit number 139 is the assassination rifle, number 142 is the paper bag in which the rifle was allegedly wrapped and numbers 641, 648, 653 and 654 are cartons found at the window from which the shots were fired. The Commission requested that these items be photographed with some sort of scale to demonstrate their dimensions. The Commission also requested photographs of this window to visually show distance between floor and window sill and height of opening in window. The Commission further requested a photograph showing a person approximately five feet, nine inches in height to show the relative position of ledge and window to someone approximately the same height as Lee Harvey Oswald. The Commission exhibits are in our custody and were photographed in the Laboratory. The Dallas Office took the requested photographs in the Texas School Book Depository Building.

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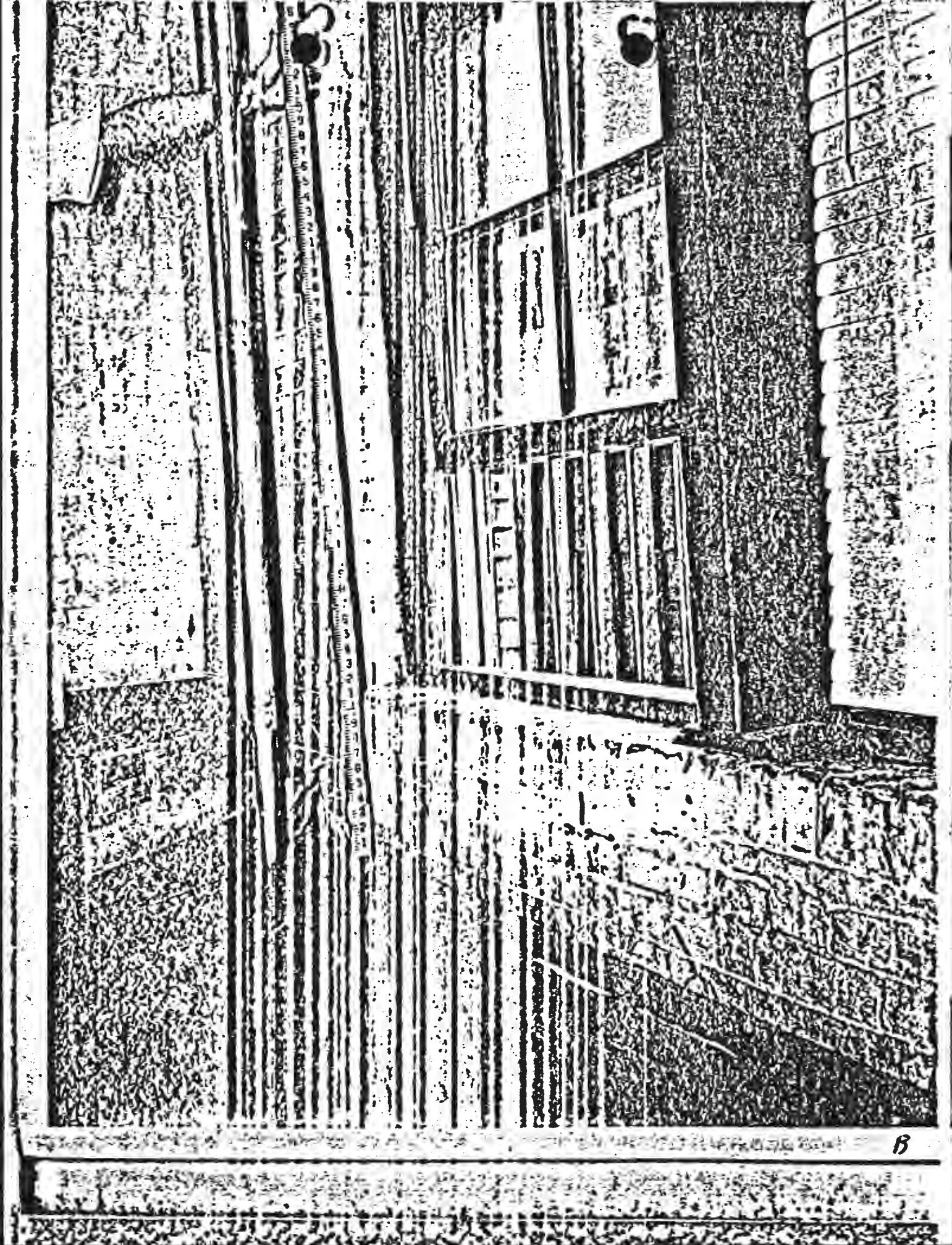
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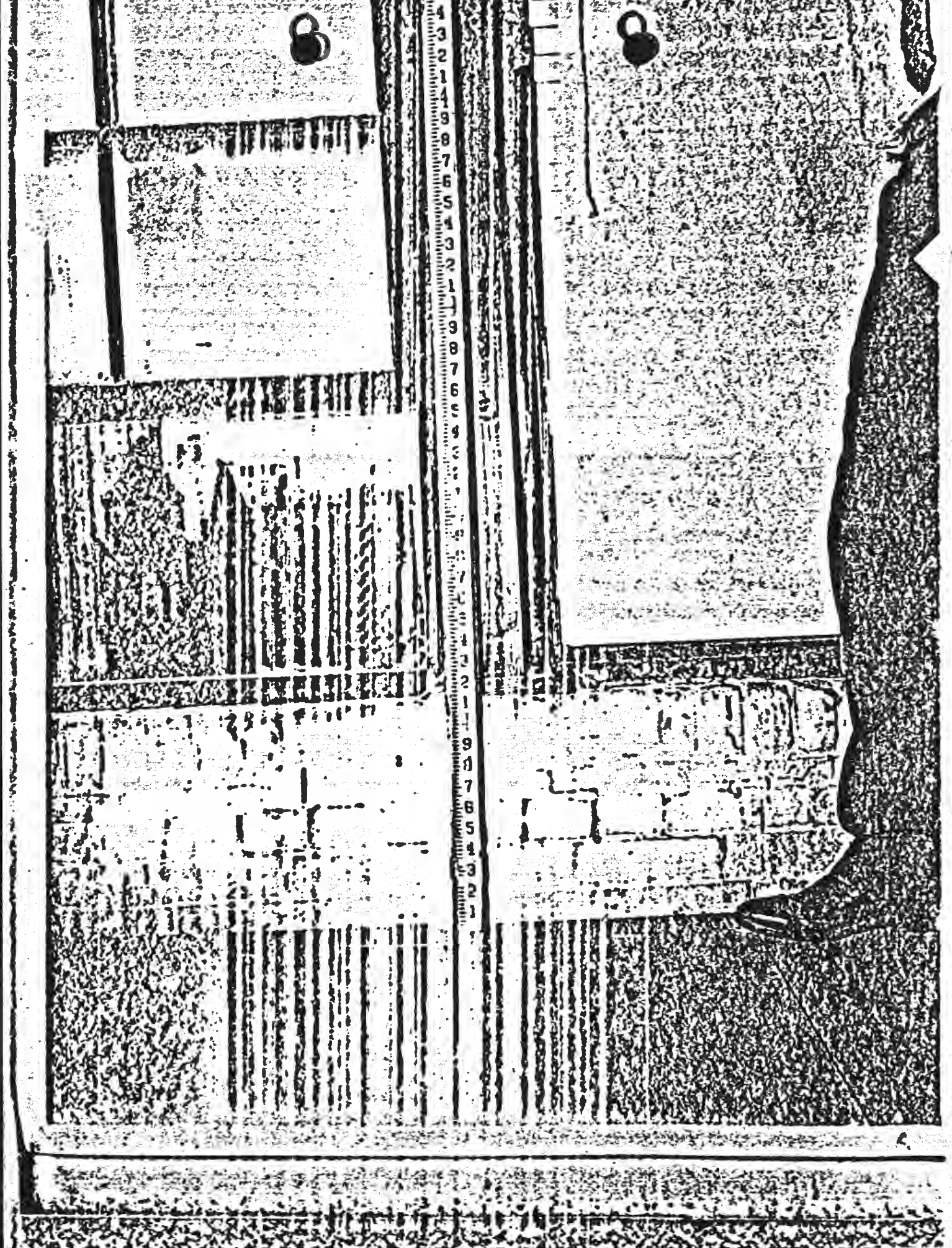
This image is a high-contrast, black and white scan of a document page. The page is oriented vertically. On the right side, there is a large, dark, irregular shape that appears to be a photograph or a large graphic. The rest of the page is filled with vertical columns of text, which are heavily distorted and appear as a series of black and white lines due to the high contrast and poor quality of the scan. The text is illegible.



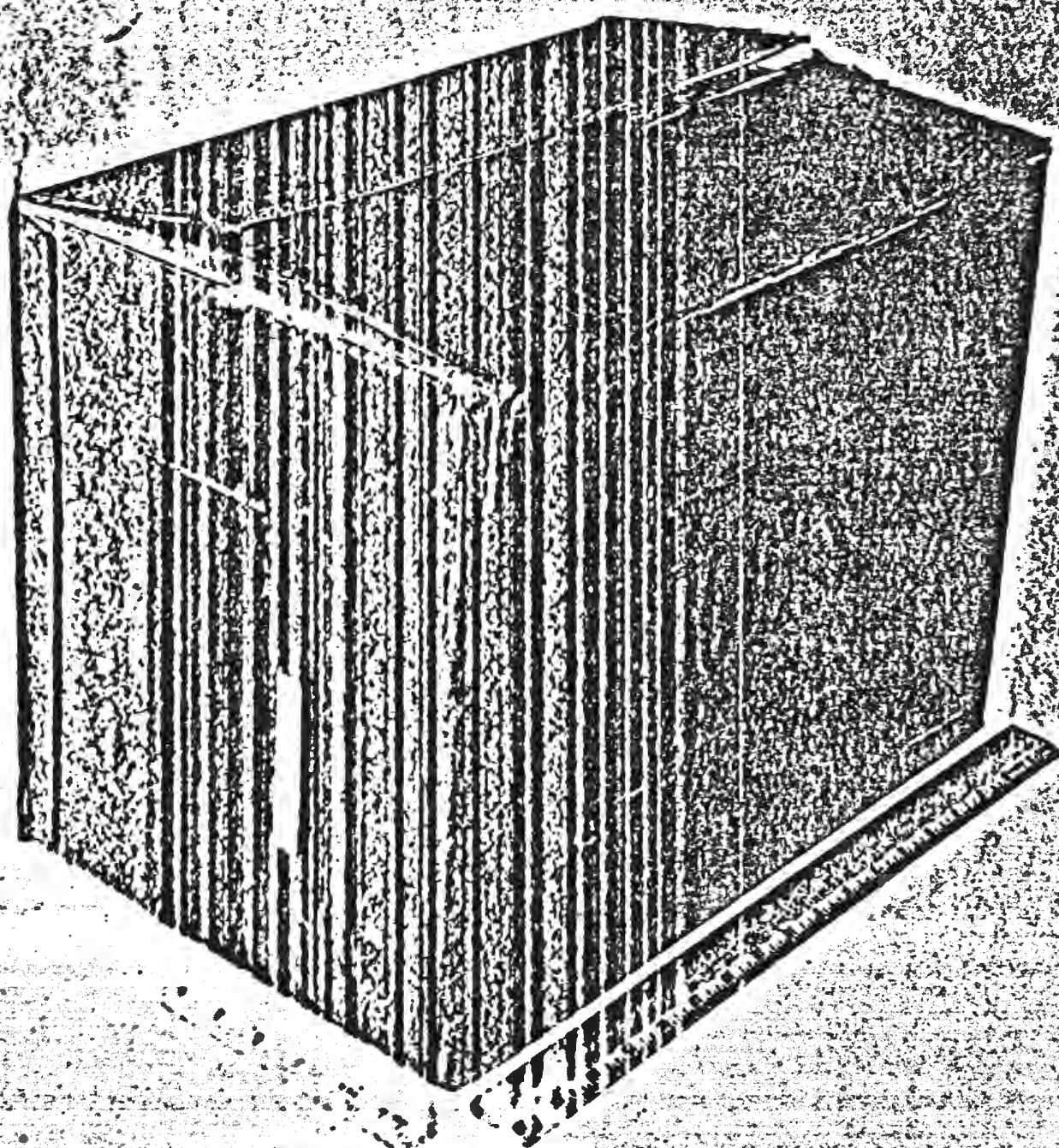






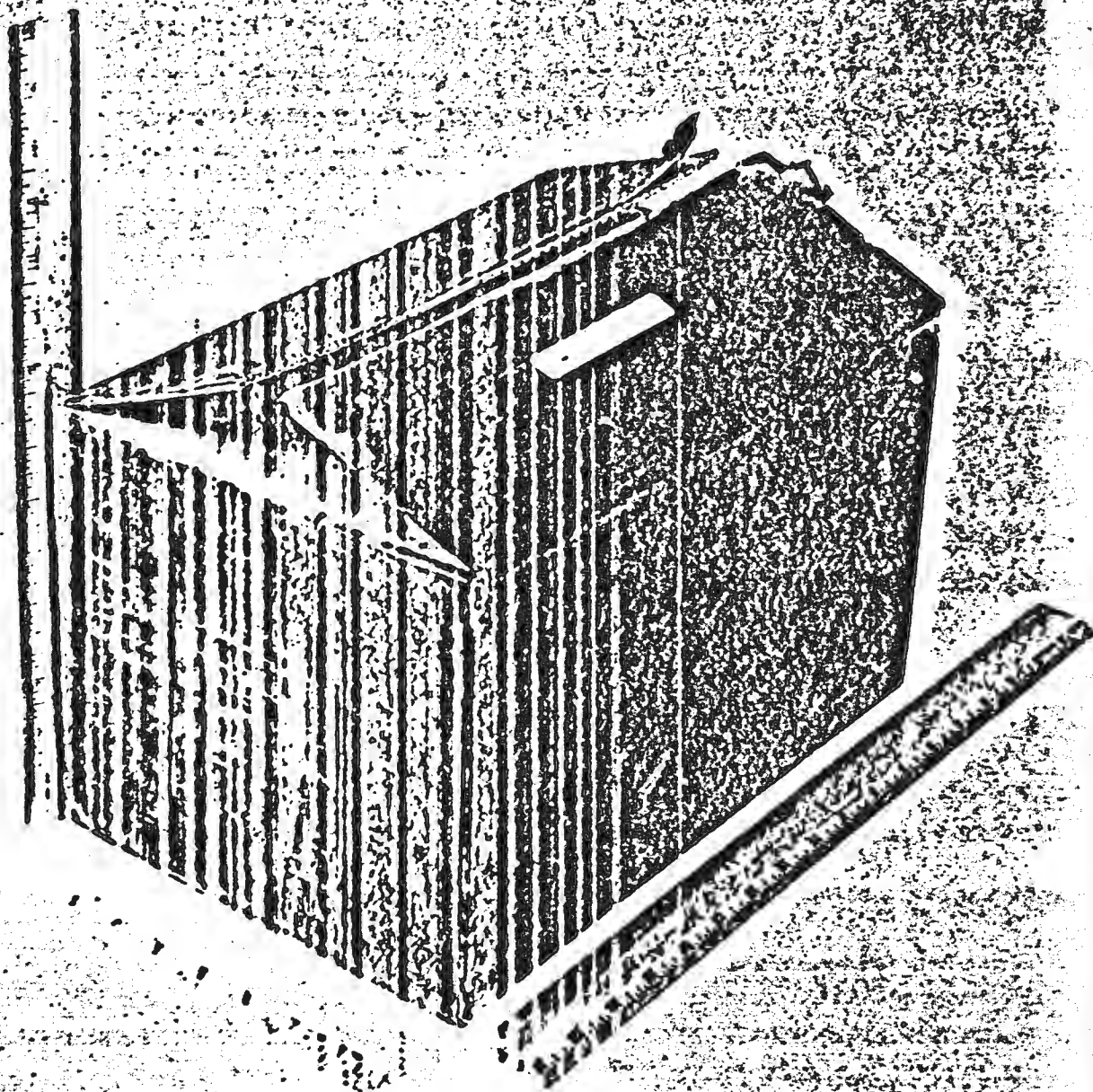


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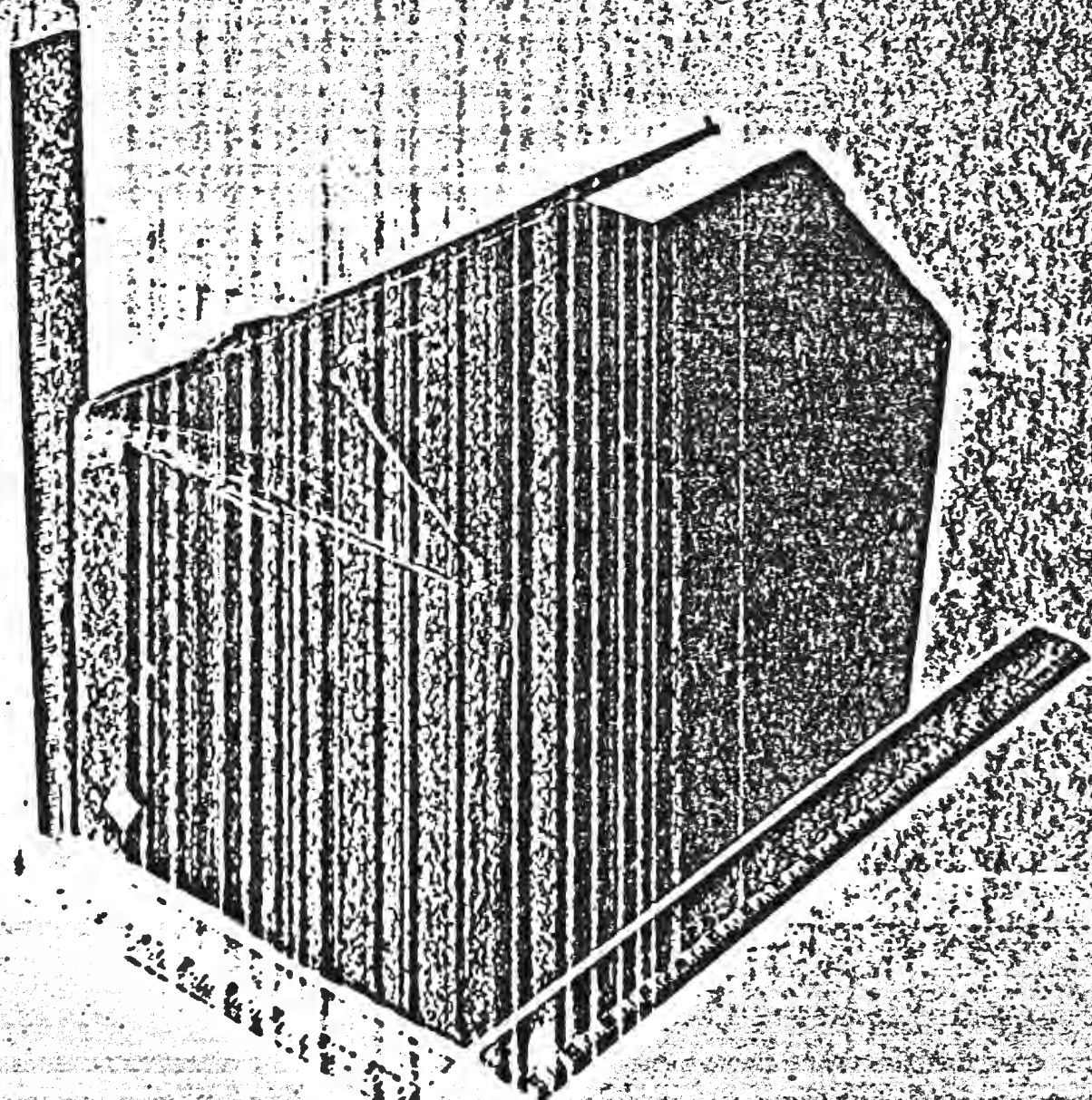
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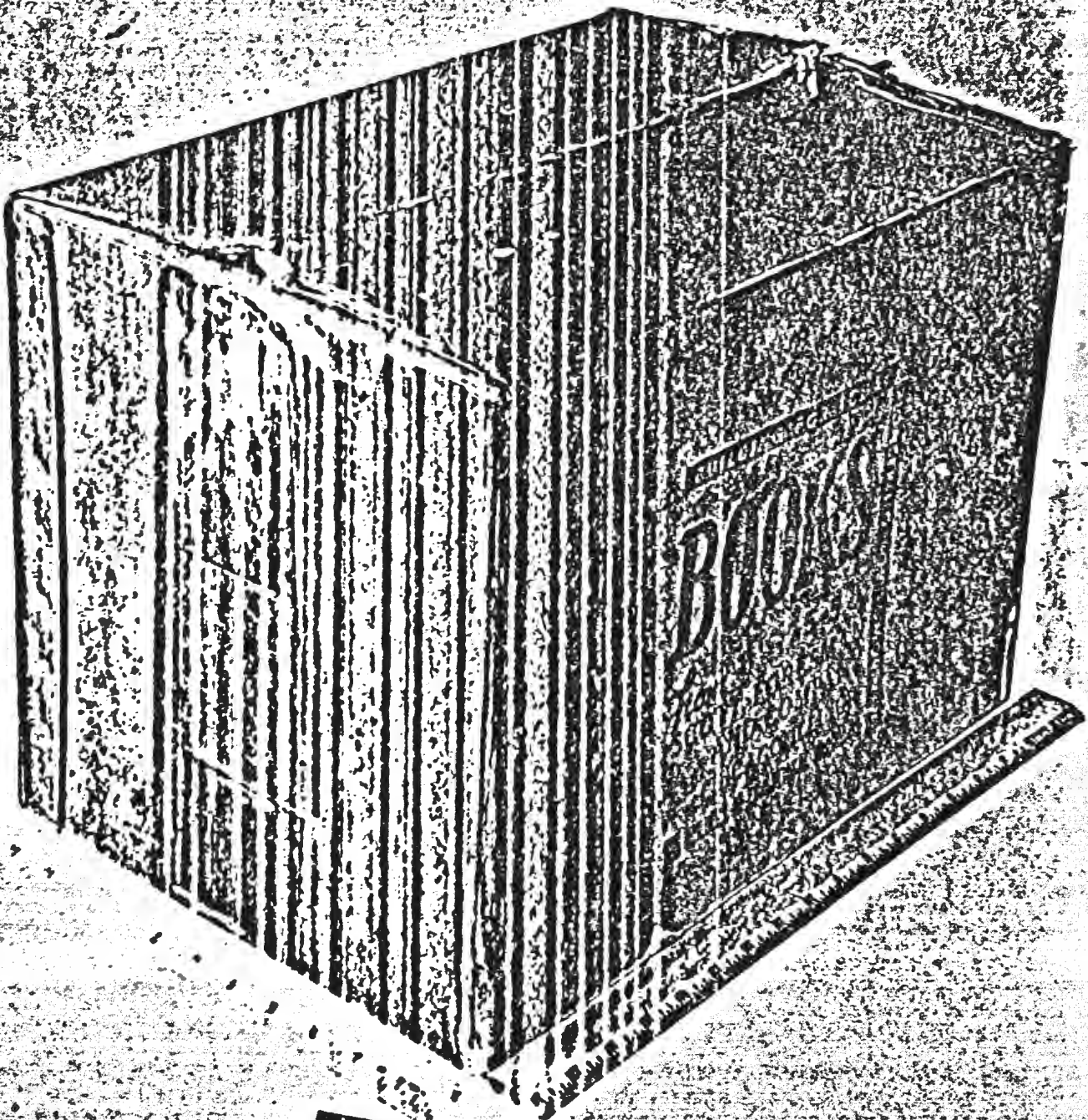
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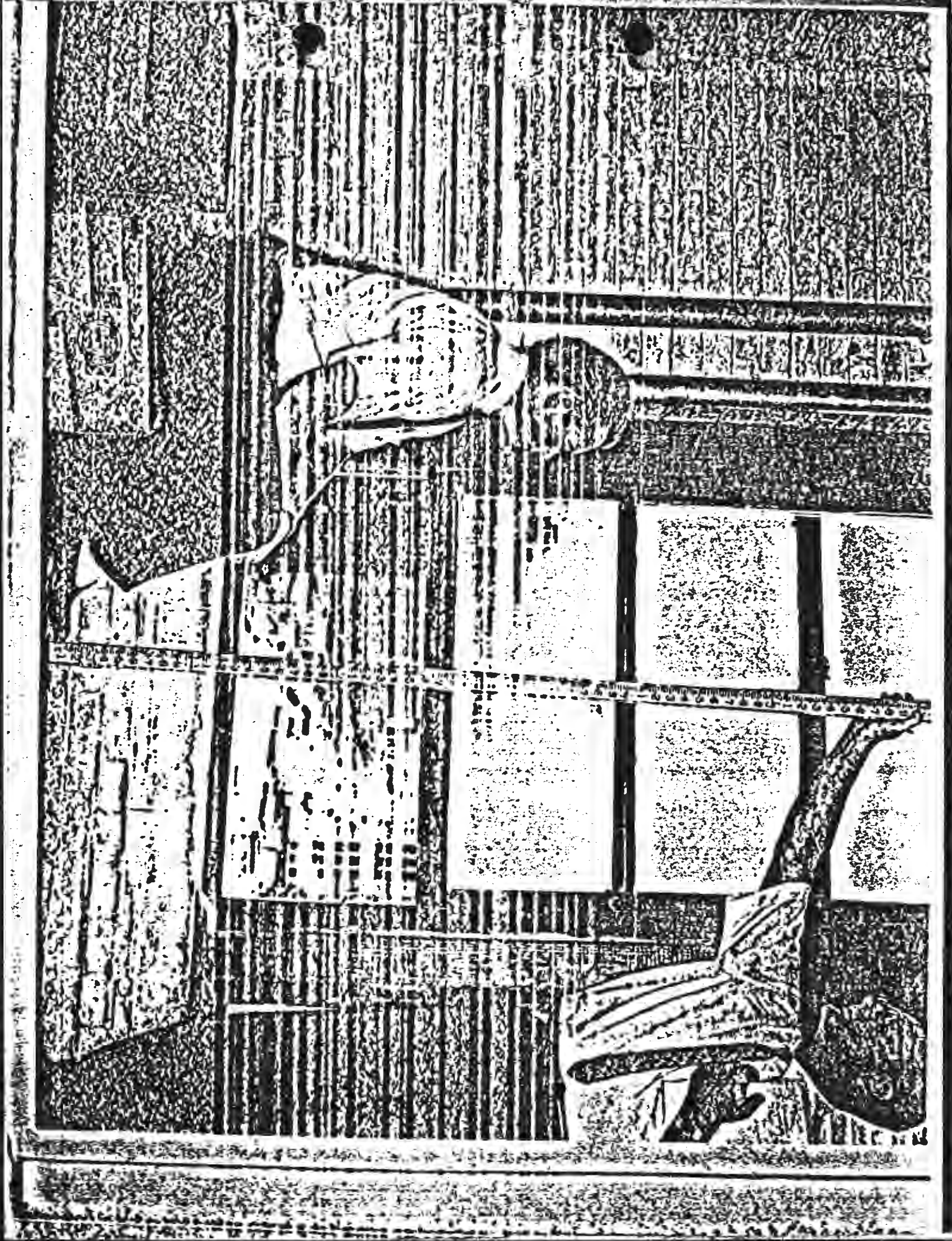
COMMISSION EXHIBIT  
# 64





COMMISSION EXHIBIT  
648









~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
JFK

62-109060

SECTION 85

COPY 2



PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.

Washington, D.C. 20002

Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

AUG 11

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a letter from a Mr. Paracelsus referred to me by Senator Russell. The Commission would appreciate your conducting an interview of Mr. Paracelsus to determine the nature and extent of his information regarding Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack L. Ruby. In particular, we are interested in knowing what information he believes the four prominent figures listed in his letter have regarding the matters under investigation by this Commission.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*  
J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Enclosure

ENCLOSURE

EX-102  
REC 30

3632  
21 AUG 12 1964

2 XEROX  
AUG 17 1964

EDDDE I

SIX

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

July 27, 1964

Senator Richard B. Russell

United States Senate

Washington, D.C.

RECEIVED

AUG 4 1964

SENATOR RUSSELL

Dear Sir:

Through several contacts with reliable sources in New York the following information is made possible to send to you. These persons should if they would be able to enlighten the Warren Commission concerning the truth about the Jack Ruby case. They can tell you who David Glassman is and his part in the case. The persons are:

Wilbur Post-----T.V. actor on Mr. Ed. program

Clifton Fadiman-----Lecturer and writer

Mitch Miller-----Orchestra Leader N.B.C.

Arthur Stang-----Actor

Many true Americans have lost confidence in your commission because of the membership of Norman Redlich who is thought to be far too radical and ultra left.

You have the reputation for being honest and wanting to do your duty in finding out the truth in this case. It is with this hope that this is being sent to you.

ENCLOSURE

John Paracelsus

8-13-64

AIRTEL

- 1 - Mr. W.C. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. C.D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J.W. Hines; Enc.)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO: SAC, Philadelphia

FROM: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3632

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for Philadelphia and Dallas are copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8-11-64 and a letter from John Paracelsus of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated 7-27-64 to Senator Richard B. Russell, a member of the President's Commission.

No information identifiable with John Paracelsus could be located in Bureau files. His address not furnished.

Philadelphia is instructed to immediately comply with the Commission's request insuring that no action is taken to contact the prominent personalities referred to by Mr. Paracelsus.

The results of all investigation should be incorporated in an appropriate letterhead memorandum without property stamp and submitted to the Bureau and Dallas without need for revision or correction. Subsequent reporting of Philadelphia results by Dallas not desired.

Philadelphia should insure a true copy of Mr. Paracelsus's letter to Senator Russell is incorporated in your letterhead memorandum as well as an appropriately worded paragraph concerning the Commission's referral of this matter to the Bureau for investigation. Philadelphia should be alert to the development of any information indicating Mr. Paracelsus may be suffering from a mental illness and include same in your letterhead memorandum. This matter must receive expeditious attention as Commission is endeavoring to wind up its inquiries at an early date.

Enclosures (2)

1 - Dallas (89-43). (Enc. 2)

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

(SEE PAGE TWO FOR NOTE)

10 AUG 18 1964

(12) AIR ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Rm.  
Holmes  
Gandy

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-44-21016-1

NOTE:

Paracelsus in his letter to Senator Russell (D-Ga.) alleges that TV actor Wilbur Post, lecturer and writer Clifton Fadiman, orchestra leader Mitch Miller, actor Arthur Stang possess information concerning the "truth" about the Ruby case. Paracelsus also states "true Americans" have lost confidence in the Commission because of the membership of Norman Redlich (staff member of the Commission), who is "too radical and ultra left." The Commission requested we interview Paracelsus to determine the "nature and extent" of his information regarding Oswald and Ruby, particularly what information he believes the above four prominent figures possess. The Commission has not requested we contact the prominent individuals. When the results of this investigation are received, the Commission will be appropriately notified.

NOV 11 1964

LOI

REC- 62-80117

- 2 -

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUMELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

AUG 11 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a copy of a letter received by the  
Commission from Eugenia J. Williams, 807 Washington  
Avenue, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. The Commission  
would like you to conduct an appropriate investigation  
regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*  
J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

EXP-PROC  
1964 AUG 12 1964

62-104241-1

1-ENCLOSURE

9/16/64  
8-19-64

REC-21

AUG 12 1964

3633

*[Handwritten signature]*



807 Washington Avenue  
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Committee Investigating the Assassination of  
President John F. Kennedy  
White House  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Mrs. James T. Braye has admitted to me and to her husband Mr. James T. Braye that she planned the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Her brother-in-law, Dr. Edward T. Braye, has also found out that Mrs. James T. Braye planned the assassination of the late President John F. Kennedy.

Mrs. James T. Braye's address is 1710 Patterson St., Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. Dr. Edward T. Braye's address is 300 Franklin Road, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Please feel free to ask me any questions you might like to ask me.

Yours truly,

*Eugenia J. Williams*  
Eugenia J. Williams

XEROX  
AUG 18 1964

62 10706 3633

August 14, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

REC-21 62-109060-3633

EX-112

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 11, 1964, requesting investigation of an allegation made by Miss Eugenia J. Williams of Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. Reference is also made to my letter dated August 12, 1964, transmitting copies of the Dallas report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated August 7, 1964, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas."

We have previously conducted investigation of substantially the same allegation made by Miss Williams in her communication enclosed with your August 11, 1964, letter. The results of this investigation are incorporated in Special Agent Gemberling's August 7, 1964, report, pages 10-14. For your information, the above report discloses that Miss Williams' mother, Mrs. Corrie Williams during an interview on July 7, 1964, advised that her daughter has been mentally ill for the past fourteen years and was currently receiving psychiatric treatment.

In view of our prior investigation and the reported mental condition of Miss Williams, no further action will be taken in this matter unless advised to the contrary by you.

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

1 - Mobile (89-25) Encls. (2)  
1 - WFO (89-75) Encls. (2)  
1 - Dallas (89-43) Encls. (2)  
62-109060  
1 - 62-109090 (Pres. Comm.)  
RDR:ias (13)

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR  
SACS, MOBILE, WFO AND DALLAS

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

9 AUG 19 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM  
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AUG 14 3 42 PM '64

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UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-3633

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

NOTE FOR SACs, MOBILE, WFO AND DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtel 7-7-64, and MOairtel and enclosed  
LHM dated 7-17-64, in the above caption and WFOairtel  
7-1-64, and MOairtel 7-8-64, captioned "Mrs. James R.  
(Eugenia) Black nee Williams, Information Concerning."

Enclosed for receiving offices is one copy of  
the letter from the President's Commission dated 8-11-64,  
and the attached communication from Eugenia J. Williams.  
This is being furnished for your information in view of  
your prior interest in Miss Williams. No subsequent  
reporting of this matter by Dallas is desired.

NOTE:

Williams, a mental case, has telephonically  
contacted our Mobile and WFO offices on several occasions  
alleging that the wife of James T. Bray (a Veterans  
Administration hospital employee in Tuskegee, Alabama),  
admitted planning the assassination of President Kennedy  
to her and that Mr. Bray and his brother, Dr. Edward T.  
Bray, also knew about this. This is the same allegation  
referred to by the Commission in its 8-11-64, letter.  
Since we have already logically investigated and reported  
this matter, no further action appears necessary.

1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
 1 - Mr. Rogge  
 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 August 13, 1964  
 1 - Mr. Griffith  
 By Courier Service  
 1 - Mr. Frazier  
 1 - Mr. Woodcock

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Pursuant to a telephonic request by Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, of your staff, on August 3, 1964, the Commission exhibits listed below were obtained and photographed:

Pappas exhibit number 1  
 Baker exhibit number 1  
 Hudson exhibit number 1  
 Lewis exhibit number 1  
 Holmes exhibits numbered 1A, 2A and 3A  
 General Walker exhibits numbered 1 through 4  
 Tague exhibit number 1  
 Willis exhibit number 1  
 Pena exhibit number 1  
 Lawrence exhibit number 1

BY COURIER SVC.

52 AUG 13

COMM-FBI

Enclosed herewith are three sets of photographs of the above-mentioned exhibits, together with the exhibits themselves.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

AUG 18 1964

TELEX  
 18 1964  
 ENCL. BEHIND FILE  
 (18) 55  
 AUG 13 1964  
 100-10461 Enclosures (2) (See Note Page 2)  
 (11)

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

(See Note Page 2)

REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI  
 AUG 13 11 26 AM '64

REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI  
 AUG 13 12 38 PM '64

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

**NOTE FOR DALLAS:**

Enclosed for Dallas is one set of photographs of the above-mentioned Commission exhibits, together with a listing of same.

**NOTE:**

The telephonic request from the Commission was received by SA Roy H. Jevons and the exhibits were obtained by SA Robert E. Neill on the same date. The Commission requested that the exhibits be returned.

It is noted that several of the exhibits photographed consist of multiple pages or multiple portions and in order to avoid confusion the three sets of photographs are being considered as three enclosures.

FCW:emh



8-18-64

CODE

If regular radio contact missed, send by plain text teletype at once.

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

COMMISSION HAS ADVISED THAT EVERY EFFORT IS BEING MADE  
TO WIND UP ITS INQUIRIES AT EARLY DATE AND REQUESTED EXPEDITIOUS  
ATTENTION OF ALL REQUESTS SUBMITTED FOR BUREAU HANDLING, WHICH  
WOULD INCLUDE THOSE UNDER THE LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND JACK L. RUBY  
INVESTIGATIONS. DALLAS INSTRUCTED TO MAKE EVERY LOGICAL EFFORT  
TO COMPLY WITH COMMISSION'S REQUEST AND TO INSURE ALL/OUTSTANDING  
LEADS ARE INSTRUCTED TO EXPEDITE ALL INVESTIGATION. THE BUREAU  
SHOULD BE ADVISED OF ANY DELAYS ANTICIPATED AND THE REASON FOR  
SAME.

RDR:las (11)

19 AUG 19 1964

AUG 18 1964

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

NOTE:

Special requests from the Commission are followed closely at the Bureau and every effort is made to comply with the requests at the earliest possible time. Mr. Malley, while at the Commission on 8-18-64, was advised the Commission is making every effort to wind up in the early future and our cooperation was solicited. In view of the above, it is felt this additional reminder should be sent out to Dallas.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

COPIES DESTROYED  
2 2 JAN 10 1973

79 AUG 20 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

62-109060

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
Attention Crime Records Division

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (62-0)

SUBJECT: MRS. MARK E. MARTIN, aka  
Shirley Martin, BOX 366,  
HOMINY, OKLAHOMA  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: 8/10/64

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

RE Kansas City letter to Bureau, 7/2/64, captioned  
ANTI-FIDEL CASTRO ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES;  
IS-CUBA, Bufile 109-584, Kansas City file 109-4.

Enclosed herewith are the following documents, re-  
ceived by DONALD JANSON, News Correspondent of New York Times,  
Kansas City, Missouri, from Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN:

- (1) Undated letter addressed "Dear Mr. Bishop:"
- (2) Letter dated July 17, 1964, to "ATSUYUKI SASSA,  
Japanese National Police Security Agent, who  
worked with the FBI during the investigation of  
the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY."
- (3) Document captioned "World Peace," dated 7/21/64.
- (4) Document captioned "World Peace," dated 7/22/64.

These documents are furnished for the information of  
the Bureau, and no further action is being taken by this off-  
ice.

Mr. JANSON, whose office is in the Kansas City Power  
and Light Building, Kansas City, Missouri, said that it  
appeared he was on the "mailing list" of Mrs. MARTIN, and he  
had retained the above documents although he was now throwing  
away most of Mrs. MARTIN's output.

Mr. JANSON stated that if it would be helpful to  
this Bureau, he would retain all correspondence from Mrs.  
MARTIN and, at intervals, turn same over to this office.

Bureau (Encs. 4)  
1 Kansas City  
PGH:LP  
(3)

and to SAC, KC  
POR: 8-11-64 KC

REC-48

ENC 15 5 ns bh

AUG 12 1964

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

CRIME RESEARCH DIVISION

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-100000-1

KC 62-0

JANSON said, however, that unless he was specifically notified to retain this correspondence, he would probably continue to dispose of most of it. He said that unless something very unusual was received by him, he would not again contact this office, if it were not desired that he should retain the rather voluminous correspondence from Mrs. MARTIN.

If the Bureau feels that this material would be of value and is not being received from some other source, Kansas City should be appropriately advised and arrangements will be made to pick up this correspondence periodically from Mr. JANSON. UACB, no further action is being taken.

Dear Mr. Bishop:

I am so sorry you are not able to understand what motivated those of us who will not accept the so-called official version of the assassination of our President. Since I have worked seven months on this case, have interviewed numerous people concerned in it, have tape recorded a number of interesting conversations and have a working cross-file of over 200 names, I feel moderately qualified to speak in this regard.

I must point out in the first place that in regard to your criticism of the books by Mr. Joesten and Mr. Buchanan, it sounds to me from reading your comments that you have not carefully read these books. There are, I agree, a number of points in each book with which I disagree. On the other hand, you must remember that each book came out early in the investigation, serving a purpose that neither you nor I had the courage to serve: The direction of public attention to a case that the American press had both neglected and covered-up.

I must tell you frankly that there is no doubt more than one assassin is involved in this assassination; and that the authorities MUST decide WHICH man Oswald killed: Officer Tippit or President Kennedy? It was physically impossible for him to have killed them both. In this regard the Warren Commission is between a rock and a hard place and I sympathize with them. But I cannot condone their foolishness.

Is it necessary for me to detail for you here the absurdity of the Commission in general? I am not impressed with "blue ribbon," and I hope you are not either. We are all familiar with what blue ribbon has done to the Bobby Baker investigation, and, of course, anyone with even a limited vision of history knows that men in authority are NOT by this very fact made pure and unadulterated. No one could want more than I to absolve the Commission of historical complicity in the Dallas police-FBI assassination whitewash; but I cannot. I cannot and I will not. Therefore, regardless of the years it takes, regardless of the chins barked, this issue must be faced and aired.

A friend of mine in Dallas (who was a close eye-witness to the assassination) told me recently that she had been threatened by the Dallas police and the FBI with economic reprisal if she held any further conversations with Mr. Mark Lane, NY attorney who is defending Lee Oswald before the Court of World Opinion. Oswald's former Marine buddy, Nelson Delgado, accepts the FBI pressure put on him. Earl Warren, early in December, 1963, stated that the Warren Commission would not evaluate the physical evidence in the assassination (in other words, do NONE of its own police work); but would rely on the FBI evaluation in this regard. (Too many of us are aware of the backlog of manipulated evidence in past instances used by Mr. Hoover's FBI to be tremendously cheered by this determination!) Gerald Ford's cocktail party betrayal of testimony given Earl Warren by Jack Ruby was unforgettable. The constant grumbling by certain Commissioners that the investigation was "too dry" and "taking too long" cannot be forgotten. Mr. Kennedy's death was

ENCLOSURE

apparently not exciting enough for these men.

You yourself mention the statement made by Mr. Warren in regard to "not in your lifetime." In addition to this is the remark made by Mr. Warren in February that the appointment by the Commission of Walter Craig as defense attorney for Lee Oswald did not in any way infer a Commission belief in Lee Oswald's innocence. What a statement to make in February when it was precisely for this reason that the Commission was formed, i.e., to assess Oswald's guilt or innocence, not pre-determine it! In addition to this was the ridiculous statement issued by Newsweek Magazine that the Commissioners had discovered in their pursuit of information that returned defectors to America from abroad are NEVER watched in any way by any agency, state, local, or federal. This is probably one of the most asinine statements made by a Commission "leak" and one hopes to God that their "trial balloon" in this regard bursts so as to spare them the agonizing embarrassment that this statement will bring once it is published in the official report. Even I have a list of contacts made with Oswald by certain agencies and the names of the men who made these contacts in addition to the names of witnesses who witnessed them.

So it goes. I viewed the formation of the Commission with great hope. As my family can tell you, I was elated. No one admired or supported two men more than I did John Sherman Cooper and Earl Warren. On the other hand, while Mr. Cooper and Mr. Warren may earnestly believe that what they are attempting to joint off on the "American people and the world" may be for the good of civilization as a whole, I cannot accept this. Murray Kempton has said wisely in his recent article on the Oswald case that the prime objective of the Warren Commission is NOT to determine the truth in regard to the case, but to do a cosmetic job on the American image, both at home and abroad.

Someone recently called America "an old whore." And while I was deeply shocked to read this description, I must say I grow increasingly aware as day follows day that to do a cosmetic job on "an old whore" is a well-nigh impossible task. There is nothing so beautiful as youth, purity and truth.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma

cc: Thomas Buchanan  
Joachim Joesten  
Mark Lane  
James Lee Rankin  
Murray Kempton

Kenneth Crawford  
Donald Janson  
William T. Coleman, Jr.  
Nicholas deB Krtzenback



World Press

In well-placed "leaks" throughout the United States (Life, US News, Allen & Scott) the Warren Commission has established Lee Oswald's diary as "one of the most important pieces of evidence" studied by it in "its effort to unravel the character and motives of President Kennedy's assassin."

Having read the complete diary as presented by Life Magazine, may we say there is nothing revealed in it except the character of a young, dramatic boy whose emotions are orientated towards young girls.

In this regard, of course, Lee Oswald was no different from many of our Washington leaders (see Bobby Baker). While a number of these gentlemen are no longer young, they are still dramatic and their emotions are orientated towards young girls.

But surely this is insufficient evidence to label them potential assassins! Of course, if they insist...

Sincerely,  
Mrs. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma  
7/21/64

cc: 100

ENCLOSURE

To Atsuyuki Sassa, Japanese national police security agent, who worked with the FBI during the investigation of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

July 17, 1964

Dear Mr. Sassa:

I am sorry that you do not understand some of the questions raised concerning the investigation of the assassination of our President.

In regard to the three bursts of gunfire, it is not the 5.5 seconds or the 6.6 seconds which are significant, but rather the time-sequence BETWEEN the second and third bursts which is of vital importance. If you recall from testimony, the 2nd and third bursts were nearly simultaneous, thereby precluding the possibility that they originated from the 6.5 mm bolt-action single-shot Italian carbine. The Warren Commission, itself, is in a quandry over this (Allen & Scott) as well they should be.

There are other points, other issues, needing discussion, all too detailed for examination here. These will be attended to after the release of the Warren Commission report. In the meantime, we would suggest you not put too much faith in the American FBI. The FBI has manipulated evidence and intimidated witnesses before, it is doing it now (we have uncovered unfortunate proof of this), and, unless stopped, it will do it again.

Sincerely,  
Mr. Mark E. Martin  
Box 566  
Hominy, Oklahoma

cc: World press  
National press  
Members of Congress  
Warren Commission members  
Justice Department members  
Mark Lane  
J. Edgar Hoover  
George Reedy

62 10901-1 3636  
ENCLOSURE

World Press

Yesterday Jack Ruby was given a polygraph test which had been promised him by Earl Warren. Immediately afterwards, Joe Tonahill, Ruby's Texas attorney, made the following statement to the press:

"If there was any doubt in the mind of the Warren Commission that maybe Ruby knew Oswald, *THIS TEST HAS UTTERLY DISPELLED IT.*" (*Italics added*)

Yet, only recently Jack Ruby insisted to visitors and jailers that his hands and feet were being "cut off" and that American Jews were being shot down by the thousands in front of his jail. Ruby's court-appointed psychiatrists, Dr. West (Oklahoma City) and Dr. Stubblefield (Dallas), have stated emphatically that Ruby is clinically insane and has been for months.

Is the Warren Commission going to INSIST to "the American people and the world" that it has given a DEFINITIVE polygraph test to a mad man? Such an assertion would make people laugh. And we do not want that, do we? We have had enough of that what with Henry Wade's incredible press conference, Jack Ruby's successful foray into the "heavily guarded" Dallas jail, and Police Chief Jesse Curry's fatuity that although the Dallas FBI had absent-mindedly forgotten to tell him of Oswald's presence in the Texas Book Building, he (Curry) "wasn't the least bit angry about it."

Yes. We have had enough to laugh at. Let us hope the Warren Commission is not going to make us laugh until America hurts.

Sincerely,  
Frc. Mark E. Martin and Children  
Box 566  
Norman, Oklahoma  
7/22/64

cc: 100

62-109060-236

8-17-64

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach (Correspondence Unit)  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

EX-102

To: SACs, Dallas (89-43) Encls. (5)  
Kansas City

REC-48

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

3636

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReKClet with four enclosures dated 8-10-64, captioned "Mrs. Mark E. Martin, aka., Shirley Martin, Box 566, Hominy, Oklahoma, Information Concerning," copies of which are furnished for the assistance of Dallas and Oklahoma City.

For your information, the letter to Mr. Bishop and the letter bearing the date 7-21-64, from Mrs. Martin have not as yet been furnished to the President's Commission. A letter containing substantially the same information as contained in the letter dated 7-17-64, was furnished to the Commission on 7-29-64. The letter dated 7-22-64, was furnished to the President's Commission on 7-28-64.

Dallas' attention is directed to the letter to Mr. Bishop, paragraph 5, wherein Mrs. Martin makes allegations against the FBI. No information available at the Bureau indicates this information to be factual. In this paragraph Mrs. Martin states that a friend of hers in Dallas, an eye-witness to the assassination, had informed Mrs. Martin she had been threatened by the Dallas Police and the FBI with economic reprisal if she held any future conversations with Mark Lane. Also Martin implies the FBI put pressure on Oswald's Marine buddy, Nelson Delgado, which is false. The Commission is fully aware of this matter.

So that the Bureau will be able to make appropriate comments to the President's Commission concerning the allegation about economic reprisal, Dallas is instructed to:

1 - Oklahoma City (89-41) Encls. (5)

RDR:las (9) SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109401-1

AUG 17 1964

COMM-FBI

79 AUG 20 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Airtel to SACs, Dallas  
Kansas City

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

advise whether this allegation has any basis. Dallas should also advise if they have any idea as to the identity of Mrs. Martin's friend in Dallas.

It is not desired that Kansas City request Mr. Donald Janson to save further communications from Mrs. Martin, as it might indicate to him unusual interest on the part of the Bureau concerning Mrs. Martin's activities, possibly resulting in unwanted publicity. It is pointed out many of Mrs. Martin's communications are received from other sources and while the Bureau is interested in Mrs. Martin's activities, it does not desire to create the impression that we are investigating her.

The attention of Kansas City is directed to SAC letter 64-23 (B), dated 4-28-64, concerning Mrs. Martin. You are cautioned to be extremely discreet in any future discussions with Mr. Janson concerning Mrs. Martin.

NOTE: Kansas City by letter 8-10-64, furnished the Bureau with 4 communications authored by Mrs. Martin. These letters were obtained from Janson, News Correspondent for the "New York Times" at Kansas City, Missouri. Janson advised our Kansas City Office he is apparently on the mailing list of Martin and had just happened to retain the communications furnished to Kansas City and had destroyed the rest. Janson volunteered that should the Bureau desire him to keep all future communications from her and furnish them to us, he would do so. As you will recall, we have sent 22 communications to the President's Commission on Mrs. Martin and the above SAC letter alerted the field to her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI. She has been described as a "bright nut" and since the assassination has been conducting her own investigation endeavoring to show that Oswald is not the assassin.

It is felt we should not show any undue interest in Martin, which could result in self-serving, favorable publicity for her which would only tend to encourage and stimulate her already prolific writings. It is felt we are keeping abreast of the communications mailed out by her through other sources.

After appropriate comments from the SAC in Dallas are received, the President's Commission will be furnished the documents supplied by Mr. Janson in line with similar dissemination in the past. Delgado testified before the Commission and said he was pressured by the FBI, this was thoroughly checked out and we proved he had lied and the Commission was furnished full details. Delgado was interviewed by Newark Agents.



August 14, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

7/1  
Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 31, 1964, requesting that affidavits be obtained from Mr. Harold Russell, Mr. Robert Brock and Mrs. Mary Brock.

Affidavits have been obtained from the above individuals and two copies of each are enclosed herewith.

Sincerely yours,

105-82555

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination) of President

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (11)

John F. Kennedy

162-101000-  
NOT RECORDED  
199 AUG 17 1964

Enclosures (6)

NOTE: Commission stated that the interviews of the above individuals to be used in its published report relating to the murder of Officer Tippit and they desired affidavits from each specifying that our report of the interview was a correct representation of what each witnessed on 11-22-63. Russell was an employee of a used car lot, heard the shots which killed Tippit and saw Oswald running with a pistol in his hand. Robert Brock, a service station mechanic witnessed the Dallas Police find Oswald's jacket under a car along the escape route from Tippit killing. Mrs. Brock, Robert's wife, identified Oswald as individual passing near the service station. None of these people were actual witnesses to the murder. Each of the above reviewed our report of their interview and certified it was a correct representation. No further action necessary.

79 AUG 18 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

4641  
225  
ORIGINAL FILED IN 115

FBI

Date: 8/10/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, TALPA (62-455)(RUC)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO: DL)**

ReTPrep of SA G. RANDALL McGOUGH, 7/30/64 in case  
entitled "NSRP, RM," also Buairtel to Tampa, 8/7/64, under same  
caption.

Enclosed for the Bureau and Dallas are appropriate  
copies of LHM requested in reBuairtel.

An additional copy of said LHM is being furnished  
to the Bureau for dissemination to the President's Commission.

Sources who furnished information set forth in  
enclosed memorandum are identified as follows:

First Source - [REDACTED]  
Second Source - [REDACTED]  
Third Source - [REDACTED]

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 2)
- 2 - Dallas (Encs. 2) (69-43)
- 3 - Tampa (1 - 157-45)  
(1 - 157-27)

GRM/mw  
(8)

Let to Pres. Comm.  
8-17-64 RUC  
J. L. H. (att'd)  
for Pres. Comm. C. C. Wick

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

62-109060-3637

*C. C. Wick's  
Handwritten signature*

AUG 12 1964

EX-102

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

*Handwritten vertical note:*  
10-10-64 - 10-10-64  
(XLR & Jm 11)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Post Office Box 13185  
Tampa 9, Florida  
33609

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

August 10, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN  
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,  
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on June 22, 1964 that, at a meeting of the Tampa, Florida, unit, National States Rights Party (NSRP), held at 4003 North Grady Street, Tampa, on June 19, 1964, DEWEY L. RAFT indicated he was then in the process of getting out an issue of the "American Digest" which would outline the fact that "DOBBY KENNEDY had his brother, JOHN F. KENNEDY, shot; that RUBY and OSWALD were in on the deal, that they tried to kill retired General WALKER before assassinating the President."

The June, 1964 issue of the "American Digest Combined with the Conservative Press," further described as Volume 26, Number 4, showing DEWEY RAFT, Florida State Chairman, NSRP, as editor of said publication, which is shown as having been established in 1939, contains an article on its front page, "DOBBY KENNEDY CAUSED DEATH OF HIS BROTHER." The text of this article is set forth below:

"Who hired Jacob Rubenstein, alias Jack Ruby and Lee Harvey Oswald to attempt the assassination of Gen. Edwin Walker seven months before the President was murdered?

"Both Rubenstein and Oswald were alleged undercover agents for Dobby Kennedy's Central Intelligence Agency. After the attempted murder of Gen. Walker in April it was reported that the Dallas Police Dept. was ready to arrest Rubenstein

62-11760-31  
ENCLOSURE

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

and Oswald in the Walker murder conspiracy --- Rubenstein as the paymaster and Oswald as the trigger-man! But a letter from a high Dept. of Justice official to Dallas Police Chief Curry PREVENTED the arrest of Rubenstein and Oswald!

7c-  
"The BIG QUESTION going the rounds in Dallas since last Nov. 22:

"DID DOBBY KENNEDY HIRE OSWALD TO MURDER WALKER, AND WHEN HE FAILED THE TWO CONSPIRATORS QUARRELED, WHEREUPON OSWALD TOOK HIS REVENGE BY KILLING THE PRESIDENT?"

The "American Digest" has, in the past, indicated that it was established by TAFT in 1939, "for Christ - country, racial purity, State's rights - against race-mixing and other forms of communism."

First source, mentioned above, also a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, have advised that DEWEY M. TAFT is a member of the United Florida Ku Klux Klan (UFKKK), Plant City, Florida Klavern, and that he regularly attends functions of said klan group and the klansmen support NSRP activities.

A third source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in November, 1963, that TAFT joined with other klansmen on November 18, 1963 to conduct a placard-carrying, anti-KENNEDY demonstration at Tampa during the visit of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY at said location.

✓ First two sources mentioned above have advised that TAFT, in his talks and writings, continues to be principally anti-Semitic, anti-Negro, anti-communist, anti-integration, anti-KENNEDY and JOHNSON administrations, anti-U.N., and anti-Supreme Court. 3





**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Characterizations of the NSRP and the UFKKK are attached to this memorandum. Sources who furnished information therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

## APPENDIX

### I

#### NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont", a newspaper of Greenville, South Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt", self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP) reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party", with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue Number 19, dated June, 1960, "The Thunderbolt", announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

On June 17, 1960, a source advised that Edward R. Fields, the Information Director, of the NSRP, is the individual who "runs the NSRP."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

**APPENDIX**

**1**

**NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
(NSRP), STATE OF FLORIDA**

In a letter to the Chairman and National Committee, NSRP, dated February 5, 1963, as published in the February, 1963, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the official organ of the NSRP with headquarters at Birmingham, Alabama, DEWEY M. TAFT announced the merging of the Conservative Party of America, DEWEY TAFT, Chairman, with the NSRP. "The Thunderbolt" also contained another announcement to the effect that TAFT was appointed NSRP Chairman for Florida.

A source has advised during April, May, and June, 1963, that TAFT has located NSRP State Headquarters at Tampa, Florida, and has organized a Hillsborough County Branch of the NSRP at Tampa, Florida.

In April, 1963, TAFT began editing "The Florida Patriot," self-described as a monthly publication of the NSRP of Florida.

APPENDIX

1

UNITED FLORIDA KU KLUX KLAN (UFKKK)

A source advised on August 20, 1955, that a new organization known as Florida Ku Klux Klan (FKKK) has been formed at Macclenny, Florida, on August 14, 1955, by former members of the Association of Florida Ku Klux Klan (AFKKK).

The objectives of this group, according to a second source, are to oppose integration in the schools and to fight communism.

Regarding AFKKK, a third source advised that a former official of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK) formed an organization on July 7, 1953, known as AFKKK. The "Morning Tribune," Tampa, Florida, newspaper, in its August 11, 1955, issue revealed AFKKK disbanded on that date.

A fourth source advised on October 25, 1956, that AFKKK operated under the same principles and bylaws as the AGK. The AGK has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A fifth source advised on February 17, 1958, that the FKKK was operating and maintaining the same objectives as set forth above.

The Sixth source advised on June 28, 1961, that at a meeting held in Orlando, Florida, on June 25, 1961, the FKKK and the United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., in Florida, consolidated, and the new organization is known as the UFKKK.

On May 17, 1963, the sixth source advised that the UFKKK is still in existence in Florida and maintains the same objectives set forth above.

62-107060-3637

REC-48  
EX-102

1 - C. A. Evans  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)  
(C. A. Parkis)  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

UNRECORDED COPIES FILED IN 44-2106-1  
62-10500-105-60233

Dissemination of this communication has been made to the U. S. Department of Justice and U. S. Secret Service since it contains information of possible interest to them.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

**SEE NOTE PAGE TWO**

**NOTE FOR SACs, DALLAS AND TAMPA:**

LB

*RBM*

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



NOTE:

The enclosed memo indicates that Taft was in the process of preparing an issue of "American Digest" which would outline the fact that the Attorney General had his brother shot, that Ruby and Oswald were in on the deal and that they tried to kill retired General Edwin A. Walker before assassinating the President. The NSRP is a hate group which is anti-Semitic and anticommunist. Investigation relating to Taft and the NSRP is being supervised by SAC Parkis.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.

Washington, D.C. 20002

Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,

Chairman

RICHARD B. RUSSELL

JOHN SHERMAN COOPER

HALE BOGGS

GERALD R. FORD

JOHN J. MCCLOY

ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,

General Counsel

AUG 10 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As you know, the Commission in its Report is required to deal with allegations that the motorcade route, which took the President's car past the Depository at the intersection of Elm and Houston, was unnecessary and departed from normal practice. The Commission would appreciate your assistance in preparing some visual aids for use in demonstrating the incorrectness of these allegations.

We would like to demonstrate by a few selected photographs that traffic proceeding westbound on Main Street is directed to turn right on Houston Street and left onto Elm Street if it wishes to proceed north on the Stemmons Freeway. We would like to demonstrate, in short, that the motorcade was not able to proceed on Main Street and thereby gain access to Stemmons Freeway proceeding northbound without departing from normal traffic patterns. If possible, we would like you to secure photographs illustrating the following:

1. Any instructions which are posted on Main Street instructing westbound traffic as to how it should proceed to gain access to Stemmons Freeway;

2. Any instructions on Houston Street between Main and Elm Streets directing traffic as to how to gain access to Stemmons Freeway.

3. The traffic instructions posted along Elm Street instructing traffic approaching the triple underpass to keep to the right in order to gain access to the Stemmons Freeway.

4. The traffic signs instructing traffic after it has proceeded under the triple underpass as to the lanes to take in order to reach the Stemmons Freeway.

AUG 18 1964

XEROX  
AUG 19 1964

67 AUG 24 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

5. The normal flow of traffic along Main Street after it has proceeded under the triple underpass, including the signs located on the barrier advising Main Street traffic of the fact of merging traffic and that no turns at the end of the barricade are permitted.

6. The fact that the barricade separating Main Street traffic from Elm Street traffic extends beyond the point where Elm Street traffic can gain access to Stemmons Freeway.

We would, of course, appreciate any suggestions your experts may have as to how to present this material most effectively. Mr. Willens of my staff is available to discuss this with your representatives at their convenience.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: 8-13-64

FROM : L. J. GAUTHIER *LJG*

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY  
REQUEST FOR VISUAL AIDS

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Reference Commission's letter to Director dated 8-10-64 requesting assistance in effectively preparing a visual aid for use in demonstrating the incorrectness of an allegation which will be treated in the Commission's report; namely, "that the motorcade route, which took the President's car past the Depository at the intersection of Elm and Houston, was unnecessary and departed from normal practice."

Mr. Howard P. Willens of the Commission's staff was contacted on 8-12-64 at which time the Commission's request was discussed in detail. Photographs and structural plan of Dealey Plaza were gathered by the Exhibits Section on 12-3-63 sufficient to permit the construction of a three-dimensional scale model of the assassination site east of the Triple Underpass. The major highway systems west of the Underpass were not photographed nor were construction plans of the complex approaches obtained. The Bureau's attention was focused on the area immediately in front of the Texas School Book Depository. Although we do have photographs of the general area of the Underpass, the material available to us is insufficient to permit us to go ahead with a visual aid which would meet the Commission's requirements.

Mr. Willens also desires to have included in the request for a visual aid of the road system several photographs taken from the railroad tower showing the view had by Commission witness Lee E. Bowers, Jr., looking toward the Texas School Book Depository and the Underpass, as well as photographs taken from the track level on the Underpass directly over Elm Street showing the views available to Commission witnesses (13) looking east toward the Depository, west

LJG:bdb *111*  
(7)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent Direct)

EX-102  
REC-48

AUG 18 1964

79 AUG 24 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Memo Gauthier to Callahan  
Re: President's Commission  
Request for Visual Aids  
8-13-64

toward the Freeways, north toward the railroad yards and south toward the Post Office Building and several photographs of the Underpass as viewed from a point on Elm Street across from the Stemmons Freeway sign.

The Exhibits Section is preparing a chart for the Commission showing the whereabouts of Oswald between 12:30 p.m. and 1:50 p.m. on 11-22-63, based upon information obtained from eyewitnesses testifying before the Commission. Mr. Norman Redlich desires that this chart include the distances along these routes as registered on an automobile speedometer.

On-site information will have to be available to the Exhibits Section before the Commission's request can be expeditiously and adequately handled. It is necessary that this material be gathered by the Exhibits Section in order that the completion of the work can be the result of a single source and to insure speed of operation as well as making available technical testimony concerning the authenticity of the visual aids. It will require approximately one working day for an Exhibits Section employee to gather this information assisted by Agents of the Dallas Office.

ACTION:

Unless advised to the contrary, I will proceed to Dallas on 8-17-64 to handle this assignment.

*JAH* *8/13*



FBI

Date: 8/11/64

REC-98

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115)(P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

RE: DR. JOSEPH MARTIN

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned as above. Two copies of this airtel and three copies of the memorandum are being furnished for the information of Dallas.

One copy of this memorandum is being furnished to the Secret Service, Houston, Texas.

Efforts are being made to further identify Dr. JOSEPH MARTIN, and it is contemplated he will be interviewed in the immediate future.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10) (AM)  
2 - Dallas (Enc. 3) (AM)  
2 - Houston

GWK:yk  
(7)

C. E. VICKY

Control to HO  
ROR: eny  
8-14-64

REC-98

EX-102

62-109060-3640

AUG 13 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 3640

PAGE NO. 2-3, 1

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

85

Dept. of Army

REFERRAL

FBI

Date: 8/12/64

Transmit the following in AIRTEL  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November  
22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
MISC - INFO CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel 8/11/64

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a revised letterhead memorandum, dated 8/12/64, at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in the above-entitled case. One copy of this revised LHM is enclosed for Dallas.

The sources of the Milwaukee Office contacted on 7/24/64 were [redacted] and [redacted]

Investigation at Milwaukee, Wisconsin was conducted by SA ROBERT E. SCHOENECKER and investigation at Kenosha was conducted by SA WILLIAM J. HIGGINS, Jr.

Two copies of this revised letterhead memorandum are being furnished to Secret Service locally.

Explanations in accordance with referenced airtel being submitted separately.

③ - Bureau (62-109060) (RM-AM) (Enc. 8)

1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1) (RM-AM)

2 - Milwaukee (62-1178)

RES:ah

(6)

2 cc of LHM for Pres. Comm.  
Set ROR: [redacted] 8-17-64

REC-48

EX-102

10 AUG 13 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

CONSOLIDATION



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin  
August 12, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas

Set forth below is a true copy of a handwritten letter, as contained in an envelope addressed to J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington D.C., postmarked at Kenosha, Wisconsin, July 9, 1964, and bearing the return address of Bob Kenedy, Washington D.C. It is noted that the Milwaukee Office has indicated misspellings and other inaccuracies as contained in the letter by underlining.

"Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

"President Johnson know's the Gangsters, and why John F. Kenedy was murdered, this is the only way that Johnson could ever become the President.

"President Johnson and Earl Warren know's that there was a meeting with Jack Ruby, Dallas Police Officer T.D. Tippett and a nother man in Ruby's Dallas night club just befor John F. Kenedy's murdere.

"President Johnson and Earl Warren are useing Lee Oswald as a scapegoat.

"President Johnson has and always will travel a crooked path, and in the White House he is a Wheeler Dealer, asked Johnson about the Bobby Baker case. The Jew's had a hand in the murdere of John F. Kenedy.

"We insist that you do something about the President Johnson. American's"

The FBI Laboratory conducted an examination of this anonymous communication, the results of which are as follows:

Q1 Envelope bearing handwritten address "J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington D.C." and postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. AM JUL 9 1964"

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 10 1973

ENCLOSURE

3641

**Assassination of President  
John F. Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas**

---

**Q2 Accompanying handwritten letter beginning "President Johnson know's the....." and ending ".....about the President Johnson, American's"**

**The handwriting on the envelope and letter, Q1 and Q2, was searched through the appropriate sections of the Anonymous Letter File but no identification was effected.**

**The envelope and letter were examined in the Identification Division and two latent fingerprints were developed on the front of the letter only.**

**The envelope, Q1, was made of white bond paper, containing no watermark, to measure approximately 6.51 inches across the top, 6.48 inches across the bottom, 3.63 inches along the right edge and 3.66 inches along the left edge.**

**The letter, Q2, was prepared on a sheet of ruled white paper, containing no watermark, which measures approximately 5.00 inches across the top, 4.99 inches across the bottom, and 8.01 inches from top to bottom. The front of the letter bears nineteen blue lines and the back bears twenty-three blue lines.**

**No indented writing of any significance was noted on the envelope and letter. The postage stamp on the letter was torn from a booklet of five-cent postage stamps. Also, the letter was written with a ball-point pen, equipped with blue ink.**

**A review of the records of the Milwaukee Office of the FBI on July 24, 1964, failed to locate any information concerning an organization known as "Americans" or any letters similar in nature to the above letter.**

**On July 24, 1964, sources of information of the Milwaukee Office, who are acquainted with subversive activities in the Wisconsin area and have furnished reliable information in the past, advised that they had no information concerning the origin of the above letter.**

**On July 27, 1964, Lorraine Ferraro, Identification Clerk, Bureau of Identification, Milwaukee Police Department, advised that the records of that department contain no information regarding an organization known as "Americans."**



**Assassination of President  
John F. Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas**

On July 27, 1964, Lt. Orville Livingston, Handwriting Expert, Milwaukee Police Department, examined the letter in question and advised that he could not identify it with any other known handwriting contained in the records of the Milwaukee Police Department nor was it similar in nature to any other letter contained in the records of the department.

On July 29, 1964, Captain Arthur J. Riley, Detective Bureau, Kenosha Police Department, advised that the records of the Kenosha Police Department do not contain any information concerning an organization known as "Americans" and he could not furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

On July 29, 1964, Investigator Arthur Blake, Kenosha County Sheriff's Office, advised that the records of that department do not contain any information concerning the organization "Americans" or any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

August 17, 1964

REC-48

109060-3641

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory communication from our Milwaukee Office dated August 12, 1964, concerning the receipt of an anonymous letter by this Bureau.

For your information, a copy of this communication has been made available to the U. S. Secret Service in Washington, D. C., as it contains information of possible interest to that agency.

No further action will be taken in this matter.

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (8)

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Anonymous letter postmarked 7-9-64, Kenosha, Wisconsin, received at the Bureau alleging President Johnson knows why President Kennedy was assassinated. The letter makes other allegations concerning President Johnson's knowledge of this investigation. Laboratory examination of letter negative. Milwaukee investigation negative. U. S. Secret Service furnished copy of communication and results of Laboratory examination. No further action is warranted.

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room

57 AUG 17 1964  
COMM-FBI

RECEIVED DIRECTOR  
TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

AUG 17 3 17 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

FBI

REC-48

Date: 7/30/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115)(P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

RE: Bureau airtel dated 7/24/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum, containing information resulting from interview of LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Two copies of this airtel and three copies of the letterhead memorandum are being forwarded to Dallas.

One copy of this memorandum is being furnished to U. S. Secret Service, Houston, Texas.

It is noted that results of this interview and information previously developed through interviews of associates of BERRY has developed no indication that BERRY was actively associated with any organized group. It is likewise noted there is no indication that BERRY represents any present potential for violence. Accordingly, no further inquiries are being conducted with respect to BERRY, UACB.

ENCLOSURE

③ - Bureau (Enc. 10) (AM) (RM)  
2 - Dallas (Enc. 3) (89-43) (AM) (RM)

COPIES DESTROYED

16 JUL 31 1964

44 JAN 1973

EX-102

Approved:

9 AUG 20 1964

Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Houston, Texas

July 30, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

RE: LEWIS EDWARD BERRY, JR.

Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., 2607 Leek Street, Houston, Texas, was interviewed on July 29, 1964, and furnished the following information:

Berry was born December 17, 1938, at Houston, Texas, is presently unemployed and is a senior law student at the University of Houston. He served in the U. S. Air Force from 1956 until 1960, having Serial Number 17,472,503.

Berry was apprised of the FBI's investigative jurisdiction in the internal security and related fields and stated he would be glad to furnish any information desired concerning his past activities.

Berry was questioned as to whether he has organized, has attempted to organize, or has made statements that he was attempting to organize any group designed to take action against the U. S. Government or any government officials. He replied that he has not organized and has never actually attempted to organize any such group, nor is he aware of any such group in existence at Houston or elsewhere. Berry stated he has made numerous statements while engaged in political discussions to the effect that the time might come in the future when it would be necessary for citizens to take up arms, but these statements were all of a general nature and did not anticipate any specific action in the foreseeable future. Berry was questioned as to whether he was in favor of the basic public policy decisions in the United States being made through regular democratic processes through existing government channels or if he believed direct action on the part of dissatisfied citizens was justified. He replied that in general he believes in and desires to follow the normal democratic

6-11-64 364  
ENCLOSURE

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

processes, but he does not believe that all policies of the Government must necessarily be followed in the future just because such policies are supported by the majorities. He stated while it would be desirable to have all public policy changed by majority rule, he believes there has been "slip-page" along this line in that the Government of the United States from time to time pursues policies which result in oppressing minorities and majorities against their will. He stated he believes the basic problem in the United States is the broad voting base which permits people with very little or no property to vote and make up the majority, when they actually, in his opinion, have no right to vote. He stated under this system it is too easy for a demagogue to control the mass of the voters and thereby obtain policies which are actually against their best interests. He was asked if he could define an educated person in this context by any other method than to consider a person was educated if he agreed with his (Berry's) particular beliefs. Berry replied that he did not mean that, but simply that he felt a person should have at least a high school education and possibly should be worth at least \$10,000 before he should be permitted to vote.

Berry was questioned as to whether he had ever made a statement to the general effect that if Robert Kennedy should be elected to office in the future there would be no need for another Oswald inasmuch as he would do that job. Berry replied he would not deny he had made such statements, but that in making them he did not mean that he would literally kill Robert Kennedy but merely that this would be an indication our government had gone so far in a direction he did not approve that the time would be reached when direct action would be necessary.

Berry was questioned as to whether he felt that he or any other individual in disagreement with a particular administration would be justified in organizing direct action against such government, even though he was convinced that the vast majority of the people were in favor of the policies of such government. Berry replied that he believed the area of public government action was very limited and that the people "do not have a right" to adopt certain policies even though such policies are adopted through open and genuine



RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

democratic processes. He stated for instance that if the people of the United States should decide to elect a socialist as President, he would feel that the government had proceeded beyond a reasonable point and that he and other like-thinking citizens would then have a right to act outside the legal area in order to stop it. He stated he considered that such extralegal action would even include murder if no other means was available.

With respect to the reports that he had been connected with some organization, Berry stated he had never told anyone he felt the time was now to start such an organization to act outside the law, and in fact he believes it is certainly not time for such action now and he has hopes that Senator Barry Goldwater will be elected President, in which case it might never become necessary.

Berry was questioned as to whether he had ever made any statements to the effect that if Senator Goldwater should not be elected there would be civil riots throughout the United States, and if so what groups or individuals he felt would organize such riots. Berry replied he has frequently stated that if Goldwater should not be elected there would be civil riots but he did not mean to indicate there would be large-scale riots or that they would be country-wide. He stated he based this opinion on various remarks and opinions he had heard expressed by various people who have stated they would be "angry" if Goldwater were defeated, but he was unaware of any individual or group which was planning to organize for any such action. Berry stated in fact he feels that such action would be extremely unwise and against the interests of the ultra-conservatives inasmuch as it would result in more sympathy for the moderate and liberal groups. Berry voluntarily stated if he should hear in the future of any plan for any such activity he would report it to the FBI.

With respect to possible action against Cuba, Berry stated he had never been involved in or had knowledge of any group engaged in planning actions against Cuba and he could not recall ever having implied to anyone that he was involved in such activities.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Berry was questioned as to any knowledge he might have of the organization known as the "Minutemen." He stated to the best of his knowledge he had never met any member of the organization, although it is possible he has met such members without knowing it. He stated he did not share the view attributed to this group that the takeover of the United States by the communists was imminent, although he believed there were many communists well placed in our Government.

Berry was advised of the FBI's interest in learning the identity of any Communist Party members in the U. S. Government and was informed that if he could furnish any factual information whatever tending to identify any Government employee as a communist, he could be sure that the FBI would initiate an immediate and thorough investigation of that matter. Berry then stated that in fact he had no information whatever to indicate that any Communist Party member was employed by the U. S. Government.

The name of Stanley Toland was mentioned to Berry, and he replied he was well acquainted with Toland who had recently "flunked out" of law school at the University of Houston and had returned to Dallas. Berry stated he had resided in the Toland residence in Dallas a few months ago when he went to Dallas for the Republican State Convention. Berry was asked if he had ever heard Toland or any other person claim to have personal knowledge of the assassination of President Kennedy. He replied he had heard Toland state that he (Toland) had heard there were some right-wing groups involved and that Toland had also made some mention of the employment of hypnotism in connection with the assassination. He stated, however, that knowing Toland frequently makes wild statements in order to gain attention and interest, he has learned it is very difficult to determine when Toland is speaking seriously and when he is joking. He stated he has decided that Toland was not serious when he made reference to "right-wing groups" being connected with the assassination and he has learned to take everything Toland says "with a grain of salt." Berry acknowledged that Toland had "tossed around" such names as H. L. Hunt, General Edwin Walker, and Lamar Hunt with the implication that those individuals may have had some connection with the assassination.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Berry stated, however, that although the above individuals are probably known as being very conservative and opposed to the late President Kennedy, he doubts seriously that Toland has ever met any of them or that Toland has any actual knowledge that they were involved.

Berry denied he knew of any person or group of persons in Houston or elsewhere who had ever collected or stored away any guns or other weapons in anticipation of their use against constituted authority.

With respect to James Parrott, Berry stated he met Parrott in about 1959 or 1960 in connection with his work with the Harris County Young Republicans. He stated Parrott has a "personality problem" and had been discharged from the U. S. Air Force for psychiatric reasons. Berry stated that Parrott feels very strongly about the liberal trend in government, but he certainly does not feel that Parrott is a dangerous person. Berry stated that Parrott seems to have a preoccupation or fear of what he refers to as the "conspiracies" and he has no doubt that Parrott may have expressed approval of the removal of President Kennedy from office. He stated Parrott is the type of person who makes irresponsible remarks and may well have stated in the past he would shoot someone if necessary, but in fact he believes Parrott would not take such action and that his remarks are innocuous.

Berry recalled in connection with H. L. Hunt, whom he referred to as a wealthy Fort Worth man, that Toland once stated that H. L. Hunt held the number one membership card in the American Nazi Party. Berry stated he considered this as just another remark of Toland and he had no reason to believe it to be factual.

Berry stated he wanted to make it clear that his remarks about citizens taking direct action were not meant to mean that a citizen under present conditions would be justified in direct action, but he was merely referring to the traditional concept of the "right of revolution" which has always been considered by political philosophers as being one of the rights of man. He stated he certainly did

**RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

not think the United States was anywhere near a situation in which a person would be justified in invoking this right of revolution, and he hoped that point would never be reached. Berry stated he certainly did not approve of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, and if he should ever hear in the future of any plan or plot to assassinate President Johnson, he would certainly report that matter to the FBI.

The following descriptive data was noted during this interview:

Name	Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.
Sex	Male
Race	White
Born	December 17, 1938, Houston, Texas
Height	5'9"
Weight	155 pounds
Build	Medium
Hair	Light brown
Eyes	Blue, wears glasses
Complexion	Medium
Peculiarities	None apparent

8-19-64

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 19 1964

TO SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

TELETYPE

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY - 620 hr

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REURAIRTEL AUGUST ELEVEN, LAST CONCERNING DALLAS PD RADIO  
LOG. LHM ENCLOSED WITH REAIRTEL WAS COMPARED WITH DALLAS PD  
RADIO LOG CONTAINED IN YOUR LHM DATED MARCH TWENTY THREE, LAST.  
THE VARIATIONS LISTED FIRST HEREINAFTER WERE THOSE NOTED ON  
PAGES IN THE AUGUST ELEVEN, LAST LHM, WHICH ARE FOLLOWED BY  
DALLAS PD AND PAGE NUMBER IN THE MARCH TWENTY THREE, LAST LHM:  
PAGE NINE, TIME TEN FIFTY EIGHT; DL PD, PAGE THREE, TEN  
FIFTY NINE. PAGE TWENTY FOUR, LAST ENTRY, ONE SIX FOUR POUNDS;  
DL PD, PAGE EIGHT, ONE SIX FIVE POUNDS. PAGE THIRTY TWO, CAR  
TWO FIVE TWO PAREN CHANCE END PAREN; DL PD PAGE ELEVEN, TWO  
SIX TWO. PAGE FORTY THREE, CAR FIFTEEN, SHOWS CONDITION;  
DL PD PAGE FIFTEEN SHOWS DESCRIPTION. PAGE SIXTY TWO, CAR  
TWO SEVEN NINE, SHOWS FOUR HUNDRED BLOCK EAST JEFFERSON; DL PD  
PAGE TWENTY TWO SHOWS WEST. PAGE SIXTY SIX, CAR TWENTY NINE,

SHOWS WEST JEFFERSON; DL PD PAGE TWENTY FOUR, EAST JEFFERSON.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

ENCLOSURE 13 DESTROYED

44 JAN 10 1973

79 AUG 21 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-6

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE



TELETYPE TO SAC, DALLAS  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

PAGE SEVENTY, CAR SIXTY SIX; DL PD PAGE TWENTY FIVE IS SIXTY THREE, ALSO PAGE SEVENTY, LAST ENTRY TENTH AND JEFFERSON; DL PD PAGE TWENTY FIVE, TENTH AND CRAWFORD. PAGE ONE HUNDRED, DISPATCHER FIVE ZERO FIVE, TIME TWO ZERO FOUR; DL PD PAGE THIRTY SEVEN, TIME TWO ZERO FIVE. PAGE ONE ONE ZERO, CAR SEVENTY NINE, ALSO NOTE ON PAGE ONE ONE ONE, CAR SIXTY NINE CLEAR; DL PD PAGE FORTY, CAR IS SIXTY NINE. PAGE ONE ONE SEVEN, CAR ONE ZERO THREE, TIME TEN THIRTY AM PRECEDING TIME LISTED AS TEN ZERO TWO AM, SUBSEQUENT TIME ENTRY IS TEN THIRTEEN AM. IT APPEARS TEN THIRTY AM SHOULD BE TEN ZERO THREE AM; DL PD PAGE FIFTY ONE IS TEN ZERO THREE AM. PAGE ONE TWO SIX, END OF BELT TWO, ELEVEN THIRTY AM; DL PD PAGE FIFTY FIVE, ELEVEN THIRTY ONE AM. PAGE ONE TWO SEVEN DISPATCHER FOLLOWING CAR FORTY EIGHT NO TIME LISTED; DL PD PAGE FIFTY FIVE, TIME ELEVEN THIRTY TWO AM. PAGE ONE FIVE SEVEN LOMA ALTA OR LOMA ALTO, PAGE ONE FIVE FIVE HAS LOMA ALTO; DL PD PAGE SEVENTY HAS LOMA ALTO. PAGE ONE SEVENTY LAST ENTRY FOLLOWING THIRTY NO WEIGHT LISTED; DL PD PAGE SEVENTY FIVE HAS ONE SIX FIVE LBS. PAGE TWO ZERO TWO FIFTEEN/TWO PAREN CAPTAIN SOUTER END PAREN AT THE TRADE MART; DL PD PAGE EIGHTY SEVEN SHOWS AT PARKLAND HOSPITAL. PAGE TWO ZERO TWO, LAST ENTRY NOISE; DL PD PAGE

-2-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 19 1964

TELETYPE

TELETYPE TO SAC, DALLAS  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

EIGHTY SEVEN, NINE. RECHECK THESE VARIATIONS FOR ACCURACY  
OF TRANSCRIPTION AND ADVISE BY RETURN TELETYPE. MINOR  
CHANGES WILL BE MADE AT BUREAU. HOWEVER, ANY CHANGES  
INVOLVING RETYPING, SUBMIT REVISED PAGES. COMMISSION  
DESIRES TRANSCRIPTION IMMEDIATELY. EXPEDITE.

NOTE:

We previously furnished the Commission a 96 page  
LHM containing radio logs of the Dallas PD during events  
relating to the assassination. This log was prepared and  
furnished by the Dallas PD from their tape recordings. The  
Commission requested the Bureau to obtain the Dallas PD tape  
recordings and prepare a verbatim transcript of Dallas PD  
radio channels 1 and 2 from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., 11-22-63,  
and 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 11-24-63. This has been completed  
and contained in a 216 page LHM. There were ~~no significant~~  
variations between our transcription and that furnished by  
Dallas PD, ~~however~~, Dallas is instructed to check variations  
contained in teletype to insure ~~our~~ accuracy of transcription.  
AR

-3-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 19 1964

670  
TELETYPE

CODE

RADIOGRAM

1 - W. C. Sullivan  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
(J. W. Hines)

URGENT

1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

.. Lenihan)

8-20-64

If regular radio  
contact missed, send  
by urgent, plain text  
teletype at once.

TO SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

DALLAS PROMPTLY ADVISE DATE WHEN NEXT REPORT IN ABOVE  
CAPTION TO BE SUBMITTED AND ALSO ESTIMATE OF YOUR UNRESOLVED  
INVESTIGATION BEING HELD FOR INCLUSION IN SUBSEQUENT REPORTS.  
BUREAU CANNOT STRESS TOO STRONGLY NEED FOR EXPEDITING AND  
REPORTING ALL OUTSTANDING INVESTIGATION AS COMMISSION INDICATES  
ITS INQUIRIES TO BE COMPLETED IN IMMEDIATE FUTURE. IF  
PRACTICABLE INCORPORATE ALL UNRESOLVED INVESTIGATION IN  
REPORT WITH APPROPRIATE COMMENT ON THE INVESTIGATION STILL  
BEING CONDUCTED. EXPEDITE.

VIA RADIOGRAM

AUG 20 1964

4:33 PM SKC

RDR:las (9)

NOTE: Reports in this matter relate to miscellaneous  
allegations received since the assassination concerning persons  
other than Lee Harvey Oswald. These allegations were initiated  
by cranks, mental incompetents and patriotic citizens. Dallas  
has been coordinating this investigation and periodically  
submitting reports to the Bureau. We have submitted 6 such reports.  
Because of the voluminous nature of such allegations, Dallas does  
not report the investigation until it is completely resolved for  
clarity and intelligent understanding by the Commission. In  
view of the possibility the Commission will wind up at an early  
date, it is felt all investigation conducted, if possible, should  
be furnished to the Commission whether it is resolved or not.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

9 AUG 24 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

10 AUG 21 1964

8-20-64

CODE

If next regular radio contact missed, send by urgent, plain text teletype at once.

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBUREAU AIRTEL AUGUST FOUR, LAST AND LETTER TO COMMISSION AUGUST THIRTEEN, LAST AND URAIRTELS CONCERNING DISPLAY OF PHOTOGRAPHS OF TIPPIT AND BERNARD WEISSMAN TO SIX INDIVIDUALS.

IMMEDIATELY FURNISH BUREAU RESULTS OF THAT INVESTIGATION NOW COMPLETED AND INSURE REMAINDER OF COMMISSION'S REQUEST EXPEDITED AND SUBMIT IN SUPPLEMENTAL LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM IF NECESSARY. EVERY EFFORT BEING MADE TO FURNISH RESULTS OF ITSSPECIAL REQUESTS EXPEDITIOUSLY.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 20 1964

TELETYPE

RDR:las (5)

NOTE: Commission by let 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Mark Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. Four offices are engaged in locating these people. Commission was advised by letter 8-13-64, some delay may be encountered. As results are received, Commission will be advised.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Evans \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 24 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-2762-109060-3645  
EX-108  
10 AUG 21 1964

COPIES DESTROYED

4 JAN 10 1973

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: August 17, 1964

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT  
WARREN COMMISSION  
FILM

Reference is made to my memorandum of August 11, 1964, dealing with visit to Bureau by John F. Novatney, Jr., law firm of Baker, Hostetler and Patterson, and Burt Reinhardt of New York, who is head of UPI pictures, and their desire that there be attached to copies of film, which we have in our possession of the assassination, copyright material so that UPI will be protected.

Attached is a letter dated August 12, 1964, regarding this matter.

When the film bearing the copyright is received, it will be attached to the copies which we have in our possession. There is no need to acknowledge this letter.

## RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

Enc.

- 1 - Mr. Rosen, Attention: Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Conrad, Attention: Mr. Shaneyfelt
- 1 - Mr. Jones

ECH:amr  
(5)

ENCLOSURE

REC 27

EX-108

AUG 21 1964

2 XEROX  
AUG 21 1964

88 AUG 25 1964

CRIME RESEARCH

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



NEWTON D. BAKER JR.  
 JOSEPH C. HOSTETLER JR.  
 PAUL PATTERSON JR.  
 BENJ. F. PIERY  
 HOWARD F. BURNS  
 RAYMOND T. JACKSON  
 WILLIAM H. GEMIS  
 CLAYTON A. QUINTELL  
 JOSEPH B. FAWCETT  
 SIDNEY D. L. JACKSON, JR.  
 DWIGHT B. BULLS  
 RICHARD F. STEVENS  
 EIRA R. BRYAN  
 WARREN DANE  
 GLENNE E. OFENBACHER  
 WILLIAM H. FLEMING  
 SHERMAN DYE  
 NORMAN A. SUGARMAN  
 ALBERT J. WILLIAMS  
 JOHN R. GASKIN  
 JOHN D. DRINHO  
 RUSSELL E. LEASURE  
 WILLIAM L. CALFEE  
 ALAN G. HOPKIN  
 GEORGE L. FORD  
 JAMES P. GARNER  
 HERBERT A. SPRING, JR.

# BAKER, HOSTETLER & PATTERSON

UNION COMMERCE BUILDING

CLEVELAND

44114

ALEXANDER H. MADSEN  
 H. STEPHEN MADSEN  
 HARLAN POMEROY  
 JAMES E. CHAPMAN

JAMES A. SCOTT  
 DONALD D. GRUETTNER  
 ROBERT G. STINCHCOM  
 J. RICHARD HAMILTON  
 DAVID B. FULLER  
 CHARLES M. CLEMINSHAW  
 ROSS A. RUPRA  
 PARKER M. ORR  
 DOUGLASS P. GEMPEY  
 RICHARD A. TURNET  
 NORMAN S. JEAVONS  
 JOHN F. NOVATREY, JR.  
 ROBERT M. BRUCKER  
 VICTOR STRIMBOL, JR.  
 JOHN C. LITTLE  
 CHARLES BLAUS  
 BARCLAY BARCH  
 GEORGE DOWNING  
 ALBERT J. KNOPP  
 LAWRENCE D. GILL  
 JOSEPH T. GORMAN  
 DAVID M. SCHNEIDER  
 ARTHUR V. M. BROOKS  
 JOHN R. FERGUSON

August 12, 1964

Mr. Edward C. Kemper, Jr.  
 Federal Bureau of Investigation  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kemper:

Please accept my appreciation for the time and courteous attention and help you gave Burt Reinhardt and me yesterday with respect to our inquiries regarding the two United Press International motion picture films covering the assassination of President Kennedy.

It is especially reassuring to know that the FBI has not given and has no intention of giving these films or any stills therefrom (or even permitting access thereto) to anyone other than the Warren Commission for use in conjunction with its forthcoming report. I understand that Mr. Nix was recently given a single print of the so-called "Nix" film, which Mr. Nix sold to UPI and is now owned by and copyrighted by UPI, but I further understand that the FBI has no intention of giving Mr. Nix any further prints.

As we discussed, Burt Reinhardt will have delivered to you shortly the copyright notices to be attached to all of the so-called "Nix" film prints now in the possession or control of the FBI or Warren Commission. A check of my notes of our meeting shows that at least six such "Nix" film prints are involved, including the "Nix" film print given to the FBI by UPI. However, if any other "Nix" film prints are discovered by the FBI to be in existence or made by the FBI for any reason in the future, please notify Reinhardt so that the proper copyright notice can be attached to them also. I appreciate your offer to see to it that these copyright notices are spliced to all such "Nix" film prints, and to confirm this to Reinhardt.

Thanks again for your consideration and cooperation. It was indeed a pleasure to meet you and I look forward to saying "hello" in the near future, possibly when I take that tour of the Bureau which I have promised my

ENCLOSURE

REC-127

3646

EX-108 AUG 21 1964

RESEARCH

2 XEROX  
 AUG 21 1964

Delivered to Mr. [unclear]  
 8-17-64 S.H. [unclear]

Mr. Edward C. Kemper, Jr.  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

- 2 -

August 12, 1964

With best wishes, I am

Very truly yours,

John F. Novatney, Jr.

JFN:jw

Mr. Belmont

8/18/64

A. Rosen

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Ehröder  
1 - Mr. McCowan  
1 - Mr. Rogge

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT**

**John F. Kennedy**

During the conversation on August 18, 1964, with Mr. J. Lee Rankin of the President's Commission, Mr. Rankin mentioned the requests that have been made of the Bureau to furnish the number of reports, the number of pages, as well as the number of interviews and man hours which have been consumed in the over-all investigation. Mr. Rankin stated that the number of pages as well as the number of reports, as furnished by the Bureau's letter of August 12, 1964, would be most helpful and that he certainly did not expect the Bureau to perform the tedious task of counting the actual number of interviews or to compile the number of man hours utilized. He advised that when the request was made he thought there was a possibility this data might be readily available.

Mr. Rankin stated that in order to give the Bureau due credit for the tremendous amount of investigation which had been performed by the Bureau, it was intended that a statement would be included in the "foreword" of the Commission's report, mentioning the extent of the Bureau's activity.

**Polygraph Examination of Ruby:**

Mr. Rankin stated that Chief Justice Warren had recently returned to the United States, following which he, Mr. Rankin, had briefed the Chief Justice thoroughly concerning the Bureau's assistance in affording Jack Ruby a polygraph interview on July 15, 1964. Mr. Rankin stated that the Chief Justice was most appreciative that the Bureau had gone ahead with this polygraph examination in view of the personal promise that he had made to Jack Ruby that he would be afforded a polygraph examination. He stated that the Chief Justice was fully cognizant and appreciative of the various sound observations which had been made by the Bureau relative to affording Ruby a polygraph examination, but regardless of the Bureau's feelings in this matter, we had gone ahead and complied with the request of the President's Commission.

- ① - 62-109303 (Assassination)  
1 - 105-82585 (Coward)  
1 - 44-24715 (Ruby)

62-109303-  
NOT RECORDED  
199 AUG 25 1964

62 AUG 28 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memo to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen  
Re: President's Commission

Mr. Rankin advised that with regard to the polygraph examination, there would be a discussion in the report of the Commission showing the conditions under which this polygraph examination was given to Jack Ruby and the report would quote the Bureau's letters therein, where we set forth our observations relative to the desirability of giving Ruby such an examination.

Bureau's Interest in Rights of Individuals:

During the discussion, Mr. Rankin mentioned that staff members of the Commission were very much interested in seeing that the comments of the Director and Mr. Belmont were brought to light in the Commission's report in such a way that they would receive appropriate attention rather than appearing solely in the testimony itself. He advised that this matter had not been taken up with the seven members of the Commission as of this time but this would be done very shortly and that it was his desire to see that the Bureau's interests in the rights of individuals was properly related in an appropriate part of the report. Mr. Rankin did not volunteer where in the report this information would be set forth.

Comments Concerning the Bureau's Participation in the Investigation:

Mr. Rankin commented that throughout the tremendous amount of work which has been done concerning the assassination of the President, the FBI had certainly carried a tremendous workload, and that while Secret Service had performed a small amount of investigation at the request of the Commission and a few other agencies had done some minor work, the bulk of the investigative activity had been carried on by the FBI. He stated that throughout the entire existence of the President's Commission the Bureau had cooperated fully and never on any occasion refused to carry out a request of the Commission, regardless of how ridiculous the request might have seemed on the surface. He stated he was well aware of the fact that many of the requests did not have any basis in fact for being run out but because of the nature of the investigation, the Commission felt that it had to be done. He stated he felt that the Bureau's efforts along these lines would certainly reflect favorably on the Bureau's investigation and the amount of interest that was given to detail, both by the Bureau and the President's Commission. He stated that all in all, he felt that the Commission's report would certainly reflect creditably on the FBI.

Date of Final Report by the Commission:

Mr. Rankin advised that the present target date for the submission of the report of the Commission was September 8, 1964. He stated he sincerely hoped that the Commission would be able to meet this target date but that as of

Memo to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen  
Re: President's Commission

the present time he was not certain whether this could be done. In this connection Mr. Hankin mentioned the fact that he was aware the Bureau had received a number of requests in recent weeks and that all of the requests of the President's Commission were being complied with as rapidly as possible. He also stated that anything that could be done to expedite these late requests would be appreciated.

Mr. Hankin was assured that the Bureau was well aware of the Commission's desire to wind up their activity and that specific instructions had been given to all offices conducting investigation to complete all phases of our investigation in the shortest possible time.

This is being watched most carefully at the Seat of Government and we are seeing that all offices are handling matters on an expeditious basis.

Submitted for information.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 20 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

2-32 PM CST URGENT 8-20-64 NCB

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060

FROM DALLAS 100-10461 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER  
TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION  
CONCERNING.

REBUTEL TO DALLAS AUGUST NINETEEN, LAST, CONCERNING DALLAS PD  
RADIO LOG AND WHICH REQUESTED RECHECK OF VARIATIONS NOTED BY BUREAU IN  
COMPARING DALLAS LHM OF AUGUST ELEVEN, LAST, WITH DALLAS LHM OF MARCH  
TWENTYTHREE, LAST. RECHECK OF VARIATIONS MADE BY REFERRING TO NOTES  
OF SPECIAL AGENT REVIEWING ORIGINAL TAPES REVEALS FOLLOWING CORRECTIONS  
TO BE MADE TO DALLAS LHM OF AUGUST ELEVEN, LAST. (encl. 36-13)

↓ PAGE TWENTYFOUR, LAST ENTRY, SHOULD BE ONE SIXTYFIVE POUNDS.

↓ PAGE ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEEN, CAR ONE ZERO THREE, TIME OF TEN THIRTY  
SHOULD BE TEN ZERO THREE.

62-109060-

↓ PAGE ONE FIFTYSEVEN, SHOULD BE LOMA ALTO

NOT RECORDED

↓ PAGE ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY, LAST ENTRY, QUOTE ONE SIXTY FIVE POUNDS &  
UNQUOTE SHOULD FOLLOW NUMERAL THIRTY.

↓ PAGE TWO HUNDRED AN TWO, CFTER THE WORDS TIED UP, QUOTE AT PARK-  
LAND HOSPITAL AND WILL BE UNABLE TO GET THERE. I-M TIED UP UNQUOTE.

END PAGE ONE

79 SEP 1-1964

1-cc  
Trotter  
Hut

6-Trail  
NOT RECORDED  
SEP 1 1964  
FBI - DALLAS

PAGE TWO

1 PAGE TWO HUNDRED TWO, LAST ENTRY, NAME SHOULD BE QUOTE MOYERS,  
UNQUOTE AND NOT MOISE.

AMENDED PAGES ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY AND TWO HUNDRED TWO BEING  
SUBMITTED UNDER SEPARATE COVER. BUREAU REQUESTED MAKE OTHER CHANGES.

1 BUREAU ALSO REQUESTED TO RENUMBER PAGE TWO HUNDRED EIGHT TO QUOTE  
TWO HUNDRED EIGHT DASH TWO HUNDRED NINE UNQUOTE IS ERROR IN NUMBERING  
AND NOT OMMISSION OF PAGE.

END

MSL

FBI WASH DC

P cc. Mr. Ransick

FBI

Date: 8/20/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD —  
KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Dallas teletype to Bureau dated 8/20/64  
pertaining to corrections made to LHM of Dallas, dated 8/11/64,  
which contained a transcript of the Dallas PD radio log.

Enclosed are 10 copies each of amended pages 170 and 202  
which should be inserted in the LHM of Dallas dated 8/11/64.

*all copies have  
been corrected  
8/24/64. JMF/bib  
1-cc holder  
b-nd*

*see 2nd airtel  
8/11/64 - file!  
62-109060-3613*

NOT RECORDED

17 AUG 22 1964

(3) Bureau (Enc. 10)  
2 - Dallas  
PEW/atd  
(5) JMF:JS

C. C. Wick

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

79 AUG 27 1964

*P. J. [unclear]*

*Stal*

*Station  
No. 1000*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Neill  
2 - Mr. Griffith

Office  
Room 7133

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 8/17/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS 11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 8/14/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, delivered to SA Robert F. Frazier Commission Exhibit designated as Phil Willis Exhibit No. 1.

Miss Rowcotsky requested the Bureau furnish the Commission with three 8" by 10" black and white photographic prints of each color transparency, it being noted that the Exhibit consists of 12 color transparencies.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner of the Laboratory's Document Section.

**ACTION:** The Exhibit will be reproduced as requested and three 8" by 10" black and white prints of each transparency will be furnished to the Commission. The original exhibit and copies will be returned to the Commission.

62-109060

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Callahan (Attn: Mr. C. Q. Smith)

REN:BH  
(13)

Note:

Phil Willis Exhibit No. 1 consists of 12 color transparencies of the Presidential Motorcade and other scenes in the area of the assassination.

Ans Let 8/24/64

B.C.A. emb

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

EX-108  
AUG 20 1964

ENCLOSURE

REC 27

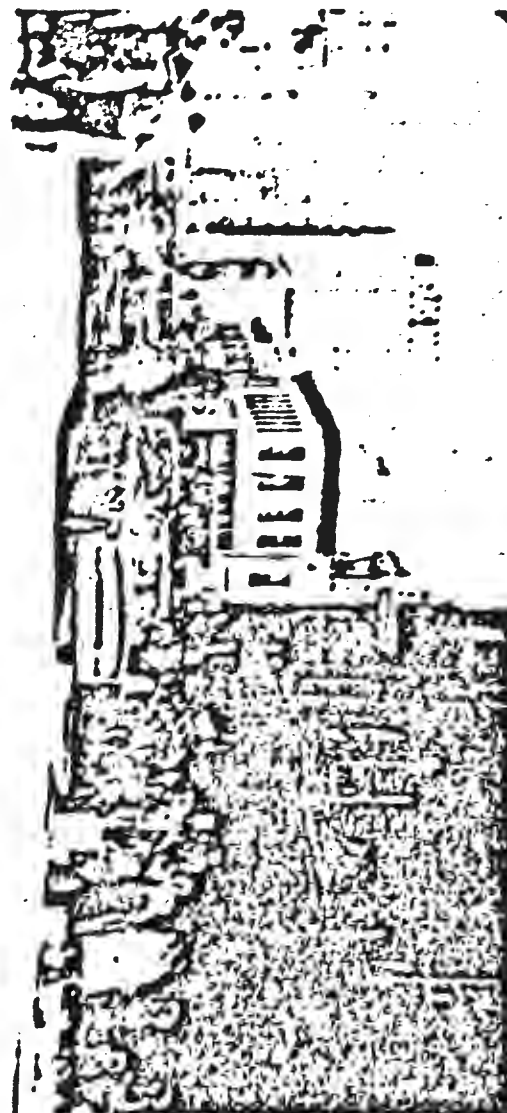
EX-108

6 AUG 20 1964

3647

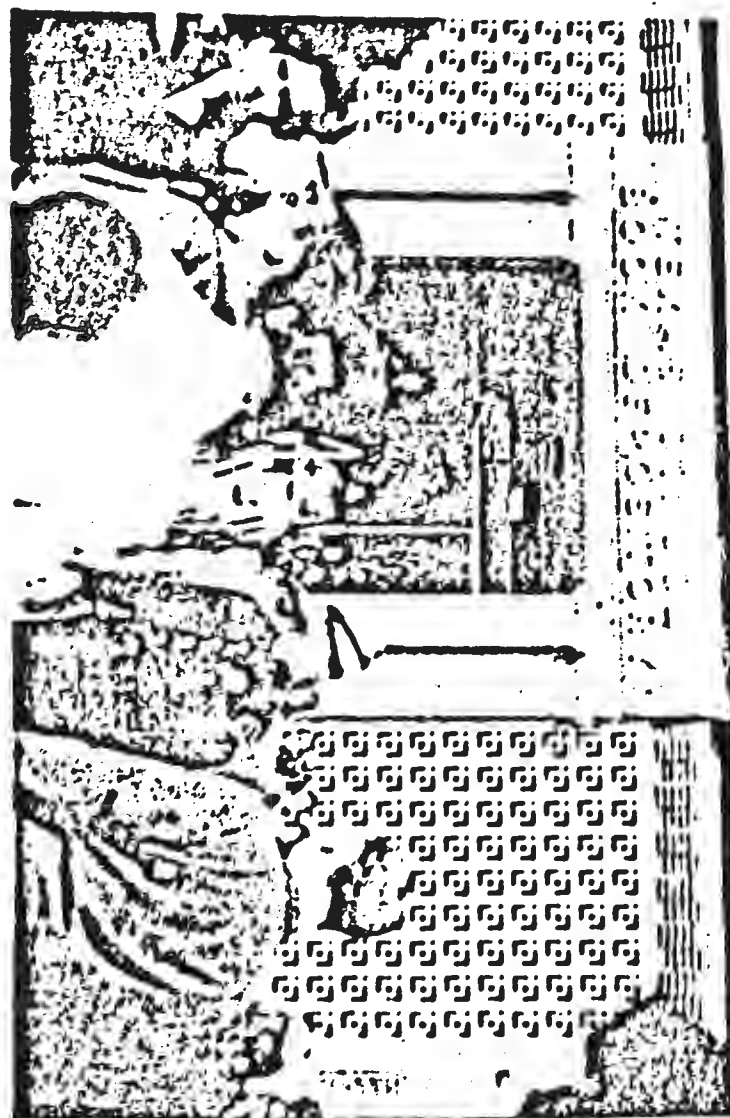
SEVEN

1 1101000 61111: 1101

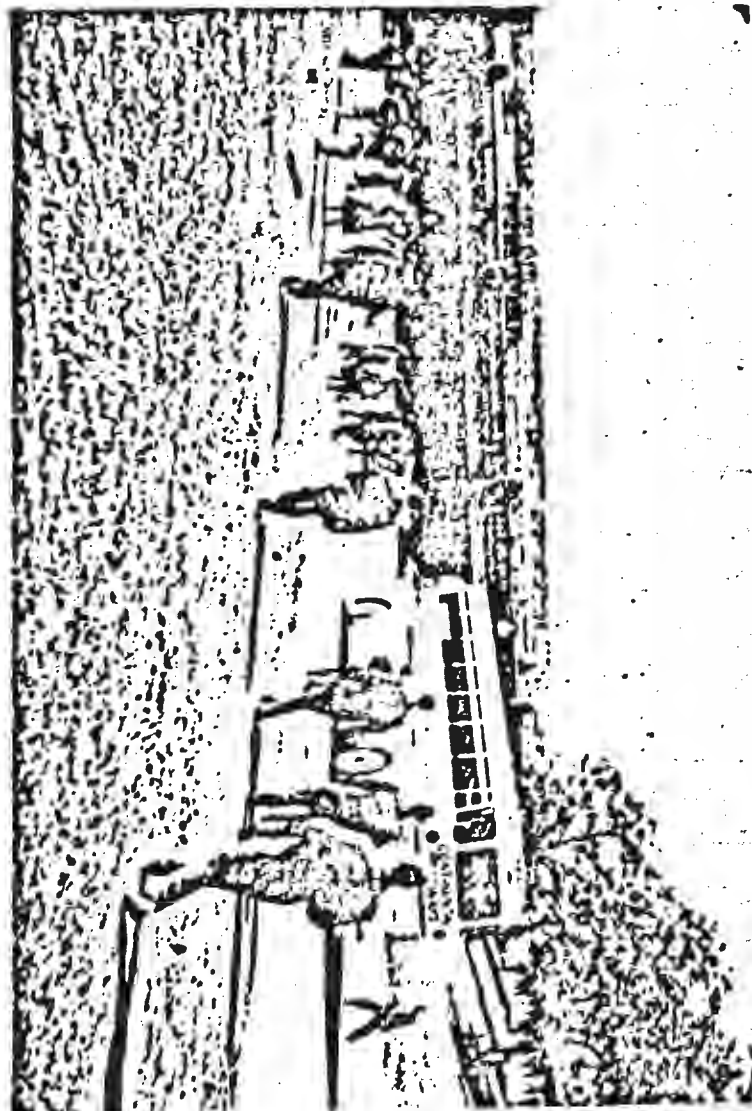




Phil Willis Exhibit 1

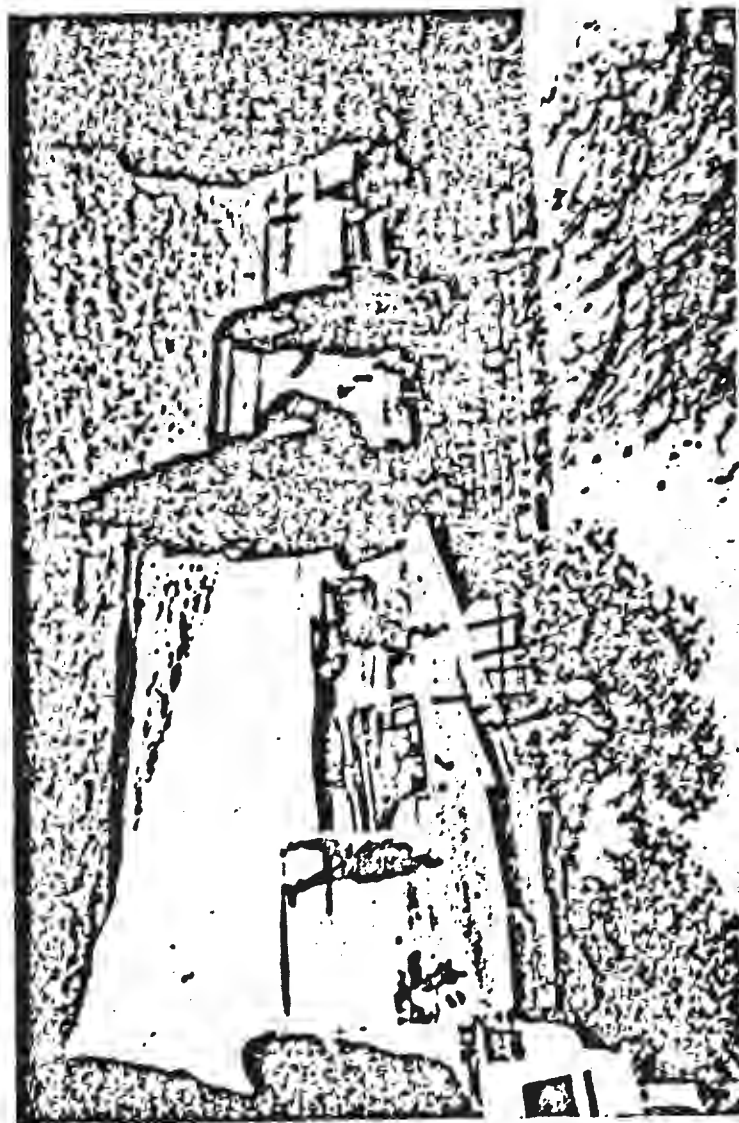


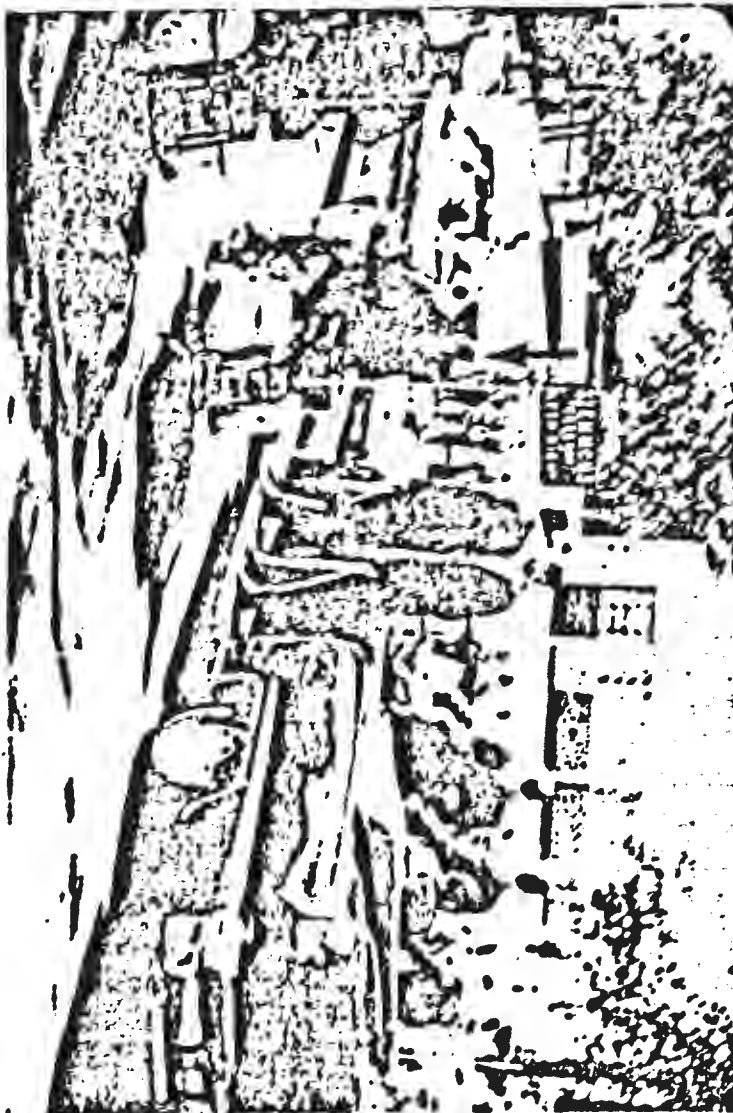
10.1 Mills Exhibit 2



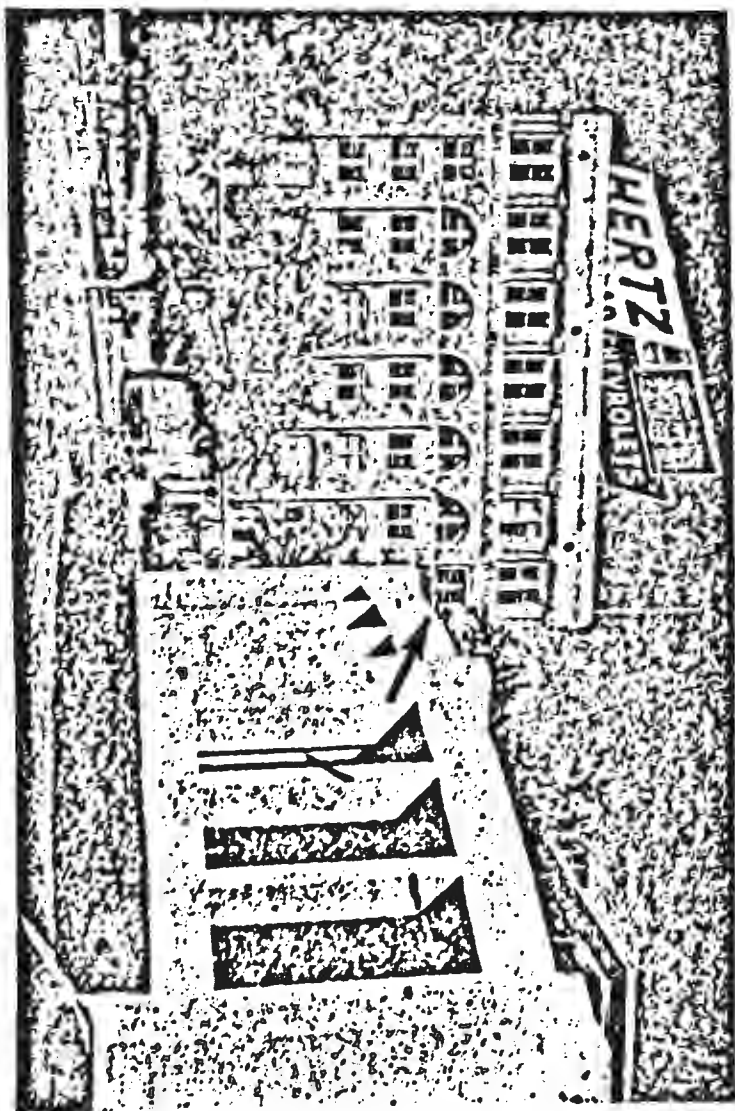
10.1

PHIL MILES EXHIBIT





FBI Exhibit 1

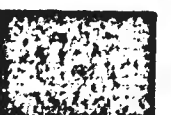
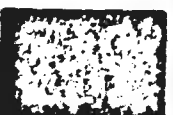
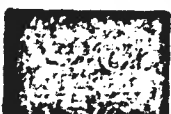


PHIL WILLS Exhibit 1



PHIL WILLIS ENTERPRISES  
P.O. Box 17266  
Dallas, Texas 75217

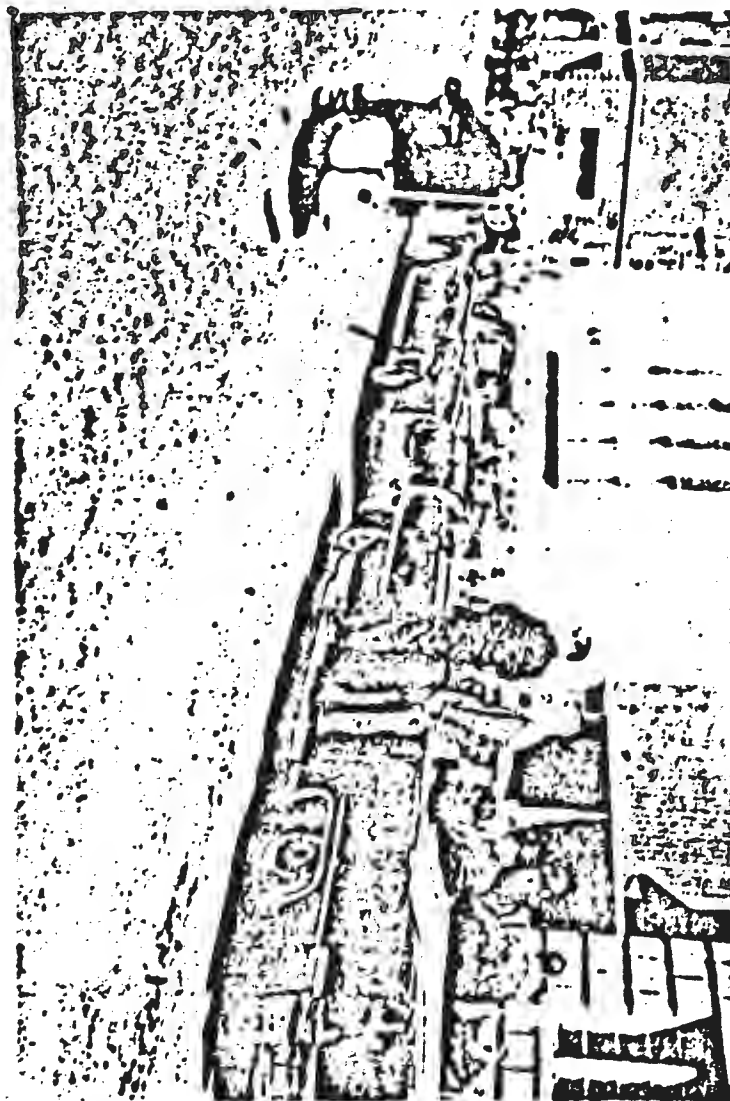
Willis Exhibit 1

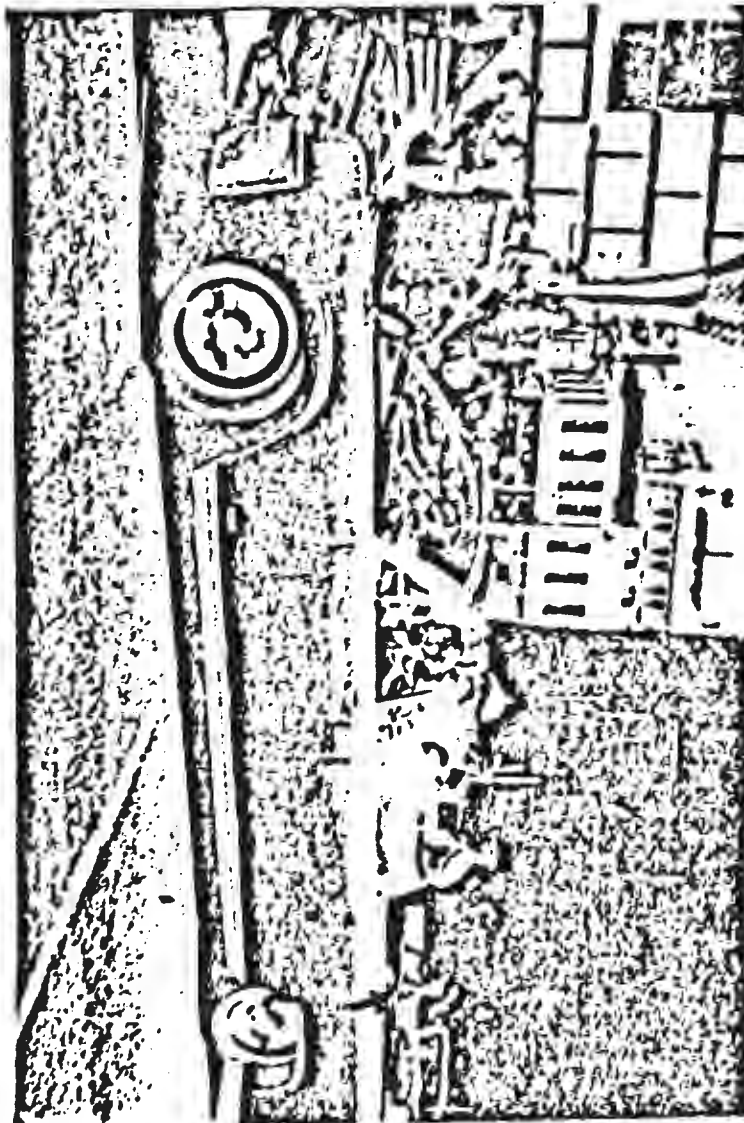




Phil Willis Exhibit 1

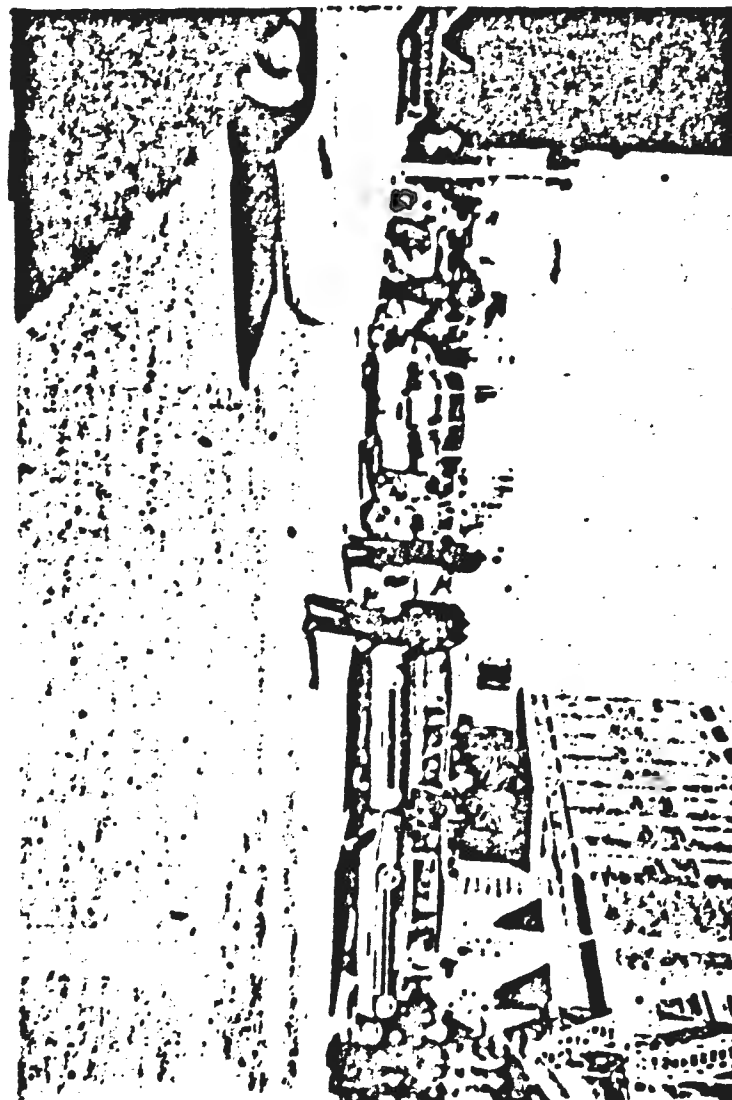
Phil Willis Exhibit 1





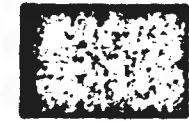
Phil Willis Exhibit 1

PHIL HILLS Exhibit 1

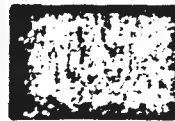




Willie Exhibit 1  
 ASSASSINATION IN DALLAS - NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
 The 25 Seconds of Happiness in the Life of  
 President Kennedy and The Tragedy  
 (Willie Exhibit 1-17-63)



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



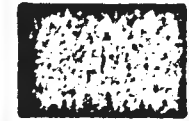
Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



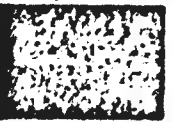
Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1

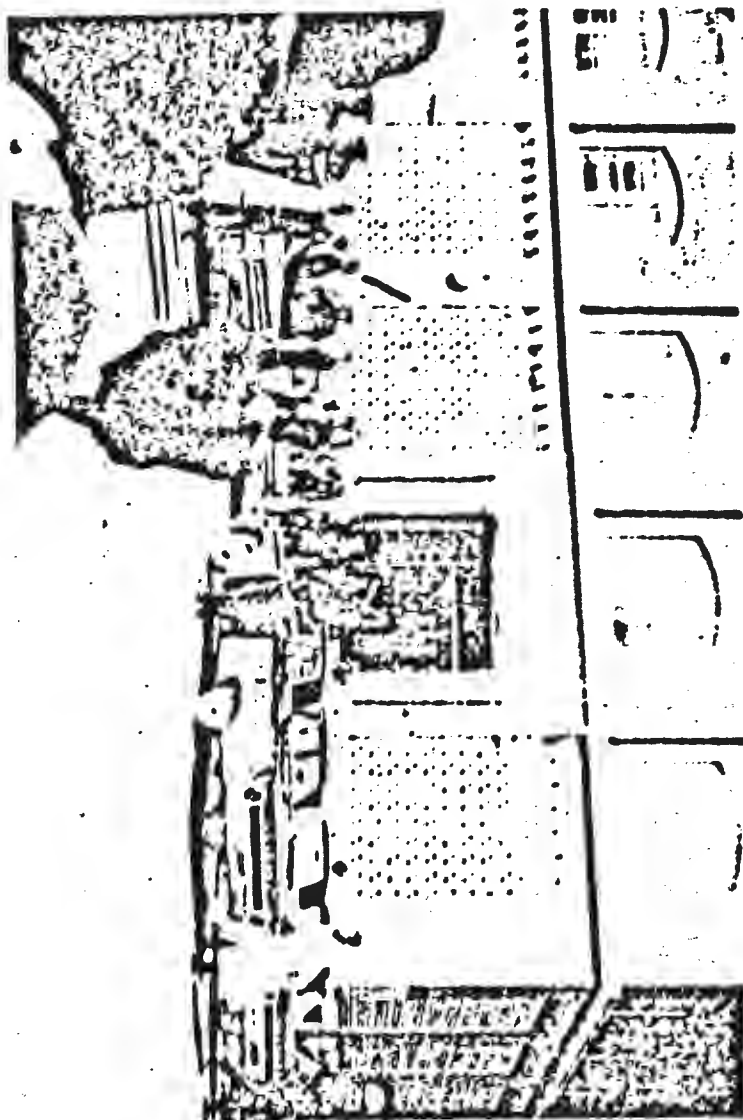


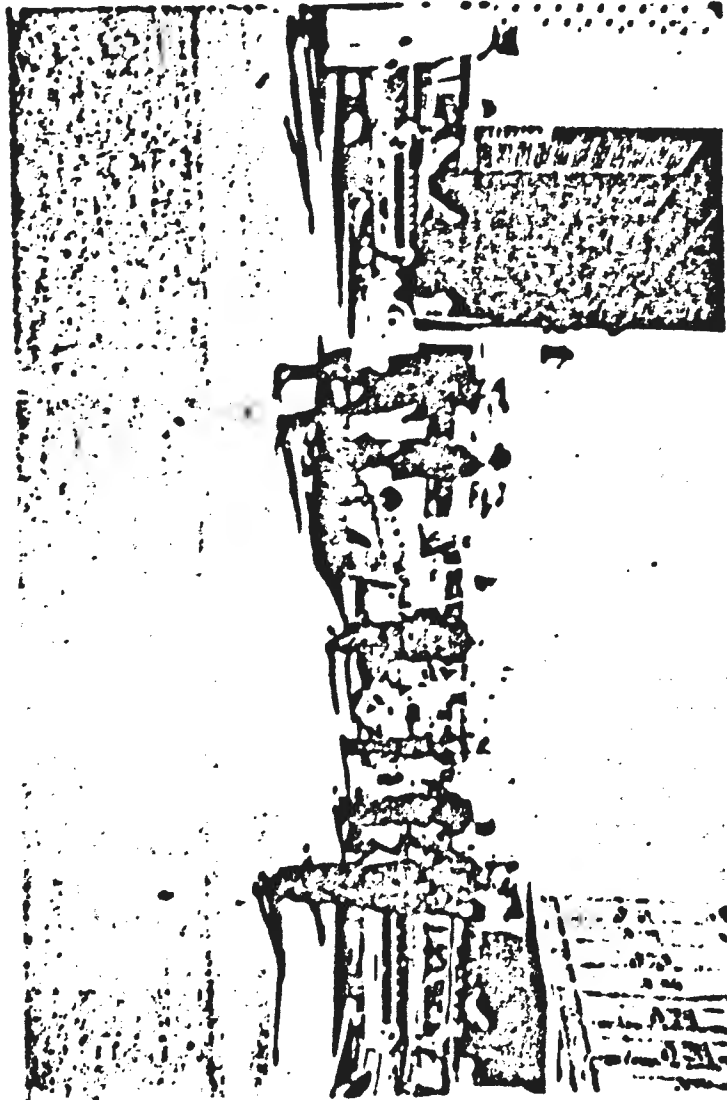
Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1



Copyright 1964  
 Willie Exhibit 1

PHIL WILLS Exhibit 1





1141 2000 1141

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Lenihan 1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Rogge 1 - Mr. Davies  
1 - Mr. Conrad

August 24, 1964

62-109060-3647

REC-31 ~~62-109060-3647~~ By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to a verbal request on August 14, 1964, by Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, to a representative of this Bureau concerning the reproduction of a Commission exhibit. Miss Rowcotsky furnished this exhibit to a Special Agent of this Bureau on the same date as the request.

In accordance with this request, there are enclosed herewith three sets of photographs of Phil Willis Exhibit number 1, along with the original of this exhibit.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

XEROX

AUG 26 1964

BY COURIER SVC.

67 AUG 25

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (4)

1 - Dallas (100-10461) Enclosure

62-109060

DED:emh (10)

NOTE FOR DALLAS:

Enclosed for Dallas is one set of photographs of the above-mentioned Commission exhibit. Phil Willis Exhibit number 1 consists of 12 color transparencies of the Presidential motorcade and other scenes in the area of the assassination.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

67-AUG 31 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

(See Note Page 2)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 24 2 15 PM '64

TO AUG 26 1964

**NOTE:** The request and delivery of the Commission exhibit mentioned above were made by Miss Rowcotsky on 8/14/64 to SA Robert A. Frazier, FBI Laboratory. Phil Willis Exhibit number 1 did not originate from the Bureau and is being returned to the Commission along with the photographs.

DED:emh



THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 3648

PAGE NO. 1-8

NO. OF PAGES 8

SECTION NO.

85

DEPT. OF ARMY

REFERRAL

PT  
CODE

8-20-64

If regular radio contact  
missed, send by urgent  
plain text teletype at  
once.

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, PHILADELPHIA

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBUREAU AIRTEL AUGUST THIRTEEN LAST REQUESTING  
INVESTIGATION OF ALLEGATIONS MADE BY ONE JOHN PARACELSUS.  
BY RETURN TELETYPE, ADVISE DATE AND IDENTITY OF COMMUNICATION  
WHICH FURNISHED BUREAU RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION. IF NOT  
SUBMITTED, THIS MATTER MUST BE SENT TO REACH THE BUREAU ON OR  
BEFORE MONDAY-MORNING, AUGUST TWENTY FOUR, NEXT. DALLAS  
ADVISED BY MAIL.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (4)

NOTE: *lse* Paracelsus sent a letter to Senator Russell (D. Georgia)

which was furnished to the Bureau by Commission letter 8-11-64.  
Paracelsus alleges four prominent individuals possess information  
concerning the Jack Ruby case and bemoans the fact that  
Norman Redlick is on the Commission staff. Commission requested  
we locate and interview Paracelsus. No address for him was  
known. This is being sent inasmuch as Commission has requested  
all outstanding investigation be further expedited.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

COPIES DESTROYED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

44 JAN 10 1973

AUG 20 1964

TELETYPE

9 AUG 24 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC 27

AUG 20 1964

EX-108

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS 11/22/63

DATE:

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Office, Room 713  
8-17-64

Tolson ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
Felt ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

On August 13, 1964, Mr. Norman Rodlich, President's Commission Staff, orally requested of SA Robert A. Frazier additional information concerning Oswald's 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, Commission Number 139.

Mr. Rodlich requested answers to the following questions:

- 1 - What is the meaning of the term "plunger"?
- 2 - Was the firing pin of the rifle replaced?
- 3 - Does the FBI have information concerning the availability of spare parts for rifles such as Commission Number 139?

SA Frazier informed Mr. Rodlich he would furnish the answers to these questions in the near future. Briefly, the answers to these questions are as follows:

- 1 - The term "plunger" is a colloquial term for the firing pin of a weapon
- 2 - There is no indication that the firing pin of Commission Number 139 was recently changed prior to November, 1963
- 3 - The Laboratory has no record of any outlet where spare parts for rifles such as Commission Number 139 can be obtained.

ACTION: A letter is being prepared furnishing the requested information to the Commission.

62-109636

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Ronge Room 5730
- 1 - Mr. Stokes Room 645 D

REC 27

EX 110

18 AUG 21 1964

XEROX  
AUG 21 1964

RAF:nib (11)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Jevons
- 1 - Mr. Frazier
- 1 - Office, Room 7133

August 20, 1964

By Courier Service

REC 27 62-109060-3650

EX 110

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

On August 13, 1964, Mr. Norman Redlich of your staff, orally requested of Special Agent Robert A. Frazier, FBI Laboratory, certain information concerning the assassination rifle, Commission Number 139. Mr. Redlich requested information with regard to the following questions:

- 1 - What is the meaning of the term "plunger"?
- 2 - Was the firing pin of the rifle replaced?
- 3 - Does the FBI have information concerning the availability of spare parts for rifles such as Commission Number 139?

You are advised that the term "plunger" is a colloquial term applied to the firing pin or striker of a firearm.

The assassination rifle has been examined and nothing was found to indicate that the firing pin had been changed.

In this connection it should be noted that the firing pin of this rifle has been used extensively as shown by wear on the nose or striking portion of the firing pin and, further, the presence of rust on the firing pin and its spring may be an indication that the firing pin had not been recently changed prior to November 22, 1963. This rust would have been disturbed had the firing pin been changed subsequent to the formation of the rust. In this regard, the firing pin and spring of this weapon are well oiled and the rust present necessarily must have formed prior to the oiling of these parts.

COURIER SVC  
6 3 AUG 20  
COM. FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

8 4 AUG 25 1964  
RECEIVED DIRECTOR

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

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REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

No oil has been applied to the weapon by the FBI; however, it is not known whether it was oiled by any other person having this rifle in his possession. It was noted during the examination of the firing pin that numerous shots have been fired with the weapon in its present well-oiled condition as shown by the presence of residues on the interior surfaces of the bolt and on the firing pin.

The Laboratory has no record of any outlet where spare parts, including firing pins, can be obtained for rifles such as Commission Number 139. In accordance with Mr. Redlich's telephonic request and in the absence of any indication that the firing pin of the rifle was changed, no investigative survey was conducted to ascertain whether any such outlets exist in the United States.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Reference memo Jevons to Conrad 3-17-64 setting out request of Mr. Redlich.



FBI

Date: 8/17/64

REC-64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

Via \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) (ENC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO:DL)

ReBuairtel 8/13/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four  
copies, for Dallas two copies, for Oklahoma City one copy  
and Richmond one copy of LHM captioned and dated as above.

Mr. ALLAN W. CROMLEY, Washington Representative for  
the "Oklahoma City Times" and the "Daily Oklahoman," was inter-  
viewed at his office in Room 905, National Press Building,  
by SA CARL W. BUCHHOLZ.

In view of the fact Mr. CROMLEY has indicated that  
SETH KANTOR, Scripts-Howard Newspaper Correspondent, has been  
previously interviewed by the FBI, WFO will hold in abeyance  
an interview with Mr. KANTOR. The Bureau and Dallas will  
advise if KANTOR has previously been interviewed in regard  
to this matter and will advise WFO if it is believed necessary  
that KANTOR should be interviewed.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
- 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 2) (AM)
- 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41) (Enc. 1) (Info) (AM)
- 1 - Richmond (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 1 - WFO

CWB:ceb  
(8)

AIRTEL

C. C. Wick

REC-64 62-109060-3651

18 AUG 21 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

44-1016-

6-11

WFO 89-75

For the information of the Bureau and Dallas the "Congressional Directory" on Page 761 reflects Mr. SETH KANTOR as the Washington Representative for the "Houston Press", "El Paso Herald-Post" and "Ft. Worth Press". His home address is listed as 4325 Maple Avenue, Bethesda, Md. This directory indicates that Mr. KANTOR's office is at 1013 13th Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

Information copies of instant airtel and LHM to Oklahoma City and Richmond as investigation may develop in these divisions.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C. 20535

August 17, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

On July 29, 1964, the following Western Union Telegram from Shirley Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma, was addressed to James Lee Rankin, care Warren Commission, Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., Washington, D. C.: "Allan Cromley, Washington Bureau, Daily Oklahoma, can testify to Ruby's presence Parkland Hospital."

By letter dated August 11, 1964, J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) a copy of the telegram received from Shirley Martin and requested the conducting of appropriate investigation to determine whether or not Mr. Allan Cromley has any information of value to the Commission.

On August 17, 1964, Mr. Allan W. Cromley, Washington Representative for the "Oklahoma City Times" and the "Daily Oklahoman," was interviewed in his office, Room 905, National Press Building, Washington, D. C., by a Special Agent of the FBI.

Mr. Cromley recalled on November 22, 1963, he was in Dallas, Texas, covering the trip of President Kennedy as a newspaper reporter. He stated at the time word was received that President Kennedy had been shot he was at the auditorium expecting momentarily the arrival of President Kennedy where he was to make a speech.

Mr. Cromley stated that he and a number of reporters left the auditorium and proceeded immediately to the Parkland Memorial Hospital. Later at the hospital he and other reporters received the word of President Kennedy's death.

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 10 1973

62-104400-3651

ENCLOSURE

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY**

Mr. Cromley stated that he did not know Jack L. Ruby, at the time of President Kennedy's death, had not previously known of or had seen Ruby and would not have known him if he had seen him at the Parkland Hospital.

As an explanation as to Shirley Martin having information that Mr. Cromley could testify as to Ruby's presence at the Parkland Hospital, Mr. Cromley recalled a series of articles appearing in the "Oklahoma City Times" captioned, "The Plot to Kill a President." Mr. Cromley stated that this series of articles was prepared by Jim Standard and Staff Writers. The information for this series was furnished by a number of newspaper correspondents. Chapter Seven of this series which appeared in the "Oklahoma City Times" on Saturday, December 21, 1963, mentions that Jack L. Ruby was at the Parkland Memorial Hospital. Mr. Cromley recalled that information had been received from Mr. Seth Kantor, a Scripts-Howard Newspaper Correspondent, presently covering the White House in Washington, D. C., that he, Mr. Kantor, had personally observed Ruby at the Parkland Hospital on November 22, 1963. Mr. Cromley stated that Mr. Kantor was formerly a reporter for the "Dallas Times Herald" from approximately 1960 to 1962 and had personal knowledge of Jack Ruby prior to the assassination of the President. TEAD

Mr. Cromley feels that Shirley Martin knew that Cromley had been in Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, and possibly read the series of articles in the "Oklahoma City Times" describing Ruby's presence at the hospital. He feels that Shirley Martin made the statement regarding Cromley's knowledge of Ruby's presence at the hospital due to these facts.

REC-64 62-109060-3651

August 20, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 11, 1964, requesting we interview Mr. Allan W. Cromley concerning an allegation made by Mrs. Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Washington, D. C., Office dated August 17, 1964, containing the results of Mr. Cromley's interview.

With regard to Mr. Soth Kantor referred to in the enclosed communication, your attention is directed to the results of our investigation of Mr. Kantor's allegation which have been previously furnished to you and can be located in the following Dallas reports of Special Agent Manning C. Clements, captioned "Jack L. Ruby, aka., Lee Harvey Oswald, aka. - Victim (deceased), Civil Rights":

Report dated December 11, 1963,  
Pages 431 to 438

Report dated December 21, 1963,  
Page 323

Report dated January 17, 1964,  
Pages 163 to 167

Report dated January 31, 1964,  
Pages 145 to 147

- 1 - Dallas (89-43) Enc.
- 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41) Enc.
- 1 - Richmond (89-34) Enc.
- 1 - WFO (89-75) Enc.
- 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby, President's Commission)

RDR:las (15) SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR SACS, DALLAS, OKLAHOMA CITY, RICHMOND AND WFO

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

BY COURIER SVC.  
63 AUG 20  
COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

79 AUG 25 1964

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FBI

AUG 20 2 21 PM '64

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Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Report dated February 18, 1964,  
Pages 49 to 53

Report dated June 26, 1964,  
Pages 225 to 227.

In addition to the above information concerning Mr. Kantor appears in the Dallas report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated December 10, 1963, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald, aka., IS - R - Cuba," from Pages 33 to 37.

No further action is being taken in this matter.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

**Enclosures (2)**

NOTE FOR SACS, DALLAS, OKLAHOMA CITY, RICHMOND AND WFO:  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtel 8-13-64 and WFOairtel and enclosed  
LHM dated 8-17-64.

Enclosed for receiving offices is one copy of  
revised page 2 of re WFO LHM. Handle your copy accordingly.

NOTE: Shirley Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma, advised the Commission by telegram 7-29-64, that Cromley, Washington representative of 2 Oklahoma newspapers could "testify" that Ruby was at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, at the time President Kennedy was receiving emergency treatment. Martin is a prolific letter writing "bright nut" who was the subject of SAC Letter 64-23 (B), dated 4-28-64, based on her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI. This is our 23rd

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE THREE

letter to the President's Commission relating to information initiated by Martin and she is wrong again, as Cromley denies ever knowing Ruby and claims on 11-22-63, he wouldn't have known Ruby even if he saw him at the hospital. Cromley claims this rumor originated with another reporter Seth Kantor. Kantor still persists he saw and spoke with Ruby at the hospital. We have conducted extensive investigation of Kantor's claim and have never been able to substantiate it and in fact, our investigation fairly well establishes that Ruby was at another location in Dallas, making it almost impossible for him to be at the hospital. The Commission has been furnished full details on our investigation of the Kantor allegation in the above reports. No further action appears necessary.

FBI

REC-64

Date: 8/19/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)  
 RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
 Dallas, Texas  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
 (OO: DALLAS)

Re Bureau airtel 8/13/64, and WFO airtel to Bureau, 8/17/64, enclosing letterhead memorandum of same date relating to interview of ALLAN W. CROMLEY pertaining to allegation of SHIRLEY MARTIN, Hominy, Oklahoma, that CROMLEY can testify to RUBY's presence at Parkland Hospital, Dallas, 11/22/64.

It should be noted the original interview of SETH KANTOR is recorded on Pages 431-435 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, dated 12/11/63, in the case captioned, "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka (Deceased) - VICTIM; CR." The reinterview of KANTOR by WFO is recorded on Pages 163-167 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, dated 1/17/64, in the RUBY case. Special indices of the Dallas Office indicate other information relating to KANTOR is also reported in the RUBY case.

For the attention of the Bureau and Washington Field, Bureau airtel of 2/3/64 to Dallas and Washington Field in the case captioned, "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41)
- 1 - Richmond
- 2 - Washington Field (89-75)
- 3 - Dallas (2 - 44-1639)
- (1 - 100-10461)

PEW:saw  
 (10)

REC-64

AUG 21 1964

Approved

E. C. Wick

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

79 AUG 25 1964

RECEIVED COPY FILED IN 44-24416-1

SIX

DL 44-1639

HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM; CR," the Bureau stated it desired no further contact with SETH KANTOR regarding his statement that he saw RUBY at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, 11/22/63.

Washington Field, in the absence of instructions to the contrary by the Bureau, should not reinterview KANTOR regarding the allegation made by SHIRLEY MARTIN. *Right P/R*

Information copies furnished Oklahoma City and Richmond as those offices received referenced Washington Field airtel.

*This matter handled  
by bullet 8-20-64 to  
Principal's Commission  
PDR file*

August 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan  
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 16, 1964, requesting this Bureau to transcribe the Dallas Police Department Radio Station transmissions relating to the assassination of President Kennedy.

This transcription has been completed and encompasses 216 pages. However, due to the badly worn condition of the original tapes, certain portions are being checked for accuracy.

The transcription will be furnished to you in the immediate future.

62-109060  
1 - 62-109090 (Pres. Comm.)  
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)  
KMR:las  
(10) *las*

REC 8

Sincerely yours,  
Edgar Hoover

39 AUG 24 1964

NOTE: The Commission was previously furnished the logs from the Dallas PD as prepared and furnished by them. However, the Commission requested the Bureau to prepare a verbatim transcript of these transmissions. This was a difficult task due to the condition of the badly worn tapes. Comparing the transcript with the original DL PD log noted certain variations which were checked for accuracy. Dallas is furnishing two amended pages. It is anticipated these will arrive over the weekend. The entire transcription will be furnished to the Commission as soon as corrections are received. This is receiving expedite attention.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

1 AUG 26 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM

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62-109060

3653

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

REC'D

E B I

105-82555-  
62-109060

11 AUG 24 1964

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*



FBI

Date: 8/21/64

PLAIN TEXT

Transmit the following in  
AIRTEL

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

(Priority)

TO: JFM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to New York 8/10/64.

On 8/12/64, Dr. [REDACTED] Supervising  
Psychiatrist of Building C & D, Kings Park State Hospital,  
Kings Park, Long Island, advised that he reads all patients'  
outgoing mail. He stated however, that it was very easy  
for a patient to slip a letter out of the hospital with-  
out his seeing it. NY

Dr. [REDACTED] requested that he be given copies  
of the letters in question so that he might examine the  
handwriting which possibly might be familiar to him.

This was done and on August 20, 1964, Dr.  
[REDACTED] advised he was unable to identify the hand-  
writing. He also stated that none of the names listed  
in the anonymous letters were present or ever had been  
patients at this hospital.

- (3) - Bureau (62-109060)  
2 - Dallas (89-43)  
1 - New York (89-75)

EWO:hjb/mf 20 11 64  
(7)

airtel to NY  
KMH:law 62-109060  
8-24-64

REC-15

17 AUG 22 1964

Approved:

Sent

M

Per

Special Agent in Charge

1cc airtel retained airtel 8/21/64

3654

NY 89-75

Dr. [REDACTED] also advised that there are 657 mental patients in Building C and D, and the majority of them could not be interviewed because of their mental conditions.

The Bureau is requested to advise the New York Office what type communications it desires to be furnished to Dallas and the Bureau in view of the negative results of this investigation.

No leads are being set out to contact the individuals mentioned in the anonymous letters, UACB.

8-24-64

1 - Mr. Raupach

Airtel

101-15

To: SAC, New York (89-75)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3654

REC-15  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to New York 8-10-64, and NYairtel to  
Bureau 8-21-64.

New York is instructed to attempt to locate and  
interview E. R. Keiber, 5320 Avenue L, Brooklyn, New York;  
F. W. Bolesta, 1713 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York and  
Frank Kowalski, 6209 39th Avenue, Woodside, Long Island, to  
identify the writer of the anonymous communications furnished  
to you.

Your airtel 8-21-64, indicated Dr. [redacted] advised  
none of the individuals listed in the anonymous communications  
were presently patients or ever had been patients at the  
Kings Park State Hospital, Kings Park, Long Island. However,  
it was not indicated whether any of the individuals listed were  
employees. Therefore, to logically conclude this matter, you  
are instructed to make appropriate inquiries of the personnel  
office to determine if any of the individuals listed are employees  
and if any are, they should be interviewed in an attempt to  
identify the anonymous writer.

You are also instructed to prepare a LHM incorporating  
the anonymous letters, the results of the Laboratory examination  
and the results of your investigation and furnish this memorandum  
to the Bureau. No inserts will be necessary for Dallas in this  
matter as dissemination to the President's Commission will be  
handled by the Bureau.

MAILED 22  
AUG 21 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

1 - Dallas (89-43) 112116

KMR:las (5)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

9 AUG 26 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

**Airtel to SAC, New York**  
**RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

The Bureau has received information that the President's Commission will be concluding their investigation in the immediate future and this matter should be handled expeditiously.

**NOTE:** Bureau received 2 anonymous letters one of which was furnished by Walter Winchell containing a list of some 25 individuals who reside in various parts of the United States and who may be employees or patients at Kings Park State Hospital, Long Island, New York. It is alleged these people have knowledge of the assassination and one of the letters claimed that Oswald was not the only one involved in the assassination. Several of the names in the anonymous communications were repetitious and the writer claimed individuals named are ex members of the United States Coast Guard who served in World War II. Kings Park State Hospital is a mental institution and it is possible the writer is a former member of the United States Coast Guard. A check was made with officials of Kings Park State Hospital. However, the names were not identified as patients.

The Laboratory concluded that both letters were written by the same person. To logically conclude this matter, New York is being instructed to conduct additional investigation restricted to the New York area only in an attempt to identify the writer.

FBI

Date: 8/19/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas and Kansas City,  
8/17/64, copy Oklahoma City, regarding allegation by  
Mrs. MARK E. MARTIN, aka Shirley Martin, Hominy,  
Oklahoma, that a friend of hers in Dallas, an eyewitness  
to assassination, informed Mrs. MARTIN she had been  
threatened by Dallas Police Department and FBI with  
economic reprisal if she held further conversations  
with MARK LANE.

Review of Dallas files indicates person  
referred to by Mrs. MARTIN is undoubtedly Mrs. JEAN  
LOLLIS HILL.

Interviews with JEAN LOLLIS HILL appear on  
page 35 of report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, Dallas,  
dated 11/30/63, in captioned matter and pages 43-45 of  
report of SA GEMBERLING dated 4/15/64, under caption  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA.

Dallas airtel to Bureau, 3/18/64, under  
OSWALD caption furnished letterhead memorandum to Bureau  
containing information regarding JEAN LOLLIS HILL being  
contacted by MARK LANE.

3 - Bureau  
1 - Kansas City (105-1736)  
1 - Oklahoma City (89-41)  
2 - Dallas  
PEW:saw  
(7)

14 AUG 21 1964

C. C. Wick  
Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 26 1964



DL 89-43

Dallas airtel to Bureau, 4/24/64, under assassination caption furnished letterhead memorandum regarding JEAN LOLLIS HILL being contacted telephonically by unidentified woman in Oklahoma, who questioned her regarding assassination and mentioned MARK LANE. Unidentified person commented she was only being friendly with Mrs. HILL, because Mrs. HILL might later need a friend. Bureau's attention was called to the fact this unidentified woman might be identical with Mrs. SHIRLEY MARTIN.

By letter 4/29/64, Bureau furnished President's Commission the letterhead memorandum of Dallas dated 4/24/64, and referred to other interviews with Mrs. JEAN LOLLIS HILL.

Further attention of the Bureau is directed to letterhead memorandum of New York dated 8/4/64, under caption MARK LANE, SM - C. On page 8, last paragraph of above New York letterhead memorandum, LANE states, "Mrs. HILL later stated she had been threatened by FBI and the Dallas Police Department and will no longer talk to LANE."

UACB, Dallas does not contemplate interview Mrs. JEAN LOLLIS HILL with respect to allegation of Mrs. MARTIN that a friend of hers was threatened by Dallas Police Department and FBI with economic reprisal if she held further conversations with MARK LANE, and no letterhead memorandum being submitted.

## Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/7/64

FROM : SAC, CLEVELAND (62-1848) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS-INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, dated 7/28/64.

Enclosed herewith are 25 copies of an investigative insert for the Dallas Office and one copy of the same investigative insert for the Bureau, reflecting interview with EDWARD H. TWEDDELL, 495 Larkin Avenue, Akron, Ohio, who was specifically interviewed concerning his statement that more than one person was involved in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

TWEDDELL, a white, male, 67 years of age, 5'10", 190 pounds, stocky build, white hair, brown eyes, ruddy complexion, currently employed as a solicitor by an Akron home improvement company, is the stepgrandfather of SA [REDACTED] currently assigned to the Houston Office. TWEDDELL stated he married SA [REDACTED] grandmother in 1958. Due to "family problems", which he did not discuss, he is no longer a close associate of SA [REDACTED] parents. He spoke highly of Director J. EDGAR HOOVER and the FBI. In his own words, he said he is not "a radical or a nut", but a loyal American who has communicated with every President from FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT to President LYNDON B. JOHNSON.

He said that it is his custom to communicate with public officials on many current problems which he deems of public interest. He then went into a detailed discussion of his theory of the assassination of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY, his statements paralleling the communication he had directed to Director J. EDGAR HOOVER on July 15, 1964.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 1)  
2 - Dallas (Enc. 25) (89-43)  
1 - Cleveland  
DLK:clb  
(6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-31

NOT RECORDED

4 AUG 20 1964

3656  
CONSOLIDATION  
PERS. REC. UNIT

68 AUG 28 1964

CV 62-1843

SA BRUCE L. KREIGHBAUM, who interviewed TWEDDELL on August 5, 1964, did not endeavor to answer any questions raised by TWEDDELL, who was advised that this matter has received intensive investigation by the FBI and that the results are furnished to the President's Commission inquiring into the facts of the assassination.

TWEDDELL informed that he has resided at 495 Larkin Avenue since 1929. His first wife died in 1956, and he remarried in 1958. He retired from the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company in 1962 after 44 years service.

A review of the Cleveland indices reflected reference to EDWARD H. TWEDDELL, 495 Larkin Avenue, Akron, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] No other referenced identifiable with TWEDDELL were located.

62-1848

BLK:clb

(1)

AT AKRON, OHIO

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA BRUCE L. KREIGHBAUM at Akron, Ohio on August 5, 1964:

EDWARD H. TWEDDELL, 495 Larkin Avenue, a retired employee of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, having worked for that company for 44 years, advised that he had communicated with Director J. EDGAR HOOVER of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C., on July 15, 1964, and had indicated in his communication that he believed that more than one person was involved in the Assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY on November 22, 1963 at Dallas, Texas.

Mr. TWEDDELL stated that his belief was based solely upon personal viewing of television and upon reading he had done in periodicals and newspapers. He said that he definitely had no personal knowledge of anyone being involved in the assassination, but was convinced that the KENNEDY Assassination was the result of "plans made by the Republican Party and the Southern Democratic Party". He was unable to furnish any specific facts, other than this was his theory.

62-109131-3656  
ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: August 12, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT...  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

1 - J. P. Mohr  
1 - N. P. Callahan  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroden  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

## PURPOSE:

To advise you that Edward H. Tweddell, the stepgrandfather of SA(A) [REDACTED], of our Houston Office, was interviewed by our Cleveland Office in the assassination investigation after receipt of a provocative letter from Tweddell. Cleveland files disclose that an individual possibly identical with Tweddell was [REDACTED]

## BACKGROUND:

Edward H. Tweddell, 495 Larkin Avenue, Akron, Ohio, wrote a provocative letter to the Director dated 7/15/64. In his letter, Tweddell requested answers to several questions which could be construed as critical of the FBI's investigation of the assassination. He also made a statement he knew that more than one person was involved in the assassination of President Kennedy.

No information identifiable with Tweddell can be located in Bureau files.

Cleveland was instructed to promptly interview Tweddell concerning his allegation and furnish the results to the Bureau and Dallas for subsequent reporting and dissemination to the President's Commission.

## DETAILS:

Cleveland, by cover letter 8/7/64, furnished the Bureau and Dallas the results of its interview with Tweddell which disclosed his allegation was based solely on his interpretation of television and press reports of the assassination and that he had no actual knowledge about the assassination.

62-109060  
1 - 67-415319 (SA(A) [REDACTED])

RDR/cb  
(12)

14 AUG 25 1964

Continued over

64 AUG 27 1964

SIX



Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Cleveland also advised that Tweddell is 67 years of age, and is currently employed as a solicitor by an Akron home improvement company, and was retired after 44-years service with the Good Year Tire and Rubber Company. It was also indicated Tweddell is the stepgrandfather of SA(A) [REDACTED] of our Houston Office, (EOD 1/27/47 as a clerk and EOD 7/16/62 as SA(A)). Tweddell stated he married SA [REDACTED] grandmother in 1958, but due to "family problems" which he did not discuss, he is no longer a close associate of SA [REDACTED] parents. Tweddell, at this time, spoke highly of the Director and the FBI and stated he is a loyal American who has written to every President since Franklin D. Roosevelt, as well as other public officials on problems which he deems of public interest.

Cleveland files indicate that Edward H. Tweddell, 495 Larkin Avenue, Akron, Ohio, was [REDACTED]. No other references identifiable with Tweddell could be located.

ACTION:

The results of Tweddell's interview pertaining to the assassination will be made available to the President's Commission in line with other such matters which have been investigated. No reference is made to Tweddell's relationship to SA [REDACTED] or other information contained in the Cleveland files.

This is submitted for your information.

*[Handwritten notes: "KIS" and "HIS" with arrows pointing to the text above]*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : MR. TROTTER *bl*

DATE: 8-21-64

FROM : A. K. BOWLES *AKB*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS -- INFORMATION CONCERNING  
BUFILE 62-109060

*AKB*

Tolson	✓
DeLoach	✓
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
Felt	
Gale	✓
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

*X* This afternoon a telephone call was received from John Ulrich, Reference Section, Library of Congress. Ulrich said the President's Commission had telephonically asked the Library of Congress six questions, among which was the "title of the best book on fingerprinting."

I told Ulrich the best book on fingerprinting is the FBI's book entitled "The Science of Fingerprints." *L*

## ACTION:

For information.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Conrad

*AKB*  
REC-31 *4-10* *3658*

3 AUG 24 1964

AKB:jf  
(7) *29*

XEROX

AUG 25 1964

AUG 27 1964

*SLX*

United States Department of Justice

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
DALLAS 1, TEXAS

75221

June 9, 1964

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
President's Commission on the  
Assassination of President Kennedy  
200 Maryland Avenue N.E.  
Washington, D. C. 20002

Dear Mr. Rankin:

I am enclosing a photograph made by Tom Dillard of the  
Dallas Morning News.

It is a shot of the curb which was taken shortly after  
the assassination on November 22, 1963.

When I talked with Mr. Dillard yesterday he indicated  
that he didn't know whether or not the photograph was material.  
He did say, however, that he examined the curb when the photo  
was taken and that it looked like a piece of lead had struck it.

Sincerely yours

Barefoot Sanders  
United States Attorney

*Martha Joe Stroud*  
Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant  
United States Attorney

Enclosure

c.c. Mr. Howard Willens

62-107060-3659  
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

July 17, 1964  
Dallas, Texas

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 7, 1964, the President's Commission requested additional investigation concerning an alleged mark on the curb in the vicinity of the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), Dallas, Texas, which had been photographed by James Underwood, a Newsman with KRLD-TV, Dallas, Texas. In connection with this request, the President's Commission letter made available a photograph of the curb made by Tom Dillard of "The Dallas Morning News" which had been forwarded to the President's Commission by Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant United States Attorney, Dallas, Texas.

On July 15, 1964, James Underwood, residence, 9751 Parkford Drive, Dallas, Texas, a Newsman for KRLD-TV, Dallas, was shown two photographs. One of these photographs is of a mark on the curb on the south side of Main Street near the triple underpass and shows a hand shielding the light from this mark. The second photograph was taken looking across Main Street and up Elm Street toward the TSBD. Mr. Underwood identified these photographs as frames taken from a 16 mm movie film, which film was taken by him on the morning of November 23, 1963. Mr. Underwood advised he had been told by a Deputy Sheriff, whose name he could not recall, that there was a mark on the curb on the south side of Main Street near the underpass, which was possibly made by a ricocheting bullet. The photograph of the hand shielding the mark on the curb was made by Underwood squatting down in the gutter to get a close-up view of the mark, and the picture of the TSBD was taken by placing the handle attached to the underneath side of Underwood's movie camera on the curb near the mark and pointing the camera back toward the TSBD, in order to get a low-level shot.

Mr. Underwood repeated what he had told Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents on June 11, 1964, that he could not be positive the mark was made by a ricocheting bullet, but appeared to him that it could have been, based on knowledge acquired by him while in the military service. He further stated it was definitely a mark on the curb and not a nick in the curb. He repeated that the concrete was not broken and that the mark appeared to have possibly been made recently, but he could not judge how much time had passed since the mark was made when he took the photographs of it.

6-11-64 3659  
ENCLOSURE

**LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

Mr. Underwood stated that prior to taking the photographs he met Tom Dillard, a Photographer for "The Dallas Morning News," near the entrance to the Dallas County Jail, and had told Dillard about the information he had received from the Deputy Sheriff about the mark on the curb. Dillard indicated he would possibly also take a still photograph of this mark.

On July 15, 1964, Tom C. Dillard, residence, 7022 Merrilee Lane, Dallas, Texas, a Photographer for "The Dallas Morning News," advised that on the morning of November 23, 1963, while at the Dallas County Jail entrance, he had received information from James Underwood, a Newsman for KRLD-TV, to the effect there was a mark on the curb on the south side of Main Street near the triple underpass. Underwood had told Dillard that the mark was possibly made by a bullet. Later during the afternoon of November 23, 1963, Dillard, using a Mamiyaflex 120 Camera, took a picture of a mark on the curb on the south side of Main Street about twenty feet east of the triple underpass. Dillard stated he was of the opinion the mark very possibly could have been made by a ricocheting bullet and that it had been recently made.

Mr. Dillard was shown a photograph of a mark on the curb with a hand holding a pencil pointing toward the mark. He identified this photograph as a copy of the one he had taken on the afternoon of November 23, 1963.

Mr. Dillard stated he definitely recalls it was a mark on the curb rather than a nick in the curb and the concrete was not broken or chipped.

On July 15, 1964, two Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, accompanied by Tom C. Dillard, a Photographer for "The Dallas Morning News," and James Underwood, a Newsman for KRLD-TV, went to the area approximately twenty feet east of the triple underpass and on the south side of Main Street. Through the use of the same camera used by Mr. Underwood on November 23, 1963, and by aligning three reference points in a photograph of the TSED taken by Mr. Underwood on November 23, 1963, from this same area, it was ascertained the mark observed and photographed by Mr. Underwood and Mr. Dillard had been at a point on the curb twenty-one feet and eleven and one-half inches east of a point where Main Street passes under the triple underpass. This same point where the mark had been observed by Mr. Underwood and Mr. Dillard was seventy-three feet and five inches west of the first lamp post on the south side of Main Street, which lamp post is the first one located east from the triple underpass on Main Street.



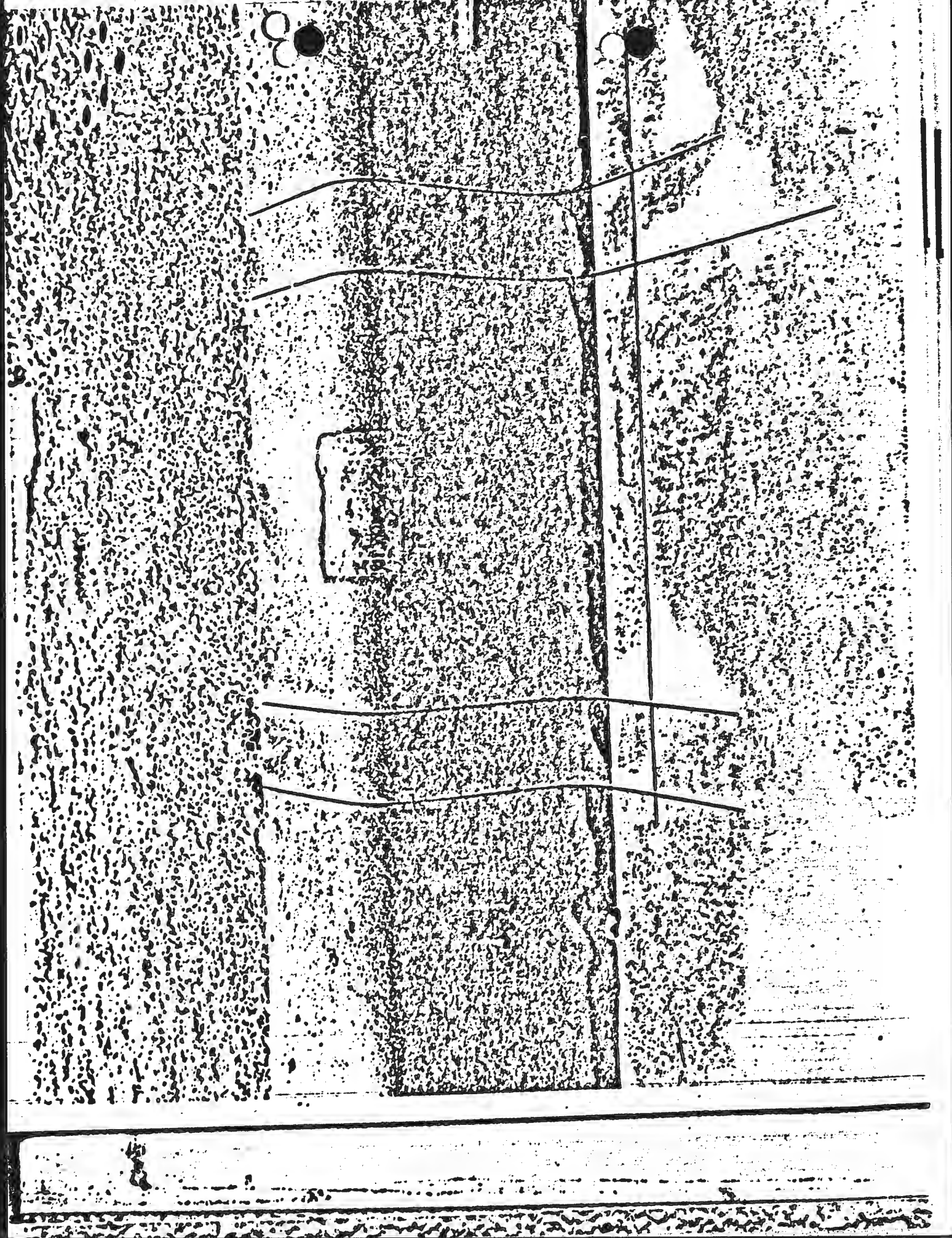
**LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

The area on the curb from this point for a distance of ten feet in either direction was carefully checked and it was ascertained there was no nick in the curb in the checked area, nor was any mark observed.

Reference points in the photograph taken by Mr. Underwood used to locate this point were a lamp post located in the right of the photograph, which appears to be midway between two buildings, a lamp post located on the north side of Elm Street, which is in line with the third row of windows from the southwest corner of the TSED, and which face south, and a traffic sign located on the left side of the photograph, which is to the west of the TSED.

It should be noted that no nick or break in the concrete was observed, in the area checked, nor was there any mark similar to the one in the photographs taken by Underwood and Dillard observed in the area checked either by the Special Agents, by Mr. Underwood, or by Mr. Dillard. It should be noted that, since this mark was observed on November 23, 1963, there have been numerous rains, which could have possibly washed away such a mark and also that the area is cleaned by a street cleaning machine about once a week, which would also wash away any such mark.



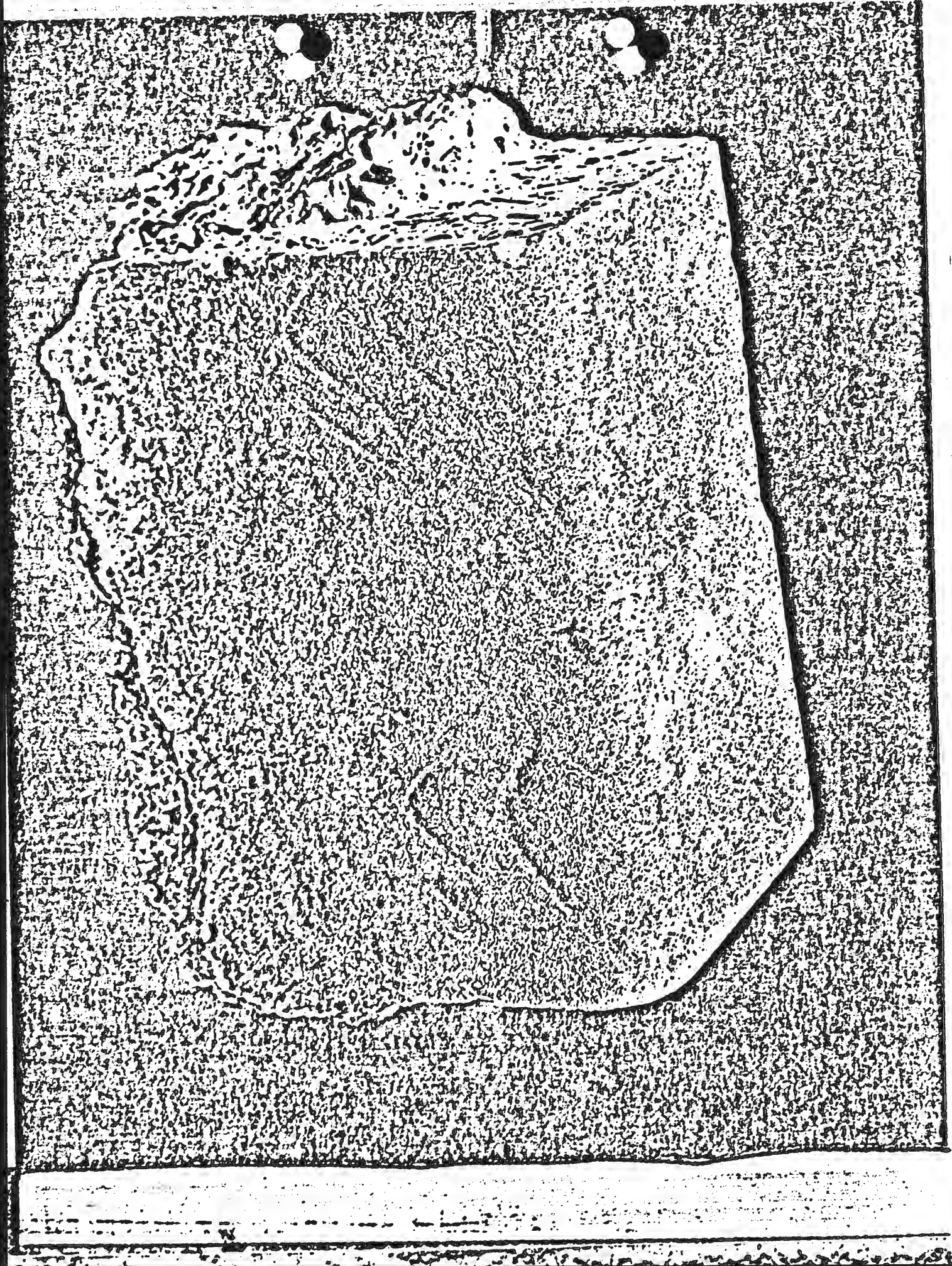


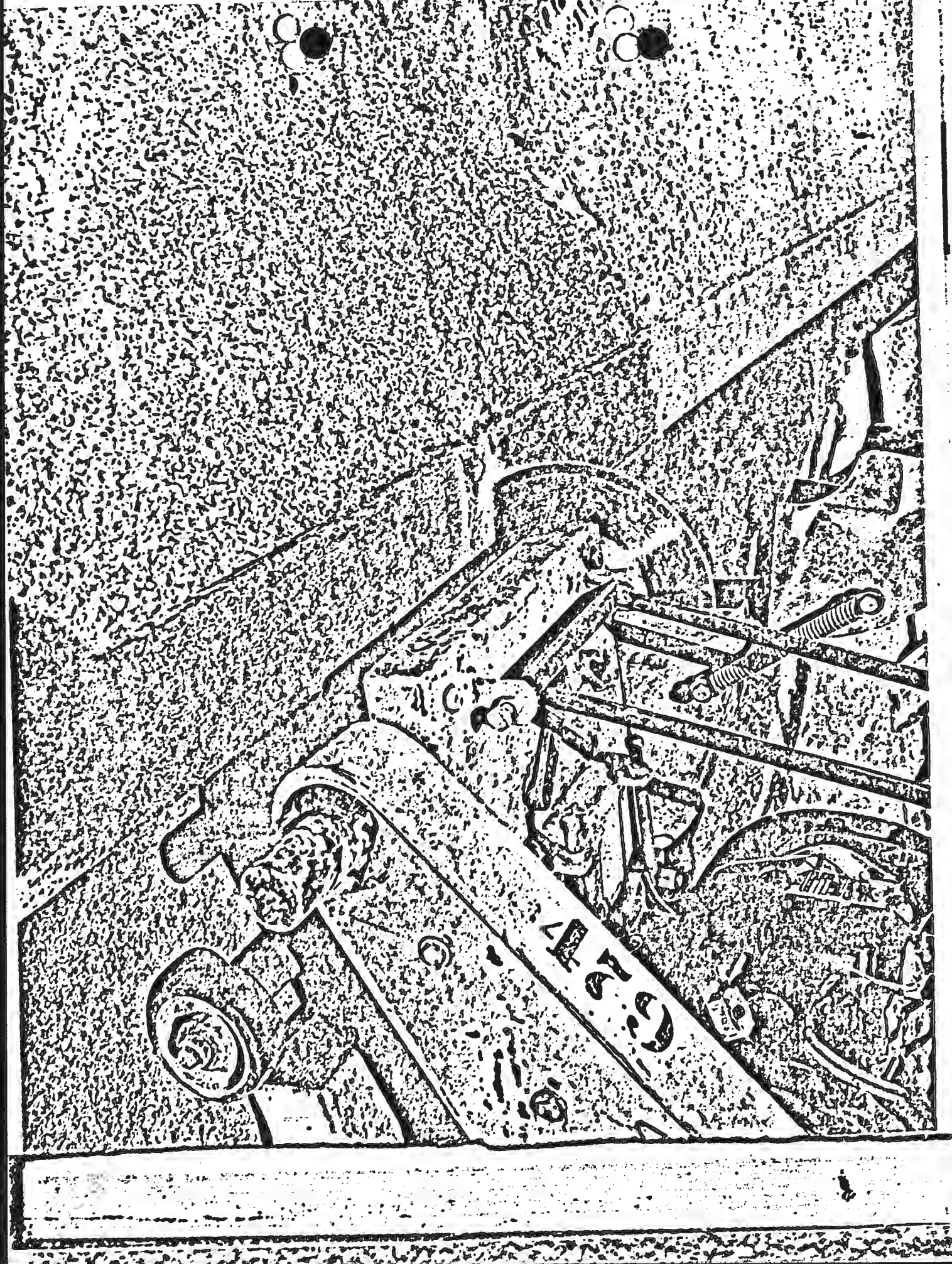




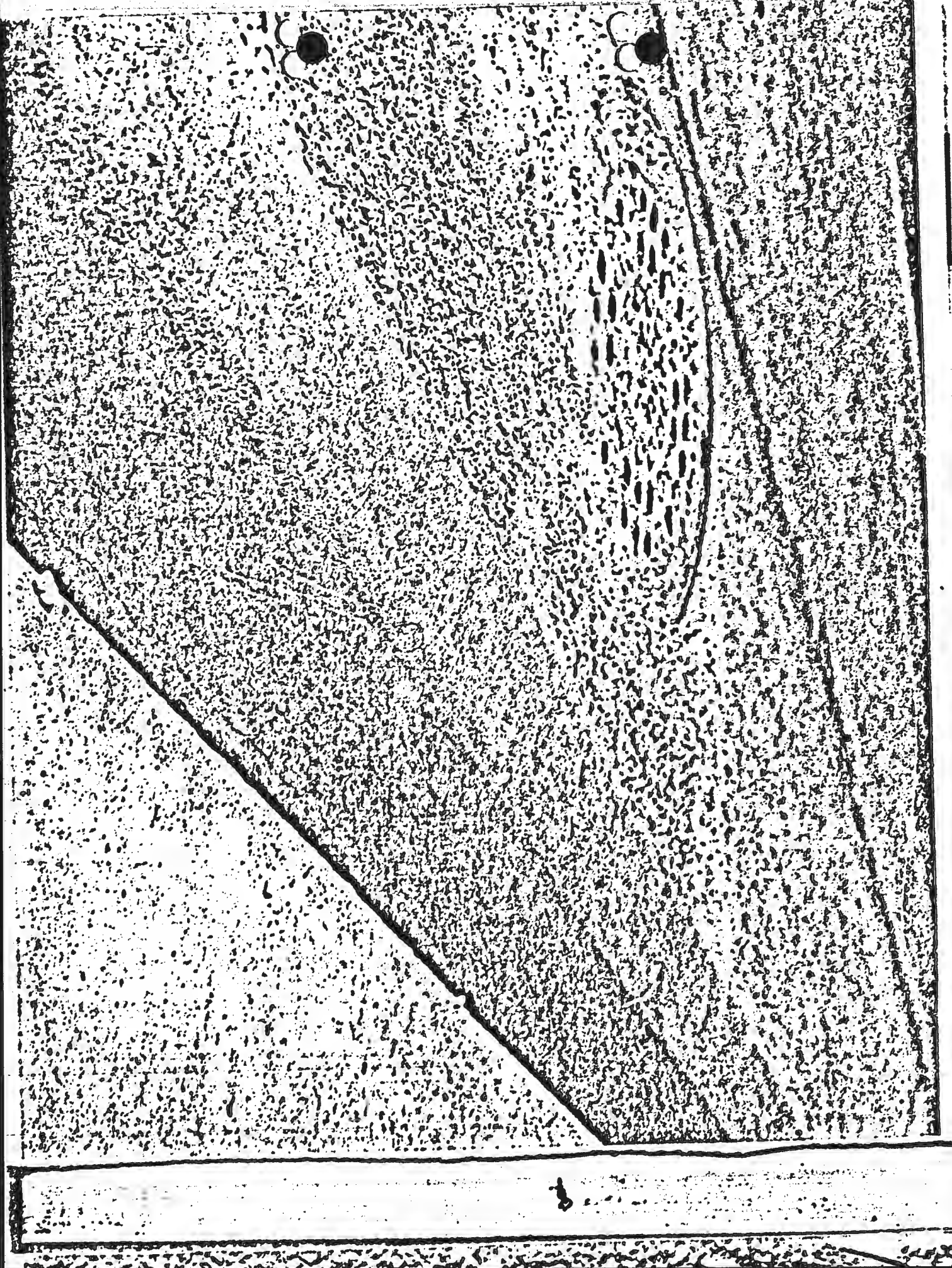


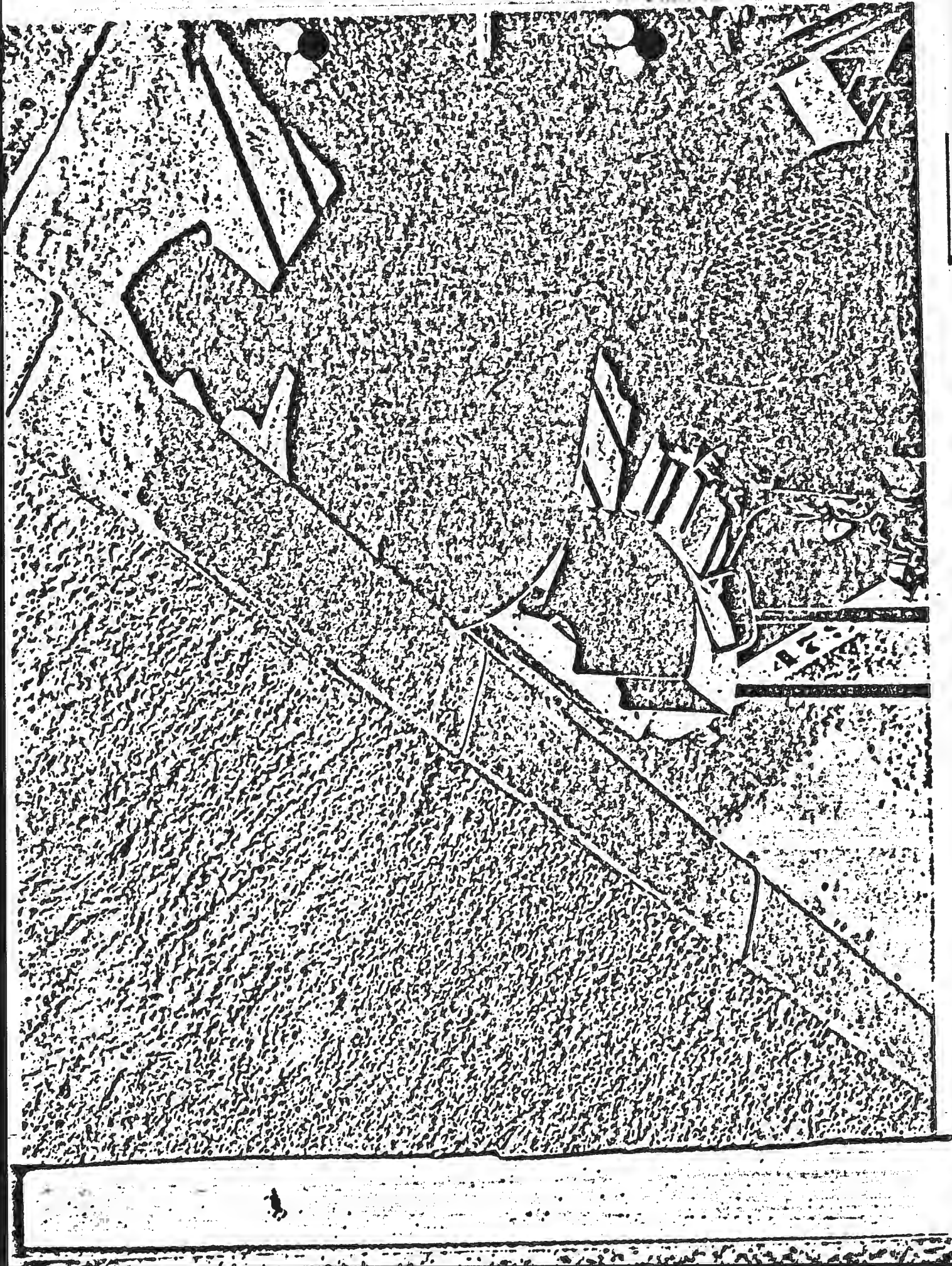














PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

JUL 7 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On June 30, 1964, you forwarded to the Commission two photographs obtained by your Dallas office from James Underwood, a newsman with KRLD-TV in Dallas. Enclosed herewith is a photograph forwarded to the Commission from Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant United States Attorney in Dallas. We are also enclosing a copy of a letter from Miss Stroud indicating the conditions under which this photograph was obtained.

Since the photographs taken by Underwood purport to indicate the exact point on the curb where this niche is located, we request that your Bureau perform the following investigatory steps:

- (1) Using either the model of the assassination scene or a diagram, please trace the path which a missile would have taken if it traveled from the sixth floor southeast corner window to the point on the curb indicated in these photographs, and then advise us of the approximate frame in the Zapruder film which would correspond to the point at which this missile would have passed over the President's car.
- (2) We would like an analysis made of this mark on the curb to determine whether there are any lead deposits there or any other evidence upon which a conclusion can be reached as to whether this mark was caused by the striking of a bullet.

REC-15

2 JUL 8 1964

ENCLOSURE

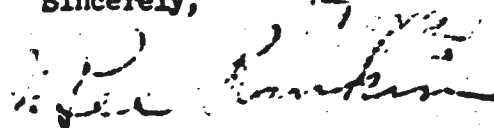
AUG 25 1964

SEVEN  
SIX



- (3) Please determine whether the photograph forwarded to us by Miss Stroud is a photograph of the same curb mark represented in the Underwood photograph. We suggest that Tom Dillard of the Dallas Morning News be shown the spot on the curb from which the Underwood photograph was taken in order to determine whether the two men had photographed the same mark. ✓

Sincerely,



J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

Enclosures (2)

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

July 13, 1964

REC-15  
airtel 42-101160-3659

ST-101

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka  
IS - R - CUBA

The President's Commission has requested further investigation regarding the nick in the curb along the south curb of Main Street as shown in the photographs you submitted with airtel 6/16/64. Copies of the Commission letter and the photographs you submitted are attached for your guidance. There is also attached a copy of a letter to the Commission from Assistant United States Attorney, Martha Joe Stroud, Dallas, Texas, and an accompanying photograph of a nick in the curb taken by Tom Dillard of the Dallas Morning News on 11/22/63.

You should first attempt to locate the nick in the curb and sutel the Bureau whether or not you can locate it. Since the nick area, if located, will be analyzed spectrographically in the Laboratory, you are cautioned not to clean the curb area or otherwise make any alterations that would effect such a Laboratory examination. If the nick is located, you will be furnished detailed instructions regarding photographs to be made before removal of this portion of the curbing as well as instructions for removal after the pictures are made. You should determine through contact with appropriate Dallas officials whether or not there is any objection to the removal of a portion of the curbing. For the spectrographic examination, it will be necessary to have the nick and the curbing approximately four to six inches around it intact. The amount of curbing removed beyond this will be determined by the method of removal that is used in order to retain the pertinent area intact.

To locate the nick in the curb on the south side of Main Street, you should use the photograph made by Mr. Underwood taken from the nick toward the sixth floor window of the Texas School

Enclosures (5)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

LS:kw  
(10)

MAILED 10  
JUL 13 1964  
COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SHANEYFELT 7336  
5/30

42-101160-4619

RECORDED COPY

**Airtel to Dallas  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka  
IS - R - CUBA**

**Book Depository Building (TSBDB). If you move along the south curb of Main Street until all objects in view are aligned as they are in the picture, that point should be within inches of the nick in the curb providing Mr. Underwood actually made the picture from the nick as he stated. The best guide to use initially is the lamp post between the two buildings on the right side of the photograph. After that is aligned, other objects can be checked such as the sign on the left and its relation to the steps and the TSBDB as well as the lamp posts on the north side of Elm Street and their relation to specific areas of the TSBDB. Sutel results of efforts to locate the nick on the curb.**

**The photographers, James Underwood and Tom Dillard, may be of assistance to you in locating the nick in the curb. In this regard, you should interview both photographers and submit letterhead memoranda in compliance with Item 3 of the attached letter from the Commission. For your further information, Item 1 of the Commission's letter is being handled by the Laboratory. Item 2 will be handled by the Laboratory depending upon whether or not the nick in the curb can be located after which you will be furnished further instructions relative to submission of the piece of curbing. The Laboratory will also make a comparison of photographs to be made after the nick is located, with photographs made by Underwood and Dillard as requested in Item 3.**

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenthian)  
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Heilman  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

August 12, 1964

By Courier Service

REC'D - READING ROOM  
FBI  
AUG 12 3 12 PM '64

X8974-4688

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 7, 1964, requesting additional examination of the mark appearing on the curbing on the south side of Main Street near the triple underpass at the assassination site in Dallas, Texas. This mark was located and was found to be 23 feet, 4 inches from the abutment of the triple underpass. The Laboratory comparison of the mark as it now appears with the photographs made by James Underwood, newsman for KRLD-TV in Dallas, and Tom Dillard, a photographer for the Dallas Morning News, establishes they are photographs of this same mark. Four copies of the results of the interviews with Mr. Underwood and Mr. Dillard are attached.

In response to your inquiry, assuming that a bullet shot from the sixth floor window of the Texas School Book Depository Building struck the curb on the south side of Main Street at the location of the mark described above and assuming it passed directly over the President, the bullet would have passed over the President at approximately frame 410 on the Zapruder film. This is 97 frames after the shot that struck the President in the head which is frame 313. At 18.3 frames per second, this represents a lapse of time of 5.3 seconds between frame 313 and frame 410. Based on a direct shot from the sixth floor window to the curb on Main Street, this bullet would have passed over the center of Elm Street at an elevation of about 18 feet from the street level. It is noted that in frame 410 of the Zapruder

Tolson  
DeLoach  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
Felt  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

62-109060

Dallas (100-10461)

LS:emh (13)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

64 AUG 27 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

**Honorable J. Lee Rankin**

film, Mrs. Kennedy has returned to the seat beside the President and Secret Service Agent Hill is about midway from the back bumper to the President crawling across the trunk lid.

The piece of curbing containing the mark was removed on August 5, 1964, and examined in the FBI Laboratory. This curbing has been designated as Item C321 by the Laboratory. Small foreign metal smears were found adhering to the curbing section within the area of the mark. These metal smears were spectrographically determined to be essentially lead with a trace of antimony. No copper was found. The lead could have originated from the lead core of a mutilated metal-jacketed bullet such as the type of bullet loaded into 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridges or from some other source having the same composition.

The absence of copper precludes the possibility that the mark on the curbing section was made by an un mutilated military-type full metal-jacketed bullet such as the bullet from Governor Connally's stretcher, C1, or the bullet or bullets represented by the jacket fragments, C2 and C3, found in the Presidential limousine. Further, the damage to the curbing would have been much more extensive if a rifle bullet had struck the curbing without first having struck some other object. Therefore, this mark could not have been made by the first impact of a high velocity rifle bullet.

It was also determined from a microscopic study that the lead object that struck the curbing causing the mark was moving in a general direction away from the Texas School Book Depository Building. Assuming this mark was made by a fragment of a bullet



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

from the assassin's rifle, the evidence present is insufficient to establish whether it was caused by a fragment of a bullet striking the occupants of the Presidential limousine, such as the bullet that struck the President's head, or whether it is a fragment of a shot that may have missed the Presidential limousine,

This completes the request in your letter dated July 7, 1964. The piece of curbing is available in the FBI Laboratory. A photograph of the mark on the curbing before removal and a photograph of the curbing after removal are attached.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (3)

7:00 P  
NIA  
8

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 20 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI PHILA

6:13 PM EDST URGENT 8-20-64 FJS

TO: DIRECTOR /62-109060/

FROM: PHILA. /157-916/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS

INFO CONCERNING.

RE BU TEL AUGUST TWENTY LAST.

INVESTIGATION TO IDENTIFY JOHN PARACELUS.

CONTINUING. NEGATIVE TO DATE. RESULTS WILL REACH BUREAU BY  
MONDAY NEXT.

END AND ACK

VA SXC

FBI WASH DC

REC-38

62-109060-3660

AUG 24 1964

79 AUG 26 1964

JFK  
62-109060  
SECTION 86  
COPY 2

FBI

Date: 8/19/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas

NSP

mac  
8/25

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six (6) copies of a letterhead memorandum and for Dallas one (1) copy of this letterhead memorandum, pertaining to a \$5 bill furnished the Chicago Division by Mrs. LILLIAN MENZ, 5314 West 24th Street, Cicero, Illinois.

This bill bears on the reverse side the notation, "Will be murdered Nov. 22", and also the names JACKIE KENNEDY and JOHN F. KENNEDY.

This bill is being forwarded to the FBI Laboratory by separate communication.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 6) ENCLOSURE  
1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Chicago

DWS/glp  
(5)

2cc LHM for  
Pres. Comm. Let  
KMR: lsw 8-28-64

1cc LHM for  
Secret Service  
let KMR: lsw  
8-28-64

C. A. Wick

REC-38

62-109060-3661

AUG 21 1964

SI-104

1 cc lsw  
KMR: lsw  
8-28-64Approved: J. P. [Signature]

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per [Signature]

NO PREVIOUS RECORD AS LISTED IN S.F.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
August 19, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
November 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

On August 18, 1964, Mrs. Lillian Menz, 5314 West 24th Street, Cicero, Illinois, furnished to Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a \$5 Federal Reserve Note, Series 1950C, Serial Number G58070975D/P. Mrs. Menz advised that her husband operates a gas station at 5601 West 35th Street, Cicero, Illinois, and that during the past week, date unknown, this \$5 bill was received in the normal course of his business. Mrs. Menz advised that her husband was unable to recall from whom he had received the bill. *Bank note*

The \$5 bill has on the border of the reverse side the following words written in pen:

"Will be murdered Nov. 22." *and*

To the left of the picture of the Lincoln Memorial appears the name Jackie Kennedy. To the right of the picture of the Lincoln Memorial appears the name John F. Kennedy. *and*

3661



1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadigan)  
 1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Rosen  
 1 - Mr. Malley  
 1 - Mr. Shroder  
 1 - Mr. Raupach

62-109060-3661

Date: August 28, 1964  
 To: Chief, U. S. Secret Service  
 From: John Edgar Hoover, Director  
 Subject: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Enclosed is one copy of a memorandum dated August 19, 1964, Chicago, Illinois, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas." The memorandum pertains to a Five Dollar Federal Reserve Note, Series 1950 C, Serial Number G58070975D, bearing on the reverse side the handwritten notation "will be murdered Nov 22" and the names "Jackie Kennedy" and "John F Kennedy." Also enclosed are two photographs displaying the front and reverse side of this Federal Reserve Note which were prepared by the FBI Laboratory.

The Five Dollar Federal Reserve Note referred to by the FBI Laboratory as Q614 has been designated as Exhibit D236. The results of the examination conducted by the FBI Laboratory determined the handwriting on Q614 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this handwriting has been added to this file.

It was concluded that Lee Harvey Oswald, K4 and K5 in this case, did not prepare the handwriting on Q614.

Specimen Q614 will be retained in the Laboratory for determination as to when it can be properly released.

No further action is being taken in this matter. However, the information concerning this Federal Reserve Note is being furnished to the President's Commission.

62-109060-3661  
 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:las (10)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

SEP 3 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 28 10 55 AM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

BY COURIER SVC

7 AUG 28

COMM-FBI

Belmont  
 Mohr  
 Casper  
 Callahan  
 Conrad  
 DeLoach  
 Evans  
 Gale  
 Rosen  
 Sullivan  
 Tavel  
 Trotter  
 Tele. Room  
 Holmes  
 Gandy

RECEIVED  
 AUG 28 11 58 AM '64  
 ne bh pd  
 [Handwritten signatures and initials]

NOTE: The \$5 bill was furnished to our Chicago Office by Mrs. Lillian Menz, Cicero, Illinois. Mrs. Menz's husband operates a gas station and received this \$5 bill during the normal course of business and was unable to recall the individual from whom he received the bill. The writing on the bill was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File, nor was it established that the writing was that of Lee Harvey Oswald. No further action is being taken and the President's Commission is being advised.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: August 10, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen *RLW*

SUBJECT: NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY  
RACIAL MATTERS

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. McGowan  
1 - Mr. Rogge  
1 - Mr. Parkis

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*Yst*  
*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*  
Our Tampa Office received information from a confidential source that Dewey M. Taft, Florida State Chairman of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) at a recent meeting indicated he was in the process of preparing an issue of the "American Digest" which would "headline the fact that Dobby Kennedy had his brother, John F. Kennedy, shot, that Ruby and Oswald were in on the deal, that they tried to kill Retired General Walker before assassinating the President."

The "American Digest" is the NSRP publication printed by Dewey M. Taft at Tampa, Florida.

The NSRP is an anti-Semitic and anti-integration hate group.

## ACTION:

The information concerning Robert F. Kennedy is set forth in a report on the NSRP. Tampa has been instructed to immediately furnish that information in a letterhead memorandum in order that it may be disseminated to the President's Commission, investigating the assassination of former President Kennedy. The report containing the above information has already been furnished to the Department.

CAP:fas

(6)

*62-109060*

4 AUG 14

66 AUG 31 1964

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

Mr. Belmont  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Evans  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

EARL WARRIN,  
Clarence  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN BIRNBAUM COOPER  
HALE RIGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

AUG 7

J. Edgar Hoover  
Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As you know, the Commission is nearing the completion of its investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy. In its final Report, the Commission desires to suggest in some appropriate way the extent of the excellent investigative effort undertaken by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

It would be helpful if the Bureau could supply some statistics which would reflect the scope of the FBI's investigation. In particular, we would appreciate figures on the approximate number of interviews conducted by the Bureau, the pieces of correspondence and reports sent by the Bureau to the Commission, and the total number of pages of such materials. If the information can be obtained without undue difficulty, the Commission would also like to be advised concerning the approximate number of Agent-days spent by the Bureau on this investigation since November 22, 1963.

For the Commission's purposes, it is not necessary to distinguish between the investigation conducted regarding Jack L. Ruby and the investigation conducted regarding Lee Harvey Oswald and the assassination. I recognize that your work is continuing, but I suggest that a cut-off date of August 1, 1964 would be appropriate for the purpose of compiling these figures. Any thoughts you have about presenting these statistics in the most effective way would be appreciated by the Commission.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely, 199 AUG 29 1964

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

XEROX  
AUG 23 1964

162-109060 -  
NOT RECORDED

AUG 10 1964

SOVIET SECTION  
THREE



1 - J. P. Mohr  
 1 - N. P. Callahan (W. C. Jackson)  
 1 - I. W. Conrad (W. D. Griffith)  
 1 - C. D. DeLoach  
 1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan)  
 (R. E. Lenihan)

August 12, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - L. J. Gauthier  
 1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Rosen  
 1 - Mr. Malley  
 1 - Mr. Shroder  
 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 7, 1964, requesting certain statistical data as to the scope of this Bureau's investigative efforts since the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

As of July 31, 1964, this Bureau submitted to you over 1756 investigative reports comprising over 17,200 pages. In addition, over 3632 items of physical evidence were received in the FBI Laboratory for technical examination and our Exhibit experts constructed and delivered to you detailed scale models of the assassination site and garage of the Dallas City Jail with accompanying visual aids.

We did not keep track of the number of interviews conducted or the number of Agent-days expended on this investigation by virtually every one of our fifty-six continental field offices and representatives abroad. To obtain this information would be an extremely laborious and time consuming statistical research project in view of the scope of our activities and the number of personnel involved for over an eight-month period.

62-109090

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)  
 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)

RDR:las (15), S 33 BH, etc

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tele. Room  
 Belmont  
 Mohr  
 Casper  
 Callahan  
 Conrad  
 DeLoach  
 Evans  
 Gale  
 Rosen  
 Sullivan  
 Tavel

SEP 3 1964

SENT DIRECTOR FOR APPROVAL

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐ REC'D MAIL ROOM

REC'D-READING ROOM  
 AUG 12 2 10 PM '64



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

As an example of the number of personnel involved, I would like to point out that immediately after the assassination I transferred on a temporary basis over eighty additional FBI personnel to our Dallas Office alone to assist in affording this matter expeditious and thorough handling.

In addition to the large number of field personnel involved, a considerable number of supervisory officials at our Washington Headquarters have been exclusively assigned to this investigation since its inception and will continue to be so assigned until no longer needed.

As this investigation progressed, we received an increasing number of special requests from members of your staff. Some requests imposed a very tight deadline on us and some necessitated travel to and from Dallas and other locations by our Agent, technical and supervisory personnel. It was necessary on several occasions to make special arrangements to enable your staff to handle necessary inquiries and to obtain specialized equipment and services to facilitate your investigation such as the arrangements for the partial re-enactment in Dallas on May 24, 1964, and the obtaining of a helicopter for aerial photography.

The above summarizes to some degree the areas in which this Bureau has endeavored to cooperate with the President's Commission in handling its responsibility. I hope this information will be of assistance to you. You can be assured that I will continue to insist that every logical effort be made by FBI personnel to assist you in this historic and tragic undertaking.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: See Rosen to Belmont memo captioned "The President's Commission, Assassination of the President," dated 8-11-64, RDR:las.

MR. TROTTER

8-28-64

C. E. Ganley

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

RE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Sebastian F. Latona, Latent Fingerprint Section Supervisor, received a telephone call at home at approximately 8:00 P. M. last night, 8-27-64, from Night Supervisor S. F. McInerney, General Investigative Division, instructing him to be at the Office of J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, The President's Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E., Washington, D. C., at 9:00 A. M. this morning, 8-28-64, with Exhibit 836. This exhibit is a charted enlargement of a latent palm print identified as Oswald's. The palm print was developed by Latona on the wrapping paper in which the rifle, reportedly the murder weapon, was carried. As you are aware, Latona had previously testified before the Commission concerning this exhibit and other latent fingerprint exhibits. The reason for Latona requested appearance this morning is not known; however, McInerney did advise that Inspector J. R. Malley, #1 Man, General Investigative Division, has also been requested to be in Rankin's office at 9:00 A. M. When more details become available you will be further advised.

ACTION:

For information.

105-82555

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Attention: Mr. Robert A. Frazier)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenth)
- ① - 62-103000 (Assassination) of President
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

62-109060-

NOT RECORDED

CEG:bmg

(9)

John F. Kennedy

199 AUG 29 1964

58 SEP 3 1964

MR. TROTTER

8/26/64

S. F. Latona

LKE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

**INFORMATION REGARDING LIFTED  
PALM PRINT FROM GUN**

This memo is submitted to report the receipt of a telephone call at approximately 11:45 A. M., today, 8/26/64, from Mr. Norman Redlich, of the General Counsel's Staff of the President's Commission. As you are aware, I testified before the Committee concerning certain latent print identifications. One of the latent palm prints identified appears on a list submitted by the Dallas, Texas, Police Department, reportedly lifted from the underside of the barrel of the rifle identified as the murder weapon.

Mr. Redlich asked me if I were able to tell from my examination of the rifle whether there was any indication of a latent print having been lifted from the underside of the barrel. I told him, on the basis of taking the gun apart and my examination and inspection of the weapon, I could not tell. He then posed several hypothetical questions as to whether prints could be lifted and no trace left. I told him that it was possible that prints could be developed and lifted and no trace left.

Mr. Redlich said he would follow him call with a letter.

**ACTION:**

For information,

105-22535

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Attention: Mr. Robert A. Frazier)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan)
- ① - 62-109060 (Assassination) of PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY
- 1 - 62-109000 (President's Commission)

EFL:bcc

(9)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_

162-109060 -  
NOT RECORDED  
139 SEP 2 1964

710 SEP 9 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 8/21/64

Transmit the following in

PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

REGULAR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia (157-916)(RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
 OO: Dallas

ReBuairtel 8/13/64, Bureau teletype 8/20/64,  
 and Philadelphia teletype to Bureau 8/20/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a  
 self-explanatory letterhead memo, dated and captioned  
 as above. Two copies of this letterhead memo are  
 being furnished to Dallas.

The records check at the Philadelphia Police  
 Department and at the Voters Registration for Phila-  
 delphia was conducted by IC BRIAN MC LAUGHLIN.

The records check at the Bell Telephone  
 Company, Philadelphia, was conducted by IC GEORGE J.  
 STEINBACH.

The investigation in enclosed letterhead  
 memo conducted by a Special Agent of the FBI was  
 conducted by SA MASON P. SMITH.

- 3 - Bureau (62-109060)(Encl. 10)  
 2 - Dallas (89-43)(Encl. 10)  
 1 - Philadelphia (157-916)

MPS: pgo  
 (6)

23 AUG 22 1964

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

D. G. Wick

79 AUG 27 1964

62-109060-366 2

6-7 to DL + PH  
 with LHM  
 concerned 8-25-64  
 RUC

5 copies of  
 LHM distributed  
 per RUC

L

REC-44  
 8-25-64  
 RUC



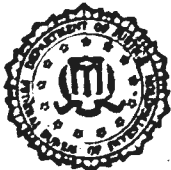
PH 157-916

*Pa*

~~JOHN PARACELSUS~~ All logical investigation to locate and identify  
has been conducted, and no further  
investigation is being conducted by Philadelphia.

APR 12 1964





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania  
August 21, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

Attached hereto is a true copy of a letter dated July 27, 1964, at Philadelphia, addressed to Senator RICHARD B. RUSSELL, United States Senate, Washington, D. C., and signed only with the typed signature JOHN PARACELSUS. The letter is self-explanatory and bears a date stamp indicating it was received by Senator RUSSELL on August 4, 1964.

This letter was referred to MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, by letter dated August 11, 1964, from J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, with the request that MR. PARACELSUS be interviewed to determine the nature and extent of his information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK L. RUBY. MR. RANKIN further requested that PARACELSUS be interviewed concerning what information he believes the four persons listed in his letter might have regarding the matters under investigation by that Commission.

On August 13, 1964, the Central Files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, located at the Seat of Government, contained no information identifiable with JOHN PARACELSUS.

The files of the Philadelphia Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation contain no information identifiable with JOHN PARACELSUS, as of August 21, 1964.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

The alphabetical telephone directories for the City of Philadelphia and the directories for the surrounding counties, including Camden, N. J., contain no listing for a JOHN PARACELSUS.

The records of the Criminal Records Section and the records of the Intelligence Unit of the Philadelphia Police Department, as checked on August 20, 1964, by an Investigative Clerk of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, contain no record identifiable with JOHN PARACELSUS.

A representative of the Philadelphia Credit Bureau, Inc., on August 20, 1964, advised an Investigative Clerk of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the Credit Bureau maintains no alphabetical index of names, and without an address cannot be checked to determine if a person has a credit record in Philadelphia.

The records of the Voters Registration for the City and County of Philadelphia, as checked on August 20, 1964, by an Investigative Clerk of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, contained no record of anyone having registered to vote in Philadelphia by the name of JOHN PARACELSUS.

On August 20, 1964, at the request of an Investigative Clerk of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, MISS LOIS MARRIOTT, of the Bell Telephone Company of Philadelphia, contacted the Central Information Bureau of the Bell Telephone Company, which contains a listing for all nonpublished telephones, both by number and name for Philadelphia and all surrounding counties. The Central Information Bureau stated its records contain no listing or record for a JOHN PARACELSUS.

On August 19, 1964, MR. RUSSELL ALEXANDER, Philadelphia Gas Works, Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

---

of Investigation that the records of the gas company contain no record of anyone by the name of JOHN PARACELSUS currently receiving or having received in the past gas service from this public utility.

On August 21, 1964, MR. CHARLES MARTIN, Customer Service Department, Philadelphia Electric Company, 10th and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he had ascertained that its files on persons receiving electric service are maintained geographically by street address, and it is impossible to check a person's name against these files without having an address.

On August 20 and 21, 1964, MRS. DOROTHY SPEARS, Community Services Supervisor, Executive Office, Philadelphia County Board of Assistance, 1400 Spring Garden Street, Philadelphia, Pa., advised that she had requested a name check on JOHN PARACELSUS to determine if he presently or at any time in the past had received public assistance of any type in the City and County of Philadelphia. MRS. SPEARS advised that she was unable to locate any record pertaining to JOHN PARACELSUS.

On August 19 and 21, 1964, MISS HELEN TOLVER, Clerk-Typist, Records Section, Reception Center, Philadelphia General Hospital, advised that she could locate no record pertaining to a JOHN PARACELSUS as having gone through that reception center.

It is noted that an unidentified official of the Eastern Mental Health Center, State Building, 1400 Spring Garden Street, Philadelphia, on August 19, 1964, advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that no records of mental patients who are wards of the city or who have received assistance

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

---

from the city or who are admitted at the direction of a city or county court for either treatment or testing are maintained at that address. This official advised, however, that nearly all these persons are admitted through the Reception Center at Philadelphia General Hospital, and that records for all such persons admitted would be maintained by the Reception Center.

On August 21, 1964, MISS BARBARA CHERRY, Clerk-Steno, Records Room, Eastern Pennsylvania Psychiatric Institute, Henry Avenue and Abbottsford Road, advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that its files contain no record of a JOHN PARACELSUS as a past or present patient of that institute.

On August 21, 1964, MISS VIRGINIA GOVER, Typist, Mail Records Section, Philadelphia State Hospital (Byberry), Southampton and Roosevelt Boulevard, advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that its files contain no record of a JOHN PARACELSUS being a past or present patient of that hospital.

On August 20, 1964, MISS ROSEMARIE LEBOSSE, Clerk-Typist, Records Section, Institute of Pennsylvania Hospital (Psychiatric), 111 North 49th Street, Philadelphia, Pa., advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that its records reflected no information indicating that a JOHN PARACELSUS had been a patient of that institute from 1944 through the present date.

T R U E  
C O P Y

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania  
July 27, 1964

Senator Richard B. Russell

United States Senate

Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Through several contacts with reliable sources in New York the following information is made possible to send to you. These persons should if they would be able to enlighten the Warren Commission concerning the truth about the Jack Ruby case. They can tell you who David Glassman is and his part in the case. The persons are:

Wilbur Post-----T.V. actor on Mr. Ed. program

Clifton Fadiman-----Lecturer and writer

Mitch Miller-----Orchestra Leader N.B.C.

Arthrur Stang-----Actor

Many true Americans have lost confidence in your commission because of the membership of Norman Redlich who is thought to be far too radical and ultra left.

You have the reputation for being honest and wanting to do your duty in finding out the truth in this case. It is with this hope that this is being sent to you.

John Paracelsus

T R U E  
C O P Y



August 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach (Correspondence Unit)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 20, 1964, relating to Mrs. Mark E. Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed for your information are two copies each of four communications furnished our Kansas City Office by Mr. Donald Janson, Correspondent of "The New York Times" at Kansas City, Missouri. These communications all bear the name of Mrs. Mark E. Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma.

A communication containing substantially the same information as the enclosure dated July 17, 1964, was enclosed with my letter to you dated July 29, 1964. The enclosure dated July 22, 1964, was furnished to you with my letter dated July 28, 1964. The other two enclosed communications have not been previously furnished to you by this Bureau.

Your attention is directed to the enclosure addressed to Mr. Bishop, specifically paragraph five, wherein it is alleged an unidentified Dallas female had been threatened by the FBI with economic reprisal if this individual held any further conversations with New York Attorney Mark Lane. It is also alleged Lee Harvey Oswald's associate Nelson Delgado was pressured by the FBI.

1 - Oklahoma City (89-41)  
1 - Kansas City  
1 - Dallas (89-43)  
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)  
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)  
RDR:las (14)

SEE NOTE FOR AUG 26 1964 OKLAHOMA CITY, KANSAS CITY AND DALLAS PAGE THREE

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

BY COURIER SVC  
70 AUG 26  
COMM-FBI

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D READING ROOM  
AUG 26 10 44 AM '64  
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REC'D HALL

REC 8  
62-109060-366  
ST-104  
Rosen  
PDR  
RDR

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

In a letter to you dated June 18, 1964, the allegation concerning Mr. Delgado's being "pressured" by the FBI was fully discussed and it was pointed out there was no basis for Mr. Delgado's assertion. I have been further advised that none of the personnel in our Dallas Office ever threatened anyone with economic reprisal. Therefore, it is apparent this allegation is completely unfounded.

It is possible the unidentified Dallas female is Mrs. Jean Lollis Hill. On page forty-five of the Dallas report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated April 15, 1964, it was reported that Mrs. Hill during interview on March 13, 1964, stated that about a month earlier she had been telephonically interviewed by Mr. Lane. Mrs. Hill stated after reading Mr. Lane's statements regarding this conversation she was of the opinion Mr. Lane had taken some of her remarks out of context, changed the meaning of her replies, had not used her full answers and misquoted her. Further, in my letter dated April 29, 1964, I furnished you a communication from our Dallas Office wherein Mrs. Hill reported that on the afternoon of April 22, 1964, she was telephonically contacted by an unidentified woman in Oklahoma who persisted in questioning her about the assassination and made some reference to Mr. Mark Lane, a New York Attorney. Mrs. Hill stated this conversation concluded with the unknown woman stating she was only trying to be friendly with Mrs. Hill, as Mrs. Hill might later need a friend.

The above is being furnished in view of your prior interest in Mrs. Martin.

Sincerely yours,

Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (8)

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

NOTE FOR SACS, OKLAHOMA CITY, KANSAS CITY AND DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Dallas and Kansas City 8-17-64 and  
Dallas airtel 8-19-64.

The above is being furnished for your information.

NOTE:

KClet 8-10-64, furnished Bureau with the 4 lets authored by Martin. Janson who furnished these lets to KC stated he is apparently on the mailing list of Martin. This is our 24th let to the Commission on Martin who is the subject of SAC Letter 64-23 (B) dated 4-28-64, based on her continuing prolific letter writing campaign to vilify the Director and the FBI. She has been described as a "bright nut" and since the assassination has been conducting her own investigation endeavor to show Oswald is innocent. She apparently has been associated in some degree with Mark Lane, the oft married New York Attorney who has engaged in [REDACTED] and who has been associated with communist dominated organizations. In one of these lets not previously disseminated to the President's Commission Martin implies Oswald's diary was "intentionally leaked" and that even after reading it she does not feel it disclosed anything of pertinence to the Commission's investigation. In the other let she made several allegations which are completely unfounded and which are answered in our current let to the Commission. The communication regarding Nelson Delgado can be found in 105-82555-4148. Delgado is a proven opportunist and liar. These communications are being furnished to the Commission in line with similar prior dissemination of Martin's works.



FBI

Date: 8/13/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

(Type in plain text or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 Attention: FBI Laboratory

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
 MISC - INFO CONCERNING

Q612-Q613

456426

Re Bureau airtel to Milwaukee, 7/23/64 and Milwaukee airtel to Bureau, 8/12/64

Enclosed for the Bureau is a letter addressed to Governor JOHN CONNALLY of Texas, contained in an envelope postmarked July 30, 1964 at Kenosha, Wisconsin, which was forwarded to this office by San Antonio airtel dated 8/8/64. A Photostat copy of this letter is enclosed for Dallas.

Since this enclosed letter appears to have been written by the same person who wrote the letter referred to in referenced airtels, the Laboratory is requested to conduct appropriate examination in order to definitely establish this fact, and advise the Milwaukee Office.

- ④ - Bureau (62-109060) (Enc. 1) (AM-RM)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1) (AM-RM)
- 1 - Milwaukee (62-1178)

RES:ah

(6)

ENCLOSURE  
 ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

REC 8

62-109060-366

4 AUG 14 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Classified



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

1 - LAB FILE  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Rogge, Rm. 5730  
August 21, 1964

To: FBI, Milwaukee (62-1178)

Date:

Re:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION  
CONCERNING

John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File REC 8 62-109060 - 366  
Lab. No. D-456428 AX

Examination requested by:

Milwaukee

Reference:

Airtel 8/13/64

Examination requested:

Document

Remarks:

Specimens Q610 and Q611 were previously submitted by the Milwaukee Office and were designated as specimens Q1 and Q2 in a letterhead memorandum dated 8/12/64, at Milwaukee a copy of which was furnished to the Dallas Office. One photograph each of specimens Q610 through Q613 is being forwarded to the Milwaukee and Dallas Offices herewith.

MAILED 30

AUG 21 1964

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (6) (Photocopies of Q610 - Q613, 2 copies - Lab rpt)

2 - Dallas (89-43) Enclosures (6) (Photocopies of Q610 - Q613, 2 copies - Lab rpt)

Tolson JCC:GFM (9)

Belmont

Mohr

Casper

Callahan

Conrad

DeLoach

Evans

Gale

Rosen

Sullivan

Tavel

Trotter

Tele. B.

Holmes

Gandy

NOTE: By letter of 8/17/64, The President's Commission was furnished a copy of the Milwaukee letterhead memorandum of 8/12/64.

SEP 2 1964

AUG 31 1964

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Rogge 5730



REPORT  
of theFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON, D. C.To: **FBI, Milwaukee**

Date:

**August 21, 1964**

FBI File No.

**62-109060**

Lab. No.

**D-456426 AX**

Re: **ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING**

Specimens received **8/14/64**

**Q612 Envelope postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. JUL 30 1964 AM"  
bearing handwritten address "Governor John Connally  
Texas"**

**Q613 Accompanying two-page handwritten letter beginning  
"Governor John Connally We all know..." and ending  
on second page "...files for the future. American  
Democrats"**

**Result of examination:**

**It was concluded that Q612 and Q613 were written  
by the writer of specimens Q610 and Q611 previously  
submitted.**

**The submitted evidence is retained.**

JCC:GFM (9)

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

## Memorandum

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: AUGUST 21 1964

FROM : Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General,  
Criminal Division

SUBJECT:

Assassination of  
President John F.  
KennedyEnclosed for your information is a telegram  
from C. Campbell of New York City.

Enclosure

1 cc of let & xerox of  
incl sent to DL & NY for info  
via 0-7 8-25-64 RDRService unit could not identify  
no action appears warranted  
RDR

REC 4

62-109060-3665

16 AUG 24 1964

75  
62-109060-ENCLOSURE ATTACHED  
ENCLOSURE  
00 11.11

ST-104

DEPT OF JUSTICE

AUG 27 1964

RECEIVED

79 AUG 27 1964

L  
30 AUG 24 1964RDR  
RDR  
RDR

August 25, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 11, 1964, regarding Mr. John Paracelsus of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Philadelphia Office dated August 21, 1964, containing the results of our efforts to identify and locate Mr. Paracelsus.

In view of the limited background information on Mr. Paracelsus and the fact that logical efforts to locate him have been negative, no further action is being taken unless advised to the contrary by you.

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)  
1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)  
RDR:las  
(11) las

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Paracelsus sent a letter to Senator Russell (D - Georgia) dated 7-27-64, which was furnished to the Bureau by Commission letter 8-11-64. Paracelsus alleged 4 prominent individuals in the entertainment world possess information concerning the Jack Ruby case. He also mentioned the fact Norman Redlich is on the Commission staff. The Commission requested we locate and interview Paracelsus to determine the nature and extent of his information but no request was made to interview the 4

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

Tele. Room  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 25 11 29 AM '64

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prominent individuals. The information supplied by the Commission was extremely limited in that no address for Paracelsus was furnished nor was the transmittal envelope furnished. Philadelphia conducted extensive logical investigation to identify and locate Paracelsus negatively. It is not felt that further investigative effort is warranted and unless specifically advised to the contrary by the Commission, this ends our inquiry.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

REC-1202

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/20/64

FROM : Legat, London (62-358) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBu airtel 8/10/64.

There are enclosed 25 copies of an insert for transmittal to Dallas concerning an anonymous letter sent to the New York Office of the FBI from Huddersfield, England, regarding the assassination of President Kennedy.

The enclosure includes appropriate comment regarding this matter being referred to the Bureau by our New York Office and subsequent FBI Laboratory examination, as well as a true copy of the anonymous letter and investigation conducted in England in an attempt to identify the writer.

It was not possible to identify the writer of the letter; however, considerable investigation was undertaken. One possible suspect is a U.S. Negro citizen, Dr. GEORGE WILLIAM BROWN, born 4/15/00 in the U.S. He resides at Huddersfield but is presently in the U.S., c/o Route 3, Box 129, Middlefield, Ohio. He was also in the U.S. in August-September, 1963. It is noted that the writer of the letter states he is a citizen of the U.S. and was in Texas four weeks before the shooting. Police officers who know BROWN advise he frequently complains to the Police about various matters but the only handwriting available to compare with the letter is his signature, which does not bear any resemblance to the anonymous letter. Also, BROWN, according to police officers, is an educated man and would not misspell words as was done in the anonymous letter unless he did it intentionally. BROWN intends to remain in the U.S. until approximately 9/25/64; therefore, whether or not he should be contacted is being left to the discretion of the Bureau.

This matter is being kept pending in the London Office for leads set forth in my letter dated 7/9/64.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 26)  
1 - Liaison (direct) (Enc. 1)  
1 - London

ACM:v

79 AUG 27 1964

ST-104

26  
AUG 25 1964

35



This matter was referred to the F.B.I. Laboratory, Washington, D.C. by the New York Office of the F.B.I. and the Laboratory examination reflected that the handwriting was not identified in the F.B.I. Anonymous Letter File, nor was it possible from the material available to suggest the particular nationality of the writer. However, certain similarities to German, Spanish and English writings were observed. The word "Blud" in paragraph 2 is close to the German spelling "Blut" (blood) and is pronounced "Blud" in Southern parts of Germany. The letter "T" appears in Spanish, German and English writings and the letter "x" in the word "Texas" resembled Russian or German handwriting.

On August 18, 1964 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] there were eight United States citizens in the Huddersfield area. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Of the eight, four were young children whose handwriting did not in any way resemble the letter. These individuals' handwriting typifies that currently taught in English schools and does not in any way bear resemblance to the anonymous letter. The other four individuals were adults and there was some similarity.

An attempt was made to locate the four adults with the following results:

One of the adults, born July 9, 1868, died three years ago. Another individual has moved from the Huddersfield area and his present whereabouts is unknown, it being noted that he is no longer required to register with the British Police as an alien. The third individual is currently in the United States and his handwriting does not resemble that of the letter. The fourth individual is a Mrs. ELIZABETH ANN OGDEN of 81 Mountfield Road, Huddersfield, born May 24, 1881. She [REDACTED] advised that she is partially blind and did not write any such letter regarding the assassination.

[REDACTED]

CONFIDENTIAL

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Huddersfield is a town of approximately 180,000 people and is a shopping and marketing center for a wide area of Yorkshire [REDACTED] it is quite possible that the writer of the letter could live many miles away from Huddersfield and have mailed the letter on a visit to the city. It is also possible [REDACTED] that the writer of the letter need not be a resident of England at all but one who was visiting the area at the time the letter was mailed, as there are thousands of U.S. citizens touring England during the Summer vacation period.

In addition [REDACTED] Huddersfield has a large foreign population of many nationalities but in most instances these individuals are now naturalized British citizens or citizens from Commonwealth countries and as such, are not required to register with the Police [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

CONFIDENTIAL

Dallas 89-42

1

On July 20, 1964, a letter postmarked "Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England" was mailed to "Mr. J. E. HOVER, c/o New York. F B. I. N. Y. City" and was received in New York July 24, 1964. This letter is quoted below:

" 19 July. 64:  
Huddersfield.  
Yorks.  
England

"Mr. J. Edgar Hover.

"Sir as a citisen of U.S.A. I would like to see Justice have its course for the sake of Crise.

"Now I am going to give you the name of the Person who shot Presedent Kenedy. Not Because I am a Person who Beleve in Justice But for the murder of a man in cold. Blud.

"Think of His wife and children they are as good as any desetent citisen of America.

"I am Still working on the fact of what Happened: Now I will give you a small clue. it was Don By one. well known man He is Known as the Engenair of the shooting and Texas Police Know who it is But they are affraid to Do any thing about it.

"I was in texas Four Weeks Before the shooting and the Place where the arangement was Been arange.

"I am also sending one copy. to L.B. Johnson. and a copy to Mr. M. J. Murphy.. of N.Y.

Yours Faithfull.

Justice.

"P.S. THIS. IS. NOT. A. JOKE"

62-109060-3667

ENCLOSURE



NOTE: The Commission was previously furnished a 96-page letterhead memorandum containing radio logs of the Dallas PD during events relating to the assassination which they prepared. The Commission requested the Bureau to obtain the Dallas PD tape recording and prepare a transcript. The Commission also sent a copy of their letter to Chief Curry and Attorney General Waggoner Carr of Texas. Subsequently through Chief Curry, Mr. Carr requested a copy of anything obtained by the Bureau from the original tapes. Mr. Carr's request was cleared with the Commission, who advised there would be no objection for this information to be transmitted to Mr. Carr unless there were discovered variances in our transcript from that which had previously been recorded by the Dallas PD. There were no significant variances noted and Dallas furnished a copy of our transcript to Assistant Chief Batchelor for Mr. Carr. Request completed.



FBI

Date: 8/22/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

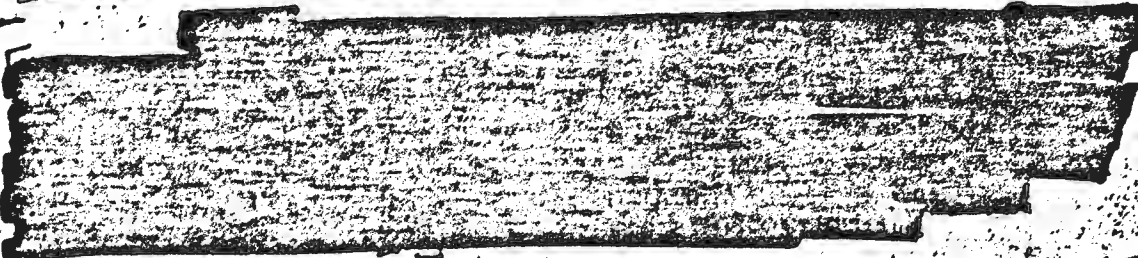
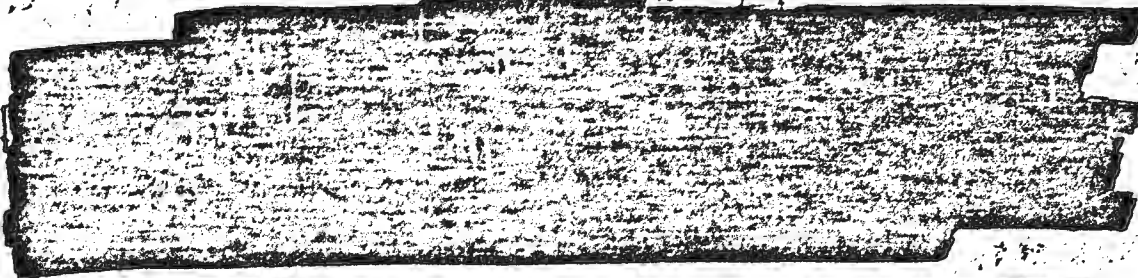
AIRTEL


(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)(P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO: Dallas)

Re San Diego airtel to Bureau dated 8/7/64.



- ③ - Bureau  
1 - Dallas (REGULAR MAIL) (89-43)  
3 - San Diego (1 - 

HES:caa  
(7)

REC 4 62-109060 -3669

AUG 24 1964

Approved: *ECW = 870*

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 AUG 27 1964  
Special Agent in Charge

SD 62-1529



Reasonable  
PDR

Lead set to follow  
the PDR

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

REC 8  
*XIR*

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/21/64

FROM

SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,.....  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: WILLIAM D. CROWE aka Bill De Mar

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination reflecting an interview with the above-captioned individual.

*1 cc of each returned to table per  
2 cc of LHM for RUC. Contingency  
1 cc of LHM for RUC. Contingency*

*L*  
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-3670  
35

- (2) - Bureau (62-109060) (Encls. 6)
- 1 - New York (89-75)

EW0:1ac

(3)

XEROX

AUG 26 1964

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-3670-15

REC 8 62-109060-3670

AUG 24 1964



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

August 21, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No.

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

William D. Crowe, also known as Bill De Mar,  
was interviewed on August 17, 1964 and August 20, 1964,  
at Zalkin's Hotel, Greenfield Park, New York.

*Texas*

He was shown photographs of Bernard Weissman  
and Officer J. D. Tippit and advised that he did not know  
either of these individuals.

Crowe also stated that he had never seen Weissman  
or Tippit in the Carousel Bar in Dallas, Texas, and had  
never seen either one of them in the company of Jack Ruby.

62-109060-3670  
ENCLOSURE

ST-104

REC 8

62-109060-3670

August 25, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - J. M. Sizoo
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 3, 1964, and my letter dated August 13, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weissman to six individuals having a connection with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our New York Office dated August 21, 1964, containing the results of our interview with Mr. William D. Crowe.

The other investigation requested by you is being closely followed and when the results are received, you will be promptly advised.

- 1 - Dallas (89-43) Enc.
- 1 - New York (89-75)

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

(62-109060)

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
  - 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
  - 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)
- RDR:las (14) SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR SACs, DALLAS AND NEW YORK:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY JR

11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBulet to the Commission dated 8-13-64 a copy of which was furnished to Dallas and New York. Enclosed for Dallas is one copy of an LHM prepared by the New York Office dated 8-21-64, a copy of which was not furnished to you. New York score error for failure to furnish Dallas, the Office of Origin copy of pertinent communications. Insure

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

AUG 28 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

BY COURIER SVC  
68 AUG 25  
COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Rm.
- Holmes
- Gandy

REC'D READING ROOM  
FBI  
AUG 25 11 29 AM '64  
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN  
62-109060-3670



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

similar matters properly handled in the future.

Both offices are reminded to press this matter vigorously and insure the Bureau is promptly furnished the results of investigation so the Commission can be notified.

NOTE:

Commission by letter 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Mark Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. Four offices are engaged in locating these people. Commission was advised by letter 8-13-64, some delay may be encountered. As results are received, Commission is being advised. There are 5 more individuals to be located and interviewed as well as other investigation to be handled before this inquiry is complete. Every effort is being made to expedite this matter.

FBI

Date: 8/18/64

REC-100

ENCLOSURE

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (62-3114)  
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63  
 DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Minneapolis 8/12/64.

Enclosed to the Bureau are three copies each of the following described insert and FD-302; and 25 copies each of instant insert and FD-302 to the Dallas Office:

Insert: JEROME JOHNSON LANDVIK - Alleged information prior to assassination

FD-302: JEROME JOHNSON LANDVIK

The indices of the Minneapolis Office are negative in regard to JEROME JOHNSON LANDVIK and EFRAIN OSORIO.

8 - Bureau (Enc. 6) (RM)  
 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 50) (RM)  
 1 - Minneapolis  
 HCM:pal  
 (6)

C. C. MEYER

REC-100

62-109060-3671

RECORDED

6 AUG 20 1964

APPROVED  
 ACTION

Approved: *[Signature]*  
 AUG 27 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

MP 62-3114

**JEROME JOHNSON LANDVIK**  
**ALLEGED INFORMATION PRIOR TO ASSASSINATION**

**Basis**

At 3:10 p.m., August 5, 1964, former Assistant United States Attorney JOHN CONNELLY, Minneapolis, Minnesota, telephonically advised SAA MILTON L. SNYDER, that while in the U. S. Attorney's Office, doing some clean-up work on some of his cases, he received a telephone call from a man, who stated that he "had something to do with that thing last November." Inquiry by Mr. CONNELLY elicited information that the man's name was JEROME LANDVIK, that he resided at 3131 Finley Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota, telephone Number 825-8148.

LANDVIK stated he was 28 years of age and that the "thing" to which he referred was the assassination of President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas. LANDVIK told CONNELLY that while he had been in Minnesota at the time of the assassination, he felt that he had had some significant information prior to the assassination. In this respect he said he had been traveling between Chicago, Illinois, and Grand Forks, North Dakota, on a bus sometime before the assassination and became involved in a discussion with a man whose name he knows, but did not disclose, during which time this man had shown him a photograph of FIDEL CASTRO and remarked "we're going to do something about this."

Mr. CONNELLY said in his opinion LANDVIK at times appeared to be a mental case, but talked very rationally and appeared to be much disturbed by the information he had in his possession.

There is set out below a true copy of a letter to J. EDGAR HOOVER, Washington, D. C., from "JEROME J. LANDVIK, 3131 Findley Pl., Minneapolis, Minnesota."

"TRUE COPY

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 10 1973

"Jerome J. Landvik  
3131 Findley Pl.  
Mpls, Minn. 55408

62-109060-3671

ENCLOSURE

MP 62-3114

J. Edgar Hoover  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

"I think that somehow, that I had something to do with the assassination of President Kennedy. I was here in Minneapolis at the time, but I still think that I had something to do with it. I also wrote a letter to Judge Oscar a Knutson, it has a more comprehensive statement. Please believe me, I think know that this is the truth.

Jerome J. Landvik

Envelope (front)

Jerome J. Landvik  
3131 Findley Pl.  
Minneapolis, Minn. 55408

J. Edgar Hoover  
Washington, D. C.

Envelope (back)

Aug. 5, 1964"

1

Date 8/13/64E: 11-3-35, OSLO, MINN.

Mr. JEROME JOHNSON LANDVIK, 3131 Findley Place (not Finley Avenue), Minneapolis, Minnesota, advised he wanted to furnish some information he had obtained prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY as this information may have some significance in connection with the assassination.

TLL  
S.D.  
NEC

He advised that he did not recall the date, but it was before FIDEL CASTRO had taken over the Government of Cuba, that he had been riding on a bus from Chicago, Illinois to Sioux Falls, South Dakota. On this bus ride, he became acquainted with one EFRAIN OSORIO, who claimed he was employed by a newspaper, name not furnished, in Cuba. He stated that OSORIO was very pro- CASTRO, and OSORIO requested LANDVIK to sell his friends on CASTRO and his Government. They did not discuss the Government of the United States.

He advised that he changed buses in Omaha, Nebraska, but OSORIO stayed on the bus, stating that he was going to California. He stated that prior to their separation at Omaha, OSORIO had given him a snapshot of FIDEL CASTRO and he had given OSORIO a snapshot of himself.

He stated he never saw OSORIO again. But about the time that FIDEL CASTRO had taken over the Government of Cuba, he received a letter from OSORIO. He did not recall where this letter was postmarked, but he believed it had been mailed from either New York or Washington D. C. OSORIO requested him in this letter again to sell CASTRO's Government to his, LANDVIK's friends. In addition, OSORIO stated in his letter that if LANDVIK would do this, he, OSORIO, would arrange to pay the expenses for LANDVIK to take a trip to Cuba on LANDVIK's birthday.

He stated that OSORIO enclosed a photograph of himself with this letter and in this photograph, OSORIO was holding a slingshot aiming it at the camera. He thought this photograph had some significance, since DAVID had used a slingshot against GOLIATH and this probably was intended to represent Cuba as DAVID against the United

44 JAN 10 1973

On 8/7/64 at Minneapolis, Minnesota File # Minneapolis 62-3114by Special Agent H. CLIFFORD MILLER/vjv Date dictated 8/11/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

62-107060-3671  
ENCLOSURE



MP 62-3114

States as GOLIATH.

He stated the above letter was addressed to him at his former address in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, which he no longer recalled. He advised he had furnished this address to OSORIO at the time they were riding the bus together.

He advised that he no longer has the above letter or the photographs of CASTRO and OSORIO, and he did not recall what he had done with them.

He advised that he had not furnished the above information to anyone and did not think any more about it until after the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated that since the assassination, the above incidents in regard to OSORIO have been preying on his mind, and he thought that possibly if he had furnished this information prior to the assassination, it may have prevented the assassination as it possibly had some significance. He could not elaborate on this significance since he and OSORIO had not discussed the United States Government. President KENNEDY was a United States Senator at the time he met OSORIO, and at the time he received the letter from OSORIO.

He advised that he had not seen or heard from OSORIO since he received the above letter and had no idea as to his present whereabouts.

He described EFRAIN OSORIO as a Cuban; age, in his middle thirties; 5' 8"; 160 pounds; black hair; brown eyes; and olive complexion.

OSORIO made no statements concerning Russia or Communism and no derogatory statements concerning the United States.

Mr. LANDVIK advised that he occasionally has had lapses of memory when he did not know what he was doing. He advised that when he was 14 or 15 years of age, he had been confined in the University Hospital, Minneapolis, Minnesota, for treatment as a mental patient. He stated that he was in the United States Army from January 15, 1953, to November 20, 1953, and received a hospital-type discharge due to a

MP 62-3114

mental condition. He stated he had "blacked out" in the Army, and when he regained consciousness, he was in an Army Hospital in a strait jacket.

He stated that after his release from the Army, he "blacked out" again and was confined in the Minnesota State Mental Hospital, Fergus Falls, Minnesota, and was later transferred to the Veterans Administration Hospital at St. Cloud, Minnesota. He stated that he did not recall the dates he was confined at the above institutions.

He stated that at the time of the assassination of President KENNEDY, he was residing at Minneapolis, Minnesota, and he could not furnish any additional information concerning the assassination.

Mr. LANDVIK is described as a white male; born November 3, 1935 at Oslo, Minnesota; 5'10"; 165 pounds; blue eyes; brown hair; ninth grade education; marital status - single; residence - 3131 Findley Place, Minneapolis, Minnesota; Father - LEONARD LANDVIK (Deceased); military service - United States Army from January 15, 1953 to November 20, 1953, hospital-type discharge; serial number not recalled; unemployed.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *Alor*

DATE: August 25, 1964

FROM : C. A. Evans *EH*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

John F

*X* *D.C.* On the morning of August 25, 1964, a Mr. George Miller in the office of Mrs. Lincoln, the late President Kennedy's secretary, called my office. Mr. Miller stated Mrs. Lincoln, who has offices at the Archives, at the request of Mrs. John Kennedy is seeking information as to the location and availability of the clothing worn by the late President Kennedy at the time he was assassinated.

According to Miller, Mrs. Kennedy desires to obtain this clothing.

## ACTION:

Since the clothing in question is part of exhibits under the jurisdiction of the Warren Commission, it was suggested to Mr. Miller that the proper place to obtain the desired information was the Warren Commission. He stated he appreciated this advice and would contact the Warren Commission.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Stanley

CHS:tjm  
77C

REC-62 62-109060-3672

21 AUG 27 1964

79 AUG 28 1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 21 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

2-48PM CST URGENT 8-21-64 MW

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM DALLAS (89-43)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBURAD TO DALLAS, AUGUST TWENTY LAST, REQUESTING DATE NEXT  
REPORT IN CAPTIONED MATTER TO BE SUBMITTED AND ESTIMATE OF  
UNRESOLVED INVESTIGATION BEING HELD FOR INCLUSION IN SUBSEQUENT  
REPORT.

ANTICIPATED NEXT REPORT WILL BE SUBMITTED AUGUST TWENTYEIGHT  
NEXT.

UNRESOLVED INVESTIGATION IN CAPTIONED MATTER IN WHICH  
PARTIAL RESULTS IN POSSESSION OF DALLAS AT PRESENT TIME,  
ESTIMATED SIX DAYS, INCLUDING LEGATS AT BONN AND LONDON. IN  
THIS RESPECT IT SHOULD BE NOTED RECEIPT OF COMPLAINTS IN  
CAPTIONED MATTER IS CONTINUING ACTIVITY AND POSSIBLE FOR DALLAS  
NOT TO BE AWARE OF SOME COMPLAINTS PRESENTLY PENDING OTHER OFFICES.

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

red to PL  
8-24-64  
RDR:law

ENC 45

EX 109

62-109060-3673-RRR  
14 AUG 26 1964

PAGE TWO

BUREAU RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED CONSIDER DIRECTING APPROPRIATE COMMUNICATION TO ALL OFFICES IN CAPTIONED MATTER STRESSING NEED FOR EXPEDITING ALL OUTSTANDING INVESTIGATION. REQUEST IS MADE AS MISCELLANEOUS COMPLAINTS WILL CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED THROUGHOUT BUREAU AND INVESTIGATIVE RESULTS BY OTHER OFFICES ARE FURNISHED DALLAS AFTER COMPLAINT RESOLVED FOR SUBSEQUENT INCLUSION IN REPORT BY DALLAS IN ABOVE CAPTIONED MATTER.

END

JMS

FBI WASH DC

P

*cc. M. Lapp*

NOV 11 1964

FBI  
NOV 11 1964



8-24-64

CODE

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

EX 109

If regular radio contains missed, send by urgent plain text teletype at once.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

3673

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBUREAU RAD AUGUST TWENTY, LAST, AND URTEL AUGUST TWENTY ONE, LAST, CONCERNING POSSIBILITY OF ALL SAC COMMUNICATION TO EXPEDITE INVESTIGATION.

BASED ON INFORMATION AVAILABLE THERE DOES NOT APPEAR TO BE SUFFICIENT JUSTIFICATION TO CONTACT ALL CONTINENTAL OFFICES. BEFORE FURTHER CONSIDERATION GIVEN, ADVISE NUMBER OF CONTINENTAL OFFICES NOW ENGAGED IN INVESTIGATION. IF MAJORITY OF OFFICES NOT INVOLVED, DALLAS SHOULD INITIATE COMMUNICATIONS TO THESE OFFICES TO EXPEDITE. MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO INCORPORATE AS MUCH UNRESOLVED INVESTIGATION IN REPORT IN CAPTIONED MATTER AT EARLY DATE WITH APPROPRIATE COMMENT AS INDICATED IN REBUREAU RAD.

VIA RADIOGRAM

RDR:las

(5)

AUG 24 1964

NOTE:

ReBureau reminded Dallas to expedite all investigation in view of anticipated early winding up of President's Commission. Dallas in reButel requested Bureau consider All SAC communication to remind all offices to expedite investigation. It does not appear that more than 15 offices are now engaged in this investigation. If this is the case, All SAC communication should not be sent. Reports in above caption relate to miscellaneous allegations and Dallas does not report the investigation until it is completely

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

56 AUG 31 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

resolved for clarity and intelligent understanding of the Commission. Dallas has approximately 6 days work involving unresolved investigation and they have been advised to incorporate this material in report form with appropriate comment that the investigation is not complete. It is felt all investigation conducted to date whether completed or not should be furnished to the Commission so they will have a true picture of our investigative efforts.

12-11-66 15 15 15

ENCLOSURE

NR. 241606  
ENC. 1  
CK. 1  
APPROVED BY mae  
TYPED BY \_\_\_\_\_

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *abw*

FROM : A. Rosen *R*

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.  
IS - R - C

*Associations of President Kennedy*

At the request of J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's Commission, Mr. Sebastian F. Latona, Latent Fingerprint Section, Identification Division, and Malley met with Mr. Rankin, Mr. James Wesley Liebeler and Mr. Burt Griffin at the Commission office today.

Mr. Rankin advised that the members of the President's Commission were rather anxious to try to resolve a question that existed relative to the palm prints and latent fingerprints that had been developed on four cartons that were located on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building in the area of the window from which it is believed Oswald shot President Kennedy.

Mr. Rankin advised that the Commission had received/a number of pieces of correspondence concerning this matter wherein it was set forth that Oswald's prints had been found among the latent fingerprints and palm prints located on the cartons but they were concerned over the identity of the latent prints which had not been identified. He commented that the Bureau had obtained prints from the Bureau for elimination purposes from the employees of the Texas School Book Depository Building which Mr. Truly, the manager, believed might logically have a reason to have been in the area of these boxes. Mr. Rankin commented that Truly had strenuously objected to all of his personnel being printed at that time due to the loss of work being sustained by his company.

Mr. Rankin stated that the situation now exists where the Commission has not resolved the identity of these prints and it leaves room for the allegation and speculation that Oswald had a co-conspirator in killing President Kennedy. For this reason Mr. Rankin desired the Bureau to attempt to resolve this issue by whatever additional investigation was necessary, fully realizing the scope of the investigation that might be necessary. *62-109060*

Mr. Rankin stated that he would appreciate the Bureau's making an effort to obtain Mr. Truly's permission to print all of the employees of his company for elimination purposes. He advised that in the event there were any objections on Mr. Truly's part he would appreciate being told so that either he, Mr. Rankin,

JRM:job

CONTINUED - OVER

SEP 17 1964

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. DeLoach

DATE: August 28, 1964

1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Trotter  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

*Viper*  
Tolson  
DeLoach  
Callahan  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

or Chief Justice Warren could contact Mr. Truly to advise him of the importance of this matter to the Commission in order to obtain his full cooperation.

A detailed letter is being prepared by Mr. Rankin's office outlining the investigation that is desired and will be sent to the Bureau as soon as it is ready. In the meantime, the Dallas Office has been filled in concerning the request of the President's Commission in order that they could get started on this rather large request for additional investigation.

In addition to the foregoing, Mr. Rankin requested relative to the latent fingerprint and palm print impressions that a chart be made visually demonstrating the location of the latent fingerprints and palm prints developed on the four cartons. He stated that he would appreciate it if this chart would show the latent finger and palm prints that actually belonged to Oswald as well as the other impressions that were developed and remain unidentified. He stated he would appreciate these being numbered in such a manner that it would be easy for the Commission members or anyone else reviewing this matter at a subsequent date to follow the complete picture relating to these latent prints. Mr. Latona is proceeding with the preparation of the chart as requested.

Request for Additional Data Re Palm Print on Barrel of Assassination Rifle

Mr. Rankin advised several questions had been raised relative to the palm print found on the barrel of the assassination rifle located on the portion of the barrel which was attached to the wooden foregrip of the rifle. Mr. Rankin stated as he understood the matter the palm print located on the rifle barrel had been located by Lieutenant Day of the Dallas Police Department and had been lifted from the rifle by Lieutenant Day. He noted that the Dallas Police Department made no mention of this latent palm print for a number of days following the assassination. He commented that on November 23, the day following the assassination, Chief of Police Curry, when questioned by news media, answered that fingerprints had been found and when asked further questions about identification stated the rifle had been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory. On Sunday, November 24, District Attorney Henry Wade, when questioned before news media, made the statement that a palm print had been found. Mr. Rankin states that based on the information made available to the Commission the existence of this palm print was not volunteered to the Bureau until a specific request was made of the Dallas Police Department.

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Mr. Rankin further advised that when Lieutenant Day testified before the President's Commission he stated on finding the print he considered photographing it and had intended to do so and then lifted the latent palm impression. The Commission testimony does not show whether Lieutenant Day did or did not photograph the palm impression that he located prior to lifting the palm print impression.

In view of the foregoing, Mr. Rankin desired that Lieutenant Day of the Dallas Police Department be contacted to ascertain from him whether or not he did or did not make photographs of the latent palm impression that he found on the rifle barrel and if he did, in fact, make photographs to obtain such photographs and make them available to the President's Commission.

Mr. Rankin advised because of the circumstances that now exist there was a serious question in the minds of the Commission as to whether or not the palm impression that has been obtained from the Dallas Police Department is a legitimate latent palm impression removed from the rifle barrel or whether it was obtained from some other source and that for this reason this matter needs to be resolved.

During this discussion about the location of this latent palm impression there was considerable conversation about the use of fingerprint dusting powder, the procedure used by Mr. Latona in his examination of the rifle, and Mr. Rankin requested that an examination be made even at this late date to determine if any trace of a dusting powder other than that used by Mr. Latona could be located on the wooden foregrip of the assassination rifle. The Laboratory has been advised and is handling the requested examination.

Submitted for information.

*[Handwritten signatures: J, Rankin, G, V. Kuyper]*



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : The Director

DATE:

8-24-64

FROM : N. P. Callahan

SUBJECT: The Congressional Record

Pages A4468-A4489. Congressman Schadeberg, (D) Wisconsin, spoke regarding the report on the assassination of President Kennedy and stated "Since the investigation was made by a duly presidentially appointed committee and staffing paid by tax funds, it is unthinkable and unconscionable to even suggest that the findings be sold to the public." Mr. Schadeberg placed in the Record an editorial from the Janesville (Wisconsin) Daily Gazette of August 13th captioned "A Price on Kennedy Tragedy." The editorial states that in the investigation of the President's death "No corner, no personality, no motive could be hidden from this probe-in-depth, backed by all the vast facilities of the FBI or any other Federal agency as might be required."

*0*  
*ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F KENNEDY*

*62-109060-*

SEP 11 1964

In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for 8-21-64 was reviewed and pertinent items were marked for the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that portions of a copy of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted, and placed

56 SEP 23 1964 in case or subject matter files.

Original file 62-109060-173

August 27, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - J. M. Sizoo
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 3, 1964, and my letters dated August 13, 1964, and August 25, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weissman to six individuals having a connection with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Dallas Office dated August 21, 1964, incorporating the results of investigation conducted in connection with the above request. Also enclosed are two copies each of two communications from our New York Office both dated August 19, 1964, containing the results of our interviews with Mr. Bernard Weissman and Mr. George Senator.

In your letter you requested an interview of Officer G. M. Tippit of the Dallas Police Department to determine the extent of his relationship, if any, with Jack Ruby. For your information, Officer G. M. Tippit was interviewed on December 16, 1963, by Agents of this Bureau regarding his relationship with Jack Ruby. The report of this interview is recorded on Page 153 of the Dallas report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements dated December 19, 1963, captioned "Jack L. Ruby, aka; Lee Harvey Oswald, aka. - Victim, (Deceased); Civil Rights." For your convenience, the

1 - Dallas (89-0377) 10-12-64 SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR SAC, DALLAS

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

1 - 105-82555 (Jack Harvey Oswald)

1 - 44-24016 (Jack Ruby)

RDR:las (13)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

AUG 28 1964

ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-109060-361

REC'D-READING ROOM  
AUG 27 9 52 AM '64

REC-15

AUG 27 1964

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

substance of this interview is repeated in the enclosed communication from our Dallas Office. In view of the above, Officer Tippit was not reinterviewed.

The other investigation requested by you is being closely followed and when the results are received, you will be promptly notified.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (6)

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBullets to the Commission dated 8-13-64 and 8-25-64, copies of which were furnished to Dallas.

For the information of Dallas, the only other outstanding lead is the reinterview of Curtis LaVerne Crafard by the Portland division. This matter must receive close and continuous attention.

NOTE: Commission by let 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Mark Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in DL newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. The Portland Division is being followed separately to insure the reinterview is handled at the earliest possible time. When Portland results are received and the Commission is advised, it will conclude our inquiries in this particular matter.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

*8/19/64*

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/19/64

Attention:

FBI Laboratory

N.S.P.  
8-28-8

FROM :

SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

456889

Re Chicago airtel to Bureau dated 8/19/64.

Enclosed herewith is one ~~Bank Note~~ (1) \$5 Federal

Reserve Note, Series 1950C, Serial Number G58070975D

On reverse side of this note is the notation, "Will be murdered Nov. 22" and the names JACKIE KENNEDY and JOHN F. KENNEDY.

It is requested that the FBI Laboratory compare the handwriting appearing on the submitted specimen with that of any known samples of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

This bill was received in the normal course of business by a gas station owner in Cicero, Illinois, who cannot identify the person from whom he received the bill.

It is further requested that upon completion of examination, the FBI Laboratory forward this bill to the Chicago Division for return to the owner.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
- 1 - Chicago

DWS/glp  
(3)

ENCLOSURE

FILE REVIEW 2-4-66  
E B I  
REC 36  
AUG 21 1964

62-109060-3675

RECEIVED  
3 AUG 21 1964

WAS 4 006H 84  
FBI LABORATORY

*8-26-64*  
*pc:jmc*

SEVEN

*8/21/64*

PREVIOUS RECORD OF Examination of bill

TO :

FROM :

SUBJECT:

(3675) 8/20/64

To J. Lee Rappaport, 8/20/64  
President's Comm  
8-28-64





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
August 19, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
November 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

On August 18, 1964, Mrs. Lillian Menz, 5314 West 24th Street, Cicero, Illinois, furnished to Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a \$5 Federal Reserve Note, Series 1950C, Serial Number G58070975D. Mrs. Menz advised that her husband operates a gas station at 5601 West 35th Street, Cicero, Illinois, and that during the past week, date unknown, this \$5 bill was received in the normal course of his business. Mrs. Menz advised that her husband was unable to recall from whom he had received the bill.

The \$5 bill has on the border of the reverse side the following words written in pen:

"Will be murdered Nov. 22."

To the left of the picture of the Lincoln Memorial appears the name Jackie Kennedy. To the right of the picture of the Lincoln Memorial appears the name John F. Kennedy.

62-109060-3675

ENCLOSURE





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

1 - LAB FILE  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Raupach,  
Rm 5730

To: FBI, Chicago (62-6115)

Date: August 26, 1964

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

*J. Edgar Hoover*  
John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File #  
Lab. No.

62-109060  
D-456889 AX

367

Examination requested by: Chicago  
Reference: Letter 8/19/64  
Examination requested: Document  
Remarks:

Specimen Q614 has been designated as exhibit D-236.  
One photograph of D-236 is being forwarded to the Dallas Office  
for the completion of the Dallas file.

For the information of Chicago and Dallas, the Bureau  
will disseminate the results of the Laboratory examination and  
photographs to The President's Commission and the Secret Service.

NOTE: Dissemination of the Laboratory report and photographs  
has been co-ordinated with the Investigative Division.

MAILED 2  
AUG 26 1964  
COMM-FBI

ENCLOSURE

Enclosures (2) (2 copies - Lab rpt)

2 - Dallas (89-43) Enclosures (3) (Photograph of Q614, 2 copies -  
Lab rpt)

TO: Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_

100-675 (9)

Wm

Raupach 5730

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Copy

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

REPORT  
of the



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: **FBI, Chicago**

Date:

**August 26, 1964**

FBI File No.

**62-109060**

Lab. No.

**D-456889 AX**

Re: **ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Specimens received **8/21/64**

**Q614 One \$5.00 Federal Reserve Note, Series 1950 C, Serial  
Number G 58070975D bearing on reverse side the hand-  
written notation "will be murdered Nov 22" and the names  
"Jackie Kennedy" and "John F Kennedy"**

**Result of examination:**

The handwriting on Q614 was not identified in the  
Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this handwriting will be  
added to this file.

It was concluded that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in  
this case, did not prepare the handwriting on Q614.

Specimen Q614 will be retained in the Laboratory  
pending a determination as to when it can be properly released.

JCC:GFM (9)

ALL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 8/25/64

Transmit the following in

PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

Via

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau radiogram to Dallas, 8/24/64, instructing Dallas to initiate communications to offices having outstanding investigation in captioned matter, instructing them to expedite.

The following is a summary of unresolved allegations under investigation by other offices and Legats:

Re: FRIEDRICH RUDOLF BUSKE

[REDACTED]

Legat Bonn should be requested by Bureau to expedite.

Re: FLORENCE T. C. CABORE

New York has remaining outstanding investigation concerning this allegation and was requested by Dallas airtel 7/31/64 to expedite. New York advised by teletype 8/21/64 that investigation would be completed by 8/28/64, including necessary correspondence.

- 3 - Bureau  
1 - New York (89-75) (Info)  
1 - San Diego (62-1529) (Info)  
2 - Dallas

RPG/11

(7)

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

79 SEP 1-1964

REC-11 62-109060-3676  
AUG 27 1964  
cc retained  
a-T 8/27/64  
RDE/p.h.  
Sent M Per  
cc: Bonn, London  
action, DL, info  
0-7 8/27/64 RDE/p.h.



DL 89-43

Re: THOMAS HARVEY

Legat London's letter to Bureau, 7/9/64, reflected J. A. RAWLES was to be asked for more details about THOMAS HARVEY. Bureau requested to instruct Legat London to expedite

Re: FRANK C. LAGRANGE

New York has remaining outstanding investigation concerning this allegation. By Dallas airtel to New York, 7/31/64, New York was requested to expedite investigation referring New York to New Haven airtel to New York dated 6/17/64. New York advised Dallas by teletype 8/21/64, that investigation would be completed by 8/28/64 including necessary correspondence.

Re: DEATH CERTIFICATE OF  
PRESIDENT KENNEDY

San Diego airtel to Bureau, 8/22/64, indicated that San Diego would maintain contact with a PCI to identify individuals involved in plan to commercialize on death certificate of President KENNEDY. No data for inclusion in report re this allegation has been received by Dallas and San Diego is requested to expedite and to include entire investigation pertaining to this allegation in appropriate letterhead memo which will make it unnecessary for Dallas to include any inserts in a report. *Right*

Dallas presently endeavoring to prepare report for submission 8/28/64; however, if it appears that a delay of two to three days will make it possible to include any of the unresolved allegations, especially those from New York, such report will be thus delayed. *AR*

FBI

Date: 8/21/64

ENCLOSURE

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas dated 8/4/64 enclosing President Commission's letter of August 3, 1964, requesting that photographs of BERNARD WEISSMAN and deceased Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT be obtained and displayed to designated individuals.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating the results of investigation in this matter by the Dallas Division.

Outstanding investigation requested in referenced Commission's letter dated August 3, 1964, involves the interview and display of the aforementioned photographs to LARRY CRAFT by the Portland Office and interviews and display of the photographs by the New York Office to GEORGE SENATOR and WILLIAM D. CROWE.

This letterhead memorandum completes the Dallas phase of instant Commission's request.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 10)  
2 - Dallas

RJB:jtf

(5)

ENCLOSURE

2cc of LHM for Pres.  
Comm. let POP. doc.

8-27-64

AUG 25 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

C. G. VICK

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 SEP 1-1964

Special Agent in Charge



DL 100-10461

By Dallas airtel to the Bureau dated August 8, 1964, photographs of Officer J.D. TIPPIT were forwarded to the Bureau for transmittal to the President's Commission per their request. *done*

It is noted in the last paragraph of the Commission's letter of August 3, 1964, that an interview of Dallas Officer G. M. TIPPIT, member of the Special Service Bureau of the Dallas Police Department, was requested in order to determine the extent of his relationship, if any, with JACK RUBY. This Police Officer, GAYLE M. TIPPIT, was interviewed on December 16, 1963, by Bureau Agents regarding his relationship with JACK RUBY and the results are recorded on Page 153 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, December 19, 1963, Dallas, captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS", (Bufile 44-24016).

It is felt that the aforementioned interview of Officer GAYLE M. TIPPIT complies with instant request of the President's Commission, and it is being reported herein and no reinterview of GAYLE M. TIPPIT is believed necessary at this time. *I agree ppe*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
August 21, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

By letter dated August 3, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy advised that Mark Lane had testified before the Commission about an allegation that on November 14, 1963, there was a two-hour meeting at the Carousel Club between Bernard Weissman, Officer J. D. Tippit, and Jack Ruby. In connection with this allegation, the Commission requested that photographs of Bernard Weissman and J. D. Tippit be obtained and exhibited to George Senator, Andrew Armstrong, Larry Craford, Karen Bennet Carlin, Nancy Powell, and William D. Crowe in order to determine whether any of these individuals observed Weissman or Tippit at the Carousel Club at any time and whether any of these persons observed a meeting such as that described by Lane. TEXAS

Furthermore, the Commission requested that Bernard Weissman be reinterviewed to determine his whereabouts on November 14, 1963, and in particular in the evening hours.

The Commission also requested that Mrs. J. D. Tippit be reinterviewed as to whether or not she was aware of any contact between her late husband and Bernard Weissman.

The Commission further noted that Ruby claims he did not know Officer J. D. Tippit, who was killed on November 22, 1963, but he did know another member of the Dallas Police Department by the name of Tippit. The Commission requested that this latter officer be interviewed to determine the extent of his relationship, if any, with Jack Ruby.

62-109060-3677

ENCLOSURE

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

*Chit*  
*Dallas, Texas*

✓ On August 20, 1964, Andrew Armstrong, Jr., Apartment C, 3821 Dixon Street, and a warehouse employee at Goodman Produce Company, 1000 South Central Expressway, Dallas, advised upon viewing photographs of both Bernard Weissman and J. D. Tippit that he had never seen either individual before at any time, including the date of November 14, 1963, at the Carousel Club. Armstrong stated that Jack Ruby had mentioned to him at the time of the radio broadcast about Officer Tippit being shot that he, Ruby, knew Tippit; however, Ruby subsequently mentioned to Armstrong that it was another Tippit that was shot, and not the one he knew.

On August 20, 1964, Karen Bennett Carlin, Apartment 2, 1054 West Allen Street, Fort Worth, Texas, advised upon viewing photographs of J. D. Tippit and Bernard Weissman that she had never seen either of these two men talking together or with Jack Ruby prior to the assassination of President Kennedy in November, 1963.

*WORK*

✓ Carlin noted that after Jack Ruby shot Lee Harvey Oswald on November 24, 1963, there was a man who worked at the Carousel Club in Dallas, where she performed as a striptease performer, who vaguely resembled the photograph of Bernard Weissman, and who worked taking cover charges and generally helping around the club. She stated she did not know this man's name, could not describe him, and did not know from where he came. She stated he was there at the club only a few nights, and she never did learn his name. She noted that she could not positively state that this person was Bernard Weissman, but he had a general appearance of Weissman. She further noted that it was very dark in the club and it was possible that she could be mistaken.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

Nancy Powell, 1217 Clarence Street, Fort Worth, Texas, advised on August 17, 1964, that she has performed in the past in a strip-tease act at the Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas, when that club was operated by Jack Ruby. Upon viewing photographs of Bernard Weissman and J. D. Tippit, Miss Powell stated that she has never seen either Weissman or Tippit in a meeting together at the Carousel Club with Jack Ruby or anyone else. She does not know Weissman or Tippit.

On August 7, 1964, Mrs. Marie Tippit, 238 Glencairn, Dallas, advised that she is the wife of deceased Dallas Police Officer J. D. Tippit, who was killed on November 22, 1963. Mrs. Tippit viewed two different photographs of her late husband which had been obtained on August 6, 1964, from the Dallas Police Department, and she noted that the photograph of her husband in plain street clothes was taken in 1952, and the other photograph of Officer Tippit in a policeman's uniform was a snapshot taken in 1957. She noted that the latter photograph is the better likeness of her deceased husband. Mrs. Tippit stated that she has no additional good photographs of her husband as he had always neglected having a studio photograph made of himself.

Mrs. Tippit advised that Bernard Weissman is unknown to her, and she does not recall her husband ever having mentioned his name or having known such an individual.

On December 16, 1963, Gayle M. Tippit, Detective, Special Service Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised that he first began working for the Dallas Police Department in 1950, and soon thereafter, he met Jack Ruby, who was at that time operating the Silver Spur Night Club at 1717 South Ervay, in Dallas. Tippit was assigned to this area, and it was his duty to periodically check the Silver Spur, which was a combination dance hall and beer tavern. During this period of time, he became very well acquainted with Jack Ruby. He noted

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

that Ruby acted as his own bouncer and would forcibly expel anyone who caused trouble at the club. Ruby was very friendly and helpful to the patrolling officers and requested no special favors of the officers.

✓ In subsequent years Gayle Tippit had occasion to contact Ruby while the latter was operating the Vegas Club and the Carousel Club although his contacts in recent years have been infrequent. Tippit personally has no knowledge of any illegal activities on the part of Ruby, such as gambling, narcotics or prostitution. H/A

Detective Tippit advised he had not known Lee Harvey Oswald prior to the assassination of President Kennedy and had no information indicating a connection between Oswald and Ruby.

Detective Tippit stated that on November 24, 1963, he was on duty on the second floor of the Municipal Building at the time Oswald was slain by Ruby. Tippit was in the office of the Special Service Bureau and had no opportunity to see what was going on in the basement of the building. He did not see Ruby on that date. Tippit was not aware of the security plans concerning the transfer of Oswald to the County Jail but did note that he had to identify himself to patrolmen on duty on the third floor when he had occasion to go to that floor on the morning of November 24, 1963.



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060) DATE: 8/24/64  
FROM : *you*  
*01/2* Legat, Rome (62-168) (RUC)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/64, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReRomelet dated 7/7/64.

Since the time of referenced letter no additional pertinent information in this matter has come to the attention of this office. Any pertinent information which we may receive in the future will be promptly reported to the Bureau.

EX-102

REC-11

62-109060-3678

28  
13 AUG 27 1964

③ - Bureau  
(1 - Foreign Liaison)  
1 - Rome (62-168)  
JCM:hcs  
(4)

79 SEP 1-1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

REC-11

TO: *FM*  
FROM: *S*

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/19/64

SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: BERNARD WEISSMAN and GEORGE SENATOR

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of letterhead memorandums suitable for dissemination reflecting interviews with the above-referenced individuals.

*6-7 to NYC  
11/22/63  
8-27-64*

*L*

EXP. PROC.  
35

EX-100

REC-11

- (2) - Bureau (62-109060) (Encls. 12)
- 1 - New York (89-75)

62-109060-3679

EW0:1ac  
(3)

*Dec 20 1964*

21 AUG 24 1964

ENCLOSURE

*Let to Rep. Comm  
8-27-64*

*File*



69 SEP 2 1964

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York

August 19, 1964

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas

*Texas*  
Bernard Weissman, 439 South Columbus Avenue,  
Mount Vernon, New York, was interviewed on August 10, 1964,  
at the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
201 East 69th Street, New York, New York.

*WVB*  
Mr. Weissman advised that he had never been in the  
Carousel Bar in Dallas, Texas, and also that he had never met  
Jack Ruby or Officer J. D. Tippit.

He stated that during November, 1963, when he was  
in Dallas, Texas, he was employed by Carpet Engineers,  
Incorporated, 1002 South Beckley Street, in the Oakcliff  
section of Dallas, Texas. Mr. Weissman advised that he worked  
from 6:00 p.m. to approximately twelve midnight and believed  
he was working during the evening of November 14, 1963.

Mr. Weissman also stated that during his stay in  
Dallas, Texas, he resided at 4618 Reiger Street with William  
Burley. He stated that Burley presently resides at 3353 West  
33rd Avenue, Denver, Colorado.

Mr. Weissman consented to having his photograph  
taken, copies of which have been forwarded to The President's  
Commission.

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 10 1973

62-109060-3679

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
August 19, 1964

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas

TEXAS

~~X~~  
George Senator, Bristol Hotel, 129 West 48th Street,  
New York, New York, was shown a photograph of Bernard Weissman  
and Officer J. D. Tippit on August 19, 1964, and advised that  
he did not know either of these individuals.

CLUB

He also stated that he had never seen Weissman or  
Tippit in the Carousel Bar in Dallas, Texas, and had never  
seen either one of them in the company of Jack Ruby.

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 10 1973

(2)

62-107060-3679

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

REC-11

TO :

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/21/64

FROM :

SAC, PORTLAND (89-21)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFO CONCERNING

144/25  
W.D. [signature]

Remyairtel to Dallas, dated 8/13/64, and Dallas airtel to Portland, dated 8/17/64.

Enclosed herewith are the original and nine copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning the exhibiting of photos of J. D. TIPPIT and BERNARD WEISSMAN to CURTIS LA VERNE CRAFT, 1219 Birch Street, Dallas, Oregon, by SA VERN F. DAVIS.

Two copies of the letterhead memorandum are being forwarded to the Dallas Office for information.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 10)(RM)
- 2 - Dallas (100-10461)(Enc. 2)(RM)
- 1 - Portland

VFD:bsj  
(5)

ENCLOSURE

REC-11

62-109060-3680

28  
18 AUG 24 1964

EX-102

mailed to PD  
RDP: [signature]  
8-25-64

EX-102

31

SEE SER. 3729 FOR AMENDED LHM.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Portland, Oregon  
August 21, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Curtis La Verne Crafard, 1219 Birch Street, Dallas, Oregon, advised Special Agent Vern F. Davis that he had been employed by Jack Ruby at Ruby's Carousel Club and also at his Vegas Club in Dallas, Texas, principally as lights operator for the stage acts but also occasionally as bartender and doorman, and this employment covered the period around November 14, 1963.

Relative to Officer J. D. Tippit, the photograph of Tippit was shown to Crafard at his above address in Dallas, Oregon. He said that he does not recognize the photographs of Tippit as anyone he had seen in either of the above clubs. He does recall the name "Tippit" and recalls that he was in the presence of Ruby at the time the news came over the air concerning the assassination of President Kennedy and the death of Officer Tippit, and at that time Crafard recalls hearing Ruby refer to Tippit by name in a manner indicating to Crafard that Ruby knew Tippit. Crafard was unable to recall specifically what Ruby said.

Concerning Bernard Weissman, Crafard was shown the photographs of Weissman. He recalled the photographs as being of a man he recognizes as having been at the Carousel Club belonging to Ruby in Dallas, Texas, on a number of occasions. He has heard Ruby refer to Weissman by the name of "Weissman", and on several occasions has served Weissman drinks at the Carousel Club.

62-109060-3680

ENCLOSURE

SEE SER. 3729 FOR AMENDED LHM.

9/14/64

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Crafard stated that he was employed by Ruby on November 14, 1963, but he is quite certain that he was on that date at the Vegas Club. He has no recollection of a meeting at the Carousel Club or elsewhere of Ruby, Weissman and Tippit on that date or any other date.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

8-25-64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

EX-102

To: SAC, Portland (89-21)  
 From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

REC-71

3680

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

RePDlet and enclosed letterhead memorandum dated 8-21-64, relating to the interview of Curtis LaVerne Crafard.

The letterhead memorandum submitted by you is in need of correction. On page 1, paragraph 2, line 1, the name "Tippit" is incorrectly spelled. A revised page 2 should be submitted omitting the property stamp and rewording the first paragraph as follows:

"Crafard stated he was employed by Ruby on November 14, 1963, but he is quite certain he was at the Vegas Club on that date. Crafard had no recollection of Ruby, Weissman and Tippit meeting at the Carousel Club or elsewhere on 11-14-63, or on any other date."

The information furnished by Crafard is partially inconsistent with the known facts developed during this investigation. Bernard Weissman has denied knowing Jack Ruby or Officer J. D. Tippit and he has denied ever being in Ruby's Carousel Club. It is further pointed out that Ruby has admitted knowing one "Tippit" on the Dallas Police Department, but denied knowing the Officer J. D. Tippit who was murdered by Lee Harvey Oswald. Ruby also denies knowing Bernard Weissman. Extensive investigation has been conducted with regard to an allegation that a meeting took place some time prior to the assassination attended by Officer J. D. Tippit, Bernard Weissman and Jack Ruby. However, no reliable information has ever been developed substantiating this allegation.

MAILED  
 AUG 25 1964  
 COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

1 - Dallas (89-43)

1 - 44-24018 (Jack L. Ruby)

RDR:las

SEP 1-1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE PAGE THREE

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

Airtel to SAC, Portland  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

In view of the above, it will be necessary that Crafard be reinterviewed with regard to the above discrepancies in his statement. In order to facilitate the reinterview, the following pertinent background data is being furnished:

Crafard arrived in Dallas in approximately October, 1963, where he worked at the county fair and subsequently was employed by Ruby as a handy man. He is an itinerant by nature and left Ruby's employment on 11-23-63, after a disagreement. Crafard has been interviewed on numerous occasions and the Commission has taken a deposition from him. He is not considered reliable, is prone to exaggerate and there is some indication he is enjoying the notoriety.

Weissman arrived in Dallas on 11-4-63, and departed on 11-27-63. He resides in a New York City suburb and was one of several individuals who placed a controversial ad in a Dallas newspaper on 11-22-63, to correspond with President Kennedy's arrival in Dallas. This ad was initiated by members of the John Birch Society. Portland during reinterview of Crafard should specifically pin him down on the specific points he has furnished. In your reinterview of Crafard, you should insure he is not made aware of the above information, but your interview should be conducted in such a manner to elicit from him the following specific information:

1. Does he believe that the "Tippit" referred to by Ruby was in fact Officer J. D. Tippit who was murdered or is there a possibility Ruby could have been referring to another "Tippit."
2. Approximately how many times does he believe Weissman was at the Carousel Club and specifically what basis does he have for identifying Weissman as being a patron of this club.
3. In what connection did Ruby refer to Weissman.
4. All pertinent details concerning these above statements should be thoroughly gone into. For example, Crafard should be asked to describe Weissman. (For your information Weissman is 26, 5' 11", 154 pounds, slender, dark brown hair, brown eyes and fair complexion.)



Airtel to SAC, Portland  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

The Bureau cannot stress too strongly the importance of the allegations made by Crafard inasmuch as they have never been received before. You should determine why Crafard did not previously furnish this information.

The above reinterview should be promptly included in an appropriate letterhead memorandum to act as a supplement to your 8-21-64 letterhead memorandum without property stamp for transmittal to the Bureau without need for correction and/or revision. It is absolutely essential that extreme care be taken in the preparation of this document.

This matter must be immediately handled. The Bureau should be promptly advised of any delays encountered as the Commission is endeavoring to wind up its inquiry at an early date. Insure your letterhead memorandum is transmitted by airtel to facilitate its prompt handling at the Bureau.

**NOTE:** Commission by letter 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Mark Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. Although interviewed on numerous occasions Crafard has never furnished the above information. It is apparent his allegations must be promptly checked out. As the results of this matter are received, the Commission is being advised.



THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 3681

PAGE NO. ALL

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

86

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES

AGENT

# Memorandum

60  
X 11K

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/17/64

FROM : LEGAT, BONN, (62-36) (P)

*ALL INFORMATION  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/11/01 BY 60322 UCBAW*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 8/5/64, an article appeared in the Hamburg, West Germany newspaper "Die Welt" which stated that Mr. JOHN McCLOY would visit Germany this fall on a confidential mission related to his activities as a member of the Presidential Commission investigating the circumstances of the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

Officers of the Political Section of the Embassy have informed me that they have no information on this visit.

The above is for the Bureau's information and it is requested that should the Bureau receive any information regarding such a visit this office be informed.

XEROX

AUG 28 1964

- 3 - Bureau (1-Liaison)
- 1 - Bonn
- GAV:eds
- (4)

RECEIVED  
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
AUG 21 11 30 AM '64  
FBI  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

62-109060-3682  
AUG 21 1964

*Mr Rankins Secretary, Mrs Eide  
advised of above in Rankins  
no further request  
no other action necessary  
JEM.  
64 SEP 1 1964*

ST-104

*RECEIVED  
FBI  
AUG 21 1964*

MR. TROTTER, J. Edgar Hoover

8-27-64

A. K. Bowles, further action is being taken in this matter. However, the information concerning this  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

Sincerely yours,

**REQUEST FOR LETTER FROM FBI CONCERNING FINGER-  
PRINT EXAMINATIONS OF OSWALD'S PERSONAL EFFECTS**

Today, Stuart Pollak of the President's Commission telephoned to request a letter from the FBI showing the extent of the fingerprint analysis of all of the personal effects of Lee Harvey Oswald, so he will have the complete picture in one place. He was advised such a letter will be sent to the Commission in the near future.

William Fera, Clerk, Illinois, 2nd. Year's Island  
**ACTION:** A was station and received this bill, noting the  
actual course of business and a number to recall the individual  
from it. For information, the bill. The bill on the bill was  
not identified in the Storybook letter file, nor was it established  
105-82555, which was lost of Lee Harvey Oswald. No further action  
is being taken. A letter is being written. This letter  
is being written to the Laboratory.

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Conrad (Attention: Mr. Robert A. Frazier)

1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan)

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination) of President John F.

1 - 62-109030 (President's Commission) Kennedy

AKB:hs  
(9)

162-109060  
NOT RECORDED  
199 AUG 28 1964

68 SEP 1 1964

**BY COURIER SERVICE**

1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadigan)  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Raupach

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated August 19, 1964, Chicago, Illinois, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas." The memorandum pertains to a Five Dollar Federal Reserve Note, Series 1950 C, Serial Number G58070975D, bearing on the reverse side the handwritten notation "will be murdered Nov 22" and the names "Jackie Kennedy" and "John F Kennedy." Also enclosed are two photographs each of the front and reverse side of this Federal Reserve Note which were prepared by the FBI Laboratory.

It was concluded that Lee Harvey Oswald, K4 and K5 in this case, did not prepare the handwriting on Q614.

REC 4 62-109060-3683

**AUG 28 1964**

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:1a

RECEIVED DIRECTOR PAGE TWO

56 SEP 3 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



Honorable J. Lee Rankin

No further action is being taken in this matter. However, the information concerning this Federal Reserve Note is being furnished to United States Secret Service.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (6)

NOTE:

The \$5 bill was furnished to our Chicago Office by Mrs. Lillian Menz, Cicero, Illinois. Mrs. Menz's husband operates a gas station and received this \$5 bill during the normal course of business and was unable to recall the individual from whom he received the bill. The writing on the bill was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File, nor was it established that the writing was that of Lee Harvey Oswald. No further action is being taken and U. S. Secret Service is being advised. This matter was coordinated with the Laboratory.



PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

*afw*  
*me*  
J. LEE R.  
AUG 20

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

Your Bureau has submitted to the Commission a booklet entitled "Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, Photographs, Floor Plans, Parking Lots." We call your attention to the floor plan of the first floor designated as "Diagram B" and the floor plan of the second floor designated as "Diagram C."

We would like your Bureau to submit to us these diagrams, deleting the numerical references appearing in each of these diagrams. We would like included in the diagrams the scale which appears in the lower right hand corner of each diagram but the material in the lower left hand corner which has reference to camera locations should be deleted.

Your continued cooperation in the work of the Commission is appreciated.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

REC 42-109060-368

3 AUG 21 1964

*File in 42-109060-368*

*THREE*  
*FILE*

REC 4 62-109060-3684

August 26, 1964  
BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
AUG 26 12 08 PM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of August 20, 1964, requesting deletions to be made to two photographs contained in a booklet, previously furnished by the FBI, entitled "Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas."

Enclosed, per your request, are four glossy prints each of the following exhibits:

1. Texas School Book Depository - diagram of first floor.
2. Texas School Book Depository - diagram of second floor.

The enclosed material complies with the request in referenced letter.

BY COURIER SVC.

7 0 AUG 27

COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

XEROX

Enclosures (8)

Tolson

Belmont

Mohr

Casper

Callahan

Conrad

DeLoach

Evans

Gale

Rosen

Sullivan

Tavel

Trotter

Tele. Room

Holmes

Gandy

Mr. Belmont

Mr. Mohr (Halter)

Mr. Conrad (Sullivan) (Enclosures)

Mr. Sullivan

Mr. Tavel

Mr. Trotter

Mr. Tele. Room

Mr. Holmes

Mr. Gandy

79 SEP 2 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

6  
Dickinson, N. Dak  
August 22, 1964

Mr. Edgar Hoover:

Dear Sir:

I am sending you a clipping  
from Bohemian paper which I read  
I would like to know what's truth  
about it. That's the only paper I've  
it in. I thought you might be inter-  
ested in this. I'm sure you have someone  
to translate it. Please let me know  
what you make of it and what  
all about

Yours Truly  
Anton J. Volaky  
821-4th ave. west  
Dickinson  
North Dakota

P.S. When you are through with the clipping  
could you send it back to me please,

7C-9/27/64

ENCLOSURE

ack: 9/21/64  
CJS: ncf

62-109060

FORWARDED

*XPR*

SUMMARY FROM CZECH

Newspaper clipping enclosed with a letter to the Director from:

Anton J. Volesky  
821 - 4th Ave. West  
Dickinson, N. D.

\* \* \*

The clipping is from an unidentified Czech-language newspaper published in Chicago, Ill., of an article entitled, "A New Light On the Mystery of the Assassination of President Kennedy?"

*US*  
*Encl*

The article provides a brief summary of the theories on the assassination stated in a book, "Who Killed Kennedy?" by Thomas C. Buchanan published in London, i.e., that there was more than one person involved in a plot organized by Texas oilmen, who wanted to replace President Kennedy by Johnson, because they hoped, that he would change Kennedy's policy of relaxation of the international tensions and secure tax concessions for them.

SUMMARIZED BY: *DN*  
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv  
August 25, 1964 *DN* *for*

62-109060-3685

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

TRUE COPY

Dickinson No. Dak  
August 22, 1964

Mr. Edgar Hoover:

Dear Sir:

I am sending you a clipping from Bohemian paper which I read, I would like to know what's truth about it. That's the only paper I've seen it in. I thought you might be interested in this. I'm sure you have some one to translate it. Please let me know what you make of it and what it's all about.

Yours Truly

Anton J. Volesky  
821 - 4th ave West  
Dickinson  
North Dakota

P.S. When you are through with the clipping could you send it back to me Please.

REC-43 62-109060-368

3 AUG 28 1964

EX-108

ENCLOSURE



REC-43

62-109060-3685

August 27, 1964

*R. H. [unclear]*  
*J. M. [unclear]*

EX-108 Mr. Anton J. Volesky  
821 Fourth Avenue West  
Dickinson, North Dakota

Dear Mr. Volesky:

Your letter of August 22nd, with enclosure, has been received.

In response to your request, our report concerning the assassination of President Kennedy has been forwarded to the Presidential Commission which has the responsibility of making a finding in this case. Future dissemination of this information will rest with the Commission.

I am returning your newspaper clipping.

MAILED 4  
AUG 27 1964  
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:asl  
(3)asl

RECEIVED  
AUG 27 1964  
FBI  
J. Edgar Hoover  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

*Keyne*

*MAILED 4 26 PM '64*

RECEIVED SECTION

*[Handwritten signature]*

*DW*

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes

69 SEP 2 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

2-28-64  
Alfred A. Curran  
2557 Santa Ana Ave  
Costa Mesa, Calif.

Personal Data:

Profession: Ingenieur  
Marital Status: married  
2 children

Immigration To USA: 2-11-56  
Port of entrance: New York  
Abundant status quo ante: nascendi: Jan. 62.  
(Naturalized by: Distr. Judge Albert Stevens  
Distr. Court Los Angeles)

Age: 44

Addressing the Governor and the State-Legislature of  
the State of CALIFORNIA, of which I am a resident since June  
1959, I make the following STATEMENT:

During the month of April 1963, I took in MORSE CODE,  
at a speed, equal to or less than 20 words per minute,  
the following XXXXXXXX text, in distinguishable meanings:  
(Used Hallicrafter SA - 110)

THE LIFE OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS THREATENED BY HARVEY LEE  
OSWALD WITH AN ITALIAN SCOPE RIFLE FROM THE FIFTH FLOOR OF  
THE BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING IN DALLAS TEXAS!

This message was repeated three times. To my very  
understanding and belief, the sender was a profes-  
sional.

In fragments, I received at a much higher speed, equal to  
meaning: HE HAS ALREADY SELECTED HIS GIFT IN ARLINGTON!  
The same sending source also mentioned in rather undis-  
tinguishable coherence and conjunction, the name RUBY.

I have never revealed this knowledge to anyone else but  
the Att. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy, per letter!

However, since I took this message, I have ex-  
perienced professional discrimination and degradation equal  
to maltreatment practiced by the Nazi - Govt. I have reason  
to believe, that the Public Works Director of Newport Beach  
who was my employer at that time, tended to bring physical  
harm to me by wilful negligence of his duty.  
When I complained formally to Att. Gen. St. Mosk, regarding  
this condition, my employment was terminated in August 63.  
Ever since, I have not been able to find a professional job  
due to respective references furnished by said department  
to prospective employers. A Birch Society stimulus is very  
probable within this conspiracy to commit professional dis-  
crimination, and harassment.

I humbly ask the Governor and the State - Legislature  
to review this case, in which racial pressure groups etc.

RECEIVED  
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION  
AUG 27 11 29 AM '64  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

62-109060

Attention: The Honorable

8-24-64

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D.C.

In

Abdruck an den Herrn Leiter  
des US Bundesamtes ~~xxxxx~~ für Kriminalforschung  
mit dem höflichen Ersuchen um Kenntnisnahme und  
weitere Behandlung.

Dear Mr. Hoover!

This is to state, that, in the country from which I  
immigrated to the United States of America, I have  
predominantly performed duties equatable to that of  
an employee in the rank of STATE POLICEINSPECTOR  
with reference to the TECHNICAL SECTOR OF THE STATE  
ADMINISTRATION! I was likewise paid in this rank-class.  
It appears here, for reasons unknown to me, that  
certain forces, unidentifiable so far, by my very  
evaluation subversive and hostile to constitutional  
law and traditions, continually concentrate to make  
genuine work, or productive work impossible through  
perpetual harassment and mental subversive cruelties.  
This, I do believe, has nothing to do with party  
affiliation (I am a registered Republican).

It is further, such, that a power structure in the  
Technical Sector of this southern region, by whatever  
sources influenced escapes my recognition and compre-  
hension, tends to devalue, degrade and discriminate.

I certainly had not the advantage to grow up in this  
country and do not know a great deal of routines that  
grow out of a long lasting employment with one corpora-

Neither do many employees, in certain academic posi-  
tions know, what they are supposed to, with regard to the  
respective positions... My pertaining experience then  
refers to an organized mafia movement within the stan-  
dard bearing ~~xxxxxxxxxx~~ technical authorities in this reg-

It is further my private opinion, regardless of the  
findings of any commission, that the assassination of  
President Kennedy was in effect an organized plot, of  
other people - possibly as much intimidated as myself,  
had knowledge through the MORSE CODE MESSAGE!

With respect and reverence, sincerely

Antel tel. ACK  
RVR. 8.4  
8-31-64

8-28-64

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach (G. E. Malmfeldt)
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Los Angeles (89-75)  
 From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

REC-21

3686

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

621  
 Bapwux 1920

Enclosed for Los Angeles and Dallas is one copy each of a letter from Alfred A. Curran of Costa Mesa, California, dated 8-24-64, a true copy of the reverse side of this letter dated 2-28-64 and an envelope postmarked at Long Beach, California, 8-25-64.

2557 Santa Ana Ave

The above envelope and letter were received at the Bureau on 8-26-64. No information identifiable with Curran could be located in Bureau files.

Curran should be contacted, his letter acknowledged and full details developed concerning his receipt of alleged Morse code messages during April, 1963, predicting the assassination of President Kennedy by "Harvey Lee Oswald." The results of interview should be incorporated in a letterhead memorandum without property stamp and promptly submitted to the Bureau. Your letterhead memorandum should also include Curran's letter, a paragraph concerning its receipt at the Bureau and any readily available information indicating Curran may be suffering from a mental illness.

Extreme care must be taken in the preparation of this letterhead memorandum. Subsequent reporting of this matter by Dallas is not required and no inserts should be prepared by Los Angeles. Since the Commission may wind up its inquiries in the immediate future, Los Angeles must expedite its investigation.

ENC 31 2 35 AM '64

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
  - Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
  - Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
  - Casper \_\_\_\_\_
  - Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
  - Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
  - DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
  - Evans \_\_\_\_\_
  - Gale \_\_\_\_\_
  - Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
  - Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
  - Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
  - Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
  - Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
  - Ingram \_\_\_\_\_
  - Gandy \_\_\_\_\_
- Enclosures (3)  
 1 - Dallas (89-43) Enc. (3)  
 RDR:las (8)

MAILED 30  
 AUG 28 1964  
 COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Handwritten signatures and initials: "Rosen", "PIL", "ris", "2"

SEP 3 1964 ROOM [ ] TELETYPE UNIT [ ]



NOTE:

Curran's letter is rambling and quite incoherent. In places and while there is reluctance to initiate such investigation on an apparent mental case, it is nevertheless felt we have the responsibility to check this matter out in view of the allegations and the fact Curran indicates he has also advised the Attorney General of this information. We have not received a referral from the Department. When the LHM is received, it will be disseminated to the President's Commission and Department.



Alfred A. Curran  
2557 Santa Ana Ave  
Costa Mesa, Calif.

Personal Data:

Profession: Ingenieur  
Marital Status: married;  
2 children  
Immigration to USA: 2-11-56  
Port of entrance: New York  
Abeundi status quo ante: nascendi: Jan. 62.  
(Naturalized by: Distr. Judge Albert Stevens  
Distr. Court Los Angeles)  
Age: 44

Addressing the Governor and the State-Legislature of  
the State of CALIFORNIA, of which I am a resident since June  
1959, I make the following STATEMENT!

During the month of April 1963, I took in MORSE CODE  
at a speed, equal to or less than 20 words per minute,  
the following ~~XXXXXX~~ text in distinguishable meaning:  
(Used Hallicrafter SX - 110)

THE LIFE OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS THREATENED BY HARVEY LEE  
OSWALD WITH AN ITALIAN SCOPE RIFLE FROM THE FIFTH FLOOR OF  
THE BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING IN DALLAS TEXAS!

This message was repeated three times. To my very  
understanding and belief, the sender was a profes-  
sional.

In fragments, I received at a much higher speed, equal to  
meaning: HE HAS ALREADY SELECTED HIS SPOT IN ARLINGTON!

The same sending source also mentioned in rather undis-  
tinguishable coherence and conjection the name RUBY.

-----  
I have never revealed this knowledge to anyone else but  
the Att. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy, per letter!

However, since I took this message, I have ex-  
perienced professional discrimination and degradation equal  
to maltreatment practiced by the Nazi - Gvt. I have reason  
to believe, that the Public Works Director of Newport Beach,  
who was my employer at that time, tended to bring physical  
harm to me by wilful negligence of his duty. *ne*

When I complained formally to Att. Gen. St. Mosk, regarding  
this condition, my employment was terminated in August 63.

ENCLOSURE

REC-21

62-109060-3686

10 SEP 1 1964 *SIV*

Ever since, I have not been able to find a professional job, due to respective references furnished by said department to prospective employers. A Birch Society stimulus is very probably within this conspiracy to commit professional discrimination, and harassment.

I humbly ask the Governor and the State - Legislature to review this case, in which radical pressure groups exercised Nazi practices to influence en mass fellowemployees against me.

Respectfully,  
/s/ ALFRED A. CURRAN

# Freedoms Foundation at Valley Forge

Freedoms Foundation was founded in 1949 to undergird our constitutional Republic and combat the increasing threat of Socialistic Communism to the American Way of Life. Dwight D. Eisenhower is Honorary Chairman and Herbert Hoover is Honorary President.

Non-profit, non-sectarian, non-partisan and non-political, the Foundation's sole purpose is to encourage all Americans to understand and defend the rights, freedoms and responsibilities they enjoy as Americans under our constitutional democratic form of government.

Using the free enterprise principle of incentive and reward, Freedoms Foundation conducts an annual National Awards program based on the American Credo which reaches into Main Street, U.S.A., encouraging and stimulating citizens of every age level to think, write, speak and act in behalf of the American Way of Life.

Since the inception of the National Awards program in 1949, over 1,000,000 entries have been received from students, teachers, businessmen, ministers, members of the armed forces, writers, broadcasters, actors, civic leaders, communities, schools, colleges, companies—from Americans in all walks of life. During this period over 12,000 individuals, companies, organizations and communities have received Freedoms Foundation awards which are in the form of cash awards of \$50 to \$5,000, George Washington Honor Medals, plaques, Teachers Medals, Freedom Libraries and student-teacher pilgrimages to Valley Forge and other historic sites.

During the past twelve years, Freedoms Foundation has proven itself to be one of the most effective means of rededicating our youth to pride and understanding of the American Heritage and in stimulating adults to reaffirm and perpetuate their beliefs in the American Way of Life.

Membership in Freedoms Foundation is open to all interested in preserving and perpetuating the American system of free men.

Annual Membership dues are as follows: Students \$1; General \$5; Supporting \$10; Active \$25; Contributing \$100; Sponsor \$365; Membership contributions are deductible for income tax purposes. Individual, school, church, union, company and organization memberships are invited. Members receive the Foundation's News Bulletin. To join send your Membership Contribution to Freedoms Foundation, Valley Forge, Pennsylvania.

62-109060-3686

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 8/28/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)(P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO: Dallas)

Re San Diego airtel to the Bureau dated 8/22/64 and  
Dallas airtel to the Bureau dated 8/25/64.

*Potential Criminal & informant*

- ③ Bureau  
1 - Dallas (89-43)  
3 - San Diego { 2 - 62-1529  
                  1 - [redacted]

THC:Mm  
(7)

REC-21

62-109060-3687

EX-112

AUG 31 1964

B.D. Wick

68

Approved: 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

*4th*  
*R. Lee Rankin*  
J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

AUG 31 1964

*Ref. [unclear]*

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In order to establish that no curtain rods were found in the Texas School Book Depository Building following the assassination, we request that your Bureau interview Roy S. Truly, Building Superintendent, to inquire whether he knows of any curtain rods having been found in the building after November 22. We also request that you ask Mr. Truly whether it would be customary for such discovery to be called to his attention.

Your cooperation in the work of the Commission is appreciated.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

EX-100  
SEP 1 1964

330  
35

62-109060-3686

REC-34

21 SEP 1 1964

111-X1

*1cc [unclear]*  
*[unclear]*

XEROX  
Str 2 104

*tel to Sec. Dulles  
9/1/64*



8-31-64

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10431)  
From: Director, FBI (100-82558)  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

Reurtele 8-23-64.

Your item #1, a stub of a bus ticket issued by Transportes del Norte (Mexican bus line) #13645, price \$83.75 (MX) showing travel from Mexico, D. F., to Laredo, Texas, which bears a black stamp on the back "Transportes del Norte, Set. 30, 1963, Mexico, D. F., J. Cascon," and your item #6, a library pass in the name of Lee Harvey Oswald, dated April, 1963, written in the Russian language, were examined for latent prints but none were developed.

Laboratory reporting separately and advising as to disposition of all submitted items.

*Assassination of  
President John F.  
Kennedy*

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lumbard)
- 1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)
- 1 - 62-109060 (President's Commission)

EFL:sm  
(12)

62-109060-  
NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 3 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

79 SEP 4 - 1964

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)  
ATTN: IDENTIFICATION DIVISION  
LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION  
SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

8/31/64

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.  
IS - R - CUBA

Re telephone call from Inspector JAMES R. MALLEY, 8/28/64, instructing that major case prints of all individuals known to have been on the Sixth Floor of the Texas School Book Depository on November 22, 1963, and all individuals who could possibly have touched the four cardboard boxes on which were found OSWALD's palm prints and fingerprints, together with several unidentified palm and fingerprint impressions; Bureau letter to Dallas, 11/29/63, containing the results of the latent fingerprint examination of the four cardboard boxes (Latent Case # 46903; Bureau letter to the President's Commission dated 3/30/64, in which it is stated that 19 identifiable latent fingerprints and 6 identifiable latent palm prints had been found on cartons near the Sixth Floor window of the Texas School Book Depository; and Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 6/16/64, enclosing major case prints of certain employees of the Texas School Book Depository.

Enclosed are the major case prints of the following employees of the Dallas Office of the FBI:

SA VINCENT E. DRAIN, who obtained the cartons from the Dallas PD on 11/27/63. (Prints taken 8/29/64 by SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT.)

Clerk L. JOSEPH HERSLEY (Prints taken 8/29/64 by SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT.)

Clerk CARL E. WALTERS (Prints taken 8/28/64 by SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT.)

③ - Bureau (Enc. 5) (RM)  
2 - Dallas

RPG/jtf  
(5)

162-109060-  
NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 4 1964

DL 100-10461

Clerk FOREST L. LUCY (Prints taken 8/28/64 by SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT.)

(The above three clerks have occasion to handle mail and assist in the wrapping of packages in the Dallas Office.)

SA NAT A. PINKSTON, who was on the Sixth Floor of the Texas School Book Depository immediately after the assassination. (Prints taken by SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT, 8/31/64.)

It is requested that the unidentified latent fingerprints and palm prints found on the cartons, which were near the Sixth Floor window of the Texas School Book Depository be compared with the enclosed major case prints.

Additional major case prints are being taken of employees of the Texas School Book Depository, as well as Police Officers who are known to have been on the Sixth Floor of the Texas School Book Depository on 11/22/63, and such major case prints will be furnished to the Bureau as soon as obtained.

MR. TROTTER

8-31-64

S. F. Latona

75  
LEW HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

**LATENT PRINT EXAMINATION**

A stub of a bus ticket issued by Transportes del Norte (Mexican bus line) #13003, price \$33.76 (US) showing travel from Mexico, D. F., to Laredo, Texas, which bears a black stamp on the back "Transportes del Norte, Oct. 30, 1963, Mexico, D. F., J. Cascon," and a library pass in the name of Lee Harvey Oswald dated April, 1962, written in the Russian language, were received from the Dallas Office for latent print examination.

Specimens examined, but no latent prints developed.

Dallas and Investigative Division being advised.

Specimens retained.

**ACTION:**

For information.

105-82553

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James E. Malloy)

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. E. E. Lonihan)

① - 62-100060 (Assassination) of Pres. J. F. Kennedy

1 - 63-100090 (President's Commission)

BFL:ecr

(10)

62-109060 -

NOT RECORDED

15 SEP 9 1964

79 SEP 10 1964

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Stokes, 645 RB

1 - Mr. Coni  
1 - Mr. Griffin  
1 - Mr. Cadigan

August 31, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

On August 27, 1964, Commission employee Miss Elaine Johnson requested photographs of FBI Exhibits designated as K74 and Q332. Enclosed are two photographs of these exhibits.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures

(2) COURIER SVC.  
7 C. AUG 31  
COMM-FBI

NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 1 1964

19 AUG 31 1964

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

CC: GFM (5)

ENCLOSURE

62-109060  
SEP 2 1964

NOTE:

K74 is a block of forms of the Transportes Frontera Bus Line. Q332 is a Transportes Frontera Bus Company passenger list covering a trip made by bus number 340 from Mexico City to Laredo, Texas, October 2-3, 1963.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM  
AUG 31 11 44 AM '64

MOON JIAN Q1338  
T 907



PLAIN TEXT

9/1/64

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Raupach

TO SAC DALLAS (89-43)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER

TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

COMMISSION BY LETTER DATED AUGUST THIRTYONE, SIXTYFOUR  
STATES IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH THAT NO CURTAIN RODS WERE FOUND  
IN THE TSBDB FOLLOWING ASSASSINATION REQUESTS THAT ROY S. TRULY  
BE INTERVIEWED TO DETERMINE IF HE KNOWS OF ANY CURTAIN RODS  
HAVING BEEN FOUND IN THE BUILDING AFTER NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO.  
ALSO ESTABLISH FROM TRULY WHETHER IT WOULD BE CUSTOMARY FOR SUCH  
DISCOVERY TO BE CALLED TO HIS ATTENTION.

SUBMIT RESULTS OF TRULY'S INTERVIEW IN LHM, AND IT WILL NOT  
BE NECESSARY TO INCORPORATE TRULY'S INTERVIEW IN A SUBSEQUENT  
REPORT. EXPEDITE.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 1 1964

KMR/map  
(3)

TELETYPE

NOTE: Commission by letter dated 8/31/64 requested Roy S. Truly  
Superintendent of the TSBDB, be interviewed to establish if curtain  
rods were found in the building following November 22, 1963.  
Commission also requested to determine from Truly whether it would  
be customary for such discovery to be called to his attention.

COPIES DESTROYED

SEP 2 1964

SEP 4 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☐  
Callahan ☐  
Conrad ☐  
DeLoach ☐  
Evans ☐  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☐  
Tavel ☐  
Trotter ☐  
Tele. Room ☐  
Holmes ☐  
Gandy ☐

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 8/31/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS;  
11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated February 26, 1964, from W. D. Griffith concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On August 31, 1964, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, called SA Cortlandt Cunningham, Physics and Chemistry Section, and advised that in the course of this project the Commission had inadvertently failed to request three copies of Commission Exhibit 364. She noted that this exhibit was in the custody of this Bureau and requested that three photographs be delivered personally to the Commission at the earliest possible time.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner of the Document Section.

ACTION: The Exhibit will be photographed and three copies will be supplied to the Commission as requested. This exhibit will be retained in Bureau custody.

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention - C. Q. Smith)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Jevons
- 1 - Office, Room 7133
- 1 - Mr. Frazier
- 1 - Mr. Neill
- 1 - Mr. Kittel

REC-34 10 SEP 1 1964

HRK:kw  
(13)

(continued - over)

XEROX

SEP 2 1964

70 SEP 3 1964

COMMISSION EXHIBIT

No. 364 (C10A)

Replica sack, a facsimile of paper  
bag used to transport rifle

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Stokes, 645 RB

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Cadigan

September 1, 1964

By Courier Service

REC'D - READING ROOM  
FBI  
SEP 1 9 58 AM '64

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

*Commission of  
President John F.  
Kennedy*

Dear Mr. Rankin:

On August 27, 1964, Commission employee  
Miss Mary Ann Rowcotsky telephonically requested two  
photographs of the exhibit designated as FBI Item 446.  
The requested photographs are enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

19 SEP 1 1964

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060  
NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 2 1964

*[Handwritten signature]*

Enclosures (2)

62-109060

NOTE: Item 446 is the U. S. Passport  
issued to Lee Harvey Oswald, on  
June 25, 1963.

BY COURIER SUC.  
7 8 SEP - 1  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

JCC: GFM: kw  
(9)

9 SEP 4 - 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Cunningham  
1 - Office, Room 71

September 1, 1964

By Courier Service

SEP 1 1 39 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In accordance with the telephonic request of Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky on August 28, 1964, another photograph of Commission Exhibit 749 (the negative of the photograph of Oswald holding the rifle) along with one print of this negative was delivered to Miss Rowcotsky on this date.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060

NOTE: Miss Rowcotsky advised that the Commission had need for another photograph of Commission Exhibit 749 and that she needed another for the printer as well as a print of the negative of Oswald holding the rifle. The negative is Commission Exhibit 749. Copies of photographs furnished are attached to yellow.

BY COURIER SVC.

79 SEP -2-

COMM-FBI

CBC:nlb (9)

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 2 1964

SEP 2 1964

ENCLOSURE

79 SEP 4-1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



8-2-64

Airtel

62-109060-

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10401)  
From: Director, FBI (105-82555)  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

Reurlet August 31, 1964, submitting major case prints of SA Vincent E. Drain, L. Joseph Hornsley, Carl E. Walters, Forest L. Lucy, and SA Nat A. Vinanton for elimination purposes.

One latent palm print on Box A identified as right palm print of Forest L. Lucy. Two latent fingerprints on Box B, one latent fingerprint on Box C, and two latent fingerprints on Box D identified as fingerprints of Forest L. Lucy.

Fourteen latent fingerprints and five latent palm prints remain unidentified on the boxes.

The submitted prints are being retained.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan)
- ① - 62-103000 (Assassination) of President
- 1 - 62-103000 (President's Commission)

John F.

Kennedy

RGW:scs  
(11)

61 SEP 10 1964

Mr. Belmont

September 2, 1964

A. Rosen

1 - J. P. Mohr  
1 - M. P. Callahan  
1 - I. W. Conrad  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan)  
(R. E. Lenihan)

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

PURPOSE

To recommend the attached letter be sent to the President's Commission pursuant to its inquiry advising them that personnel of this Bureau conducted an estimated 25,000 interviews since the assassination on 11-22-63.

DETAILS

On 8-2-64, Howard P. Willens, Staff Member of the Commission, telephonically contacted J. R. Malley and requested to be advised of the estimated number of interviews conducted by this Bureau since 11-22-63. Willens made specific reference to a prior Bureau letter dated 8-12-64, wherein the Commission had been advised we did not keep track of the number of such interviews conducted and that to obtain this figure would be an enormous undertaking. Willens nevertheless stated it would greatly aid the Commission in endeavoring to give the Bureau credit for work performed if the Commission could be furnished some rough estimate of the number of interviews conducted without resorting to a physical count or other time consuming project.

BACKGROUND

The Commission by letter 8-7-64, stated it intends to incorporate in its final report the extent of the "excellent" investigative efforts undertaken by the Bureau since 11-22-63, and in this regard requested certain statistical data, including the number of interviews conducted by this Bureau. By letter 8-12-64, we advised the Commission that over 1750 investigative reports comprising more than 17,200 pages had been furnished to the Commission and we also summarized some of the major special services and projects handled for the Commission. The Commission was specifically advised we did not keep track of the number of interviews conducted by virtually every FBI field office and representatives abroad and that to develop this information would be an extremely laborious and time consuming project.

Enclosure

62-109090

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)

1 - 105-82535 (Leo Harvey Oswald)

1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

RM:las (13) of President John F. Kennedy

CONTINUED - OVER

62-109060

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 8 1964

56 SEP 10 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont  
RE: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

DATA FOR ESTIMATE OF 25,000 INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED

This matter was discussed with Bureau supervisors in the Domestic Intelligence Division and General Investigative Division who have handled the three distinct phases of this matter since its inception. These phases are generally referred to as the Lee Harvey Oswald background investigation, assassination investigation and the Jack L. Ruby Civil Rights investigation. Based on the supervisors intimate knowledge of these matters an estimated figure of 25,000 interviews conducted was arrived at which they feel is conservative.

RECOMMENDATION

That the attached letter be sent to the Commission advising that this Bureau conducted an estimated 25,000 interviews since the assassination of President Kennedy on 11-22-63.



September 2, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 21, 1964, requesting that affidavits be obtained from Mr. L. J. Lewis and Mr. B. M. Patterson.

Affidavits have been obtained from the above individuals and two copies of each are enclosed. Also enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated August 27, 1964, Dallas, Texas, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald" which pertains to this matter.

105-82555

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination) Sincerely yours,

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:las (11)

President John F. Kennedy

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 8 1964

Enclosures (6)

**NOTE:** Commission stated that the interviews of the above individuals to be used in its published report relating to the murder of Officer Tippit and they desired affidavits from each specifying that their report of the interview was a correct representation of what each witnessed on 11-22-63. Lewis, a wholesale car dealer, and Patterson, a cafeteria employee, were on a used car lot along the escape route, from where Officer J. D. Tippit was murdered. Each heard shots and saw a white man carrying a gun, pass the used car lot. Lewis could not identify Oswald. Patterson did identify Oswald and also saw him discard his zipper jacket. Neither of these individuals were actual witnesses to the shooting. Each of the above reviewed our report of their interview and certified it was materially correct, however, made clarifications to original comments. No further action necessary. In Patterson's affidavit he stated he did not specifically recall having been exhibited a photograph of Oswald during his interview of 1/22/64, and desired

79 SEP 10 1964

(NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO)

NOTE CONTINUED:

this paragraph to be deleted as an official reporting of that interview.

During Patterson's interview on 8-26-64, he observed two different photographs of Lee Harvey Oswald, at which time he advised this person (Oswald) is positively and unquestionably the same person he saw at approximately 1:30 PM, 11/22/63. This information is contained in the LHM furnished to the Commission and no further action necessary.

In the L. J. Lewis affidavit he stated upon hearing the gunshots (which were connected with the shooting of J. W. Tippit) Lewis indicated he immediately called the Dallas Police Department followed by the comments he observed a white male running south on Patton Avenue carrying either an automatic pistol or revolver in his hand and was attempting to reload same. In Lewis' original interview on 1/21/64, he indicated he heard the shots, observed a white male with a pistol or revolver in his hand, running and was either attempting to reload or conceal the weapon in his belt line, followed by the comment that he then went into the office of a used car dealer and called the Police Department. Therefore, Lewis' affidavit is nothing more than the clarification of when he called the Police Department.



1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Tamm  
 2 - Mr. Sullivan  
 (Mr. Stokes, 645 R)

1 - Mr. Conrad  
 1 - Mr. Griffith  
 1 - Mr. Cadigan

September 3, 1964

By Courier Service

SEP 3 11 23 AM '64  
 REC'D-READING ROOM  
 FBI

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
 General Counsel  
 The President's Commission  
 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Pursuant to the request of Mr. W. David Slawson of your staff, FBI Exhibit D-233 is transmitted herewith.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

19 SEP 4 1964

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 8 1964

Enclosure

NOTE: Mr. Slawson telephoned Supervisor Stokes on 9/2/64, for this exhibit which is a pamphlet entitled "This Week - Esta Semana" for the period 9/28 to 10/4/63, which is a tourist and entertainment guide for Mexico and which was found by Marina Oswald among her effects.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_

JCC:G (109)

62-109060

September 3, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of  
President John F.  
Kennedy*

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to the telephone call of Mr. Norman Redlich of your staff on July 22, 1964, requesting the preparation of visual aids depicting the whereabouts of Lee Harvey Oswald after the assassination and the location of eyewitnesses who saw Oswald in the vicinity of the Tippit killing.

Enclosed are four glossy prints each of the following visual aids which were prepared from information selected by the Commission from documented records:

1. Whereabouts of Lee Harvey Oswald between 12:33 P. M. and 1:50 P. M. on November 22, 1963. The distances indicated are based upon speedometer readings recorded by Inspector Leo J. Cauthier while tracing the described route in an automobile on August 17, 1964.

BY COURIER SVC.

COMM - FBI

2. Location of eyewitnesses to the movements of Lee Harvey Oswald in the vicinity of the Tippit killing.

NOT RECORDED

The enclosed visual aids previously approved by Mr. Redlich and comply with his referenced telephone call

LJC:mah (8)

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. Malley)

1 - Mr. Conrad (Attention: Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Enclosures (2))

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. DeLoach

Enclosures (8)

Sincerely yours

(SEE NOTE OVER)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

NOTE: The Commission's request in this matter was followed continuously resulting in conferences held with Redlich on July 23, 1964 (Memo, Gauthier to Callahan 7-24-64). A preliminary chart was submitted to Redlich on 7-28-64 at which time he decided to hold this matter in abeyance until such time as the Commission could furnish additional information. This matter was again discussed with Redlich on 8-12-64 and on 8-26-64. He approved the preliminary charts. It is to be noted that all materials selected by the Commission for visual aids are basically subject matter already submitted to the Commission by the FBI prepared in report volumes, visual aids, scale models, etc. Indications are the requests for visual aids will continue until all information needed for the preparation of the Commission's final report has been submitted with possible extensions to cover additions to and modifications of material already submitted right up to the time of final printing. Requests for visual aids are being made by report writers approved by Mr. Rankin for additional graphic illustrations which will be used to clarify obscure technical points which will appear in the final report.

September 3, 1964

1 - J. P. Mohr  
1 - N. P. Callahan  
1 - I. W. Conrad  
1 - C. D. DeLoach  
1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Braniga)  
1 - (R. E. Lenihan)

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Shroder  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 12, 1964, concerning the scope of this Bureau's investigative efforts since the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy. Reference is also made to a telephone conversation between Mr. Howard P. Willens of your staff and Mr. J. R. Malley of this Bureau on September 2, 1964, relative to our making an estimate of the number of interviews conducted by personnel of this Bureau since November 22, 1963.

As you were previously advised in my letter dated August 12, 1964, we did not keep track of the number of interviews conducted by virtually every one of our fifty-six continental field offices and our representatives abroad. Based on the most recent request of Mr. Willens, an effort was made to arrive at a reasonable estimate of the number of such interviews conducted, without resorting to a physical count or engaging in a laborious, time-consuming research project. In line with the above, it is estimated FBI personnel conducted 25,000 interviews since November 22, 1963. It is pointed out this figure took into consideration interviews and reinterviews in all matters investigated by this Bureau arising from the assassination of President Kennedy.

62-109090

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)  
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)  
1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

Sincerely yours,

NOT RECORDED

RDR:las (15)

NOTE: See Rosen to Belmont memo captioned "The President's Commission, Assassination of the President," 9-2-64, RDR:las.

56 SEP 10 1964

1 - Mr. Sullivan  
(Mr. Lenihan)  
2 - Mr. Rosen  
(Mr. Malley) (Mr. Rogge)

1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Shaneyfe

September 3, 1964

By Courier Service

*Assassination of  
President John F.  
Kennedy*

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Special Agent Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt of the FBI Laboratory furnished a deposition at the Commission offices on the morning of September 1, 1964. At the conclusion of the deposition, Mr. Norman Redlich of your staff requested that Special Agent Shaneyfelt furnish a letter advising the distance from the President at the time he was struck in the head by a bullet (frame 313 of the Zapruder assassination film) to the mark on the curbing removed from the south side of Main Street that has been referred to in previous testimony as Shaneyfelt Exhibit number 34. Special Agent Shaneyfelt has determined that the distance from the President's location in frame 313 of the Zapruder film to the mark on the curb on the south side of Main Street near the underpass is approximately 260 feet.

81 SEP - 3

COMM-FBI

REC 30 62-109060-3690  
Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

19 SEP 4 1964 bll:bl

NOTE: During the testimony of SA Shaneyfelt at the Commission on 9/1/64, he was asked the distance from the mark on the south side of Main Street to the President at the time the President was hit in the head by a bullet. SA Shaneyfelt did not have this figure available and therefore, was requested to furnish it by letter so that it can be made a part of his testimony.

Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

62-109060

XEROX

79 SEP 10 1964

SEP 8 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

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SEP 9 9 38 AM '64  
FBI  
RECEIVED-READING ROOM

62-109060



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malley ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 9/2/64

FROM : A. Rosen *Rem*

1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. R  
1 - Mr. Hinc

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Inspector Tom Kelley, U. S. Secret Service, called Malley today and advised he had been in touch with J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's Commission, late on the afternoon of 9/1/64, and Rankin stated he was going to accompany Senators John Sherman Cooper (R. -Ky.) and Richard B. Russell (D. -Ga.) and Congressman Hale Boggs (D. -Ga.), to Dallas on Sunday, 9/6/64, leaving Andrews Field in a Jet Star Presidential Plane at 9:00 a. m., and would probably return to Washington the same evening. Kelley indicated that Rankin requested that he, Kelley, advise Malley of this trip in order that consideration could be given to whether or not Malley would accompany the aforementioned individuals to Dallas.

Following receipt of this information from Inspector Kelley, Malley talked with Rankin, at which time Mr. Rankin stated that there was no real purpose for Malley making the above-mentioned trip unless he desired to do so. He stated that Senator Russell and Congressman Boggs had not previously been to Dallas and were desirous of making a firsthand check of the various locations of interest in Dallas.

In addition, Mr. Rankin advised that since Senators Cooper and Russell were of the opinion there were a number of questions which should be asked of Mrs. Marina Oswald which were not asked when she appeared before the President's Commission to furnish testimony, they desired to interview her in Dallas under oath rather than have her again return to Washington for testimony.

## RECOMMENDATION:

Based on the information made available by Mr. Rankin, there does not appear to be any reason for Malley to make the above-mentioned trip to Dallas on Sunday 9/6/64. Unless advised to the contrary, Malley does not plan to make this trip to Dallas, based on the specific comments of Mr. Rankin.

REC 30 62-109060-3691

EX 101

21 SEP 4 1964

SEP 8 1964

SEP 11 1964

JRM:mpd (7)

*Inspector Kelley advised Malley would not make trip 9/4/64. Dean*

SIX

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Office, Room 7133

DATE: 9/2/64

1 - Mr. Stombaugh

Tolson	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
DeLoach	
Felt	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

Mr. Conrad

FROM

R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS,  
TEXAS, 11/22/63

Mr. Melvin Eisenberg of the President's Commission telephonically contacted SA Paul M. Stombaugh on 9/1/64, relative to certain questions regarding fiber examinations conducted in this case for inclusion in an affidavit he is preparing for SA Stombaugh's signature. A resume of this conversation is as follows:

Mr. Eisenberg desired to know what mercerized cotton is. He was told this is cotton that has been chemically treated and which process removes much of the twist naturally present in cotton.

He inquired as to whether or not the degree of twist in cotton was regarded as a main characteristic used for comparison purposes. SA Stombaugh answered that the twist was a minor individual characteristic used, the shade of the fiber being the main characteristic.

He asked what delustered fibers were and the significance of the spots on these fibers. The answer given was that delustered synthetic fibers are those that have been chemically treated to remove the luster or shine from the fiber. The resulting spots from this chemical action are fairly uniform in size and are used as a major individual characteristic for comparison purposes.

Mr. Eisenberg then inquired if the small tuft of cotton fibers removed from the butt of the assassination rifle contained several different shades of each color. He was told that the gray-black and orange-yellow cotton fibers each contained one shade; however, the blue cotton fibers contained two different shades of blue.

1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Malley

62-109060

PMB:bsm (8)

REC 30

EX-101

36 SEP 4 1964

XEROX  
SEP 8 1964

64 SEP 11 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-29

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad  
Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS,  
TEXAS, 11/22/63  
62-109060

He then asked the approximate number of fibers in the tuft, whether or not these matched those in Oswald's shirt, and whether or not the cotton in this shirt was mercerized. The answer was there were six or seven fibers in the tuft. The blue fibers matched two of the three shades present in the shirt and the gray-black and orange-yellow fibers matched the gray-black and orange-yellow fibers present in the shirt. The cotton in the shirt was mercerized, the twist of the cotton fibers in both the shirt and the tuft from the rifle being fairly uniform.

Mr. Eisenberg then asked how many different shades of green cotton fibers were in the blanket (found in Paine's garage) and was told approximately seven. He then inquired if the several green cotton fragments removed from the paper bag (found near the rifle) matched any of these. He was told they matched one of the shades.

He inquired whether or not the delustered brown viscose fibers present in the blanket had uniform delustering spots. He was told the spots varied in size with the various fibers as the fibers were of different diameters. However, the brown viscose fiber fragment from the paper bag microscopically matched some of these fibers in diameter and delustering characteristics.

Mr. Eisenberg then stated that he had neglected to place into evidence the glass microscope slides containing the fibers removed from the gun and the paper bag, the hairs removed from the blanket and the known hair samples obtained from Oswald. He inquired whether or not these are still available and upon receiving an affirmative answer, stated the introduction of these would be included in the affidavit.

SA Stombaugh is to be contacted by a representative of the President's Commission in the near future to obtain his signature on the affidavit and to turn over the glass slides for evidentiary purposes.

**ACTION:**

For information.

AIRTEL

9/2/64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

To: **DALLAS (89-43) (Enc 2)**

REC 30

From: **DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)**

-3693

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT**

**JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

11/22/63

**DALLAS, TEXAS**

**MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION**

**CONCERNING**

Enclosed for Dallas are two copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 9/1/64 requesting considerable investigation. Every effort should be made to expedite the request of the Commission and furnish same in an appropriate letterhead memorandum for dissemination.

It is recognized that all of the investigation requested cannot be completed at one time and it is suggested that as each phase is completed that an appropriate letterhead memorandum be submitted so that the Commission can be kept advised of our progress without waiting for the entire matter to be handled.

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:imt  
(8)

MAILED 19  
SEP 2 1964  
COMM-FBI

*FOR* *ris*

NOTE: The Commission's letter is four pages in length and requests collaborative investigation concerning early developments in the assassination primarily dealing with allegations that generally do not adhere to facts developed by us. For example, additional investigation concerning Oswald being seen at a rifle range practicing, additional investigation regarding Oswald allegedly driving a demonstrator car prior to the assassination at speeds in excess of 70 miles an hour, allegations concerning his being seen in a barber shop. None of these allegations appear to have any basis. As the results are received the Commission will be notified.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Malone
- Parsons
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

68 SEP 11 1964

MAIL ROOM

UNIT

XEROX

SEP 8 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-8255-1

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. MCCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,  
General Counsel

SEP 1 1964

*Liberal*  
*Shirley*  
*R. R. G. E.*

2  
3  
Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The Commission would appreciate your conducting the following additional investigation for us:

1. Mr. Garland Slack, 3130 de Lee Street, Dallas, Texas, has testified before the Commission that on November 17, 1963, he was present at the Sports Drome Rifle Range in Dallas where he observed a man whom he thought to be Lee Harvey Oswald. He testified that while there he became involved in an altercation with this man because this person was firing at his target. Slack also said that he observed "a tall boy" wearing a beard accompanying the man he thought to be Oswald, and that the two of them left together in an older model 4-door sedan. Mr. Slack testified that his wife, Lucille, was present with him on this occasion at the firing range.

Please interview Lucille Slack and obtain from her all information which she has in regard to the above incident at the firing range. Among other questions, you should be sure to ask Mrs. Slack to describe the person who became involved in the argument with her husband, whether she believes that the man was Lee Harvey Oswald, and whether she believes that the bearded person at the firing range was a companion of the man her husband believes to have been Oswald. Also ask Mrs. Slack to describe the gun that the man believed to be Oswald was firing, and determine whether Mrs. Slack noticed any unusual blast or flames when the rifle was fired. Did the gun have a scope or a sling? If so, of what type? Also ask Mrs. Slack when she believes her husband first noted the similarity between the man he had seen at the firing range and Lee Harvey Oswald; if she believes that the man was Oswald when did she first notice the similarity? You might also in a subtle manner attempt to

34-SEP-2-1964

EXP. PROC.  
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

REC 30

62-109060-3693

EX 101

16 SEP 2 1964

SEP 8 1964

XEROX  
9-2-64  
PDR:unt



obtain from Mrs. Slack an evaluation of her husband's veracity.

*Texas*  
2. In the report from the Dallas Office of your Bureau dated February 25, 1964, it was reported that on the preceding day Special Agent C. Ray Hall, with the use of a polygraph, interviewed Albert Guy Bogard in regard to his allegation that on November 9, 1963, he gave a demonstration ride to a man who visited the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury salesroom in Dallas and gave his name as Lee Oswald. The report indicates that the emotional responses recorded by the polygraph were those normally expected of a person telling the truth. However, the report provides only a summary of the questions which were asked Mr. Bogard. Would you please provide us with as detailed a report as possible concerning the precise questions asked of Mr. Bogard and his answers to these questions.

3. In the report prepared by Special Agents C. Ray Hall and Maurice J. White on December 11, 1963, covering an interview with Mr. Oran Paul Brown, 101 Savannah, Waxahachie, Texas, it appears that Mr. Brown provided corroboration for the testimony of Mr. Bogard. Mr. Brown stated that one to two weeks before the assassination Bogard asked him to service Oswald if he appeared in the salesroom while Bogard was not in, and that Brown wrote Oswald's name on a slip of paper which at some time he brought home with him. Mr. Brown further stated that when he returned home on the evening of November 22, 1963, his wife asked him what he knew about Oswald since she had seen Oswald's name on a piece of paper among his effects. Please interview Mrs. Brown to determine whether or not she ever observed the name "Lee Oswald" on a piece of paper among Brown's effects and whether or not she ever made the remark to her husband which he ascribed to her.

Also, reinterview Oran Brown to determine whether or not on November 22 he himself saw Mr. Bogard remove a business card from his wallet which he claimed bore Oswald's name and throw this card in the refuse.

*Texas*  
4. Also, in connection with the testimony of Mr. Bogard, please interview a Mr. Wilson who was a salesman at the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury at the time of the assassination, and reinterview Jack A. Lawrence, 144 10th Avenue, South Charleston, West Virginia, and Robert V. Peter, 3737 Higgins, Dallas, who also previously were salesmen at this showroom. Determine from all three men the circumstances under which they first learned of Mr. Bogard's allegation that Oswald had been a prospective customer; in particular, determine whether any of these men themselves saw Bogard take a card from his wallet, announce that Oswald's name was upon it, and tear up the card and throw it in the trash. *Dallas, Texas* *Texas*

As to Mr. Wilson, also determine whether he has any knowledge about Mr. Bogard's having used Wilson's demonstrator car to make a demonstration to a prospective customer on November 9, 1963. Before the assassination, did Bogard ever mention anything to Wilson about such a demonstration or about the customer to whom he made the demonstration?

As to Mr. Lawrence, he has previously stated to Special Agents John B. Woodruff and Leon R. Graben, on December 11, 1963, that Bogard "wrote up papers covering the sale of this car to Oswald"; determine precisely what "papers" Lawrence was referring to and the basis upon which he made such statement. Mr. Lawrence also stated that "as a result" of his calling Mr. Bogard's allegation to the attention of the FBI "his leaving his employment in Dallas at the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury Company was speeded up and occurred the same day he made the call." Determine the basis upon which he believes that his discharge was connected with his calling this matter to the attention of the FBI; when he called the FBI, did Mr. Bogard or Mr. Pizzo, the assistant sales manager, or anybody else oppose his doing so? Ascertain the surrounding circumstances. *Dallas* *7-14*

As to Mr. Teter, who has previously informed your Bureau that Lawrence had at one time told him that he had received a bad conduct discharge, determine whether and when he related this fact to Mr. Pizzo; if he did so inform Mr. Pizzo, what was Pizzo's reaction to this information?

Also, please reinterview Mr. Bogard himself to determine whether he spoke to anybody other than Mr. Pizzo about the prospective customer he believes was Oswald prior to the date of the assassination. If Mr. Bogard does not recall doing so, ask him, in particular, whether or not he ever spoke to Mr. Brown about this customer and asked Brown to service the customer for him if the customer should appear in the evening when Bogard was not in the showroom. Also ask Mr. Bogard whether he prepared a write-up sheet on the customer or merely wrote his name on the back of his business card. If he did not prepare a write-up sheet, why did he not do so? *TEXAS*

5. Clifton M. Shasteen, 2214 Fairfax, Irving, Texas, who owns Clifton's Barber Shop, 1321 South Storey, Irving, has testified before the Commission that a man he believes to have been Lee Harvey Oswald was in his barbershop on several occasions prior to the assassination for haircuts. He testified that on at least two occasions the person believed to be Oswald was accompanied by a 14 year old boy, who was also in the barbershop by himself on other occasions, and also that he saw the man thought to be Oswald drive to the barbershop in Mrs. Paine's station wagon. Please interview the barbers who worked for Mr. Shasteen during October and November of 1963. A Mr. Burt Glover and a Mr. Buddy Lowe (or Low) were employed by Shasteen during this period; it is not clear whether or not there were other barbers in Shasteen's shop during this time. Determine whether the other barbers recall a customer in the shop who they believe resembles or was in fact Lee Harvey Oswald. Shasteen *TEXAS*

testified that the person he believes was Oswald was in the shop on one occasion on a Friday evening close to 7:00 p.m. at about the time that Shasteen was leaving for a high school football game; this was either on November 1 or November 8, 1963. Referring to the occasion on which Mr. Glover cut this person's hair, Shasteen testified as follows:

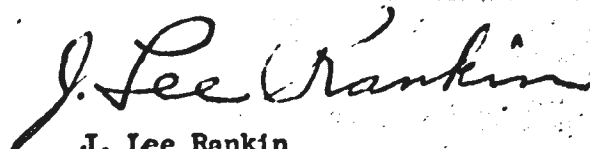
"he went around and instead of using his back bar to look in the mirror and comb his hair, he went down to the one at the middle chair and just rudely pushed out of the way and he go up there and combed his hair and turned his water on, you know, and got some more oil and put on it, on his hair, and he didn't say thank you or excuse me or nothing. He just pushed in there---those things make you remember."

Obtain from the barbers as complete a description as possible of the physical appearance of any person they believe resembled Oswald, including a full description of his apparel; also ascertain as much information as possible about any person who may have accompanied a man resembling Oswald to the barbershop and also ascertain whether the man resembling Oswald was seen driving a car to the barbershop, and if so, obtain a description of the car.

Mr. Shasteen also testified that his "brother-in-law used to live right across the street from" Mrs. Paine; he also testified that he owned some property in Irving which he rents to others. Please re-interview Mr. Shasteen in order to obtain the addresses of his brother-in-law's former residence and the rental property which he owns, and then attempt to verify the information which he provides you.

The Commission appreciates the continuing cooperation of your Bureau.

Sincerely,



J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION  
ON THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20002  
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN  
Chairman  
RICHARD B. RUSSELL  
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER  
HALE BOGGS  
GERALD R. FORD  
JOHN J. McCLOY  
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

AUG 31 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

*TEXAS*  
*P.E. 1. Burt Ruff*  
*W.D. 1. Ruff*  
*J.W. 1. Ruff*  
Bernard Weissman has advised in an interview in your New York office on August 10, 1964, that during November 1963, he was employed by Carpet Engineers, Inc. 1002 South Beckley, Dallas, Texas, that he worked from 6 p.m. to approximately midnight, and that he believes he was working during the evening of November 14, 1963.

We would appreciate your contacting Carpet Engineers, Inc. and attempting to verify each of the above statements of Mr. Weissman.

Thank you for your continued cooperation.

Sincerely,

*J. Lee Rankin*

J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel

*End to DE COPY*  
*9-2-64 Ruff*

REC 30

62-109060-3694

EX-101

11 SEP 1 1964

XEROX  
SEP 8 1964

*S-ael*

CODE

9-2-64

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J.W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC DALLAS (89-43)

EX 101 REC 30

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060) — 3694

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER

TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION  
CONCERNING.

REBUREAU AIRTEL AUGUST FOUR LAST, BUREAU LET TO PRESIDENT'S  
COMMISSION AUGUST TWENTYEVEN LAST AND NEW YORK LET TO BUREAU  
AUGUST NINETEEN LAST CONCERNING DISPLAY OF PHOTOGRAPHS OF  
OFFICER J. D. TIPPIT AND BERNARD WEISSMAN TO INDIVIDUALS CONNECTED  
WITH CAROUSEL CLUB.

COMMISSION BY LET AUGUST THIRTYONE LAST MAKES REFERENCE TO  
RE NEW YORK LET FURNISHING RESULTS OF WEISSMAN INTERVIEW ON  
AUGUST TEN LAST, COPY OF WHICH NOT FURNISHED DALLAS. IN NEW  
YORK LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM WEISSMAN STATED DURING NOVEMBER SIXTY  
THREE HE WAS EMPLOYED CARPET ENGINEERS, INC., ONE ZERO ZERO TWO  
SOUTH BECKLEY, DALLAS WORKING SIX PM TO MIDNIGHT AND BELIEVES HE  
WAS WORKING DURING THE EVENING OF NOVEMBER FOURTEEN SIXTYTHREE.  
COMMISSION REQUESTS VERIFICATION OF THE ABOVE.

2 - New York (89-75) (By mail)

RDR/mep  
VIA RADIOGRAM (SEE PAGE TWO FOR NOTE)

SEP 2 1964

79 SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

RECORDED COPY FILE



RADIOGRAM TO SAC DALLAS  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

FOR INFORMATION DALLAS, NEW YORK LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM  
ALSO INDICATES WEISSMAN RESIDED AT FOUR SIX ONE EIGHT REIGER  
STREET WITH WILLIAM BURLEY DURING STAY IN DALLAS. EXPEDITE  
AND FURNISH RESULTS IN APPROPRIATE LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM.  
NEW YORK IMMEDIATELY FURNISH COPY OF RE NEW YORK LET AND  
ENCLOSED LETTERHEAD MEMORANDA TO DALLAS. NEW YORK ADVISED  
BY MAIL.

NOTE:

If regular radio contact missed, send by urgent teletype,  
plain text, at once.

Commission by letter 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Mark  
Lane, before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at  
Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman,  
J. D. Tippet and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page  
ad in DL newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippet,  
was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this  
allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed.  
It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude  
possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying  
photographs of Weissman and Tippet to 6 individuals associated  
with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club.  
Weissman during interview indicated he was employed during pertinent  
period. Commission requests verification, and when it is received  
results will be furnished to President's Commission.

NR.	021802
ENC.	JRF
CK.	JR/RTS
APPROVED BY	Cye
TYPED BY	

## Memorandum

AUGUST 31 1964

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE:

FROM : *HJM*  
Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General,  
Criminal Division

SUBJECT:

B. before 1884Enclosed for your information is a letter addressed  
to the Attorney General by Dr. R. S. de Ayllon.PONCIANO ARRIAGA 28  
Mexico D.F. Mexico

Enclosure

mexico US Europe*antel sent Legat Mexico  
9/2/64 RDA/jol  
enclosing copy Dept. 3  
Set + its enclosure*

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

ENCLOSURE

REC 30

EX 101

62-109060-3695

10 SEP 1 1964

*[Handwritten signatures and stamps]*EXP-PROC  
SEP 1 1964

9/2/64

Airtel

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan (R.E. Lenih)

To: Legat, Mexico (Encs. 2) 1 - Mr. Rogge

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — 3695

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

11/22/63.

DALLAS, TEXAS

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for Legal Attache Mexico and Dallas is one copy of a letter from the Department dated 8/31/64, and a true copy of a letter from Dr. R. S. deAyllón dated 7/7/64, which is self-explanatory.

Legal Attache Mexico, through sources, endeavor to locate and interview Dr. deAyllón concerning the information he allegedly has developed concerning a plot presumably relating to the assassination of President Kennedy. At the time of interview his letter to the Attorney General should be acknowledged. The results of investigation as well as a copy of Dr. deAyllón's letter and a short paragraph concerning his letter being referred by the Department to the FBI should be incorporated in an appropriate letterhead memorandum without property stamp for dissemination to the President's Commission.

Should it be necessary to conduct any additional investigation in Mexico, same should be initiated through sources promptly and the full results incorporated in one letterhead memorandum. No subsequent reporting of this investigation by Dallas is desired. No information in Bureau files on deAyllón.

Expedite as Commission endeavoring to wind up inquiries in immediate future.

1 - Dallas (89-43)(Enclosures 2)

1 - Foreign Liaison (Orally approved by SA J.J. Foarde, Jr., 9/2/64)

MAILED 4  
SEP 3 - 1964  
COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

RDB:app  
(7)

265 1 SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

RECEIVED

SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



**NOTE:**

The Department by letter dated 8/31/64 referred Dr. deAyllón's letter to us for our information. In the letter the 80-year-old Mexican doctor states he received information about a plot presumably relating to the assassination, that he investigated this information for 3 months and substantiate what he "thought." He declines to furnish the information he developed in writing and asks the Attorney General's opinion as to whether he should write to the Chief Justice or the FBI. It is doubtful Dr. deAyllón has any information of value to the assassination, however, in view of Oswald's known travels to Mexico and the allegation by Dr. deAyllón it is felt he should be appropriately interviewed. When the results are obtained the Commission will be notified.

FBI

Date: 9/2/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

Via \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau teletype to Dallas advising that the President's Commission by letter dated August 31, 1964, had requested an interview with ROY S. TRULY to establish that no curtain rods were found in the Texas School Book Depository building following the assassination. *R*

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting the interview of ROY S. TRULY as requested. The contents of this letterhead memorandum will not be incorporated in any report submitted by Dallas in accordance with instructions in referenced teletype.

ROY S. TRULY was interviewed by SA C. RAY HALL.

*1cc each retained as tickler KMR  
2cc LHM for Pres. Comm. let  
KMR: lny  
9-4-REC 30*

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)  
2 - Dallas

EX 101

17 SEP 8 1964

RPG:jtf  
(5)

ENCLOSURE

*0-726  
11 connections  
date in LHM  
caption  
and*

*Handwritten signature*

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
September 2, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS**

By letter dated August 31, 1964, the President's Commission requested that Roy S. Truly, Warehouse Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, (TSBD) be interviewed to determine if he knows of any curtain rods having been found in the TSBD building after November 22, 1963. It was also requested that it be established through interview of Truly whether it would be customary for such discovery of curtain rods to be called to his attention.

On September 1, 1964, Mr. Roy S. Truly, Warehouse Superintendent, TSBD, advised that he is certain no curtain rods were found in the TSBD building following the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy on November 22, 1963. He stated that it would be customary for any discovery of curtain rods to immediately be called to his attention and that he has received no information to the effect that any curtain rods were found subsequent to the assassination of President Kennedy.

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 12 1973

62-109060-3696  
ENCLOSURE

EX 101  
REC 31

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

62-109060-3696

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 31, 1964, requesting an interview with Mr. Roy S. Truly, Warehouse Superintendent of the Texas School Book Depository Building, to determine if he had knowledge of any curtain rods being found in that building.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated September 2, 1964, Dallas, Texas, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas," which reveals the results of the interview with Mr. Truly.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060  
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

MR:las (8)

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Commission by letter, dated 8-31-64, requested Roy S. Truly be interviewed to establish if curtain rods were found in the Texas School Book Depository Building following November 22, 1963. They also requested to determine from him directly whether it would be customary for such a discovery to be called to his attention. Our interview determined no curtain rods were found and that it would be customary that such information would be brought to Truly's attention.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Rm.
- Holmes
- Gandy

SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 4 3 30 PM '64  
FBI  
REC'D-READING ROOM

SEP 10 1964  
I 8 30

IN FILED AUG 30 1964

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach (Correspondence Unit)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 26, 1964, relating to Mrs. Mark E. Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed are two copies each of two self-explanatory communications from our Dallas Office both dated September 1, 1964, concerning information furnished by Mr. Lee E. Bowers, Jr., on August 20, 1964, and August 28, 1964.

For your information, the interview of Mr. Bowers on November 22, 1963, is recorded on page forty-three in the Dallas report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated November 30, 1963, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald, Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas, Assaulting Federal Officer."

During interview on August 28, 1964, Mr. Bowers was assured that the information related by him to the FBI had not been furnished to Mrs. Mark E. Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma.

- 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43)

62-109060

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

Enclosures (12)  
Enclosures (4)

Sincerely yours,

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR SACS, OKLAHOMA CITY AND DALLAS

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

BY COURIER SVC  
8 4 SEP  
COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

79 SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

SEP 4 3 31 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
B I



**NOTE FOR SACs OKLAHOMA CITY AND DALLAS:**

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

ReDLairtel and enclosed communications dated 9-1-64, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald, aka., IS - R - Cuba," relating to information furnished by Mr. Lee E. Bowers, Jr.

Subsequent reporting of the information furnished to the President's Commission by Dallas is not desired.

NOTE: This is the 25th letter to the Commission on Martin who is the subject of SAC Letter 64-23 (B) dated 4-28-64, based on her continuing prolific letter writing campaign to vilify the Director and the FBI. She has been described as a "bright nut" and since the assassination has been conducting her own investigation. Bowers was a "tower man" for the Union Terminal Company of Dallas and was assigned to the "north tower" close to the Texas School Book Depository building on 11-22-63. He heard 3 shots reported what he had seen which does not appear to have much significance to our investigation. Bowers advised on 8-20-64, he was telephonically contacted by one Mrs. Mark Martin of Tulsa, Oklahoma, who questioned him about the assassination. Bowers stated it was "quite evident" to him Mrs. Martin was in possession of information he previously furnished to the Dallas PD and FBI. Martin was persistent in her questioning of Bowers and although he refused to answer most of her questions he did give her some information to her. It appears Martin will continue to conduct her own investigation. The above information is being furnished in line with our prior dissemination of similar data.



FEDERAL

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20537

## REPORT

of the

## IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

## LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION

YOUR FILE NO. 100-10461  
 FBI FILE NO. 105-82555  
 LATENT CASE NO. 47008

September 4, 1964

TO: SAC, Dallas

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
 IS - R - CUBA

REFERENCE: Letter 9-2-64  
 EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY: Dallas  
 SPECIMENS:

Major case prints of Carl Edward Jones, Harold Dean Norman, Edward Shields, and Roy S. Truly

The previously unidentified latent impressions appearing on the four cardboard cartons in this case are not identical with the submitted major case prints.

Submitted prints retained.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont  
 1 - Mr. Conrad  
 1 - Mr. DeLoach  
 1 - Mr. Fosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)  
 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan)  
 ① - 62-109060 (Assassination) of Pres. J.F. Kennedy  
 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 9 1964

RGW:sem  
 (12)

John Edgar Hoover, Director

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

SEP 14 1964

THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



MR. TROTTER

9-4-64

S. F. Latona

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

y<sub>st</sub> The major case prints of Carl Edward Jones, Harold Dean Norman, Edward Shields, and Roy S. Truly, employees of the Texas School Book Depository, were submitted with Dallas letter of September 2, 1964, for comparison with the unidentified latent impressions developed on the four cardboard cartons recovered in this case.

The latent impressions are not identical with those submitted major case prints.

Dallas and Investigative Division being advised.

The submitted prints retained.

**ACTION:**

For information.

105-62553

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lenihan)
- ① - 62-109060 (Assassination) of PRES. JF. Kennedy
- 1 - 62-108000 (President's Commission)

ECV:son  
(11)

162-109060  
NOT RECORDED  
199 SEP 9 1964

79 SEP 10 1964

9-4-64

Airtel

SPECIAL DELIVERY

TO: SAC, Dallas (100-10401)  
FROM: Director, FBI (105-62386)  
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;  
IS - R - CUBA

Reairtel 9-2-64,

Photographs of all printed markings and letterings on  
outsides of four cartons which came from the Texas School Book  
Depository, are enclosed.

Enc. (18)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. R. E. Lemihap)
- ① - 62-109030 (Assassination) of Pres. J.F. Kennedy
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RGV:scg  
(11)

62-109060 -

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 10 1964

LETTER YELLOW

79 SEP 11 1964

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - J. M. Sizoo
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

Reference is made to my letter dated August 27, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weissman to six individuals having a connection with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed are two copies each of two communications from our Portland Office dated August 21, 1964, and August 31, 1964. In the enclosed communications you will note Mr. Crafard states Mr. Jack Ruby told him that he knew Officer Tippit and that he, Crafard, had seen Mr. Weissman at the Carousel Club on a number of occasions.

For your information, my letter dated August 27, 1964, enclosed a communication from our Dallas Office dated August 21, 1964. On page two of the Dallas communication Mr. Andrew Armstrong, Jr., during an interview on August 20, 1964, stated after viewing photographs of Officer Tippit and Mr. Weissman that he had never seen either individual before. Mr. Armstrong also stated that Mr. Ruby had told him that the "Tippit" who was shot was not the one he knew. Further, beginning on page three of the Dallas communication Detective Gayle M. Tippit, during interview on December 16, 1963, acknowledged that he was very well acquainted with Mr. Ruby.

- 1 - Dallas (89-43)

SEE NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS PAGE TWO

- 62-109960-216
- 1 - 62-109960 (President's Commission)
- 1 - 105-82559 (Life Harvey Oswald)
- 1 - 105-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)
- RDR:1450(a)

REC 30 62-109060-3698  
EX 101  
SEP 8 1964  
T-10-11  
J. Edgar Hoover

79 SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

BY COURIER SVC  
84 SEP - 4  
COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

When the results of our efforts to verify Mr. Weissman's employment in Dallas on November 14, 1963, as requested in your letter dated August 31, 1964, are received, you will be promptly advised concluding our inquiries into this particular matter.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBurad dated 9-2-64, concerning a request to verify Bernard Weissman's employment at Carpet Engineers Inc., Dallas, Texas, on 11-14-63.

Every effort should be made to expedite this investigation so that the Bureau can conclude its inquiries and advise the Commission at the earliest possible time.

NOTE: Commission by let 8-3-64, referred to testimony of Mark Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request required displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club.

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE THREE



With the transmission of the enclosed letterhead memoranda from Portland, we conclude our inquiries based on requests set out in the Commission letter dated 8-3-64. It is pointed out Crafard, although interviewed on numerous occasions, never previously furnished the above information. Crafard is an itinerant by nature and was employed by Ruby as a handy man. He is not considered reliable, is prone to exaggerate and there is some indication he has enjoyed the notoriety occasioned by his association with Ruby. During interview on 8-10-64 by New York Agents Weissman stated he believed he was employed on the evening Lane alleged the controversial meeting took place. The Commission by letter 8-31-64, requested efforts be made to verify this employment and when the results are received, all inquiries in this particular phase will have been completed. This matter is being closely followed and the Commission will be promptly advised when the results are received.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/28/64

FROM

*JFM* SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuairtels to NY, 8/10 and 24/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination in the above-captioned matter. One copy of the letterhead memorandum is enclosed for Dallas.

Re: F. W. BOLESTA  
1713 Madison Street  
Brooklyn, NY

The following individuals who have resided at the above-captioned address for 20 years or more were contacted and advised that they had never heard of F. W. BOLESTA

Mrs. J. KLINGENER  
Mrs. E. LIEBING  
Mrs. S. CASKEY (Superintendent)

The records of the US Post Office failed to reveal any record of a removal address for BOLESTA. The mail carriers at the Post Office servicing the above address were also contacted with negative results.

Credit and criminal checks at this office were also negative for the name BOLESTA.

- 2 - Bureau (62-109060) *ENCLOSURE*
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 1)
- 1 - New York (89-75)

EWO:lac  
(4)

*1 cc to RAO BY  
O.G. 9/3/64  
Ful*

*Set to Rankin (PC)  
with 2 cc of LHM 7/3/64  
Buck/job*

*ST-104*

SEP 4 1964

*Radford*

62-109060-3699

NY 89-75

Re: E. R. KEIBER  
5320 Avenue L  
Brooklyn, NY

On 8/27/64, Mr. CHARLES BISANG of the above address advised that he was the brother-in-law of E. R. KEIBER. He stated that KEIBER was in the US Coast Guard during World War II and had left the Brooklyn area right after the war.

Mr. BISANG stated that his brother-in-law was never in a mental institution, and to the best of his knowledge did not have any friends or relatives at Kings Park State Hospital.

Mr. BISANG also advised that none of the names set out in the anonymous letters were familiar to him.

Mr. BISANG stated that KEIBER was presently living at 605 West Maple Street, San Diego, California.

In view of the fact that the Bureau has not set out leads to have the various individuals mentioned in the anonymous letters interviewed, no lead has been set out for the San Diego Office to interview KEIBER.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

August 28, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

The following is a true copy of an anonymous letter  
which was received by Mr. Walter Winchell in care of the  
Journal American, 220 South Street, New York, New York.  
The envelope in which the above letter was enclosed did  
not disclose any information as to the origin of the  
communication:

TRUE COPY

The following men have information about the assassination  
of the President. (Kennedy)

T. F. ~~Maxwell~~ Mullins  
241 Northern Blvd.  
Albany, N. Y.

E. F. ~~Miller~~ Miller  
49 Norwood Ave.  
Deal, N. J.

J. R. ~~McDermott~~ McDermott X  
39 Park Ave.  
Amsterdam, N. Y.

E. R. ~~Keiber~~ Keiber X  
5320 Ave L.  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Anthony Thomas  
1120-7 Ave  
Watervliet, N. Y.

X J. R. ~~Maxwell~~ Maxwell  
106 Stone Harbor Blvd  
Camp May Court House  
Camp May, N. J.

X J. H. ~~Neice~~ Neice  
118 Ormsby Ave  
Pynn, Pa.

X S. H. ~~Mostovoy~~ Mostovoy  
P. O. Box 458  
Eureka, Calif.

S. J. ~~Oleska~~ Oleska  
561 Pine St.  
Central Falls, R. I.

F. W. ~~Bolesta~~ Bolesta  
1713 Madison St.  
Brooklyn, NY

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 10 1973

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-3699

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

George Grogan, X  
1414 Chalmer's  
Detroit, Michigan

R. R. Naismith, X  
Wood Cliff Lake, N. J.

B. Robinson  
430 E. 11th Ave  
Denver, Colo.

R. C. Badje  
1571 16th St.  
Columbus, Neb.

G. B. Attick  
35 S. Paxtang Ave  
Harrisburgh, Pa.

J. H. Tachusse  
1732 15th St  
Port Arthur, Texas

J. J. Salvetto  
1542 Bond St.  
Brockway, Pa.

Frank Kowalski  
6209 39th Ave  
Woodside, L. I. (Wdsd.)

J. R. Flannagan  
2800 Lincoln Ave  
Camden, N. J.

J. W. Bucciarelli  
6923 Theodore St.  
Phila., Pa.

W. W. Brown  
2506 N. Chadwick St.  
Phila., Pa.

A. L. Geiser  
4125 Franklin St.  
Phila., Pa.

J. F. Maroney  
5211 Master St.  
W. Phila., Pa.

X E. Sawicki  
37 Rawson St.  
So. Boston, Mass.

J. A. Mattas  
12134 Klinger  
Detroit, Michigan  
(Hamtramck)

Navy

Moorehouse  
Baker  
Chotes  
Negrin

Kochis  
Donovan  
Fromotola  
Dargocy

See [R. C. Badje] or [G. B. Attick]  
for more information



Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

All these men are Ex U.S.C.O. They all have W.W.II Service  
Records. Some are supposed to be deserters. They usually  
hang out in

King's Park State Hosp.  
Kings Park, L.I.  
Bldg's C. & D.  
mostly D. in (Attick)

They fool around with narcotics & Stealing Government Checks.  
Compensation Checks etc. The names with the X's are the  
instigators.

Supposed to be communist

The following is a true copy of an anonymous letter  
which was addressed to Robert F. Kennedy and was received from  
the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. The referral from  
the Department of Justice did not include the envelope:

TRUE COPY

To Robert F. Kennedy.

Just a few lines to let you know  
that Lee Harvey Oswald was not the only one  
involved in the assassination of the  
President (Kennedy) There were others  
involved besides him. Oswald was nominated  
to do the job. Others were the master  
minds, to tell him how to do the job &  
when to do it & where to do it. I am  
giving you some names who are responsible  
or can shed some light on the assassination

(over)

I



Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

George Grogan  
1414 Chalmers  
Detroit, Michigan

S. H. Mostovoy  
P. O. Box 458  
Eureka, Calif.

J. H. Neice  
118 Ormsby Ave.  
Pynn, Pa.

E. Sawicki  
37 Rawson St.  
So. Boston, Mass

J. A. Mattas  
12134 Klinger  
Detroit, Michigan  
(Hamtranrck)

II

They are former you U.S.C.G.  
Vets of W.W.II.

Frank Kowalski  
62-09-39th Ave. (Navy Vet.)  
Woodside, L. I.

They have information about the  
assassination. If they can't be located at the  
addresses given. They may be located at the  
following address.

King's Park State Hosp.  
Kings Park, L. I., N. Y.  
Bldgs C & D in the Attick

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

The above documents were examined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory and Identification Division with the following results:

(a) Both letters were written by the same individual. The envelope which was received with the letter addressed to Walter Winchell was also written by the same individual.

(b) The watermark "Fifth Avenue", which appears on two pages of the letter received by Mr. Winchell, is handled exclusively by the F. W. Woolworth Stores.

The documents were also examined by the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and no impressions of value were developed.

On August 12, 1964, Doctor Erich Kaufman, Supervising Psychiatrist of Buildings C and D, Kings Park State Hospital, Kings Park, Long Island, advised that he reads all patients outgoing mail. He stated, however, that it was very easy for a patient to get a letter out of the hospital without his knowledge.

NY

On August 20, 1964, Doctor Kaufman was shown copies of the above letters, however, he was unable to identify the handwriting. He stated that none of the names appearing in the anonymous letters had ever been patients or employees at this mental institution.

Doctor Kaufman also advised that there are approximately 657 mental patients in Buildings C and D, and none of them could be interviewed because of their mental conditions.

On August 27, 1964, Mr. Frank Kowalski, 6209 39th Avenue, Woodside, Long Island, was interviewed and advised that he was in the United States Army during the Korean War.

Assassination of President  
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,  
November 22, 1963,  
Dallas, Texas

Mr. Kowalski stated that the writing in the anonymous letters was not familiar to him. He also stated that none of the names listed in these letters were known to him.

Mr. Kowalski stated that neither he nor his wife have any relatives or friends who are patients at the Kings Park State Hospital.

The New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation was unable to locate the other individuals for interview who were from the New York City area which were listed in the anonymous letters.



September 3, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. I. W. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed for your information are two copies of a memorandum dated August 28, 1964, New York, New York, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas."

In view of the information revealed in this memorandum no further action is being taken.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

82 SEP-3

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:job  
(9)

**NOTE:** Two anonymous letters were received, one of which was furnished by Walter Winchell

The letters contained a list of named individual alleged by the anonymous writer they had knowledge of the assassination. Indications were the anonymous writer might have been a mental patient at Kings Park State Hospital, Long Island, N.Y. as several references were listed for Buildings C and D at the above hospital. Investigation did not establish the identity of the writer and the Laboratory examination did not establish the identity either. The supervising psychiatrist of Buildings C and D, Kings Park State Hospital, indicated there are approximately 657 mental patients in these buildings whose mental conditions would preclude interviews. No further action necessary.

Copy of LHM to Department by O-6.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Evans \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_

20 SEP 10 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

SEP 3 3 46 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

*[Handwritten signatures: Rosen, nis, Kud]*

JFK

62-109060

SECTION 87

COPY 2



1 - Mr. Belmont  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. Rogge

Conrad  
1 - Mr. Griffith  
1 - Mr. Frazier  
1 - Mr. Kittel

September 2, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.  
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of  
President John F.  
Kennedy*

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to a telephonic request on August 31, 1964, by Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, of your staff, asking that Commission Exhibit 364 be photographed and three copies provided the Commission expeditiously.

This will confirm the delivery of three photocopies of Commission Exhibit 364 to the Commission on that same date by a Special Agent of this Bureau.

10  
BY COURIER SVC.  
81 SEP - 2  
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

REC-30  
EX-101  
62-109060-3700

1 - Dallas (100-10461) - Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR DALLAS: Photocopy of the above-mentioned Commission Exhibit, along with a listing thereof, is enclosed herewith.

NOTE: The telephonic request was received by SA Cortlandt Cunningham of the Laboratory on 8/31/64, concerning the photographing of Commission Exhibit 364, being maintained in Bureau custody. SA Robert E. Neill delivered three photocopies of Commission Exhibit 364 to the Commission on 8/31/64.

62-109060

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

HRK:kw

(10)

XEROX

SEP 4 1964

9 SEP 10 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 2 1 37 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI

SEP 5 1 25 PM '64  
RECEIVED-CLERK

COMMISSION EXHIBIT

No. 364 (C10A) Replica sack, a facsimile of paper  
bag used to transport rifle

9-3-64

Airtel

1- W.C. Sullivan  
(R.E. Lenihan)  
1- Mr. Raupach

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT**

**JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

**NOVEMBER 22, 1963**

**DALLAS, TEXAS**

**MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING**

Reference Dallas report of SA Robert P. Gemberling 8-28-64 captioned as above.

A review of referenced report has been made at the Bureau and the following clarifying corrections have been made. Also certain amended pages will be necessary and offices submitting amended pages furnish these to the Bureau, ten copies; Dallas, four copies; New Orleans, one copy, and San Antonio, one copy. L

Page 24 quotation marks were inserted following the period at the end of the last sentence.

Page 28, Paragraph 2, Line 13 beginning with "Somebody has," at the end of this sentence quotation marks were moved to follow the period.

Page 60, unless advised to the contrary by Dallas, Paragraph 4, Line 5 first word "the" is being changed to

On Page 97 through 103 an interview conducted by Orleans Office with Emerson Varner Price, Jr., was revealed.

1- Los Angeles (89-75)  
1- New Orleans (89-69)  
1- San Antonio (89-67)

EX 101

19 SEP 4 1964

MAILED 5  
16 SEP 3 1964  
FBI - NEW ORLEANS  
Tolson  
Belmont  
Mohr  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
DeLoach  
Evans  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

9 SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Price, [REDACTED] identified an associate, Jimmy Nash, Page 101, who was alleged to have observed Lee Harvey Oswald's name in Price's notebook prior to the time it was stolen. Dallas should submit an amended Page 103, which should indicate additional investigation is being conducted to locate, identify, and interview Jimmy Nash to further resolve and verify this matter. Dallas should insure all leads are handled expeditiously, if not already handled. Results are to be contained in a subsequent report under the Assassination captioned.

Dallas should give consideration for disseminating of information concerning Nash to appropriate military authorities. It was noted Nash has associated with Price, [REDACTED] and has a military reserve obligation with the National Guard.

Page 119 reveals the prosecutive opinion of the Assistant United States Attorney, B. H. Timmons, Jr. Although Timmons' title and judicial district are revealed on other pages of the report, this same information should be included on Page 119, and an amended page is to be submitted.

Dallas is also instructed to advise if in Paragraph one on Page 121, Line 4, Liverpool "B" and on Page 122 under item Q3, Liverpool "B" are correct. It appears "B" could be "X" as the letter involved which was received by Mr. Henry H. Wade, Dallas County District Attorney, was mailed from Liverpool, England.

Los Angeles who has not received a copy of referenced report, Page 6 is an insert prepared by Los Angeles (89-75) initials "LIB/DHA" regarding George Dewey Baucum. An amended insert is necessary as Paragraph 2 should reveal names of one or more mental institutions in which Baucum has been a patient. In addition, his diagnosed mental condition should be attributed to a specific official of the Veterans Hospital, Santa Fe, California.

In order that the referenced report can be furnished to the Commission, this matter must be handled expeditiously.

Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

NOTE:

Referenced report was received at Bureau August 31, 1964, and has been reviewed. Certain corrections have been made at the Bureau, however, amended pages are necessary prior to dissemination. In connection with Emerson Varner Price he alleged he picked up Oswald on one occasion and at that time Oswald wrote his name in his notebook in regard to hiring Price to take him to New Mexico or Mexico along with two other men. Jimmy Nash was alleged to have seen this notebook. This matter should be resolved.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 1 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI BALTO

640 PM EDST URGENT 9-1-64 TRC

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM BALTIMORE (89-30) -2P-

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS,  
MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFO CONCERNING.

THREAT TO ASSASSINATE SENATOR EVERETT M. DIRKSEN AND  
OTHERS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFO CONCERNING.

RE HARRY <sup>LAST NAME UNKNOWN</sup> ALLEGATION. md

RE BALTIMORE TELECALL TO BUREAU SEPTEMBER ONE INSTANT.

AT APPROXIMATELY FOUR THIRTY PM SEPTEMBER ONE INSTANT,  
HARRY SHRIVER, NEWS DEPARTMENT, RADIO STATION WFBR, BALTIMORE,  
TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED THAT HIS STATION HAD RECEIVED SERIES OF  
FOUR TELEPHONE CALLS FROM A YOUNG MALE WHO WOULD ONLY IDENTIFY  
HIMSELF AS HARRY AND WOULD NOT ADVISE FROM WHERE HE WAS CALLING  
OR AGREE TO CALL ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

SHRIVER STATED THAT HARRY ALLEGED THAT THE ASSASSINATION  
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY INVOLVED A CONSPIRACY BY TWENTY PERSONS,  
INCLUDING ONE EARL JACKSON OF BALTIMORE, AND FURTHER IDENTIFIED,  
AND A CURRENT U. S. SENATOR, HARRY ALLEGED THAT JACKSON FIRED

END PAGE ONE.

79 SEP 10 1964

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-44812

3702

SEP 21 1964

XEROX

BA 89-30

PAGE TWO

THE SHOT WHICH KILLED PRESIDENT KENNEDY AT THE SAME TIME THAT SHOTS WERE FIRED BY LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IN HIS MOST RECENT CALL HARRY IDENTIFIED THE U. S. SENATOR AS SENATOR DIRKSEN PARENS (APPARENTLY REFERRING TO SENATOR EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS)

~~PARENS.~~

HARRY STATED HE HAS TRIED THIS ENTIRE GROUP HIMSELF, FOUND THEM GUILTY AND WILL EXECUTE THEM. HE FIRST STATED HE WOULD EXECUTE THEM WITHIN TWENTY-THREE AND ONE-HALF HOURS AND, IN HIS MOST RECENT CALL, THAT HE WOULD EXECUTE THEM BY ONE THIRTY TONIGHT.

SHRIVER ADVISED THAT HARRY DID NOT SOUND INTOXICATED, ALTHOUGH OBVIOUSLY A MENTAL CASE. SHRIVER WILL ADVISE THIS OFFICE IF ADDITIONAL CALLS RECEIVED FROM HARRY DURING WHICH HE FURTHER IDENTIFIES HIMSELF OR FURNISHES ADDITIONAL INFO.

LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM  
INSERTS AND LHM WILL FOLLOW.

HARRY LNU AND EARL JACKSON NOT IDENTIFIABLE BA FILES  
ON BASIS OF INFO AVAILABLE.

END

VA JRL

FBI WASH DC

CC - Mr. DeLoach

CC - Mr. Rosen

FBI

REC-15

Date:

9/1/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: LEGAT, LONDON (62-358) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau 8/25/64 setting forth unresolved allegations in this investigation. Dallas referred to Legat, London letter 7/9/64 indicating J. A. RAWLES had been asked to furnish additional information.

For the information of the Bureau and Dallas, RAWLES, who is a seaman, informed on 7/13/64 that he was shipping out immediately for at least six weeks and would be unable to furnish additional information until his return. It is expected that RAWLES will contact London Office on his return, but in the meantime, there appears no way to obtain additional data from him.

The Bureau will be advised of further information received from RAWLES.

3 - Bureau  
 1 - Liaison (sent direct)  
 1 - London  
 CWB:vw  
 (5)

1 cc sent DL  
 via O-7 info  
 9/4/64 RDR/uk

REC-15 62-109060-3703

SEP 4 1964

Approved: 79 SEP 10 1964 Agent in Charge

Sent

Per



September 2, 1964

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Office of Senator Everett M. Dirksen (Republican-Illinois) was advised by Mr. DeLoach's Office based on telephone call from Baltimore Office 9-1-64, of threat to assassinate Senator. Capitol Police and other local police also alerted. The President's Commission is being advised. Since there is no indication that telephone call referred to in incoming was interstate, there would be no violation of the Federal Extortion Statute and no investigation is being pursued.

*RFM Jo*

FBI

Date: 9/4/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, 9/2/64, enclosing for Dallas a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission, dated 9/1/64, requesting, among other things, additional investigation into the allegation that LEE HARVEY OSWALD allegedly contacted Downtown Lincoln-Mercury Company, Dallas, Texas, in November, 1963, concerning the purchase of an automobile.

Reference is also made to Pittsburgh airtel to Dallas dated 12/13/63, under the caption, "JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka., (Deceased) - Victim; CIVIL RIGHTS", Pittsburgh file 44-403, with which airtel Pittsburgh forwarded to Dallas 30 copies of the results of an interview with JACK A. LAWRENCE, 144 10th Avenue, South Charleston, West Virginia.

Enclosed for Pittsburgh is one copy of the above-referred to President's Commission letter wherein it is requested that JACK A. LAWRENCE be interviewed. Also enclosed is one Xerox copy of an interview with JIM A. ROZZELL, dated

- ③ - Bureau  
2 - Pittsburgh (Enc. 2) (105-5070)  
2 - Dallas

RPG/jtf  
(7)

REC-15

62-109060-3704

17 SEP 5 1964

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 SEP 10 1964



DL 100-10461

1/6/64, which contains information concerning LAWRENCE which may be of assistance in conducting the requested reinterview of LAWRENCE.

For further information of Pittsburgh, JACK LAWRENCE called SA EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL at 11:00 a.m. November 23, 1963 while he was residing at the YMCA, Dallas, Texas, and stated a person he believed to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD had recently appeared at the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury Company, Dallas, Texas, at which time the individual, believed to be OSWALD, had indicated a desire to purchase an automobile. According to LAWRENCE, this individual stated he had no money at that time but expected to have cash in sufficient amount to purchase an automobile within a couple of weeks.

LEAD:

PITTSBURGH DIVISION

AT SOUTH CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

Will locate and interview JACK A. LAWRENCE in accordance with the request of the President's Commission contained in their letter of 9/1/64, and submit a letter-head memorandum, ten copies to the Bureau and two to Dallas.

In the event LAWRENCE is determined to be in another division, Pittsburgh should furnish the enclosures with this airtel, along with a copy of the results of the interview with JACK A. LAWRENCE on 12/11/63.

Every effort should be made to expedite this request per Bureau instructions.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 5 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC

FBI SPRNGFLD

PMCDST URGENT 9-5-64 WJA

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM SPRINGFIELD (89-23) 1P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

MISCELLANEOUS, DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RE TELEPHONE CALL FROM INSPECTOR JAMES R. MALLEY  
INSTANT DATE.

MRS. REVILO P. OLIVER ADVISED SHE LAST HEARD FROM HER  
HUSBAND SHORTLY AFTER INTERVIEW BY BUREAU AGENTS IN DENVER. TO THE  
BEST OF HER KNOWLEDGE, HE WAS TO HAVE LEFT DENVER TODAY BY  
TRAIN AND THE EARLIEST HE WOULD RETURN TO CHAMPAIGN WOULD  
BE SUNDAY NIGHT. HE MAY NOT RETURN UNTIL AS LATE AS TUESDAY,  
SEPTEMBER EIGHT NEXT.

ALBERT JENNER, ATTORNEY FOR WARREN COMMISSION, CALLED  
MRS. OLIVER NOON TODAY AND WAS FURNISHED SAME INFORMATION.  
SHE ARRANGED WITH JENNER TO HAVE HER HUSBAND CALL JENNER  
AT HIS EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY.

END

JMS

FBI WASH DC

SEP 10 1964

EC-MR. SULLIVAN

REC 13 62-109060-3705

SEP 8 1964

26 2 8 11 24

RECEIVED

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

1-Mr. Conrad - Enc.  
1-Mr. Jevons - Enc.  
2-Mr. Griffith - Enc.  
DATE: 9/3/64  
1-Mr. Neill - Enc.  
1-Mr. Frazier - Enc.

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Malone ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS; 11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 9/2/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, delivered to SA Robert E. Neill the Commission exhibits which are listed and described on the attached sheet. Miss Rowcotsky requested that these exhibits be photographed and that three photographs of each exhibit be furnished to the Commission. Subsequently, Miss Rowcotsky requested telephonically that all exhibits be returned to the Commission after being photographed with the exception of that portion of Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 34 which consists of a piece of concrete curbing.

This work will be handled by an Agent examiner of the FBI Laboratory's Document Section.

## ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed as requested. It is noted that Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 34 consists of one photograph of a section of concrete curbing and one section of concrete curbing. The section of concrete curbing will be retained in the Bureau's custody whereas all other exhibits are to be returned to the Commission, along with the requested photographs.

## Enclosure

62-109060

1-Mr. Belmont - Enc.  
1-Mr. Rosen - Enc.  
1-Mr. Sullivan - Enc.  
1-Mr. Malley - Enc.  
1-Mr. Callahan (Attention: Mr. C. Q. Smith) - Enc.

REN:fch

64 SEP 14 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-72555-11

9/3/64

**COMMISSION  
EXHIBIT NO.**

**DESCRIPTION**

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 13  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 14  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 18  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 20  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 21  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 22

One photograph of Oswald holding a rifle  
Three photographs of Oswald holding a rifle  
One photograph of Oswald holding a rifle  
March 11, 1963, issue of "The Worker"  
March 24, 1963, issue of "The Worker"  
Three mounted photographs of Oswald holding  
a rifle, portion of March 11, 1963, issue of  
"The Militant," and portion of March 24, 19  
issue of "The Worker"

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 23

Two mounted photographs showing rear of  
General Walker's residence and an  
unidentified individual holding a rifle

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 24  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 25

Four mounted photographs of Oswald  
One mounted photograph of Presidential  
parade in Dallas and one street diagram  
showing parade route

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 28

One photograph showing Texas School Book  
Depository Building

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 29

Three mounted photographs showing  
Texas School Book Depository Building,  
and two aspects of portion of concrete  
curbing

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 30

Photograph showing a section of concrete  
curbing

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 31  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 32

Photograph showing a Dallas street scene  
Photograph showing Texas School Book  
Depository Building

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 33  
Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 34

Photograph showing Dallas street scene  
Photograph showing a portion of concrete  
curbing and a section of concrete curbing

Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 35

A color photograph showing area around  
concrete curbing

SEP 8 1964 XEROX

62 1090 (60) - 2774  
**ENCLOSURE**



September 8, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (O. H. Bartlett)
- 1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadigan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 17, 1964, enclosing a communication from our Milwaukee Office dated August 12, 1964, concerning the receipt of an anonymous letter by this Bureau.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Milwaukee Office dated August 29, 1964, relating to another anonymous letter which the FBI Laboratory has identified as having been written by the same individual who wrote the earlier anonymous letter referred to above.

A copy of the enclosed communication has been made available to the U. S. Secret Service in Washington, D. C., as it contains information of possible interest to that agency.

No further action will be taken in this matter.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

(62-109060)

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (11)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS: 11 "VII" 24

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

MISC. INFO CONCERNING

Remiairtel and LHM dated 8-29-64  
Subsequent reporting of this matter by Dallas is not desired.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

*Assassination of President John F. Kennedy*

85 SEP - 9  
COMM-FBI  
BY COURIER SVC

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

79 SEP 10 1964

62-109060-370  
REC-47  
19 SEP 9 1964  
4-2 02 bll pd

REC'D-READING ROOM  
FBI  
RECEIVED-DIVISION  
I.B.  
SEP 8 9 50 AM '64



NOTE:

First anonymous letter postmarked 7-9-64, Kenosha, Wisconsin, second anonymous letter postmarked 7-30-64, Kenosha, Wisconsin, furnished by the office of Governor Connally of Texas. Both letters allege President Johnson was involved in some manner in the assassination of President Kennedy and made other allegations generally in opposition to President Johnson. Copies of these communications have been furnished to Secret Service. The FBI Laboratory has established that both letters written by the same individual. Logical efforts made to identify the writer have been negative. No further action is warranted.

FBI

Date: 9/8/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES (89-75)

RE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas  
 MISCELLANEOUS-INFORMATION  
 CONCERNING

ReBuairtel to Dallas, 9/3/64.

Enclosed for Bureau are ten copies of an amended  
 page as requested in referenced airtel.

Enclosed for Dallas are four copies, New Orleans  
 one copy, and San Antonio one copy of the same amended page.

This amended page is page 6 of report of SA ROBERT  
 P. GEMBERLING, Dallas, dated 8/28/64, and captioned as above.

- 3- Bureau (AM) (Encls. 10)
- 2- Dallas (AM) (89-43) (Encls. 4)
- 1- New Orleans (89-69) (AM) (Encl. 1)
- 1- San Antonio (89-67) (AM) (Encl. 1)
- 1- Los Angeles

LLB:DHA  
 (8)

62-109060 - UNREC.  
NOT RECORDED

11 SEP 9 1964

*Amended page  
 inserted in all  
 copies 9/10/64 KMK/lh*

ENCLOSURE

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 SEP 11 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. *Belmont*

DATE: 9/2/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith *ja*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

On 9/2/64 SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt delivered a transcript of a deposition he gave at The President's Commission on 9/1/64 to Mr. Norman Redlich at The President's Commission. He advised Mr. Redlich that editorial corrections had been made on the transcript and went over some of these corrections with him. If Mr. Redlich has any further questions he will advise. A copy of the corrected transcript is attached.

RECOMMENDATION: None. For information.

## Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

LLS:mb  
(8)

REC-47, 62 107060 - 3708

105-82555

18 SEP 9 1964

ENCL. BEHIND FILE

SEP 9 1964

1- ENCLOSED

61 SEP 15 1964

PERS. REC. UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Conrad  
1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Jevons  
1 - Mr. Malley 1 - Mr. Stombaugh  
1 - Office, ROOM 7743

DATE: 9-4-64

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Malone \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11-22-63

My memo of 9-3-64 sets forth the facts of a conversation between Mr. Melvin Eisenberg of the President's Commission and SA Paul M. Stombaugh regarding an affidavit Mr. Eisenberg was preparing for SA Stombaugh's signature to supplement his original testimony and to introduce certain items into evidence.

There is attached a copy of the completed affidavit which was delivered to Mr. Eisenberg on 9-4-64. The glass microscopic slides containing hairs and fibers listed in the affidavit are being photographed (at Mr. Eisenberg's request) and will be delivered to the Commission on 9-8-64.

ACTION: None. For information only.  
Enclosure  
62-109060

QMB:nib (8)

ENCLOSURE

ATTACHMENT

XEROX

9 1964

REC-47

62-109060-3709

SEP 8 1964

SECRET

PERS. REC. UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82551

70 SEP 15 1964

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

SEP 4 3 33 PM '64  
REC'D-READING ROOM

Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
General Counsel  
The President's Commission  
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast  
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of  
President John  
F. Kennedy*

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of August 10, 1964, wherein you requested assistance in preparing visual aids for use in dealing with allegations that the motorcade route which took the President's car past the Depository at the intersection of Elm and Houston Streets was unnecessary and departed from normal practice.

Enclosed are four glossy prints each of the following visual aids which were prepared from information selected by the Commission from documented records:

1. Aerial view (500 feet altitude) of Freeway convergence west of Triple Underpass, Dallas, Texas
2. Freeway convergence at Triple Underpass, Dallas, Texas
3. Photographic views of highway markings in the vicinity of the assassination

Plan view of Freeway convergence west of Triple Underpass, Dallas, Texas

View from north tower of Union Terminal Company, Dallas, Texas

BY COURIER SVC  
8 4 SEP - 4  
COMMA - FBI

LJG:bdb  
(8)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Enclosures) (8)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach

See Note, Page 2

SEP 9 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109010-3710



Honorable J. Lee Rankin  
The President's Commission

6. View from Triple Underpass, Dallas, Texas
7. View of Triple Underpass from location on Elm Street
8. No title (aerial photograph of Triple Underpass)

These visual aids were previously approved by Mr. Willens and comply with the Commission's request contained in referenced letter.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (32)

NOTE: On 8-17-64, Gauthier gathered information in Dallas adequate for the preparation of the above-mentioned exhibits (memo Gauthier to Callahan 8-13-64). On 8-21-64, Willens approved the use of certain material, and on 8-28-64, he approved preliminary diagrams with instructions to go ahead and furnish the attached copies. All material selected by the Commission for use in preparing the above visual aids was basically subject matter already submitted to the Commission by the FBI, prepared in report form, volumes, visual aids, scale models, etc. Indications are that requests for visual aids will continue until all information needed for the preparation of the Commission's final report has been completed. Requests for visual aids are being made by report writers over the signature of Mr. Rankin for the purpose of developing graphic illustrations which will be used to clarify obscure technical points appearing in the final report.

FBI

Date: 9/4/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

ENCLOSURE

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBura'd to Dallas dated 9/2/64 referencing President's Commission letter dated 8/31/64, requesting verification of employment of BERNARD WEISSMAN on 11/14/63 with the Carpet Engineers, Inc., 1002 South Beckley, Dallas, Texas.

It is noted that the correct name and address of this aforementioned company is the Carpet Engineers of Texas, 2006 South Beckley, Dallas, Texas.

There is enclosed herewith ten copies of a letterhead memorandum setting forth the results of the requested investigation.

One copy of this airtel and letterhead memorandum is being furnished New York for information purposes.

5 cc of enclosure destroyed per RFB

REC 12

62-109060-3711

17 SEP 5 1964

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 10)
- 1 - New York (105-38431) (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 2 - Dallas

RJB/jtf  
(6)

C. C. Wick

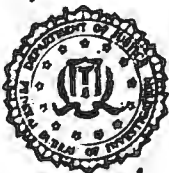
Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

ENCLOSURE  
L  
cc corrected to 9-17-64  
J. Lee Rankin  
RDR/HAS

airtel SHC, DL  
9/11/64  
KDR/ch

RFB  
9/11/64



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Dallas, Texas  
September 4, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

✓ The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter dated August 31, 1964, made reference to an interview of Bernard Weissman on August 10, 1964, at New York City. In this interview, Weissman stated that he was employed during November, 1963, by the Carpet Engineers, Incorporated, 1002 South Beckley, Dallas, Texas, working from 6:00 p.m. to midnight. Weissman believed that he was working during the evening of November 14, 1963. The President's Commission requested verification of this information.

✓ Attached are the results of investigation pertaining to Weissman's employment on November 14, 1963, by the Carpet Engineers of Texas, 2006 South Beckley Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

Attachments

(1)

~~COPIES DESTROYED~~

62-109060-311

ENCLOSURE

Date September 3, 1964

1

NORMAN J. SIEGEL, Vice President, Carpet Engineers of Texas, 2006 South Beckley Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that BERNARD WEISSMAN worked for this company as a carpet salesman from approximately November 6, 1963, to November 21, 1963. While working for this company, WEISSMAN was never paid any money as he never made any sales. He worked on a commission basis and received no salary whatsoever.

While Mr. SIEGEL has no employment records to specifically cite the exact dates of WEISSMAN's employment, he noted that the beginning date of November 6, 1963, is based on the date of WEISSMAN's application, and the last date is based on the company's daily appointment sheet, which shows the last sales appointment for WEISSMAN as being on November 21, 1963.

Regarding the question as to whether or not WEISSMAN was working on Thursday, November 14, 1963, Mr. SIEGEL noted that the appointment sheet for salesmen for that date indicates that WEISSMAN had an appointment that date with one "HOBGOOD", telephone number Federal 9-8881. No other appointments were listed for WEISSMAN on that particular date.

Mr. SIEGEL stated that this does not mean that WEISSMAN contacted no one else that day, but he noted that most of the sales contacts were made at night when both the prospective husband and wife are home. Accordingly, Mr. SIEGEL imagines that WEISSMAN would have contacted the HOBGOODS in the evening hours.

on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

Mr. SIEGEL pointed out that the appointment sheet for November 14, 1963, which lists the appointments for all the salesmen and not for just one particular individual, contains a "remarks" column which is filled out the following day by the salesman indicating the results of his interview with the potential customer. In regard to WEISSMAN's comment about his contact with the HOBGOODs, WEISSMAN had noted that he had given them a sales talk, noted that they would need 116 yards of carpeting, which would cost \$1,390, but the HOBGOODs only wanted to spend \$600.00.

Mr. SIEGEL continued that the appointment sheet for November 14, 1963, is the only record that his company has which would indicate whether or not WEISSMAN had worked that particular day. He further noted that WEISSMAN could have spent a few hours at the company's office, but normally a commission salesman, such as WEISSMAN, only spends a short time at the office daily and that is to pick up a list of his appointments for that day. This is true with all the workdays of the week with the exception of Friday when the salesmen attend a sales conference.



Date September 4, 1964

1

DONALD D. HOBGOOD, 1220 Burns Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that his telephone number is Federal 9-8881, which telephone number he also had as of November 14, 1963.

DONALD HOBGOOD stated that his wife had been interested for some time in carpeting their house, and had a representative of some now unrecalled carpet company visit their house sometime in November, 1963, exact date not now recalled.

DONALD HOBGOOD stated that both his wife, ELLEN, and he were at home the night this salesman came to talk to them and give them an estimate on the cost of carpeting their house. HOBGOOD recalls that this person arrived around 7:30 p.m. in the evening and remained in his house for over two hours, finally leaving between 9:30 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. HOBGOOD knows that this salesman was in the house for over two hours, as he, HOBGOOD, had a previous engagement that night and was trying to get rid of the carpet salesman, who seemed to stay on and on.

HOBGOOD stated this salesman gave them a cost estimate of around \$1,400 to carpet their house, which sum was far above the amount that they would even consider spending on carpeting their house.

HOBGOOD stated that while he does not recall the name of this salesman, he recalled that he arrived in an old automobile, wore what appeared to be second-hand clothing, indicated he had been in the military service, and had recently come to Dallas from some other part of the country.

HOBGOOD stated he told this salesman that the carpet price was too high, and they have not been recontacted by this individual since that time.

on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

DL 100-10461

2

He advised that the name of WEISSMAN sounds vaguely familiar to him, but he cannot say that this was positively the name of the carpet salesman who visited his home in November, 1963.

HORGGOOD described the carpet salesman as white, around 26 to 30 years of age, dark black hair and medium build.

FBI

Date: August 31, 1964

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (66-922)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuAirtel to Milwaukee 8-11-64, and Milwaukee Airtel to Bureau 8-14-64.

Enclosed are original and one copy of explanation supplied by Relief Supervisor EUGENE G. BABLER, who approved the letterhead memorandum-8-7-64.

The errors committed in this matter have been thoroughly reviewed with Agents ROBERT E. SCHOENECKER and EUGENE G. BABLER. The necessity for meticulous care in preparation of communications in this investigation, as well as complying immediately with Bureau instructions has been emphasized to them. SAs SCHOENECKER and BABLER have been admonished for their errors and a notation of this action recorded in their personnel folder.

It is not recommended that any additional action be taken against these Agents in this instance.

- 3 - Bureau (Air Mail)
- 3 - Milwaukee

JWL:mcs  
(6)

(SEE RECOMMENDATIONS  
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE  
DIVISION, PAGE 2)

ENCLOSURE

REC 4  
EX-108

62-109060-3712

SEP 1 1964

THREE  
PERS. REC. UNIT

XEROX

67 SEP 16 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Per

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS  
MICS. - INFO CONCERNING  
RDR:kap - 9/2/64  
v.p

#### DELINQUENCY

It was necessary for the Bureau on three occasions, 7/23/64, 8/4/64, and 8/11/64, to communicate with the Milwaukee Office in order to obtain a suitable letterhead memorandum concerning an anonymous letter which was referred to Milwaukee for investigation. This matter was handled by SA Robert E. Schoenecker and supervised by a Relief Supervisor Eugene G. Babler. The letterhead memorandum submitted contained typographical errors and did not comply with specific Bureau instructions. Milwaukee instructed to submit explanations and recommendations.

#### EXPLANATIONS OF SAC, MILWAUKEE

Both Agents state that four of the typing errors were inadvertently overlooked and that one other error was occasioned by misinterpretation of Bureau instructions. They state every effort will be made to prevent similar errors in the future. SAC, Milwaukee, advises both men have been orally admonished for the errors and a notation of this action has been placed in their personnel folders. SAC recommends no further action.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS OF GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Milwaukee's errors could have been avoided by more diligent attention to administrative detail. However, the delay in obtaining a suitable letterhead memorandum has not adversely affected this investigation, nor is it one of substance. It is felt the oral admonishment, the noting of this action in the Agent's personnel folders, and the necessity for furnishing written explanations for these derelictions will have the desired effect of making these Agents more alert in the future. No further action appears warranted and none is recommended.

*APM* *RPM* *PDR*  
*9/4* *ris* *Q*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC (62-1178)

FROM : *EGB* SA Eugene G. Babler

DATE: August 31, 1964

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
11-22-63, Dallas, Texas  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBuAirtels 8-4-64 and 8-11-64.

Milwaukee Airtel 8-7-64 and the attached letterhead memorandum were read and initialed by me after the correspondence had been assembled.

With regard to items 1 and 2, I inadvertently failed to note that "Milwaukee, Wisconsin" and the date were not set forth on the memorandum. I did not detect typing errors as indicated in items 4 and 5.

Bureau instructions to incorporate a true copy of the anonymous letter in the letterhead memorandum were discussed with SA Robert E. Schoenecker and interpreted to mean that an exact copy, or a Xerox, should be attached to the letterhead memorandum. It was our erroneous opinion that to quote the text of the anonymous letter verbatim did not fulfill specific instructions to include a "true copy."

In future correspondence, diligent attention will be given to comply with explicit Bureau instructions.

It is realized that the nature of this investigation is extremely important, and that it is absolutely essential that extreme care be given to preparation of such communications. In the future, every effort will be made to assure that errors of this nature will not recur.

EGB:mcs  
(3)

62-107060-112  
ENCLOSURE



9/8/64

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)  
 From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)  
 1 - Mr. Rogge

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReDLairtel dated 9/4/64, and enclosed letterhead memorandum and FD-302's concerning verification of Bernard Weissman's employment on 11/14/63.

In view of the importance of Weissman's employment on this date, it is felt additional, logical investigation could be conducted in an effort to further verify this employment on the specific date. It is noted in the interview of Mr. Hobgood on 9/3/64, he states that he recalled receiving a visit from a carpet salesman from approximately 7:30 to 9:30 p.m. He says he recalls this as he had a previous engagement that night and was trying to get rid of the salesman. It would appear if he recalls the previous engagement it may be possible by checking into this engagement further the exact date of same may be determined; therefore, Hobgood should be reinterviewed concerning the previous engagement and if necessary, consider interviewing the individual or individuals with whom Hobgood had the previous engagement to ascertain the date of the salesman's visit. Further, during recontact with Hobgood, he should be shown a group of photographs including that of Bernard Weissman to determine if he can identify the salesman who visited him. Since Hobgood's wife was present during this sales presentation, she should similarly be interviewed.

The results of this additional investigation should be incorporated in a letterhead memorandum as a supplement to that already furnished the Bureau for dissemination.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
 Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
 DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
 Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

1 - New York (105-34431)

RDR/cb

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(6) DIAZION  
 RECEIVED

See Note page 2.

61 SEP 18 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

POP  
 ric

Airtel to SAC, Dallas  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

For your information, the following corrections were made by the Bureau in your letterhead memorandum: paragraph 1, line 5, delete next to the last word "the"; in paragraph 2, line 2, delete next to the last word "the".

In the FD-302 on Siegel, page 1, paragraph 4, line 2, delete words 2, 3, and 4 and change word 6 to "no one"; on page 2, paragraph 2, line 6, the first word should be "commission".

In the FD-302 on Hobgood, page 1, paragraph 1, line 2, the telephone number should be "FEDeral 9-8881". Dallas and New York change your copies accordingly.

Expedite.

Note:

Mark Lane, during testimony before the Commission, alleged there was a meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11/14/63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. During interview 8/10/64, Weissman indicated he possibly was employed on 11/14/63, by a carpet firm in Dallas. The enclosed communications tend to support Weissman's story in that the carpet firm's records disclose Weissman had an interview on the evening of 11/14/63, and the prospective buyer also recalls being contacted by a carpet salesman who spent over two hours during the interview at his home. It is felt further efforts can be made to further clarify this situation. When the results of investigation are received, the Commission will be furnished all data in this matter.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 6 1964

TELETYPE

FBI SPRNGFLD

6:41 PM CDST URGENT 9-6-64 DJK

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM SPRINGFIELD (89-23) 2P

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS,

MISC - INFO CONCERNING.

REBU TELCALL SEPTEMBER SIX INSTANT.

REVILO P. OLIVER RETURNED HOME LATE AFTERNOON HOURS SEPTEMBER SIX INSTANT. HOME ADDRESS IS SEVEN ZERO ONE WEST OHIO STREET, URBANA, ILLINOIS, TELEPHONE NUMBER THREE SIX SEVEN DASH ONE SIX SIX

ZERO. OLIVER EXPRESSED COMPLETE WILLINGNESS TO TESTIFY BEFORE WARREN COMMISSION. REQUESTED OPPORTUNITY TO ASSEMBLE NECESSARY MATERIAL FOR TESTIMONY AND TIME TO CONSULT ATTORNEY. STATED HE WOULD PREFER NOT TO APPEAR BEFORE COMMISSION BEFORE SEPTEMBER ELEVEN NEXT.

OLIVER EXPRESSED INTENTION TO TELEPHONICALLY CONTACT ALBERT JENNER, LEGAL STAFF MEMBER OF COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., TO DISCUSS DETAILS OF APPEARANCE. OLIVER ADVISED SUBPOENA BEING FORWARDED TO USM, DANVILLE, ILLINOIS BY JENNER FOR SERVICE ON OLIVER. OLIVER AGREED TO MAKE HIMSELF AVAILABLE FOR SERVICE OF SUBPOENA.

END PAGE ONE

REC 4

6 SEP 9 1964

XEROX

SEP 9 1964  
SEP 11 1964

EX-108

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-3713



PAGE TWO

USM, HARRY C. GEORGE, DANVILLE, ILLINOIS NOTIFIED OF OLIVER'S  
RETURN, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER. GEORGE ADVISED JENNER NOTIFIED  
HIM SUBPOENA MAILED FROM WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER FIVE LAST AND  
WILL BE SERVED ON ITS ARRIVAL.

OLIVER ANTICIPATES NO ADDITIONAL TRAVEL IN IMMEDIATE FUTURE AND  
WILL AWAIT SERVICE OF SUBPOENA.

NO FURTHER ACTION BEING TAKEN IN ADVANCE OF SERVICE OF SUBPOENA

UACB.

END

WA JMS

FBI WASH DC

CLR P

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: September 5, 1964

FROM : J. R. Malley

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD  
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Branigan  
1 - Mr. Lenihan

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Albert Jenner, President's Commission, telephonically stated the U. S. Marshal's Office in Denver, Colorado, had been unable to serve Professor Revilo Oliver of Illinois University while in Denver in that he had departed prior to receipt of the subpoena. Jenner stated information available indicated Professor Oliver may have gone to Seattle, Washington, or to Chicago, Illinois, prior to returning to his home in Urbana, Illinois. Jenner advised he had been in telephonic contact with Mrs. Oliver on Friday evening at which time Mrs. Oliver stated she did not know when her husband would be returning to Urbana but expected him either Sunday, Monday or Tuesday.

Mr. Jenner advised that the President's Commission was extremely desirous of obtaining a deposition from Professor Oliver and would prefer, if at all possible, to handle this interview in Washington, D. C. In view of this he requested the Bureau attempt to ascertain Professor Oliver's present whereabouts and requests Oliver to come to Washington on Sunday, September 6 or the following two days, September 7 or 8, whenever it would be possible for him to arrive in Washington. Mr. Jenner advised that he could be reached at the President's Commission, telephone number 543-1012; if this number does not answer call 543-1400 where the security guard will answer during the holiday and tell him to locate Mr. Jenner to take the call. Jenner is presently residing at the Madison Hotel, Washington, D. C., telephone number 483-6400. Jenner requested that if any arrangements of any nature were successfully worked out with Professor Oliver, he would appreciate being called. If he decides to do anything where he will be unavailable at his office or hotel, he will call for Malley and leave information where he can be located.

ACTION TAKEN:JRM/pab  
(6)

CONTINUED - OVER

XEROX

SEP 9 1964

79 SEP 11 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

REC 4

6 SEP 9 1964

EX-108

SA Trout in Springfield Office was telephonically advised of the request of the President's Commission to locate Professor Oliver and work out

6-11-64  
5-11-64



**Memorandum to Mr. Rosen**  
**RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

any arrangements possible for him to appear in Washington at the earliest possible time on a voluntary basis if it can be handled this way. Agent Trout was told that a subpoena is being mailed to the U. S. Marshal so that it can be served as soon as it arrives in the hands of U. S. Marshal. U. S. Marshal's Office is being advised by President's Commission to contact the Springfield Office of the FBI before attempting to serve the subpoena to determine whether or not the FBI has successfully located Professor Oliver and whether he would willingly come to Washington without being served with a subpoena.

1 - Mr. Belmont; 1 - Mr. Rosen; 1 - Mr. Sullivan; 1 - Mr. Rogge;  
1 - Mr. Branigan; 1 - Mr. Malley; 1 - Mr. Lenihan

PLAIN TEXT

9-3-64

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC JACKSON

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER

TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS-  
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

FOR INFORMATION JN, REVILO P. OLIVER, PROFESSOR AT  
UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, RECENTLY MADE SPEECH IN SANTA, ANA,  
CALIFORNIA, WHEREIN HE MADE NUMEROUS ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING  
THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. ONE OF THE  
ALLEGATIONS WAS TO THE EFFECT THAT THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE  
ORDERED THE U.S. ARMY TO BEGIN REHEARSING FOR THE FUNERAL  
MORE THAN A WEEK BEFORE THE FUNERAL.

OLIVER WAS INTERVIEWED RE SUCH STATEMENT BY DENVER OFFICE  
SEPTEMBER TWO LAST AND STATED HIS SOURCE FOR SUCH STATEMENT  
WAS A NEWS ARTICLE WHICH APPEARED IN THE QUOTE CLARION LEDGER  
UNQUOTE, A NEWSPAPER IN JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI, FEBRUARY TWENTY  
ONE LAST. ACCORDING TO OLIVER, THIS ARTICLE PERTAINED TO  
STATEMENTS MADE BY CAPTAIN RICHARD CLOY, U.S. ARMY. OLIVER

1 - Dallas

REL:hrt  
(10)

NOTE PAGE TWO  
COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 10 1973

29 SEP 11 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 3 1964 REC 4

TELETYPE

EX-108 35

19 SEP 9 1964

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TELETYPE TO JACKSON  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
62-109060

ADDED THAT CAPTAIN CLOY WAS IN CHARGE OF PROTOCOL FOR STATE FUNERALS.

JN IMMEDIATELY ARRANGE TO REVIEW ISSUES OF THE QUOTE CLARION LEDGER UNQUOTE FOR PERTINENT PERIOD TO DETERMINE IF SUCH ARTICLE APPEARED IN THIS NEWSPAPER. IF SUCH ARTICLE LOCATED, JN DETERMINE CURRENT WHEREABOUTS OF CAPTAIN RICHARD CLOY AND SET OUT LEAD FOR INTERVIEW OF HIM RE ANY STATEMENTS MADE BY HIM AS SET FORTH IN THIS NEWS ARTICLE. HANDLE IMMEDIATELY AND SUTEL RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION.

NOTE:

Oliver has made a number of speeches throughout the U.S. wherein he makes numerous false allegations surrounding the assassination. He is avid rightest and member of John Birch Society. We have reviewed a number of his allegations and found they had no basis in fact. Oliver has furnished Denver Office some of his sources which we know from past experience are completely unreliable and are on the sensational side. Commission is extremely interested in current allegations of Oliver and particularly the one described herein. Upon receipt of results of investigation from JN Commission will be immediately furnished results of our inquiry.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 3 1964

TELETYPE

6:35 P.  
RE

FBI

Date: 8/29/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

To: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
From: SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178)  
Subject: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

*Flake*  
*Brady*

Re Milwaukee airtel to Bureau, 8/13/64, and Bureau letter (Laboratory transmittal form) to Milwaukee, 8/21/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are original and seven copies of a letterhead memorandum dated 8/29/64 at Milwaukee, Wisconsin in above entitled case. One copy of the letterhead memorandum is being enclosed for Dallas.

Two copies of the letterhead memorandum are being furnished to Secret Service locally.

Investigation at Kenosha, Wisconsin was conducted by SA WILLIAM J. HIGGINS, JR.

- 3 - Bureau (62-109060) (Enc. 1) (AM-RM)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1) (AM-RM)
- 2 - Milwaukee (62-1178)

WJH:jb  
(6)

*cc of corrected 10-14-64*  
*11-11-64*  
*9-3-64*  
*YSSS*  
*ROR/Plac*

*airtel to MI*  
*ROR/Plac*

*7 cc of encl with ROR/Plac*  
*7-8-64 ROR/Plac*  
*3 cc of encl destroyed per ROR*

*62-109060-3716*

*C. D. WICK*

*EX-108*

*6 AUG 31 1964*

Approved: *[Signature]*  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

August 29, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas

Set forth below is a true copy of a handwritten letter, as contained in an envelope addressed to Governor John Connally, Texas, postmarked at Kenosha, Wisconsin, 7:00 a.m., July 30, 1964. The envelope contained no return address:

"Governor John Connally

"We all know and you should know that President Johnson has, and always will travel a crooked path, and is responsible for the Bobby Baker scandal.

"We all know and you should know that Johnson became very bitter when John F. Kennedy was Nominated for the President.

"President Johnson knows the Gangsters, and why John F. Kennedy was murdered, because this was the only way that Johnson could ever become the President.

"We want you to know that we know that Governor John Connally was also to be murdered at the same time. President Johnson and Earl Warren are using Lee Oswald as a scapegoat. We want you to know that Earl Warren serves Felix Frankfurter like a spineless puppet.

"You and your associates should Expose, Fight, and outlaw Communism, Safeguard American liberty against the menace of Bureaucratic that are with President Johnson.



**Assassination of President  
John F. Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas**

"Why is it that what the Black do is right, and what the Whites do is wrong, is this freedom for the Black and not for the Whites, is this civil rights.

"A new Law must be to stop all of the Demonstrations befor it is to late for everyone.

"For the good of everyone Johnson should not be Nominated for the President.

"We hope that you do believe us, and keep this letter in your files for the future.

"American Democrats"

The FBI Laboratory conducted an examination of this anonymous communication, the results of which are as follows:

- Q612 Envelope postmarked "KENOSHA, WIS. JUL 30 1964 AM" bearing handwritten address "Governor John Connally Texas"
- Q613 Accompanying two-page handwritten letter beginning "Governor John Connally We all know..." and ending on second page "... files for the future. American Democrats"

**Result of examination:**

It was concluded that Q612 and Q613 were written by the writer of specimens Q610 and Q611 previously submitted.

The above reference to specimens Q610 and Q611 relate, respectively, to an envelope and enclosed letter addressed to J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C., postmarked at Kenosha, Wisconsin, July 9, 1964, and containing a return address of "Bob Kenedy, Washington, D.C." on the face of the envelope. The enclosed letter to Mr. Hoover contained in substance much of the same type allegations as are contained in the present letter sent to Governor Connally.

Assassination of President  
John F. Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas

A review of the records of the Milwaukee Office of the FBI on August 13, 1964 failed to locate any information concerning an organization known as "American Democrats."

On August 18, 1964 Detective Albert Krause, Detective Bureau, Police Department, City of Kenosha, Wisconsin, advised that the records of that department do not contain any information concerning an organization known as "American Democrats." Detective Krause advised also that he was unable to furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question.

On August 20, 1964 F. Lee Hancock, Executive Editor of the "Kenosha Evening News," a daily newspaper published at Kenosha, Wisconsin, advised that he consistently reads all communications for editing purposes that are addressed to the column entitled "Letters to the Editor" and as such is familiar with the handwriting of many of the contributors to that column; however, he was unable to furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question. Mr. Hancock added that the newspaper as a general rule of policy retains all letters received only for a period of seven days and then these are destroyed.

On August 20, 1964 Chief of Police J. Leo Buchmann, Police Department, City of Kenosha, Wisconsin, advised that he receives many letters which are critical of himself, the department and others in the city administration, but examination of the instant letter failed to assist in the recollection of the identities of any individuals who might have been responsible for the preparation of the letter in question. Chief Buchmann also advised he had no knowledge whatever of any organization existing in the Kenosha, Wisconsin area and known as "American Democrats."

On August 20, 1964 Deputy Joseph Kubasnik, Records and Information Office, Sheriff's Office, Kenosha County, Kenosha, Wisconsin, advised the records of that department do not contain any information concerning an organization known as the "American Democrats." Deputy Kubasnik said that he could not furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question. Deputy Kubasnik

Assassination of President  
John F. Kennedy, November 22,  
1963, Dallas, Texas

said that sample specimens of handwriting are taken from all prisoners in certain type violations where handwriting is involved, such as extortion and bad checks, however these specimens are incorporated in the individual's separate file and accordingly unless a suspect is known, there is no way to ascertain which of the various files have handwriting specimens to make a comparison with the letter in question.

On August 26, 1964 Richard G. Law, Supervisor of Personnel, American Motors Corporation, Kenosha, Wisconsin, advised that he is familiar with the handwriting of many of the individuals employed by that corporation at Kenosha; however he could not furnish any information concerning the possible identity of the writer of the letter in question nor was he able to locate any record being had by that corporation of an organization known as "American Democrats."

9-1-64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SAC, Milwaukee (62-1178)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

EX-108

Re Milwaukee airtel and letterhead memorandum dated 8-29-64.

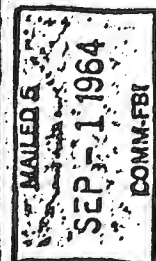
Before re letterhead memorandum can be disseminated, it is necessary that revised Page 1 be promptly submitted to the Bureau and Dallas with the following corrections:

1. Delete property stamp.
2. Delete last sentence, Paragraph 1. It is pointed out when calling attention to errors in a communication by underlining, it is essential that all such errors be underlined otherwise those errors not underlined will appear to have been made by the FBI. For example, in the second paragraph of the anonymous letter, last line, first word, "nominated" is capitalized which is incorrect. Further, in Paragraph 4, Line 4, Word 4, is misspelled, but neither of these errors are underlined. It is acceptable to merely state that a quoted communication is a true copy and then just appropriately quote each paragraph as is done. In this particular case the Bureau is erasing all underlining appearing in the quoted communication. You should do likewise.

In addition the Bureau is making the following corrections to your letterhead memorandum:

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (5) 26 1 2 15 SEE NOTE PAGE TWO



Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holloman \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

SEP 14 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Airtel to SAC, Milwaukee  
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Page 3, Paragraph 3, Line 6, end of line should be a semicolon.

Page 4, Line 1, Word 7, should be "are." Line 3, a semicolon should be placed after Word 7. Paragraph 1, Line 4, place a semicolon after Word 6.

For your information re letterhead memorandum consists of an original typewritten copy and seven Xerox copies. You should insure that your revision is similarly prepared.

You are reminded to take extreme care in the preparation of communications intended for dissemination. This matter must be handled so that dissemination can be effected at the earliest possible time.

NOTE: Milwaukee has received two anonymous communications which have been identified by our Laboratory as having been written by the same individuals. Both communications are substantially the same and allege that President Johnson was involved in the assassination, and other irrelevant ramblings. We have made dissemination in the past to Secret Service and the Commission. When this matter is complete, similar dissemination will be made.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson ☒  
Belmont ☒  
Mohr ☒  
Casper ☒  
Callahan ☒  
Conrad ☒  
DeLoach ☒  
Evans ☒  
Gale ☒  
Rosen ☒  
Sullivan ☒  
Tavel ☒  
Trotter ☒  
Tele. Room ☒  
Holmes ☒  
Gandy ☒

TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN *WCS*

DATE: September 1, 1964

FROM : D. J. BRENNAN, JR. *DJB*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,  
THREAT TO ASSASSINATE SENATOR DIRKSEN AND OTHERS

ASAC Hall, Baltimore, telephoned at 5 p.m. to report that he had received the following story from Harry Shriver, WFBR (radio) News Department, Baltimore, Maryland: *INTL*

WFBR has received "several" telephone calls today from a man who has refused to identify himself other than as "Harry." The caller states 20 people were involved in the plot to assassinate President Kennedy. One Earl Johnson, Baltimore, otherwise unidentified, was involved and fired a shot which, in conjunction with Oswald's shots, killed President Kennedy. Among the 20 conspirators was U.S. Senator Dirksen. The caller said that he himself had tried the whole group and found them guilty. He intends to execute them, first stating that this would take place within 23½ hours and later stating that it will occur "by 1:30 tonight."

ASAC Hall said that he had no further information and would furnish the above by teletype at once.

## ACTION:

Mr. DeLoach's office has been informed of the above in order that Senator Dirksen may be warned. ASAC Hall states that he will promptly report any further calls received by WFBR.

GAD:hke *hke*  
(7)

- 1-Mr. Belmont
- 1-Mr. Mohr
- 1-Mr. DeLoach
- 1-Mr. Rosen
- 1-Mr. Sullivan
- 1-Liaison

XEROX

SEP 9 1964

REC 4

62

104060

3717

4 SEP 8 1964

EX-108,

79 SEP 11 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 11-1

FBI

REC

Date: 9/1/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
 FROM: LEGAT, BONN (62-36) (P)  
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas  
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bonnairtel 8/12/64.

*Friedrich Axel Rudolf Johannes Buske*

Enclosed are 25 copies of an insert reflecting  
 information regarding FRIEDRICH RUDOLF BUSKE and an interview  
 with BUSKE.

*2179 Ihlienworth, Gefluegelhof Prusse  
 Birkenheim, West Germany*

*2 Xerox copies made  
 XAM 9/1/64 RDR/leh*

*1cc airtel and  
 25 copies XAM  
 sent DL via O-7  
 action 9/1/64  
 RDR/leh*

5 - Bureau (Enc.-25)  
 (1-Liaison)  
 (2-Dallas: 89-43)  
 1 - Bonn  
 GAV:eds  
 (6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-64

62-109060-3718

NOT RECORDED

17 SEP 8 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

CONSULTATION

P 10 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO

Mr. Rosen

FROM

C. L. McGowan

SUBJECT:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD  
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

DATE: September 6, 1964

1 - Mr. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. Rosen  
1 - Mr. Malley  
1 - Mr. Branigan  
1 - Mr. Lenihan  
1 - Mr. McGowan  
1 - Mr. GreenTolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Evans \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Albert Jenner, President's Commission, at 8:05 p.m., 9/5/64, was telephonically advised that Mrs. Revelo P. Oliver, wife of Professor Revelo Oliver of Illinois University, advised Agents of our Springfield Office that her husband left Denver, Colorado, 9/5/64, by train. She believed the earliest he would return to Champaign, Illinois, would be Sunday night and he may not return until as late as Tuesday night, 9/8/64. Mrs. Oliver said she had telephonically furnished this information to Jenner at noon, 9/5/64 and arranged to have her husband call Jenner at his earliest opportunity. (Refer Springfield teletype 9/5/64.)

Mr. Jenner requested that we maintain constant contact with Mrs. Oliver and as soon as Professor Oliver is located, that the telephone number at which Jenner can contact him be determined.

Mr. Jenner said he planned to travel to New York City on 9/6/64; however, he would maintain contact periodically with Mr. Malley's Office. During remainder of time he can be located at the President's Commission or at his hotel. (Refer Malley to Rosen memorandum 9/5/64.)

ACTION TAKEN:

SAC Robert D. Gibbons, Springfield Office, was telephonically instructed to arrange for regular contacts with Mrs. Oliver and to notify Bureau by expeditious means as soon as Professor Oliver is located and to furnish telephone number at which he can be reached by Jenner.

DJG/pab  
(8)ADDENDUM:

SEP 10 1964

At 6:05 p.m. 9/6/64, Adele Lippart, President's Commission telephonically advised Extra-Duty Supervisor E. J. McDonough that Professor Oliver had called the Commission and upon being advised

69 SEP 1 1964

(Continued over)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 17